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PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

CHINTAMANI TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Amendments to Bye-laws of Octroi framed by the Chintamani Town Municipality.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Chintamani Town Municipal area that Municipality desires to mpose octroi duty on the following new articles imported into Municipal limits as specified below under Section 46 (i) of the Mysore Municipal Regu-on No. VII of 1906 and amend the bye-laws sanctioned by Government Order No. 3657—187-21-8, dated 26th April 1924 as follows under Section 48 (k) of the said Regu-on.—

Any person objecting to the proposed rates of duty and the following amended and d bye-laws, may, within one month from the date of publication of this Notice, send bjections in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Chintamani. Objections ived after the due date will be rejected.

Page 1. Taxes and Exemptions:—In column 4 of Schedule A, Page 5, add the following e class and rates of articles liable for duty.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Jaggery, sugar per maund	0	1	0
Cigars, Cigarettes per bundle of 50 packs of 10 cigarettes each	0	1	0
Beedies per 1,000	0	0	3

Column 5 of Schedule A :—List of exemptions :—Delete the phrase "Cloths imported ugh the Post Office" in clause 2 and substitute "Exemptions however will be granted when cloths not exceeding one at a time to the same address are imported through Post e for *bonafide* household purpose by any one other than a dealer in cloths and piece ds. The goods so imported if exhibited for sale without payment of due octroi duty reon, will be considered as smuggled goods."

Page 1. Bye-law No. 1 :—Substitute the following for Bye-law No. 1 :—Octroi limits for purpose of collecting octroi duty shall be the area of a radius of 5 miles all round the

present Municipal limits as described in the Schedule 'C' and shall include the prese Municipal area.

Insert the following as Bye-law No. 33 A, B, C. and D.—A. Goods passing into and wit in the octroi limits are liable to the payment of octroi duty. Every person who with the i tention to defraud the Municipal Council, causes or abets the introduction of or him introduces or attempts to introduce within the said octroi limits of the Municipality such goods upon which payment of octroi due on such introduction has neither been nor tendered, shall on conviction before a Magistrate be punishable with a fine amounti ten times the value of such octroi or Rs. 50 whichever is greater.

B. Any person selling, keeping for sale or having in his possession any dutiable a on which octroi has not been paid within the octroi limits mentioned above, shall o viction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding ten times the value of oc such goods or Rs. 100 whichever is greater.

C. The President, Town Municipal Council, Chintamani if he has reason to b that any merchant, resident of the town, dealing with dutiable articles of octroi, stored the octroi limits without payment of duty in any place, building covered or uncovere such articles, is authorised to call for the accounts of any such merchant, can enter at an time without a warrant into any premises suspected to contain goods on which duty ha not been paid, and inspect and verify the stock therein with the accounts maintained him. If any discrepancies, irregularities or fraud is detected, such defaulter shall o viction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not less than Rs. 100 or ten times the va octroi due on such article whichever is greater.

D. Any officer of the Municipal Council authorised by the President, if he has r to believe that the dutiable articles on which octroi has not been paid are kept or con within the octroi limits in any place, building, covered or uncovered mentioned above after obtaining a search warrant from the Taluk Executive Magistrate enter and sea any time such premises and if he finds any such article on which octroi has not been pa may seize such article and arrest the person in possession of the same, provided that article or person so seized or arrested shall be produced before the Magistrate competen take cognisance of the case within 24 hours from the time of such seizure. Any defaulter may, if he likes compound the case with the President of the Municipalit paying fifteen times the duty on the articles in respect of which default has been mad

SCHEDULE "C".

BOUNDARIES FOR THE PURPOSE OF COLLECTING OCTROI DUTY I THE CHINTAMANI TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

North.—The Boundary commences from north-western corner of Chikkamunimang running along the northern boundary of that village reaching the south-west corne Dasarakunte, running along the eastern boundary of that village running straight on to north-west corner of Chinnepalli village and passing along northern boundaries of Chinn palli, Adepalli, Kuruppalli, Kuppalli meeting the western corner of Agrahar village, then passing along the south-west boundary of that village meeting eastern corner of Kappa village and passing along the Southern boundary of Gudarlapalli and Chelumkote reachi the north-eastern corner of Gollapalli.

East.—Thence running along the eastern boundary of Gollapalli and Barlapalli a Hebri, Doddarjenahalli villages meeting north-western corner of Siddimat village, th passing along the western boundary of the said village crossing the Srinivaspur Road at t eastern end of the bund of Nakkalpalligadda tank passing along the eastern boundary Nakkalpalligadda meeting north-east corner of Balapalaballi, thence running west-wa along the southern boundary of Nakkalpalligadda and Doddaganjoor reaching north-ea corner of Gollahalli village, thence passing the eastern side of Gollahalli village and Mu chinthalahalli village.

South.—Passing along the southern boundaries of Mudachinthalahalli, Handig Bramhanadinne, Alamgiri reaching the south-west corner of Suldenahalli, thence pas along the western boundary of Suldenahalli, the south-west boundary of Chinnasandra southern boundary of Mailapura reaching south-west corner of the latter village.

West.—It, then, passing along the western boundary of Mailapura and Voddal meets the south-east corner of Upperpet, thence passing along the southern boundarie Upperpet, Amtiganahalli and western boundaries of Amtiganahalli Royapalli and C drahalli, Korlahalli, Kodigepalli and Chikkamunimangala meeting the starting point north-west corner of Chikkamunimangala.

R. POOTTAMADAPPA,
President

SANITARY BOARD, KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 3RD ORDINARY MEETING OF THE KOLAR GOLD FIELDS SANITARY BOARD FOR THE YEAR 1924-25, HELD ON THURSDAY THE 18TH DECEMBER 1924, AT 3-30 P.M., IN THE SANITARY BOARD OFFICE AT CHAMPION REEFS.

Members.

Present ... ... 12 | Absent ... 6

Telegram from the Deputy Commissioner-President and letter from Mr. Wm. Pritchard regretting their inability to attend the meeting.

1. The following resolution was passed, all the members standing :—

Record their sense of loss at the demise of Col. C. H. Richards a member of the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board since 1904 and convey to the members of the family their sincere condolences.

2. Proceedings of the 2nd Ordinary and Special Meetings held on 24th October 1924.

Resolution.—Confirmed.

3. Applications of Messrs. Recoupchand and M. S. Lazarus of Robertsonpet expressing their inability to pay the ground rent of Rs. 3 and 5 per annum respectively, fixed for the portion of Government land encroached upon by them in front of their buildings in Avenue Road at Robertsonpet and praying that they may be allowed to retain their platforms on the encroached land on condition of removing them whenever required by the Sanitary Board.

Resolution.—Their applications could not be entertained as they have to pay for the land they are using.

4. Application of M. Rama Rao, 3rd clerk of the Sanitary Board Office *re* the change of the date of his birth from 15th January 1900 to 20th January 1899.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

5. Recommendation from the Medical Officer of Health for granting 3 increments of Re. 1 each to Vaccinator Munivenkatappa in his present grade of Rs. 15-1—1-25 plus Rs. 4 addition to pay and Rs. 5 L. A. with effect from 1st January 1924.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

6. Estimate for Rs. 50 for shifting fountain in front of Sanitary Inspector's Quarters at Robertsonpet to the Conservancy Lane behind Narasimha Moorthy's quarters.

Resolution.—The tap shall be left where it is as it will cause inconvenience to people that now use it, as also the tap proposed to be shifted in No. IV Cross Road, Robertsonpet, sanctioned on 22nd August 1924.

7. Arrear commisson bill on the sale proceeds of cattle claimed by the Poundkeeper, Champion Reefs, from January 1918 to 24th June 1924.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

8. Deputy Commissioner's Memo. No. D2 Dis. 725—24-25, dated 5th November 1924, in the matter of collection of subscriptions for founding Ronald Ross Research Institute for tropical Diseases at London.

Resolution.—The Board regrets its inability to contribute towards this found.

9. Memo No. 342, dated 5th November 1924, from the Medical Officer of Health, forwarding the application of Sampangi Naidu, Acting Market Sergeant of Robertsonpet Market for being made *sub pro tem* in his present acting appointment of Market Sergeant.

Resolution.—Mr. Sampangi Naidu is made *sub pro tem* in the appointment from 1st January 1925.

10. Memo No. 396, dated 4th December 1924, forwarding for favour of consideration the application of Mr. David, Sanitary Inspector praying that the period of his suspension may be condoned so that it may not act as interruption of service.

Resolution.—The period may be recommended to be condoned.

11. Memo No. 221, dated 4th December 1924, from the Medical Officer of Health, proposing an amendment in the rules under the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation so as to include *ghee* along with milk, curds, etc., from exemption from license fees.

Resolution.—The matter may be deferred.

12. Proposal of the Medical Officer of Health *re* the allocation of expenditure for the Child-welfare Centre at Robertsonpet, to the extent of Rs. 524 out of the provision in the current year's Budget under the head.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

13. Chief Engineer's letter No. 8211, dated 29th November 1924, forwarding for countersignature, plan and estimate amounting to Rs. 11,700 for additions and alterations to the Maternity Hospital at Robertsonpet, approved by the Sanitary Board at their meeting on 20th June 1924 and enquiring whether the moiety of cost to be borne by the Sanitary Board would be made available during the current or next year.

Resolution.—Provision shall be made in the next year's budget.

14. Proposal of Dr. L. P. Stokes, Acting Chief Medical and Sanitary Officer, Kolar Gold Fields to undertake treatment of patients bitten by rapid dogs in the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board area, in the Kolar Gold Fields Mining Hospital at Champion Reefs, temporarily at Rs. 10 the cost of serum, to avoid the great inconvenience to the local patients and their attendants.

Resolution.—The cases of bites from rabid dogs may be sent to the Mines Hospital for treatment and payment of Rs. 10 for each case may be made pending the sanction of Government for such treatment being taken up at the Civil Hospital.

A reminder may be sent to the Senior Surgeon requesting that early sanction may be obtained for the treatment of rabies at the Civil Hospital.

S. ABDUL WAJID,
Vice-President.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 15TH (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE ON SATURDAY THE 25TH OCTOBER 1924 AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present 20 | Absent 10

109. Memo No. 903—C. B., dated 7th October 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding copy of Government Notification No. 902—C. B. 22-24-1, dated 7th October 1924, regarding the appointment of Mr. N. Madhava Rau, B.A., B.L., Deputy Commissioner, as a Municipal Councillor and President of the Mysore City Municipal Council with effect from the 15th October 1924 *vice* Mr. K. Mylar Rao, B.A., B.L., resigned.

The following resolution proposed by Mr. E. Purushothama Anandagiri Goswamy and seconded by Mr. P. S. Anantha Rao, was carried unanimously.

" The Council records with regret the resignation of Mr. K. Mylar Rao who discharged his duties as President with sincerity and zeal".

110. Proceedings of the meetings held on the 27th September 1924 and 4th and 6th October 1924.

Mr. E. Purushothama Anandagiri Goswamy wanted a portion of resolution No. 107, dated 6th October 1924, regarding disposal of the Town Hall for dramatic performances during the Dasara season, to be amended as per his memo dated 23rd October 1924, but the Council preferred to let the minutes stand as originally drafted.

The proceedings of the three meetings referred to above were confirmed.

111. Vital Statistics for September 1924.

Recorded. The Health Officer will be requested to enquire into the causes of the high incidence of typhoid fever in the Weavers' Lines and submit a report.

* * *

119. Government Proceedings No. L. 2530-1—Ml. 23-24-14, dated 22nd September 1924, sanctioning the grant of a cycle allowance of Rs. 5 a month to each of the 14 Sanitary Overseers maintaining a cycle, if the Municipal Council can find funds to meet the extra cost of Rs. 840 involved, by reappropriation of sanctioned grants in their current year's budget.

Recorded. The proposal for reappropriation will be awaited.

* * *

123. Entertainment of an establishment of 15 men for escorting Baramarga carts.

Resolved that the subject be placed before the Council with detailed proposals for financing the increased expenditure.

124. Requisition No. 166, dated 25th September 1924 from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, regarding contribution from Municipal Funds to the Flood Relief Fund.

Resolved that a sum of Rs. 500 be contributed from Municipal Funds. In view of the slender financial resources of the Municipality, the Council regret that they cannot afford to give a larger contribution.

125. Letter No. 2277-81, dated 28th August 1924 from the Registrar, Mysore University, Mysore, requesting to be informed whether the Municipality could co-operate with the University Council, in the matter of inviting the Bengal Social Service League to organise a Social Service Exhibition in the City of Mysore, and if so, what amount the Municipality is prepared to contribute towards the expenses of the Exhibition.

Resolved that a contribution of Rs. 200 be offered.

126. Managing Committee's Resolution dated 27th May 1924, regarding the method of collecting octroi duty on Kerosine Oil imported into and sold in the City.

Resolved that the importers and the Railway authority be consulted as to the best practicable arrangements that might be made to safeguard Municipal Revenue without inconveniencing the consuming public and the subject brought up again before the Council.

127. Letter No. L. 1588—Ml. 13-23-32, dated 23rd August 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, referring for reconsideration by the Council, the claim of Mr. V. Muniswami Mudaliar, retired Supervisor, Mysore (late Municipal Engineer, Mysore) to increments of salary earned during his employment as Municipal Engineer.

The Council adhere to their former resolution and see no reason to admit the claim in view of the fact that the Municipality entertained that officer on a fixed salary of Rs. 200 and no undertaking was given to pay him additional salary or increment as is done in the case of other gazetted officers.

128. Government Proceedings No. 4863-71—Ml. 83-23-8, dated 29th December 1923 reviewing the Report on the Administration of the Mysore City Municipality for the year 1922-23 with the Managing Committee's report thereon.

Recorded. The Managing Committee will be requested to formulate proposals on matters requiring attention.

129. Letter No. L. 2521—Ml. 57-24-167, dated 20th September 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, stating that the petition received by Government, regarding the elections proposed to be held in August 1924 and the President's letter dated the 15th August 1924, may be placed before the Council

The papers referred to, which had been already circulated were recorded.

130. Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji's proposition *re* the withholding of the compassionate pension of Rs. 20 per mensem granted by the Council to the Ex-Daroga Mr. G. Krishna Rao for reasons stated therein. The proposition was as follows :—

"That whereas this Council on a perusal of the notice dated 1st September 1924, issued by the Ex-Daroga G. Krishna Rao to the President of this Council and another notice dated 5th September 1924, issued by him to the Chief Officer find that the said notices cast totally undeserved, unworthy and false aspersions on responsible officers and members of this Council and are couched in a most insulting, offensive and disrespectful language and whereas the conduct of G. Krishna Rao in issuing such notices is highly reprehensible and is derogatory to the dignity and the prestige of this Council and whereas his conduct is sufficient to debar him from the enjoyment of future pension, this Council resolves hereby that the compassionate pension of Rs. 23 per mensem which has been granted to him on compulsory retirement be withheld from this day under the provisions of Articles 238 and 33 of the Mysore Civil Service Regulations.

Mr. E. Purushothama Anandagiri Goswamy contended that the motion of Mr. P. Pallonji was inadmissible under Section 26 of the Municipal Regulation. But the objection was considered untenable and Mr. P. Pallonji moved the proposition which was seconded by Mr. Mahomed Sait, Mr. P. S. Anantha Rao and Mr. E, Purushothama Anandagiri Goswamy spoke against the motion.

The President observed that it was undesirable to prolong the controversy and suggested that the mover might perhaps be willing to withdraw the proposition. Rev. E. S. Edwards and Mr. S. P. Rajagopalachari supported this suggestion.

Mr. P. Pallonji agreed to withdraw the proposition if an apology was offered by the Ex-Daroga. Rev. J. Cochet seconded him.

Mr. E. Purushothama Anandagiri Goswamy agreed that if Mr. P. Pallonji's proposition was withdrawn, the speaker would also withdraw the proposition of which he had given notice on the 20th October 1924 (but not on the agenda) and that he would not urge for its consideration any more.

Mr. P. Pallonji then withdrew his proposition with the consent of the Council.

131. Chief Officer's Report dated 22nd September 1924 in the matter of assessment, by the Ex-Daroga Mr. G. Krishna Rao, of the four bundles of tobacco imported by one Mahomed Pir in May 1923.

Resolved that the audit of Octroi Accounts be expedited and any glaring cases of defalcation or smuggling that might come to light, suitably dealt with.

132. Appointment of a Steno-typist for facilitating the record of Council's discussions etc., on Rs. 55 a month for a period of six months.

Sanctioned.

133. Chief Officer's Memo enclosing (1) list of voters with additions thereto and corrections therein for approval and (2) applications from persons for inclusion of their names in the list of voters for orders.

Mr. E. Pnrushothama Anandagiri Goswamy made certain observations which were replied to by the Chief Officer. The lists were passed and the applications recommended by the Chief Officer for inclusion therein were admitted.

134. Memo of appointments of Manager, Collector and Octroi Daroga.

Resolved that Mr. Mr. B. Krishna Murti, B.A., of the Office of the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, and S. Siddappa, be appointed as Manager and Octroi Daroga respectively, on probation for six months, and that Mr. M. Hussain Ali be appointed Collector permanently with a starting salary of Rs. 80+25 per mensem in the grade of 70-10-100+25.

135. Letter No. L. 1620, dated 25th August 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding for opinion draft rules to regulate the payment of grant-in-aid to private medical institutions, with the Health Committee's Resolution (No. 3, dated 10th September 1924) thereon.

Rules approved with the modifications suggested by the Health Committee.

136. Estimate for Rs. 2,195 for removing the existing Cudappa slab flooring and replacing the same with burnt stone granite slabs in the central passage between stalls in the Devaraj Market.

Sanctioned.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 16TH (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 29TH NOVEMBER 1924, AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present ...	... 17	Absent ...	... 13

137. Proceedings of the meeting held on the 25th October 1924.

The Proceedings are confirmed with the exception of Resolution No. 133, which may be revised and circulated, giving in some details the points raised by, and replies given to Mr. E. Purushothama Anandgiri Goswamy regarding preparation of voters' lists.

* * * *

143. Government Proceedings No. L. 2298-317—L. B. 80-24-1, dated 15th September 1924, passing orders in the matter of the grant of house-building advances to the employees of Municipal Councils and Local Boards.

Recorded. A recommendation may be made to Government that necessary Legislation to amend the Municipal Regulation, as indicated in para 3 of the Government Order may be undertaken at an early date.

* * * *

146 Chief Officer's Memo dated 13th November 1924, requesting the Municipal Council to appoint under Rule 12 of the City Municipal Election Rules, places within the Municipality for affixing the notice fixing the dates on which, the hours during which, and the places at which the ensuing Municipal Elections shall be held.

Resolved that the notices may be published at the same places where the voters lists were published and also at polling stations.

147. Health Officer's Memo dated 25th October 1924, pointing out the source in the current year's budget for meeting the cost of cycle allowance sanctioned to each of the 14 Sanitary Overseers in Government Proceedings No. L. 2530-1—Ml. 23-24-14, dated 22nd September 1924.

The Health Officer's proposals are approved and cycle allowance may be paid to Sanitary Overseers from 1st November 1924.

148. Letter No. 6690, dated 3rd November 1924, from the Chief Engineer of Mysore, *re* the transfer of the work of collecting the rent on shops of the Lansdowne Bazaar to the Mysore Special Division.

The Municipal Council have no objection to this proposal.

149. Draft bye-laws for regulating the grant of licenses for sale of tobacco in the Mysore City.

Approved.

150. Draft bye-laws for regulating the numbering and registering the motor vehicles, bicycles and tricycles liable to taxation under the Municipal Regulation.

Approved. May be submitted to Government.

151. Draft bye-laws for sale of meat intended for human consumption.

Approved. May be submitted to Government.

152. Draft amendment of Rule 24 of the Octroi bye-laws and of schedule of taxes.

Approved. May be submitted to Government.

153. Health Committee's Resolution No. 3, dated 25th October 1924, regarding the appointment of a Public Analyst under Section 4 of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation IX of 1921 and the rules for working of the Regulation in the Mysore City.

The Health Committee may be requested to frame and submit at an early date draft rules suitable for adoption in Mysore City.

154. Levy of lighting tax in addition to water rates on buildings and lands exempted from taxation under proviso (*a*) to Section 59 of the Municipal Regulation.

The question of levying lighting tax on such buildings may be taken up.

155. Proposition from Messrs. Dharamaprakasa D. Banumiah, Mahomed Sait, V. Thiruvengada Mudaliar and M. Narayanaswamy *re*:

(i) laying a sub-main for water-supply in Bhimia's galli and the road to the west of the Chendramouleswaraswami temple;

(ii) erection of a public fountain near the foot of the Chamundi Hill.

The President is authorised to carry out these works, after scrutinising the cost, as early as possible.

156. Estimate for Rs. 1,610 for a sub-main along the road in front of the Electric Office.

The Council do not consider this expenditure necessary for the present.

157. Estimate for Rs. 585 for metalling Mohadeen Sab Karkhana Road from Santhepet Road to Narayana Sastry Road.

Sanctioned.

158. Altering the scale of pay of the Avenue Inspector from Rs. 50—3—67+10 to Rs. 40+10.

Sanctioned from the date of the present incumbent's appointment.

159. Application from the Assistant Hakim, Indigenous Unani Hospital, praying for increase of his pay from Rs. 30 to Rs. 40.

The Council are agreeable to the proposal. Reference may be made to Government requesting them to pay their quota, *i.e.*, two-thirds of the increased pay.

160. Applications from Mr. C. Basavalinga Chetty, Chief Sanitary Inspector, *re* his increments with memo thereon.

Resolved that increments asked for with retrospective effect cannot be given as Mr. C. Basavalinga Chetty has not earned confirmation in the post of Chief Sanitary Inspector.

161. D. O. letter No. 471-22—L. S. G., dated 24th September 1924, from the Special Officer, Local Self-Government, Bangalore, regarding the formation of Ward or Mohalla Committees.

The Council have no objection to the proposal and will constitute Mohalla Committees in the more important Mohallas, where a suitable personnel may be available.

162. Letter No. 7495, dated 15th November 1924, from the Chief Engineer of Mysore, in the matter of remodelling the system of meter readings and excess water collection in the Water-Supply Division.

The Municipal Council are not in favour of compelling owners to pay their dues in the office. In other respects the arrangements proposed by the Chief Engineer are acceptable.

163. Report from the Committee appointed in Council's Resolution No. 60, dated 30th August 1924, for considering the question of the rate of duty on tobacco, leaf and stalk.

The proposals of the Committee to reduce duty, *viz.*, to Rs. 2 per maund for tobacco and annas 8 for stalks and dust, is approved as an experimental measure for one year. Necessary amendment to the rules may be prepared and submitted to Government.

164. Managing Committee's Resolution No. II (4), dated 18th November 1924, in respect of the estimate for Rs. 275 for forming minor roads in Idiga.

Sanctioned.

165. Estimate for Rs. 1,075 for recoating Karohatti Road from Nachanahalli Ookad towards the Municipal boundary.

Sanctioned.

166. Letter No. St. 666, dated 18th November 1924, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, regarding the utilization of two or three rooms in the Town Hall, Mysore, for the Scout Office.

Referred to Town Hall Committee for opinion.

167. Entertainment of an establishment of fifteen men for escorting Baramarga carts, with proposals for financing the increased expenditure.

Six men at Rs. 9 each per mensem sanctioned for six months.

168. Chief Officer's Memo *re* mistakes in serial numbering, repetition of names, etc., in the visitors' list.

Under Rule 6 (*b*) of the City Municipal Election Rules, the Council resolve that voters whose names are entered in more than one division, and who have made the choice of

the Mohalla where they would vote, may be permitted to vote, in the division wherein they reside. Mr. E. Purushothama Anandagiri Goswamy contends that the Council have no power under the existing Election Rules to pass such an order, and such decision ought to have been made before finally adopting the list on 25th October 1924, but all the other Councillors present are of a different opinion.

169. Managing Committee's Resolution No. IX, dated 18th November 1924, *re* the estimate for Rs. 225 for repairing the rooms in the Devaraj Market, used by the Gunamba Maternity Child Welfare Trust, and also for installing electric lights and providing water connection.

Sanctioned.

170. Letter dated 25th November 1924, from the Secretary, Scout Masters' Association, Mysore, requesting that the Association may be permitted to occupy one of the new rooms (in the Devaraj Market) that are now being constructed on the Sayaji Rao Road, and till they are completed, to occupy the Municipal building known as Nallappana Thana on the Elwal Road.

The matter may be disposed of by the President after needful enquiry.

171. Estimate for Rs. 1,760 for repairing Lokaranjan Mahal Road.

Sanctioned.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECOND ORDINARY MEETING OF THE DISTRICT BOARD, SHIMOGA, HELD IN THE TOWN HALL AT SHIMOGA, ON FRIDAY THE 5TH DECEMBER 1924, AT 2 P.M.

	Official Members		*Non-official Members*	
Present ...	5	Absent 2	Present ... 24	Abesent ... 5

1. Read Government Order No. 2816-25—Med. 40-24-2, dated 30th September 1924, authorising local bodies to collect subscriptions for founding the Ronald Ross Research Institute for Tropical Diseases at London.

Resolution.—Recorded and a Committee consisting of the members noted below was formed for the purposes of collecting subscriptions :—

The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, President.
The Sub-Division Officers of Tirthahalli and Sagar.
The District Medical Officer, Shimoga.
The District Forest Officer, Shimoga.
The District Inspector of Schools, Shimoga.
Mr. C. Subba Sao, Secretary.
,, Basappa, H. G., Shimoga Taluk.
,, Sherkhan Jammand Khutbul-mulk, Honnali.
,, Gurulingappa, Nyamati.
,, N. Halappa, Channagiri.
,, Rama Rao, Sagar.
,, Vaman Rao, Nagar.
,, Gopalachar, Tirthahalli.
,, Lakshman Rao, Sorab.
,, Bhavani Rao, Sagar.
,, Venkoba Rao, Kumsi.

2. Read list of estimates relating to well works received for sanction out of Malnad Improvement Funds.

Resolution.—Resolved that the President in consultation with the Sub-Division Officers will allot funds for drinking water wells and apply for additional funds, if necessary.

3. Read letter No. L. 5410-13—A. & C. 14-23-9, dated 10th January 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, calling for the opinion of the District Board regarding the levy of a cattle cess for opening Veterinary Dispensaries at Taluk Headquarters and for additional facilities being afforded if there is already a dispensary.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Board are not in favour of levying cattle cess at present.

4. Read letter No. L. 2156-62—L. B. 50-24-2, dated 11th September 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments calling for the views of the District Board for the reduction of the quorum for Local Board Committee meetings from 2/3rd to 50 per cent.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Board are agreeable to reduce the quorum from 2/3rd to 50 per cent.

5. Read letter No. C. 322-4, dated 19th November 1924, from the Sanitary Commissioner in Mysore, calling for the proposals of the District Board regarding all the areas in the District, to which the provisions of the Vaccination Regulation may be extended.

Resolution.—Resolved that the opinion of the Taluk Boards may be invited on this subject.

6. Read proposals of the Sub-Committee appointed to consider the question of the revision of the rules relating to the registration of Vital Statistics now in force.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that no modification in the existing rules is necessary as they are sufficiently elaborate.

7. Read proposals furnished by the Sub-Committee regarding the acceptance of the terms offered by Government for the resumption of the construction of the Shimoga-Arasalu Railway line.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that the Board have accepted the offer made by the Government and that the Government be requested to make the whole interest, *i.e.*, 6¼ per cent free of income-tax. Resolved further that as a new prospectus has to be issued according to the altered terms, a Sub-Committee consisting of the following members be formed:—

1. Mr. C. Subba Rao, Convenor.
2. „ S. Sitaramaiya, S. D. O., Tirthahalli.
3. „ S. Narasimhaiya, Advocate.
4. „ Anantaiya, Pleader.

Government be requested to complete the work immediately.

8. Read proposals of the Sub-Committee appointed to frame a set of rules for the issue of duplicate debenture bonds in lieu or destroyed ones in respect of Shimoga District Board Railway Bonds.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that rules as modified by the Sub-Committee be adopted.

9. Read letter No. 353-57, dated the 4th September 1924, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, forwarding for approval a programme of building works proposed to be taken up in the District out of the levy of Education Cess.

Resolution.—Resolved that the programme received from the Inspector-General of Education be accepted.

10. Read letter No. H. 397 A, dated 30th August 1924, from the Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore, forwarding a financial statement of the District Industrial Work Shop, Shimoga on 30th June 1924.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that the statement of accounts furnished is not quite intelligible and that the Director be requested to arrange to send monthly statements containing the details for all items of income and expenditure for the information of the Board up to end of June 1924, and similar statements for the current year.

11. Read letter No. 425, dated 28th October 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Shimoga Division, enquiring whether the District Board are willing to contribute about Rs. 1,500 being a moiety of the cost of sinking a honda in the tank bed of Puttabasappanakere at Channagiri.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 750 be sanctioned from the District Board Funds and the balance of Rs. 750, being met by the Taluk Board.

12. Read letter dated 17th July 1924, from Captain James Young, requesting to renew the annual allotment of Rs. 40 for the maintenance of Kudure Konda road and to sanction a special grant of about Rs. 200 for special repairs. Also opinion furnished on the subject by the Amildar, Honnali and the Executive Engineer.

Resolution.—Resolved that the finance of the Board do not permit to sanction this work.

13. Read letter No. 2226, dated 11th November 1924, from the District Medical Officer, Shimoga, suggesting for the reasons given, continuance of the weekly visits by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon to Nallur and Hosur instead of opening the Vaidyasalas in these places.

Resolution.—Resolved that for the present the weekly visits of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon may continue.

14. Read petition dated 12th November 1924, from the Toll Contractor at Ulvi, requesting permission to continue to collect tolls from the T. S. Motor Service as he will be put to great loss if he were to accept the composition fee of Rs. 125 only for the whole year as resolved by the District Board.

Resolution.—Resolved that the contractor is not legally entitled to claim any compensation but as a matter of grace the Board are pleased to show a further concession to the extent of Rs. 50 thus making a remission of Rs. 175 in all.

15. Read letter No. 27, dated 1st November 1924, from the General Secretary to the First Karnataka Ayurveda Sammelana, Belgaum, requesting contribution from the District Board towards the Ayurvedic Conference and Exhibition to be held at Belgaum in December 1924, etc.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 50 be sanctioned for this purpose.

16. Read letter No. 83, dated 11th September 1924, from the President, Nanjangud Municipality requesting help from the District Board, Shimoga, for the relief of sufferers from the floods at Nanjangud.

Resolution.—Regret that the finances of the District Board do not permit to extend relief to the sufferers from floods at Nanjangud.

17. Read Yadast No. L. C. 2768 of 20-21, dated 11th September 1924, from the Sub-Division Officer, Tirthahalli Sub-Division, forwarding for sanction for the reasons assigned, a privilege leave allowance bill for Rs. 40 for January and February 1919, prepared on behalf of G. Venkoba Rao, permanent Local Fund Clerk of Honnali.

Resolution.—Deferred.

18. Read report No. 387, dated 11th September 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, recommending the proposal of the Board for opening a cattle pound at Thippagondanahalli where the villagers have constructed a suitable building.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

19. Read report No. 677, dated 28th October 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, submitting for sanction as recommended by the Board a reappropriation statement for Rs. 600 out of the closing balance for meeting the cost of medicine, etc.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

20. Read report No. 110, dated 22nd August 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Honnali, submitting the proposals of the Board for the abolition of 10 Village Panchayets which are not at all working.

Resolution.—Resolved that the recommendation of the President of Taluk Board cannot be sanctioned and the President and the non-official Vice-President should bring these panchayets into working order.

21. Read report No. 324, dated 31st October 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Shikarpur, submitting for approval scales proposed by the Board for the collection of shop-tax on several commodities at the time of jatras.

Resolution.—Resolved that a reference be made to the Government for authorising the collection of taxes on the shops during the Jatras of Tagarsi, Chikkapura, Belgavi and Basavanandihalli.

22. Read report No. 359, dated 2nd November 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Shikarpur, submitting the proposals of the Board for sanction, agreeing to pay the Municipality a rent of Rs. 5 per mensem from 1st January 1925 for holding the Taluk Board Office in the Town Hall.

Resolution.—Approved.

23. Read report No. 57, dated 30th July 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Sorab, submitting for sanction a refund bill for Rs. 50 (prepared in favour of the son of the deceased contractor) deposited by the villagers of Anavatti for the sinking of a well near Kaitabheswara temple, which work has since been completed.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

24. Read report No. 97, dated 20th August 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Sagar, submitting the recommendation of the Taluk Board for holding a shandy on every Tuesday near Heggodu in the Anantapur hobli.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

25. Read report No. 207, dated 30th October 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Sagar, submitting a reappropriation statement for Rs. 25 for purchasing certain articles of furniture for the use of the Taluk Board Office.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

26. Read Government Order No. L. 3448-56—Med. 144-22-45, dated 6th November 1924, issuing orders for providing better medical relief in the Malnad and sanctioning the establishment of new stationary dispensaries at the following places in the District out of Malnad Improvement Funds.

1. Helikere in the Tirthahalli Taluk.
2. Sulagodu in the Nagar Taluk.

3. Ulvi in the Sorab Taluk.
4. Arlagodu in the Sagar Taluk.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that the Board are of opinion that the Dispensary be located at Chandragutti instead of at Ulvi as the former place is in the interior and separated by a river which becomes unfordable for three months in the year and latter place is midway between Sagar and Sorab on the road side.

27. The desirability of opening a stationary dispensary at Tagarti in the Shikarpur Taluk.

Resolution.—Resolved that a recommendation be made to the Government for sanctioning a dispensary at Tagarti out of Malnad Improvement Funds.

28. Read report No. 308, dated the 16th November 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, recommending the grant of a breeding bull at concession rate, to Ganadakatte Patel Gundappa who has already credited Rs. 75 to District Funds, as his quota.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

29. Read report No. 228, dated 3rd November 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Sorab, submitting for sanction a reappropriation statement for Rs. 342 for disbursing the arrears of pay due to the peon of the Taluk Board Office from 1st April 1921 to 31st December 1923, as sanctioned by the District Board at their meeting held on 21st June 1924 and also for subsequent months from January 1924 to end of June 1924.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

30. Read report Nos. 265 and 266, dated 18th November 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Sorab, submitting estimates for the construction of sheds at the following toll gates:—

	Rs.
Agasanahalli for	58
Badadabyle for	61
Karadigere (Sub-Toll) for	61

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

31. Read report No. 270, dated the 30th November 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Sorab, recommending for the reasons given, the remission of interest amounting to Rs. 42-4-0 as also notice fee, etc., due from the Ulvi toll gate contractor on account of arrears of toll khist for 1923-24.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

32. The following subjects proposed by Mr. C. Vaman Rao, Nagar, for the consideration of the Board.

(*a*) Where the duties of the Municipalities and Village Panchayets are the same and where as the Municipalities have got better and greater sources of revenue, it is highly desirable and absolutely essential that the Panchayets should have like powers.

Resolution.—Deferred.

(*b*) Whereas the Sub-Assistant Surgeons have to be consulted in matters of sanitation, it is essential that in places where there are such officials they should be ex-officio members of the respective Village Panchayets.

Resolution.—Resolved that action be taken on the suggestion made by the member.

33. Organization of the National Baby Week during 1925.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 100 be sanctioned for the celebration of the Baby Week and the Shimoga Town Municipality be requested to contribute a similar amount. The Baby Week will be celebrated in the same lines as in the previous year at Headquarters and also in the taluks.

34. Read letter No. 6407, dated the 3rd December 1924, from the Civil and Veterinary Superintendent in Mysore, recommending the opening of a Veterinary Dispensary at Tirthahalli from 1925-26.

Resolution.—Resolved that from the commencement of the year 1925-26, a Veterinary Dispensary may be established at Tirthahalli. Necessary provision will be made in the budget for 1925-26.

35. Read subject proposed by Mr. A. Ananthaiya.—The question of paying scholarship to students that undergo training in the Weaving Factory, Shimoga.

Resolution.—Resolved that a recommendation be made to the Director of Industries and Commerce to sanction ten scholarships of Rs. 5 each per month for this institute.

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
President,
District Board, Shimoga.

HONNALI TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 1st December 1924.

The following draft bye-laws have been framed by the Honnali Minor Municipal Council and are published hereunder for public information.

Any inhabitants of this Municipality objecting to the proposed bye-laws may, within one month from the date of this notice, send his objection in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Honnali.

Bye-laws for *enforcing information concerning the occurrence of and for prevention of the spread of epidemic diseases* amongst (*i*) men and (*ii*) certain animals, framed by the Honnali Minor Municipal Council under Section 48 (1) (*i*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation :—

I. (1) Every head of a family, parent, guardian or nearest relative or owner or occupier or care-taker of a house or dwelling place shall, on his becoming cognizant of the occurrence of plague, cholera or small-pox, in such house or dwelling place whether among the members of the house or among persons who have come from other places, immediately give information of the fact either personally or in writing to an officer of the Municipality not below the rank of Sanitary Inspector (or to the nearest Police Station.)

Every Medical person who treats or becomes cognizant of the existence of any infectious disease in any private dwelling other than a public hospital, shall give information of the same with the least possible delay to the said authority.

Any person violating this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(2) Any person authorised by the Municipal President or Vice-President, in this behalf, may, on the advice of a duly qualified Medical and Sanitary Officer (not below the rank of Sub-Assistant Surgeon), at any time without notice of his intention as shall in the circumstances appear to him to be reasonable, inspect any place in which any such infectious disease is suspected to exist and take such measures as he shall think fit to prevent the spread of such disease beyond such place, and may remove from such house or dwelling place persons suffering from infectious disease and persons in contact with such persons without proper lodging or accommodation or who are lodged in a building occupied by more than one family, to any hospital or place set apart for their due care and treatment, provided no compulsion is used in this behalf on any account.

(3) The person so authorised shall take steps to change such house or dwelling place to be temporarily vacated and forthwith disinfected or otherwise changed in the manner prescribed by such Medical and Sanitary Officers.

(4) No house or other building situated within the Municipal limits shall be let to or permitted to be occupied by any person whom the owner or occupier thereof knows or has reason to believe to be suffering from any such disease dangerous to public health at the time of such letting or permitting without a certificate from the local Medical and Sanitary Officers as to the Sanitary condition of such house or dwelling place and as to the suitability of accommodation therein for the reception of such patient and no person shall let a building or part thereof in which he knows or has reason to know that a person has been suffering from any such disease without first having such building or part thereof disinfected to the satisfaction of such Medical and Sanitary Officers.

Any person infringing this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

II. (1) On the occurrence of any case of anthrax or glanders or rinderpest or any disease affecting horses, dogs, cattle, sheep or goats, notice of the same shall be given by the owner or care-taker of the affected animal on his becoming cognizant of such disease either personally or in writing to the Assistant Veterinary Inspector, Veterinary Dispensary, Channagiri, or to the Sanitary Inspector of Honnali town.

(2) The Assistant Veterinary Inspector shall, on receiving information of the existence of any such disease, make necessary enquiries and if he is satisfied that the removal or segregation of the affected animal is necessary, require the owners to remove within a reasonable time such animal to any institution maintained by the Municipality for its due care and treatment or to keep it at such place as may be approved of by him. On a report from the Assistant Veterinary Inspector that the destruction of any animal is necessary by reason of its suffering from such disease, the animal may be destroyed with the consent of the owner. The carcass also, in the case of dead animals, be similarly disposed of.

(3) Every place which is occupied by an animal suffering from such disease and everything which may have come into contact with such animal whilst so suffering, shall be immediately cleansed and disinfected at the cost of the Council in such manner as may be required by the Assistant Veterinary Inspector and if any such thing is in the opinion of that officer, not susceptible of efficient disinfection, he shall require it to be destroyed, provided that for articles so destroyed such compensation shall be paid as the President or Vice-President, may, after necessary enquiry, consider reasonable.

(4) No stall or building occupied by an animal suffering from such disease shall be re-occupied until at least seven days or such other period as the Veterinary Officer may prescribe after it has been so disinfected.

(5) Whoever without reasonable excuse fails to remove any animal when required to do so under bye-law No. II(2) or infringes the provisions of bye-laws II(1) and (4) shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(6) Any dog found straying in any public street or place without a collar and apparently ownerless may be destroyed by any person so authorised by the President or Vice-President in that behalf.

Other matters relating to Municipal Administration.

(*Section 48 w.*)

1. Whoever without the permission in writing of the President, destroys any trees, plucks any fruit or flower in any Municipal Garden, road or other property or whoever cuts or roots up grass so as to damage the sides or embankment of any Municipal road or whoever makes a public thoroughfare of any Municipal Garden or property not intended for such a purpose will, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

2. Any occupier or owner of a house neglecting to enclose his compound or yard with a wall or fence of such material as may be approved of by the President or neglecting to repair any fallen wall or gate pillar or to cope the compound wall within one month after a notice has been served on him, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

3. Any owner of a piece of vacant land who fails to enclose the same with a compound wall or fence of such material as the President may approve of within one month after a notice has been served on him, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

4. Any person who vends or hawks meat of any kind or fish in the streets of the town, shall be punished with fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

5. Whoever stores or chops firewood on any public street or road so as to damage the street or road or so as to cause danger or inconvenience to the public, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

6. No person shall fish with nets, rod or otherwise, in any part of the river, tank or reservoir, within municipal limits without a special license bearing the signature of the President. Any person contravening this order shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20 for each offence.

7. All vehicles of any description should have lighted lamps—

(*i*) Whoever drives a vehicle of any description on any road within municipal limits between sunset and sunrise or 7 P.M. and 5 A.M., without having a lighted lantern affixed to each side of such vehicle shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5, provided that heavy goods carts proceeding at a walking space may be provided with one lighted lantern to be hung from the centre of the cart.

(*ii*) Whoever drives any goods cart drawn by bullocks within municipal limits shall proceed at a walking space and the bullocks shall be bridled with rope of sufficient strength to admit of the driver having perfect control over them ; any breach of these directions shall render the offender liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(*iii*) Whoever rides any bicycle, motor bicycle or motor car on the public road without a bell or horn or without proper lights in the night between the hours of sunset and sunrise, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

8. Whoever lets off fire works or engages in any game in such a manner as to cause or likely to cause danger to persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood or risk of injury to property shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

9. Any person who affixes any posting bill, placard or other paper or means of advertisement against or upon any Government or Municipal building wall, board, fence or pole without the consent of the officer in charge thereof, or who, without such consent as aforesaid, writes upon, soils, defaces or marks any such building, wall, board, fence or pole with chalk or paint or in any other way whatsoever, shall be punished with fine which any extend to Rs. 20.

Sanitation and Conservancy, Section 48 (1)(*n*).

1. No rubbish mentioned in Section 127 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited except in Municipal dust bins or other approved place.

2. Tiles, garden-sweepings, branches of trees and thatch and night soil and cowdung shall not be deposited in Municipal dust bins.

3. Sullage, urine, etc., shall not be discharged into roadside gutters without the special permission of the President.

4. Any person who shall be guilty of a breach of any of the above bye-laws shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. No person shall dry any "Bratties" or cowdung cakes on the external walls of houses or yards or compound walls; and any one infringing this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. *Latrines.*—Any person easing himself in public roads or drains or in any part of the town not specially set apart for the purpose, shall be liable, on conviction before any Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first and one rupee for the second and two rupees for each succeeding offence.

7. Persons afflicted with loathsome or infectious disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale any article of food either in the Markets or Bazaars of the town under a penalty, on conviction before a Magistrate, of a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence.

8. All persons holding houses or lands within the Municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channels in and about their premises free from obstruction, to remove all evident causes of Malaria and everywhere to discontinue as a hedge, the use of prickly-pear, aloe and milk-hedge and to destroy these latter where at present existing.

9. All persons, who after due notice from the President has been given, fail to comply with the provisions of this bye-law shall on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

Under Section 48(1) (*n and p*).

Bye-laws regulating buildings and other structures in the town of Honnali Municipality.

(1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Section 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the town of Honnali shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President, who may in his discretion, call upon such person to submit along with such notice a site plan in duplicate of the land on which the structure is proposed to be built drawn to a scale of not less than 10 feet to an inch showing—

(*a*) The position of the building and appurtenant out-buildings to be erected on the land,

(*b*) The area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land,

(*c*) The names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings; and

(*d*) The number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the land is situated.

2. The plan submitted as per bye-law 1 shall show in sections and elevations, the plan of the ground floor and of each other floor, if any; the depth and the thickness of the foundation; the height and thickness of the plinth and walls above the plinth; the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the roof.

The aforesaid plan shall further show the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side drain of the street or road which the building faces or if there be no such side drain with reference to the central line of the street or road. The license and the plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the Municipal authorities.

Provided that in the case of buildings of which the value will be less than Rs. 500, it shall be sufficient for the site plan to show, to the satisfaction of the President, without scale, the size of the proposed building and its position on the land, together with the position of the land with reference to adjacent buildings or lands.

3. No foundation of a new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matter until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President or shall in his opinion have become innocuous.

4. No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

5. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, prickly-pear or other objectionable plant or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

6. No new building shall be erected by any person, the foundation wall of which along the road is less than 1½ feet from the side drain.

7. The level of plinth of any building shall not be below such level as may be fixed by the President.

8. The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground-floor of the building proposed to be erected should rest on the solid ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete or upon some solid and sufficient substructure as a foundation.

9. The eaves of buildings, sunshades to windows, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the said street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

10. The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the other edge of the side drain of the road.

11. No sunshades for shops either temporary or permanent shall be erected beyond outer edge of the side drain of the road.

12. Every house should have a decent frontage and no perishable or inflammable materials should be used for construction. Houses should not ordinarily be built contiguous to each other.

In all the localities of the town, where, having regard to attendant circumstances, it is possible, every new building shall be in communication with the external air all around the building.

13. The minimum height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof thereof, shall not be less than eight feet from the floor to the ceiling.

The room in the roof shall have an average height of seven feet from the floor to the ceiling.

No shop or market place, manufactory, place of public resort, etc., should be built in the midst of localities intended for residential purposes, unless three-fourths of the number of owners in the block or area affected agree to the same.

14. No person shall construct over a privy, whether new or old, any room or structure of any description except another privy or a bathing place or bath room.

15. If any person has any doubt or difficulty as to the true intent or meaning of any matter connected with these rules or the requirements thereof, he may, before giving notice, in writing, of his intention to erect or re-ereet any building, apply to the President, who shall upon receipt of such application, give the said person within a week such information as in the circumstances may be necessary.

16. In every case, where a person who shall erect a building shall at any reasonable time during progress or after completion of the erection of such building receive from the President, notice in writing specifying any matters in respect of which the erection of such building may be in contravention of any bye-law relating to the new buildings and requiring such person within a reasonable time, which shall be specified in such notice, to cause anything done, contrary to any such bye-law may be required to be done, but which has been omitted to be done, such person shall, within the time specified in such notice, comply with the several requirements thereof, so far as such requirements relate to matters in respect of which the erection of such building may be in contravention of any such bye-law.

The time limit for the license granted under these bye-laws shall be six months.

Deposit of goods or materials temporarily on land vested in the Municipal Council.

(Section 48 P.)

1. No person shall deposit any goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other lands vested in the Municipal Council, without the written permission of the President.

2. The amount chargeble for the deposit of such goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council, if permitted, shall be calculated at the rate of three pies per month per superficial foot of the area occupied and shall be payable in advance.

3. If the owner of any goods or materials deposited on any street or place open to the traffic of foot passengers or vehicles, fails to make suitable arrangements for guarding against danger to traffic, the President shall cause a notice to be served on him to make such arrangements within twenty-four hours after receipt of the notice and on his failure to comply with the notice, the President shall enclose a bill of costs for carrying out the work at the owner's expense. The arrangements to be made shall be clearly and definitely specified in the notice.

4. If, within twenty-four hours after receipt of the said notice, the owner fails to make the arrangements so specified or to show sufficient cause, why such arrangements should not be made, the Sanitary Inspector or other Officer in charge shall forthwith make the arrangements specified in the notice and recover the cost of the same from the owner according to the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation. The owner

shall have an opportunity within seven days after the receipt of the bill to show cause to the satisfaction of the President the arrangements made were unnecessary.

5. The following is the scale of fees for obstructions and encroachments of different kinds:—

(a) For ownings two annas per square foot per month.

(b) For temporary archways and gates across roads Rs. 5 per week or part thereof for each arch on each road.

(c) The fees for obstructions shall be charged at the scales mentioned above and such charges shall be recoverable in the manner prescribed in the Regulation for the recovery of consolidated rates.

6. Any person who takes out a license for a certain area and subsequently occupies a greater area without taking out a license for the excess so occupied, shall be liable to pay for such excess area an amount calculated at the rate of five annas per month per superficial foot of the area so occupied. This amount shall be recoverable by the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

7. No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purposes shall be erected in any street, lane or public thoroughfare, without written permission from the President. On receipt of application for permission to put up such structure specifying the situation, size and other particulars, licenses will be issued by the President if he sees no objection thereto, on such conditions as he may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety on payment of the following fees:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
For a pendal, six feet broad by twelve feet long or not exceeding 72 square feet.	None		
For a pendal, six feet broad by twelve feet long exceeding 72 square feet and not exceeding 150 square feet...	0	8	0
For every additional 150 square feet or portion thereof	0	8	0

Bye-laws relating to bakery or sweetmeat shop, hotels and eating houses in the town of Honnali under Section 48 (1) (c) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

BAKERY OR SWEETMEAT SHOPS.

1. Bakery or sweetmeat shop includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with baking of bread or preparation of sweetmeats for sale.

Any person who shall appear act or behave as the person in charge of a bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be deemed and taken to be the keeper or manager thereof.

2. All premises used as bakeries and sweetmeat shops shall satisfy the following conditions:—

(a) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for a bakery or sweetmeat shop.

(b) The walls of bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be rendered impervious to the extent of four feet from the ground level by cement plastering and the rest plastered with chunam and white-washed; the whole floor shall be either cemented or paved with Cuddapah slabs with cement pointing and drainage sufficiently provided.

(c) All bakeries and sweetmeat shops shall be at a respectable distance from any cess pit or latrine so as to prevent bad odours wafted therefrom reaching them.

(d) No place used as a bakery or sweetmeat shop shall ordinarily be used for any other purposes and, if in any specified case, the building is used both for residential purposes and for bakeries or sweetmeat shops, the portion used for the latter should be completely separated from that used for the former.

3. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean.

4. The flour, sugar, ghee, water and other materials used in the manufacture of bread and sweetmeat shall be good and wholesome. There shall be a separate store room or receptacle for flour and sugar and no flour or sugar shall be left lying on the floor or against the wall in any part of bakery or sweetmeat shop.

5. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition.

6. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in a bakery or sweetmeat shop and all kneaders engaged in kneading shall wear white clean linen or cotton aprons to cover entirely the front part of the body from neck to knees.

7. No person shall soil the kneading table in any way.

8. No person shall transport for sale bread or sweetmeat from any one place, except in a closed vehicle or a closed basket, tin or other receptacle. Every such vehicle, basket, tin or other receptacle shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and no person shall commit any act which may tend to render any bread or sweetmeat which is being transported, dirty or unwholesome.

9. All papers and leaves used for wrapping bread, sweets, etc., shall be clean and stored in a clean rack.

10. Bread, sweets, etc., shall be stored and kept for sale with all reasonable precautions against contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

11. Any infringements of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 25 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 3 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 200.

12. The President or Vice-President may at his discretion order the closure of the bakery or sweetmeat shop for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

Hotels or Eating houses.

13. An eating house or hotel includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhall and confectionery or refreshments including chappaties, rice cakes, tea, coffee, etc., are prepared and kept for sale.

The proprietor or any person in charge of any eating house or hotel shall be taken to be the keeper thereof.

No eating house shall be opened hereafter without obtaining a license from the Municipality.

14. All eating houses and hotels existing and new ones to be opened hereafter shall satisfy the following conditions :—

(*a*) All premises used as such shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose.

(*b*) The water used in the premises for drinking purposes shall be ordinarily from the deep wells or from any other approved source and shall be kept clean and free from floating impurities, in a suitable covered clean receptacle. The receptacles for the storage of water shall be placed in a clean place, a foot above the ground level and provided with a tap where possible or when advised in writing to do so, so that water may be drawn off.

(*c*) The walls of every eating house shall be impervious to water, plastered and well cemented to the height of four feet from the ground and the floors of the kitchen, dining and bath-rooms shall be rendered impervious either by paving with Cuddapah slabs or by cement plastering or lime plastering.

(*d*) Kitchen and bath-rooms shall be well ventilated and provided with proper smoke vents so that smoke may not pervade into other dwelling houses. All rooms in eating houses shall be well lighted and ventilated and the height should not be less than eight feet.

15. The proprietor or person in charge shall not allow persons to dine or eat in any other place except the one specified for the purpose.

16. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in the cooking or for keeping food stuffs shall have continual lining of tin and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food, pastry, sweetmeats, confectionery or preserved, dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

17. No food stuff of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises, which is stale, unwholesome, offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption. The President or Vice-President will have power to order the destruction of such food stuffs.

18. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains made free and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation at a reasonable distance from the main building and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night soil shall be covered with ashes or earth when not removed daily.

19. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in an eating house.

20. All premises and all cooked and uncooked food stuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, the Vice-President, Local Sanitary Officer or other officer or member authorised by the President in their behalf.

21. All cases of dangerous infections diseases such as cholera, plague, eruption fevers, such as small-pox, chicken-pox or measles and fevers of more than seven days' duration, shall be notified to the Vice-President forthwith.

22. The proprietor shall close the hotel if ordered by the President when epidemic breaks out.

23. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 25 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2, for every day after such conviction, during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 200.

Manufacture of ærated waters.

24. The water used for the manufacture of ærated waters shall be from any approved source.

25. (*a*) The water must be filtered before use.

(*b*) The filtering vessels and materials shall be sterilised at such times and in such manner as the President, Vice-President or the Local Sanitary Officer, may direct.

26. All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed iron vessels and be treated before use with permanganate of potassium in such manner as the President or Vice-President or the Local Sanitary Inspector may direct.

27. The room in which ærated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair; the walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be line washed at least once in three months; the floor shall be slabbed, tiled or cemented so as to be impervious to water and shall be property drained.

28. The water used for the manufacture of ærated waters shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessel not approved by the President or Vice-President or the Local Sanitary Inspector.

29. Carts employed for the carriage of water shall be kept on the premises shall have the designation of the factory painted on the barrel and shall at all times be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness.

30. The premises and all appliances used in the manufacture shall be clean and open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President, the Vice-President, the Sanitary Inspector or any other Municipal Officer.

31. No ærated waters of any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without having a proper label on each bottle, giving full name and address of the manufacture.

32. It shall be lawful for the President and Vice-President, the Sanitary Inspector or any Municipal Officer authorised by the President or the Vice-President, to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of ærated waters at any time when such place is open and to inspect or to take free of cost a sample of bottles of any kind of ærated waters which are there manufactured or kept for sale. Such samples shall be forthwith forwarded to the Government Chemical Examiner and Bacteriologist and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

33. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 3 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

Bye-laws re *regulating the disposal of the dead in the Town of Honnali under Section 48 (1) (4) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.*

When a person has died in any place within the limits of the Municipality, the owner or in his absence, the occupier of such place shall, to the best of his ability, arrange through the deceased's relatives or castemen for the corpse to be buried or burnt or otherwise disposed of in accordance with the customs of the deceased's caste within twenty-four hours of death or if he is unable to make such arrangements, shall report the fact to the Vice-President. This bye-law does not apply to cases in which it is necessary for the purpose of judicial enquiry to keep a corpse unburied or unburnt for over twenty-four hours.

2. Every person who becomes aware that the corpse is lying in any place uncared for shall forthwith report the fact to the Vice-President.

3. No person shall use for the disposal of the dead any place which is not prescribed by the Municipality for such purpose, unless the previous sanction is obtained of the President or Vice-President.

4. No person shall cause or suffer the body of the person to be buried in a grave within any part of the body or covering in which the body is enclosed at a less depth than 3 feet below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave in cases of persons less than 12 years of age at the time of death and 4 feet in cases of 12 years and above.

5. No person shall bury a body or suffer it to be buried otherwise than in such a manner as to provide by means of sufficient layer or layers of earth which shall throughout be closely ramped down and be not less than 1 foot in thickness for the effectual separation of the body or coverings containing the body from any body or covering containing such body in the same or in any other grave and shall cause the whole surface of the grave to be properly covered by a mound which shall be thoroughly beaten down and shall not be less than one foot above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave.

6. No person shall re-open or suffer to be re-opened the grave of any person except for the purposes of Judicial enquiry. In case of burning the dead body sufficient combustible material shall be used, so that the body may be completely burnt and see that it is completely burnt.

7. No person shall by violent or indecent behaviour prevent, interrupt or delay the solemn burial of a dead body.

8. Any person who offends any of the above bye-laws shall be liable for every such offence to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 50.

Dangerous and Offensive Trades, Section 48 (i) (b) (iii).

(1) These bye-laws are named "The Dangerous and Offensive Trade Bye-laws."

(2) In these bye-laws unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context:—

(*a*) Dangerous Trade means the business of storing for sale—

(i) hay, straw or any dried fodder for cattle,
(ii) gun-powder, blasting-powder, fire-works including patakies, etc.,
(iii) kerosene oil more than 50 tins and petrol 6 drums or 24 gallons.

(*b*) Offensive Trade means the business of—

(i) storing hides, horns and skins,
(ii) making or manufacturing bricks,
(iii) making or manufacturing tiles, pottery or other earthenware or lime,
(iv) using any place as cart-stand,
(v) using any place as smithy,
(vi) stone quarrying,
(vii) salting, curing or storing fish.

(*c*) Manager means the person under whose authority or control or for whose benefit a dangerous or offensive trade is carried on whether such person is the proprietor of the business or the agent in charge thereof.

(3) The Manager of every place used for the purpose of a dangerous or offensive trade as defined in Clause 2 above shall not use it as such without obtaining a license from the President therefor. The license so granted shall expire on the 30th June of the official year during which it was issued. But the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid, the period of its currency shall, whether the application shall eventually be granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

(4) The fees leviable on licenses to carry on dangerous or offensive trades shall be as follows:—

(*a*) Dangerous trades—for each class of business Rs. 10 per annum maximum.
(*b*) Offensive trades—for each class of business Rs. 15 per annum maximum.

Note.—In case of hand-made bricks, the license fee shall be Rs. 5 for a kiln of 100,000 bricks or a fraction thereof.

(5) No such license will be granted unless the place, intended for the purpose is suitable for the trades to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the person residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

(6) Every manager as aforesaid, shall keep the place licensed for the purpose open between 7 to 10 A.M., and 3 to 5 P.M., for inspection by the President, Vice-President, Sanitary Inspector or Police Inspector or by both and he shall afford every facility for such inspection.

(7) Every such Manager shall be bound to furnish to the President or Vice-President, whenever called upon to do so, such statistics, as to show the quantity of goods received, stored, manufactured, sold or exported by him.

(8) In the case of dangerous trades—

(i) Every Manager shall so store his goods as to admit of free ingress for the removal of goods and for quenching fire, if any.

(ii) He shall not cause or suffer any cover made of combustible material to be erected or placed over or adjoining any such goods.

(iii) He shall at all times keep the premises clean and dry.

(iv) He shall not allow smoking or introduction of fire into the premises and he shall store always sufficient quantity of water to quench the fire, if any.

(v) He shall carry out his trade in such a way as not to make his premises a source of danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

(vi) He shall comply with any requisition from the President or Vice-President contained in a notice for the total or partial removal from the premises of the aforesaid goods or the removal of any other combustible materials not intended for sale or for rectifying any error or omission in attending to the above provision.

(9) In case of offensive trades—

(i) Every Manager shall confine his trade to be carried on the place shown in the license.

(ii) He shall store all materials in such a manner as to prevent the omission of noxious or injurious effluvia therefrom.

(iii) He shall adopt the best practicable means of rendering innoxious all vapours omitted during the process of the trade either by proper ventilation or other suitable means.

(iv) He shall keep the floor of the premises in good order and repairs so as to prevent obsorption of any liquid filth or refuse or any noxious, injurious matter which may fall to be deposited upon.

(v) He shall provide the premises with proper drains and keep them always in good repair.

(vi) He shall cause the premises cleansed at the close of every working day.

(vii) He shall not allow any refuse or waste matters not intended for any further process of trade which are likely to be a source of danger or nuisance, to be deposited in or around the premises, but shall have them removed daily to a place approved by the President or Vice-President.

(viii) He shall adopt such other precautions as are necessary to minimise the danger or nuisance to the public from the use to which such premises are put.

(ix) He shall comply with any requisition from the President or Vice-President contained in a notice for rectifying any error or omission in attending to the above provisions and for promoting the health of persons employed in such trades.

(10) The President shall have the power to suspend or withdraw license granted for dangerous or offensive trades whenever he deems such a course necessary in the interests of the convenience and safety of public generally or of the persons inhabiting or resorting to the neighbourhood or whenever the conditions of such license are not obeyed.

(11) The licenses granted to carry on dangerous or offensive trades are not transferable.

(12) Any breach of such rules or bye-laws will entail the suspensionor withdrawal of the license and the prosecution of the offender under Section 152 (3) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

Vaccination Bye-laws.

(1) The Town of Honnali will, for the purpose of vaccination, be treated as one circle.

(2) The Local Fund Dispensary and the Municipal Office shall be the Vaccination Depots.

(3) The Sanitary Inspector shall be the Superintendent of Vaccination.

(4) The Local Medical Officer and Taluk Vaccinator, when at headquarters, shall perform vaccination.

(5) The Superintendent shall reside within the Municipal limits of the town.

(6) There shall be affixed at each of the depots a board showing in English and Kannada the hours at which vaccination shall be done at the depots.

(7) Vaccination shall ordinarily be done at the Vaccine Depot on all days except Sundays and other authorised public holidays, between the hours of 8 and 10 in the mornings.

(8) The Local Medical Officer and the Vaccinator shall, if so required by the head of a household, vaccinate the members thereof at his residence on such days as he may find

it convenient to do so, provided that during epidemics of small-pox or when an outbreak of the disease is impending, the Superintendent shall lose no time to arrange to vaccinate or re-vaccinate persons.

(9) No fees shall be charged for the vaccination done at the depots and for Vaccination of women and children under two years done at any private residence within the Municipal limits. In all other cases a fee of 2 annas per case and not exceeding 4 annas at a time per family may be charged.

(10) The Vice-President of the Municipality will furnish the Superintendent with the following :—

(*a*) A list showing the number of houses in the Municipal area and the number of unprotected persons in each house.

(*b*) Within ten days after the close of each quarter, a list showing the number of unprotected immigrants into the town, who have lived for longer than a month therein.

(*c*) A monthly statement showing the particulars of births in the town and of deaths among children.

(11) The Superintendent shall maintain a register showing every house with the name of the unprotected persons therein with a space for the addition from time to time of fresh unprotected cases and with a column for entering the date and the result of Vaccination.

(12) The Superintendent shall maintain a vaccination register in the form prescribed by the Government, a register of notices and a register of complaints lodged before the Magistrate.

(13) The Superintendent shall submit before the 5th of each month, a monthly report of vaccination to the Chief Sanitary Inspector and to the Presidents of the Municipality.

(14) The Superintendent shall bring to the notice of the President any remissness of duty on the part of the head of a house-hold calculated to impair the efficiency of the Vaccination Administration. The President shall take steps to deal with such cases.

(15) The Superintendent may grant certificates under Rules 6 and 9 of the Vaccination Rules.

(16) The Patel, Shanbhog and the Municipal Councillors shall render every help to the Superintendent in the discharge of his duty.

Octroi Bye-laws.

The following draft bye-laws are framed by the Honnali Municipal Council under Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906 and are published for the information of the public.

Any resident within the area of the Honnali Municipality, who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft bye-laws, should communicate the same to the President, Honnali Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

Octroi bye-laws framed by the Minor Municipal Council of Honnali under Section 48 (k) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

1. The Municipal Council shall levy the octroi duty on the articles imported into the Municipal limits of Honnali at the rates specified in the schedule A, hereto annexed and recognise the exemptions as provided for in the column 5 of it.

2. The octroi limits for the puroses of collecting octroi shall be the Municipal limits.

3. Articles liable to octroi and brought within these limits shall be produced on arrival at the octroi house.

4. Such goods shall be liable to inspection at the octroi house when so brought. Every person bringing dutiable goods within the town shall report the fact to the octroi mutsaddi at the octroi house.

5. A table showing the octroi duty liable on various articles shall be exhibited at the octroi house in a conspicuous place and also be open to the inspection of any person at the Municipal office.

6. When goods are brought to the octroi house, they may be unloaded and weighed or counted by the officer in charge of the octroi office, (the importer shall produce the invoice of such goods in duplicate) upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods, the importer shall either pay the amount due and receive a permit for the removal of the goods or shall deposit the same in the octroi house. When the duty is paid as above, a permit shall be granted by the officer in charge of the octroi office for the removal of the goods showing the quantity or weight of the goods, the amount paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. The fact of the receipt shall also be noted on each copy of the duplicate pass. The invoice in original shall be returned to the importer after the payment of duty collected has been noted thereon and the duplicate in like manner, bearing such entry shall be filed in the octroi house.

Octroi house.

7. The Municipal Council shall provide an octroi house for the custody of goods which may be deposited and the octroi house shall be open for transaction of business from 8 to 11 A.M. and 2 to 6 P.M., daily, except on holidays authorised by the President.

8. Any importer depositing goods in the octroi house shall, unless the officer in charge of the octroi house, has previously by weighing counting or appraising, ascertained the amount of octroi payable thereon, give a declaration in the form appended (Schedule No. 1) the description, weight, quantity and if necessary, the value of such goods.

9. A receipt in form appended (Schedule 2) shall be given by the officer in charge of the octroi office for all goods deposited in the octroi house and a register of all such goods shall be maintained. It is the duty of the depositor to obtain a receipt for articles deposited by him and the octroi department is not responsible for any goods left at the premises and not covered by a receipt.

10. Any person who has deposited goods in the octroi house may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the octroi house or may, on paying full duty thereon import such goods into the town covered by a permit or may export such goods free, covered by an export pass, provided that new packages covered by such pass shall if posssible, and before they are taken from the octroi house, be stamped by the officer in charge so as to show that they are under bond. The export pass shall be in duplicate, the original being retained by the officer in charge of the octroi house and the duplicate delivered to the exporter. For every export pass granted under this rule, a fee of two annas shall be charged.

11. No goods shall be allowed to leave the bonded warehouse until the storage fees have been paid thereon under the following rules:—

(i) Goods shall allowed to remain 24 hours free of charge.

(ii) After that period rates as in the following schedule shall be charged for seven days:—

		Rs.	a.	p.	a day
1.	Tobacco raw or manufactured, per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof	0	1	0	,,
2.	Piece goods per bale	0	1	0	,,
3.	Cocoanuts per hundred	0	0	6	,,
4.	Cocoanuts dry per maund	0	0	6	,,
5.	Betal leaves per thousand	0	0	6	,,
6.	Kerosene oil per tin	0	0	2	,,
7.	Jaggory per maund	0	0	3	,,
8.	Sugar per maund	0	0	3	,,

(iii) Double these rates shall be charged after seven days provided that the Presidents may in his discretion allow a reduction in or exemption from such penal rates.

(iv) The date of admission and removal of goods shall reckon as one day and holidays shall not be taken into account in reckoning the date from which fees under each class shall be payable. When the delay is caused by the inability of the officer in charge of the octroi house to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

12. All goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than six months shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the octroi house provided that, before selling such goods, notice of the fact shall be posted for seven days at the octroi house and at the Municipal office.

13. The Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to goods deposited in the octroi house, while such goods are being passed into or out of warehouse or while they remain therein unless such damages is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the ware house-keeper or other person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

REFUNDS.

14. No refunds shall be granted on articles other than piece goods and the following rules regarding them shall be observed.—

All clothes which have paid duty in the Municipality shall be stamped so as to admit of their being identified or clothes on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported beyond octroi limits, refunds, shall subject to the following rules, be granted at the rates, originally charged at the time of import. No claim will be entertained after a period of three months from the date of import of the article referred to above, and no refund shall be granted of any sum less than one rupee.

15. Any person claiming refund under the above rule shall produce the goods to be exported at the octroi office together with the original receipt, for octroi duty paid thereon and an application for refunds prepared in duplicate in such form and showing such particulars as the President may from time to time prescribe.

16. The officer in charge of the octroi house on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted, shall endorse the two parts of the application with an export pass, and keeping one part in the office, shall deliver the other part to the applicants.

17. All goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under free export pass under Bye-law No. 10 shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pass at the octroi house of exit.

18. In all cases in which refund is claimed, the duplicate pass duly endorsed as provided in Bye-law No. 10, must be produced at the octroi house by the person seeking the refund and if after due check, the officer in charge of the octroi house is satisfied that a refund of octori covered by such pass is duly payable, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President.

19. The Municipal Officers only, under the orders of the President or Vice-President may inspect the shops at all reasonable hours to see if there are any smuggled goods and the shop-keeper shall be bound to allow such inspection.

20. *Smuggling.*—The President, Municipal Council, Honnali, is empowered to award to any person who gives information leading to the detection of the offence of smuggling goods liable to octroi duty, a reward of one-half of the fine recovered and in special cases in which conviction is not secured, but duty is recovered, half the amount of such duty and in special cases the full amount thereof at the discretion of the President.

21. *General.*—Importers of dutiable articles shall if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the President or Vice-President, within one year of import, account for the articles received by them by producing either a permit or receipt obtained in token of payments of octroi duty or an export pass in proof of having exported the whole or the part of articles so received or otherwise.

Any breach of this bye-law will render the importer liable to punishment with a fine extending to ten times the value of octroi duty on such goods or Rs. 25 whichever may be greater and the payment of octroi duty on the article unaccounted for. Any person importing or exporting dutiable articles who infringes Bye-laws Nos. 3, 4, 6, 8 and 17 shall be liable for prosecution before any Megistrate under Section 161 to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE I.

To

The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office, Honnali Town.

Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the warehouse.

No.	Name of depositor	Description of articles deposited	Distinguishing mark, if any	Weight		Quantity	Value	Remarks
				Maunds	Seers			
1	2	3	4	5		6	7	8

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of the bye-laws relating to the deposit.

Witness.....

Signature.....

Address.....

Signature of Depositor.....

Address.....

Date.....

SCHEDULE II.

Octroi Office, Honnali Town.

Received for deposit the undermentioned goods from.....

No.	Receipt No.	Consignment		Goods deposit Note No.	Name of articles	Description	Number of articles	Remarks
		No.	Date					

Date.....

Octroi Manegar.

SCHEDULE A.

No.	Name of tax	Class of property liable	Amount for which or rate at which classes liable	Rs. a. p.	Exemptions
1	Octroi	Articles specified in column 4	fresh cocoanuts each	0 0 1	(1) Personal luggage of travellers, articles imported through the Post Office and goods *bona fide* property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by an invoice certified by the Departmental Head concerned that the property therein mentioned belongs to Government.
			Dry cocoanuts per maund	0 8 0	
			Betel leaves 100	0 0 1	
			Jaggory per maund	0 2 0	
			Sugar per maund	0 4 0	
			Kerosene oil and petrol per tin ..	0 2 0	(2) Goods which are declared not to be intended for use or consumption within Municipal limits provided if such goods be not exported they shall pay the full duty.
			Tobacco per maund	1 0 0	
			Piece goods per Re.	0 0 3	
			Sheep or goats each	0 1 6	(3) Six green cocoanuts, six dry cocoanuts, hundred betel leaves and one seer of tobacco if brought for personal consumption by *bona fide* travellers.
					(4) Piece goods manufactured locally.

Draft and rules framed nnder Section 46 (i) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation for the assessment of a tax on professions, trades and callings and offices and appointments:—

1. In the rules the word "person" shall include a firm, company or association.

2. Every person who, within the Honnali Town, exercises any profession, art, trade or calling or holds any office or appointment bringing him within one or more of the classes of persons specified in the schedule appended to these rules shall pay tax at the rate specified in the said schedule as payable by persons of the class in which such person is placed.

3. Persons whose monthly income or profits are less than Rs. 30 per mensem are exempt from the tax.

4. No person shall be liable to tax under these rules in respect of any half-year in which he has exercised a profession, art, trade or calling or held an office or appointment for a period of less than sixty days within the town.

5. The tax leviable under these rules, from a firm, company or association or undivided Hindu family may be levied from any member of that firm, company or association or family.

6. When a person exercises more than one professon, art, trade or calling or holds more than one office or appointment whether under the same name or different names, the tax shall be calculated on his total annual income or profits from all auch sources.

7. On the requisition of the Municipal Council or of such person or persons as may be authorised by them from time to time in this behalf, every person exercising any profession, art, trade or calling or holding any office or appointment shall, within such reasonable period as shall be specified in the requisition, be bound to furnish a statement under his signature, in writing, in the form appended to these rules, showing his income or profits for the required year or years.

8. The Muuicipal Council or such person or persons authorized by them in this behalf, may in like manner require :—

(1) The owner or occupier of any building or land within the Town Municipal limits to furnish within a specified time a list, in writing containing the names of all persons occupying such building or land and specifying the profession, art, trade or calling, office or appointment, of every such person.

(2) Any employer, or the head or Secretary of any public or private office or of a firm or company ,—

(*a*) to furnish within a specified time a list in writing of the names of all persons in his employ or in the employ of such office, firm or company, with a statement of the salary or income of each of the same,

(*b*) to furnish the above particulars in regard to any incorporated company of which such employer, bead, Secretary, as the case be, is the agent.

9. On or before 1st January and 1st July every year, an assessment list in the form appended shall be prepared. The procedure laid down in Sections 63 to 66 of the Municipal Regulation regarding assessment of rates on buildings or lands shall apply *mutatis mutandis* in respect of assessment of this tax. This list will be subject to revision half-yearly or yearly as may be decided by the Council.

10. Notwithstanding anything in these rules, every person commencing to exercise any profession, art, trade or calling or to hold, any office or appointment in the Town Municipal limits, who has not been required to furnish a return under Rule VII, shall, within thirty days of so commencing, give information of the fact to the President, Town Municipal Council.

11. Every person liable to the tax who shall change either designation of his firm or the nature of his profession, art, trade or calling or office or appointment; or his place of business, shall within thirty days of such change, give intimation thereof to the President of the Town Municipal Council.

12. The tax shall be payable half-yearly in each year in advance in July and January in every year and shall be collected in accordance with the procedure laid down in Chapter VII of the Municipal Regulation.

13. (*i*) Any person who has paid the tax for a whole half-year and who ceases during such period to be liable to assessment shall be entitled to refund of not less than half the assessment provided that no such remission shall be granted unless notice in writing of the fact of his having given up the profession, art, trade or calling or office or appointment has been given to the President of Municipal Council and that no remission or refund shall take effect for any period previous to the day of the delivery of such notice.

(*ii*) The burden of proving the facts entitling any person to claim relief under this rule shall be upon him.

14. Failure to furnish the information or furnishing information which is untrue required by Rules VII, VIII, X and XI shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE III.

(Section 59, Clause X) Tax on Arts, Profession, Trades and Callings.

CLASS I.

Every person holding any office or appointment, public or private or employment in any capacity whose pay, salary or pension amounts to Rs. 1,000 a month or upwards and every person falling under any of the following denominations whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 1,000 a month or upwards.

	Rs.
(1) Carrying on business as a company	
(2) Abkari renters, wholesale and retail tenderers and manufacturers of every kind, Contractors, Auctioneer and Commission Agents	
(3) Bankers, money-lenders, money-changers and pawn-brokers ...	
(4) Advocates, Attorneys and Pleaders...	
(5) Owners and farmers of markets and toll farmer	
(6) Owners of Mills, Warehouses, Printing Presses, Oil Presses, Cotton Presses and Factories of all kinds	50
(7) Keepers of hotels, lodging houses and boarding houses	
(8) Professional artists, Photographers, Actors, owners, or managers of Circusses or Theatrical Companies, Musicians and Dancers ...	
(9) Dealers in animals or vehicles and owners or keepers of livery stables or hackney carriages	
(10) Artizans	
(11) Gold-smiths, and Carpenters, Iron-smiths, etc....	

CLASS II.

	Rs.
Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amounts to Rs. 500 a month or upwards	25

CLASS III.

Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 300 a month or upwards	12

CLASS IV.

Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 200 a month or upwards	8

CLASS V.

Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 100 a month or upwards	4

CLASS VI.

Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 50 a month or upwards	2

CLASS VII.

Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 30 a month or upwards	1

N.B.—1. No wholesale Trader, Banker, Advocate or Vakil, Miller, Factory owner Tool farmer, Trader in piece goods and hides and skins, shall be placed in any class below Class IV.

2. No Excise Contractor (taking up arrack, ganja and toddy shops) sweet-meats seller, hotel-keeper, keeper of boarding house, dealer in petty and sundry articles, and copper and brass vessels, and gold and silver smiths shall be placed in any class below Class V.

3. No Excise Contractor taking up opium, shop dealers in bidies, snuff, rice, tailor, having a sewing machine, dealer in kamblies, carpenter and iron-smith, shall be placed in any class below Class VI.

True return furnished by ..... under the bye-law formed by the Town Municipal Council, Honnali, under Section 48 (*a*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation as to his liability to Profession Tax for the year .....

Name and address of party	Nature of profession art, trade or calling followed or office or appointment held	Date from which profession, etc., is followed, etc.	Monthly income		Remarks
			Included in the last return	During the current year	

Signature of party.

Profession Tax Assessment List.

Division.....

Serial No.	Name of party	Assessment No. in previous year		Occupation	Address	Monthly or annual income or other basis of assessment	Now assessment			Remarks
		Number	Amount				Class	Amount	Number	

Bye-laws formed under Section 48 (1) J. J. of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906 for regulating the numbering and registering of carts, carriages motor vehicles bicycles tricycles and other vehicles in the town of Honnali.

(1) Any person who is the owner of a cart, carriage, motar vehicle, bicycle, or tricycle or other vehicle, liable to taxation as per (*a*) schedule of the Honnali Minor Municipality under the law in force shall get such cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle, or other vehicle registered in the Municipal office within thirty-one days of these bye-laws coming into force or within thirty-one days of his newly coming into possession of such cart carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle, or other vehicle: When he continues to be in possession of such cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle or other vehicle, he shall also get it registered at the said office for the year July or (from the 1st January or) for a year within thirty-one days from the 1st July of each year.

Explanation.—Owner in these bye-laws, includes the person in charge for the time being of such cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle or other vehicle.

(2) The above registration shall be made on payment of the half-yearly or yearly tax on such cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle tricycle, or other vehicle in advance under the law in force.

(3) A number shall be painted on each cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle or other vehicle so registered.

(4) No cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle or other vehicle thus registered, shall be used without its number being painted on it.

(5) Any person who commits a breach of the conditions under clauses 1 and 4 of these bye-laws shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with a fine which may extend to Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE A.

Serial No	Name of tax	Amount for which or rate at which classes liable	Rs. a. p.	Exemptions	Remarks
	Taxes on vehicles	(*a*) Four-wheeled vehicle with springs constructed to be drawn by two or more horses or bullocks.	10 0 0	(1) Juvenile vehicles such as perambulators, etc. (2) Vehicle kept by carriage builders or dealers solely for sale. (3) Conveyance in transit or staying within municipal limits not longer than 30 days in any half year. (4) Vehicles belonging to members of the police and of the officers of the Municipality employed in and out-door duties provided that not more than one vehicle should be exempted without the special permission of the Municipal Council (5) Vehicles belonging to the Municipality and not these hired by them.	In two equal instalments in advance in July and January every year.
		(*b*) Four-wheeled vehicles without springs.	5 0 0		
		(*c*) Two-wheeled vehicle with springs constructed to be drawn by one or more horses, bull or bullocks, or other animals.	4 0 0		
		(*d*) Every other vehicles with springs.	4 0 0		
		(*e*) Every bicycle or tricycle ..	2 0 0		
		(*f*) Every cart or other vehicle without spring.	2 0 0		
		(*g*) Every motor car ..	10 0 0		
		(*h*) Every motor bicycle ..	5 0 0		

Bye-laws for controlling Unwieldy Traffic in the town of Honnali.

(*Section 48-V.*)

The President may from time to time prohibit the use of any road, street or lane for any particular purposes and any person infringing that prohibition shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first and Rs. 100 for each subsequent offence.

2. No person shall bring and store for sale within the town any timber or firewood without a license to be granted by the President specifying the place and condition of storing or otherwise disposing of the same.

Any person infringing this bye-law shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

3. Any cart or carts entering the Municipal limits with passengers or laden with commodities of any description or character for sale or otherwise are not allowed to stand so as to cause obstruction to general traffic in the crowded thorough fares and streets of the Municipality beyond the time necessary or ordinarily required for unloading or otherwise, after which, the cart or carts must either proceed to their destination or to one of the public or private bandy stands.

(*a*) The owner or other persons in charge of such cart or carts as shall be found standing in the public roads or thoroughfares contrary to this bye-law, shall, on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the first and Rs. 10 for every subsequent offence.

4. All carts loaded with fuel, cholum, stalks, or straw shall not be allowed to stop on the public roads or streets other than in places set apart by the Municipality for the purpose.

Breach of this bye-law will subject the cart-driver to a penalty before the Magistrate not exceeding four annas for each offence.

5. All carts and conveyances shall be compelled to keep to their left side of the road to enable carriages to meet and pass on the right side. Any one infringing this bye-law will on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

Bye-laws relating to the registration of births and deaths framed under Section 48 (g) of Regulation VII of 1906.

1. A register of births and deaths in the town and for this purpose a Sub-Registrar of births and deaths shall be appointed.

2. The taluk office shall for the present be the office of registry and the octroi mutsaddy be the Sub-Registrar till such time as a Sub-Registrar is appointed for the purpose. A notice written both in English and Kanarese and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify the fact to the public.

All births and deaths shall be registered in books in the forms given in the appended schedule and these books shall be presented in the Municipal Office.

3. The Sub-Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and every death which occurs within the Municipality and shall register as soon as conveniently may be after the event without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the said schedule, touching every such birth and death, as the case may be, which has not been already registered.

4. All such entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of the month.

5. The father or mother or other male relative of every child born within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of the father, mother and other male relative, the medical attendant or midwife who was present at, or in attendance, shall within one week next after the day of every such birth, give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known, and registered, touching the birth of such child.

6. Some near relative present at the death or in attendance during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, inability, or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building (or if the occupier be the person who has died). some person living in the building in which such death has occurred, shall within 24 (twenty-four) hours give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge, and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered, touching the death of every person.

7. In the case of births or deaths in any public institution it shall be the duty of the officer or person in charge, to give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar, the information required under the Bye-laws 5 and 6 touching such births and deaths.

8. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedule, printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office, with all Municipal Councillors, and Sanitary Inspector of Honnali Town Municipality.

9. On a notice received at the office of registry, the Sanitary Inspector shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the accuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice and after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against the particular entry in the register in token of having performed such inspection.

10. Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who had died within the Municipality, shall, whenever required furnish the Sub-Registrar or other person authorised in his behalf such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

11. Any person whose duty it is to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who neglects or refuses to give, such information or gives false information shall be liable (on conviction before a Magistrate) to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

12. All extracts from registers of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Council and the fees payable for these shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

13. Extracts from the register of births, may if required by the informant be given to him free of cost by the Sub-Registrar.

Definitions.

Occupier includes the Keeper, Master, Matron, Superintendent or other Officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings includes any person residing in such house who is the person and whom such lodgings or separate apartments are immediately held, or his agent.

"Public institution" includes prison, lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution, which is under the management of the public body, officer or person.

The term "still birth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

Report of Births in the Municipality of Honnali during the month of.....192 .

Date and hour of birth	Caste	Born alive	Still born	Sex		Where born, locality, name of street, etc.	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice was sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address.

Report of Deaths in the Municipality of Honnali during the month of.....192 .

Name and surname of the deceased in kanarese	Occupation	Residence	Where death occurred	Door No.	Age			Sex	Caste	Date of death	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Name of doctor, hakim or vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

* If the cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomitings, diarrhœa and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Register of Births in the Municipality of Honnali during the month of.....192 .

Serial No.	Date of registration	Father's name	Mother's name	Residence	Father's occupation	Caste	Sex		Date of birth	Name of the child, if any	Name of the informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
							Male	Female							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Register of Deaths in the Municipality of Honnali during the month of.....192 .

Serial No.	Date of registration	Name of deceased	Father's name	Residence at the time of death	Age	Sex		Caste	Occupation	Date of death	Cause of death	Name of informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

LOCAL AND LEGISLATIVE SECRETARIAT.

No. L. 4639—*Ml.* 57-24-257, *dated* 31*st December* 1924.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the rules framed thereunder, the City Municipal Council of Mysore shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 3rd January 1925 :—

A. SECTION 10 (1) (*a*) ELECTED COUNCILLORS.

I.	Lascar Mohalla ...	1. Mr. Mahomed Sait. 2. Mr. K. Dhanakotichetty. 3. Mr. M. P. Bhogiah, B.A., B.L. 4. Mr. Y. Virupakshiah.
II.	Mandi Mohalla ...	1. Mr. H. C. Dasappa, B.A., LL.B. 2. Mr. M. Madappa. 3. Mr. Mahomed Gouse Peer.
III.	Krishnaraj Mohalla ...	1. Mr. M. Ramaswami. 2. Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar. 3. Mr. C. Narasimhaiya, B.A., B.L. 4. Mr. P. Seetharamiah, B.A., B.L.
IV.	Fort Mohalla ...	1. Mr. M. Narayanaswami.
V.	Devaraj Mohalla ...	1. Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah. 2. Mr. U. R. Lingoji Rao 3. Mr. N. Setwaji Rao.
VI.	Chamaraj Mohalla ...	1. Mr. M. Venkatakrishnaiya. 2. Mr. A. Krishna Rao, B.A., B.L. 3. Mr. B. Munivenkatappa. 4. Mr. B. K. Ramakrishnaiya, M.A., LL.B.
VII.	Nazarbad Mohalla ...	1. Mr. V. Tiruvengada Modaliyar.

B. APPOINTED: SECTION 10 (1) (*b*) (*i*).

1. Mr. N. Madhava Rau, B.A., B.L. (President).
2. Mr. S. P. Rajagopalachar, B.A., B.L., Assistant Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.
3. Rev. E. S. Edwards.
4. Mr. T. S. Alli Khan.
5. Mr. M. K. Madhava Rao Pavar.
6. Mr. M. C. Thammayya, Proprietor, Rice Mill, Ediga.
7. Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji.
8. Mr. R. Doreraja.
9. Turuvekere Mr. Basavaraj Urs.
10. Mr. Srikanta Chari.

By Order,

B. NAGAPPA,

Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments

Registered No M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JANUARY 8, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

No. L. 4577—*Ml.* 57-24-251, *dated* 29*th December* 1924.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the Rules framed thereunder the Minor Municipal Council of Kumsi in the Shimoga District shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st January 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. Patel Basappa.
2. „ Nadig Aswatha Rao.
3. „ Abdul Khader Sahib.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*), (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. Abdul Rahiman Sahib.
2. „ Sunkada Huliyanna.
3. „ Darji Govindappa.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*), (*ii*) Ex-officio.

1. The Deputy Amildar, Kumsi, President.
2. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of Local Fund Dispensary, Kumsi.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Kumsi Sub-Taluk.

No. L. 4579—*Ml.* 56-24-172, *dated* 29*th December* 1924.

Under Rule (*xii*) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, Mr. Bore Gowda is appointed Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Saligram in the Mysore District as the election was not held in the manner prescribed in Rule (*ii*).

No. L. 4582—*Ml.* 56-24-171, *dated* 29*th December* 1924.

Under Rule (*i*) of the rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. Honne Gowda, as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Gubbi is approved.

No. L. 4645—Ml. 56-24-175, dated 2nd January 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. K. Abdul Rahim as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Belur, Hassan District is approved.

No. L. 4647—Ml. 56-24-176, dated 2nd January 1925.

Under Rule (xii) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, Mr. Kundi Hutchaiya, is appointed as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Malvalli.

No. L. 4653—Ml. 57-24-258, dated 2nd January 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the Rules framed thereunder, the Municipal Council of Bagepalli in the Kolar District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st January 1925:—

A. Section 10 (1), (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. B. Subbiah Naidu, Landholder.
2. ,, G. Papanna, Landholder and Contractor.
3. ,, Dastagir Beg, Landholder.
4. ,, Yelikari Chikkavenkatappa, Landholder.

B. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr Suryanaranappa, Retired Police Jamedar.
2. ,, C. Raghavendra Rao, Landholder.
3. ,, Kare Ramaiya, Merchant.
4. ,, Salyam Seethanna, Merchant.
5. ,, Abdul Karim, retired Police Jamedar, Landholder.

C. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio.

1. The Amildar, Bagepalli Taluk, President.
2. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Bagepalli.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department, Bagepalli.

No. L. 4656—Ml. 57-24-255, dated 2nd January 1925.

In Notification No. L. 4083—Ml. 57-24-212, dated the 3rd December 1924, reconstituting the Minor Municipal Council of Sravanabelagola in the Channarayapatna Taluk, Hassan District, for "1st November 1924" occurring therein as the date fixed the commencement of the reconstituted Council read "1st December 1924".

No. L. 4665—Ml. 56-24-173, dated 2nd January 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. Nadig Lakshmana Rao, as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Sorab is approved.

No. L. 4682—Ml. 57-24-259, dated 2nd January 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the Rules framed thereunder, the Municipal Council of Gudibanda in the Kolar District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st December 1924:—

A. Section 10 (1), (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. Chikka Nanjappa.
2. ,, Kere Krishnappa.
3. ,, Gummasetty Hampiah.

B. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. Hussain Sab.
2. ,, Narasimha Naidu.
3. ,, Subba Rao.

C. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio.

1. The Deputy Amildar of Gudibanda Sub-Taluk (President).
2. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Gudibanda.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department, Gudibanda,

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

No 10.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 6TH DECMBER 1924, AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Members.

Present ... 28, and the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, President.
Absent ... 2.

The Proceedings of the meetings held on the 1st and 5th November 1924, were read and recorded.

* * * * *

Subject No. 13.—Election of Members to the Managing Committee till 30th June 1925.

Resolution.—The following Councillors are elected Members of the Managing Committee:—

(1) Mr. B. L. Byanna, (2) Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, (3) Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, (4) Mr. G. Paramasiviah, (5) Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao, (6) Mr. B. N. Vijaya Deva, (7) Mr. P. Subbaramachetty, (8) Mr. J. R. Isaac, and (9) Mr. B. V. Krishniengar.

Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao is appointed Chairman of the Managnig Committee.

Subject No. 14.—Election of Members to the Municipal City Improvement Committee for a period of one year.

Resolution.—Besides the four *Ex-officio* Members, *viz.*, the President, the Municipal Commissioner, the Health Officer and the Municipal Engineer, the following seven Councillors are elected:—

(1) Mr. B. L. Byanna, (2) Mr. P. Subbaramachetty, (3) Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, (4) Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer, (5) Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia, (6) Mr. B. N. Vijaya Deva, and (7) Mr. G. Paramasiviah.

Subject No. 15.—Election of Members to the Municipal Education Committee and Bye-law Committee for a period of three years.

Resolution.—The following seven Councillors are elected Members of the Municipal Education Committee:—

(1) Mr. D. Venkataramaiah, B.A., L.T., (Chairman), (2) Mr. J. R. Isaac, (3) Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, (4) Mr. G. Paramasiviah, (5) Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, (6) Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer and (7) Mr. B. N. Vijaya Deva.

The following seven Councillors are elected Members of the Bye-law Committee:—

(1) Mr. G. Paramasiviah (Chairman), (2) Mr. B. N. Vijaya Deva, (3) Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, (4) Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao, (5) Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, (6) Mr. B. L. Byanna and (7) Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar.

Subject No. 16.—Election of Members to the Health and Market Committees for a period of one year.

Resolution.—The following five Councillors are elected Members of the Health Committee:—

(1) Mr. J. R. Isaac (Chairma), (2) Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, (3) Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer, (4) Mr. G. Muniyappa, and (5) Mr. B. L. Byanna.

The following five Councillors are elected members of the Market Committee:—

(1) Mr. C. K. Hutchappa, (2) Mr. M. C. Chiknanjundappa, (3) Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar (Chairman), (4) Mr. B. L Byanna, and (5) Mr. S. N. M. Razvi.

Subject No. 17.—Letter No. 59, dated 8th November 1924, from the President, Srinivasamandiram Charities, requesting to elect a Municipal Councillor as a Member for the Dharmakarya Nirvahakasabha of the Mandiram, in place Mr. H. Krishnappa, B.A.

Resolution.—Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao is elected to represent the Municipal Council on the Committee of the Srinivasamandiram.

Subject No. 18.—Continuance of the service of Mr. H. Srinivasa Murti, B.A., LL.B. as Municipal Advocate from 4th November 1924, till the question is settled by the Council.

Resolution.—Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, proposed that the services of Mr. H. Srinivasamurthi be continued until a new incumbent is appointed by the Council and that applications be called for and placed before the Council at the next meeting. This was seconded by Mr. B. V. Krishniengar.

Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao proposed and Mr. J. R. Isaac seconded an amendment that the words "that application be called for, etc.," be omitted. The amendment was lost as only two voted for and eighteen against it. The original proposition was put to vote and carried unanimously.

* * * * *

Subject No. 20.—Letter dated 17th November 1924, from Mr. W. Raja Bahadur Mudaliar, No. 108, Veerapillay Street, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, requesting that the period of lease of his building in Malleswaram taken for a Dispensary may be fixed at five years as he has spent over Rs. 1,000 for effecting necessary repars thereto.

Resolution.—The building may be taken on a lease for five years.

* * * * *

B. VENKOBA RAO,
President.

Notice dated 30th December 1924.

The owners of buildings and vacant sites in the Visweswarapuram Extension are hereby informed that as per estimate sanctioned for the sewerage of the said extension, only one house connection will be given for each house or site for leading off the sewage and sullage of the site or house. If any owner of a site of a house requires additional connections, they will be provided on payment to the Municipality by the owner of the house or site of the cost of constructing such connections which is estimated to cost about Rs. 35 each. If any house owner is not willing to have more than one connection he should lead off all sullage from his house to the connection which has been constructed already or which will be constructed hereafter, failing which, he will be dealt with in accordance with the provisions of the Municipal Regulation.

2. Requisitions for such additional house connections should be sent up to the Municipal Commissioner within a month from the date of this notification, together with a deposit of Rs. 35 for each additional house connection and a sketch plan showing the exact position where the connection is wanted.

3. After the completion of the work, the unspent balance, if any, will be refunded to the depositor.

J. V. MASCARENHAS,
Offg. *Municipal Commissioner.*

CHINTAMANI TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Amendments to Bye-laws of Octroi framed by the Chintamani Town Municipality.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Chintamani Town Municipal area that the Municipality desires to mpose octroi duty on the following new articles imported into the Municipal limits as specified below under Section 46 (i) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906 and amend the bye-laws sanctioned by Government Order No. 8657—Ml. 187-21-8, dated 26th April 1924 as follows under Section 48 (k) of the said Regulation.—

Any person objecting to the proposed rates of duty and the following amended and revised bye-laws, may, within one month from the date of publication of this Notice, send his objections in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Chintamani. Objections received after the due date will be rejected.

Page 1. Taxes and Exemptions:—In column 4 of Schedule A, Page 5, add the following to the class and rates of articles liable for duty.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Jaggery, sugar per maund	0	1	0
Cigars, Cigarettes per bundle of 50 packs of 10 cigarettes each	0	1	0
Beedies per 1,000	0	0	3

Column 5 of Schedule A :—List of exemptions :—Delete the phrase "Cloths imported through the Post Office" in clause 2 and substitute "Exemptions however will be granted only when cloths not exceeding one at a time to the same address are imported through Post Office for *bonafide* household purpose by any one other than a dealer in cloths and piece goods. The goods so imported if exhibited for sale without payment of due octroi duty thereon, will be considered as smuggled goods.

Page 1. Bye-law No. 1 :—Substitute the following for Bye-law No. 1 :—Octroi limits for the purpose of collecting octroi duty shall be the area of a radius of 5 miles all round the present Municipal limits as described in the Schedule 'C' and shall include the present Municipal area.

Insert the following as Bye-law No. 33 A, B, C. and D.—A. Goods passing into and within the octroi limits are liable to the payment of octroi duty. Every person who with the intention to defraud the Municipal Council, causes or abets the introduction of or himself introduces or attempts to introduce within the said octroi limits of the Municipality, any such goods upon which payment of octroi due on such introduction has neither been made nor tendered, shall on conviction before a Magistrate be punishable with a fine amounting to ten times the value of such octroi or Rs. 50 whichever is greater.

B. Any person selling, keeping for sale or having in his possession any dutiable article on which octroi has not been paid within the octroi limits mentioned above, shall on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding ten times the value of octroi on such goods or Rs. 100 whichever is greater.

C. The President, Town Municipal Council, Chintamani if he has reason to believe that any merchant, resident of the town, dealing with dutiable articles of octroi, stored within the octroi limits without payment of duty in any place, building covered or uncovered, any such articles, is authorised to call for the accounts of any such merchant, can enter at any time without a warrant into any premises suspected to contain goods on which duty has not been paid, and inspect and verify the stock therein with the accounts maintained by him. If any discrepancies, irregularities or fraud is detected, such defaulter shall on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not less than Rs. 100 or ten times the value of octroi due on such article whichever is greater.

D. Any officer of the Municipal Council authorised by the President, if he has reason to believe that the dutiable articles on which octroi has not been paid are kept or concealed within the octroi limits in any place, building, covered or uncovered mentioned above, may after obtaining a search warrant from the Taluk Executive Magistrate enter and search at any time such premises and if he finds any such article on which octroi has not been paid, may seize such article and arrest the person in possession of the same, provided that any article or person so seized or arrested shall be produced before the Magistrate competent to take cognisance of the case within 24 hours from the time of such seizure. Any such defaulter may, if he likes compound the case with the President of the Municipality by paying fifteen times the duty on the articles in respect of which default has been made.

SCHEDULE "C".

BOUNDARIES FOR THE PURPOSE OF COLLECTING OCTROI DUTY IN THE CHINTAMANI TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

North.—The Boundary commences from north-western corner of Chikkamunimangala running along the northern boundary of that village reaching the south-west corner of Dasarakunte, running along the eastern boundary of that village running straight on to the north-west corner of Chinnepalli village and passing along northern boundaries of Chinnepalli, Adepalli, Kuruppalli, Kuppalli meeting the western corner of Agrahar village, thence passing along the south-west boundary of that village meeting eastern corner of Keppalli village and passing along the southern boundary of Gudarlapalli and Chelumkote reaching the north-eastern corner of Gollapalli.

East.—Thence running along the eastern boundary of Gollapalli and Barlapalli and Hebri, Doddarjenahalli villages meeting north-western corner of Siddimat village, then passing along the western boundary of the said village crossing the Srinivaspur Road at the eastern end of the bund of Nakkalpalligadda tank passing along the eastern boundary of Nakkalpalligadda meeting north-east corner of Balapalahalli, thence running west-ward along the southern boundary of Nakkalpalligadda and Doddaganjoor reaching north-east corner of Gollahalli village, thence passing the eastern side of Gollahalli village and Mudachinthalahalli village.

South.—Passing along the southern boundaries of Mudachinthalahalli, Handigere, Bramhanadinne, Alamgiri reaching the south-west corner of Suldenahalli, thence passing along the western boundary of Suldenahalli, the south-west boundary of Chinnasandra and southern boundary of Mailapura reaching south-west corner of the latter village.

West.—It, then, passing along the western boundary of Mailapura and Voddahalli meets the south-east corner of Upperpet, thence passing along the southern boundaries of Upperpet, Amtiganahalli and western boundaries of Amtiganahalli Royapalli and Chandrahalli, Korlahalli, Kodigepalli and Chikkamunimangala meeting the starting point of north-west corner of Chikkamunimangala.

R. POOTTAMADAPPA,
President.

MYSORE CITY.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 7TH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE ON SATURDAY THE 20TH DECEMBER 1924 AT 8-30 A.M.

Present ... ... 5. | Absent ... ... 3.

* * *

I. Proceedings of the 6th Ordinary meeting held on 22nd November 1924.
Confirmed.

II. Memorandum dated 27th November 1924, circulating among the Trustees, in pursuance of Trust Board Resolution No. XI, dated 22nd November 1924, the draft letter to Government forwarding the withdrawl statement in respect of properties recommended to be released.

The letter to Government (No. 40, dated 15th December 1924) is approved.

III. Memorandum dated 27th November 1924, recommending the release of the undermentioned properties in Devaraja Mohalla, and circulated among the Members of the Committee appointed in Trust Board Resolution No. X, dated 8th March 1924 to inspect the properties to be released out of those declared for acquisition.

(*i*) Property No. (79) A—1472 and (1—79) 909 Block 46, Mohadin Sab's Karkhana Street, belonging to Syed Peer Sab.

(*ii*) Property No. (139) Block 45, Soppina Beedi, belonging to Chidambara Rao. (A portion is required for widening the lane, and no structure will be permitted.)

The Board consider that the properties in question need not be acquired and that the owners be given license to re-build or repair them.

* * *

* * *

VI. Correspondence ending with Chief Engineer's letter No. 6841, dated 5th November 1924, regarding the realignment of the southern compound wall of Krishnarajendra Hospital.

The Board consider that it cannot reasonably be called upon to bear the cost of the compound wall of Krishnarajendra Hospital, merely on the ground that a small bit of land out of the hospital compound was given for the road.

VII. Acquisition of 47 square yards of land out of Kakisha Makhan property behind the General Post Office, and granting in exchange 89 square yards of trust land.

The Board understood that the proposed exchange was intended to set the compound wall in a straight line parallel to the alignment of the new theatre on Curzon Park Road and approved of the arrangement.

VIII. Statement showing the bits of land sold during the month of November 1924.

Approved.

IX. Letter No. H. C. 27—24-25, dated 24—28th November 1924, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District forwarding for disposal a list of local subjects brought for selection before the preliminary meeting of the Members of the Representative Assembly on 16th August 1924.

Recorded. The subjects will be taken into consideration when definite proposals are received.

X. Allotment of the following houses and sites :—

i. House No. 11, Narasimharaja Mohalla to Mr. A. Lakshminaranappa Girls School Head Master, Thagadur.

ii. House No. 12, Narasimharaja Mohalla to Mr. K. Ramaswamiah, Advocate's Gumasta, Seringapatam.

iii. Site No. 52, Model House Block, Narasimharaja Mohalla to Mr. M. S. Narayanaswamy Rao, No. 406, Doddapet, Mysore.

iv. Site No. 33, Block 11, Chamundi Extension to Mr. Syed Budan, Kanchugar Street, Krishnaraja Mohalla, Mysore.

v. Site No. 34, Block 11, Chamundi Extension to Mr. Mahomed Sultan, Chamundi Extension, Mysore.

vi. Site No. 29, Block 11, Chamundi Extension to Mr. Siddiah, Retail shop-keeper, Chamundi Extension, Mysore.

Approved.

XI. Tenders for the purchase of stoneware pipes and cement for 1924-25.

The tender of Mr. R. Sundaram Iyer for cement and that of Mr. J. Ingle for stoneware pipes are approved.

XII. Tenders for raising the cill and vents of Pleasure Palace Road culvert.

The tender of Gulam Dastagir and Srikantiah may be accepted.

XIII. Estimate for excavating earthern drains and reconstructing road crossings in Narasaraj Road in No. V Drainage area, at a cost of Rs. 3,149.

Sanctioned. The Board understood that the cost of the work had for the most part been recouped by the sale of bits of land made available as a result of the shifting of the drain.

XIV. Estimate for constructing a road tunnel across the halla in Mill area in Ediga in the road leading to Military Camping Ground, at a cost of Rs. 1,768.

Sanctioned.

XV. Estimate for widening and improving the Pindaragere Road in Krishnaraja Mohalla, Part II, at a cost of Rs. 2,442.

Sanctioned.

XVI. Petition of Kenchappa dated 3rd December 1924, praying that the structure put up by him on trust land adjoining his house in Koladasandi, Kalamma Temple Street, may not be dismantled (under Section 122 of the Municipal Regulation).

The land may be transferred to the party if he pays at Rs. 4 per square yard and in that event the proceedings may be withdrawn.

XVII. Petition of Mr. K. Krishna Rao, requesting that the claim to interest charged on the amount due from him on account of site No. 11 in Block 7, Chamundi Extension may be waived.

Half the interest due may be remitted if the party is prepared to discharge his dues fully in one month from date of notice.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 3rd January 1925.

Under Rule 23 of the Rules framed in the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the undermentioned gentlemen have been appointed by election and nomination as Members of Madivala Village Panchayet, Kolar Taluk :—

By Election.	*By Nomination.*
1. Mr. Govindappa	
2. ,, Venkatanaranappa	
3. ,, Hassan Sab	6. Mr. Archaka Thimmappa.
4. ,, Mare Gowda	7. ,, Venkatasamy *bin* Munisami.
5. ,, Miyya Sab	

Notification dated 3rd January 1925.

Under Rule 23 of the Rules framed under Section 62 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and published with Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated 13th July 1918, Mr. Nagi Reddi has been elected by the Village Panchayet of Gulur as a Member of the said Panchayet *vice* Mr. Suryanarayana Joshi resigned.

Notification dated 3rd January 1925.

Under Rule 23 of the Rules framed under the Section 62 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and published in the Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated 13th July 1918, Mr. Chowdappa is elected as a Member of the Village Panchayet of Jannaghatta, Kolar Taluk, *vice* Mr. Narayana Setti resigned.

Notification dated 3rd January 1925.

Under Rule 23 of the Rules framed under Section 62 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and published in the Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated 13th July 1918, Mr. Devareddi, Patel, is elected as Chairman of Palacherlu Village Panchayet, Sidlaghatta Taluk, *vice* Mr. Seetharama Rao, resigned.

S. HIRIANNAIYA,
Deputy Commissioner.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notice dated 29th December 1924.

In pursuance of Government Order No. 2585-95—L. B. 462-06-3, dated 17th September 1907, a Cattle Show will be held at Chunchinkatte in the Yedatore Taluk, during the Sri Ramadevaru Rathotsavam commencing from the 15th January 1925 and lasting for three days.

2. The show will be held in the bungalow compound at Chunchinkatte.

3. Admission will be free as per Government Order No. 9448-50—L. B. 290-09-2, dated 21st April 1910.

4. The following prizes sanctioned in Government Proceedings No. 511-3—L. B. 47-08-4, dated 4th July 1909, will be awarded together with certificates:—

Number of prizes	Particulars	Amount of each prize			Remarks
	I. HALLIKAR.	1st Rs.	2nd Rs.	3rd Rs.	
3	(a) Bulls, 4 years and upwards	15	10	5	
3	(b) Do below 4 years	15	10	5	
3	(c) Bullocks, draught, 4 years and upwards	10	5	5	
3	(d) Do below 4 years	10	5	5	
3	(e) Cows with calves	10	5	5	
	II. BETTADAPURA.				
2	(a) Bulls, 4 years and upwards	10	5	..	
2	(b) Bullocks do	10	5	..	
	III. NADU OR COUNTRY OR CROSS-BREED.				
2	(a) Bulls, below 4 years	10	5	..	
2	(b) Bullocks, draught, 4 years and upwards	10	5	..	
3	(c) Cows with calves	10	5	5	
26	Total ..	200	..	..	

5. Selections for prizes will be made by a Committee of competent judges specially appointed for the purpose and prizes will be given at the close of the show.

6. The Committee of the judges will have the power to withhold any prizes in the absence of an eligible exhibit and to award the same for any other exhibit of sufficient merit.

7. Exhibitors will apply to the Amildar of Yedatore or other officer appointed by him not later than two days before the commencement of the show and get their names and the description of cattle registered.

8. The owners of cattle should take due care of their animals and guard against accidents.

9. Owners of cattle will make their own arrangements for fodder, as the local supply may not be sufficient.

10. There will be a good concourse of people at the jatra which will afford a good market for cattle dealers.

11. Prizes will not be awarded to those cattle which secured prizes at any of the cattle shows held at Chunchinkatte in previous years.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President.

KADUR DISTRICT.

No. L. B. 85—24-25, *dated* 29*th December* 1924.

Under Rule 21 of the Election Rules framed under Section 62 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, No. VI of 1918, it is hereby notified that the undermentioned gentlemen shall constitute the Village Panchayet at Kuravangi in the Chikmagalur Taluk (Newly formed under Government Notification No. L. 3308—L. B. 9-24-15, dated the 30th October 1924) for a period of three years with effect from 1st January 1924:—

Elected Members.

(1) Mr. Patremarada Rangegowda.
(2) ,, Kelaginamane Mallegowda.
(3) ,, Sanyasihalli Thimmasetty.
(4) ,, Bilimaggada Mariyappasetty.
(5) ,, Ajjappa *alias* Byatappa.
(6) ,, Rangegowda *bin* Sagani Ranganna.

Nominated Members.

(1) Mr. Chennabasavegowda.
(2) ,, Venkatakrishnayya.
(3) ,, Bhandihalli Rudregowada.

No. L. B. 253—24-25, *dated* 29*th December* 1924.

Under Rule 23 of the Rules framed under Section 62 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, VI of 1918, it is hereby notified that Mr. Ramajois, Cloth Merchant, Hariharpura has been declared duly elected as a Member of the Hariharpura Village Panchayet for the remaining term of the present constitution in place of Kalasappa deceased.

Official Memorandum No. L. B. 348—24-25, *dated* 29*th December* 1924.

Under para 21 of the Election Rules issued with Government Order No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated the 13th July 1918, it is hereby notified that the undermentioned persons shall constitute the Village Panchayet at Malalur in the Chikmagalur Taluk for a period of three years from 1st January 1925:—

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Shanbhog Thammayya *alias* Subbaraya.
2. „ Shanbhog Ganesha Rao *bin* Venkataramayya.
3. „ Doddegowda *bin* Chikkanna, Jamindar.
4. „ Ramegowda *bin* Doddegowda.
5. „ Thimmegowda *bin* Hutchegowda.

Nominated Members.

1. Mr. Dyavegowda *bin* Mullegowda, Patel of Malalur.
2. „ Dyavegowda *bin* Doddegowda.

No. L. B. 779—23-24, *dated* 29*th December* 1924.

Under Rule 23 of the Rules framed under Section 62 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, No. VI of 1918, it is hereby notified that Mr. Kesigebyle Mahomed Imam Sab has been declared duly elected as a Member of the Village Panchayet at Gonibid in the Mudgere Taluk for the remaining period of the present constitution, in place of Manual D'Souza deceased.

H. BASAVARAJ URS
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JANUARY 15, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 4752—*Ml.* 51-24-6, *dated 6th January* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. Jambu-Yakhob Sahib *alias* Baji Sahib is appointed a Municipal Councillor of Shikarpur Town Municipal Council in place of Mr. Khaji Abdul Mazid Sahib resigned.

No. L. 4771—*Ml.* 57-24-261, *dated 6th January* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the rules framed thereunder, the Municipal Council of Honnali in the Shimoga District shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st January 1925.

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. Gulam Hussain Khan Saheb.
2. „ Sabjoo Sahib.
3. Mr. Sannakarianna.
4. „ Basavannyappa Kunkuva.

B. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. H. M. Rustum Ali Khan.
2. „ Nadig Raghavendrappa.
3. Mr. Andani Chennappa.
4. „ Namadev Yellarappa.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) *Ex-officio.*

1. The Amildar, Honnali Taluk (President.)
2. The Medical Officer, Honnali.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Honnali Taluk.
4. The Sub-Registrar, Honnali Taluk.

No. L. 4786—*Ml.* 48-24-4, *dated 7th January* 1925.

Under Section 10 (2) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 Mr. B. R. Laksmana Setty, Merchant and Landholder is appointed a Municipal Councillor of the Minor Municipal Council of Yedatore (reconstituted in Notification No. L. 788—Ml. 57-24-54, dated 24th July 1924) in the vacancy caused by default of election.

No. L. 4792—*Ml.* 18-23-55, *dated 7th January* 1925.

In modification of Notification No. L. 8228—Ml. 49-23-9, dated the 15th April 1924, and under Section 23 (2) (*b*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, the Sub-Assistant Surgeon at Konanur, Arkalgud Taluk, an *ex-officio* Municipal Councillor of the Municipal Council of Konanur, reconstituted under Notification No. L. 4201—Ml. 49-23-6, dated 4th December 1923, is appointed Vice-President of the said Municipal Council *vice* Mr. Venkataramiah, resigned.

No. L. 4776—*L. B.* 9-24-26, *dated 6th January* 1925.

Under Sections 3 (5) and 48 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, VI of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore direct that the villages of Girgepete and Halehalli be included in the area under the jurisdiction of the Village Panchayets of Mudgere and Upparahalli, respectively.

No. L. 4778—*L. B.* 9-24-27, *dated 6th January* 1925.

Under Section 48 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, VI of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja direct the constitution of Village Panchayets for the villages mentioned in the margin in the Goribidnur Taluk, Kolar District, with effect from 1st January 1925 and to fix under Section 49 of the said Regulation and with reference to Notification No. 941—L. B. 6-18-1, dated the 13th July 1918, the total and elected number of members of these Village Panchayets as shown against them.

—	Total strength of members	Number to be elected out of the total strength
Vatadahosahalli ..	9	6
Taridalu ..	7	5

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

No. 11.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 3RD JANUARY 1925 AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present—21, including the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, President.

Absent—10.

The following resolution proposed by the Chairman and seconded by Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar was carried unanimously all the Councillors standing.

"*Resolved* that this meeting of the City Municipal Council be adjourned as a mark of respect to the memory of the late First Princess Jayalakshammani Avaru and that this resolution of loyal and sincere sympathy of the Council be communicated to His Highness the Maharaja, Her Highness the Maharani, C.I., and His Highness the Yuvaraja."

B. VENKOBA RAO,
President.

CHINTAMANI TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Amendments to Bye-laws of Octroi framed by the Chintamani Town Municipality.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Chintamani Town Municipal area that the Municipality desires to impose octroi duty on the following new articles imported into the Municipal limits as specified below under Section 46 (i) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906 and amend the bye-laws sanctioned by Government Order No. 8657—Ml. 187-21-8, dated 26th April 1924 as follows under Section 48 (k) of the said Regulation.—

Any person objecting to the proposed rates of duty and the following amended and revised bye-laws, may, within one month from the date of publication of this Notice, send his objections in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Chintamani. Objections received after the due date will be rejected.

Page 1. Taxes and Exemptions:—In column 4 of Schedule A, Page 5, add the following to the class and rates of articles liable for duty.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Jaggery, sugar per maund	0	1	0
Cigars, Cigarettes per bundle of 50 packs of 10 cigarettes each	0	1	0
Beedies per 1,000	0	0	3

Column 5 of Schedule A :—List of exemptions :—Delete the phrase "Cloths imported through the Post Office" in clause 2 and substitute "Exemptions however will be granted only when cloths not exceeding one at a time to the same address are imported through Post Office for *bonafide* household purpose by any one other than a dealer in cloths and piece goods. The goods so imported if exhibited for sale without payment of due octroi duty thereon, will be considered as smuggled goods.

Page 1. Bye-law No. 1 :—Substitute the following for Bye-law No. 1 :—Octroi limits for the purpose of collecting octroi duty shall be the area of a radius of 5 miles all round the present Municipal limits as described in the Schedule 'C' and shall include the present Municipal area.

Insert the following as Bye-law No. 33 A, B, C. and D.—A. Goods passing into and within the octroi limits are liable to the payment of octroi duty. Every person who with the intention to defraud the Municipal Council, causes or abets the introduction of or himself introduces or attempts to introduce within the said octroi limits of the Municipality, any such goods upon which payment of octroi due on such introduction has neither been made nor tendered, shall on conviction before a Magistrate be punishable with a fine amounting to ten times the value of such octroi or Rs. 50 whichever is greater.

B. Any person selling, keeping for sale or having in his possession any dutiable article on which octroi has not been paid within the octroi limits mentioned above, shall on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding ten times the value of octroi on such goods or Rs. 100 whichever is greater.

C. The President, Town Municipal Council, Chintamani if he has reason to believe that any merchant, resident of the town, dealing with dutiable articles of octroi, stored within the octroi limits without payment of duty in any place, building covered or uncovered, any such articles, is authorised to call for the accounts of any such merchant, can enter at any time without a warrant into any premises suspected to contain goods on which duty has not been paid, and inspect and verify the stock therein with the accounts maintained by him. If any discrepancies, irregularities or fraud is detected, such defaulter shall on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not less than Rs. 100 or ten times the value of octroi due on such article whichever is greater.

D. Any officer of the Municipal Council authorised by the President, if he has reason to believe that the dutiable articles on which octroi has not been paid are kept or concealed within the octroi limits in any place, building, covered or uncovered mentioned above, may after obtaining a search warrant from the Taluk Executive Magistrate enter and search at any time such premises and if he finds any such article on which octroi has not been paid, may seize such article and arrest the person in possession of the same, provided that any article or person so seized or arrested shall be produced before the Magistrate competent to take cognisance of the case within 24 hours from the time of such seizure. Any such defaulter may, if he likes compound the case with the President of the Municipality by paying fifteen times the duty on the articles in respect of which default has been made.

SCHEDULE "C".

BOUNDARIES FOR THE PURPOSE OF COLLECTING OCTROI DUTY IN THE CHINTAMANI TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

North.—The Boundary commences from north-western corner of Chikkamunimangala running along the northern boundary of that village reaching the south-west corner of Dasarakunte, running along the eastern boundary of that village running straight on to the north-west corner of Chinnepalli village and passing along northern boundaries of Chinnepalli, Adepalli, Kuruppalli, Kuppalli meeting the western corner of Agrahar village, thence passing along the south-west boundary of that village meeting eastern corner of Keppalli village and passing along the southern boundary of Gudarlapalli and Chelumkote reaching the north-eastern corner of Gollapalli.

East.—Thence running along the eastern boundary of Gollapalli and Barlapalli and Hebri, Doddarjenahalli villages meeting north-western corner of Siddimat village, then passing along the western boundary of the said village crossing the Srinivaspur Road at the eastern end of the bund of Nakkalpalligadda tank passing along the eastern boundary of Nakkalpalligadda meeting north-east corner of Balapalahalli, thence running west-ward along the southern boundary of Nakkalpalligadda and Doddaganjoor reaching north-east corner of Gollahalli village, thence passing the eastern side of Gollahalli village and Mudachinthalahalli village.

South.—Passing along the southern boundaries of Mudachinthalahalli, Handigere, Bramhanadinne, Alamgiri reaching the south-west corner of Suldenahalli, thence passing along the western boundary of Suldenahalli, the south-west boundary of Chinnasandra and southern boundary of Mailapura reaching south-west corner of the latter village.

West.—It, then, passing along the western boundary of Mailapura and Voddahalli meets the south-east corner of Upperpet, thence passing along the southern boundaries of Upperpet, Amtiganahalli and western boundaries of Amtiganahalli Royapalli and Chandrahalli, Korlahalli, Kodigepalli and Chikkamunimangala meeting the starting point of north-west corner of Chikkamunimangala.

R. POOTTAMADAPPA,
President

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice No. 447, *dated 2nd January* 1925.

Notice is hereby given that the City Municipal Council, Mysore, propose, as an experimental measure for one year, to amend as hereunder the schedule of taxes so far as it pertains to the levy of octroi duty on tobacco imported into the city.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed amendment may, within one month from the date of publication of this notice in the *Mysore Gazette*, send his objections in writing to the President, City Municipal Council, Mysore.

Schedule of taxes now in force				Amendment as now proposed			
	Rs.	a.	p.		Rs.	a.	p.
5. Octroi :—				5. Octroi:—			
15. Tobacco, local, per maund	3	8	0	15. Tobacco, per maund ...	2	0	0
16. Tobacco, foreign, ,,	3	0	0	Tobacco stalks per maund	0	8	0
				Tobacco leaves ,,	0	8	0
				Tobacco dust, ,,	0	8	0

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President

KADUR DISTRICT.

No. L. B. 85—24-25, *dated 29th December* 1924.

Under Rule 21 of the Election Rules framed under Section 62 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, No. VI of 1918, it is hereby notified that the undermentioned gentlemen shall constitute the Village Panchayet at Kuravangi in the Chikmagalur Taluk (Newly formed under Government Notification No. L. 3308—L. B. 9-24-15, dated the 30th October 1924) for a period of three years with effect from 1st January 1925:—

Elected Members.

(1) Mr. Patremarada Rangegowda.
(2) ,, Kelaginamane Mallegowda.
(3) ,, Sanyasihalli Thimmasetty.
(4) ,, Bilimaggada Mariyappasetty.
(5) ,, Ajjappa *alias* Byatappa.
(6) ,, Rangegowda *bin* Sagani Ranganna.

Nominated Members.

(1) Mr. Chennabasavegowda.
(2) ,, Venkatakrishnayya.
(3) ,, Bhandihalli Rudregowada.

H. BASAVARAJ URS,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

KUMSI MINOR MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 3rd January 1925.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Kumsi Minor Municipal area that the Municipal Council, desire to bring into force the following bye-laws under Section 48 (*g*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, in the Municipality.

Any inhabitant of the Municipal area objecting to the following bye-laws relating to the registration of births and deaths framed under the above section may within one month from the date of this notice send his objections or suggestions if any in writing to the Municipal Office.

1. A register of births and deaths in the town and for this purpose a Sub-Registrar of births and deaths shall be appointed.

2. The Municipal Office shall for the present be the office of Registry and the Municipal Clerk be the Sub-Registrar till such time as a Sub-Registrar is appointed for the purpose. A notice written both in English and Kanarese and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify the fact to the public.

All births and deaths shall be registered in books in the forms given in the appended schedule and these books shall be presented in the Municipal Office.

3. The Sub-Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and every death which occurs within the Municipality and shall register as soon as conveniently may be after the event without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the said schedule touching every such birth and death as the case may be, which has not been already registered.

4. All such entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of the month.

5. The father or mother or other male relative of every child born within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of the father, mother and other male relative, the medical attendant or midwife who was present at or in attendance shall within one week next after the days of every such birth give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known, and registered touching the birth of such child.

6. Some near relative present at the death or in attenadnce during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality, or in the case of death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building (or if the occupier be the person who has died) some person living in the building in which such death has occurred shall within twenty-four hours give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of every person.

7. In the case of births or deaths in any public institution it shall be the duty of the officer or person in charge to give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar, the information required under the bye-laws 5 and 6 touching such births and deaths.

8. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedule, printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office with all Municipal Councillors and Sanitary Inspector of Kumsi Minor Municipailty.

9. On a notice received at the office of Registry, the Sanitary Inspector shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the accuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice and after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against the particular entry in the register in token of having performed such inspection.

10. Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who had died within the Municipality, shall whenever required furnish the Sub-Registrar or other person authorised in his behalf such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

11. Any person whose duty it is to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who neglects or refuses to give such information or gives false information shall be liable (on conviction before a Magistrate) to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

12. All extracts from register of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Council and the fees payable for these shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

13. Extracts from the register of births may, if required by the informant be given to him free of cost by the Sub-Registrar.

DEFINITIONS.

Occupier includes the Keeper, Master, Matron, Superintendent or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings, includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or separate apartments are immediately held or his agent.

"Public institution" includes prison, lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution which is under the management of the public body officer or person.

The term "still birth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

Report of births in the Municipality of Kumsi during the month of.....192

Date and hour of birth	Caste	Born alive	Still born	Sex		Where born, locality, name of street, etc.	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice was sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informants' name and address.

Report of deaths in the Municipality of Kumsi during the month of.....192

Name and surname of the deceased in Kanarese	Occupation	Residence	Where death occurred	Door No.	Age			Sex	Caste	Date of death	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Name of doctor or hakim or vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

* If the cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomitings, diarrhoea and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 hours after the occurrence of death.

Register of births in the Municipality of Kumsi during the month of.....192

Serial No.	Date of registration	Father's name	Mother's name	Residence	Father's occupation	Caste	Sex		Date of birth	Name of the child, if any	Name of the informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
							Male	Female							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Register of deaths in the Municipality of Kumsi during the month of.....192

Serial No.	Date of registration	Name of deceased	Father's name	Residence at the time of death	Age	Sex		Caste	Occupation	Date of death	Cause of death	Name of informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

H. VENKATA SUBBA RAO,
President.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 4986—*Ml.* 57-24-267, *dated* 14*th January* 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, the term of the Minor Municipal Council of Melkote constituted under Notification No. L. 3963—Ml. 17-21-2, dated 10th January 1922, is extended till the end of January 1925, pending the reconstitution of the said Council.

No. L. 5069—*Ml.* 56-24-196, *dated* 17*th January* 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999 —Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. Suranagi Siddabasappa as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Shiralkoppa is approved.

No. L. 5067—*Ml.* 56-24-201, *dated* 17*th January* 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents in Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. M. N. Naganna Setty as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Arkalgud is approved.

No. L. 5071—*Ml.* 56-24-193, *dated* 17*th January* 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. C. Nanjundaiya as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Channagiri is approved.

No. L. 5073—*Ml.* 56-24-192, *dated* 17*th January* 1925.

Under Rule (xii) of the rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents for Town and Minor Municipal Councils published under Government Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, Government are pleased to appoint Mr. Chatte Basappa as Vice-President of the Hoskote Minor Municipal Council.

No. L. 5117—*Ml.* 86-24-202, *dated* 19*th January* 1925.

Under Rule (9) of the rules for the election of the President and the Vice-President of a City Municipal Council issued under Government Notification No. L. 3957—Ml. 56-24-147, dated the 28th November 1924, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to approve of the election of Mr. Mohamed Abbas Khan as President of the City Municipal Council, Bangalore.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

No. 12.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 10TH JANUARY 1925 AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

President.

B. Venkoba Rao, Esq., B.A., Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District.

Present.	Vacant.	Absent.
Twenty-nine.	One.	Nil.

* * * *

3. Election of the President :—

The following Councillors were nominated for election :—

(1) Mr. B. K. Garudachar.
(2) „ Mohamed Abbas Khan.

Twenty-nine Coucillors were present when the voting began. Except the two candidates, the other 27 Councillors took part in voting.

The President then opened the ballot box and counted the votes in the presence of the Council. The result of the voting was as follows :—

(1) Mr. Mohamed Abbas Khan	...	... 14 votes.
(2) B. K. Garudachar	...	... 11 votes.
Invalid	...	... 2 votes.

B. VENKOBA RAO,
President.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice No. 447, *dated* 2*nd January* 1925.

Notice is hereby given that the City Municipal Council, Mysore, propose, as an experimental measure for one year, to amend as hereunder the schedule of taxes so far as it pertains to the levy of octroi duty on tobacco imported into the city.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed amendment may, within one month from the date of publication of this notice in the *Mysore Gazette*, send his objections in writing to the President, City Municipal Council, Mysore.

Schedule of taxes now in force	Rs.	a.	p.	Amendment as now proposed	Rs.	a.	p.
5. Octroi :—				5. Octroi:—			
15. Tobacco, local, per maund	3	8	0	15. Tobacco, per maund ...	2	0	0
16. Tobacco, foreign, „	3	0	0	Tobacco stalks per maund	0	8	0
				Tobacco leaves „	0	8	0
				Tobacco dust „	0	8	0

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DISTRICT BOARD OF MYSORE PASSED AT A MEETING HELD AT 1 P.M. ON SATURDAY THE 10TH JANUARY 1925.

Present.

A. V. Ramanathan, Esq., B.A., Deputy Commissioner (President).

Members.

Present.	Absent.	Vacant.
Thirty-nine.	Seven.	One.

Deferred Subjects.

1. Letter No. 143, dated the 19th July 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Water Supply Division, forwarding for countersignature and providing funds an estimate for Rs. 9,465 for giving water supply to the Alanahalli village.

Resolution.—Referred to the Taluk Board, Mysore, for opinion as to the contribution that may be expected from the residents and the revenue likely to be realised.

2. Letter No. 22, dated the 4th July 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Water Supply Division, forwarding for countersignature and providing funds an estimate for Rs. 168 for giving a tap near Manoranjan Mohal for the use of the villagers nearby.

Resolution.—The tap being in Municipal limits, the District Board are of the opinion that they cannot bear the cost.

3. Correspondence relating to the continuance or otherwise of the Rest House in Mandya in charge of the Taluk Board in consideration of its present dilapidated condition.

Resolution.—Deferred.

Ordinary Subjects.

1. Proceedings of the last meeting of the District Board.

Resolution.—Recorded.

2. Letter No. H. C. 27—24-25, dated the 24—28th November 1924, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, forwarding for the disposal of the District Board, the undermentioned local subjects classified as such at the District Preliminary Meeting held on 16th August 1924.

Movers :—

(1) Messrs. Venkatappa *alias* Chikkanna and Seetharamaiya, Malvalli.

A ward may be attached to the Malvalli Dispensary for the convenience of the sick.

(2) M. G. Mallanna, Nagavala, Mysore.

The Yelwal toll-gate on the Mysore-Mercara road may be abolished.

Resolution —(1) The provision of an in-patients' ward with at least two beds is necessary.

(2) The Board is of opinion that the toll-gate being neither a frontier one nor one for a special purpose such as bridge, should be abolished.

3. Letter No. H. C. 27—24-25, dated the 28th November 1924, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, forwarding for the opinion of the District Board a list of local subjects classified as such at the District Preliminary Meeting held on 16th August 1924.

Messrs. H. N. Raghavendra Rao, Hunsur Rural, H. V. Hanumantha Setty and H. R. T. Rajagopala Mudaliar.

1. That Sri Lakshminarasimhaswami Temple on the bank of Lakshmana Thirtha river at Hunsur which has been very badly damaged by the recent unusual floods and is about to come down may be ordered to be suitably repaired or re-built on a place beyond the reach of the floods out of its funds available for expenditure.

Resolution.—The Board recommend that the work may be expedited.

2. That an anicut may be built across the stream traversing through Lingapura Forest in Periyapatna hobli and the tanks of Ayarbeedu, Gundapatna, Kirangur, Narayanapura, etc., be fed with the water thus stored. The estimate may not be prohibitive while the facilities consequent thereon will be great.

Resolution.—The proposal may be referred to the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division.

3. That the Sannanahalli-Maddur kaval lands may be thrown out for cultivation. By doing so, Government will realise about Rs. 10,000 as sale proceeds and Rs. 1,000 as annual assessment. Its existence is a source of trouble to the surrounding villages. These lands have been set apart partly for being granted for "Pony Breeding" and partly for "Military Settlement" and nothing has been disposed of yet.

Resolution.—The proposal may be recommended to the Deputy Commissioner for favourable consideration.

Mr. H. N. Raghavendra Rao, Hunsur Rural.

That a Government Girls' School be established at Hunsur as the Mission Girls' School of the place is not working satisfactorily. If this is not possible now, arrangements may be made to hold classes separately for Girls in Boys' School and a singing master appointed. As it is learnt that the Girls' School at Kattemalalavadi will be abolished, the same may be transferred to Hunsur.

Resolution.—The proposal may be referred to the Municipal Council of Hunsur and to the Education Department.

Messrs. H. R. T. Rajagopala Mudaliar and H. V. Hanumantha Setty, Hunsur Rural.

1. That the dispensary at Hunsur be placed in charge of an Assistant Surgeon, who will be better able to treat patients suffering from different kinds of diseases. A ward providing for in-patients was in existence when the dispensary had an Assistant Surgeon. This was also removed on posting a Sub-Assistant Surgeon to this hospital and now even for small operations patients have to go to Mysore.

Resolution.—The Board is of opinion that the posting of an Assistant Surgeon to Hunsur is necessary in the interests of the population.

2. The Police Station building at Hunsur collapsed long ago and a new building has not yet been provided instead.

Resolution.—The construction of a decent building for the Town Station at Hunsur is necessary.

Messrs. Raghavendra Rao, Rajagopala Mudaliar and H. V. Hanumanta Setty.

1. A new school building be constructed for holding Primary Classes at Hunsur. Till the building be ready, the Middle School Classes be ordered to be held in the old dispensary building, which is vacant and the Primary Classes in the A.-V. School Building.

Resolution.—A new building is very necessary.

2. Hunsur may be connected with Coorg through a Railway. There is a great deal of traffic between these two and running a train is not only remunerative, but is also a source of convenience to the public.

Resolution.—The District Board does not recommend such a project for the present.

3. The Hunsur-Yedatore Road be widened sufficiently so that motor cars and other conveyances that come from opposite direction can pass conveniently.

Resolution.—The proposal may be referred to the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division.

Mr. Gurukar Nanjappa, Gundlupet Rural.

In the interest of the Education of the boys of Kaggala and Somanahalli Schools, they may be converted into Government institutions. These villages have a population of about 1,000 each with fifty boys of school-going age. The villagers have provided buildings at their cost.

Resolution.—The Board recommend the conversion of these two schools into Government institutions.

Mr. Y. Srinivasa Iyengar, Yelandur.

1. The undermentioned roads may be ordered to be repaired early.

(1) Chamrajnagar-Yelandur Road leading to Erode (British India).

(2) Road leading to Biligiri Rangan Hills.

2. Mamballi and Agara villages, the two populous villages at a distance of half a mile, may be constituted into a Municipality.

3. The road connecting Hosur-Kalvadi and Kestur villages with Santhemarahalli be repaired in the interest of traffic as during rainy season it will be impassable.

4. A Kannada Girls' School be started, one for Kinkahalli and Kattewadi villages and another for Mandanapalya. There are more than fifty girls who would attend and the villagers are prepared to construct a building at their cost on the site to be selected by Government.

(5) Lands of Kankanhalli and Kathilwadi villages that have recently become wet be supplied with water from Agara tank through a pipe as the water let in the channel often runs to waste.

(6) A Mojinidar be appointed for the Jahgir to settle petty disputes among the villagers regarding measurement, etc. There was one some time back and he was removed.

(7) Tank Panchayets be constituted for the following Major tanks:—

(1) Yelandur, (2) Yariyur, (3) Maddur, (4) Agara, (5) Kestur, (6) Amble, (7) Gumballi, (8) Yargamhalli, (9) Sundahalli, (10) Komarapura.

(8) Vaidyasalas may be started one at Yelandur and the other at Agara for the convenience of the Jahgir people.

(9) Sand and silt be removed from the feeder channel of Yelandur Tank so that the lands may be fed properly.

(10) The feeder channel to Yariyur tank may be repaired and cleared of sand and silt so that the tank may get good supply of water.

The sluices of the tank may also be repaired.

Resolution.—The Yelandur Jahagir subjects may be submitted to the Government for disposal as the Jahagir is not now included in the area under the control of the Mysore District Board.

Messrs. B. Siddalinga Setty, B. Chennappa, Yedatore Taluk, Mr. G. Mallanna, Mysore Taluk.

1. Liberal compensation and lands in exchange be granted to those whose lands will be submerged if the Krishnarajasagara dam is raised to 120 feet.

Resolution.—It is understood that this is the policy of the Government.

2. As the lands available for such grants do not seem sufficient the high level channel work may be taken up early and the lands that become wet thereunder granted in exchange.

Resolution.—It is not practicable to delay compensation until the high level channel work is finished.

3. Sites for construction of houses also be granted early to those who lose their houses together with compensation.

Resolution.—This is being done.

Mr. Chikke Gowda, Malvalli.

1. The bed of Sulekere tank, Malvalli Taluk is being silted up and the capacity of the tank is thereby diminished. As at the same time more lands are brought under wet cultivation, the tank cannot hold sufficient water to cultivate all the lands. The weir and the bund of the tank may be raised by three feet.

2. The following tanks belonging to the same series may also be improved:—Dodd Arasinakere, Chikka Arasinakere and Doddakere.

Resolution.—These two subjects may be referred to the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division.

Mr. Venkatappa *alias* Chikkanna, Malvalli.

1. A bridge may be constructed across Shimsha river in Bangalore-Mysore road *via* Malvalli, as much inconvenience is being felt by the travellers and merchants during floods.

Resolution.—A rough estimate of cost may be obtained from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division.

2. The scale of pay of the teachers of bifurcated Primary School at Malvalli be revised and the number of teachers raised to four as the strength of the school is increasing.

Resolution.—The proposal is one for the consideration of the Education Department.

Mr. Seetharamiah, Malvalli.

1. Town Police may be given to Malvalli which has a population of about 8,000.

Resolution.—The provision of a special staff for town duty at Malvalli is necessary.

2. The repairs to Marehalli Lakshminarasimhaswamy temple may be completed early.

Resolution.—The subject may be referred to the Muzrai Department for action.

3. The waste weir of Marehalli tank which is now lowered may be raised to its old height so that the tank may hold sufficient water to irrigate all the wet lands under the tank.

Resolution.—It is understood that an estimate for improvement of the tank has just been sanctioned.

4. The Middle school building at Malvalli may be extended so as to accommodate all the classes of the school.

Resolution.—The subject may be referred to the Municipal Council of Malvalli.

5. It has been found impossible to arrange for the daily puja in the Marehalli Lakshminarasimhaswamy temple with the present tasdik grants. It is requested that lands belonging to the temple may be sold and the interest realised on the amount added on to the tasdik.

Resolution.—This is a matter for consideration by the Dharmadarsis of the temple.

6. The Chamaraja Right Bank Channel work may be completed early as on account of its non-completion many irrigable lands are lying waste thereby causing loss to Government and the raiyats.

Resolution.—The matter is not urgent.

7. Free grazing may be permitted in the forests attached to the bungalow at Yelwal.

Resolution.—This is a matter for disposal by the Revenue authorities.

Mr. Y. Srinivasa Iyengar, Yelandur.

The Government have excavated a channel from Suvarnavati river near Kudalur for irrigating lands without taking into consideration that their doing so would interfere with proper supply of water to the Jahagir lands below. When on a previous occasion the Jahagirdar of Yelandur proposed the construction of an anicut to improve water facilities for his lands, he was not allowed to do so. It is therefore requested that necessary arrangements be made so that supply of water to Jahagir lands may not be interfered with.

Resolution.—This is a matter of respective private rights, on which the District Board do not feel competent to give an opinion.

Mr. Puttanna, Chamrajnagar.

Kagalvadi village in the Chamrajnagar Taluk may be connected with Santhemarahalli by a road so that people of a large number of villages may attend shandy at the latter place conveniently.

Resolution.—The question may be referred to the Taluk Board of Chamrajnagar for opinion.

Messrs. B. S. Venkatanagappa Setty and Sanganabasappa, Chamrajnagar Taluk.

Hongalavadi channel not only irrigates a large extent of land under it, but also feeds Ramasamudra tank. While supply to these lands themselves was not adequate, the Palace Department have arranged to irrigate Karadihallada Bailu lands belonging to them with the water of the channel. It is therefore requested that the new sluices inserted by that Department be arranged to be removed.

Resolution.—This matter may be referred to the Executive Engineer for necessary action.

Mr. V. Bandiah, Nanjangud.

Arrangements may be made to instal Sreekanteswara Swamy temple with electric lights.

Resolution.—The proposal is a desirable one.

4. Government Order No. L. 4057-8—L. B. 129-22-24, dated the 2nd—4th December 1924, fixing the amount to be paid to Government by the District Board at Rupees one lakh on account of the expenditure already incurred by Government for the Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway line.

Resolution.—Taking all the circumstances of the case and in view of the Board's offer to finance the project, the Board respectfully urge once again on the Government that the Board's liability in respect of the old work be limited to one half of the booked cost.

5. Proceedings of the Committee formed as resolved by the District Board at their meeting held on 12th April 1924, for framing bye-laws under Section 38 (*g*) of the Local Boards Regulation of 1918, for the levy of toll on motor cars plying for hire on District Fund Roads.

Resolution.—Recorded.

6. Letter No. Gc. 186-1, dated the 17th December 1924, from the Senior Surgeon, Government of Mysore, requesting to be furnished with the views of the District Board in the matter of contributing their quota towards the cost of opening a Local Fund Dispensary at Akkihebbal in the Krishnarajpet Taluk, as approved at the District Board meeting held on 8th November 1924.

Resolution.—The Board agree to bear their share of the cost.

7. Correspondence ending with D. O. letter No. R. O. C. 977—A. of 23-24, dated 16th December 1924, from the Director of Agriculture in Mysore in the matter of handing over the well boring Mustoe's Patent Plant to the Agricultural Department.

Resolution.—The plant may be valued by the Executive Engineer and Captain Wynyard Wright and handed over to the Director of Agriculture, if he agrees to pay the cost.

8. Letter No. 5566, dated the 14th November 1924, from the Superintendent, Mysore Civil Veterinary Department, forwarding for the consideration of the District Board the following suggestions:—

(1) Meeting the initial cost of opening at least four new Veterinary Dispensaries in the District, the Municipalities concerned bearing their quota of the cost. The initial cost is estimated at Rs. 1,000 for each dispensary.

(2) Opening two new Veterinary Dispensaries at Nanjangud and Gundlupet during 1925-26.

(3) Opening the remaining two dispensaries during 1926-27 at places selected by the District Board.

Resolved that two new Veterinary Dispensaries be opened in 1925-26, one at Yedatore and the other at Chamrajnagar, the Board agreeing to bear their share of the cost.

9. Correspondence ending with Mysore Division Executive Engineer's letter No. 763, dated 19th—20th December 1924, forwarding with reference to the District Board's resolution of the 25th June 1924 an estimate for Rs. 1,000 for forming a road from Sagarakatte Railway Station to Bettaduru (Sravanagudda).

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

10. Correspondence relating to the execution of necessary repairs to the road from Hebbal to Kappadi, Yedatore Taluk.

Resolution.—The Estimate and bills are sanctioned with the observation that the procedure is irregular.

11. Nanjangud Taluk Board President's No. L. F. 421, dated the 20th December 1924 forwarding for sanction the proposal of the Taluk Board to allot Rs. 100 out of the provision

made under "B. Public Works—2 Repairs" towards the expenses of holding the Taluk Conference.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

12. Nanjangud Taluk Board President's No. 403, dated 20th December 1924, in the matter of increasing the pay of the care-taker of Nanjangud Musafirkhana from Rs. 9 to Rs. 10 per mensem as resolved by the Taluk Board.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

13. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nagamangala received with the President's No. 188 dated the 5th December 1924 for purchasing a belt and badge to the peon of the Taluk Board Office at a cost of Rs. 12.

Resolution.—The charge appears un-necessary as Taluk Boards are proposed to be abolished.

14. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nanjangud received with the President's No. 273, for increasing the allowance of the Native Pandit at Thagadur from Rs. 18 to Rs. 20 per mensem.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

15. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mandya received with the President's No. 358, for renting a building at Rs. 5 per mensem for locating the Taluk Board Office.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

16. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mandya received with the President's No. 360, dated the 18th September 1924, for subscribing to Parts I and II and II-A. of the *Mysore Gazette.*

Resolution.—This is not necessary for the present.

17. The undermentioned applications for grant of House-building advances received from the Local Board employees of T.-Narsipur Taluk.

(1) Application from the Sanitary Inspector for an advance of a Year's pay.
(2) Application of the Local Fund Clerk for an advance of six month's pay.
(3) Application of Local Fund Attender for an advance of six month's pay.

Resolution.—Advances of six month's pay may be sanctioned.

18. The undermentioned estimates received from Taluk Boards for sanction :—

Taluk	Works	Amount
		Rs.
Nagamangala ...	1. Constructing a Rest House at Bindiganavale ...	1,100
	2. Constructing a Rest House at Kotebetta ...	1,100
Nanjangud ...	1. Constructing a kitchen to the Musafirkhana at Kalale.	304
	2. Constructing a culvert on the way to Sutturu near the channel.	321

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

19. Proposal of the Taluk Board of T.-Narsipur received with the President's No. L. F. 184, for constructing a Taluk Board Office at T.-Narsipur at an estimated cost of Rs. 5,500.

Resolution.—Not necessary.

20. Estimate for Rs. 2,000 received with Mysore Division Executive Engineer's letter No. 149, dated the 1st May 1924, for constructing a Taluk Board Office at Mandya as proposed by the Board.

Resolution.—Not necessary.

21. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Seringapatam received with the President's No. 246, dated the 24th September 1924, for constructing a Taluk Board Office at an estimated cost of Rs. 3,000.

Resolution.—Not necessary.

22. Estimate for Rs. 2,000 received with Seringapatam Taluk Board President's No. 246, dated the 26th September 1924, for constructing a three vent tunnel across a stream in Belagola-Balamuri Road.

Resolution.—The estimate may be sent to the Executive Engineer for scrutiny.

23. Estimate for Rs. 30 for providing a lamp post to the Third Class Travellers' Bungalow at Melkote.

Resolution.—Not necessary.

24. Estimate for Rs. 30 for providing a lamp post to the Musafirkhana at French-Rocks.

Resolution.—Not necessary.

25. Entertainment of a temporary clerk on Rs. 50 per mensem for work connected with the construction of Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway Line and Government Order No. L. 4873-4—L. B. 4-24-13, dated the 9th January 1925, sanctioning the President's proposal in the matter.

Resolution.—Approved and Recorded.

26. Proposals of Taluk Boards to subscribe to Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway Debenture Loan. (*Vidé* list attached.)

Resolution.—Approved.

27. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Yedatore to increase the allowance of the Ayurvedic Pandit at Hanasoge from Rs. 25 to 35 per mensem, the cost being debitable to Taluk Fund.

Resolution.—The present grant appears adequate.

28. Memo No. H. 625—24-25, dated the 18—21st October 1924, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, forwarding for further action the undermentioned Local subject selected as such at the District Preliminary meeting held at Bangalore.

Mover.—Mr. C. Abdul Nabi, B.A., LL.B., R. A. Member, Muslim Association, Bangalore.

"That the road from Chamrajnagar to Santhemarahalli be repaired."

Also Letter from President, Taluk Board, Chamrajnagar, submitting resolution of the Taluk Board agreeing to pay one-fourth of the cost of special repairs to this road.

Resolution.—The special estimate may be obtained from the Executive Engineer early and sanctioned by the President, three-fourths of the cost being met from District Board Fund.

29. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Hunsur received with the President's No. 42, dated 22nd September 1924, for the entertainment of a temporary Sheikdar for a period of one year on Rs. 35 for the collection of the large accumulated arrears in Village Panchayets.

Resolution.—Sanctioned till the end of June 1925.

30. Correspondence ending with Nagamangala Taluk Board President's No. 150, dated the 28th October 1924, regarding the payment of arrears of pay amounting to Rs. 64 for the months of December 1921 and January 1922 to Vaccinator K. Rangaswamy.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

31. The following Pound Commission Bills of Mandya Taluk :—

(1) Bills relating to cattle pounds in village panchayets for the period from April to December 1921 amounting to Rs. 8-11-5 and from February to May 1922 amounting to Rs. 7-2-4.

(2) Bills relating to cattle pounds outside the panchayet areas for the period from April 1921 to January 1922 amounting to Rs. 9-11-4.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

32. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Krishnarajpete received with the President's No. 47 dated 9th August 1924, for increasing the allowance to Kikkeri Pandit from Rs. 20 to Rs. 25 per mensem.

Resolution.—Not necessary.

33. Letter No. 1599, dated 24th May 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding for countersignature two estimates amounting to Rs. 2,215 and Rs. 310 for constructing a kitchen block and latrine in the compound of Local Fund Dispensary at French Rocks.

Resolution.—The District Board is of the opinion that the additional buildings are not necessary.

34. Hunsur Taluk Board President's No. 72, dated the 14th November 1924, forwarding for sanction an estimate for Rs. 2,100 for repairing the road from Bettadapura to Frazerpet.

Resolution.—Sanctioned from the provision for original works in the Taluk Board Budget.

35. Letter No. 1747, dated the 23rd June 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, inviting the opinion of the District Board in the matter of empowering the District Board of Hassan to levy toll if the said Board is agreeable to pay half the cost of constructing the proposed bridge across the Hemavati near Mandagere instead of at Akkihebbal as already sanctioned.

Resolution.—Deferred. Information as to the statistics of goods and passengers at Akkihebbal and Mandagere Railway Stations may be obtained in the meantime.

36. Letter No. L. 4617—L. B. 13-24-7, dated the 30th December 1924, from the Secretary to the Government, Local and Legislative Departments, inviting the opinion of the District Board, in the matter of increasing the mileage allotment of the road from Mysore to Bangalore *via* Malvalli.

Resolution.—Referred to the Finance Committee.

37. Letter No. 37, dated the 4th January 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, the National Baby Week, Mysore City, asking for a contribution from District Funds towards

the expenses of celebrating the 'Baby Week' in Mysore.

Resolution.—A contribution of Rs. 100 may be paid.

38. Report No. 415, dated the 26th December 1924, from the T.-Narsipur Taluk Board President, regarding the payment of a contribution of Rs. 200 from the District Funds, for rewarding the ambigars, who did yeomen service in the transportation of men and cattle during the last floods.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

39. Memo No. 852, dated the 5—6th January 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore, Division, forwarding a revised statement showing the amount required for repairing the District Fund Roads, which were damaged by the floods in July 1924, the difference between the original and the revised statement being Rs. 1,290.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

40. Letter No. S. L. 24—24, dated 6th January 1925, from the Manager, the Mysore Bank, Limited, in the matter of receiving payment at the Bank by its constituents, who want to subscribe to the Nanjangud-Chamarajnagar Railway Debenture Loan.

Also question of temporary investment of the loan amount until expenditure.

Resolved that the sanction of Government be obtained to open a current account in the Bank of Mysore, Mysore, for facility of collecting loan subscriptions from subscribers outside the State.

(2) that sanction of Government be obtained to invest the proceeds of the loan in Mysore Government Savings Bank and in the Bank of Mysore of Fixed Deposits consistently with the monthly requirements of the Railway Department for construction work and in order to minimise interest charges on the Board during construction.

41. Correspondence ending with letter No. S. L. 3021, dated the 7th January 1925, from the Comptroller, Government of Mysore, regarding the formation of Sinking Fund for the repayment of Nanjangud-Chamarajnagar Railway Debenture Loan.

Resolution.—That a sinking fund contribution of Rs. 31,000 be deposited in the Mysore Government Savings Bank every year on the 1st July from the surplus funds of the Railway Cess Collections, the net earning of the Railway and the funds of the District Board combined.

42. Correspondence ending with Chamarajnagar Taluk Board President's No. 287, dated 31st December 1924, regarding the payment of the balance of the cost of acquisition of certain lands in the Bettadapura village.

Resolution.—Deferred.

43. Report No. 811, dated the 31st December 1924, from the Mandya Taluk Board President regarding the holding of a Shandy at Dudda every Friday.

Resolution.—Approved.

44. Report No. 289, dated 22nd November 1924, from the President, Malvalli Taluk Board regarding the establishment of a High School at Malvalli.

Resolution.—May be deferred for the present.

45. Report No. 434, dated 4th December 1924, from the President, Taluk Board of T.-Narsipur, regarding the holding of a Shandy in the Inam Heggur village.

Resolution.—Referred to the Malvalli Taluk Board and Bannur Municipal Council for opinion.

46. Correspondence relating to the proposal of the Taluk Board of Nanjangud to take over to its charge the road leading from Sri Kaivalyadevarammanavara Temple at Kalale to the east of the Nilgiri road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

47. The following estimates received from the Taluk Board of Krishnarajpete :—

1. Estimate for Rs. 1,308 for special repairs to Krishnarajpete-Bandhole Road.
2. Estimate for Rs. 1,208 for special repairs to Krishnarajpete-Akkihebbal Road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

48. Representation from the Digambara Jainas of Northern India in the matter of formation of a road from Kikkeri to Mandagere in view of the ensuing Abhiseka ceremony at Sravanabelagola in February and March 1925.

Resolution.—An expenditure of not more than Rs. 3,000 is sanctioned for laying the road and making it fit for vehicular traffic before the Abhisekam.

49. Letter No. 2025, dated the 9th January 1925, from the Special Officer, Krishnarajasagara Works, intimating that a sum of Rs. 900 would be required for overhauling, transporting and working pumping plant for baling out stagnant water from the Pushkarni at Talakad.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

50. A. Read and recorded :—

List of estimates sanctioned by the President of the District Board in anticipation of the approval of the District Board (*vide* list attached).

B. The Government Orders and other communications.

51. Date of the next meeting—4th April 1925.

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
President.

Vide Subject No. 50A.

List of estimates sanctioned from 8th November 1924 to end of December 1924.

Taluk	Particulars	Amount
		Rs.
Mysore Taluk ..	1. Repairing cattle pound at Kalastavadi	175
Gundlupet Taluk ..	2. Do the road at Bachahalli	295
Chamrajnagar Taluk ..	3. Do to Haradanahalli-Bedamoodlu Road	450
	4. Do to Udigala Musafirkhana	100
	5. Do to Haradanahalli-Amachavadi-Arkalvadi Road ..	498
	6. Constructing compound wall on the western side of the musafirkhana at Santhemarahalli.	495
	7. Repairs to Saragur-Kagalvadi Road	280
	8. Filling up the pit near Santhemarahalli market well	130
	9. Removing the prickly pear in Santhemala of Santhemarahalli Market..	145
	10. Repairs of Chamrajnagar-Kasinanjanapura Road	152
Nanjangud Taluk ..	11. Constructing a rough stone bund to deviate the course of addahalla in Kariya.	456
	12. Repairs to Bokkahalli-Hulunave Road	295
T.-Narsipur Taluk ..	13. Repairing the rest house at Gargeswari	260
	14. Repairing the cattle pound at Holasal	250
	15. Continuing the Talakad-Vijayapura Road towards Holasal ..	250
	16. Repairing the traveller's bungalow, T.-Narsipur	245
Mandya Taluk ..	17. Paving the Shivapur Musafirkhana with Cuddapa slabs ..	108
	18. Repairs of cattle pound at Atagur	195
	19. Do do at Madagundoor	160
	20. Do do at Hosakere	190
	21. Do of Chavadi at Koppa	380
	22. Do of Village Panchayet Road of Koppa	240
	23. Do of cattle pound at Basaral	105
	24. Do do at Nidaghatta	120
Malvalli Taluk ..	25. Continuing the Boppogowdanapura Road from Narayanapura to Matnahalli.	494
Krishnarajpete Taluk ..	26. Repairing cattle pound at Madnahalli	67
	27. Constructing a tunnel to the halla in the road between Chinkurli and Hanaganahalli.	200
Nagamangala Taluk ..	28. Repairing the 3rd class travellers' bungalow at Nagamangala ..	100
Yedatore Taluk ..	29. Repairing the musafirkhana at Honakere	200
	30. White-washing the musafirkhana at Chunchanakatte	48
	31. White-washing the traveller's bungalow at Chunchanakatte ..	70
	32. Constructing a culvert to Galigekere Road in Hassan-Yelwal Road ..	105

Vide Subject No. 26.

Name of the Taluk Board	Amount subscribed	Date of credit at the Treasury
1. Mysore	3,000	(To be credited)
2. Yedatore	15,000	27th December 1924
3. Gundlupet	2,000	10th January 1925
4. Chamrajnagar	30,000	2nd do
5. Nanjangud	5,000	(To be credited)
6. T.-Narsipur	1,000	5th January 1925
7. Malvalli	3,000	7th do
8. Mandya	10,000	5th do
9. Nagamangala	2,500	3rd do
10. Krishnarajpete	5,000	2nd do
11. Seringapatam	10,000	7th do
12 Heggaddevankote	Nil	....

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 16th January 1925.

It is hereby notified for public information that people and cattle coming from the infected areas are strictly prohibited from attending the Jatra of Sri Anjaneyaswami and Cattle Show, which is to be held at Kyamenahalli, Kortagere Sub-Taluk, between the 31st January 1925 and the 8th February 1925.

S. REUBEN,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification Chikmagalur, dated 10th January 1925.

(Prescribed in Government Order No. R. 2296-307—L. R. 205-22-2, dated 20th November 1922, issuing revised instructions in regard to the holding of Auction Sales.)

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit before hand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor will be returned only on the fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-let without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in 12 equal monthly instalments, in advance on the 1st day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorized Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the Rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and the hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate, true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner, furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in a prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the Statute or Rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(a) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(b) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tools.

(c) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot-passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the Department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage, or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, cars, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servant.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with revenue authorities for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails.

(7) Belonging to the Honorable the British Resident in Mysore.

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of the fine not exceeding Rs. 50, per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event instalment or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

17. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE "A".

Serial No.	Name of toll-gate or bridge	Situation of the gate	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, incoming traffic or outgoing traffic	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirement of the people near the toll-gate	Amount of deposit required	Place of sale	Date of sale	Officer conducting the sale	Officer confirming the sale
					Rs. a. p.				
1	Kottigehar (Bhund Ghat Mudgere).	Bhund Ghat.	Toll to be levied on all traffic	Such traffic as may be specially notified by the sale conducting officer at the time of sale	541 10 8	Taluk Cutcherry at Mudgere.	15-4-1925 Wednesday.	Deputy Commissioner or an Assistant Commissioner deputed by him for the purpose	Government
2	Balehonnur (Bhadra Bridge).	Balehonnur.			116 10 8	Traveller's bungalow at Balehonnur.	16-4-1925 Thursday.		
3	Hariharpur (Tunga bridge, Koppa)	Hariharpur			375 2 8	Taluk Cutcherry at Koppa.	20-4-1925 Monday.		
4	Tadasa (Bhadra-Bridge) Narasimharajapura.	Tadasa			212 8 0	Sub-Taluk Cutcherry at Narasimharajapura.	22-4-1925 Wednesday.		

SCHEDULE "B."

Schedule of rates of tolls authorized to be levied at the Kottigehar toll-gate in the Mudgere Taluk, Kadur District.

No.	*Particulars.*	*Amount.* Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do motor tricycle or bicycle	0	4	0
3.	Do other vehicles of any description propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4.	Do four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0
5.	Do two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jatka or ekka	0	8	0
6.	Do ekka or jatka laden	0	4	0
7.	Do do unladen	0	2	0
8.	Do other vehicle with springs, including tricycles and bicycles	0	2	0
9.	Do other cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden ...	1	0	0
10.	Do other cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden ...	0	8	0
11	Do cart or other vehicle not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden...	0	8	0
12.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	4	0
13.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs drawn by four bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
14.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by four bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	3	0
15.	Do cart drawn by two bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	4	0
16.	Do cart drawn by two bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden ...	0	2	0
17.	Do cart drawn by single bullock, if laden ...	0	2	0
18.	Do do do if not laden ...	0	1	0
19.	Do buffaloe or bullock, per head, if laden ...	0	1	0
20.	Do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
21.	Do elephant	1	0	0
22.	Do camel if laden	0	4	0
23.	Do camel if not laden	0	2	0
24.	Do horse if laden or ridden	0	1	6
25.	Do do if unladen or led	0	0	9
26.	Do tattu or mule, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
27.	Do do if unladen or led	0	0	6
28.	Do as if laden or ridden	0	0	6
29.	Do ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
30.	Do sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
31.	Do palanquin, dholi, palna or tanjan with two bearers	0	2	0
32.	Do do do with more than two bearers	0	4	0

N.B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

N.B.—No toll will be levied from foot-passengers.

Schedule of rates of toll to be levied at the toll-gates on Balehonnur, Tadasa and Hariharpur bridges.

No.	Particulars	Laden			Unladen		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every four-wheeled carriage ...	...	0	12	0	0	12	0
2.	Do two-wheeled carriage on cart	...	0	4	0	0	2	0
3.	Do buffaloe or bullock ...	...	0	1	0	0	0	6
4.	Do elephant ...	...	1	0	0	1	0	0
5.	Do camel ...	...	0	4	0	0	2	0
6.	Do horse, if laden or ridden	...	0	1	6	...		
7.	Do horse, if unladen or led	...		...		0	0	9
8.	Do ass, if laden or ridden	...	0	0	6	0	0	3
9.	Do motor car ...	...	1	0	0	1	0	0
10.	Do motor tricycle or bicycle	...	0	4	0	0	4	0
11.	Do tricycle or bicycle ...	...	0	2	0	0	2	0

N.B.—No tool will be levied from foot passengers.

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JANUARY 29, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 5248—*Ml.* 58-24-18, *dated* 22*nd January* 1925.

It is hereby declared that under clause 1 of Section 2 of Regulation I of 1906, vaccination shall be compulsory for a period of three years from 1st February 1925, in the area under the control of the Municipal Council of Hunsur.

No. L. 5282—*Ml.* 57-24-270, *dated* 23*rd January* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the rules framed thereunder, the Minor Municipal Council of Holalkere in the Chitaldrug District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st February 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1), (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. Sheik Imam Sahib.
2. ,, Anantha Siddarama Chetty.
3. ,, H. V. Gopaliah.
4. ,, Marula Siddadevara Matada Hutchaveeriah.

B. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. Anantha Halappa.
2. ,, Hussein Beig.
3. ,, Basavanakote Nagarajappa.
4. ,, Nadig Gaviappa.
5. ,, Annappa.

C. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio.

1. The Amildar, Holalkere Taluk.
2. The Medical Officer, Holalkere.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department, Holalkere Taluk.

No. L. 5356—*Ml.* 56-24-204, *dated* 24*th January* 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. B. Lakshmana Rao, as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Malur, is approved.

No. L. 5367—*Ml.* 57-24-269, *dated* 24*th January* 1925.

The expression "Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Taluk" appointed as an *Ex-officio* Councillor of a Municipal Council under Section 10 (1) (*b*) (ii) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, shall include the Sub-Overseer in places other than the Headquarters of the Sub-Division of the Public Works Department.

No. L. 5402—*L. B.* 39-24-23, *dated* 26*th January* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, No. VII of 1894, the acquisition of the properties sanctioned out of S. No. 157 measuring 2 acres and 11 guntas in the Oorgaum village, Bowringpet Taluk, for improving the sanitation of the village in Government Order No. 10480—L. B. 299-12-3, dated the 30th June 1923, is hereby withdrawn.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 23*rd January* 1925.

The undermentioned small building sites in the Cocoanut, Avenue Road, Malleswaram Bangalore City, will be sold on the spot by public auction on Thursday the 12th February 1925 at 8 A.M. and on subsequent days, if necessary, by the Municipal Commissioner, City Municipal Council, Bangalore, or any officer deputed by him in this behalf.

2. The Municipal Commissioner reserves to himself the right to accept or refuse any bid without assigning any reason.

3. The sale is subject to confirmation by the Municipal Council, Bangalore.

4. The purchaser, whose bid is accepted, shall deposit 25 per cent of the amount of his bid at once on the spot; and the balance shall be paid within fifteen days from the date of sale, in default of which, the deposit made by him will be forfeited and the site resold at the risk of the purchaser.

5. The purchaser shall, within thirty days from the date of the sale before delivery of the site, be required to execute an agreement on a ten anna stamp paper binding himself (a) to construct over the site a house according to a design to be approved by the Municipal Council within a period to be specified in the agreement. Such period shall not ordinarily exceed one year in the case of buildings costing Rs. 3,000 and less, (b) to start construction within three months and (c) to enclose within a period of six months the site or sites purchased by him with a compound wall or a decent wire-fence of design to be approved by the Municipal Commissioner.

6. Failure to comply with the conditions agreed to by the party as abovementioned, will involve the resumption of the site by the Municipal Commissioner free of all encumbrances and without any claim to compensation.

7. The site which has been designed as a unit will not be allowed to be split up into two or more house sites.

8. Not more than one main dwelling house will be permitted in each unit site described above.

9. A minimum width of 5 feet open space between the front compound wall and the building and a minimum width of 5 feet open space in each side of the main building will be insisted on, if the site is more than 30 feet wide.

10. The out-houses such as kitchen, bath-room latrines, etc., shall be built providing such facilities as the Municipality may advise for the escape of effuvia, smoke, etc., so as not to endanger the health of the main dwelling portion.

11. The Municipal Commissioner shall have the power of fixing generally, the type of frontages to be adopted for buildings on any particular street or road.

12. No room shall be less than 7 feet wide, not less than 8 feet long, not less than 8 feet height.

13. No material of a perishable or cumbustible nature shall be permitted in the construction of buildings.

14. The building shall be roofed with Mangalore tiles or terraced.

15. The levels of floor, baths, latrines and drain holes shall be fixed by the Municipality and proper cement-lined drains shall be constructed by the parties to lead off sullage and sewage from the premises into the Municipal drain or pipe line.

16. No pit shall be dug on the sites for earth for building purposes, all earth for building or raising the level of the floor, etc., shall be obtained from such places as may be directed by the Municipal Commissioner.

17. A final title-deed will be given to the purchaser, only after the building has been completed, complying with all the conditions above stated.

18. The description and dimensions of site noted below in the schedule are to be treated as only approximate and subject to correction.

19. The plan of the sites to be auctioned will be hung up on the notice board in the Municipal Office.

20. The Municipal Council will not bind themselves to supply stone, earth or other building facilities though such reasonable help as may be given will not be withheld.

21. The Municipal Council will not bind themselves to recommend the supply of electric light or water-supply service to any street unless half the number of sites in that street are built up.

Schedule showing the measurements of sites to be sold in Cocoanut Avenue Road, Mallesawarm.

Site No.	Measurement	Area in square feet	Area in square yards
1	$30' \times \frac{34'+36'}{2}$	1,050	116·66
2	$30' \times \frac{36'+37'}{2}$	1,095	121·66
3, 4, 5, 6, 7 & 8	$30' \times 37'$	1,110	123·33
9	$30' \times \frac{37'+36'}{2}$	1,095	121·66
10	$30' \times 36'$	1,080	120
11	$30' \times 37'$	1,110	123·33
12	$30' \times \frac{37'+34'}{2}$	1,065	118·33
13	$30' \times \frac{34'+31'}{2}$	975	108·33

M. G. KRISHNASWAMI RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice No. 447, *dated* 2nd *January* 1925.

Notice is hereby given that the City Municipal Council, Mysore, propose, as an experimental measure for one year, to amend as hereunder the schedule of taxes so far as it pertains to the levy of octroi duty on tobacco imported into the city.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed amendment may, within one month from the date of publication of this notice in the *Mysore Gazette*, send his objections in writing to the President, City Municipal Council, Mysore.

Schedule of taxes now in force	Rs.	a.	p.	Amendment as now proposed	Rs.	a.	p.
5. Octroi :—				5. Octroi:—			
15. Tobacco, local, per maund	3	8	0	15. Tobacco, per maund ...	2	0	0
16. Tobacco, foreign, ,,	3	0	0	Tobacco stalks per maund	0	8	0
				Tobacco leaves ,,	0	8	0
				Tobacco dust ,,	0	8	0

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President

HASSAN DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE THIRD ORDINARY MEETING OF THE HASSAN DISTRICT BOARD, HELD ON SATURDAY AND MONDAY THE 3RD AND 5TH JANUARY 1925.

Present.

N. S. Nanjundiah, Esq., President, District Board.
H. V. Rangaswami, Esq., B.A., LL.B., Vice-President.

Ex-officio Members ... 4 | *Non-official Members* ... 27

Absent.

On 3rd January 1925 ... 8 | On 5th January 1925 ... 12

P. G. D'Souza, Esq., B.A., B.L., Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore, attended the meeting on the 3rd instant and A. A Khan, Esq., Traffic Manager, Mysore Railways, did so on the 5th instant, together with T. Nagappa, Esq., B.A., Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Traffic Inspector and Traffic Canvasser and both of them addressed the members of the District Board.

6. G. O. No. L. 2323-3—L. B. 59-23-19, dated 15th September 1924, reviewing the progress of drinking water-well works in the several districts during the half-year ending 31st December 1923.

Resolution.—Recorded. Copies of the review may be sent to Taluk Boards with a request that more satisfactory progress may be achieved as the summer is fast approaching. It may be brought to the notice of Government that the procedure prescribed for the supply of dynamite for sinking wells requires simplification without which the progress of drinking water-wells would be considerably retarted.

7. G. O. No. L. 3516-25—San. 50-23-5, dated 10th November 1924, sanctioning the allotment of funds for the several districts under the Malnad Improvement Scheme.

Resolution.—(1) Recorded.

(2) The following roads may be taken up at once, out of the sum of Rs. 3,000 allotted for the district:—

(*a*) Improvement to Alur-Biccode road may be taken up and in laying out the alignment care may be taken to see that parts of Manjarabad Taluk are also reserved by this road.

(*b*) The Shanivarsanthe-Mallipatna road may be put in order, as this will considerably reduce the distance from Mallipatna to Coorg, opens up the country in those parts, facilitating the development of traffic.

(*c*) The road from Chengadihalli to Hosur may be improved.

(*d*) The formation of a road to link up Konanur with Kodlipet-Frazerpet road may also be taken up, as this will open up the country, develop traffic, and afford convenience to the people to a large extent, besides reducing the distance from Konanur to Somawarpet.

(3) The provision under Vydyasalas is reduced to Rs. 2,100 only for the year 1924-25, and this results in taking away Rs. 500 from the allotment sanctioned for 1924-25, in Government Order No. L. 8637-9—San. 47-23-2, dated 25th April 1924. The attention of Governmant may be invited to the said order for kindly restoring the grant to the sanctioned allotment of Rs. 2,600.

(4) The allotment does not provide for local allowance and contingencies for the four malnad improvement vaccinators which had been provided for during 1923-24. (*Vide* G. O. No. L. 2226-31—Sany. 67-22-3, dated 18th September 1923.) Government should, therefore be requested to kindly allot funds for the same at the rate of Rs. 2 per mensem for local allowance and Re. 1 per mensem for contingencies, for each of them, making a total of Rs. 144 for the whole year.

(5) The Board begs to reiterate its request for the opening of the Maternity at Saklespur ou of Malnad Improvement or State Funds, on account of its pressing necessity in an important malnad centre, the local bodies having already contributed their mite towards the cost of the building which is completed and is available for use.

5. (*a*) Local and Legislative Secretary's letter No. L. 598 dated 23rd July 1924, requesting to furnish the views of the District Board as to what extent the existing rules relating to the registration of vital statistics under G. O. No. 6664-71—San. 61-15-3, dated 10th March 1916, might be adopted and what modifications, if necessary, are required in them.

(*b*) Proceedings of the meeting of the Committee appointed by the District Board, to consider the above question in all its aspects.

Resolution.—The Report of the Sub-Committee may be adopted with the observation that the headings in the existing forms may be simplified and rendered more clear and less elaborate.

6. Hassan District Deputy Commissioner's No. O. C. 370-23—C., dated 14th December 1924, forwarding copies of Government Order No. L. 3639—Ml. 107-24-4, dated 17th November 1924, and L. 4178—Ml. 107-24-7, dated 9th December 1924, *re* the constitution of the Municipal Council of Banawara in Arsikere Taluk.

Resolution.—Recorded. A reference may be made to Government for definite orders about the policy to be adopted as regards the adjustment of the financial obligations of the Municipality, the Local Boards and Government in the matter of the maintenance of roads, disposals of balances to the credit of the Panchayet, contribution for the maintenance of hospitals, etc., in the case of this Municipality and in all other cases of conversions where definite orders have not yet been passed, such as Konanur, etc.

7. (*a*) Hassan District Deputy Commissioner's Memo No. N. Dis. 338-24, dated 17th December 1924, forwarding for disposal a petition received from the villagers of Bhaktarvalli in the Channarayapatna Taluk, praying for completing the well work partially executed by them, as they are too poor to execute further work.

(*b*) Channarayapatna Taluk Board President's Report No. 145, dated 13th August 1924, forwarding for sanction a fresh estimate for Rs. 406 for completing the old well work at Bhaktarvalli in Anati hobli, the old estimate of 1914, having been cancelled in 1920, as the villagers have since executed further revetment work in respect of the well which contains 12 feet of water.

Resolution.—Deferred for personal inspection by the President or Vice-President of the District Board.

8. D. O. No. St. 840, dated 17th December 1924, received from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, requesting the Board to make some money-contribution towards the cost of the Silver Mace for the prospective Sri Krishnaraja Trophy, in case the one awarded by the Kolar District Board be finally won by the Bangalore Scout Troop once again.

Resolution.—A sum of Rs. 50 may be paid for the purpose.

9. G. O. No. 3939-40—R. C. 336-23-6, dated 9th December 1924, sanctioning the proposal of the Director of Industries and Commerce, *re* the transfer of the equipment of the late workshop at Tumkur to Hassan and the opening of a workshop at the latter place.

(*b*) Reference No. C. 184—305, dated 18—19th December 1924, from the Superintendent of Industries, Mysore, forwarding copy of his letter No. C. 182, dated 18th December 1924, to the Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore, proposing the shifting of the present Industrial School, Hassan, to some place near the English High School, by adding one or two rooms, and locating both the school and the workshop at the place, and transferring the trusses and G. I. roofing of the Tumkur Machine shed to this place.

Mr. P. G. D'Souza, B.A., B.L., Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore, addressed the Board and requested that a contribution of Rs. 2,500 may be paid from the Board and that he would take steps to get the balance from the Government to construct a building for locating the Industrial School and the Workshop.

Mr. H. V. Rangaswami, Vice-President, District Board, suggested that this question may be taken up for consideration under the scheme for starting at Hassan a Central Panchama Institution for boys and girls with provision for primary education, boarding and practical instruction agreed upon between the Inspector-General of Education and the Education Sub-Committee of the District Board at their meeting held on 12th October 1923 in the matter of the utilisation of the education cess realisations and approved by the Board.

Resolution.—A lumpsum contribution of Rs. 2,500 may be made for the initial cost of the building out of the provision of Rs. 5,000 agreed to be set apart for the starting of the Central Panchama Institution at Hassan, out of the education cess realisations, as resolved by the Education Sub-Committee at its meeting held on 12th October 1923, and approved by the District Board at its meeting held on 17th November 1923, it being distinctly understood that the balance of the cost would be borne entirely by the Government, in view of the facilities that will be afforded to all students ordinarily and also to the students of the contemplated Central Panchama Institute.

2. That the Town Municipal Council of Hassan and the authorities of the Education Department may be requested to kindly place a suitable site of about 5 acres in extent, free of cost, in the neighbourhood of the Government English High School and the Sandal Koti for the purpose of the said building.

10. Letter No. 1286, dated 18th December 1924, from the Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies, Mysore Division, forwarding for favourable consideration an extract from the proceedings of the General Meeting of the Thumbadevanahalli Grain Bank, in the Belur Taluk, in the matter of financial help for constructing a granary for storing up grain collected in the Society.

Resolution.—This may be referred to the Taluk Board for opinion.

12. (*a*) Mr. Bellur Nanjegowda's proposition that a cattle show may be held annually at the junction of the Uchangi-Hethur and Bisle roads in the Manjarabad Taluk as it will tend to improve the finances of the District Board, etc.

(*b*) District Board Vice-President's notes of inspection of the locality, with reference to the question of holding the said show as proposed, as well as improvements and alterations to be made at Bisle, and alternative proposals to increase the finances of the Board in connection with the annual cattle show that is being held at Kulagunda near Subrahmanya by the levy of enhanced fees for cattle going to Kulagunda durin the jatra at Subrahmanya.

Resolution.—The proposals of the Vice-President, District Board are approved, except as regards the recommendation to the levy of enhanced fees on cattle passing through the Bisle toll-gate and abandoning the idea of holding a cattle show on this side of Bisle. On these two items, the opinion of the Taluk Board may be invited, and it will be requested to consider the suggestion that though the fees payable on every head of cattle passing out of the said toll-gate to Kulagunda side be raised, a refund of half the fees may be allowed in respect of cattle that return from the show without being sold.

13. (*a*) Mr. Nagappaiah's proposition about the payment of daily allowance to District Board members residing at district headquarters for attending the Board's meetings.

(*b*) Resolution No. 24 of the Hassan District Board dated 15th November 1924, on the subject, deferring this subject to this day.

Resolution.—The mover withdrew the proposition, as the resident members themselves are not in favour of receiving such allowances.

14. (*a*) Mr. Maralusiddappa's proposition that the Incomplete Middle School at Halkur abruptly transferred to Metikurke may be restored, himself undertaking to get half the cost of the building from the villagers.

(*b*) The resolution of the District Board thereon (No. 25, dated 15th November 1924) deferring the subject to this date.

Resolution.—The matter was discussed at some length. The District Inspector of Schools explained to some extent the circumstances under which the Incomplete Middle School started at Halkur some ten months ago was transferred from there only after seven months duration to Doddametikurke. Mr. S. Venkatesaiya, at this stage wanted some information relating to the said school from the District Inspector of Education, so far as he could furnish them without disclosing departmental secrets, if any. The subject is therefore referred to the Education Sub-Committee meeting to be held to-morrow, when Mr. Maralusiddappa also will be present, and the subject will be taken up for discussion on the 5th instant by the Board. A memo of information required will be furnished to the District Inspector of Education.

On the 5th instant, the discussions were resumed.

Resolution.—The Resolution of the Sub-Committee:—"that, having regard to efficiency attendance and policy of continuity at least during the academic year, it is of opinion that the precipitate transfer in the middle of the year of the Incomplete Middle School from Halkur to Doddametikurke is highly regrettable and that, even without extending the courtsey of inviting the opinion of the District Board; and that the Halkur Incomplete Middle School should immediately be restored is approved.

15. Arrangements to be made in connection with the ensuing Mastakabhishekam function at Sravanabelgola. (*b*) Mr. M. L. Vardhamanaya's letter on the same subject.

Propositions.—(*i*) As the Municipal Council at Sravanabelgola cannot by itself undertake the entire management, the District Board may take up the responsibility and do the needful with the co-operation of the Local Municipal Council and other departments, the concern being more or less a provincial one.

(*ii*) An Exhibition may also be held, if possible.

(*iii*) Toll-gates may be opened temporarily at convenient centres on the roads leading to Sravanabelagola, the realisations being credited to the District Funds as before.

(*iv*) References may be made to other departments, *i.e.*, Medical, Sanitary Veterinary, D. P. W. and other departments for taking needful steps in respect of the matters concerning their respective departments, suitable nancial aid being rendered by the Board.

Mr. S. Venkatesaiya, moved the proposition that instead of the Board taking the initiative which the Local Municipal Council may or may not relish, a resolution to the following effect may be adopted :—

"That the District Board would be glad to co-operate to the full with the Sravanabelagola Municipality in all sanitary and other measures connected with the jatra".

Resolutions.—(1) The suggestion made by Mr. Venkatesaiya is carried by the Board, only one member being neutral ; and this resolution is adopted.

(2) The road leading from Channarayapatna to Sravanabelagola may be put in order at once, the modified estimate furnished by Executive Engineer for Rs. 1,339, being approved.

(3) A sum of Rs. 500 may also be spent for extraordinary contingencies for the repairs of roads in connection with the jatra.

16. Education cess proposals and programme of works to be carried out by the Education Department.

Resolutions of the Education Sub-Committee :—

I. Inspector-General's proposals *re* constructing school buildings.

Resolution.—The Sub-Committee cannot formulate any proposals as the list is defective—it proposes school buildings where there are already buildings, and school buildings where there are no schools—and a complete st may be obtained shewing villages where there are schools without buildings.

I. Proposals *re* opening of new schools :—

1. (*a*) Boys' Schools,
   (*b*) Hindustani Schools,
   (*c*) Depressed class :—
      (*i*) Panchama,
      (*ii*) Lambani.
2. Proposals *re* conversion of Aided Schools into Government Institutions :—
   (*a*) Boys' Schools,
   (*b*) Hindustani Schools,
   (*c*) Depressed Class Schools :—
      (*i*) Panchama.
3. Conversion of Incomplete Middle Schools into Middle Schools of the new type :—
   (*a*) Kannada Schools (boys),
   (*b*) Hindustani Boys' Schools,
   (*c*) Depressed Class Schools.
4. Primary Schools to be converted into Incomplete Middle Schools.

Resolution.—With the information made available this Committee feels that no proposals can be made, and it further feels that a Conference of Taluk Board Vice-Presidents and Educational Officers of the district with full information may be called and details settled.

III. Letter dated 9th October 1924, received from the Chief Secretary to Government, *re* issuing crossed cheque for Rs. 25,000, being the amount of contribution payable by the District Board under the G. O. No. E. 6311-21—Edn. 459-22-1, dated 30th May 1923, for educational purposes.

Resolution.—The Committee is of opinion that the Government may respectfully be requested to refer to an eminent legal authority, to be nominated by Government, the question regarding Government's competency to withdraw and reappropriate funds already granted by it.

IV. Halkur School.

Resolution.—Having regard to efficiency, attendance, and policy of continuity at least during an academic year, the Committee is strongly of opinion that the precipitate transfer, in the middle of the year, of the Incomplete Middle School from Halkur to Metikurke is highly regrettable and that, even without extending the courtsey of inviting the opinion of the District Board.

The Committee further is of opinion that the Halkur Incomplete Middle School should immediately be restored.

Resolution of the District Board.—The resolutions passed by the Education Sub-Committee are approved.

17. Estimates got prepared by the Vice-President, District Board, on spot and sanctioned by the President, in anticipation of Board's approval.

(*a*) Estimate for Rs. 100 for improving the road leading to Jaggaravalli Shandy in Hassan Taluk.

(*b*) Repairing the cattle-pound at Chikkadalur for Rs. 57.

(c) Improving the Halebhavi at Chikkadalur for Rs. 136.
(d) Repairing the old well under use at Chikkadalur for Rs. 218.
(e) Repairing bye-lanes and roads for Rs. 20 and 10 respectively at Chikkadalur.
(f) Repairing the road (petta) from high road to Ganesha temple in Banawar Village Panchayet for Rs. 393.
(g) Reconstructing petta right side v-shaped drain into u-shaped drain for Rs. 463 at Banawar.
(h) Do left side, for Rs. 481 at Banawar.
(i) Repairing the Gundibhavi for Rs. 462 at Banawar.

Resolution.—The sanction accorded by the President is approved.

18. Executive Engineer's No. 952, dated 22nd November 1924, forwarding the revised estimate for sinking a well at Doddagaddavalli in Hassan Taluk duly scrutinised for Rs. 1,060.

Resolution.—The estimate is approved.

19. *Re* development of Railway Traffic on Mysore-Arsikere Railway.

Mr. A. A. Khan, the Traffic Manager, addressed the Board and explained in detail the additional facilities afforded by the department for the development of traffic on the Mysore-Arsikere Railway line, ascertained the views of the members, and requested them to co-operate with the department in developing the traffic giving them an assurance that on behalf ot fhe department he would be quite willing to afford fall possible facilities to the public. Amongst the facilities now afforded, he mentioned particularly the following:—

(i) The rates for rice and paddy had been reduced by 50 per cent.
(ii) A Depot for waggons would be opened at Hole-Narsipur to make them available at all stations whenever required.
(iii) Arrangements had been made for delivering consignments at Arsikere Railway Station early morning on shandy days.
(iv) Arrangements had been made for the through running of 1st and 2nd class carriages between Arsikere and Bangalore *via* Mysore in the passenger train.
(v) The passenger fares for journeys from Hassan and Bangalore had been reduced to the same as those payable for journeys *via* Arsikere, whereby the inconvenience caused by waiting at Arsikere during nights is saved.
(vi) The headquarters of the Assistant Traffic Superintendent's Office had been transferred to Hassan from Shimoga to afford convenience to the people.
(vii) Out Agencies would be established at Alur, Saklespur, Channarayapatna, Arkalgud and Sravanabelagola.
(viii) The question of making arrangements for dealing with heavy traffic expected during the Mastakabishekam ceremony at Sravanabelagola in March next was engaging their attention, together with the question of issuing concession tickets for the season.

He also suggested (1) the opening of roads between Hole-Narsipur and Channarayapatna and between Gandasi and Bagesapura and (2) the construction of a bridge at Mandagere; and was glad to learn that the Board was already dealing with the question of the road between Hole-Narsipur and Channarayapatna and the bridge at Mandagere, and that the utility of the road between Gandasi and Bageshapur was open to doubt.

The members of the Board made the following suggestions:—

1. Preventing harassment to merchants consequent on the demand of mamools at Railway Stations.
2. Reduction of rates for coffee from Hassan to Mangalore *via* Marmagoa Harbour and guaranteeing of quick transit and reduced rates for manure, tiles, salt, oils, etc., from Mangalore on foreign railways also.
3. Certainty of running of the two trains.
4. Free time for kerosene oil tank waggons.
5. Unauthorised use of I and II class waiting rooms at Arsikere Railway Station by the Railway staff to the inconvenience of the Railway passengers.

The Traffic Manager promised consideration of all these suggestions and agreed to grant 24 hours free time for kerosene oil tanks.

The Vice-President, District Board, then urged the following points and promised to give a note on all these and other matters to the Traffic Manager:—

1. Running of shuttle trains with light engines between Hole-Narsipur, Hassan and Arsikere on shandy days.
2. The opening of a flag station at Mudodi.
3. The construction of a bridge over the Cauvery near Ramanathpur to divert traffic from Coorg.
4. Changing of the present timings of the Mysore-Arsikere Trains.

The Traffic Manager, promised to pay his best attention to the same on receipt thereof and to investigate the question of Ramanathpur bridge over the Cauvery with reference to Railway Traffic.

Resolution.—The members of the Board, convey their thanks to the Traffic Manager for the interest evinced by him in affording convenience to the public and in improving the earnings of the State Railways, and will all co-operate with the department to the fullest extent to develop traffic, on the Mysore-Ariskere Railway.

DATE OF NEXT MEETING OF THE BOARD—12 NOON—7TH FEBRUARY 1925.

N. S. NANJUNDIAH,
President,
District Board, Hassan.

Notification dated 23rd January 1925.

The Public are hereby informed that the cattle fairs arranged to be held at Gorur in the Hassan Taluk and Mavinkere in the Hole-Narsipur Taluk from 29th January 1925 to 5th February 1925, respectively have been cancelled for the present on account of outbreaks of Rinderpest among cattle in the taluks of Manjarabad and Hole-Narsipur, in the Hassan District, and Yedatore in the Mysore District, as desired in letter No. 8779-80, dated 22nd January 1925, from the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department.

H. V. RANGASWAMI,
For *President,*
District Board.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification dated 19th January 1925.

Under Section 51 (*a*) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, 1918, Mr. Sesha Bhatta has been declared as Chairman of the Megravalli Village Panchayet, Tirthahalli Taluk, during the term of its present constitution, *vice* Mr. Appu Bhatt, deceased.

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 5725—Ml. 1-24-6, dated 5th February 1925.

Under Section 48(1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, the acquisition of a portion of house No. 8 in Reddi Butchanna's Lane, III Division, Bangalore City, sanctioned in Government Notification No. L. 7385—Ml 1-20-78, dated the 19th June 1922 as required for widening the road is hereby cancelled.

By Order,

B. NAGAPPA,

Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 31st January 1925.

The attention of the public is invited to the detailed notification, dated 15th October 1924, published in Part II-A, Pages 591 and 592 of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd October 1924, relating to the sale of shop sites on the Hosakota road, Bangalore City and they are hereby informed that these shop sites will be sold by public auction on the 26th and 27th February 1925.

The sales commence at 2 P.M. every day.

M. G. KRISHNASWAMI RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 2ND ORDINARY MEETING OF THE BANGALORE DISTRICT BOARD HELD ON THE 24TH AND 25TH JANUARY 1925.

Dated 24th January 1925.

Members.

Present ...	... 32	Absent ..	... 15

Vacant 1.

Dated 25th January 1925.

Present ...	... 20	Absent ..	... 27

Vacant 1.

Before the commencement of the business of the day the President announced to the house the demise of the First Princess Jaya Lakshmmanniyavaru and suggested that a resolution be passed to convey the condolences of the District Board to the Royal Family for this sad bereavement, when the house standing unanimously resolved.

"That the members of the Bangalore District Board in meeting assembled deeply regret for the demise of the First Royal Princess Jaya Lakshmmanniyavaru on Monday the 8th December 1924, and that their condolences may respectfully be communicated to His Highness the Maharaja and Yuvaraja of Mysore, the Royal Family of Mysore and to the daughter of the late First Princess and that as a mark of respect the meeting be adjourned for two hours."

Accordingly the meeting was adjourned to 2 P.M.

Mr. A Hayes proposed that arrangements may be made for light refreshments and Mr. S. N. M. Razvi seconded.

It was unanimously resolved that tiffin arrangements may accordingly be made.

1. Proceedings of the last District Board meeting.

Taken to be read and recorded.

2. Read letter No. 353-57, dated 4th September 1924, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, forwarding a comprehensive programme of building works amounting to Rs. 84,000 with Government Order No. 2284-6—Edn. 56-23-32, dated 12th April 1924, sanctioning provisionally the purchase of the building of Mr. Adappa for Rs. 8,000 for the use of Education Department, in which the Kannada Primary School is held, pending approval of the District Board to the programme of works under reference and also letter No. 1160, dated 7th January 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education, requesting that the work of extending and construction of a compound wall of the with Girls' School at Anekal may be included in the programme.

Sanctioned with observations as noted in the list.

3. Read letter No. L. 8156-63—L. B. 111-23-5, dated 11th April 1924, from the Secretary, Local and Legislative Departments, calling for the opinion of the District Board in the matter of making necessary provision in the budgets for extending treatment of persons bitten by rabid animals at the other six District Headquarters and with the resolution of the Channapatana Taluk Board.

Provision be made as per resolution of the Taluk Board.

4. Read memo No. 74, dated 26th September 1924, from the District Medical Officer, Bangalore, requesting that sanction may be accorded to pay the District Fund quota (one-third) towards the rent of Rs. 25 of the new building where the Yelahanka Dispensary has been arranged to be removed as the present building is not suitable for the purpose.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

5. Read letter No. E. 1239—Edn. 28-24-10, dated 16th September 1924, from the Chief Secretary to the Government of Mysore, requesting that the amount of Rs. 30,000 might be placed immediately at the disposal of the Inspector-General of Education out of the accumalated savings from the Local Fund General and Mohatarfa and this office references thereon.

Resolution.—Sanctioned from Local Fund General and Mohatarfa.

6. Read correspondence ending with No. 359—24-25, dated 7—9th August 1924, from the Municipal Council, Bangalore City, in the matter of paying recurring charges of the six dispensaries in the Bangalore City.

Resolution.—Recorded.

7. Read letter No. 106, dated 7th October 1924, from the District Medical Officer, Bangalore, requesting that sanction may be accorded to shift the Local Fund Dispensary at Vartur to a separate building on a rent of Rs. 4 as the present building is not suitable.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

8. Read application of Mr. Karnick Krishnamurti Rao, praying that a sum of Rs. 200 may kindly be granted for holding a Cattle Show during the car-festival of Sri Someswaraswami at Magadi.

Resolution.—Sanctioned Rs. 100 and a report to be submitted for the information of the Board.

9. Read report No. 90, dated 8th September 1924, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, regarding the construction of a building at Sarjapur for locating the Local Fund Dispensary.

Resolved that estimate, etc., be called for.

10. Read letter No. 4069, dated 15th—22nd October 1924, from the Superintendent, Mysore Civil Veterinary Department, recommending that four more Veterinary Dispensaries may be opened in the District, *viz.*, at Devanhalli, Anekal, Kankanhalli and Magadi in the next three years and that at least two of the four may be opened during the coming year 1925-26, at Devanhalli and Anekal.

Resolution.—Resolved that Veterinary Dispensaries re-opened in Devanhalli, Hoskote, Kankanhalli, and Magadi, the Taluk Board and Municipality paying their quota.

11. Read Memo. No. D2 Dis. 766—24-25, dated 23rd November 1924, from the Deputy Commissioner, forwarding letter No. 36, dated 11th November 1924, from the 1st Karnataka Ayurvedic Sammelana, Belgaum, stating that a conference will be held in December 1924, and requesting that some contribution may be made for its expenses and that arrangements may also be made to send medical practitioners to the said conference.

Resolution.—No contribution be sanctioned as the conference is over.

12. Read letter No. 975, dated 5—7th November 1924, from the Executive Engineer, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 6,540 for enlarging the existing dispensary at Channapatna to serve as a combined dispensary for males and females and requesting that District Fund quota may be arranged to be paid.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

13. Read report No. 89, dated 1st September 1924, from the President, Kankanhalli Taluk Board, forwarding reappropriation statement for transferring Rs. 51-8-0 for supply of furniture to Taluk Board Office and Rs. 50 for supply of furniture for travellers' bungalow, Kankanhalli, out of the provision of Rs. 1,000, sanctioned under the head B2.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

14. Read report No. 28, dated 25th August 1924, from the President, Magadi Taluk Board, requesting sanction for payment of Rs. 256-6-0, being the cost of lymph supplied out of the closing balance.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

15. Read Yadi No. 43, dated 28th November 1924, from the President, Thyamagondlu Municipality with the Municipal Resolution, agreeing to bear their quota of one-third towards the construction of in-patient ward at Thyamagondlu Dispensary.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

16. Read letter No. C. 1822-4, dated 11th April 1924, from the Senior Surgeon in Mysore, *re* the construction of an in-patient ward at Nelamangala Dispensary at a cost of Rs. 4,000 and the Taluk Board resolution to the effect that the in-rpatient ward is necessary and that the quota may be paid out of the District Board Funds as the Taluk Board is short of funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

17. Read letter No. L. 2705, dated 25th September 1924, from the Secretary, Local and Legislative Departments calling for the views of the District Board in the matter of appointing a full time pound keeper to look after the cattle pound at Whitefield and the report No. 199, dated 26th November 1924, from the President, Bangalore Taluk Board.

Resolution.—Resolved that the District Board do not see their way to pay and maintain a full time pound keeper for this pound; but they have no objection to appoint Mr. Jones who has now come forward to work the pound under the existing rules.

18. Read letter No. G. 4239—P. & S. 9-23-43, dated 9th December 1924, from the Chief Secretary to Government stating that the free supply of *Mysore Gazette*, cannot be continued.

Resolution.—Recorded.

19. Office Memo to subscribe for the *Mysore Gazette*, out of District Board Funds.

Resolved that it may be subscribed.

20. Read G. O. No. 3065-7—Edn. 28-21-24, dated 4th December 1924, sanctioning subject to the approval of the Board the construction of a separate building for the Middle School at Hoskote at a cost of Rs. 5,000 instead of a combined building sanctioned in G. O. No. 6485-8—Edn. 19-23-140, dated 21st June 1924 at a cost of Rs. 8,000.

Resolution.—Approved.

21. Read Government Order No. 3065-7—Edn. 28-22-24, dated 4th December 1923, requesting to send the resolution of the Taluk Boards and of the Municipal Council as to in what proportion the salary of the Sanitary Inspectors of the frontier taluks should be met as the Government contribution have been withdrawn and the resolutions of the Anekal Taluk Board and of Municipal Council.

Resolution.—Approved.

22. Read report No. 109, dated nil, from the President, Dodballapur Taluk Board with the Taluk Board resolution requesting that the District Board may contribute Rs. 100, for the expenses of a Cattle Show arranged to be held during the Sri Venkataramanaswami Car Festival at Dodballapur Town.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

23. Read letter No. 840, dated the 17th December 1924, from the Inspector-General of Education *re* the contribution to the Boy Scout Fund out of District Board Funds.

Resolution.—It is not possible to contribute for the Fund every year.

24. Read application dated 10th December 1924, from the Secretary Sree Visweswara Reading Room at Nelamangala requesting that contribution of Rs. 50 may be given to the Reading Room.

Resolution.—Sanctioned as the amount sanctioned in meeting held on 11th and 12th June 1923, was not paid to the Library.

25. Read Memo No. A. C. 2178—24-25, dated 31st December 1924, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore, requesting to contribute amount towards the expenses of the National Baby Week not exceeding the amount contributed for the 1st show.

Resolution.—Resolved that as there is no necessity of a contribution this year as there was last year, the contribution need not be sanctioned from District Board Funds this year.

26. (*a*) Read letter dated 4th December 1924, from the Secretary, Bangalore District Sericultural Conference, Channapatna requesting that some contribution may be given out of District Board Funds for expenses in connection with Sericultural Conference.

Resolution.—Resolved that a contribution of Rs. 100 be paid.

(*b*) Read reports with Taluk Board resolutions of several Taluk Boards regarding the grant of contribution out of their funds towards the expenses of the said Conference.

Resolution.—Sanctioned. Bangalore Taluk Board Rs. 25, Devanhalli Rs. 15, Hosakote Rs. 25, Kankanhalli Rs. 10.

Additional Subjects.

27. Read G. O. No. E. 3796-9—Edn. 28-24-34, dated 3rd January 1925, sanctioning subject to the approval of the Board, the estimate for Rs. 5,000 for the construction of a building for the A.-V. School at Channapatna the cost being met from the accumulated balance of Education Cess Funds at the credit of the District Board of Bangalore.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

28. Read letter No. 5880—A. and E. 218-10-18, dated 7th April 1922, calling for the views of the Board on the set of rules for regulation and the control of the cattle shows and fairs with the resolution of the Sub-Committee dated 9th January 1925.

Resolution.—Approved with the modifications of the Sub-Committee.

29. Read letter No. 31, dated 21st January 1925, from the President, Channapatna Municipal Council, requesting for the payment of the District Fund Quota towards the rent of Rs. 10 for locating the Veterinary Dispensary.

Resolved that it may be sanctioned as a special case for a period of one year.

30. Read G. O. No. L. 4542-71—L. B. 104-24-1, dated 23rd December 1924, passing orders on the resolution of the Local Self-Government Conference of April 1923, on Further Development of the Local Boards.

Resolved that copies of the Government Order be sent to all the Taluk Boards.

31. Read letter No. L. 5695—L. B. 109-23-1, dated 21st January 1924, from the Secretary to the Government of Mysore Local and Legislative Departments calling for the views of the District Board, regarding the construction of the Bangalore-Hosur Railway with the resolutions of the several Taluk Boards.

Resolved that the line be opened by the District Board being Financed by the Board. A special meeting to discuss the imposition of Railway Cess as resolved by the Finance Committee in their meeting held on 5th September 1924, to be held on Saturday the 14th February 1925, at 2 P.M. and a memo giving the details of the scheme as available in the file to be printed in Kannada and circulated among the members.

32. Mr. B. Srinivasa Iyengar moved the following resolution, "that as there is delay in constructing a permanent building for the dispensary at Sarjapur, Anekal Taluk, a building may be taken up for rent on a monthly rent of Rs. 15 paying ten rupees from the District Fund, being its quota, the balance being met from the Sarjapur Municipal Council".

Seconded by Mr. G. Sanjeevaiya.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

33. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi proposed that the Inspector-General of Education, may be requested to furnish a detailed statement of expenditure once in a quarter on sanctioned school works and Mr. B. Srinivasa Iyengar seconded.

Resolution.—Carried unanimously.

34. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi also proposed the Finance Committee of the District Board should invariably meet every month on the 2nd Saturday at 2 P.M. and Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer seconded.

Resolution.—Carried unanimously.

35. Read and recorded the Government Orders.

All the remaining subjects deferred and the meeting was adjourned to 13th February 1925 at 1 P.M.

B. A. RAHMON,
President,
District Board.

Notice dated 4th February 1925.

BYE-ELECTION.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that a bye-election according to the City Municipal Election Rules of 1919 will be held to fill up a vacancy of a Municipal Councillor in III Manavarthapet Division at the time and place shown in the subjoined table. All persons eligible to vote in that division whose names are included in the list of voters published in the *Mysore Gazette* of the 24th April 1924, 1st May 1924 and 31st July 1924, are requested to attend and vote.

The attention of candidates intending to stand for the Councillorship is invited to Rule 14 (1) of the Election Rules of 1919. The nomination paper alluded to in the said rule should be delivered to the Municipal Commissioner at the City Municipal Office during office hours, public holidays excepted, at least *ten days before the date fixed for election.*

Number of Division	Number of Councillors to be elected	Date of Election	Hours of Election	Place	Polling Officer
III Manavarthapet Division.	One ...	Friday, 6th March 1925.	7-30 A.M. to 11-30 A.M. and 3 P.M. to 6 P.M.	Government Girls' School, Chikpet.	The Municipal Engineer and the Health Officer.

M. G. KRISHNASWAMI RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 17TH (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 13TH DECEMBER 1924, AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present ... ... 14 | Absent 16

172. The following resolution moved by Lokasevaniratha Mr. Amble Anniah Pandit and seconded by Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Paloanji was unanimously passed.

The Council begs to express, on behalf of the citizens of this Capital City, their sense of profound sorrow caused by the untimely demise of Her Highness Maharajakumari Jaya-Lakshammanni Avaru and their deep and respectful sympathy with His Highness the Maharaja, Her Highness the Maharani, C.I., and the Members of the Royal House in their sad bereavement.

Resolved that this meeting be adjourned to Monday the 15th instant at 4-30 P.M.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 18TH (ADJOURNED) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON MONDAY THE 15TH DECEMBER 1924 AT 4-30 P.M.

Members.

Present ... ... 18 | Absent 12

173. Proceedings of the meetings held on the 29th November 1924.

Approved with the addition of the words "and such decision ought to have been made before finally adopting the list on 25th October 1924" between the words 'order' and 'but' in Resolution No. 168.

* * * *

177. Statement of house-building licenses for November 1924.

Recorded. In future a detailed list of pending applications may be circulated along with the abstract.

* * * *

182. Letter No. 232, dated 26th November 1924, from the Chairman, City Improvement Trust Board, Mysore, asking whether the Municipality can take over the collection work of the Trust Board on payment of commission.

The collection work may be undertaken on payment of 5 per cent commission.

183. Applications from the Pandit of the Krishnaraja Mohalla Karnatic Dispensary *re*:

1. Increase of his pay from Rs. 35 to Rs. 60,
2. Increase of Compounder's pay from Rs. 15 to Rs. 25,
3. Increase of medicine charges from Rs. 15 to Rs. 30,
4. Entertainment of two peons on Rs. 10 each,
5. Supply of furniture,

with the Managing Committee's Resolution No. X, dated 18th November 1924.

The Health Officer, the District Medical Officer and the Superintendent, Ayurvedic College, may be requested to report on the several requests, after examining the working of the institution.

184. Application dated 3rd July 1924, from the Senior Hakim of the Indigenous Hospital (Unani Branch), Mysore, praying for increase of his pay and Memo thereon.

Resolved that this application be also referred to the Committee contemplated in the above resolution.

185. Managing Committee's Resolution No. XI, dated 18th November 1924, referring to the Council the subject of amending para 7 of Octroi Bye-laws to enable persons other than original importers to obtain octroi exemption on oil-seeds re-exported.

Resolved that para 7 of Octroi Bye-laws be retained, and the provisions thereof strictly enforced in respect of all dutiable articles.

186. President's Memo dated 6th December 1924 and letter No. L. 3671—Ml. 91-24-2, dated 17th November 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, stating that the question of the powers and duties of the Chief Sanitary Inspector may be discussed in the Municipal Council, and rules, if any framed under Section 46 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation submitted to Government for approval.

The Council agree that the Chief Sanitary Inspector's duties be defined from time to time by the President and the Health Officer and that no rules need be framed under the Municipal Regulation for this purpose.

187. Estimate for Rs. 516 for laying water sub-main in the road in front of the Muslim Travellers' House, Lashkar Mohalla.

Approved.

188. Health Officer's Report *re* the high incidence of typhoid fever in the Weavers' Lines, called for in Council's Resolution No. III, dated 25th October 1924.

Recorded. The District Medical Officer's attention may be drawn to the errors pointed out in the dispensary statistics.

189. Confirmation of Council's Resolution No. 133, dated 25th November 1924.

Resolution No. 133 may stand as originally drafted but Mr. E. Purushothama Anandagiri Goswamy's Memo of 5th December 1924 giving the substance of his speech and Chief Officer's Memo dated 8th December 1924 containing replies on the points urged may be kept in the file.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 19TH (SPECIAL) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON MONDAY THE 22ND DECEMBER 1924 AT 12 NOON.

Members.

Present ... ... 22 | Absent 8

190. Ascertaining the results of the Municipal Elections held in December 1924.

The following persons were appointed to scrutinize and count votes, for the Mohallas shown against their names:—

1.	Rev. E. S. Edwards	Lushkar Mohalla
2.	Mr. Charles Theobald	
1.	Mr. Mahomed Sait	Nazarbad Mohalla
2.	Mr. M. Narayanaswamy	
1.	Mr. K. Basavaraj Urs	Mandi Mohalla
2.	Mr. P. S. Anantha Rao	
1.	Mr. M. L. Vasudeviah	Fort Mohalla
2.	Mr. N. Setwaji Rao	
1.	Rev. J. Cochet	Devaraj Mohalla
2.	Mr. E. Purushothama Anandagiri Goswamy ...	
1.	Mr. Tippu Sultan Alli Khan	Krishnaraj Mohalla
2.	Mr. M. G. Srinivasa Peidpet (Health Officer) ...	
1.	Mr. V. Thiruvengada Mudaliyar	Chamaraj Mohalla
2.	Mr. B. Tirumalachar (Municipal Engineer) ...	

ADDITIONAL.

1.	Mr. M. K. Madhava Rao, Power	Devaraj Mohalla
1.	Mr. K. Dhanakotichetty	Chamaraj Mohalla
2.	Mr. M. A. Sreenivasachari (Executive Engineer) ...	

191. The following persons who had secured the highest number of votes in the several Mohallas were declared to have been elected:—

LUSHKAR MOHALLA.

Name	*No. of votes secured*
1. Mr. Mahomed Sait	285
2. Mr. K. Dhanakotichetty	277
3. Mr. M. P. Bhogiah, B.A., B.L.	226
4. Y. Virupakshiah	222

MANDI MOHALLA.

1. Mr. H. C. Dasappa, B.A., LL.B.	173
2. Mr. M. Madappa	155
3. Mr. Mahomed Gouse Peer	105

KRISHNARAJ MOHALLA.

1. Mr. M. Ramaswamy	394
2. Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar	358
3. Mr. C. Narasimhiah, B.A., B.L.	338
4. Mr. P. Sitaramiah, B.A., B.L.	296

FORT MOHALLA.

1. Mr. M. Narayanaswamy	88

DEVARAJ MOHALLA.

1. Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah	182
2. Mr. U. R. Lingoji Rao	149
3. Mr. N. Setwaji Rao	133

CHAMARAJ MOHALLA.

1. Mr. M. Venkatakrishniah	386
2. Mr. A. Krishna Rao, B.A., B.L.	290
3. Mr. B. Munivenkatappa	250
4. Mr. B. K. Ramakrishnaiya, M.A., LL.B.	184

NAZARBAD MOHALLA.

1. Mr. V. Thiruvengada Mudaliyar	113

192. Resolved that the Chief Officer be appointed under Section 27, Election Rules, for supervising the destruction of voting papers after expiry of prescribed period.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 20TH (SPECIAL) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 10TH JANUARY 1925 AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present ... .. 26 | Absent 4

193. Memo No. L. 4640, dated 31st December 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding copy of Notification No. L. 4639—Ml. 57-24-257, dated 31st December 1924, reconstituting the Mysore City Municipal Council for a term of three years commencing from the 3rd January 1925.

Recorded. Before proceeding with the business of the meeting, Mr. K. Dhanakotichetty moved that this Council record its appreciation of the work of the Councillors who have recently retired and some of whom were associated with the Municipality for a very long time. Carried unanimously.

194. Constitution of the Committees for the year 1924-25.

Resolved that the Committees be constituted as follows :—

Managing Committee.

1. The Vice-President
2. Mr. M. Venkatakrishniah
3. Mr. C. Narasimhiah, B.A., B.L.
4. Mr. Mahomed Sait
5. Mr. H. C. Dasappa, B.A., LL.B.
6. Mr. M. Narayanaswamy
7. Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah
8. Mr. V. Thiruvengada Mudaliyar
9. Mr. Tippu Sultan Alli Khan

Audit Committee.

1. Mr. P. Seetaramiah, B.A., B.L.
2. Mr. M. Ramaswamy
3. Mr. B. K. Ramakrishniah, M.A., LL.B. (*Convenor*)

Health Committee.

1. The Health Officer (*Convenor*)
2. Mr. P. S. Ramaswamy Iyengar
3. Mr. N. Setwaji Rao
4. Mr. M. P. Bhogiah, B.A., B.L.
5. Mr. T. Basavaraj Urs
6. Mr. M. C. Thammiah

Town Hall and Market Committees.

1. The Chief Officer (Chairman)
2. Mr. V. Thiruvengada Mudaliyar
3. Mr. M. Madappa
4. Mr. S. Srikantachari
5. Mr. M. P. Bhogiah, B.A., B.L.
6. Mr. K. Dhanakotichetty
7. Mr. M. K. Madhava Rao, Power
8. Mr. H. C. Dasappa, B.A., LL.B.

Schools Committee.

1. Mr. M. Venkatakrishniah
2. Mr. Mahomed Sait
3. Mr. V. Thiruvengada Mudaliyar
4. Mr. C. Narasimhiah, B.A., B.L.
5. Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah
6. Mr. M. Ramaswamy
7. Mr. Mahomed Gouse Peer
8. Mr. S. Dorairaj, B.A.,
9. Rev. E. S. Edwards
10. Mr. K. Sanjeevachetty, B.A.
11. The Vice-President

Bye-laws Committee.

1. The President
2. Mr. A. Krishna Rao, B.A., B.L.
3. Mr. H. C. Dasappa, B.A., LL.B.

* * * * *

196. Letter No. 36, dated 4th January 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, the National Baby Week in Mysore, *re* the grant from Municipal Funds towards the expenses of the National Baby Week, Mysore City.

Resolved that Rs. 100 be granted from Municipal Funds for the purposes.

Notice, dated 4th February 1925.

Government having in their Proceedings No. L. 5456—Ml. 61-24-39, dated 28th January 1925, approved of the following amendments to Rule 24 of the Octroi Bye-laws and the schedule of taxes in force in the Mysore City Municipality, it is hereby notified for the information of the general public that the said amended rule and schedule of taxes will be brought into force with effect from the 15th March 1925.

Amended Rule 24 of the Octroi Bye-laws.

On all articles on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported by the original importer himself beyond the Municipal limits without breaking bulk, refunds shall, subject to the following rules, be granted at the rates originally charged at the time of import:—

i. On timber imported and re-exported in log.	Within six months from the date on which octroi was levied.
ii. On piece-goods ...	Within three months from the date on which octroi was levied.
iii. All other articles ...	Within one month from the date on which octroi was levied.

Provided that no refund shall be granted.

1. On kerosene oil.
2. Of any sum less than one rupee.

Amended Schedule of taxes.

5. Octroi	The articles mentioned in the next column when imported into Municipal limits.	(4) Sugar maund 0 4 0.

Bye-laws for regulating the numbering and registering of motor vehicles, bicycles and tricycles liable to taxation under the Municipal Regulation within the City of Mysore.

The following Bye-laws framed under Section 48 (1) clause (*ii*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as amended by Regulation VIII of 1914 and 1915 for regulating the numbering and registering of motor vehicles, bicycles and tricycles, liable to taxation in the Mysore City, and approved of in Government Proceedings No. L. 5316—Ml. 61-24-37, dated 23rd January 1925, are hereby published for general information. These Bye-laws come into force from 23rd January 1925.

Bye-laws.

1. Any person who is the owner of a motor vehicle, bicycle or tricycle liable to taxation in the Mysore City Municipality under the Law in force, shall register such motor vehicle, bicycle or tricycle at the City Municipal Office within thirty-one days of these Bye-laws coming into force, or within thirty-one days of his newly coming into possession of such motor vehicle, bicycle, or tricycle hereafter. When he continues to be in possession of such motor vehicle, bicycle or tricycle, he shall also register it at the said office either for the half-year within thirty-one days from the 1st July or from the 1st January, or for a year within thirty-one days from the 1st July each year.

Explanation.—Owner in these Bye-laws includes the person in charge for the time being of such motor vehicle, bicycle or tricycle.

2. The above registration shall be made on payment of the yearly or half-yearly tax on such motor vehicle, bicycle or tricycle in advance under the Law in force.
3. A disc bearing the registered number shall be issued free of cost to each bicycle or tricycle so registered.
4. No bicycle or tricycle thus registered shall be used without its number-disc being conspicuously attached to it.
5. A person who commits a breach of Bye-laws 1 and 4 shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punishable with a fine which may extend to Rs. 50.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President.

GUBBI TALUK BOARD.

Notice dated 3rd January 1925.

1. The public are hereby informed that it is proposed to hold a cattle show during Sree Chennabasaveswaraswami car-festival and jatra commencing from the 5th March 1925, in front of the temple maidan.

2. This Show will be held on the 8th, 9th and 10th and prizes will be awarded on the 10th.

3. No fees will be levied on cattle assembled at the jatra.

4. Prizes on the following scale will be awarded for cattle, etc :—

No.	Description	Amount of prize				Total amount
		1st class		2nd class		
		No.	Amount	No.	Amount	
			Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
I	Breeding bull	1	5	1	3	8
II	Bullock pairs—					
	(a) Dwak bullocks	1	6	1	4	10
	(b) Draught bullocks	1	4	1	2	6
	(c) Ploughing bullocks	1	4	1	2	6
III	Single bullock	1	3	1	2	5
IV	Best calves pairs	1	6	1	4	10
V	Best milking cows with calves	1	5	1	3	8
VI	Best milking she buffalo	1	3	1	2	5
VII	Sheep—					
	(1) Ram	1	2	1	1	3
	(2) Ewe	1	2	1	1	3
VIII	Goat—					
	(1) He goat	1	2	1	1	3
	(2) She goat	1	2	1	1	3
	Total ..	12	44	12	26	70

5. A Committee of judges will be appointed who will have the power to with-hold or change any prize in the absence of any eligible exhibit and to award the same for any other of sufficient merit.

6. The owners of cattle should take due care of their animals in the matter of fodder. Water will be made available.

7. Every animal admitted to the show should have men to keep it under control.

8. No animal which has been awarded one prize will be allowed to compete for any other.

9. Working cattle may be subjected to a practical test if considered necessary.

10. There will be a large concourse of people which will afford a good market for cattle dealers.

11. Arrangements will be made to safe-guard people and cattle.

12. There will be a temporary Veterinary Dispensary established near the cattle fair.

D. RANGASWAMI IYENGAR,
President.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification dated 2nd February 1925.

In pursuance of Government Order L. No. 2058-9—L. B. 86-23-9, dated 9th September 1925, sanctioning the opening of 4 new toll-gates in the district, the right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1924-25, for a period of four months with effect from 1st March 1925, will be sold by public auction at the place and on the dates specified therein.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit before hand an amount as shown in Schedule A as earnest money. If the amount so deposited be less than the Khist amount for two months, the successful bidder at the close of the sale shall pay the deficit. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3 The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in 8 equal monthly instalments in advance on the 1st day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government and he shall not levy any toll from such persons. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorized Local Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

7. (*a*) The District Board will compound with any persons for a sum to be paid annually or half-yearly in lieu of all such tolls leviable at any toll-bar gate or station and will issue licenses to any such vehicle or animal possessed by him and the Board will reserve the power of fixing the composition fee payable by any such person according to the merits of each toll-bar, gate or station.

(*b*) In the case of agriculturists and others residing in the vicinity of toll-gates who will be allowed the option of compounding for payment of tolls, the District Board shall fix for each cart a fee not exceeding 1/8 of the total amount of toll payable for one year if the cart passed the toll-gate once every day. But in the case of *bona fide* agriculturists residing in the vicinity where it appears necessary the District Board will allow 1/16 of such amount during one year in case the cart were to pass the toll gate once every day.

(*c*) Tolls are not leviable by the contractor from those who have compounded for the same by the District Board, and others who are exempted from payment of tolls such as Shekdars, Sanitary Inspectors and other Government servants travelling on public duty without travelling allowances.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and the hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate, true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner, and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner, furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and gate without payment of any rent, when provided for and he should keep them in good repair falling which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Local Board.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876 and the rules issued under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the Statute or Rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tool.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot-passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the Department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart

carriage, or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, cars, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Local Boards prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails.

(6) Belonging to the Honorable the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

(*h*) British Military Officers in uniform, passing, on duty, through the State are exempted from payment of tolls.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, per each infringement. If the fine not paid or in the event instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk all the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the re-sale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any Law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE "B."

	Details of Traffic.	*Schedule of Rates.*		
		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do motor tricycle or bicycle	0	4	0
3.	Do other vehicle of any descriptions propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4.	Do four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0
5.	Do two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jatka or ekka	0	8	0
6.	Do jatka or ekka, laden.	0	4	0
7.	Do do unladen	0	2	0
8.	Do other vehicle with springs, including tricycle or bicycle	0	2	0
9.	Do other cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden ...	1	0	0
10.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden ...	0	8	0
11	Do cart or vehicles not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden...	0	8	0
12.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	4	0
13.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs drawn by four bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
14.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by four bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	3	0
15.	Do cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by two bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	4	0

	Details of Traffic	Schedule of rates. Rs.	a.	p.
16.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden ...	0	2	0
17.	Do cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule, if laden ...	0	2	0
18.	Do cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule, if not laden ...	0	1	0
19.	Do bullock or buffaloe, per head, if laden ...	0	1	0
20.	Do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
21.	Do elephant ...	1	0	0
22.	Do camel, if laden ...	0	4	0
23.	Do camel, if not laden ...	0	2	0
24.	Do horse, if laden or ridden ...	0	1	6
25.	Do do if unladen or unridden ...	0	0	9
26.	Do tattu or mule, if laden or unridden ...	0	0	9
27.	Do do if unladen or led ...	0	0	6
28.	Do ass, if laden or ridden ...	0	0	6
29.	Do ass, if unladen or led ...	0	0	3
30.	Do sheep or goat or pig ...	0	0	1
31.	Do palanquin, doli, palna, or tonjan with more than two bearers ...	0	4	0
32.	Do palanquin, doli, palna or tonjan with two bearers ...	0	2	0

SCHEDULE "A".

Serial No.	Particulars	Shimoga Taluk	Channagiri Taluk	Honnali Taluk
1	Name of toll-gate ..	Bhadravati ..	(a) Sulekere, (b) Channagiri.	Saulanga
2	Situation of toll-gate ..	A mile or so from the Municipal limits of Bhadravati on the Channagiri road.	(a) Near the third class Traveller's Bungalow at the junction of the roads from Sasalu, Basavapatna and Channagiri, (b) Beyond the Municipal limits on the road leading to Holalkere.	At the junction of the Shimoga-Honnali and Shimoga-Shikarpur roads.
3	Whether toll is to be levied as through traffic, incoming traffic or outgoing.	On all kinds of traffic ..	On all kinds of traffic ..	On all kinds of traffic
4	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements of the people near the toll-gate.	Vide paras 7 and 14 ..	Vide paras 7 and 14 ..	Vide paras 7 and 14
5	Amount of deposit required	Rs 100 ..	(a) Rs. 100, (b) Rs. 100.	Rs. 100
6	Place of sale ..	Shimoga Taluk Office ..	Channagiri Taluk Office..	Honnali Taluk Office
7	Date of sale ..	25th February 1925 ..	23rd February 1925 ..	24th February 1925
8	Officer conducting the sale..	The Vice-President, District Board or President, Taluk Board.	The President Taluk Board, Channagiri.	The President Taluk Board, Honnali.
9	Officer confirming the sale..	Deputy Commissioner ..	Deputy Commissioner ..	Deputy Commissioner

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

DAVANGERE TALUK.

Notification dated 3rd February 1925.

The Village Sanitation Rules are in force in below mentioned villages of Davangere Taluk:—

Serial No.	Names of villages	No. of houses	Population as per Census of 1921
	KASABA HOBLI.		
1	Bethur	345	1428
2	Kadajji	176	826
3	Doddabathi	168	842
4	Syabanur	200	1037
5	Avaragere	180	708
6	Kadalbal	75	367
7	Kakkagola	302	1153
8	Avaragola	183	594
9	Igoor	160	764
10	Kundavada	218	999
11	Nitupalli	113	471
12	Basapura	54	189
13	Anekonda	57	331
14	Chikkanahalli	25	113
15	Nagarakatte	52	299
16	Mallapura	27	181
17	Putaganahal	40	215
18	Chikkabudihal	25	123
19	Siramagondanahalli	120	440
20	Basavanahalu	35	212
21	Pamenahalli	35	268
22	Vaddanahalli	40	209
23	Lingapura	27	256
24	Boragondanahalli	25	180
25	Halebathi	66	327
26	Kodihalli	54	237
27	Yaragunte	60	236
28	Karuru	53	294
29	Obajjihalli	26	138
30	Malagondanahalli	62	424
31	Neeranahalli	32	60
	MAYAKONDA HOBLI.		
32	Doddamagadi	61	226
33	Bhada	199	865
34	Malalkere	183	692
35	Vitalapura	42	139
36	Anaberu	251	854
37	Kandagal	260	981
38	Huchavvanahalli	273	1153
39	Nalkunda	167	660
40	Kyatanahalli	54	212
41	Senkaranahalli	33	66
42	Hindasabatte	[illegible]	[illegible]
42	[illegible]sakatte	46	162
43	Hedane	72	351
44	Ramagondanahalli	135	553
45	Kalur	71	276
46	Hanumanahalli	42	126
47	Kodaganur	393	1199
48	Kabbur	85	290
49	Ganganakatte	131	583
50	Nerligi	164	602
51	Dodda Rangavvanahalli	36	158
52	Annapura	130	449
53	Attigere	115	442
54	Chikka Togaleri	60	251
55	Hire Togaleri	86	354
56	Naraganahalli	180	630
57	Chinnasamudra	56	238
58	Honnayakanahalli	74	347
59	Obannanahalli	33	135
60	Bavihal	146	654
61	Echagatta	108	427
62	Vantehalu	26	133
63	Dhindadahalli	46	264
	HADADI HOBLI.		
64	Hadadi	386	1216
65	Kukkuvada	99	436
66	Kolenahalli	47	178
67	Battalakatte	28	104
68	Jadaganahalli	32	68
	HADADI HOBLI—concld.		
69	Kanagondahalli	52	257
70	Siraganahalli	25	156
71	Nagarsanahalli	42	188
72	Lokikere	396	1434
73	Syagale	243	771
74	Matti	152	539
75	Yarravvanagatihalli	53	147
76	Hoovinamadu	113	425
77	Kalkere	26	119
78	Kolkunte	119	342
79	Gonivada	97	302
80	Honnamaradi	33	141
81	Kasipura	110	485
82	Kodihalli	62	186
83	Gopanahalu	192	673
84	Naganur	110	401
85	Javalagatta	46	156
86	Jarikatte	82	257
87	Thuruchagatta	151	563
88	Belavanur	133	518
89	Nayakanahalli	28	114
90	Kydale	81	458
91	Ballur	86	402
92	Bisaleri	48	231
93	Mudahadadi	85	431
94	Kurki	153	498
	ANEGOD HOBLI.		
95	Anegod	141	553
96	Bullapura	26	94
97	Siddanur	59	235
98	Kogganur	29	153
99	Rudranakatte	46	189
100	Agasanakatte	55	289
101	Karilakkenahalli	34	173
102	Honnur	160	744
103	Chottobanahalli	25	136
104	Tolahunise	60	274
105	Kalapanahalli	49	219
106	Thumbigere	93	350
107	Anagi	150	674
108	Dyamavvanahalli	44	160
109	Kandankovi	67	327
110	Chikkavanagatihalli	40	204
111	Kurudi	80	381
112	Hemmanabethur	170	767
113	Kittur	170	697
114	Gudahal	258	1106
115	Katihalli	69	275
116	Pavadarangavvanahalli	35	105
117	Kenchammanahalli	42	128
118	Katanayakana Hosahalli	25	97
119	Mudenahalli	51	267
120	Hebbalu	150	575
121	Mandalur	122	430
122	Hunisekatte	76	398
123	Gummanur	140	597
124	Giriyapura	47	157
125	Halvarthi	117	484
126	Alur	231	999
127	Kereyagalahalli	241	977
128	Mellekatte	86	453
129	Gollarahalli	108	508
130	Nirthadi	82	321
	INAM VILLAGES.		
1	Doddabudihalu	31	161
2	Lingadahalli	25	71
3	Hulikatte	120	727
4	Medakerepura	34	174
5	Dyamavvanahalli	32	120
6	Narsipura	25	97

S. NARAYANA RAO,
President, Taluk Board.

BHADRAVATI TOWN MINOR MUNICIPALITY.

Shimoga, dated 12th January 1925.

The following draft bye-laws proposed by the Bhadravati Town Minor Municipal Council under Section 48 (1) (*c*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906, for regulating the (1) Bakeries and Sweetmeat shops, (2) Native hotels or eating houses, (3) Manufacture of aerated water, (4) Sanitation and Conservancy and (5) Other matters relating to Municipal Administration for the information of public :—

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed bye-laws may, within one month from the date of publication in the Gazette, send his objections in writing to the President or Vice-President of the Bhadravati Town Minor Municipal Council.

I. Bye-laws relating to Bakeries and Sweetmeat Shops.

1. A bakery or sweetmeat shop includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the baking of bread or preparation of sweets or other eatable for sale. The owner of a bakery or sweetmeat shop or any person who acts as vendor on his behalf shall be taken to be the keeper thereof.

2. All premises used as bakeries and sweetmeat shops shall satisfy the following conditions :—

(*a*) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious, well ventilated and suitable for a bakery or a sweetmeat shop, and they shall be provided with good chimneys for the escape of smoke causing no inconvenience to persons residing in the neighbourhood.

(*b*) The premises shall always have a sufficient supply of water for the purpose of thoroughly washings and cleaning such premises.

(*c*) The walls of every bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be rendered impervious to the extent of four feet from the ground level either by cement or chunam and white-washed. The whole floor shall be either plastered with chunam or a paved with flooring tiles or Cuddapah slabs with cement or chunam pointing and the building sufficiently provided with drainage.

(*d*) All bakeries and sweetmeat shops shall be at a respectable distance from any cess pits or latrine so as to prevent bad odours wafted therefrom reaching them.

(*e*) No place used as a bakery or sweetmeat shop shall ordinarily be used for any other purposes and if in any specified case the building is used both for residential purposes and for bakeries or sweetmeat shops, the portion used for the latter should be completely separated from that used for the former.

3. All utensils and other articles shall be kept clean.

4. The flour, sugar, ghee, water and other materials used in the manufacture of bread and sweetmeat shall be good and wholesome. There shall be a separate store-room or receptacle for flour and sugar and no flour or sugar shall be left lying on the flour or against the wall in any part of the bakery or sweetmeat shop.

5. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises at all times maintained in a clean tidy condition.

7. No person shall transport for sale bread or sweetmeat except in a closed vehicle or a closed basket, tin or other receptacle. Every such vehicle, basket, tin, or other receptacle, shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and shall commit any act which may intend to render any bread or sweetmeat which is being transported, dirty or unwholesome.

8. All papers and leaves used for wrapping bread, sweets, etc., shall be clean and stored in a clean rack.

9. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or any kind or who has recently been in attendance over such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in an eating house.

10. Bread, sweets, etc., shall be stored and kept for sale, with all reasonable precautions against contamination from flies, dust, and bad odours, *i.e.*, to be kept in glass case.

11. Every bakery or sweetmeat shop shall submit a written application to the President giving the door number and street of the intended building or part of a building to be used as a sweetmeat shop or bakery and with endorsement from the Municipal President that intended building or part of building is fit for the purpose and after the grant of a license used for the purpose for which it is meant.

12. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction before the Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction, during which such infringement continue provided that the total amount of the fines shall not exceed Rs. 200.

II. Bye-laws regarding native hotels or eating-houses.

1. An eating house or hotel includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beaf, poultry, vegitables, doll, and confectionery, or refreshments including chapatties, rice-cakes, tea, coffee, etc., are prepared and kept for sale.

2. The proprietor or any vendor for the time being or any person, in charge of any eating house or hotel shall be taken to be the keeper thereof.

3. All eating houses and native hotels shall statisfy the following conditions:—

(*a*) All premises used as such, shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose.

(*b*) The premises shall always be provided with sufficient supply of pure water. The receptacle for the storage of water shall be placed in a clean place a foot above the ground level and provided with a lid for covering and a tap to draw water.

4. The walls of any building used for such purposes shall be impervious and plastered or cemented to the height of four feet from the ground. The floors of the kitchen, dining and bath rooms and of tiffin rooms shall be rendered impervious either by paving with flooring tiles, Cuddapah slabs or chunnam concrete plastering.

The kitchen and bath rooms shall be well ventilated and provided with proper smoke vents, so that smoke may not pervade into other dwelling houses. All rooms in eating houses shall be well lighted and well ventilated.

The proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any other place but the dining hall.

5. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in cooking or for keeping food stuffs shall have a continuing lining of tin and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food, pastry, sweatmeats, confectionery or preserved, dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from flies, dust and bad odours.

6. No food stuff of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises which is stale, unwholesome, offensive, or in any way unfit for human consumption.

7. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times, maintained in a clean and tidy condition. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night soil shall be covered with ashes or earth and removed daily.

8. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease, or who has recently been in attendence over such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in an eating house.

9. All premises and all cooked and uncooked food stuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, the District Medical Officer, Sanitary Officer, the Sanitary Inspector, any Municipal Councillor or any other Officer authorised by the President on his behalf.

10. All cases of dangerous infections, diseases, such as cholera, plague, irruptive fevers such as small-pox, chicken-pox, measels and fevers of more than seven days' duration occurring in the eating house or observed among persons attending it shall be notified by the keeper to the President or District Medical or Sanitary Officer or Sanitary Inspector.

11. Every native hotel or eating house shall submit a written application to the President giving the door number and street intended building or part of a building to be used as native hotels or eating houses and with an endorsement from the Sanitary Officer that intended building or part of building is fit for the purpose and after the grant of a license use for the purpose for which it is meant.

12. Infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 25 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fines shall not exceed Rs. 200.

III. Manufacture of ærated waters.

1. Only pure water shall be brought to the Factory premises.

2. If the water be filtered the filtering vessels and the materials shall be sterilised at such times and in such manner as the President or the District Medical Officer or the Sanitary Officer may direct.

3. All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed vessels and be treated before use with permanganate of potassium in such manner as the President or the District Medical Officer and District Sanitary Officer may direct.

4. The room in which ærated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair. The walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be lime-washed at least once in three months and the floor shall be rendered impervious either by

ing paved with flooring tiles, Cuddapah slabs or by mortar or by cement plastering and hall be properly drained.

5. The water used for the manufacture of ærated waters shall be pure and shall be rried in clean vessels.

6. Carts if any employed for the carriage of water shall be kept on the premises shall ave the designation of the factory painted on the barrel and shall at all times be kept in a ate of scrupulous cleanliness.

7. The premises and all appliances used in the manufacture shall be open to inspection t all reasonable times by the President, District Medical Officer or Sanitary Officer, or any her Municipal Officer authorised on their behalf.

8. No ærated waters of any kind shall be used from the manufactory without having a roper label on each bottle giving full name and address of the manufacturers.

9. It shall be lawful to the President or the District Medical Officer or the District Sanitary Officer or the Sanitary Inspector to enter any place used for the manufacture of erated waters at any time when such place is open and to inspect and take a sample of ottles of any kind of ærated waters which are there manufactured or kept for sale, such ample shall be forthwith forwarded to the Government Chemical Examiner and Bacteriogist and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption t shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

10. Every aerated water factory shall submit a written application to the President iving the door number and street of intended building or part of the building to be used as erated water factory, and with an endorsement from the Sanitary Officer. That intended uilding or part of the building is fit for the purpose, and after the grant of license use for he purpose for which it is meant.

11. Any infringement of any of the above Bye-laws shall render the proprietor, the erson in charge of the place, liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding s. 10 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day for such conviction during hich such infringement continues provided that the total amount of fine shall not xceed Rs. 200.

Sanitation and Conservancy.

Section 48 (1) (a)

1. No rubbish mentioned in Section 127 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited except in municipal dustbins or in places used as receptacals of such rubbish.

2. Tiles, garden-sweepings, branches of trees and thatch and night soil shall not be deposited in municipal dust-bins.

3. Sullage, urine, etc., shall not be discharged into road side gutters without the special ermission of the President. The children should not be allowed to commit nuisance in the ublic roods, lanes or side drain. The parents will be made responsible for this action and ealt with.

4. Any person who shall be guilty of a breach of any of the bye-laws abovenamed hall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. No person shall dry any "Bratties" or cow dung cakes on the external walls of ouses or yards or compound walls, and any one infringing this bye-law shall, on conviction fore a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. No person is allowed to remove earth are make pits except for wells within the unicipal limits for house buildings or any other purpose. The owner of every house or cant land is expected to keep the premises or vacant land in a tidy condition by not allwo- g the grouth of rank vegitation by storing of manure or by using it for any other purpose hich gives room for nuisance No person is allowed to stock manure within the municipal mits for more than a week atmost if it is possible to remove every day.

7. Latrines.—Any person easing himself either in the *vacinity* or on the bank of the hadra river or public road shall be liable, on conviction before any Magistrate to a penalty not ceeding half a rupee for the first and one rupee for the second and two rupees for each ceeding offence.

8. Persons afflicted with loathsome or infectious disease are prohibited from vending or xposing for sale any article of food either in markets or Bazars of the Town under a penalty conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence.

9 All persons holding houses or lands within the Municipal limits are required to keep drains and water channals in and about their premises free from obstruction, to remove evident causes of malaria and everywhere to discontinue as a hedge, the use of prickly- ear, aloe and milk-hedge and to distroy these latter where at present existing.

10. All persons, who after due notice from the President has been given, fails to comply with the provisions of this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

Other matters relating to Municipal Administration.

Section 48 (1) (w).

1. Any occupier or owner of a house neglecting to enclose his compound or yard with a wall or a fence of such material as may be approved of by the President or neglecting to repair any fallen wall or gate, pilalr or to cope the compound wall within one month after a notice has been served on him, shall on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

Any owner of a piece of vacant land who fails to enclose the same, with a compond wall or fence of such material as President may approve of and not keep it clean with one month after notice has been served on him, shall on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

3. Any person who vends or hawks meat of any kind or fish in the street of the town shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

4. Whoever chops, fire-wood on any public street or road so as to damage the street or road, or so as to cause danger, inconvenience, to the public, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

5. No person shall fish with nets, rod, or otherwise in the Bhadra river within municipal limits without a special license bearing this signature of the President. Any person contravening this order shall be liable to a penalty on conviction not exceeding Rs. 20 per each offence.

C. N. CHOWDAIYA,
Amildar and President.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 5931—*Ml.* 57-24-278, *dated* 11*th February* 1925.

For "1st November 1924" occurring in notification No. L. 4083—Ml. 57-24-242, dated the 3rd December 1924 published on page 668 of Part IIA of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated the 11th December 1924 regarding the Sravanabelagola Municipal Council read "1st December 1924"

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 5926—*Ml.* 57-24-277, *dated* 11*th February* 1925.

With a view to enable the Municipal Council of Davangere to arrange satisfactorily all the preliminaries for the reconstitution of the Davangere Town Municipal Council, Government are pleased under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 to extend the term of the existing Council till the end of June 1925.

No. L. 6007—*Ml.* 56-24-218, *dated* 14*th February* 1925.

Under Rule (1) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4993—Ml. 45-18-1, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. Guritar Venkappagowda Gowda as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council of Kankanhalli is approved.

No. L. 6012—*Ml.* 11-24-11, *dated* 14*th February* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Mysore Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of certain lands ordered in Notifications No. R. 13,953—Ml. 51-19-7, dated the 22nd June 1920 and No. L. 4219—Ml. 11-22-4, dated the 6th December 1922 for laying out a cart-track from Anaji Road to Anekonda Tank in the Davangere Taluk.

No. L. 5851—*L. B.* 21-24-18, *dated* 10*th February* 1925.

Under Rule 7 of the Rules issued with Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. 54-18-1, dated 18th December 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to approve of the election of Mr. H. C. Dasappa, B.A., LL.B., Advocate and Member, Mysore City Municipal Council to represent the Council on the District Board of Mysore, in place of Mr. Eswaragiri Purushotama Anandagiri Goswamy who ceased to be a Member of the District Board under Rule 3 (1) of the said Rules.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER, SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification No. C. 144—L. B. 24-25, dated 11th February 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, 1918, and with the approval of Government, the following Village Panchayets in the Tirthahalli Taluk, are re-constituted as follows:—

KONANDUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected members.	*Nominated members.*
1. Mr. Salur Nagappa.	1. The Patel of Konandur village.
2. ,, Puttaraya Setti.	2. Mr. Kathal Sahib.
3. ,, Humchada Subba Jois.	
4. ,, Shanbhog Appaniah.	
5. ,, Puttoji Rao.	

2. MAHISHI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected members.	*Nominated members.*
1. Mr. Manur Gundachar.	1. The Patel of Mahishi village.
2. ,, Valmiki Gopalakrishnachar.	2. Mr. Kallanna.
3. ,, Sripati Vyasarayachar.	

R. TIRUNARANA IYENGAR,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

KADUR DISTRICT.

Bye-laws relating to I (b) manufacture of aerated waters in the Koppa Municipality.

Sanctioned by Government No. L. 5051—Ml. 61-24-31, dated 17th January 1925.

1. No place shall be used for the manufacture preparation or sale of aerated waters unless approved by the President or the Vice-President or the Local Medical Officer.

2. The water for the manufacture of aerated waters shall be brought from a source approved by the President or Vice-President or Local Medical Officer.

3. The water must be filtered before use by means of bink-field or other patent candle filters and the filtering vessels and materials shall be sterilized at such times and in such manner as the President or Vice-President or the Local Medical Officer may direct.

4. All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in a closed clean vessel and be tested before use with permanganate of potash in such manner as the President or Vice-President or the Local Medical Officer may direct.

5. The room in which aerated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair. The walls shall be plastered with mortar and lime washed at least once in every three months and the floor shall be rendered impervious to water by being paved either with flooring tiles Cuddapah slabs or by mortar or by cement plastering and shall be properly drained.

6. The water used for the manufacture of aereted waters shall be pure and shall be carried clean vessels.

7. Carts, if any, employed for the carriage of water shall be kept on the premises with the designation of the factory painted on the barrel and shall at all times be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness.

8. The premises and all appliances used in the manufacture shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President, the Vice-President, the local by the Municipal Council on their behalf.

9. No aerated waters any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without having a proper label on bottle giving full name and address of the manufacturer.

10. It shall be lawful to the President, Vice-President, the local Medical Officer or any other officer authorized by the Municipal Council on their behalf to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of aerated waters of any time when such place is open and inspect or take a sample bottle of any kind of aerated water which is there manufactured or kept for sale. Such sample shall forthwith be forwarded to the Government Chemical Examiner and Bacteriologist and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

11. Any infringement of any of the above Bye-laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 3 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of fine shall not exceed Rs. 100

Bye-laws relating to Births and Deaths in the Koppa Municipality.

Section 48 (1) (g) of the Municipal Regulation sanctioned by Government No. L. 5172 —Ml. 61-24-34, dated 20th January 1925.

1. Every birth and death within the Municipality shall be entered in special registers in the forms prescribed in the annexed schedules (I and II).

2. The entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of each book by the Sub-Registrar who shall keep himself informed of all births and deaths occurring within the Municipality. The Sub-Registrar shall not charge any fee nor accept any reward for registering the required particulars regarding any birth or death. The registers when completed shall be sent to the Municipal Office where they shall be preserved.

3. The Octroi Office shall for the present be the Office of Registry and the Municipal Octroi manegar be the Sub-Registrar till such time as a Sub-Registrar is appointed for the purpose. A notice written both in English and Kannada and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify the fact to the public.

4. The father or mother or any other male relative of every child born within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of these the medical attendant or midwife who attended during such birth and in the case of births occurring in a public institution the officer or person in charge thereof shall within one week next after the day of every such birth give or cause to be given in writing to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief information of the several particulars that are required to be known and registered regarding the birth of such child.

Proviso.—Provided that a person not required to give information in the first instance but only in default of some other person shall not be bound to give information under this Regulation if he had reasonable cause to suppose that the information has been or would be duly given by such other person.

Provided also that in the case of an illegitimate child it shall be in the first instance be the duty of the mother of such child to give information under this Regulation, and on person shall, a father of such child, be required to give information under this Regulation concerning the birth of such child, and the Registrar shall not enter in the register the name of any person as father of such child unless at the joint request of the mother and of the person acknowledging himself to be the father of such child, such person shall sign the register together with the mother.

5. Some near relative present at the death or attending during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in case of death, illness, inability or default of all such person the occupier of the building or some person living within the building or place in which such death has occurred and in the case of a person dying in a public institution the officer or person in charge thereof shall, within twenty-four hours give or cause to be given in writing to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, informant of the several particulars that are required to be known and registered touching the death of such person.

Proviso.—Provided that a person not required to give information in the first instance but only in default of some other person, shall not be bound to give information under this Regulation if he had reasonable cause to suppose that the information had been or would be duly given by such other person.

6. Every person who performs or conducts the funeral ceremonies of any person who has died within the Municipality shall whenever required, furnish the Sub-Registrar or other person authorized on this behalf, such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

7. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended Schedules 3 and 4. (Printed forms will be available free of cost in the Municipal Office, with all Municipal Councillors, Patel and Shanbhog of Koppa Town.)

8. Any person who is bound to give information under the preceding paragraphs failing or refusing to do so or giving false information shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

9. No prosecution for the violation of these Bye-laws will be instituted without the written sanction of the President.

10. Every person applying for a certified extract from the registers of births and deaths shall pay for every such extract a fee of annas eight and if the extract required is of a year other than that in which the application is made search fee annas four shall be charged. Such extracts shall be certified by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Municipal Council.

11. Extract from the register of births may, if required by the informant, be given to him free of cost by the Registrar under his signature.

DEFINITION.

"Occupier" includes the Keeper-master, Matron, Superintendent or other Officer in charge of every public institution, and when a house is let in a separate apartments or lodging includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings of separate apartments are immediately held or his agent.

Public Institution.—Includes a Prison, Lock-up, Hospital, Barrack, any charitable or other institution which is under the management of the public body, officer or person.

The term, still-birth, applies to child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

SCHEDULE I.

Register of births during the month of.....

1. Yearly number.....
2. Monthly number.....
3. Name, if any.....
4. Nationality or caste.....
5. Born alive.....
6. Male.....
7. Female.....
8. Still-born.....
9. Name of father.....
10. Occupation of father.....
11. Date of birth.....
12. Date when registered.....
13. Where born.....
    Street.....
    Door No.....
    Division.....
14. Informant's name and address.....
15. Signature or mark of informant.....
16. Sub-Registrar's initials.....
17. Initials of the Inspecting Officer.....
18. Remarks.....

SCHEDULE II.

Register of deaths during the month of.....

1. Yearly number.....
2. Monthly number.....
3. Name of deceased.....
4. Nationality or caste.....
5. Sex.....
6. Age.....
    Years.....
    Months.....
    Days.....
7. Occupation.....
8. Cause of death.....
9. Date of death.....
10. Date of when registered.....
11. Residence at the time of death.....
    Street.....
    Door No.....
    Division.....
12. Informant's.....
    Name.....
    Signature.....
    Residence.....
13. Name of burial or burning ground.....
14. Signature of Sub-Registrar.....
15. Remarks.....

SCHEDULE III.

Report of births in the town of Koppa for the month of.....

(*Vide* Bye-law 7).

1. Date and hour of birth.....
2. Nationality or caste.....
3. Sex { Male..... / Female.....
4. Born alive.....

5. Stillborn.....
6. Where born, name of street, etc.....
7. Door No.....
8. Father's name and occupation.....
9. Date on which notice is given.....
10. Name of informant.....
11. Address of informant.....
12. Remarks.....
13. Signature of informant.....

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

SCHEDULE IV.

Report of deaths in the town of Koppa for the month of.....

(*Vide* Bye-law 6).

1. Name and surname of the deceased (in Kannada).....
2. Occupation or calling.....
3. Place or residence.....
4. Where death occurred .....Door No.....Street, etc.
5. Age—Years, months days.....
6. Sex—Male, female.....
7. Nationality or caste.....
8. Date of death.....
9. Date of Registry.....
10. Cause of death.....
11. Name and address of informant.....
12. When registered at the Municipal Office.....
13. Remarks.....
14. Signature of informant.....

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 hours after the occurrence of death.

Bye-laws of the Koppa Municipality relating to Indian hotels or eating houses sanctioned in G. O. No. L. 5259—Ml. 59-23-64, dated 22nd January 1925.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed Bye-laws may, within one month from the date of notice, send his objections in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Koppa.

1. (*a*) Bye-laws regarding Indian Hotels or eating houses.

(1) An eating house or hotel includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhal and confectionery or refreshments including chappaties, rice cakes, tea, coffee, etc., are prepared and kept for sale.

Any person who shall appear act or behave as the person in charge of an eating house shall be deemed and taken to be the keeper or manager thereof.

(2) All eating houses and the hotels shall satisfy the following conditions :—

(*a*) All premises used as such shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose.

(*b*) The water used in the premises for drinking purposes shall be kept clean and free from floating or other impurities in a covered clean receptacle. The receptacles for the storage of water shall be placed in a clean place one foot above the ground.

(*c*) The walls of every eating house shall be impervious to water plastered and well cemented to the height of four feet from the ground and the floor of kitchen, dining and bath rooms, shall be rendered impervious either by paving with Cuddapah slabs or cement plastering.

(*d*) Kitchen and bath-rooms shall be well ventilated and provided with proper smoke vents, so that the smoke may not pervade into other portions of the same house or other dwelling houses. All other rooms shall also be well lighted and ventilated.

(3) The proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any other place, but the dining hall.

(4) All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in the cooking or for keeping food stuff shall have a continual lining of tin and lead vessels of any sort shall not be used for any purpose.

All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food, pastry, sweetmeats confectionery or preserved, dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

5. No foodstuffs of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises which is stale unwholesome, offensive, or in any way unfit for human consumption.

6. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night soil shall be covered with ashes or earth and removed daily.

7. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in an eating house.

8. All premises and all cooked and uncooked foodstuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, Vice-President, or any other officer authorized by the Municipal Council on their behalf.

9. All cases of dangerous and infectious diseases such as cholera, plague, erruptive fevers such as small-pox, chicken-pox, measles and fevers of more than seven days' duration shall be notified by the keeper to the President or Vice-President of the Municipal Counc forthwith.

10. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5, for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

Bye-laws framed by the Minor Municipal Council of Koppa in the Kadur District, relating to sanitation and conservancy under Section 48 (1) (n) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, sanctioned by Government in their proposition No. L. 4103—Ml. 59-23-63, dated 5th December 1924.

1. Any dust, dirt, dung, ashes, garden, kitchen or stable refuse or filth of any kind or any animal matter or any broken glass or earthenware or other rubbish or any other thing that is or that may be a nuisance shall not be deposited in any street or drain except in the municipal bins where provided and private lands for short periods not exceeding 24 hours.

2. Sullage, urine, etc., shall be discharged only into gutters of the conservancy lanes wherever such lanes are duly provided and into the roadside gutter or open places where there is no conservancy lane.

3. Any person who shall be guilty of breach of any of the above bye-laws shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

4. No person shall dry bratties or cowdung cakes on the external walls of houses or yards or compound walls. Any one infringing this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

5. All persons holding houses or lands shall destroy lantana or prickly-pear where at present existing. The growth of lantana and prickly-pear and milk-hedge in the vicinity of dwelling houses for the purpose of hedge is also prohibited and if in special cases lantana and milk-hedge are permitted to be used for the purpose of hedge, they shall always be kept trimmed and shall not exceed the height of 4 feet from the ground.

Any infringement of the above bye-law will render the offender liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 for the first time and a like sum for each subsequent infringement.

6. All persons holding houses or lands within the Municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channels in and about their premises free from obstruction and to remove all causes of Malaria.

7. All persons who, after due notice has been given by the President or Vice-President, fail to comply with the provisions of this bye-law, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

8. Persons afflicted with loathsome or infectious disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale any articles of food or drink either in the markets or bazaars of the town under a penalty on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Re. 1 for the first time and a like sum for each succeeding offence.

9. The owner or occupier of any building or land shall not keep or allow to be kept in or upon any such building or land any animal in such a way as to cause a nuisance and shall not tether cattle or other animals or cause or suffer them to be tethered by any member of his family or household in any public street or place.

10. Any infringement of the above bye-law will render the offender liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 for the first time and a like sum for each subsequent infringement.

H. HUCHA RAO,
For *President*,
Municipal Council, Koppa.

SHIMOGA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 15th February 1925.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Shimoga Town Municipality that the Municipal Council desire to levy a tax of Rs. 16 per annum on Motor Busses.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the levy of the said tax may, within one month from date, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

K. SUBBA RAO NAIK,
For *President*,

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 6078—*Ml.* 56-24-224, *dated* 17*th February* 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. S. Deviah, Landholder as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council of Seringapatam is approved.

No. L. 6080—*L. B.* 23-24-6, *dated* 17*th February* 1925.

Under Rule 7 of the Rules framed under the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation of 1918 and issued with Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. 54-18-1, dated 18th December 1918, Mr. Nekkirike Shivarama Bhatta is elected a member of the Koppa Taluk Board, *vice* Mr. H. D. Narasimha Sastry, deceased.

No. L. 6082—*Ml.* 56-24-221, *dated* 17*th February* 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents in Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. S. Ramappa as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Srinivaspur is approved.

No. L. 6118—*Ml.* 57-24-281, *dated* 19*th February* 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, Government are pleased to extend the term of the existing Municipal Council of Tirthahalli till the end of April 1925, with a view to enable the said Municipal Council to go through the formalities prescribed in the election rules.

No. L. 6230—*Ml.* 56-24-226, *dated* 20*th February* 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents in Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. Abdul Nabikhan as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Channarayapatna is approved.

No. L. 6238—*Ml.* 56-24-229, *dated* 23*rd February* 1925.

Under Section 23, clause (2) (*c*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to empower the Minor Municipal Council of Holalkere in the Chitaldrug District to elect their Vice-President in accordance with rules made by Government in this behalf.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

No. 13.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 17TH JANUARY 1925, AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Members.

Present 26	Absent 3

And B. Venkoba Rao, Esq., B.A., Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, President.

Vacant—One.

The Proceedings of the meetings held on the 6th December 1924, 3rd January and 10th January 1925 were read and recorded.

* * * *

ORDINARY SUBJECTS.

* * * *

Subject No. 7.—Letter No. G. 3131—G. M. 159-43-14, dated the 31st October 1924, from the Chief Secretary to Government requesting to reconsider the Council resolution dated 7th June 1924 in the matter of the payment of Municipal quota towards the cost of the Drawing Establishment under Mr. G. H. Krumbiegel.

Resolution.—Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva proposed and Mr. G. Paramasiviah seconded that the Municipal quota towards the cost of the Drawing Establishment under the Consulting Architect be paid for the current official year in the circumstances brought to notice. The proposition was put to vote and carried sixteen voted for and 4 against. Messrs. B. L. Byanna and S. N. M. Razvi demanded a poll. The following Councillors voted for the proposition:—Messrs. P. Subbarama Chetty, B. N. Vijayadeva, D. Venkataramiah, G. Muniyappa, G. Paramasiviah, S. N. Seetharama Rao, J. R. Isaac, V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, P. Murugesam Pillay, S. Venkatarangaiengar, C. Hayavadana Rao, N. V. Kalyanapur, P. M. Basappa, Mahomed Abbas Khan, Belur Srinivasaiengar and M. C. Chiknanjundappa.

The following voted against:—(1) Mr. L. Byanna, (2) Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, (3) Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, (4) G. B. Raghavendrachar.

* * * *

Subject No. 10.—Government Proceedings No. L. 4104-6—Ml. 33-22-15, dated the 4th December 1924, ordering that the cost of the estimate amounting to Rs. 8,737 for laying out sites in the land adjoining the Police Out Post in Seshadripuram, is a legitimate charge on Municipal Funds, as the Municipality will drive the income from taxes to be levied on the houses in the Extension and requesting to complete the lay out at an early date.

Resolution.—Mr. C. H. Hayavadana Rao, proposed and Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, seconded that with reference to the above Government Order it was resolved that Government be requested to make in view of the present financial condition of the Municipality a subvention of half the cost of the lay out of the extension referred to by them. The proposition was carried unanimously.

Subject No. 11.—Appointment of the Municipal Advocate.

Resolution.—Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao proposed the following proposition:—"Resolved that the question of the appointment of the Municipal Advocate be deferred pending the framing of proper rules for conducting the election of the Municipal Advocate by ballot, etc., and that the framing of rules and etc., be referred to the Bye-Law Committee immediately. The proposition was seconded by Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar, and put to votes. The proposition was carried, 14 voting for and 9 against it.

Subject No. 12.—Health Officer's Memo No 1387, dated 9th January 1925 requesting that a grant of Rs. 200 be made as in the previous year to meet the expenses in connection with the "National Baby Week" in the City.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

Subject No. 13.—Letter No. G. 4753—P. P. 69-24-2, dated 30th December 1924, from the Chief Secretary to Government, requesting the opinion of the Council, *re* the transfer of certain land near the Sankey's Reservoir to the Palace.

Resolution.—The Council approve of the transfer of the land referred to above to the Palace.

* * * *

B. VENKOBA RAO,
President.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 25th February 1925.

Under Section 49 (z) (*b*) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the Patel and the Shanbhog of the Heragu village are nominated as members of the Heragu village Panchayet, Hassan Taluk, during the term of its present reconstitution, as sanctioned in G. O. No. L. 5928—L. B. 9-24-36, dated 11th February 1925.

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner

SHIMOGA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 15th February 1925.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Shimoga Town Municipality that the Municipal Council desire to levy a tax of Rs. 16 per annum on Motor Busses.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the levy of the said tax may, within one month from date, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

K. SUBBA RAO NAIK,
For *President.*

TIRTHAHALLI MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 12th January 1925.

The following draft bye-laws are framed by the Tirthahalli Municipal Council, regarding the registration of births and deaths under Section 48 (*g*) of the Municipal Regulation, 1906, and are published for the information of the public.

Any inhabitant within the area of the Tirthahalli Municipality, who has any suggestion or objection with respect to the draft bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Tirthahalli Municipality, within one month from the date of publication in the Gazette.

1. Every birth and death in the Municipality shall be entered in separate registers in the forms prescribed in the annexed schedule and preserved in the Municipal Office.

2. The entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of each book by the Registrar who shall keep himself informed of all births and deaths occurring in the Municipality and shall neither charge nor expect any fee or reward for registering the required particulars regarding births and deaths. (The office shall for the present be the office of registry and the Sanitary Inspector be the Registrar. A notice written both in English and Kanarese and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify this fact to the public.)

3. The father or mother, in case of their inability any adult person attending on the mother of every child born within the municipal limits (or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of these) and in all case where a medical attendant or midwife has attended during such birth, and in the case of births occurring in a public institution, the officer or person in charge, shall within one week next after the day of event give or cause to be given to the Registrar, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars that required to be known, and registered regarding the birth of such child.

4. The nearest relative present at the time of death or attenading during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality, or in the case of death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, and in the case of person dying in a public institution, the officer or person in charge, shall within forty-eight hours give or cause to be given to the Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars that required to be known and registered touching the death of such person.

5. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedules.

(Printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office, with all Municipal Councillors and the Sanitary Inspector.)

6. On a notice being received at the Office of Registry, the Sanitary Inspector shall visit the locality and after satisfying himself as to the correctness of the particulars, initial against the particular entry in the register in token of having performed such inspection.

7. Every person who performs or conducts the funeral ceremonies of any person who has died within the municipality, shall whenever required furnish the Registrar or other person authorised on this behalf such information as he possesses as to the said particulars.

8. Any person who is bound to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who fails or refuses to do so shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

9. No prosecution for the violation of these bye-laws will be instituted without the sanction of the Municipal Council.

10. All extracts from the register of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the office seal and the fees payable for those shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

DEFINITIONS OF TERMS.

'Occupier' includes the Keeper, Master, Matron, Superintendent or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings, includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or separate apartments are immediately held or his agent.

"Public institution" includes prison, lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory, hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution which is under the management of the public body officer or person.

"Still birth" means a child born dead after the 28th week of gestation or not called back to life.

Register of births in Tirthahalli Municipality during 192

Yearly No.	Monthly No.	Name, if any	Nationality or caste	Born alive	Still born	Sex		Father's name and occupation	Date of birth	Date of registration	Where born	Door No.	Informant's name and address, signature of informants, if personally attending	Signature of Sub-Registrar	Initials of Inspecting Officer	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

Register of deaths in Tirthahalli Municipality during 192

Yearly No.	Monthly No.	Name of deceased	Nationality or caste	Sex	Age			Occupation or calling	Cause of death	Date of death	Date of registration	Place of death, mention locality, street No. etc.	Informant's name and address. His signature if attended personally	Name of burial or burning ground	Initials of Sub-Registrar	Initials of Inspecting Officer	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

Report of births in Tirthahalli Municipality during 192

Date and hour of birth	Nationality or caste	Still born	Born alive	Sex		Where born (locality name of street, etc.)	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice is sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address.

Report of deaths in Tirthahalli Municipality during ....192 .

Name and surname of the deceased	Occupation or calling	Place of residence	Where death occurred	Door No.	Age			Sex	Nationality or caste	Date of death	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Name of medical attendant, hakeem, vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

*Here if cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomitting, diarrhoea and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Informant's name and address.

T. VENKATARANGAN,
President, Municipal Council,
Tirthahalli.

MOLAKALMURU TALUK BOARD.

Notification dated 16*th February* 1925.

It is hereby notified for public information that a cattle show will be held as usual at Bommagatta, in the Molakalmuru Taluk, during the Jatra of Sri Hulikunte Pranadevaru of the place, which commences on 5th March 1925 and lasts for 5 days.

2. The show will be held on 5th and 6th March 1925.
3. Selection for the prizes will be made by Taluk Board Members.
4. Prizes on the following scale will be awarded for cattle, etc., at the close of the show

Serial No.	Description	1st prize	2nd prize
		Rs.	Rs.
1	Agricultural bullocks (pair)	5	3
2	Draught bullocks (pair)	4	3
3	Milking cow, with calf	3	2
4	She-buffalo, with calf	2	...
5	Pony	3	...

5. In the absence of an Eligible Exhibit, the prizes awardable thereto will be withheld and awarded for any other Exhibit of suffcient merit.

6. Intending Exhibitors will apply to the President, Taluk Board, Molakalmuru, not later than 2 days before the commencement of the show and get their names and description of cattle registered.

7. Owners will do well to make their own arrangements for providing their cattle with fodder. But the taluks, which are close by the Pranadevaru temple, give sufficient quantity of water supply.

8. The Jatra is generally well attended to and will afford a good market for dealers in cattle, etc.

9. Cattle coming from Epidemic area will be strictly prohibited.

M. H. NARAINA RAO,
Vice-President.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

KOLAR GOLD FIELDS SANITARY BOARD.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 4TH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE KOLAR GOLD FIELDS SANITARY BOARD FOR THE YEAR 1924-25 HELD ON FRIDAY THE 20TH FEBRUARY 1925 AT 3-30 P.M. IN THE SANITARY BOARD OFFICE, CHAMPION REEFS.

Members.

Present ...	... 12	Absent ...	... 6

1. Proceedings of the 3rd Ordinary meeting held on 18th December 1924.
Resolution.—Confirmed.

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3. List of Public Works sanctioned in December 1924 and January 1925.
Resolution.—Sanctioned.

* * * * *

5. Deferred subject No. 17 of the last meeting *re* the proposed amendment in the rules under the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation so as to include ghee along with milk, curds, etc., from exemption of license fees.

Resolution.—Ghee may be brought under regulation but no license fee need be prescribed. The necessary amendment to rule 2 (*ii*) may be made by adding the word "Ghee" after "butter milk" in the said rule in both places where they occur.

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9. Letter No. 369, dated 25th December 1924, from the Honorary Secretary, Mysore Institution for the Deaf and the Blind, forwarding for sanction a bill for Rs. 100 towards the Sanitary Board's contribution for the year 1924-25.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

10. Remission statement for Rs. 7-11-0 being the irrecoverable arrears of Ground rents due form :—

1. Koracha Kuppan, Hut No. 89, Masikam A. Block.
2. Ponna *alias* Baga, Site No. 160, Masikam Zinc Huts.

Resolution.—Remission is sanctioned.

* * * * *

12. Proposal to provide 5 additional electric lights in Oorgaum village.

Resolution.—Provision may be made for five lights in Oorgaum village from the year 1925-26.

13. Election of two members of the Sanitary Board for the membership to the Excise Licensing Board. (Kolar Sub-Division Officer's No. Ex. 1404, dated 17th January 1925).

Resolution.—Mr. O. V. Rajagopal and Dr. L. P. Stokes were declared as elected.

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18. Kolar Deputy Commissioner's Memo dated 6th February 1925, *re* the appeal of H. E. the Viceroy for contribution for carrying out a campaign against Leprosy.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 500 be contributed to the fund.

* * * * *

20. Letter dated 12th February 1925, from the Superintendent, Nundydoorg Mines, Ltd., in the matter of having an Electric Light installed at a point on the Tank Mine Road almost immediately at its junction with Plumer Road.

Resolution.—May be provided for immediately.

21. (1) Letter No. 168, dated 16th January 1925, from the Superintendent of Police, Kolar Gold Fields, in the matter of erection of speed indicating Boards for Motor Vehicles in the Kolar Gold Fields area.

(2) Estimate for making 11 boards excluding cost of posts for Rs. 195.

Resolution.—Deferred.

22. Memo No. 607, dated 16th February 1925, from the Medical Officer of Health, Kolar Gold Fields, *re* the proposal to allow slaughtering of bullocks in Andersonpet (Bullock) Slaughter House under very exceptional circumstances on 2nd Wednesday and Thursday of the month, in the afternoons also on certain conditions (Rule 5 of Slaughter House Rules).

Resolution.—Deferred.

S. HIRIANNAIYA,
President.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 9TH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE ON FRIDAY THE 20TH FEBRUARY 1925, AT 8-30 A.M.

All are present.

I. Proceedings of the 8th Ordinary meeting held on 24th January 1925.

Resolution.—Confirmed.

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III. Government Order No. L. 5251-52—Ml. 34-24-20, dated 22nd January 1925 sanctioning an estimate for Rs. 182 for constructing a "V" shaped drain to the east of the Sanskrit College on the Sayaji Rao Road and a supplemental estimate for Rs. 87 for the same.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that Government may be requested to delegate to the Board the power of sanctioning estimates not exceeding Rs. 500.

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IX. Letter No. 1199 dated 27th January 1925 to the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments regarding materials account of this office.

Resolution.—Read and approved.

X. Application of Mr. M. A. Sreenivasachari, Executive Engineer, City Improvement Trust Board, Mysore, for three months' privilege leave from 21st March 1925 and arrangements proposed to fill up the vacancy.

Resolution.—Letter No. 1307 dated 14th February 1925 from the Chairman, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments in the matter is

XI. Disposal of shop sites in Vani Vilas Road.

Resolution.—The proposals contained in Chairman's Memo dated 7th February 1925 are generally approved. Preference should as far as possible be given in the disposal of the sites to persons whose properties were acquired for the Vani Vilas Market and its vicinity, more particularly to such of them as are living in the houses behind the proposed shops.

XII. Letter No. 321—24-25, dated 2nd February 1925 from the Public Prosecutors Mysore Division, requesting that he may be given a fee of Rs. 100 for having defended suit No. 240 of 1920-21 on the file of the Court of the 1st Munsiff, Mysore.

Resolution.—The Board regret that they cannot sanction payment of fees on a special scale in this case.

XIII. Acquisition by private negotiation of two buildings and a portion of land with compound wall, in Fort Mohalla belonging to Bramhana Dharma Sahaya Sabha for Rs. 450 and 250 respectively.

Resolution.—Approved.

XIV. Statement of properties acquired by mutual agreement.

Resolution.—Approved.

XV. Statement showing the sites and bits of land sold during the month of January 1925.

Resolution.—Approved.

XVI. Disposal of Benki Nawab's site in Block 4, Mandy Mohalla.

Resolution.—The site may be reserved for a Park.

XVII. Estimate for Rs. 321 for raising and repairing the existing man-holes inside the Fort, chargeable to further improvements in Fort.

Resolution.—Approved.

XVIII. Estimate for Rs. 79 for shifting the public fountain and cattle trough near Nanjaraja Bahadur Chattram, Yelwal Road.

Resolution.—Approved.

XIX. Estimate for Rs. 1,286 for removing and reconstructing the masonry road crossings for widening the road in Lakshmipuram Extension.

Resolution.—Approved.

XX. Estimate for Rs. 190 for constructing a compound wall on Yelwal Road for the vacant land opposite to Bhakthivilas.

Resolution.—Approved.

XIX. Estimate for Rs. 49,842 for laying the New Ediga Extension.

Resolution.—The scheme is approved. Further action may be taken.

XXII. Estimate for Rs. 126 for constructing walls for closing up the lane facing the Ramavilasa Agrahar Road.

Resolution.—Approved.

XXIII. Petition of Mr. H. Niranjana Raj Urs, dated 9th February 1925 requesting that Survey No. 271 of the Mysore Kasaba Village may be sold to him.

Resolution.—The land may be sold for the price paid by the Board for its acquisition on condition that the land would be used only as a Dairy Farm and no buildings will be constructed except with approval of Board.

XXIV. Acquisition of certain houses and lands in Block 29-30 Lashkar Mohalla for improving the junction of Travellers' Bungalow and Rampart wall roads.

Resolution.—Approved. Further action may be taken.

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XXVI. Application of N. Ramasastry, Revenue Accountant, City Improvement Trust Board Office, for House Building advance.

Resolution.—The advance applied for cannot be granted.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE FOURTH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE HASSAN DISTRICT BOARD, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 7TH FEBRUARY 1925.

MEMBERS.

Present 33 | Absent 5.

Vacant—One.

I. Read letters from Messrs. M. A. Varadachar, District Forest Officer, H. Krishnamurti, Balavantha Rao and G. Ahamed Pacha Sahib, pleading inability to attend the meeting for reasons stated therein.

(i) Mr. M. A. Varadachar, District Forest Officer, having returned to Headquarters later attended the meeting.

(ii) Mr. N. Rama Rao, B.A., B.L., Superintendent of Sericulture, as well as Mr. Syed Hussain Sahib, who is reported to be elected by the Anjuman-Islamia of Hassan in place of Mr. Khaji Abdul Khadar Sahib (deceased) and whose election is pending approval by Government also attended the meeting on invitation.

II. Read letter from the Secretary, Anjuman-Islamia, Hassan, reporting the death of their representative on the Board, Mr. Khaji Abdul Khadar Sahib of Hassan.

The Board passed the following resolution of regret and condolence, all the members standing :—

Resolution.—The Board learn with deep regret the sad demise of one of its much respected members, Mr. Khaji Abdul Khadar Sahib, and offers its sincere condolences to the members of his family.

Proposed from the chair and carried unanimously.

(*a*) The District Board of Hassan learns with deep concern that the able Dewan of our Model State Rajamantra Dhurina A. R. Banerji, Esq., M.A., I.C.S., C.S.I., C.I.E., sustained some injury accidentally and tenders to him its deep sympathy; and the Board earnestly desires his early recovery and restoration to health.

(*b*) The District Board of Hassan rejoices to learn that Mushir-ul-Mulk Mir Hamza Husein, Esq., B.A., B.L., First Member of Council, the patriotic son of Mysore and the Member in charge of the Local Self-Government Portfolio, is appointed to act as Dewan of our Model State.

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Resolution.—Recorded.

3. Letter No. L. 6090—L, B. 61-23-10, dated 9th February 1924, received from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to incorporate the rates of fees proposed to be levied at the Sanivarsanthe in the Belur Taluk, in a set of bye-laws for the regulation of markets, to be framed under Section 38 (1) of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation.

Resolution.—Recorded.

This may be referred to the Bye-laws Committee for expediting the preparation of Draft Bye-laws.

4. G. O. No. L. 4878-80 —L. B. 32-24-71, dated 9th January 1925, directing that as the cost of work of constructing a masonry causeway across the halla near Banawasi in the Hassan Taluk is to be borne equally by the State and the District Funds, only the half share of tools and plants charges can be waived.

Resolution.—Recorded with thanks.

5. Purchase of a portable Typewriter for the use of the District Board at a cost of Rs. 210.

Resolution.—The purchase for Rs. 210 is approved.

6. Letter dated 30th December 1924, from the Secretary, Mysore Planters' Association pointing out the state of the South Canara portion of the Kemphole-Mangalore road and requesting the Board to approach the South Canara District Board, in this matter for putting the same in order.

Resolution.—The Board are strongly of opinion that the road requires improvement. The District Board of South Canara may be communicated with in the matter through the Government if necessary, as the road in question stands in need of improvement.

7. Letter of the President, South Mysore Planters' Association, stating that it is desirable to increase the mileage grant of Ossur-Halasulige road to Rs. 100 as in the case of similar roads in the locality.

Resolution.—This is referred to the Finance Committee for consideration.

8. Letter No. 7927-2, dated 25th November 1924, from the Chief Engineer in Mysore, stating that administrative sanction of Government to open out Halebid-Salgame and Javagal-Harnahalli and other new roads in the district may be obtained before taking needful action in the matter by that department.

Resolution.—The administrative sanction of Government may be obtained and in the meanwhile, as the budget estimates which provide for these roads have been sanctioned by Government, the Public Works Department may be requested to put the work in hand.

9. Letter No. 983, dated 1st December 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Hassan, forwarding for opinion a copy of the letter received by the Assistant Engineer, from Mr. H. F. Anderson, *re* the demand of an extra allotment for two more furlongs of Arehalli-Biccode Road.

Resolution.—This is also referred to the Finance Committee for consideration.

10. Executive Engineer's letter No. 1036, dated 18—19th December 1924, requesting to issue needful instructions to the Taluk Boards to refer license applications for the construction of buildings in the sites close to the public roads to the Public Works Department.

Mr. Malali Venkataramiah, opposes this for the reason that it will result in harassment to applicants and suggests that the limits of road margin may be demarcated by fencing or digging drains, etc. There was a detailed discussion.

Resolution.—The Board is not in favour of the proposal, but with a view to prevent encroachments, the Public Works Department may take necessary steps in time to preserve the road margins, and the Taluk Boards may be requested to pay special attention to this respect of the case when dealing with applications for licenses for building houses on the sides of roads.

11. Letter No. 1013, dated 10—13th December 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Hassan stating that a sum of Rs. 500 will be required in connection with the survey and other charges for opening out the road from Alur to Kundur.

Resolution.—1. The Board will ascertain if any portion of this road is a forest road.

2. A sum of Rs. 500 may be advanced to the Executive Engineer to be adjusted later on and in the meanwhile Government may be requested the waive the survey charges and bear a moiety of the cost of the formation of the road having regard to the fact that the cost of the bridge was also borne in equal shares by the Board and the Government.

12. Mysore Division Executive Engineer's letter No. 814, dated 26—27th December 1924, enquiring whether the opening of a road from Doddakadanur to Mandagere will not be advantageous to this section of the district in preference to the opening of a road from Y datore-Hampapur Road to Mandagere, since the former will bring in a larger area within the compass of railway communication.

Resolution.—The Vice-President, District Board, has inspected the locality. The Board is of opinion that the diversion will not be advantageous to the Hassan Section.

The Board is of opinion that the opening of a railway station between Mandagere and Hole-Narsipur in a suitable locality will serve the neighbouring village to a large extent.

13. Letter No. L. 4371—29-24-2, dated 15th December 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, suggesting that the Board's recommendation to increase the contingent grant to Malnad Improvement Vydyans from Rs. 10 to Rs. 15 per mensém may be renewed this year when preparing the budget for 1925-26.

Resolution.—Recorded.

In the new budget, provision may be made for increasing the contingent grant to Rs. 15 and the Vydyans may be given the help of a compounder or servant on a pay of Rs. 10 per mensem.

14. (*a*) Saklespur Municipal Council President's letter No. 188, dated 26th December 1924, and Manjarabad Taluk Board President's reference about the grant of Rs. 250 to Mr. Basave Gowda for levelling the site granted to him for the construction of a building for the Veterinary Dispensary at Saklespur, together with Deputy Commissioner's memo forwarding copy of his letter to Government proposing that Government and District Board may pay Rs. 300 each out of Rs. 600 required for the purpose exempting the Saklespur Municipality from paying Rs. 300 which they offer to pay on this account.

The subject was discussed at considerable length. The Municipal Council of Saklespur had originally promissed to give the site together with Rs. 500 to meet the cost of levelling the ground, etc. Mr. Basavegowda says that he has completed this work and prepared the ground spending his own money on that assurance

of the Municipal Council to pay Rs. 500. The Municipal Council, had not made provision for this expenditure in their budget. Hence they sought Deputy Commissioner's sanction for re-appropriation up to Rs. 250. Now the Municipal Council appears to offer to pay Rs. 300 being moiety of the cost roughly estimated for levelling the ground. The Deputy Commissioner has recommended to Government that as it is desirable that in such matters the cost should be borne equally by the Municipal Council, District Board and Government as per Government Order No. 6128-79—R. M. 14-19-23, dated 23rd November 1920, the payment of Rs. 300 by Saklespur Municipal Council may be waived in consideration of their having already given a site free of cost and the Saklespur Municipal Council being only a minor Municipal Council with an annual income and expenditure of only Rs. 8,008 and Rs. 7,807 respectively and that the cost of Rs. 600 be borne equally by the Government and the District Board.

Mr. Basavegowda also says that he is not in favour of receiving any money from the Government or the District Board.

Resolution.—The papers may be submitted to Government for consideration and favour of early orders in the matter in the light of the discussions on the subject.

15. Purchase of iron pipes for the District Board at a cost of Rs. 614-8-0 from the Arsikere Municipal Council.

Resolution.—The purchase is approved.

16. Propositions of Mr. Kappannagowda :—(*a*) That the whole cost of maintaining the Veterinary Institutions should be borne by Government since it is a legitimate charge on State funds and not on that of the local bodies. (*b*) That midwives should be employed in suitable centres as people are in need of their help in many big villages.

Resolution.—(*a*) The proposition is a sound one. The Madras Government is already meeting the charges of veterinary dispensaries out of Government funds. This Board is of opinion that Government may be requested to relieve the local boards of the charges of the Veterinary Institutions and bear the same themselves as agriculture is the main stay of the people and the maintenance of cattle in a healthy condition is very essential therefor.

(*b*) The Taluk Boards may be requested to consider the question and make suggestion as to the stations where readjustments can be made and where midwives should be posted.

17. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's Report No. 623, dated 11th December 1924, sending a report on the several points mentioned in the tour notes of the First Member of Council.

Resolution.—Further report may be awaited on all items except as regards the question of continuing the services of a sweeper at Kenchammana Hoskote, and in this respect his services must be dispensed with from 1st July 1925.

18. (a) Arsikere Taluk Board President's Report No. 1235, dated 3rd June 1923, stating that the contractor of Aggunda well work in Arsikere Taluk, has already been paid some amount according to the sanctioned rates mentioned in the revised estimate for Rs. 730 and that the rates scrutinised by the Executive Engineer for the said items and sanctioned in the revised estimate for Rs. 715 are lower than the former, and that the contractor would be put to much loss on this account.

(b) Executive Engineer's Memo No. 1019, dated 14—15th December 1924, stating that the schedule rates are quite enough and they may be adhered to.

Resolution.—The rates allowed in the estimate sanctioned by the then Deputy Commissioner President, Mr. B. Venkoba Rao, may be allowed and payments made accordingly in the special circumstances of the case. The Executive Engineer is also agreeable to this course being appointed.

19. Channarayapatna Taluk Board President's Report No. 160, dated 24th August 1924, intimating the offer of Mr. Nanjegowda *alias* Doddaputtegowda of Anekere to construct a school building for girls at the place, provided a suitable site be given to him free of cost for the purpose.

Resolution.—The offer of Mr. Nanjegowda is accepted with thanks.

A suitable site may be given free of cost for the purpose.

20. Channarayapatna Taluk Board President's No. 364, dated 28th November 1924, intimating that the Hirisave people have not deposited Rs. 2,000 as stated by them for the construction of a dispensary building at the place.

Resolution.—The Vice-President, District Board, visited the spot and the residents of the place have given a mutchalika that Rs. 300 which forms the Village Common fund now with the Taluk Amildar may be used, that Rs. 900 now in the Co-operative Society may also be used for the purpose and that the balance to make up Rs. 2,300 would be collected and deposited in a month. Further

steps may be taken to collect the funds and arrangements made for a hospital building being constructed at the place with the aid of grants from District Board and Government.

21. Hole-Narsipur Taluk Board, President's No. 104, dated 11th October 1924, requesting for a grant from the District Board for repairing the Halli Mysore Road as the funds provided for Public Works in the current year's Taluk Board Budget estimates are not quite enough to meet the expenditure.

Resolution.—A grant of Rs. 500 may be made from District Funds, but the estimate may be obtained and approved in the usual course.

22. Hole-Narsipur Taluk Board President's Report No. 178, dated 4th December 1924, requesting for a grant of Rs. 30 from District Funds to make sanitary arrangements during the car festival of Sri Venkataramanaswami at Mavinkere. (b) Hole-Narsipur Taluk Board President's Report No. 179, dated 5th December 1924, requesting permission to levy ground rent on the shops that will be opened at Mavinkere during the above said car festival. (c) Government Order No. 5634-36—San. 27-24-11, dated 2nd February 1925, directing to stop the cattle fairs at Mavinkere, Gorur, etc., till 15th February 1925, on account of prevalence of infectious diseases among cattle in some places.

Resolution.—(a) The cost may be met from Taluk Funds out of the provision of Rs. 130 for cattle shows and exhibitions in the Taluk Board budget for 1924-25.

(*b*) The Board are not in favour of the levy for the present.

(*c*) Recorded.

23. Arkalgud Taluk Board President's No. 584-23, dated 16th December 1924, requesting for a grant of Rs. 50 from District Board and Rs. 25 from Taluk Board Funds for holding a cattle show at Kerlapur.

Resolution.—The proposal is approved and the amounts may be given as requested.

24. Arkalgud Taluk Board President's No. 8, dated 12th November 1924, *re* utilising the rent recoverable for the rest house built by Mr. Mallasetti of Basavapatna on the bank of the Cauvery in Ramanathapur for the improvement of Basaveswara Temple at the place.

Resolution.—The proposal is sanctioned only for 1924-25 as the structure is situated on a prohibited site, the proposal cannot be sanctioned for the coming years.

25. Letter No. 325-24, dated 20th December 1924, *re*: the sanction of the travelling allowance due to Vaccinator Ramaswamiah for April 1923, as the claim is more than two years' old.

Resolution.—The travelling allowance bill is sanctioned.

26. Estimates received from the Executive Engineer, Hassan Division, for countersignature.

(*a*) Estimate for Rs. 454, for constructing a dead house at Alur.

(*b*) Estimate for Rs. 120 for repairing the Local Fund Dispensary at Sukravarsanthe

(*c*) Estimate for Rs. 65, for repairing the Sub-Assistant Surgeon's quarters at Arsikere.

(*d*) Estimate for Rs. 30 for repairing the Local Fund Dispensary at Sravanabelgola.

(*e*) Estimate for Rs. 25 for repairing the midwives' quarters at Saklespur.

Resolution.—These estimates may be countersigned, the cost being met by re-appropriation out of the allotment of Rs. 4,723 for D.P.W. for special repairs to roads under A.II.

Such items may hereafter be duly proposed and provided for at the time of the preparation of the annual budget estimates.

(*f*) Estimate for Rs. 5,817, for constructing an armco culvert in 3-15 of Manjarabad-Kodlipet Road.

Resolution.—This being a flood damage, Government may be requested to bear the cost of constructing the armco culvert.

(*g*) Estimate for Rs. 189, for constructing a rough stone tunnel of 3' x 3' in the first furlong of the 20th mile of Tiptur-Dudda Road.

Resolution.—This may be countersigned the cost being met out of special repairs allotment under Public Works, with the observation that steps may be taken to remove the obstruction for the free flow of water as owners of cocoanut gardens near by appear to have obstructed the course of the flow of water.

(*h*) Estimate for Rs. 189 for constructing a tunnel in the 1—18th mile of Arsikere-Hassan Road.

Resolution.—This may be countersigned but this is an item of cost to be paid for by the Railway Department.

(*i*) Estimate for Rs. 143, for metal collection on Hassan-Salgame Road for the year 1923-24.

Resolution.—This may be countersigned, the cost being met as above out of special repairs allotment.

(*j*) Estimate for Rs. 759, for repairing the badly damaged portion of C.N.K. Road.

Resolution.—This may be countersigned and the cost met out of special repair allotment.

(*k*) Estimate for Rs. 150, for repairing the platform boats at the Ganni ferry.

Resolution.—This is unnecessary at present.

(*l*) Estimate for Rs. 8,086 for constructing a masonry abutment for the iron bridge across Chitnahalla at 4—7 of Anemahal-Mudigere Road.

Resolution.—This is also a flood damage work and Government may be requested to bear the cost by granting the same as a contribution to the District Funds.

(*m*) Estimate for Rs. 126 for improving the causeway at 5—2 of Channarayapatna-Sravanabelgola Road.

(*n*) Estimate for Rs. 57, for repairing the Local Fund Dispensary at Banawar.

(*o*) Estimate for Rs. 150 for repairing the Vodanahalla bridge.

Resolution.—This may be countersigned.

(*p*) Estimate for Rs. 2,216 for collection of metal on Arsikere-Hassan Road during the year 1924-25.

Resolution.—This may be deferred for next year.

27. Letter No. 2673, dated 27th January 1925, to the Vice-President, District Board requesting to remit early the sum of Rs. 250 being the cost of the older bull that is bred in the Hebbal herd proposed to be purchased to the Board.

Resolution.—The Hassan Municipal Council may be requested to purchase the same for the Hassan Veterinary Hospital and the Live Stock Expert may be requested to send the animal here.

28. D. O. No. G. 325-24, dated 2nd December 1924, from the Traffic Manager, Mysore Railways, intimating that no applicants have come forward to take up an out-agency at Alur and that the District Board might advise competent men not to miss the opportunity.

(b) Memo No. G. 335-25, dated 4th February 1925, intimating the sanction of Government to open out agencies at Arkalgud, Belur, Saklespur, Channarayapatna and Sravanabelgola.

Resolution.—Recorded.

The Taluk Board and Municipal Council of Alur may be communicated with in the matter.

(*b*) Recorded.

29. Letter No. O. C. 1243-24, dated 16—17th January 1925, from the Secretary, Baby Show Committee, Hassan requesting to move the District Board to sanction a grant for the celebration of the National Baby Week in Hassan Town.

Resolution.—Resolved that a contribution of Rs. 75 be made from the District Board, and that as the President of the Board has already paid a sum of Rs. 50 a further sum of Rs. 25 may be paid making a total grant of Rs. 75 for this year the cost being met out of Rs. 2,500 provided for plague, cholera and other epidemic charges under (*d*) 1 (*d*) on the expenditure side of the budget estimates for 1924-25.

30. Arsikere Municipal Council President's Yadi No. 267, dated 6th October 1924, requesting that half of the income from the Arsikere Toll Gate be caused to be credited to the Arsikere Municipality from 1916-17.

Resolution.—This may be referred to the Finance Committee, as the old references must be traced and the matter thoroughly investigated.

31. Alur Taluk Board President's Report No. 228, dated 10th November 1924, forwarding copy of the resolution of the Taluk Board meeting stating that the District Board may undertake the work of forming a road from Alur to Biccode as the finance of the Taluk Board do not admit of the cost being borne by the Taluk Bord.

Resoluton.—This may be worked out of Malnad Improvement Funds, and the estimate for Rs. 750 now on hand is passed. This may be carried out, out of the Malnad Improvement grant for 1924-25 for communications.

32. (*a*) Letter No. 6, dated 1st December 1924, from the Revd. Father P. Meyniel of Settihalli *re* granting of a well to the Holeyars of the place. (*b*) Letter No. 5, dated 1st December 1924, from Revd. Father P. Meyniel of Settihalli, *re* granting of a well to the Holeyars at Muddegowdanakoppal. (*c*) Letter from Revd. Father P. Meyniel, requesting that the District Board may give a suitable contribution towards the pay and allowances of the Midwife attached to the dispensary to Settihalli.

Resoluton.—(a) The President and Vice-President have inspected the spot. A well may be given free for the use of Panchamas.

(*b*) A well for this place may be given, but the site may be selected by the President or Vice-President, District Board, after personal inspection.

(*c*) The Board agree to give a grant of Rs. 7 per month to the missionary hospital for the services of the midwife, the grant to continue so long as a duly qualified midwife is employed, subject to the supervision of the District Medical Officer, Hassan.

33. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's No. 420-24, dated 22nd October 1924, forwarding two bills of fixed allowances due to the Vaccinator, S. V. Ramanna, as the claim is more than a year old for obtaining the sanction of Government.

Resolution.—The two bills are approved and may be sanctioned.

34. Arsikere Taluk Board President's No. 663, dated 7th January 1925, requesting that the income from Javagal shandy market fees for two weeks in a year may be given to the credit of Sri Laxminarashimiaswami temple for the jatra connected therewith, and the petition of the people assembling at Javagal shandy proposing that in lieu of their giving some contribution in kind every year towards the car festival at the place, double fees may be levied on four shandy days in Chaitra month and that the extra income so realised may be used for the celebration of the car festival.

Resolution.—The proposal to levy double rate and utilise the excess realisations for the car festival as proposed by the shandy people is approved.

35. Arsikere Municipal Council President's No. 27, dated 28th July 1924, forwarding the resolution of the Council agreeing to provide one light and not two out of the Municipal funds for Rangacharlu chatram building at Arsikere.

Resolution.—The thanks of the Board be communicated to the Municipal Council. They may be requested to kindly reconsider their decision and be good enough to give an additional light to the place at their cost.

36. Letter dated 4th February 1925, from Mr. E. W. Rutherford forwarding the views of the European Planters Association about the lines of action to be taken in respect of the Malnad Improvement Scheme.

Resolution.—(1) The suggestions of the Association may be brought to the notice of Government.

(2) As regards the question of better communications the Association will be requested to kindly give a list of communications to be opened or improved.

(3) As regards new dispensaries the Association will be good enough to suggest where they would like them to be located.

(4) The Board are strongly of opinion that shortage of drugs is felt all over and that the stock may be properly replenished.

(5) The Board agree that the pay of medical men should be increased.

37. Letter No. 3129, dated 1st January 1925, from the District Medical Officer, Hassan, forwarding an indent for articles required for the midwives' kit in the dispensaries at a cost of Rs. 400.

Resolution.—The District Medical Officer, says that a sum of Rs. 230 is sufficient for the present. The amount may be advanced from District Funds at once for supplying the equipments and the usual quota of contribution may be recovered from the different bodies concerned in due course.

38. Hole-Narsipur Municipal Council President's No. 123, dated 12th January 1925, forwarding copy of Hole-Narsipur Municipal Council's resolution to the effect that there is no reason for the Municipal Council to bear any share of the cost of maintaining District Fund Roads passing through the Municipal limits, as tolls are being levied in pursuance of Government orders.

Resolution.—The reasons assigned by the Municipality do not appear to be sufficient for not paying their quota and therefore they may be requested to kindly reconsider their resolution.

39. Petition from Mr. Settigowda of Jakkenahalli, Hassan Taluk, praying for permission to remove stones from quarries free of cost for revetment of the well sunk at his own cost for public use.

Resolution.—The Board thanks Mr. Settigowda for his charity and the Deputy Commissioner may be requested to grant the small concession asked for, as a slight concession from Government is usually appreciated by the villagers.

40. Letter No. L. 4040-47—L. B. 103-23-2, dated 29th October 1923, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, asking for opinion on proposals of the Revenue Commissioner, about revising the rates of mohatarfa taxes.

Resolution.—The matter may be referred to a committee consisting of:—

(1) The Sub-Division Officer, Hassan
(2) Mr. Kappannagowda
(3) ,, B. C. Anantaramiengar
(4) ,, Mahadevappa

the Sub-Division Officer, being the Convenor for considering the matter and giving their opinion.

41. Letter No. L. A. 1-6, dated 24th December 1924, from the Assistant Commissioner, Saklespur, forwarding a bill of cost for acquisition of lands of Siragavara village for Rs. 390-15-5.

Resolution.—The bill may be passed.

42. Hassan Taluk Board President's report No. 915, dated 13th January 1925, forwarding a petition from the villagers of Kanagal praying for a cattle pound at their place.

Resolution.—A pound may be opened at the place, but this will not create any vested or hereditary right in favour of any particular individual for the office of the Pound keeper.

43. District Board Vice-President's proposal to appoint a man on Rs. 12 and two sweepers on Rs. 4 each per month in all places where there is a travellers' bungalow and a musafirkhana, instead of two caretakers on Rs. 9 and Rs. 10 as the case may be.

Resolution.—The proposal may be tried temporarily and the result watched, the scale being fixed at Rs. 12, 5 and 5 respectively.

44. Memo No. L. 5563, dated 31st January 1925, received from the Secretary, to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding copy of letter No. L. 5562—L. B., dated 31st January 1925, addressed to the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, in the matter of the remission of certain arrears due from the representatives of Munisamappa, Dudda Toll-gate contractor. The report of the Special Committee is also read.

Resolution.—The President, District Board is authorised to study the details and dispose of the matter.

45. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's No. 343, dated 30th September 1924, forwarding the petition from the villagers of Byadarahalli in Manjarabad Taluk praying for the location of a cattle pound in their village and stating that one Mallegowda has promised to give a building for the same.

Resolution.—The Taluk Board's resolution is approved; but this will not create any hereditary or vested rights for pound keeper's post.

46. (*a*) D. O. letter No. L. S. G. 74-24, dated 27—28th January 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, forwarding copy of D. O. letter No. 1748-57—C. B. dated the 23rd January 1925, from the Chief Secretary to Government together with all its enclosures, *re* funds required for the British Empire Leper Relief Association constituted for organising measures to combat the disease of leprosy in India.

(*b*) D. O. letter No. L. S. G. 74, dated 3rd February 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, forwarding copy of the proceedings of a public meeting held at Hassan on the 2nd instant, in the same matter.

Resolution.—The resolution of the Finance Committee and the Taluk Boards may be invited in the matter for consideration at the next meeting of the Board.

47. Settlement of the claim of the Revd. Father Poulnais, Catholic Missionary at Hassan and contractor of the well work at Mudladasapura in Channarayapatna with reference to the accounts furnished by him showing the cost of purchases of blasting materials, etc., made by him in connection with the execution of this well work.

Resolution.—The matter may be referred to a committee consisting of—

1. Mr. E. W. Rutherford
2. ,, K. T. Seshaiya
3. The District Medical Officer
4. The Executive Engineer
5. The District Forest Officer

for considering the claims and giving their opinion, the District Forest Officer, being the convenor.

Revd. Father Poulnais may be requested to be present at the meeting of the Committee.

48. Estimates sanctioned after personal inspection with necessary alterations modifications, etc., by the Vice-President, District Board, and sanctioned by the President, in anticipation of the approval of the Board :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
(*a*) Improving the road from Doddamallenahalli to Ankapura, Hassan Taluk	497	0	0
(*b*) Repairing the musafirkhana at Chikkamallenahalli, Kattaya hobli, Hassan Taluk	78	0	0
(*c*) Modified estimate for constructing a latrine to Rangacharlu chatram at Arsikere	378	0	0
(*d*) Sinking a well on Mavinkerebetta near Venkataramanaswami temple in Hole-Narsipur Taluk	1,275	0	0
(*e*) Sinking a well for Panchamas at Honnenahalli Ramanathapur at a cost of	539	0	0
(*f*) Sinking a well for Panchamas at Doddamagge, Arkalgud Taluk at a cost of	596	0	0
(*g*) Sinking a well for Panchamas at Gangoor, Ramanathapur hobli, Arkalgud Taluk at a cost of	638	0	0
(*h*) Repairing the eastern gate of the musafirkhana compound at Hole-Narsipur	6	6	0

	Rs.
(i) Estimate for repairing the musafirkhana at Hassan near the Civil Hospital	80 0 0
(j) Repairing the cattle pound at Halebid	65 0 0
(k) Repairing the musafirkhama at Alur	80 0 0
(l) Providing seat planks to Alur musafirkhana	9 0 0
(m) Providing seat planks to Palya musafirkhana	9 0 0
(n) Repairing and tinning of vessels at Palya musafirkhana ...	12 0 0
(o) Repairing the cattle pound at Palya	185 0 0
(p) Repairing the wire fencing in the Veterinary Hospital at Hassan	10 0 0
(q) Revised estimate for sinking a well at Adikekerehosur ...	.....
(r) Revised estimate for Rs. 1,256 for sinking a well at Haradanahalli, Hole-Narsipur Taluk	.....

Resolution.—The sanction granted is approved.

49. Estimates pending sanction.

HASSAN TALUK.

		Amount of estimate. Rs.
1.	Repairing the draw well at Dodda Kondagula ...	75
2.	Sinking a well at Kondajjikoppal in Salgame hobli ...	597
3.	Repairing the travellers' bungalow at Dudda	16
4.	Improving the road from Kandali to Bylahalli	495
5.	Forming a road from Kattaya to Kabbathi shandy ...	498
6.	Repairing the road from Yelwal-Hassan road to Kowsika shandy	398
7.	Sinking a well at Kabbathi shandy	999
8.	Supplying articles to the travellers' bungalow at Dudda ...	12
9.	Repairing the road leading to Kowsika shandy from Yelwal-Hassan road	293
	CATTLE POUNDS.	
10.	Constructing a cattle pound at Nittur Salgame hobli ...	578
11.	Removing and reconstructing the cattle pound at Buvanahalli	450
12.	Constructing a cattle pound at Gorur	1,252
13.	Repairing the cattle pound at Ambuga	574
14.	Do do Bylahalli	165
	MANJARABAD TALUK.	
1.	Improving the native kitchen attached to the travellers' bungalow at Sukravarsanthe	99
2.	Repairing the choultry at Sukravarsanthe	560
3.	Do musafirkhana at Saklespur	178
4.	Improving the musafirkhana at Kenchammana Hoskote ...	265
5.	Raising the roof of the kitchen attached to Sukravarsanthe travellers' bungalow	26
6.	Sinking a new well at Bellur, Kenchammana Hoskote hobli	683
	BELUR TALUK.	
1.	Completing the draw well in the Arehalli extension ...	583
2.	Repairing the draw well at Hirigarje	131
3.	Improving the well at Karikattehalli in Halebid hobli ...	259
4.	Flooring the travellers' bungalow kitchen (non-vegetarian) at Arehalli	34
5.	Repairing the draw well at Mattaganne	43
6.	Do do Mattawara	56
7.	Repairing the road leading from Hassan-Chikmagalur road to Hanike shandy	500
8.	Sinking a well at Hanike shandy	770
9.	Improving the draw well at Savasihalli (supplemental estimate)	116
10.	Repairing the cattle pound at Rajansiriyur	70
11.	Do do Sanenahalli	109
12.	Do do Arehalli	55
13.	Sinking a well at Dabbe village, Arehalli hobli	1,418
14.	Do Cheeknahalli	615

ARSIKERE TALUK.

		Amount of estimate. Rs.
1.	Repairing the well at Mudodi	75
2.	Sinking a well at Kittanakere	734
3.	Do Kondavagil	999
4.	Do Javagal	2,090
5.	Do Gandasi	999
6.	Repairing the draw well at Gandasi	50
7.	Do Rangacharlu Chattram at Arsikere ...	170
8.	Constructing V. shaped drain at Gandasi	130
9.	Repairing the musafirkhana at Javagal	127
10.	Do travellers' bungalow at Gandasi	70
11.	Do road in front of the school at Gandasi ...	75
12.	Opening of a trench in Gandasi Village Panchayet to prevent stagnant water flowing into the tank	225
13.	Repairing the petta street at Javagal	170
14.	Do Police line street at Javagal	45
15.	Do Siddarameswaraswami temple at Javagal ...	210
16.	Do road to the south of the temple at Javagal ...	45
17.	Do temple street at Javagal	90
18.	Improving the Halematadabedi	100
19.	Repairing the road in front of Narasimhaswami temple at Javagal	100
20.	Improving the shandy road at Gandasi	55
21.	Repairing the cattle pound at Kenkere	210
22.	Do do Gandasi.	250
23.	Do do Javagal	52
24.	Revised estimate for sinking a well at Abbanaghatta ...	1,567

CHANNARAYAPATNA TALUK.

1.	Improving Bagur road near Gulasinda	21
2.	Repairing the musafirkhana at Channarayapatna ...	2,000
3.	Sinking a well at Chikkabelathi	830
4.	Do Sugganahalli	523
5.	Do Hirebelathi	567
6.	Constructing compound wall to the Channarayapatna musafirkhana	1,340
7.	Constructing a well at Appenahalli, Dandiganahalli hobli ...	420
8.	Deepening the well at Sivara, Bagur hobli	260
9.	Sinking a well for Panchamas of Honnehalli, Nuggihalli hobli	423
10.	Repairing the cattle pound at Hirisave	224

HOLE-NARSIPUR TALUK.

1.	Repairing the musafirkhana at Mavinkere	160
2.	Do cattle pound at Tatanahalli	130
3.	Do do Mudlahippe	80

ARKALGUD TALUK.

1.	Sinking a well for Panchamas at Chikkarkalgud ...	672
2.	Revised estimate for sinking a well at Kodakalli village in Magge hobli	592
3.	Reconstructing the tunnel across the road between Aladahalli and Musavathur	150
4.	Revised estimate for constructing V shaped drain at Mallipatna	750
5.	Sinking a draw well for Panchamas at Hulikal	650
6.	Revised estimate for sinking a well in the travellers' bungalow compound at Arkalgud	592
7.	Revised estimate for sinking a well at Konanur ...	620

ALUR SUB-TALUK.

1.	Repairing the well at Heddurga	13
2.	Sinking a well for Panchamas in Kodagenahalli koppal ...	340

Resolution.—The estimates are sanctioned, and suitabe action may be taken in respect of them.

50. Proposition of Mr. Nagappaiah, stating that the opening of a Telegraphic Office at Hole-Narsipur may be expedited.

Resolution.—A remainder may be sent in the matter for the early opening of the combined Telegraph Office at Hole-Narsipur.

51. Letter No. G. 316—24, from the Traffic Manager, Mysore Railways, forwarding a copy of the statement of roads and bridges to be provided in the Hassan District submitted by the Traffic Canvasser.

Resolution.—Recorded.

Action is being taken regarding Mandagere bridge and Hole-Narsipur-Channarayapatna road, but as regards the road from Bagespur to Gandasi, the Board is of opinion that this road will not be of much use and that on the other hand a station may be opened near Mudodi.

52. Letter No. 5012—Med. 15-24-6, dated 16th January 1925, forwarding the petition from Muttige Patel Puttegowda and other residents of Kenchammana Hoskote and other villages in the Manjarabad Taluk, praying for the opening of a dispensary at Kenchammana Hoskote.

Resolution.—The opinions of Alur and Manjarabad Taluk Boards may be invited.

53. Vice-President's proposition that arrangements be made for supplying suitable sugar-cane seedlings at concession rates and that a sum of Rs. 250 be allotted for the purpose to make up for the waste, deficiency, etc.

Resolution.—This is approved and a sum of Rs. 250 may be made available out of the provision of Rs. 596 for Economic Development Work under C. 1 (*d*) on the expenditure side of the Budget for 1924-25.

54. Proceedings of the Sub-Committee appointed to formulate a scheme for introducing Sericulture in Elementary Schools.

Mr. N. Rama Rao, B.A., B.L., Superintendent of Sericulture, was also present.

"The details were discussed and the following resolutions were unanimously passed at the Sub-Committee meeting:—

(*a*) That instructions both practical and theoretical be imparted in at least five schools in the district to be located in Arsikere, Belur, Hassan, Channarayapatna, Hole-Narsipur and Arkalgud.

(*b*) That out of these five schools the Panchama School at Doddakadanur, to be financed partly by the Sericultural Department, and the school at Arkalgud, to be run by the Department with the help offered by Mr. A. V. Suryanarayana Setti who kindly came forward to give a plot of suitable land and a house for the purpose may be selected.

(*c*) That a sum of Rs. 1,000 be spent for the current year for the purpose, the details being worked out by the Department of Sericulture and Education.

(*d*) That training in Sericulture be included in the curricula of study in the Hassan Normal School and that the Government be requested to arrange therefor.

(*e*) That the District Board be requested to provide funds to institute scholarships and prizes to create and foster the spirit of emulation in the students attending these schools.

(*f*) That details be worked out by the Superintendent of Sericultural Department, District Inspector of Education and the Vice-President, District Board.

(*g*) Special thanks of the Committee be communicated to the Superintendent of Sericultural Department."

Resolution of the Board.—The resolutions of the Special Committee are approved and action may be taken accordingly in consultation with the Education Department.

55. Letter of Mr. B. Anantaramiengar, Municipal Councillor, Hole-Narsipur, requesting to convey his thanks to the Board for their kind congratulation communicated to him for receiving a medal of distinction at the hands of His Highness the Maharaja for public services rendered by him.

56. Letter No. C. 1025—H. C. 215-2 of 24-25, dated 28th January 1925, received from the Director of Agriculture, requesting to convey to the Board his thanks for the generous manner in which they are co-operating in the development of this important agricultural industry in the Hassan District.

Resolution.—Recorded.

57. Letter No. 1435, dated 29th January 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Mysore Railways, inviting reference to the note on the point discussed at the meeting of the Hassan District Board held on 5th January 1925, in the matter of the running of two trains between Mysore and Arsikere and the opening of a Flag Station at Hole-Narsipur.

Resolution.—Recorded.

Next meeting of the Board.—Twelve noon, Friday, 17th April 1925.

N. S. NANJUNDIAH,
President, District Board.

SHIMOGA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 15th February 1925.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Shimoga Town Municipality that the Municipal Council desire to levy a tax of Rs. 16 per annum on Motor Busses.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the levy of the said tax may, within one month from date, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

K. SUBBA RAO NAIK,
For *President.*

ARKALGUD MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The following draft Bye-laws are framed by the Arkalgud Minor Municipal Council under Section 48 of the Municipal Council of 1906 and are published for the information of the public:

Any resident within the area of the Arkalgud Municipality, who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft Bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Arkalgud Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

Bye-laws regarding the erection of buildings, pendals or other temporary structures on public streets and lands vested in the Municipal Council under Section 48P of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

(1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the Municipal limits of Arkalgud shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President.

(*a*) the position of building and appurtenant out-buildings to be erected on the land,

(*b*) the area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land,

(*c*) the names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings, and

(*d*) the number of the lot and the name of the block and street or road in which the land is situated.

(2) No foundation of a new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitous matter or the carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matter until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President shall in their opinion have become innocuous.

(3) No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

(4) No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, prickly pear or other objectionable plants or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

(5) No new building shall be erected by any person in a way that any portion of the said building encroaches upon a drain or a road.

(6) The eaves of buildings, sunshades to windows, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

(7) The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the outer edge of the side drain of the road and should be easily removeable for cleaning the drains.

CONSTRUCTION OF PRIVIES OR LATRINES.

(8) Every person who shall erect a new building shall in connection with such buildings as chattrams, agraharams and tenements, etc., construct such number of privies and in such a manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the President or Vice-President.

(9) A person who shall construct a new privy whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved by the President or Vice-President.

(10) Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the fore-going Bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extent to Rs. 200, on conviction before a Magistrate as provided in the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Section 96(5).

RE-PENDALS AND OTHER TEMPORARY STRUCTURES.

(1) No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purposes shall be erected in any street lane or public thoroughfare or in any place or in front of buildings so as to encroach more than three feet on Municipal drain or roads within the Municipal limits, without the written permission of the President or Vice-President, on receipt of application for permission to put up such structure, specifying the situation, size and other particulars, licenses will be issued by the President or Vice-President if they see no objection thereto on such conditions as they may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety on payment of the following fees :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
For a marriage pendal	1	0	0
For other pendals or structures, ...	0	8	0

(2) No pendal shall occupy more than one-third of breadth of the road.

(3) No pendal shall ordinarily be allowed to stand for more than fifteen days. An extension of time may be granted on payment of half of the original fee, but not so as to exceed a month from the commencement.

(*a*) If at the expiration of time allowed in the license, or period granted in extension thereto on special application, the person that put up the structure does not remove it, the President or Vice-President shall issue a notice to the defaulter for its removal within such time as may be fixed by them in each case, at the end of which time they may have it removed and the cost of such removal shall be recoverable from the defaulter as a Municipal demand.

Any person who commits any breach of any of above Bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 5, for the first offence and Rs. 10 for each subsequent offences.

Re-erection of pendals on vacant lands within the Municipal limits for dramas, circus and other shows.

4. License for the erection of pendals for dramas, circuses or other shows may be given by the President or Vice-President in writing on receipt of application under the following conditions after charging a fee not exceeding Rs. 5, as license fees :—

Note—This Bye-law does not apply to pendals for Dasara, Moharram or other public purposes.

1. The license-holder shall keep the permit at the site occupied and produced when required by the President or Vice-President, or any Municipal Officer authorised by the President or Vice-President, for inspection.

2. A ground rent of Re. 1 per day will be charged from beginning to the end of the drama.

3. No license shall be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for that purpose to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

4. The President or Vice-President shall have the power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for the erection and occupation of the place as a theatre whenever they deem necessary in the interests of convenience and safety of the public generally or of the person inhabiting in or resorting to the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

5. Every person who shall commit any breach of the foregoing Bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, on conviction before a Magistrate.

The following draft Bye-laws are framed by the Arkalgud Municipal Council under Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906 and are published for the information of the public :—

Any resident within the area of the Arkalgud Municipality, who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft Bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Arkalgud Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

Octroi Bye-laws framed by the Minor Municipal Council of Arkalgud under Section 48 (k) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

1. The Municipal Council shall levy the octroi duty on the articles imported into the Municipal limits of Arkalgud at the rates specified in the Schedule A, hereto annexed and recognize the exemptions as provided for in the column 5 of it.

2. (*a*) The octroi limits for the purposes of collecting octroi shall be the Municipal limits.

(*b*) No article liable to octroi duty shall be brought within these limits except by one of the routes described in Schedule III.

3. Articles liable to octroi and brought within these limits shall be produced on arrival at the octroi house.

4. Such goods shall be liable to inspection at the octroi house when so brought. Every person bringing dutiable goods within the town shall report the fact to the octroi mutsaddi at the octroi house.

5. A table showing the octroi duty liable on various articles shall be exhibited at the octroi house in a conspicuous place and also be open to the inspection of any person at the Municipal Office.

6. When goods are brought to the octroi house they may be unloaded and weighed or counted by the officer in charge of the octroi office (the importer shall produce the invoice of such goods in duplicate) upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods, the importer shall either pay the amount due and receive a permit for the removal of the goods on shall deposit the same in the octroi house. When the duty is paid as above, a permit shall be granted by the officer in charge of the octroi office for the removal of the goods showing the quantity or weight of the goods, the amount paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. The fact of the receipt, shall also be noted on each copy of the duplicate pass. The invoice in original, shall be returned to the importer after the payment of duty collected has been noted thereon and the duplicate in like manner, bearing such entry shall be filed in the octroi house.

Octroi House.

7. The Municipal Council shall provide an octroi house for the custody of goods which may be deposited and the octroi house shall be open for transaction of business from morning till evening.

8. Any importer depositing goods on the octroi house shall, unless the officer in charge of octroi house, has previously by weighing, counting or appraising, ascertained the amount of octroi payable thereon give a declaration in the form appended (Schedule No. I) the description, weight, quantity and if necessary, the value of such goods.

9. A receipt in form appended (Schedule 2) shall be given by the officer in charge of the octroi office for all goods deposited in the octroi house and a register of all such goods shall be maintained. It is the duty of the depositor to obtain a receipt for articles deposited by him and the octroi department is not responsible for and goods left at the premises and not covered by a receipt.

10. Any person who has deposited goods in the octroi house may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the octroi house or may on paying full duty thereon import such goods into the town covered by a permit or may export such goods free, covered by an export pass, provided that new packages covered by such pass, shall if possible, and before they are taken from the octroi house, be stamped by the officer in charge so as to show that they are under bond. The export pass shall be in duplicate the original being retained by the officer in charge of the octroi house and the duplicate dilivered to the exporter. For every export pass granted under this rule a fee of one anna shall be charged.

11. No goods shall be allowed to leave the octroi house until the storage fees have been paid thereon under the following rules:—

(*i*) Goods shall be allowed remain 24 hours free of charge.

(*ii*) After that period rates as in the following schedule shall be charged for seven days.

	Rs.	a.	p.	
1. Tobacco, raw or manufatcured per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof	0	1	0	a day.
2. Piece-goods per bale	0	1	0	,,
3. Cocoanuts, dry per maund	0	0	6	,,
4. Cocoanuts per hundred	0	0	6	,,
5. Betel leaves per thousand	0	0	6	,,
6. Kerosene oil per tin	0	0	2	,,
7. Jaggery per maund	0	0	3	,,
8. Sugar per maund	0	0	3	,,

(*iii*) Double these rates shall be charged after seven days provided that the President may in his discretion allow a reduction in or exemption from such penal rates.

(*iv*) The date of admission and removal of goods shall reckon as one day. When the delay is caused by the inability of the officer in charge of the octroi house to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

12. All goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than two months shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the octroi house provided that, before selling such goods notice of the fact shall be posted for seven days at the octroi house and at the Municipal Office.

13. The Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to goods deposited in the octroi house, while such goods are being passed into or out of ware-house or while they remain therein unless such damages is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the ware-house keeper or other person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

Refunds.

14. No refunds shall be granted on articles other than piece-goods and the following rules regarding them shall be observed:—

All clothes which have paid duty in the Municipality shall be stamped so as to admit of their being identified or clothes on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported beyond octroi limits, refunds, shall subject to the following rules, be granted as the rates originally charged at the time of import. No claim will be entertained after a period of three months from the date of import of the article referred to above, and no refund shall be granted of any sum less than one rupee.

15. Any person claiming refund under the above rule shall produce the goods to be exported at the octroi office together with the original receipt, for octroi duty paid thereon and an application for refunds prepared in duplicate in such form and showing such particulars as the President may from time to time prescribe.

16. The officer in charge of the octroi house on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted, shall endorse the two parts of the application with an export pass, and keeping one part in the office, shall deliver the other part to the applicants.

17. All goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under free export pass under Bye-law No. 10 shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pass at the octroi house of exist.

18. In all cases in which refund is claimed, the duplicate pass duly endorsed as provided in Bye-law No. 10 must be produced at the octroi house by the person seeking the refund and if after due check the officer in charge of the octroi house is satisfied that a refund of octroi covered by such pass is duly payable, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President.

19. The Municipal Officer only, under the orders of the President or Vice-President may inspect the shops at all reasonable hours to see if there are any smuggled goods and the shop-keeper shall be bound to allow such inspection.

20. *Smuggling.*—The President, Municipal Council, Arkalgud, is empowered to award to any person who gives information leading to the detection of the offence of smuggling goods liable to octroi duty, a reward of one-half of the fine recovered and in special cases in which conviction is not secured but duty is recovered, half the amount of such duty and in special cases the full amount thereof at the discretion of the President.

21. *General.*—Importers of dutiable articles shall, if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the President or Vice-President, within one year of import, account for the articles received by them by producing either a permit or receipt obtained in token of payment of octroi duty or an export pass in proof of having exported the whole or the part of articles so received or otherwise. Any breach of this Bye-law will render the importer liable to punishment with a fine extending to ten times the value of octroi duty on such goods or a sum not exceeding Rs. 25 whichever may be greater and the payment of octroi duty on the article unaccounted for any person importing or exporting dutiable articles who infringes Bye-laws Nos. 3, 4, 6, 8 and 17 shall be liable for prosecution before any Magistrate under Section 161 to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE I.

To

The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office, Arkalgud Taluk.

Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the ware-house :—

No.	Name of depositor	Description of articles deposited	Distinguishing mark, if any	Weight		Seers	Quantity	Value	Remarks
				Maunds					

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of the Bye-laws relating to the deposit.

Witness..... Signature of Depositor.....
Signature..... Address.....
Address..... Date.....

SCHEDULE II.

Octroi Office, Arkalgud Town.

Received for deposit undermentioned goods from.....

No.	Receipt No.	Consignment		Goods deposit (Note No.)	Name of articles	Description	Number of articles	Remarks
		No.	Date					

Date..... Octroi Manegar.....

SCHEDULE III.

Names of routes through which octroi goods have to be brought :—

1	Hole-Narsipur-Kodlipet road.	4	Hulikal-Arkalgud road *via* Salgeri.	Remarks
2	Marour-Arkalgud road.	5	Mallipatna-Hole-Narsipur road.	
3	Ramanathpur-Arkalgud road.	6	Hassan-Arkalgud road.	

SCHEDULE A.

No.	Name of tax	Class of property liable	Amount for which or rate at which classes liable	Rs.	a.	p.	Exemption
1	Octroi	Articles specified in column 4	Fresh cocoanuts each	0	0	1	(1) Personal luggage of travellers, articles imported through the Post Office and goods *bona fide* property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by an invoice certified by the Departmental Head concerned that the property therein mentioned belongs to Government.
			Dry cocoanuts per maund	0	8	0	
			Betel leaves 100 leaves	0	0	1	
			Jaggery per maund	0	2	0	
			Sugar per maund	0	4	0	
			Kerosene oil and petrol per tin ..	0	2	0	(2) Goods which are declared not to be intended for use or consumption within Municipal limits provided if such goods be not exported they shall pay the full duty.
			Tobacco per maund	1	0	0	
			Piece-goods per Re.	0	0	3	(3) Six green cocoanuts, six dry cocoanuts, hundred betel leaves and one seer of tobacco if brought for personal consumption by *bona fide* travellers.
			Sheep or goats each	0	1	6	(4) Piece-goods manufactured locally.

The following draft Bye-laws are framed by the Arkalgud Municipal Council under Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906 and are published for the information of public :—

Any resident within the area of the Arkalgud Municipality, who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft Bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Arkalgud Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

SANITATION BYE-LAWS OF THE ARKALGUD MUNICIPALITY.

Bye-laws framed by the Arkalgud Minor Municipality under Section (48) (n) of the Mysore Mnnicipal Regulation of 1906.

(1) No rubbish mentioned in Section 127 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited in any place or street other than Municipal dust-bins.

(2) Tiles, garden sweepings, branches of trees and thatch and night-soil shall not be deposited in Municipal dust-bins.

(3) Sullage, urine, etc., shall not be discharged into road side gutters without the special sanction of the President or Vice-President.

(4) Any person who shall be guilty of a breach of any of the above Bye-laws shall, on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(5) No person shall dry any bratties or cowdung cakes on the external walls of houses or yards or compound walls and any one infringing this Bye-law shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

(6) Any person easing himself or allowing any member of his family to ease either in, or in the vicinity of, any public streets, lanes and drains or in or outside any part of any public latrine other than in the trench made therein for the purpose, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first time and one rupee for the second time and two rupees for each succeeding offence.

(7) Persons affected with loathsome or infectious disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale any articles of food and drink either in markets or bazaars of the town, under a penalty on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence.

(8) Prohibiting milch kine and slaughter cattle being feed on stable litter, etc. The practice of feeding milch kine and cattle intended for slaughter on stable litter and other refuse is strictly prohibited, and any person residing within Municipal limits who may trangress this rule will on conviction before a Magistrate subject himself to a fine of Rs. 10 for the first and Rs. 20 for each succeeding offence.

(9) All persons holding houses or lands within the Municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channels in and about their premises free from obstruction, to remove all evident causes of malaria and everywhere to discontinue as a hedge the use of prickly-pear, alœ and milk hedge, etc., and to destroy these latter where they are at present existing. They shall also have their premises kept neat and tidy and free from prickly-pear and rank vegetation. All persons, who after due notice from the President or Vice-President, has been given, fail to comply with the provisions of this Bye-law shall on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

K. ABDULKHADIR KHAN,
President,
Municipal Council, Arkalgud.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 6342—*Ml.* 56-24-233, *dated* 28*th February* 1925.

Under Clause (*c*) of the Sub-Section (2) of Section 23 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, as amended by Regulation, V of 1918, and in supersession of the existing rules on the subject, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to make the following rules to regulate the election of the President and the Vice-President of a Town or Minor Municipal Council when the Government shall have directed that one or both of these office-bearers be elected by the Council :—

(1) The election shall take place—

(*a*) if the privilege of election is granted during the term of an existing Council, at a meeting of the Council held not later than two months from the date of the Government Order granting the privilege;

(*b*) when an elected President or Vice-President vacates office on the expiry of his term of office, at a meeting of the Council held not later than one month from the date of occurrence of the vacancy;

(*c*) in the case of a reconstituted Council enjoying the privilege, at a meeting of the Council not later than one month from the date of the reconstitution;

(*d*) when the office of an elected President or Vice-President becomes vacant under Sub-Section (7) of Section 23 of the Regulation, at a meeting of the Council held not later than two months from the date of occurrence of the vacancy; and

(*e*) when a fresh election is ordered under Rule (10) *infra*, at a meeting of the Council held not later than two months from the date of such order;

Provided that at least fifteen days' and not more than twenty days' notice of every such meeting shall be given during the said period of one or two months as the case may be, by the President for the time being, or in his absence by the Vice-President, or, in the absence of both of them, by the Chief Executive Officer of the Municipal Council.

(2) Every candidate for the office of President or Vice-President shall be nominated after the issue of such notice by at least two non-official members of the existing or reconstituted Council, as the case may be, in the following form, which shall be sent to the Chief Executive Officer of the Municipal Council at least seven days before the date of the meeting at which the election is to take place.

Municipality of.....

We, the undersigned, nominate.....as a candidate for the office of President or Vice-President at the election to be held on the.....day of.....192

Date..... Signed.....

Signed.....

(3) The names of candidates shall be notified at the Municipal Office at least five days before the day fixed for holding the election.

(4) The voting shall be by ballot and the election shall be decided by a majority of votes of the Councillors voting at the meeting; provided that the number of non-official Councillors present shall not be less than half of the total number of such Councillors.

No Councillor who is a Government servant and no candidate nominated for the office shall take part in the ballot. But a candidate may withdraw his candidature at any stage with or without the consent of his nominators and if he does so, he shall then be competent to take part in the ballot.

(5) The following procedure shall be adopted in conducting the election:—

(a) If only one candidate has been nominated, there shall be no balloting and such candidate shall be deemed to have been elected, provided that the number of non-official Councillors present shall not be less than half of the total number of such Councillors.

(b) If two or more candidates have been nominated, the votes shall be recorded as follows:—

Every Councillor wishing to vote shall, at the meeting, write on a slip of paper the name of the candidate he wishes to be elected to the office of President or Vice-President and place the same in a box so constructed that papers may be placed therein, but not extracted without the box being opened. The Presiding authority shall then open the box and count the votes in the presence of the Council. Any ballot paper, on which the names of more candidates than one are retained shall be invalid.

(c) If there are only two candidates and both of them have secured an equal number of votes, the proceedings shall be closed.

(d) If there are more than two candidates and no one of them has secured a majority of votes required by Rule (4), the ballot shall be repeated. At each successive ballot, the candidate who obtained the fewest votes at the preceding ballot shall be eliminated and he shall then be eligible to vote. If two or more candidates lowest on the list have obtained an equal number of votes, a separate ballot shall be taken in order to decide which of them should be eliminated. The elimination shall, if no candidate secures the prescribed majority of votes, be made until two candidates only are left. If the two candidates left after the elimination secure an equal number of votes the ballot shall not be further repeated.

(e) If only one candidate has been nominated and he is deemed to have been elected under paragraph (a) *supra*, or if as a result of the ballot any one of the candidates has secured a majority of the votes as required by Rule (4), the election of such candidate shall not take effect until the Government have notified their approval of the same.

(6) The result of the election shall be declared at the meeting immediately by the presiding authority and communicated by him without delay to the Deputy Commissioner of the District along with the minutes of the proceedings of the meeting with the names of the Councillors present.

(7) The validity of election may be contested by a petition signed by at least three Councillors and not otherwise, provided that such petition shall reach the Deputy Commissioner within seven days from the date of the election and shall allege specific grounds for setting aside the election on account of material irregularity in the conduct thereof.

(8) Upon receipt of such petition, the Deputy Commissioner shall enquire personally or by some other officer deputed by him not below the grade of an Assistant Commissioner into the validity of such objection or objections.

(9) When seven days from the date of election have expired, or, if any such petition as is described in Rule (7) above has been received, then upon the conclusion of the enquiry into the validity of such objection or objections the Deputy Commissioner shall report the proceedings, together with his opinion, to Government who shall pass such orders as they may think fit.

(10) The election shall be subject to the approval of Government. In the event of no election being made within prescribed period, or in the event of an election held not being approved by Government or in the event of two candidates securing an equal number of votes, Government may appoint the President or Vice-President, as the case may be, or, may order a fresh election.

No. L. 6414—Ml. 57-24-283, dated 3rd March 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, the Government are pleased to extend the term of the existing Municipal Council of Shimoga Town till the end of March 1925, to enable the Deputy Commissioner to submit his report on the election proceedings and the Government to pass orders regarding the reconstitution of the Council.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

No. 14.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 7TH FEBRUARY 1925, AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... ... 24 | Absent 5

Vacant—One.

The President in opening the proceedings of the day thanked the members of the Council for having elected him as President of this premier Municipality and addressed the Council in lucid terms regarding the needs of the City and the means by which they could be achieved and enlisted the co-operation of the Councillors and proposed on behalf of the Council a hearty vote of thanks to Messrs. B. Venkoba Rao, B. A., Deputy Commissioner Bangalore District and B. K. Garudachar the previous Presidents. This was seconded by Messrs. D. Venkataramiah and P. M. Basappa and was carried *nem con.*

2. After the President's speech was over, Messrs. C. N. Narasinga Rao, B. N. Vijaya Deva, J. R. Isaac, G. Paramasiviah, G. B. Raghavendrachar, V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, B. L. Byanna, P. Murugesam Pillay, S. N. M. Razvi, P. Subbarama Chetty, D. Venkataramiah and P. M. Basappa, all spoke on the good many improvements that are required for the City and expressed a hope that when the term of this new Council expired three years hence they would be in a position to say that they had done something towards the amelioration of the condition of the people of this important City. The Municipal Commissioner on behalf of the Executive said that they would also do their best in carrying out the instructions of the Council.

* * * *

ORDINARY SUBJECTS.

* * * *

Subject No. 8:—Office Memo, dated 16th January 1925 requesting that a sum of Rs. 13,794-7-10 be granted for payment of compensation for acquiring Door Nos. 7 and 7/1 on Hosakota Road for shop sites.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

9. Confirmation of sale of site No. 21, measuring 3,090 square yards in Visvesvarapuram Extension to Mr. Paul Chinnappa for Rs. 3,050.

Resolution.—Sale confirmed.

Subject No. 15.—Opinion of the Municipal City Improvement Committee dated 6th January 1925 recommending that a small portion of the covered main drain in Gundopanth Street be leased to the Central Mahomedan Association at an annual rent of one rupee.

Resolution.—The recommendation of the Municipal City Improvement Committee is sanctioned.

16. Special Engineer's Memo No. 734, dated 20th January 1925 forwarding the petition of Mr. Puttanna, Market Contractor and recommending for the excess payment of Rs. 3,708 over the sanctioned estimate for working item No. 44 as per tender for the market construction and also proposing that the height of central towers be increased by 2 feet and those of the side ones by 1½ feet at a cost of Rs. 5,016.

Resolution.—(1) Resolved that the question of increasing the heights of the towers be referred to the Chief Engineer for opinion.

(2) As regards the prayer of Mr. Puttanna for the excess payment of Rs. 3,708; Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa proposed an amendment that it might also be referred to the Chief Engineer. This was seconded by Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty. The amendment was lost three voting for and the rest against it. The recommendation of the Special Engineer was then put to vote and was lost as only one voted for it and the rest against it.

* * * *

19. Letter No. 7494, dated 15th November 1924 from the Chief Engineer inviting the opinion of the Municipal Council in the matter of remodelling the system of meter readings and excess water collection in the Water-Supply Division.

Resolution.—The system proposed by the Chief Engineer may be adopted.

* * * * *

No. 15.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON WEDNESDAY THE 11TH FEBRUARY 1925 AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... ... 24 | Absent 5

Vacant 1.

* * * * *

Subject No. 23.—Opinion of the Municipal City Improvement Committee dated 30th October 1924, recommending a rate of Re. 1 per square yard for the bits of Municipal margin lands on the west side of east end road between 4th and 7th cross roads in Malleswaram, in modification of Council resolution fixing the rate at Rs. 1-8-0 per square yard.

Resolution.—The recommendation of the Municipal City Improvement Committee is approved.

* * * * *

25. Letter dated 10th November 1924, from Mr. Narayana Prasad, L.M.S., Assistant Surgeon, Dewan's Staff, Bangalore, praying for the grant of site No. 279—1, Raiyats' Block, Malleswaram, at an upset price of Rs. 1,288-14-2.

Resolution.—After discussing the question whether the site can be sold at an upset price under the standing orders of Government, Mr. P. M. Basappa, proposed that the site should be sold in public auction subject to a minimum price of Rs. 1,288-14-2. This was seconded by Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, proposed an amendment that the word "subject to a minimum price of Rs. 1,288-14-2" be omitted. This was seconded by Mr. B. L. Byanna. The Chairman ruled that the said amendment was not in order, as it was a direct negative of the original proposition. The proposition of Mr. P. M. Basappa, was then put to vote and lost as 4 voted for and 15 against.

* * * * *

MOHAMMED ABBAS KHAN,
President.

32. Letter dated the 15th December 1924, from Mr. G. B. Raghavendra Char, B.A., Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following proposition:—"That in view of financial and other reasons, this Council resolves that the allowance of Rs. 250 per mensem hitherto granted to the President of the Municipality be discontinued and in view of disinterested service being secured for the Municipality, this Council resolves further that the elected President shall have "no other perquisites."

Resolution.—When this subject was taken up for discussion, Mr. Mohammed Abbas Khan, the President vacated the Chair and left the meeting.

Mr. D. Venkataramiah, B.A., L.T., was then unanimously voted to the Chair.

Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, explained his proposition which was seconded by Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao.

Mr. G. Paramasiviah, explained the necessity of giving an allowance to the President and proposed that the allowance of Rs. 250 hitherto paid to Mr. B. K. Garudachar, Honorary President be paid to the present incumbent.

Mr. B. L. Byanna proposed an amendment that the allowance be fixed at Rs. 150 instead of Rs. 250. This was seconded by Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa. Mr. S. N. Sitharama Rao, proposed a further amendment that the conveyance of the President may be maintained at the cost of the Municipality in view of the allowance now given to him.

The Chairman ruled the amendment out of order as it was a direct negative.

Messrs P. Subbarama Chetty, J. R. Isaac, Belur Srinivasaiengar and G. Siddaveerappa spoke against Mr. B. L. Byanna's amendment and Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa, spoke in favour of the amendment.

The amendment was then put to vote and was lost as only 3 voted for and the others against it.

Mr. G. Paramasiviah, proposed that the debate be closed and the proposition be put to votes. This was seconded by Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva. Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar, opposed the closure motion as there were still many members desirous of speaking on the subject.

The Chairman ruled that as there is provision in the Bye-laws for closure motion, the debate may be continued.

Several Councillors took part in the discussion of the subject and Mr. Raghavendrachar's proposition that no allowance need be given to the President was put to vote and was lost, as 3 voted for and 15 against it.

Mr. S. N. M. Razvi then proposed that an allowance of Rs. 250 be paid to the President as heretofore from the date of his entering on the President's duties.

This was seconded by Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar and was carried unanimously.

D. VENKATARAMIAH,
Chairman.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEETING OF THE BANGALORE DISTRICT BOARD, HELD ON THE 13TH FEBRUARY 1925.

Members.

Present ... ... 29 | Absent ... 19

1. Read proceedings of the last meeting.

Resolution.—Read and confirmed.

Deferred subjects.

1. Read Administration Report for 1923/24.

Resolution.—Deferred and resolved that it may be circulated among those members who apply for the same.

2. Read draft bye-laws framed by the Finance Committee under Section 38 *f* and *h* of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation.

Resolution.—Deferred.

* * * *

4. Read letter No. L. 326-7—L.B. 84-22-5, dated 16th July 1924 from Government regarding District Patrika.

Resolution.—Deferred to get the remaining references from the Deputy Commissioner.

5. Read letter No. 430 dated 24th March 1924 from the Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 26,000 for opening out fair weather road from Anekal to Harohalli to join Bangalore-Kankanhalli road with Taluk Board, resolution and with the note of the Vice-President, District Board, in the matter.

Resolution.—Resolved that it may be deferred for the inspection of the road by the President and for a report from him.

6. Read Executive Engineer's letter No. 211 dated 26—21th July 1924 *re* an estimate for Rs. 647 for special repairs of Bangalore-Magadi-Huliyurdrug road for 1924-25.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

(2) Read Executive Engineer's letter No. 1455 dated 14—16th January 1924, *re* forwarding an eetimate for Rs. 2,661 for special repairs of Bangalore-Magadi-Huliyurdrug road and stating that out of the said amount Rs. 2,000 is available from the reserve grant and that the balance may be granted.

Resolution.—As stated by the Executive Engineer at the meeting, the sum of Rs. 2,000 asked for this road may be transferred for Kankanhalli-Mysore Road from Special repair funds.

7. Read report No. 23 dated 18th August 1924 from the Taluk Board President, Closepet requesting that the road from Closepet to Magadi may be metalled as it is in a very bad condition and the Executive Engineer's memo No. 473 dated 8th September 1923.

Resolution.—Sanctioned and resolved that the cost to be spread over five years.

8. Read letter No. 642 dated 26—27th September 1924 from the Executive Engineer, Bangalore, *re* the estimate for special repairs of Bangalore-Mysore Road *via* Kankanhalli amounting to Rs. 12,379.

Resolution.—Sanctioned and resolved that the Electric Department may be requested to contribute half the estimate of these special repairs as on former occasions.

9. Read list of works of the Public Works Department sanctioned by the President subject to the approval of the Board as the Executive Engineer stated that they were urgent ones.

Resolution.—Confirmed (To be met out of special repairs fund for 1924-25.)

10 Read report No. 74—24-25 dated nil from the President, Dodballapur Taluk Board in the matter of metalling Kolar-Sompur road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

11. Read letter No 798, dated 16—17th October 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Bangalore, forwarding for countersignature the estimate for Rs. 110 for repairing the Local Fund Dispensary at Kankanhalli sanctioned on the 14th April 1923, by the then Executive Engineer, stating that the work has been completed.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

12. Read letter No. 8760, dated 12th December 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, in *re* the surveying charges in connection with the proposal to open out the road from Kodihalli to Hunasanahalli.

Resolution.—Resolved that the opening of the road may be deferred till funds improve.

13. Read report No. 106, dated nil from the President, Dodballapur Taluk Board, with the Taluk Board resolution in *re* the the repair of Kolar-Sompur road.

Resolution.—Resolved that it may be deferred for recasting the estimate by the Department of Public Works.

14. Read report No. 42, dated 11th September 1924, from the President, Magadi Taluk Board, in the matter of acquiring 7 acres and 17¾ guntas of land in Survey Nos. 88, 90, 91 and 92 at Kunnur village.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

15. Read report No. 152, dated 17th November 1924, from the President, Kankanhalli Taluk Board, in the matter of acquiring house by 9 x 4 yards and back yards by 42 x 4 of Mr. Naganna and vacant site by 15 x 11 of Khatedar Mr. Raghavendrappa at Kodihalli for formation of road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

16. Read report No. 61, dated 5th November 1924, from the President, Devanhalli Taluk Board, forwarding a re-appropriation statement for transferring Rs. 96-12-0 required for acquisition of land out of closing balance.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

17. Read report No. 160, dated 18th November 1924, from the President, Kankanhalli Taluk Board, in the matter of acquiring survey Nos. 83 and 84 in Kemmale village with the Chief Sanitary Inspector's opinion.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

18. Read report No. 47, dated 9th September 1924, from the President, Dodballapur Taluk Board with the Taluk Board resolution in the matter of establishment of Vaidyasalas in Hosahalli, Dodbelavangala and Kadanur villages.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

19. Read letter from Mr. D. S. Hanumantha Rao, District Board Member, Devanhalli, requesting that the Sub-Assistant Surgeon at Devanhalli be requested to visit Avati twice a week.

Resolution.—Resolved that this is not possible as the work of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon at Devanhalli would suffer.

20. Read letter No. 2277-81 dated the 28th August 1924, from the Registrar, Mysore University, requesting to inform whether the President could co-operate with the University Council and if so what amount the District Board are prepared to contribute towards the expenses of the Social Service exhibition in the cities of Mysore and Bangalore.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Board is not in favour of contributing any amount.

21. Read letter No. O. C. 4069—23-24, dated 4—5th December 1924, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore, calling for the views as to whether the Chatram at Closepet which was recently transferred to the control of the Taluk Board can be made over to the Sree Ramadevaru Temple of Ramgiri.

Resolution.—Resolved that it may be transferred to the temple on the condition that it should be kept open as a rest house for all communities.

22. Read audit objection statements of the comptroller for having audited the District Board accounts for 1922-23.

Resolution.—Resolved that it may be referred to the Finance Committee.

23. Read Office Memo for the purchase of Iron chest for keeping the imprest and undisbursed pay, etc., in safe custody.

Resolution.—Sanctioned (To be purchased within Rs. 200.)

24. Read letter No. 877, dated 4th September 1924, from the Superintendent, Bangalore Power and Lighting, forwarding a bill for Rs. 205-12-8 being the lighting charges relating to the portion of the building which the District Committee had occupied.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Board do not find its way to pay the amount as the bills do not relate to the District Board and as it is not a legitimate charge on the Board.

25. Regarding the holding of Taluk and District Conferences during the current year.

Resolution.—Resolved that the District Conference be held on 10th, 11th and 12th of April and Exhibition on 8th and 9th.

26. Read letter dated the 4th January 1925, from the Civic and Social Progress Association requesting that a suitable Lady of Middle class for training in practical midwifery in a Civic Association Hospital to be selected from the District for which a sum of Rs. 35 is to be paid per mensem for expenses.

Resolution.—Resolved that it may be referred to Taluk Boards requesting to give wide publicity if there are any applicants who wish to undergo training and work as Midwives in their own villages without guarantee of any employment.

27. Read report No. 181, dated 4th November 1924, from the President, Bangalore Taluk Board requesting sanction to re-appropriate Rs. 916 required for construction of stalls in Krishnarajapur and Addiganahalli shandy grounds out of the closing balance.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

28. Read report No. nil dated 27th August 1924, from the President, Bangalore Taluk Board forwarding Commission bill for 3-12-0 due to Shanbhog and Patel for the collection of Mohatarfa in Varthur Village Panchayet for 1919-20 and 1920-21.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

29. Read report No. 172, dated 25th September 1924, from the President, Bangalore Taluk Board, for Refund of Rs. 679-7-10, being the salary of the Tannery Sanitary Inspector paid by the Taluk Board out of their funds from September 1921 to October 1922.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

30. Read report No. 52, dated 13th August 1924, from the President, Bangalore Taluk Board *re* the increment roll of Sanitary Inspector Mr. L. S. Varadachar for the years 1920-21 and 1921-22.

Resolution.—Resolved that it may be deferred for want of full records.

31 Read report No. 229, dated 4th December 1924, from the President, Bangalore Taluk Board, requesting that sanction may be accorded to pay Rs. 432 being the Travelling Allowance of the Taluk Board members from November 1919 to June 1922 out of the closing balance.

Resolution.—Sanctioned as there is non-payment certificate. A report to be called for the information of the Board as to who was the clerk and why there was delay for the payment.

32. Read report No. 221 dated 3rd January 1925, from the President, Hoskote Taluk Board, with Taluk Board resolution requesting sanction for levying fees at one anna per head of cattle collected during Jatra at Upparahalli.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

33. Read report No. 76, dated nil from the President, Dodballapur Taluk Board, requesting that the salary paid to Mr. Ramanuja Iyengar during the time of suspension may be borne by the District Board.

Resolution.—Resolved that it may be deferred for full records.

34. Read report No. 72, dated nil from the President, Dodballapur Taluk Board, with the Taluk Board resolution requesting that half of the Education Cess realised in the Taluk may be left for the Taluk Board Administration.

Resolution.—Resolved that it is not possible as the expenditure for the Education of the full Taluk is met from this fund.

35. Read report No. 70 dated 9th October 1924, from the President, Devanhalli, *re* the refund of Local Cess due to the Devanhalli Taluk as per Comptroller's objections.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

36. Read report No. 329, dated 8th November 1924, from the President, Channapatna Taluk Board, requesting that other Taluk Boards and Municipal Councils may be consulted in the matter of levying double the existing rate of the fine for cattle trespass.

Resolution.—Resolved that it is not necessary.

37. Read report No. 365, dated 15th November 1924, from the President, Channapatna Taluk Board, requesting sanction for payment of Rs. 40 to the Reading Room newly established at Channapatna.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

38. Read report No. 338, dated 8th—12th November 1924, from the President, Channapatna Taluk, in the matter of establishment of Toll gates on the Abbur and Sathanur roads.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

39. Read report No. 96, dated 8th September 1924, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, requesting sanction for payment of Rs. 50 to popularise the use of artificial manure specially made for the paddy crop and this office No. 281, dated nil sanctioning the payment subject to the approval of the Board.

Resolution.—Confirmed. The Department may be requested to furnish details.

40. Read report No. 40, dated 13th August 1924, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, in *re* the increment roll of Sanitary Inspector G. Gopala Rao, for 1921-22.

Resolution.—Resolved that it may be deferred as the Vice-President wants to discuss the matter in detail.

41. Read report No. 190, dated 4th December 1924, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, with the Taluk Board resolution requesting sanction for the payment of Rs. 230 out of Taluk Board funds for repairing the reading room at Dommasundra, built by Mr. Razak Sab at his cost and handed over to Government and where the Panchayet Office is held.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

42. Read report No. 150, dated 30th October 1924, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, forwarding a refund bill for Rs. 12-10-0 being the Mohatarfa collected during 1920-21 and 1921-22 in Mantapa Village Panchayet as the same was abolished in G. O. No. 181—L. B. 9-21-103, dated 10 July 1922.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

43. Read report No. 199, dated 22nd January 1925, from the President, Nelamangala Taluk Board, forwarding for sanction, the resolution of the Taluk Board dated 18th January 1924 agreeing to pay Rs. 36 for the Visweswara Reading Room at Nelamangala.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

44. Read the following proposals of Mr. T. Ramachandra Rao, District Board member :—

(1) for contributing Rs. 100 out of District Board Funds for expenses for cattle show to be held during the Car Festival of Sri Ranganathaswamy at Magadi in April 1925.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

(2) for formation of a road from Kudur, Magadi Taluk to Honnadike, Tumkur Taluk, through Sugganahalli out of Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—Resolved that it may be referred to Taluk Board for opinion.

(c) for giving an additional teacher to Kudur Primary school as there are 120 boys.

Resolution —Withdrawn by the member as an extra teacher has already been given.

Additional Subjects.

1. Read report No. 84, dated 12th November 1924, from the President, Magadi Taluk Board, requesting sanction to keep the surplus amount of the Taluk Board in the Savings Bank.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

2. Read memo No. 538, dated nil from the Comptroller requesting that sanction of the District Board may be obtained for the contingent charges of Rs. 16 of Devanhalli Taluk from July 1919 to March 1920.

Resolution —Sanctioned.

3. Read letter No. C. 2987, dated 15th January 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore requesting sanction to transfer practical instruction class in Weaving sanctioned to Dodballapur in G. O. No. 671-2—Edn. 42-123-17, dated 19th August 1924, to Sarjapur.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

4. Read report No. 214, dated 16th December 1924, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, forwarding a refund bill for Rs. 23 being the Sale Proceeds of Manure at Chandapur shandy during 1917-18 as the sale was cancelled.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

5. Read report No. 481, dated 14th January 1925, from the Vice-President, Channapatna, with Taluk Board resolution requesting sanction to contribute Rs. 1,000 out of Taluk Board Funds to Town Hall at Channapatna as the building is not entirely a Municipal property or concern but it extends to the whole Taluk.

Resolution.—Resolved that a report on the Financial condition of the Taluk Board be sent for the information of the District Board and also the amount subscribed for the Hall with a list.

6. Read correspondence ending with letter No. C. 499-13, dated 28th January 1925, from the Sanitary Commissioner with the Government of Mysore in the matter of acquiring 2 acres of land in each of survey Nos. 18 and 27 at Dodnallal for Village Extension.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

7. Read memo No. H. C. 559, dated 20th January 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, in the matter of opening a female Dispensary at Kankanhalli and also letter No. G. C. 217-1, dated 4th February 1925, from the Senior Surgeon in the matter.

Resolution.—Resolved that it may be referred to Taluk Board and Municipality for their opinions.

8. Read letter No. L. 4897, dated the 10th January 1925, from the Secretary, Local and Legislative Departments, in the matter of repairing Channapatna Halagur Road.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 4,000 be sanctioned. The same to be spread over two years.

9. Read memo No. 619, dated 3rd February 1925, from the District Medical Officer, Bangalore, requesting sanction of the District Fund quota (1/3) of house rent of Rs. 25 to Sub-Assistant Surgeon of Basavangudi Dispensary.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

10. Read letter No. 1299, dated 31st January 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore enquiring whether the District Board are agreeable to include the construction of school building at Gantiganahalli, Dodballapur Taluk, in the comprehensive programme of buildings for Rs. 84,000.

Resolution.—Approved.

11. Read the following proposals of Mr. Chick Veeranna, a District Board member:—

(1) to metal the Devanhalli-Vadigenahalli road.

(2) To construct a new building for primary school at Vadigenahalli.

(3) To construct a bridge for Kodihalla and to form a road to Sidlaghatta *via* Melur.

Resolution.—Deferred as the mover was not present.

12. Read letter No. O. C. 213, dated 30th January—3rd February 1925 from the President, Kolar District, stating that arrangements have been made to form a road from Tornahalli in the Malur Taluk, up to the limits of that District and the work is in progress and requests that necessary arrangements may be made to form the road about 1½ miles in the Hoskote Taluk limits to join Bangalore-Madras road.

Resolution.—Resolved that an estimate may be called for.

* * * *

14. Office Memo for the purchase of two folded record racks and for entertainment of temporary establishment consisting of one clerk on Rs. 30 and a dufterbund on Rs. 15 for one year, as the old records have to be removed from the old District Office Buildings to this office, sorted and destroyed.

Resolution.—Resolved that a clerk on Rs. 25 be entertained for sorting the records

15. Read report No. 97, dated 1st October 1924, from the President, Nelamangala Taluk Board, forwarding a commission bill for Rs. 19-10-2, due to Patel and Shanbhog for having collected Mohatarfa in Sondekoppa Union, during 1920-21.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

16. Read D. O. dated 12th February 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, requesting that a grant of Rs. 150 may be granted from District Board Funds for expenses in connection with a cattle show arranged to be held on the occasion of the car festival of of Sri Thimmarayaswami.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 100 be paid.

17. Application of Mr. M. B. Gurulingaiya, dated 13th February 1925, at the meeting requesting that a contribution of Rs. 100 may be given out of District Board Fund for awarding prizes to the winners in the cattle show to be held during the car festival of Sri Sreeramadevaru in April in Clospet Sub-Taluk.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 50 be paid.

18. Application of Mr. B. Mallappa, dated 13th February 1925, at the meeting requesting that a contribution of Rs. 100 may be given out of District Board Funds for awarding prizes for cattle at Sri Honnadevi Jatra, Nelamangala Taluk.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 50 be paid.

Next meeting to be held on 15th of March 1925 (provisionally).

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SPECIAL MEETING OF THE BANGALORE DISTRICT BOARD HELD ON THE 14TH FEBRUARY 1925.

Present ... ... 32 | Absent 15

Read District Board resolution, dated 24—25th January 1925 *re* the imposition of Railway Cess for opening Rail from Bangalore to Hosur.

Resolution.—Mr. A. Hayes proposed "That this board is of opinion that the levy of Railway Cess at three pies per rupee is quite necessary for a period of five years only, to finance this Railway Project and resolved that the levy of same be recommended to Government.

This was seconded by Mr. Rao Saheb B. V. Venkataswami Naidu.

Carried unanimously.

B. ABDUR RAHMON,
President, District Board.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 27th February 1925.

Bye-laws for regulating the grant of licenses for sale of tobacco in the Mysore City.

The following Bye-laws framed under Section 48, Clause (*k*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as amended by Regulation No. IX of 1911 and VIII of 1914 and 1915, for regulating the grant of licenses for sale of tobacco in the Mysore City, and approved of in Government Proceedings No. L. 5979—Ml. 61-24-47, dated 12th February 1925, are hereby published for general information. These Bye-laws come into force from the 1st April 1925.—

Bye-laws.

Article for which license to be obtained.

1. It shall not be lawful for any person to sell, either by wholesale or retail, tobacco in any form liable to Octroi duty without a license.

For the purpose of this bye-law, the license fees per annum (official year) shall be as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
1. Wholesale dealers	5	0	0
2. Retail dealers	1	0	0

2. The conditions subject to which licenses are granted shall be as in the forms appended.

3. It shall be competent for the President to grant, suspend, withhold, withdraw or refuse licenses under these rules.

4. It shall not be lawful for any person to import, keep, sell or offer for sale tobacco in any form for which a license is required under these bye-laws after such license is refused, suspended, withdrawn or cancelled.

5. Any person infringing these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount shall not exceed Rs. 100.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Octroi Number			
License fee	5	0	0

Wholesale Octroi License.

Granted under the Octroi Bye-laws framed by the Mysore City Municipal Council, under Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation.

Name of License-holder.....

Residence.....

Name of vendor..... .....

You are hereby authorized to vend, by wholesale, subject to the provisions of the license .....issued from the Bonded Warehouse or Koti of the City of Mysore.

1. That this license shall only be in force till the 30th June 192 , and that it shall be exhibited to any octroi officer when he shall lawfully call for the same.

2. That due written notice of the despatch of all consignments of..... to your address and probable date of arrival within Municipal limits be given to the officer in charge of the City Bonded Warehouse, that these goods be brought within Municipal limits between the hours of 6 A.M. and 6 P.M., and by any of the public roads described in the schedule hereto annexed or by the railway, and that the parties in charge report themselves to the first ookad reached within Municipal limits, a peon from which will accompany the consignment to the Bonded Warehouse and that the importers or persons in charge of the consignments shall be bound to answer truly all lawful questions put by the Octroi Mutsaddi or the officer in charge of the City Bonded Warehouse.

3. That all octroi articles attempted to be introduced within Municipal limits after 6 P.M. and before 6 A.M., or by any other than the public roads described in the said schedule or by the railway, will be considered as contraband and treated accordingly.

4. That the article subject to octroi duty above mentioned shall not be introduced into your premises or place of business without payment of octroi thereon.

5. That when by this license you are authorised to vend tobacco in any form an account in the accompanying form shall be kept by you of all stock of tobacco imported and disposed of either by sale within the City or export beyond the Municipal limits and that such account shall be open to the inspection of any octroi officer above the grade of a peon and shall be submitted to the Bonded Warehouse on the 15th of every month for verification.

6. That no dutiable article.....intended for consumption in the City of Mysore shall, under any circumstances, be allowed to be deposited by you in any of the villages immediately beyond Municipal limits.

7. That this license be not transferable by sale, gift, mortgage or otherwise, and that no persons except such as are named herein shall have power to act under it.

8. That when by this license you are authorised to vend unmanufactured tobacco you shall weigh at least ten maunds of tobacco every month in the Koti.

9. That you shall deposit Rs. 100 as security for the due observance of the conditions of this license, the whole or part of it being forfeited as the President may direct for breach any one of the conditions of this license.

SCHEDULE.

Name of routes	Name of ookads or octroi posts
Railway Feeder Road	Railway Ookad
Ediga Road	Kempanakatte Ookad
Bangalore and Nilgiri Road ...	Veeranagere Ookad
Cemetery Road	Bangli Santri Ookad
Mahadevpur Road	Jalapuri Ookad
Bangalore and Mysore Road ...	Ittigegud Ookad
Race Course Road	Rona Santri Ookad
Nanjangud Road	Nanjangud Ookad
Do	Natchenahalli Ookad
Manatoddy Road	Chettanahalli Ookad
Bogadi Road	Kukkarahalli Ookad
Yelwal Road	Srirampet Ookad

FORM OF TOBACCO VENDOR'S STOCK ACCOUNT.

1	2	3						4			5			6		
		Tobacco						Cigars			Cigarettes			Beedies		
Date	Particulars of receipts and issues	Receipts		Issues		Balance		Receipts	Issues	Balance	Receipts	Issues	Balance	Receipts	Issues	Balance
		M.	S.	M.	S.	M.	S.									

Date	Particulars of receipts and issues	7						8						9					
		Tobacco stalks and powders						Goodack						Snuff					
		Receipts		Issues		Balance		Receipts		Issues		Balance		Receipts		Issues		Balance	
		M.	S.	M.	S.	M.	S.	M.	S.	M.	S.	M.	S.	M.	S.	M.	S.	M.	S.

No. Class. License Fee ... ... Rs. a. p. 1 0 0

Retail Octroi License.

Granted under the Octroi Bye-laws framed by the Mysore Municipal Council, under Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation.

Name of License-holder.....
Residence.....
Name of vendor.....
Residence.....

You are hereby authorized to store and vend, subject to the provisions of this license, the following articles on the premises No.....within the Municipal limits of the Mysore City.

1. That the said premises may be inspected by any Octroi Officer at any time in the manner prescribed by the Bye-laws.

2. That all.....in the said premises and purchased or sold by you shall have paid duty, and shall have been purchased at the Koti, or from a duly licensed vendor.

3. That no.....will be permitted to be stored or sold in any other than licensed premises and any.....found in an unlicensed premises will be considered as contraband and treated accordingly.

4. That this license shall only be in force for twelve months, *viz.*, from 1st July 19... to 30th June 19.....and that it shall be exhibited to any Octroi Officer when he shall lawfully call for the same.

5. That this license be not transferable by sale, gift, mortgage, or otherwise, and that no persons except such as are named herein shall have power to act under it.

6. The license-holder is required within fifteen days from the date of issue of this license to have a sign board put up in a conspicuous part of the premises occupied by him with the following inscriptions legibly painted thereon in English and Kanarese.

Number of License.....
Name.....
Licensed to sell.....

7. That when by this license you are authorised to vend unmanufactured tobacco you shall purchase at least one maund of tobacco every month in the Koti.

8. That you shall deposit Rs. 10 as security for the due observance of the conditions of this license the whole or part of it being forfeited as the President may direct for the breach of any one of the conditions of this license.

9. That when by this license you are authorised to vend tobacco in any form, an account shall be kept by you of all stock of tobacco purchased and sold and that such account shall be open to inspection of any Octroi Officer above the grade of peon.

10. That this license shall be liable to suspension or forfeiture for breach of any of the conditions or of the Octroi bye-laws.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President, City Municipal Council, Mysore.

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification No. D2. Dis. 212—*L. B.* 24-25, *dated* 3*rd March* 1925.

Under Rule 5 of the rules framed under Section 51 (*a*) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation VI of 1918, published in Government Notification No. 1048—L. B. 6-18-3, dated 16th July 1918, Mr. Shanbhog Manjappa is elected Chairman of Hariharpur Village Panchayet in the Koppa Taluk.

Notification No. L. B. 625—24-25, *dated* 3*rd March* 1925.

Under Rule 5 of the rules framed under Section 51(*a*) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation VI of 1918, published in Government Notification No. 1048—L. B. 6-18-3, dated 16th July 1918, Mr. Patremarada Range Gowda is elected as Chairman of the newly constituted Village Panchayet at Kuruvangi in the Chikmagalur Taluk in Government Order No. 3308—L. B. 9-24-15, dated 30th October 1924.

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEETING OF THE KADUR DISTRICT BOARD CONVENED ON THE 5TH FEBRUARY 1925.

Present 23 | Absent 6.

Vacant 1.

1. (a) Read Mudgere Taluk Board President's No. 534, dated 10th December 1924, suggesting the opening of a dispensary under the Malnad Improvement Scheme at Hirebyle in the Mudgere Taluk, (b) Letter dated 12th December 1924, from Mr. E. C. Kent of the Godda estate intimating his unwillingness the transferer his private dispensary from his estate to Hirebyle even if Government grant-in-aid of Rs. 100 per mensem was offered.

Resolution.—Deferred till next meeting.

2. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 154, dated 19th November 1924, recommending the establishment of a Village Panchayet at Karthikere in the Chikmagalur Taluk.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Taluk Board be requested to consult the villagers concerned and then consider the question of establishing a Panchayet.

3. Read Comptroller's Letter No. 546, dated 17th October 1924, demanding a payment of Rs. 1,201 towards the maintenance of Veterinary Dispensaries for the year 1923-24.

Resolution.—As the Board have paid their full quota, the Government may be requested to pay the difference from the Provincial fund.

4 Read Tarikere Taluk Board President's No. 185, dated 29th November 1924, recommending with consent of the Taluk Board that rent at the rate of Re. 1 from 1st May 1924, be recovered from the Midwife of Lingadahalli for her occupation of the Musafirkhana instead of 2 annas per diem.

Resolution.—Approved.

5. Read Koppa Taluk Board President's No. L. F. 117, dated 19th August 1924, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 824 for repairing the Third Class Travellers' Bungalow at Mathuli in the Koppa Taluk and reporting that the realization from the bungalow since 1915 up to the end of August 1924 was only Rs. 9-10-0 while the establishment charge of Rs. 96 per annum.

Resolution.—The bungalow may be abandoned and dismantled and sold.

6. Read Tarikere Taluk Board President's No. 184, dated 2nd December 1924, reporting their inability to pay Rs. 81 being a moiety of the cost of articles of furniture supplied to the Female Dispensary at Tarikere. This is a claim for the supply made during the previous year.

Resolutoin.—Sanctioned.

7. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 59, dated 6th November 1924, recommending the acquisition of 2 acres of land out of Survey No. 137 of Chikkolale Village in the Chikmagalur Taluk for village extension and Chief Sanitary Inspector's opinion thereon reporting the suitability of the site selected.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

8. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 188, dated 5th January 1925, forwarding a copy of the resolution of the Taluk Board, recommending the abolition of the 3rd Class Travellers' Bungalow at Virupakshikhan, in view of its very little utility for the travel, only six having halted in the bungalow since 1915.

Resolution.—Deferred till next meeting.

9. Read letter dated 4th January 1925, received from the Honorary Secretary, Social and Civic Progress Association, intimating the resolution of the Association to open a Hospital at Bangalore for training of ladies of middle class families in midwifery and requesting to select and send a suitable candidate for training the cost thereof, *viz.*, Rs. 35 per mensem being met by the District Board.

Resolution.—Resolved that a provision of Rs. 420 be made in the next year's budget for this purpose.

10. Read Mudgere Town Municipal President's No. 167, dated 10th January 1925, intimating that Mr. Abdul Ravoof Sahib, the owner of the building in which the Veterinary Dispensary at Mudgere is located, has agreed to accept a rent of Rs. 20 per mensem for one year and Rs. 25 thereafter and suggesting that a rent of Rs. 6 be recovered from the Veterinary Inspector in charge of the Dispensary for his occupation of a portion of the building for his residence the balance of Rs. 14 being borne by the District Board and the Municipality in the proportion of 2 to 1.

Resolution.—The Municipal President may be requested to ascertain from the Veterinary Inspector whether he is willing to pay the rent proposed to be recovered from him.

11. Read Mudgere Taluk Board President's No. 614, dated 9th January 1925, recommending the establishment of a cattle pound at Halekare village in the Mudgere Taluk.

Resolution.—Approved.

12. Read letter No. 1066, dated 23rd December 1924, received from the Inspector-General of Education forwarding for approval of the Board a modified programme of works proposed to be taken up during 24-25 in the Kadur District in connection with the utilization of a portion of the accumulated balances out of the Local Fund General.

Resolution—The Board regret their inability to pay for the works commenced without the Board's previous approval and prior to the Government Order sanctioning the grant of Rs. 15,000. The modified programme sent with the Inspector-General's letter No. 1066, dated 23rd December 1924 is approved.

13. Read letter No. 233, dated 17th January 1925, received from the Administrator, Sringeri Jahgir intimating that the Jahgir authorities are prepared to pay only ⅓rd of the cost of acquisition charges of a site for the construction of the dispensary at Sringeri.

Resolutoin.—The Board are not prepared to bear any portion of cost of acquisition of site. They will however pay ¼th of the cost of the building if it is constructed on the site opposite to the Police Station on the Terbidi (Car Street) selected some time ago.

14. (*a*) Read letter No. L. 597, dated 23rd July 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting the opinion of the Board as to the extent to which the existing rules relating to the registration of vital statistics issued in March 1916 might be adopted and whether they require any modifications, and (2) opinion from all the Taluk Boards intimating that the present rules need no modifications.

Resolutoin.—Referred to a Sub-Committee consisting of the District Medical Officer and Sanitary Officer and Mr. C. Sreenivasa Rao, (convener) and Mr. C. P. Basave Gowda, who will be requested to send their report early.

15. Read (1) Memo No. R. O. C. 969-A 22-23, dated 8th January 1923, from the Director of Agriculture forwarding copy of memo of the same date to the Assistant Director, Shimoga directing to refund the loan of Rs. 2,000 at once if this has not already been done. (2) Read letter No. 4908, dated 18th January 1925 from the Assistant Director of Agriculture, Shimoga requesting for the continuance of the loan of Rs. 2,000 granted to the department for a couple of years more.

Resolution.—Resolved that the loan may be continued for a couple of years more.

16. Read Resolution of the Finance Committee of the District Board suggesting the investment of a certain portion of the closing balance of the District Board in any of the Banks in Mysore with a view to augment the resources of the Board suggested by the 1st Member of Council.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 50,000 be invested in the Mysore Government Savings Bank.

17. Read the resolution of the Sub-Committee in the matter of financing the Kadur, Chikmagalur Railway. (2) Letter, dated 5th February 1925, from Mr. C. Vasudeva Rao, Coffee Planter, Chikmagalur, suggesting the construction of the Narrow Guage Railway.

Resolution.—Resolved that the report of the Sub-Committee be accepted and the Government moved to direct the construction of the Kadur-Chikmagalur line. The Government graciously making a grant to the District Board of half the cost of the line, the remaining half being found by the District Board.

18. Read Resolution No. 19 (*a*) of the District Board, dated 22nd January 1924, passed in respect of the increase of the annual contribution for the maintenance of Angadi-Devavrinda road from Rs. 50 to Rs. 100 as requested by Messrs. Arthur Durham of Angadi and E. B. Shank of Canajor Estates.

Resolution.—The grant of Rs. 50 cannot be increased to Rs. 100. The grant of Rs. 50 will be made if the contribution of Rs. 100 promised by Messrs. Durham and Shank is paid to the Board.

19. Read Resolution No. 19(3) in regard to the improvement of the section of the road from Canajor to Devavrinda at a cost of Rs. 1,500 during the current year from out of the Malnad Improvement grant and read Executive Engineer's letter No. 683, dated 3rd December 1924, forwarding estimates for the improvement of the section of the Angadi-Devavrinda road as well for the section from Canajor to Devavrinda for Rs. 470 and Rs. 1,650 respectively.

Resolution.—Deferred till the road now existing is formally taken over by the District Board.

20. Read travelling allowance bill of the Vice-President of the District Board for the month of December 1924, for sanction in respect of journeys about 50 miles.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

21. Read letter No. L. 4996—L. B. 94-24-5, dated 15th January 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments suggesting that provision be made in the next year's Budget for the construction of a compound wall to the Birur Local Fund Dispensary.

Resolution.—Will be considered at the Budget Meeting if the Birur Municipal Council are prepared to pay their quota.

22. Read Senior Surgeon's No. 377-43, dated 2nd December 1924, forwarding copy of his letter addressed to Government in regard to the construction of a combined dispensary at Tarikere and calling for the resolution of the District Board in respect of the site selected by him in consultation with the Presidents of the District Board and of the Municipal Council, Tarikere.

Resolution.—The Municipal Council of Tarikere may be consulted as to whether the combined dispensary may be built on the site of the old musafirkhana which is proposed to be demolished.

23. Read Tarikere Municipal President's No. 290, dated 26th January 1925, forwarding a copy of their resolution approving of the site and aggreeing to pay their quota of cost, *viz.*, ⅓rd towards the construction of the new building that may be required over the sale realization of the present dispensary building.

Resolution.—Deferred till next meeting.

24. Read Resolution, dated 15th December 1924, of the Sub-Committee of the District Board formed for considering the enhancement of mileage grants of the District Fund roads.

Resolution.—The resolution of the Sub-Committee should be submitted to Government for favourable consideration.

25. Read Chief Sanitary Inspector's letter No. 452, dated 22nd January 1925, applying for additional grants both under contingencies and travelling allowance of Rs. 200 and 300 respectively for the remaining period of the current year.

Resolution.—A recommendation may be sent to Government to increase the allotment.

26. Read Kadur Taluk Board President's No. 822, dated 23rd January 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Taluk Board requesting sanction to hold a permanent advance of Rs. 100 out of their own funds since the advance now held by them has to be refunded to the District Fund.

Resolution.—A permanent advance of Rs. 25 is sanctioned.

27. Read District Medical Officer's memo No. 2377, dated 22nd January 1925, recommending the increase of pay to the establishment of the Female Dispensary at Chikmagalur.

Resolution.—The proposed scale of pay may be recommended to Government.

28. Read District Magistrate's memo No. J. C. P. 128—24-25, dated 22nd January 1925, forwarding for opinion of the District Board the application of T. Rama Gowda praying for the grant of a license to run a ford motor lorry from Chikmagalur to Malandur on the Chikmagalur-Narasimharajapura road and the opinion of the Executive Engineer thereon.

Resolution.—The license may be granted on the lines proposed by the District Magistrate.

29. Read District Medical Officer's No. 2375, dated 22nd January 1925, recommending that the house rent for the Aldur Malnad Improvement Dispensary be raised from Rs. 8 to 12 with effect from 15th January 1925.

Resolution.—The rent may be increased from Rs. 8 to 12 per month as there is no other suitable building.

30. Read Kadur Taluk Board President's report No. 821, dated 23rd January 1925, forwarding for approval the resolution of the Taluk Board proposing to utilize a sum of Rs. 100 for the cattle show at Antharagatte.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

31. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 119, dated 21st January 1925, recommending the increase of pay of the Local Fund Clerk from Rs. 25 to Rs. 30 with effect from 1st January 1925.

Resolution.—May be taken up at the Budget Meeting.

32. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 120, dated 22nd January 1925, submitting with the resolution of the Taluk Board for sanction a reappropriation statement for Rs. 140 of which 130 is proposed to be met from the closing balance of the Taluk Board.

Resolution.—Rupees 100 may be sanctioned.

33. Read Chikmagalur Town Municipal President's No. H. C 106, dated 24th January 1925, recommending for reconsideration of Government Order No. L. 4136-8—Ml. 30-24-14, dated 6th December 1924, declining to sanction the extra grant of Rs. 25 from the Funds of the District Board proposed to be given to the Hindu Vaidyasala at Chikmagalur.

Resolution.—Deferred.

34. Read Tarikere Taluk Board President's No. 24, dated 18th January 1925, submitting for approval the resolution of the Taluk Board proposing to sell by auction the dilapidated musafirkhana at Tarikere.

Resolution.—The musafirkhana may be demolished. The question of utilizing the site for the combined dispensary will be considered in consultation with the Municipal Council.

35. Read Kadur Taluk Board President's No. 812, dated 25th January 1925, submitting for sanction the deviation statement in respect of sinking a well at Mavinahalli.

Resolution.— Sanctioned.

36. Read Tarikere Taluk Board President's No. 252, dated 25th January 1925, submitting for approval the resolution of the Taluk Board proposing to allow the compounder at Lakkavalli to occupy one of the rooms of the musafirkhana on a monthly rental of Rs. 2.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

37. Read correspondence ending with Comptroller's letter No. 571—L. A. D., dated 29th January 1925, demanding a payment of Rs. 390-13-0 on account of audit charges of the District Board for 1923-24.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

38. Read Narasimharajapura Taluk Board President's No. 486, dated 29th January 1925, submitting for sanction the resolution of the Taluk Board proposing to open a Unani Dispensary with a grant of Rs. 10 per month from out of the District Funds.

Resolution.—The Taluk Board may be requested to ascertain what contribution the Municipal Council will make for this purpose.

39. Read Narasimharajapura Taluk Board President's No. 467, dated 29th January 1925, recommending the retention of the musafirkhana at Tadasa which was resolved to be disposed of in view of its dangerous situation on the bank of the Bhadra River. (Resolution 28th July 1923.)

Resolution.—The musafirkhana may be allowed to stand as it is.

40. Read Narasimharajapura Taluk Board President's No. 460, dated 29th January 1925, submiting the resolution of the Taluk Board proposing to hold an imprest of Rs. 100 in lieu of the like sum now advanced by the District Board which is being withdrawn as suggested by the Comptroller.

Resolution.—An imprest of Rs. 25 may be sanctioned.

41. Read Narasimharajapura Taluk Board President's No. 459, dated 29th January 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Taluk Board suggesting the recovery of a contribution of a moiety of the cost of the maintenance of the Sanitary Establishment of the Taluk Board as in the case of Mudgere instead of Rs. 216 now offered by the Municipality.

Resolution.—The District Board are not prepared to pay more than their quota of the Sanitary Establishment.

42. Read Sanitary Commissioner's letter No. 322-4, dated 19th November 1924, calling for proposals regarding the areas to which the provisions of the Vaccination Regulation may be extended, and opinions from Taluk Boards suggesting its extension to all the Village Panchayet areas.

Resolution.—The opinion of the Taluk Board's is approved.

43. Read D. O. Letter No. St. 840, dated 17th December 1924, from the Inspector-General of Education appealing for contribution towards the cost of the Sri Krishnaraja All-India First Aid Trophy to encourage Scout Movement.

Resolution.—A contribution of Rs. 25, may be made.

44. Read resolutions of Taluk Boards to contribute towards the Trophy and requesting sanction to their resolutions.

	Rs.
1. Chikmagalur	10
2. Kadur	5
3. Tarikere	10
4. Koppa	5

Resolution.—Approved.

45. Read extracts from audit note of the District Fund accounts for 1922-23 :—

(1) Sanction of Government be obtained for having assigned the revenue and several functions to Taluk Boards under Section 37 of the Local Board Regulation.

Resolution.—Sanction of Government may be obtained.

(2) Suggesting the investment of the railway cess collections either as a fixed deposit in some Bank on a higher rate of the interest or in some liquid securities with the sanction of Government as the present rate of Savings Bank interest is only 5 per cent.

Resolution.—As the Board propose to utilise this amount for railway construction, the amount may be left in the Government Savings Bank.

(3) Sanction of Government be obtained for expenditure of Rs. 215-8-10 under contingencies and stationery both for the District Board and Ecomomic Development Branch for 1921-22.

Resolution.—Sanction may be applied for.

(4) Sanction of Government be obtained for an excess expenditure of Rs. 120-11-6 incurred in connection with the District Conference of 1923.

Resolution.— Sanction may be applied for.

(5) Disallowance of Rs. 29-12-0 from the travelling allowance paid to the Reserve Vaccinator in certain months for journeys of less than 20 miles and application dated 3rd February 1925, from the Reserve Vaccinator praying that mileages for these journeys were claimed in as much as he was not being paid any fixed travelling allowance as in the case of other vaccinators and prays that the Board be pleased to sanction the fixed travelling allowance at Rs. 8 per month from 1st July 1922, the year to which the disallowance relate.

Resolution.—The inadmissible amount already drawn should be recovered. Fixed travelling allowance may be given to this official in lieu of daily allowance.

(6) Sanction be obtained to the excess expenditure incurred in respect of certain items under administration and public safety and convenience during 1922-23 aggregating to a sum of Rs. 792-11-2.

Resolution.—Sanction may be applied for.

(7) The Malnad allowance of Rs. 2 per month sanctioned to the Reserve Vaccinator as per resolution No. 13, dated 25th November 1922, be sanctioned to take effect from 1st July 1922, from which date it has already been paid.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

46. Read resoultion of the Finance Committee held on 30th January 1925, proposing measures to augment the resources of the Board:—

(1) Transfer of certain District Fund roads for maintenance by Provincial Funds.

Vide Resolution No. 30. "The resolution of the Sub-Committee should be submitted to Government for favourable consideration."

(2) Transfer of 3rd class traveller's bungalows and musafirkhanas situated within the several Municipalities to the respective local bodies for maintenance.

Resolution.—Musafirkhanas may be transfered. Third class bungalows may not be tranferred.

(3) Contribution be recovered from Municipalities towards the cost of Local Fund Dispensaries and midwives located within their jurisdiction as well as of Sanitation and Vaccination Establishments and cost of vaccine lymph as these functions are obligatory on the part of the Municipalities concerned.

Resolution.—The Board consider that this should be done.

47. Read letter No. 849, dated 2nd February 1925, from the President, Municipal Council, Chikmagalur requesting for a grant of Rs. 200 for the Baby Show to be held at Chikmagalur in March 1925.

Resolution.—As it appears that this amount is required for the purchase of a magic lantern, the Board will purchase it and keep it for use in moffusil tracts.

48. Read letter No. 2565, dated 3rd February 1925, from the District Medical Officer, requesting that the allotment sanctioned for antirabic for treatment in the Budget of the Chikmagalur Taluk Board during the current year be raised from Rs. 50 to Rs. 100.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

49. Read letter No. C. 1151-5, dated 4th February 1925, from the Senior Surgeon, in Mysore, Bangalore, forwarding an extract of letter No. 2292, dated 18th January 1925, from the District Medical Officer, Kadur District, suggesting the transfer of the dispensary from Bidare to Sangameswarapet, and calling for the opinion of the District Board thereon.

Resolution.—The Board are in favour of the transfer of the dispensary to Sangameswarapet.

50. Read resolution No. 10 of the District Board passed at the meeting held on 22nd November 1924. The President explained that he had not addressed the Government in the matter and that he had come to an understanding with the Coffee Planters in the Jagarvalley to the effect that two instead of one road should be constructed starting from Bhuthanagundi one as far as Yathumalaguva Chowka and the other right up to the road leading to Mr. Sheshadri Shetty's estate, that Messrs. C. Vasudeva Rao, Malle Gowda and other planters had undertaken to construct the first road on a lumpsum contract of Rs. 2,000 that Messrs. Mahabalajois, Saldhana and others had undertaken to construct the other road for a similar amount. The President therefore requested the Board to make a grant of Rs. 2,000 this year for the first road from tha Malnad Improvement Funds.

Resolution.—President's action approved.

52. List of estimates for sanction :—

A. RECEIVED FROM THE PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

		Rs.
1.	For repairing the Sub Assistant Surgeon's quarters at Kalasa (half the cost to be met by the District Board) ..	58
2.	For supplying a dug-out boat to the Bhadra at Hebbe, (Sanctioned by the President in anticipation of Board's sanction. (Taluk Board to pay)	180
3.	For repairing the Local Fund Dispensary and in-patient wards at Kalasa. (Moiety of cost to be paid) ...	105
4.	Repairs to be executed to the Lady Apothecary's quarters at Chikmagalur. (⅓rd cost to be paid by the District Board)	110

FLOOD DAMAGE WORKS.

		Rs.
5.	Reconstructing a tunnel on the Bababudan Hill Road in place of the damaged one	450
6.	Special repairs to Koppa-Kalasapura Road	93

B. DRINKING WATER WELL WORKS. (DISTRICT BOARD).

1.	Estimate for sinking a well at Narve in the Koppa Taluk (a third of its cost is promised to be contributed by means of labour)	950
2.	Sinking a well for Panchamas at Malagar in the Koppa Taluk	733
3.	Repairing the well at Pundanahalli in the Tarikere Taluk (½ the cost is promised by the people.)	60
4.	Sinking a well for Panchamas at Antharagatte in the Kadur Taluk	400
5.	Sinking a well for Madigars at Huralihalli in the Tarikere Taluk	890
6.	Providing a pulley to the Gonibeed Local Fund well ...	3
7.	Repairing the well at Santhaveri in the Tarikere Taluk	48

OTHER WORKS. (DIRTRICT BOARD).

8.	Repairing the musafirkhana at Santhaveri in the Tarikere Taluk	477
9.	Constructing a cattle pound at Mylemane in the Chikmagalur Taluk	350
10.	Repairing the road leading from Javagal Road to Marle, the cost being borne by the Village Panchayet at Marle in the Chikmagalur Taluk	680

C. MALNAD IMPROVEMENT WORKS.

1.	Repairs to the Gonibeed Malnad Improvement well ...	12
2.	Constructing a parapet wall to the Kundur well in the Chikmagalur Taluk	216
3.	Constructing a parapet wall to the well at Huluvale in the Chikmagalur Taluk	157
4.	Constructing a parapet wall to the well at Kanathi in the Chikmagalur Taluk	190
5.	Constructing a parapet wall to the well at Hebballi in the Chikmagalur Taluk	91
6.	Estimate for opening a village Road from Hariharpur to Bhandigadi	5,500

Resolution.—

All estimates except Hariharpur-Bhandigadi Road are passed. This latter work requires further investigation.

Next Meeting. 20th April 1925.

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
President.

ARKALGUD MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The following draft Bye-laws are framed by the Arkalgud Minor Municipal Council under Section 48 of the Municipal Council of 1906 and are published for the information of the public:

Any resident within the area of the Arkalgud Municipality, who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft Bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Arkalgud Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

Bye-laws regarding the erection of buildings, pendals or other temporary structures on public streets and lands vested in the Municipal Council under Section 48P of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

(1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the Municipal limits of Arkalgud shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President.

(*a*) the position of building and appurtenant out-buildings to be erected on the land,

(*b*) the area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land,

(*c*) the names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings, and

(*d*) the number of the lot and the name of the block and street or road in which the land is situated.

(2) No foundation of a new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitous matter or the carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matter until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President shall in their opinion have become innocuous.

(3) No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

(4) No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, prickly pear or other objectionable plants or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

(5) No new building shall be erected by any person in a way that any portion of the said building encroaches upon a drain or a road.

(6) The eaves of buildings, sunshades to windows, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

(7) The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the outer edge of the side drain of the road and should be easily removeable for cleaning the drains.

CONSTRUCTION OF PRIVIES OR LATRINES.

(8) Every person who shall erect a new building shall in connection with such buildings as chattrams, agraharams and tenements, etc., construct such number of privies and in such a manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the President or Vice-President.

(9) A person who shall construct a new privy whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved by the President or Vice-President.

(10) Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the fore-going Bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extent to Rs. 200, on conviction before a Magistrate as provided in the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Section 96(5).

RE-PENDALS AND OTHER TEMPORARY STRUCTURES.

(1) No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purposes shall be erected in any street lane or public thoroughfare or in any place or in front of buildings so as to encroach more than three feet on Municipal drain or roads within the Municipal limits, without the written permission of the President or Vice-President, on receipt of application for permission to put up such structure, specifying the situation, size and other particulars, licenses will be issued by the President or Vice-President if they see no objection thereto on such conditions as they may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety on payment of the following fees :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
For a marriage pendal	1	0	0
For other pendals or structures	0	8	0

(2) No pendal shall occupy more than one-third of breadth of the road.

(3) No pendal shall ordinarily be allowed to stand for more than fifteen days. An extension of time may be granted on payment of half of the original fee, but not so as to exceed a month from the commencement.

(*a*) If at the expiration of time allowed in the license, or period granted in extension thereto on special application, the person that put up the structure does not remove it, the President or Vice-President shall issue a notice to the defaulter for its removal within such time as may be fixed by them in each case, at the end of which time they may have it removed and the cost of such removal shall be recoverable from the defaulter as a Municipal demand.

Any person who commits any breach of any of above Bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 5, for the first offence and Rs. 10 for each subsequent offences.

Re-erection of pendals on vacant lands within the Municipal limits for dramas, circus and other shows.

4. License for the erection of pendals for dramas, circuses or other shows may be given by the President or Vice-President in writing on receipt of application under the following conditions after charging a fee not exceeding Rs. 5, as license fees :—

Note—This Bye-law does not apply to pendals for Dasara, Moharram or other public purposes.

1. The license-holder shall keep the permit at the site occupied and produced when required by the President or Vice-President, or any Municipal Officer authorised by the President or Vice-President, for inspection.

2. A ground rent of Re. 1 per day will be charged from beginning to the end of the drama.

3. No license shall be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for that purpose to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

4. The President or Vice-President shall have the power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for the erection and occupation of the place as a theatre whenever they deem necessary in the interests of convenience and safety of the public generally or of the person inhabiting in or resorting to the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

5. Every person who shall commit any breach of the foregoing Bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, on conviction before a Magistrate.

The following draft Bye-laws are framed by the Arkalgud Municipal Council under Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906 and are published for the information of the public :—

Any resident within the area of the Arkalgud Municipality, who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft Bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Arkalgud Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

Octroi Bye-laws framed by the Minor Municipal Council of Arkalgud under Section 48 (k) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

1. The Municipal Council shall levy the octroi duty on the articles imported into the Municipal limits of Arkalgud at the rates specified in the Schedule A, hereto annexed and recognize the exemptions as provided for in the column 5 of it.

2. (*a*) The octroi limits for the purposes of collecting octroi shall be the Municipal limits.

(*b*) No article liable to octroi duty shall be brought within these limits except by one of the routes described in Schedule III.

3. Articles liable to octroi and brought within these limits shall be produced on arrival at the octroi house.

4. Such goods shall be liable to inspection at the octroi house when so brought. Every person bringing dutiable goods within the town shall report the fact to the octroi mutsaddi at the octroi house.

5. A table showing the octroi duty liable on various articles shall be exhibited at the octroi house in a conspicuous place and also be open to the inspection of any person at the Municipal Office.

6. When goods are brought to the octroi house they may be unloaded and weighed or counted by the officer in charge of the octroi office (the importer shall produce the invoice of such goods in duplicate) upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods, the importer shall either pay the amount due and receive a permit for the removal of the goods on shall deposit the same in the octroi house. When the duty is paid as above, a permit shall be granted by the officer in charge of the octroi office for the removal of the goods showing the quantity or weight of the goods, the amount paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. The fact of the receipt, shall also be noted on each copy of the duplicate pass. The invoice in original, shall be returned to the importer after the payment of duty collected has been noted thereon and the duplicate in like manner, bearing such entry shall be filed in the octroi house.

Octroi House.

7. The Municipal Council shall provide an octroi house for the custody of goods which may be deposited and the octroi house shall be open for transaction of business from morning till evening.

8. Any importer depositing goods on the octroi house shall, unless the officer in charge of octroi house, has previously by weighing, counting or appraising, ascertained the amount of octroi payable thereon give a declaration in the form appended (Schedule No. I) the description, weight, quantity and if necessary, the value of such goods.

9. A receipt in form appended (Schedule 2) shall be given by the officer in charge of the octroi office for all goods deposited in the octroi house and a register of all such goods shall be maintained. It is the duty of the depositor to obtain a receipt for articles deposited by him and the octroi department is not responsible for and goods left at the premises and not covered by a receipt.

10. Any person who has deposited goods in the octroi house may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the octroi house or may on paying full duty thereon import such goods into the town covered by a permit or may export such goods free, covered by an export pass, provided that new packages covered by such pass, shall if possible, and before they are taken from the octroi house, be stamped by the officer in charge so as to show that they are under bond. The export pass shall be in duplicate the original being retained by the officer in charge of the octroi house and the duplicate dilivered to the exporter. For every export pass granted under this rule a fee of one anna shall be charged.

11. No goods shall be allowed to leave the octroi house until the storage fees have been paid thereon under the following rules:—

(*i*) Goods shall be allowed remain 24 hours free of charge.

(*ii*) After that period rates as in the following schedule shall be charged for seven days.

	Rs.	a.	p.	
1. Tobacco, raw or manufatcured per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof	0	1	0	a day.
2. Piece-goods per bale	0	1	0	,,
3. Cocoanuts, dry per maund	0	0	6	,,
4. Cocoanuts per hundred	0	0	6	,,
5. Betel leaves per thousand	0	0	6	,,
6. Kerosene oil per tin	0	0	2	,,
7. Jaggery per maund	0	0	3	,,
8. Sugar per maund	0	0	3	,,

(*iii*) Double these rates shall be charged after seven days provided that the President may in his discretion allow a reduction in or exemption from such penal rates.

(*iv*) The date of admission and removal of goods shall reckon as one day. When the delay is caused by the inability of the officer in charge of the octroi house to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

12. All goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than two months shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the octroi house provided that, before selling such goods notice of the fact shall be posted for seven days at the octroi house and at the Municipal Office.

13. The Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to goods deposited in the octroi house, while such goods are being passed into or out of ware-house or while they remain therein unless such damages is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the ware-house keeper or other person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

Refunds.

14. No refunds shall be granted on articles other than piece-goods and the following rules regarding them shall be observed:—

All clothes which have paid duty in the Municipality shall be stamped so as to admit of their being identified or clothes on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported beyond octroi limits, refunds, shall subject to the following rules, be granted as the rates originally charged at the time of import. No claim will be entertained after a period of three months from the date of import of the article referred to above, and no refund shall be granted of any sum less than one rupee.

15. Any person claiming refund under the above rule shall produce the goods to be exported at the octroi office together with the original receipt, for octroi duty paid thereon and an application for refunds prepared in duplicate in such form and showing such particulars as the President may from time to time prescribe.

16. The officer in charge of the octroi house on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted, shall endorse the two parts of the application with an export pass, and keeping one part in the office, shall deliver the other part to the applicants.

17. All goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under free export pass under Bye-law No. 10 shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pass at the octroi house of exist.

18. In all cases in which refund is claimed, the duplicate pass duly endorsed as provided in Bye-law No. 10 must be produced at the octroi house by the person seeking the refund and if after due check the officer in charge of the octroi house is satisfied that a refund of octroi covered by such pass is duly payable, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President.

19. The Municipal Officer only, under the orders of the President or Vice-President may inspect the shops at all reasonable hours to see if there are any smuggled goods and the shop-keeper shall be bound to allow such inspection.

20. *Smuggling.*—The President, Municipal Council, Arkalgud, is empowered to award to any person who gives information leading to the detection of the offence of smuggling goods liable to octroi duty, a reward of one-half of the fine recovered and in special cases in which conviction is not secured but duty is recovered, half the amount of such duty and in special cases the full amount thereof at the discretion of the President.

21. *General.*—Importers of dutiable articles shall, if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the President or Vice-President, within one year of import, account for the articles received by them by producing either a permit or receipt obtained in token of payment of octroi duty or an export pass in proof of having exported the whole or the part of articles so received or otherwise. Any breach of this Bye-law will render the importer liable to punishment with a fine extending to ten times the value of octroi duty on such goods or a sum not exceeding Rs. 25 whichever may be greater and the payment of octroi duty on the article unaccounted for any person importing or exporting dutiable articles who infringes Bye-laws Nos. 3, 4, 6, 8 and 17 shall be liable for prosecution before any Magistrate under Section 161 to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE I.

To

The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office, Arkalgud Taluk.

Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the ware-house :—

No.	Name of depositor	Description of articles deposited	Distinguishing mark, if any	Weight		Quantity	Value	Remarks
				Maunds	Seers			

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of the Bye-laws relating to the deposit.

Witness..... Signature of Depositor.....
Signature..... Address.....
Address..... Date.....

SCHEDULE II.

Octroi Office, Arkalgud Town.

Received for deposit undermentioned goods from:.....

No.	Receipt No.	Consignment		Goods deposit (Note No.)	Name of articles	Description	Number of articles	Remarks
		No.	Date					

Date..... Octroi Manegar.....

SCHEDULE III.

Names of routes through which octroi goods have to be brought :—

1	Hole-Narsipur-Kodlipet road.	4	Hulikal-Arkalgud road *via* Salgeri.	Remarks
2	Marour-Arkalgud road.	5	Mallipatna-Hole-Narsipur road.	
3	Ramanathpur-Arkalgud road.	6	Hassan-Arkalgud road.	

SCHEDULE A.

No	Name of tax	Class of property liable	Amount for which or rate at which classes liable	Rs. a. p.	Exemption
1	Octroi	Articles specified in column 4	Fresh cocoanuts each	0 0 1	(1) Personal luggage of travellers, articles imported through the Post Office and goods *bona fide* property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by an invoice certified by the Departmental Head concerned that the property therein mentioned belongs to Government.
			Dry cocoanuts per maund	0 8 0	
			Betel leaves 100 leaves	0 0 1	
			Jaggery per maund	0 2 0	
			Sugar per maund	0 4 0	(2) Goods which are declared not to be intended for use or consumption within Municipal limits provided if such goods be not exported they shall pay the full duty.
			Kerosene oil and petrol per tin ..	0 2 0	
			Tobacco per maund	1 0 0	
			Piece-goods per Re.	0 0 3	(3) Six green cocoanuts, six dry cocoanuts, hundred betel leaves and one seer of tobacco if brought for personal consumption by *bona fide* travellers.
			Sheep or goats each	0 1 6	(4) Piece-goods manufactured locally.

The following draft Bye-laws are framed by the Arkalgud Municipal Council under Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906 and are published for the information of public :—

Any resident within the area of the Arkalgud Municipality, who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft Bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Arkalgud Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

SANITATION BYE-LAWS OF THE ARKALGUD MUNICIPALITY.

Bye-laws framed by the Arkalgud Minor Municipality under Section (48) (n) of the Mysore Mnnicipal Regulation of 1906.

(1) No rubbish mentioned in Section 127 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited in any place or street other than Municipal dust-bins.

(2) Tiles, garden sweepings, branches of trees and thatch and night-soil shall not be deposited in Municipal dust-bins.

(3) Sullage, urine, etc., shall not be discharged into road side gutters without the special sanction of the President or Vice-President.

(4) Any person who shall be guilty of a breach of any of the above Bye-laws shall, on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(5) No person shall dry any bratties or cowdung cakes on the external walls of houses or yards or compound walls and any one infringing this Bye-law shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

(6) Any person easing himself or allowing any member of his family to ease either in, or in the vicinity of, any public streets, lanes and drains or in or outside any part of any public latrine other than in the trench made therein for the purpose, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first time and one rupee for the second time and two rupees for each succeeding offence.

(7) Persons affected with loathsome or infectious disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale any articles of food and drink either in markets or bazaars of the town, under a penalty on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence.

(8) Prohibiting milch kine and slaughter cattle being feed on stable litter, etc. The practice of feeding milch kine and cattle intended for slaughter on stable litter and other refuse is strictly prohibited, and any person residing within Municipal limits who may trangress this rule will on conviction before a Magistrate subject himself to a fine of Rs. 10 for the first and Rs. 20 for each succeeding offence.

(9) All persons holding houses or lands within the Municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channels in and about their premises free from obstruction, to remove all evident causes of malaria and everywhere to discontinue as a hedge the use of prickly-pear, aloe and milk hedge, etc., and to destroy these latter where they are at present existing. They shall also have their premises kept neat and tidy and free from prickly-pear and rank vegetation. All persons, who after due notice from the President or Vice-President, has been given, fail to comply with the provisions of this Bye-law shall on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

K. ABDULKHADIR KHAN

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 6497—*Ml.* 56-24-237, *dated 9th March* 1925.

Under Rule (1) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. Nadig Raghavendrappa as Vice-President of the Honnali Municipal Council in the Shimoga District is approved.

No. L. 6495—*L. B.* 9-24-45, *dated 9th March* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Rules relating to the election of members to Village Panchayets issued with Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated the 13th July 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, are pleased to extend the term of the elected and nominated members of the marginally noted Village Panchayets in the Nelamangala Taluk of the Bangalore District till the end of April 1925.

Begur, Sondekoppa, Manne, Oblapura, Doddabele, Sompura.

No. L. 6605—*Ml.* 57-24-290, *dated 16th March* 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Government are pleased to extend the term of the existing Minor Municipal Council of Bhadravati till the end of March 1925, in order to facilitate the work of the Council pending its reconstitution.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

OFFICE OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE CITY.

Notice dated 12th March 1925.

CATTLE CENSUS OF 1925.

The public are hereby informed that Cattle Census will be taken in the Bangalore City on Saturday the 21st March 1925, and they are requested to afford all facilities and to furnish particulars regarding Agricultural Stock to the Enumerators and Supervisors, when they go round to write the Schedules.

M. G. KRISHNASWAMY RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

No. 17.

CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON MONDAY THE 16TH FEBRUARY 1925 AT 5 P.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present 19. | Absent 10.

Vacant 1.

Mr. M. L. Narasimhaiengar, B.A., B.E., Assistant Engineer, Bangalore City Distribution was present by special invitation. A few of the rate-payers of the II and III Divisions were also present at the meeting to represent their grievances about the insufficiency of water supply in their localities.

The President delivered an impressive speech in Kanarese, explaining to the rate payers present at the meeting the present difficult situation on account of water in the City, that the only way in which it could be improved was by duplicating the main from the pumping Station to the Jewell Filters that the Council have unanimously recognised the immediate need of duplicating the main, that the only question now for the consideration of the Council was to find out ways and means for meeting the expenditure required therefor, that the normal income of the Municipality was hardly sufficient to meet the ordinary expenditure of the Municipality and that there was no other course than raising a loan of Rs. 10 lakhs to meet this extraordinary expenditure and in furtherance of this view, proposed the following propositions and hoped the Council would unanimously approve of them.

1. Resolved that the proposals of Government communicated to the Municipal Council in their letter No. 6030, dated 4th February 1925 in regard to improving the arrangements now existing in connection with the Chamarajendra Water Works, Bangalore City, be generally accepted and the Council agree to finance it by raising a loan not exceeding rupees ten lakhs and providing interest and Sinking Fund charges therefor from the enhanced water and toll taxes and the additional water tax which might be levied on further extensions of the distribution system in the City.

2. Resolved further that the loan of rupees ten lakhs be made to run the period of thirty years from the date of its raising and that the interest payable on it be fixed at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent per annum.

3. Resolved also that Government be requested to arrange for a loan not exceeding ten lakhs as required by the Council for meeting the cost of the proposed improvements.

4. Resolved further that the Government be requested in view of the Council agreeing to their proposals and meeting the whole of the capital charges now required for the improvements suggested to agree to the loan period being fixed at thirty years as aforesaid and the rate of interest to be charged by them at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent per annum.

5. Resolved also that Government be requested to allow the Council to adopt the usual mode of repayment of loans of this nature by means of a Sinking Fund, the payment being annual and into a Bank approved by the Government and the Council. The details as to the amount to be paid, the date of payment and the like are to be agreed to between the Government and the Council after the scheme now proposed is approved by Government and the same made known to the Council.

6. Resolved further that the rate of water tax now charged be raised from 3 per cent to 6 per cent per annum from 1st July 1925 to meet the Sinking Fund and interest charges to be incurred on the proposed loan of rupees ten lakhs, the necessary preliminary steps as required by Section 60 being taken by the Council in this behalf.

7. Resolved further that the toll on vehicles and animals entering the City Municipal limits be doubled from 1st July 1925 to meet the Sinking Fund and interest charges aforesaid, the necessary preliminary steps being taken by the Council in this behalf as per Section 60 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

8. Resolved also that Government be requested to arrange for the loan proposed above at as early a date as may be possible so that the improvements may be completed without avoidable delay.

9. Resolved also that in view of the letter of the Chief Engineer to the Government of Mysore No. R. 3894, dated 16th October 1923, enclosing his estimates for reduplication of the main and urging the carrying out of this item of work as a matter of extreme necessity, Government be requested to direct this part of the work being put in hand at once.

10. Resolved further that the Government be requested to hand over the entire works to the Council after completing in full the improvements so that the control over the same may vest entirely in the Council at a date not later than 1st July 1926.

Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao seconded the propositions, reserving the right to speak later on. Mr. G. Paramasiviah supported it. Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar also spoke on the urgent necessity of improving the situation and said that he consulted the rate payers of his division and that though they at first hesitated to pay increased water rate, they later on agreed to it

having regard to the immense facilities which they would enjoy when an abundant supply of water was made available and that as regards the propositions moved from the chair he was of opinion that they should be taken up separately for consideration and put to vote, Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, while fully recognising the necessity of raising the main and of finding out ways and means of meeting the cost, suggested that that the Council should go into a Committee to consider in detail the various aspects of the question. Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty agreed with Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao. Mr. B. L. Byanna said that it was not desirable to increase the taxes and that he would propose that Government may be requested to extend their kind patronage of meeting the maintenance charges from the State Funds for a couple of years to come. Mr. C. K. Hutchappa said that immediate action must be taken for meeting the required expenditure. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa opposed the idea of raising a loan. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa felt the necessity of raising a loan and suggested that Government should be requested to meet half the expenses on this account. Mr. V. A. Krishnamurti Mudaliar recognised the necessity of raising a loan but said that the question of increasing the water tax should be considered only after tapping other sources of income.

Mr. M. L. Narasimhiengar, Assistant Engineer, explained the necessity of tackling the question immediately and said that if it should be postponed, Bangalore City might have to face a most difficult situation as they might not get water some five or six months afterwards. Mr. D. Venkataramiah then proposed the following amendment in the first proposition moved from the Chair.

That the words "from the enhanced water and toll taxes, etc." to the end of the sentence be omitted. This was seconded by Mr. V. A. Krishnamurti Mudaliar. The President accepted the amendment, which accordingly became the main proposition and read thus :—

I "Resolved that the proposals of Government communicated in the Municipal Council in their letter No. 6030—P. P. 30-24-10, dated 4th February 1925, in regard to improving the arrangements now existing in connection with the Chamarajendra Water Works, Bangalore City, be generally accepted and the Council agree to finance it by raising a loan not exceeding rupees ten lakhs and providing interest and Sinking Fund charges therefor."

This proposition was put to vote and was carried. Fifteen voting "for" and 3 "against" it.

Messrs. B. L. Byanna and W. H. Hanumanthappa demanded a poll. The following fifteen Councillors voted for the proposition :—1, The President, 2. Mr. G. Muniappa, 3. Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar, 4. Mr. C. K. Hutchappa, 5. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, 6. Mr G. Paramasiviah, 7. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, 8. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, 9. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, 10. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 11. Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, 12. Mr. P. M. Basappa, 13. Mr. D. Venkataramiah, 14. Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, and 15. Mr. C. Chiknanjundappa.

The following voted against :—

1. Mr. B. L. Byanna, 2. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa, and 3. Mr. S Venkataranga Iyengar.

II. The following proposition was then proposed by Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao and seconded by Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar and was carried unanimously.

"Resolvsd further that the above resolution be referred to a Special Committee of the Municipal Council consisting of the following members, who shall report to the Council within eight days from this date on the following points :—

(1) The mode of raising the said loan ;
(2) The rate of interest to be paid on it and the period for which it should be obtained ;
(3) The mode of repayment of the said loan ;
(4) The ways and means for meeting the Sinking Fund and interest charges on the said loan including any grant from Government in this behalf ;
(5) The date from which any proposed taxes should be levied ;
(6) The Special Committee to have power to make such other proposals which they might deem essential for giving effect to the above resolution.

The Special Committee was composed of the following nine members :—

(1) The President, (2) Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, (3) Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar, (4) Mr. B. L. Byanna, (5) Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar, (6) Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, (7) Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, (8) Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao and (9) The Municipal Commissioner.

No. 16.

PROCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 14TH FEBRUARY 1925 AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER

Members.

Present ... ... 23 | Absent 6

Vacant—One.

Mr. John Bhore, Chief Engineer, was present by special invitation.

The following Government Orders were placed before the Council for consideration.

1. Government Order No. L. 5242-46—Ml. 131-24-3, dated 22nd January 1925 directing that the maintenance charges of water-supply to the two City Municipalities be borne from State Funds in the current year and that the two Municipal Councils should bear the whole charges from 1st July 1925 and calling for the view of the Municipal Council, Bangalore City, on the Chief Engineer's recommendation regarding the additional income of Rs. 1,32,000 required to meet the full maintenance charges of the water-supply.

2. Letter No. G. 6030—P. P. 30-24-10, dated 4th February 1925, from the Chief Secretary to Government requesting the views of the Municipal Council regarding the improvements necessary to be made in the existing system of water-supply and how they propose to finance the scheme, which is likely to cost 10 to 12 lakhs, so far as the City is concerned.

1. At the very outset, Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar said that the people were still suffering from the effects of the great European War, that the prices of food stuffs had not gone down and that during the next two years—Krodhana and Akshaya—the conditions might be still worse and added that the Government should be requested to continue to keep the control of the water-supply under them.

2. The President in a long and forcible speech explained that during his recent inspections in the several parts of the City he had received numerous complaints of insufficiency of the existing water-supply, that the sight of women and children scrambling together in the hot sun near the public fountains for long hours to get a pot of water was very pitiful, that the Government had been repeatedly reminding the Council of its primary duty in that direction, and that the time had now arrived when the situation must be tackled in right earnest, without further loss of time and requested the Chief Engineer to kindly explain to the Council the causes that had led to the present difficult situation and what course he would suggest for adoption to overcome it.

3. Mr. John Bhore, the Chief Engineer, explained that the consumption of water in Bangalore was increasing day by day that the Rising Main was laid more than 30 years ago, that it had badly deteriorated in several places, that attemps to force a larger quantity of water had resulted in a good number of bursts along the main causing much inconvenience to the public, that the maximum quantity of water which could be pumped safely was only 1·6 million gallons per day, whereas the requirements of the City ran up to nearly 2 million gallons, that the Water Works Department were purchasing water from the Civil and Military Station to meet the deficiency, that the question of duplicating the Rising Main had been under consideration for the last 7 or 8 years, that the situation had now become very acute, that it would under no circumstances be safe to postpone the scheme, that the Department was losing Rs. 97-9-0 every day or nearly Rs. 35,000 per annum for electric power paid for but not consumed, that the improvements now under consideration as regards storage works, improvements to the duct etc., were all necessary, but that the most urgent work so far as the City was concerned was the duplication of the Rising Main and that until this was done, there could be no possibility of giving the City the minimum daily quantity required namely 1·75 million gallons.

4. After an exhaustive discussion of the *pros* and *cons* by several Councillors, the following resolution was proposed by Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar and seconded by Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar:—

"Resolved that this Council recognises the immediate need of duplicating the Rising Main at a cost not exceeding 7 lakhs of rupees as recommended by the Chief Engineer."

5. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa proposed an amendment that the words "at a cost not exceeding 7 lakhs of rupees" be omitted and that the words "between the pumping station and the Combined Jewel Filters be added after the words "rising main". The amendment would read thus:—

"Resolved that this Council recognises the immediate need of duplicating the Rising Main between the pumping station and the Combined Jewel Filters."

This was seconded by Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar.

6. At this stage, Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa proposed an adjournment which was seconded by Mr. B. L. Byanna. The proposal for adjournment was lost, as only 5 voted "for" and 14 "against" it. Messrs. S. N. M. Razvi and C. Hayavadana Rao demanded a poll.

The following voted for the adjournment:—Messrs. (1) W. H. Hanumanthappa, (2) B. L. Byanna, (3) S. N. M. Razvi, (4) S. Venkatarangiengar, and (5) B. V. Krishniengar.

The following voted against it:—(1) The President, Messrs. (2) Belur Srinivasaiengar, (3) B. N. Vijaya Deva, (4) C. N. Narasinga Rao, (5) V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, (6) M. C. Chiknanjundappa, (7) C. K. Hutchappa, (8) G. Siddaveerappa, (9) Rev. W. H. Thorp, (10) R. Gopalaswami Iyer, (11) P. M. Basappa, (12) P. Murugesam Pillay, (13) C. Hayavadana Rao and (14) D. Venkataramaiah.

7. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar proposed further amendment, *viz.*, that the words "between the Pumping Station and the Combined Jewel Filters" in Mr. G. Siddaveerappa's proposition be omitted. This was seconded by Mr. B. L. Byanna. But this amendment was lost as only 4 voted "for" and the rest "against" it.

8. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa's amendment which was eventually accepted by Messrs. Belur Srinivasaiengar and S. Venkatarangiengar, the mover and the seconder respectively of the original proposition was put to vote and carried unanimously.

9. At this stage, the Municipal Commissioner observed that he was glad that the Council recognized the urgency of the situation and passed the above resolution, thus saving themselves of being reminded of their responsibility under Sections 54 and 176 of the Municipal Regulation.

10. The President then explained that the next question for consideration was how to raise the amount required for duplicating the said main.

At this stage, the Council agreed to adjourn to Monday the 16th February 1925 at 5 P.M. for further discussion, as it was already 11 A.M.

No. 19.

PROCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 28TH FEBRUARY 1925 AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 22 | Absent ... 7 | Vacant 1

Subjects.

1. Consideration of the accompanying Report of the Special Committee appointed on 16th February 1925 to consider the ways and means of financing the scheme of improving the Water-supply, Bangalore City.

PROCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL COMMITTEE OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, APPOINTED TO CONSIDER THE WAYS AND MEANS FOR FINANCING THE SCHEME OF IMPROVING THE WATER SUPPLY, BANGALORE CITY.

Present ... ... 9 | Absent 2

The following resolutions were carried out unanimously:—

(1) Resolved that Government be requested to arrange for a loan not exceeding Rs. 10 lakhs for meeting the cost of the proposed improvements to the Sri Chamarajendra Water Works, Bangalore City.

(2) Resolved further that the loan of Rs. 10 lakhs to be raised by the Government for the Council be made to run for a period of 30 years from the date of raising and that the interest payable on it be fixed at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent per annum in view of the Council agreeing to the proposals of Government in this behalf and meeting the whole of the capital charges now required for the improvements.

(3) Resolved also that Government be requesed to allow the Council to adopt the usual mode of repayment of loans of this nature by means of a Sinking Fund, the payment being annual and into a Bank approved by the Government and the Council. The details as to the amount to be paid, the date of payment and the like are to be agreed to between the Government and the Council after the scheme is approved by Government and the approval made known to the Council.

(4) Resolved further that the following new charges A. B. C. and D be levied and the undernoted amendments to the Schedule A of the Schedule of Taxes (Pages 47 to 51 of the Rules and Bye-laws of the Council) to adopted with a view to realise the additional revenue required to meet the cost of the improvements to wit as follows:—

A. *House Connection Charges.*—A flat rate of 8 annas per month as a charge for every house connection irrespective of consumption to be levied and recovered from 1st July 1925, the excess water charges being collected as hitherto.

The approximate revenue expected from this is Rs. 28,000. The minimum house assessment entitling for a house connection be reduced from Rs. 100 to Rs. 60 per annum.

B. *Supply to Government Institutions.*—All Government Institutions shall be charged at a concession rate of 8 annas per 1,000 gallons, for *all* water drawn by them. This will yield an income of Rs. 9,000.

C. *New Taxes.*—On Coffee Hotels, Messing Hotels, Private Cart-stands, Private Markets, as per revised Bye-laws under consideration.

This is expected to yield an annual revenue of about Rs. 2,000.

D. *New Taxes.*—On Cinemas, Dramatic Performances, Circusses, etc., at the rates proposed in the revised Bye-laws.

This is expected to yield Rs. 1,500.

(1) The rate on item No. 3, under "Tolls on Vehicles and Animals" in the Rules and Bye-laws, be raised from 2 annas to 4 annas.

(2) The rate on item No. 4 from 1 anna to 2 annas.
(3) do 5 from 4 annas to 8 annas.
(4) do 6 from 2 annas to 4 annas.
(5) do 7 from 2 annas to 4 annas.
(6) do 8 from 1 anna to 2 annas.

This is expected to yield an additional revenue of Rs. 15,000 to Rs. 20,000.

To come into force from 1st July 1925.

(*ii*) *Revised vacant site rate.*—The rate on vacant sites to be raised from 4 annas to 8 annas per 100 square yards.

This is expected to yield an additional revenue of Rs. 1,500.

To come into force from 1st July 1925.

(*iii*) *Revised water Rate.*—The water-rate to be increased from 3 per cent to 5 per cent on the rental value of the buildings; from 3/5ths to 1 per cent of the building tax in the case of vacant sites; and in regard to buildings used as shops and mandies from 1 per cent to 1 2/5 per cent on their rental value.

This is likely to yield an increased revenue of Rs. 33,500.

To come into force from 1st July 1925.

(5) Resolved also that out of the approximate additional revenue of Rs. 96,000 calculated to yield from the above additional charges and alterations in the schedule of taxes proposed, the sum of Rs. 83,000, required to meet the Sinking fund (Rs 33,000) and interest charges (Rs. 50,000) be set apart and the balance of Rs. 13,000 be funded separately to meet the cost of renewals and depreciation.

(6) Resolved further that in view of the Council agreeing to meet the whole of the capital charges totalling in the aggregate so large a sum as Rs. 10 lakhs and agreeing to meet its repayment both principal and interest from its own slender and inexpanding resources especially, at a time when the conditions of trade are unfavourable and its own finances none too strong, Government be most earnestly and respectfully requested to make a free contribution of one-fourth of the proposed loan of Rs. 10 lakhs, especially as the City is a metropolitan one and is the administrative capital of the State attracting to itself a large number of people throughout the year.

(7) Resolved also that Government be requested to arrange for the loan proposed above at as early a date as may be possible so that the improvements may be completed without avoidable delay.

(8) Resolved also that in view of the letter of the Cheif Engineer to the Government of Mysore No. R. 3894, dated 16th October 1923, enclosing his estimates for duplication of the rising main and urging the carrying out of this item of work as a matter of extreme necessity, Government requested to direct this part of the work being put in hand at once.

(9) Resolved further that the Government be requested to hand over the entire works to the Council after completing in full the improvements so that the control over the same may vest entirely in the Council from 1st July 1926.

MOHAMMED ABBAS KHAN, (President),
M. G. KRISHNASAMI RAO,
C. HAYAVADANA RAO,
C. N. NARASINGA RAO,
P. SUBBARAMA CHETTY,
S. VENKATARANGAIENGAR,
B. L. BYANNA.

20-2-1925.

I. As regards resolution No. (1) of the Committee, Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Scindia, proposed an amendment that the words "Rs. 5 lakhs" be substituted for "Rs. 10 lakhs". The President ruled the amendment out of order.

Mr. J. R. Isaac proposed that the words "less Government grant" be inserted after the words "Rs. 10 lakhs". This was seconded by Mr. V. A. Krishnamurti Mudaliar and was carried unanimously.

II. Resolved unanimously that the words "less Government grant" be inserted after the words "Rs. 10 lakhs" and the words "in view of the Council agreeing, etc., the improvements" be omitted in Resolution No. 2 of the Committee.

III. Resolution No. 3 of the Committee was approved unanimously.

IV. As regards resolution No. 6 of the Committee *re* the contribution from Government, Mr. S. N. M. Razvi proposed and Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao, seconded an amendment that the word "one-half" be substituted for "one-fourth".

Mr. J. R. Isaac proposed a further amendment that the word "one-third" be substituted for "one-fourth". This was seconded by Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar.

After some discussion, Messrs S. N. M. Razvi and S. N. Seetharama Rao the mover and the seconder of the first amendment accepted the seconded amendment, which was put to vote and carried, 19 voting "for" and 2 "against".

Messrs G. Paramasiviah and Belur Srinivasaiengar demanded a poll.

The following voted "for" the proposition :—

(1) The President, (2) Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao, (3) Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar, (4) Mr. B. N. Vijaya Deva, (5) Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, (6) Mr. P. Subbaramachetty, (7) Mr. G. Muniyappa, (8) Mr. C. K. Hutchappa, (9) Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, (10) Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, (11) Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer, (12) Mr. J. R. Isaac, (13) Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon, (14) Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, (15) Mr. P. M. Basappa, (16) Mr. G. Paramasiviah, (17) Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar, (18) Mr. D. Venkataramaiah and (19) Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao.

The following voted against the proposition :—

(1) Mr. B. L. Byanna, (2) Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar.

V. As regards resolution No. 4 of the Committee regarding the ways and means for meeting the Sinking Fund charges, etc., the following resolutions were passed :—

A. House connection charges.—Mr. C. Paramasiviah proposed and Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar seconded that "a flat rate of 4 annas per month be levied and recovered from 1st July 1925, as a charge for every house connection already given and to be given, the excess water charges being also collected, provided that the existing minimum house assessment fixed for a house connection be abolished, other conditions remaining the same.

Mr. B. L. Byanna proposed an amendment that the flat rate of 4 annas be levied from 1st July 1926. The amendment was lost for want of a seconder.

The original proposition was put to vote and carried, 12 voting "for" and 5 "against".

Excess water charges.—As regards water used in excess of the free allowance, Mr. G. Paramasiviah proposed that the existing rate be raised from 12 annas to Rs. 1-8-0 from 1st July 1925, for every 1,000 gallons. This was seconded by Mr. G. Siddaveerappa.

Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, proposed an amendment that it be raised from 12 annas to Re. 1. This was seconded by Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar.

This amendment was lost as 8 voted "for" and 9 "against" it.

The original proposition of Mr. G. Paramasiviah for doubling the existing excess water charges was then put to vote and was also lost, as 8 voted "for" and 9 "against" it.

Messrs B. L. Byanna and G. Paramasiviah demanded a poll. The following 8 voted "for" the proposition :—

(1) Mr. G. Paramasiviah, (2) Mr. B. L. Byanna, (3) Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, (4) Mr. G. Muniyappa, (5) Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, (6) Mr. B. Abdur Rahimon, (7) Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, and (8) Mr. S. N. M. Razvi.

The following 9 voted "against":—(1) Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao, (2) Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar, (3) Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, (4) Mr. R. M. Basappa, (5) Mr. R. Gopalasami Iyer, (6) Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, (7) Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar, (8) Mr. D. Venkataramiah and (9) Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao.

Further consideration of the subject was adjourned to Saturday the 7th March 1925 at 8 A.M.

MOHAMMED ABBAS KHAN,
President.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated Camp Sravanabelcgola, 11th March 1925.

Under the provisions of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the Rules framed thereunder, Mr. Srinivasiengar, Shanbhog of Bittanahalli has been declared elected as Chairman of the Heragu Village Panchayet, Hassan Taluk, during the present term of its reconstitution.

Notification dated 6th March 1925.

Under Section 49 (2) (*b*) of the Mysore Local Board and Village Panchayets Regulation the Patel and the Shanbhog of the Kattaya village, have been nominated as members of the Kattaya Village Panchayet, Hassan Taluk, during the term of its present reconstitution, as sanctioned in G. O. No. L. 6332—L. B. 9-24-40, dated 26th February 1925.

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

ARKALGUD MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

The following draft Bye-laws are framed by the Arkalgud Minor Municipal Council under Section 48 of the Municipal Council of 1906 and are published for the information of the public:

Any resident within the area of the Arkalgud Municipality, who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft Bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Arkalgud Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

Bye-laws regarding the erection of buildings, pendals or other temporary structures on public streets and lands vested in the Municipal Council under Section 48P of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

(1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the Municipal limits of Arkalgud shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President.

(*a*) the position of building and appurtenant out-buildings to be erected on the land,

(*b*) the area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land,

(*c*) the names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings, and

(*d*) the number of the lot and the name of the block and street or road in which the land is situated.

(2) No foundation of a new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitous matter or the carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matter until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President shall in their opinion have become innocuous.

(3) No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

(4) No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, prickly pear or other objectionable plants or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

(5) No new building shall be erected by any person in a way that any portion of the said building encroaches upon a drain or a road.

(6) The eaves of buildings, sunshades to windows, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

(7) The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the outer edge of the side drain of the road and should be easily removeable for cleaning the drains.

CONSTRUCTION OF PRIVIES OR LATRINES.

(8) Every person who shall erect a new building shall in connection with such buildings as chattrams, agraharams and tenements, etc., construct such number of privies and in such a manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the President or Vice-President.

(9) A person who shall construct a new privy whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved by the President or Vice-President.

(10) Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the fore-going Bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extent to Rs. 200, on conviction before a Magistrate as provided in the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Section 96(5).

RE-PENDALS AND OTHER TEMPORARY STRUCTURES.

(1) No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purposes shall be erected in any street lane or public thoroughfare or in any place or in front of buildings so as to encroach more than three feet on Municipal drain or roads within the Municipal limits, without the written permission of the President or Vice-President, on receipt of application for permission to put up such structure, specifying the situation, size and other particulars, icens es will be issued by the President or Vice-President if they see no objection thereto on such conditions as they may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety on payment of the following fees :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
For a marriage pendal	1	0	0
For other pendals or structures	0	8	0

(2) No pendal shall occupy more than one-third of breadth of the road.

(3) No pendal shall ordinarily be allowed to stand for more than fifteen days. An extension of time may be granted on payment of half of the original fee, but not so as to exceed a month from the commencement.

(*a*) If at the expiration of time allowed in the license, or period granted in extension thereto on special application, the person that put up the structure does not remove it, the President or Vice-President shall issue a notice to the defaulter for its removal within such time as may be fixed by them in each case, at the end of which time they may have it removed and the cost of such removal shall be recoverable from the defaulter as a Municipal demand.

Any person who commits any breach of any of above Bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 5, for the first offence and Rs. 10 for each subsequent offences.

Re-erection of pendals on vacant lands within the Municipal limits for dramas, circus and other shows.

4. License for the erection of pendals for dramas, circuses or other shows may be given by the President or Vice-President in writing on receipt of application under the following conditions after charging a fee not exceeding Rs. 5, as license fees :—

Note—This Bye-law does not apply to pendals for Dasara, Moharram or other public purposes.

1. The license-holder shall keep the permit at the site occupied and produced when required by the President or Vice-President, or any Municipal Officer authorised by the President or Vice-President, for inspection.

2. A ground rent of Re. 1 per day will be charged from beginning to the end of the drama.

3. No license shall be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for that purpose to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

4. The President or Vice-President shall have the power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for the erection and occupation of the place as a theatre whenever they deem necessary in the interests of convenience and safety of the public generally or of the person inhabiting in or resorting to the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

5. Every person who shall commit any breach of the foregoing Bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50, on conviction before a Magistrate.

The following draft Bye-laws are framed by the Arkalgud Municipal Council under Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906 and are published for the information of the public :—

Any resident within the area of the Arkalgud Municipality, who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft Bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Arkalgud Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

Octroi Bye-laws framed by the Minor Municipal Council of Arkalgud under Section 48 (k) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

1. The Municipal Council shall levy the octroi duty on the articles imported into the Municipal limits of Arkalgud at the rates specified in the Schedule A, hereto annexed and recognize the exemptions as provided for in the column 5 of it.

2. (*a*) The octroi limits for the purposes of collecting octroi shall be the Municipal limits.

(*b*) No article liable to octroi duty shall be brought within these limits except by one of the routes described in Schedule III.

3. Articles liable to octroi and brought within these limits shall be produced on arrival at the octroi house.

4. Such goods shall be liable to inspection at the octroi house when so brought. Every person bringing dutiable goods within the town shall report the fact to the octroi mutsaddi at the octroi house.

5. A table showing the octroi duty liable on various articles shall be exhibited at the octroi house in a conspicuous place and also be open to the inspection of any person at the Municipal Office.

6. When goods are brought to the octroi house they may be unloaded and weighed or counted by the officer in charge of the octroi office (the importer shall produce the invoice of such goods in duplicate) upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods, the importer shall either pay the amount due and receive a permit for the removal of the goods on shall deposit the same in the octroi house. When the duty is paid as above, a permit shall be granted by the officer in charge of the octroi office for the removal of the goods showing the quantity or weight of the goods, the amount paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. The fact of the receipt, shall also be noted on each copy of the duplicate pass. The invoice in original, shall be returned to the importer after the payment of duty collected has been noted thereon and the duplicate in like manner, bearing such entry shall be filed in the octroi house.

Octroi House.

7. The Municipal Council shall provide an octroi house for the custody of goods which may be deposited and the octroi house shall be open for transaction of business from morning till evening.

8. Any importer depositing goods on the octroi house shall, unless the officer in charge of octroi house, has previously by weighing, counting or appraising, ascertained the amount of octroi payable thereon give a declaration in the form appended (Schedule No. I) the description, weight, quantity and if necessary, the value of such goods.

9. A receipt in form appended (Schedule 2) shall be given by the officer in charge of the octroi office for all goods deposited in the octroi house and a register of all such goods shall be maintained. It is the duty of the depositor to obtain a receipt for articles deposited by him and the octroi department is not responsible for and goods left at the premises and not covered by a receipt.

10. Any person who has deposited goods in the octroi house may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the octroi house or may on paying full duty thereon import such goods into the town covered by a permit or may export such goods free, covered by an export pass, provided that new packages covered by such pass, shall if possible, and before they are taken from the octroi house, be stamped by the officer in charge so as to show that they are under bond. The export pass shall be in duplicate the original being retained by the officer in charge of the octroi house and the duplicate dilivered to the exporter. For every export pass granted under this rule a fee of one anna shall be charged.

11. No goods shall be allowed to leave the octroi house until the storage fees have been paid thereon under the following rules:—

(*i*) Goods shall be allowed remain 24 hours free of charge.

(*ii*) After that period rates as in the following schedule shall be charged for seven days.

	Rs.	a.	p.	
1. Tobacco, raw or manufatcured per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof	0	1	0	a day.
2. Piece-goods per bale	0	1	0	,,
3. Cocoanuts, dry per maund	0	0	6	,,
4. Cocoanuts per hundred	0	0	6	,,
5. Betel leaves per thousand	0	0	6	,,
6. Kerosene oil per tin	0	0	2	,,
7. Jaggery per maund	0	0	3	,,
8. Sugar per maund	0	0	3	,,

(*iii*) Double these rates shall be charged after seven days provided that the President may in his discretion allow a reduction in or exemption from such penal rates.

(*iv*) The date of admission and removal of goods shall reckon as one day. When the delay is caused by the inability of the officer in charge of the octroi house to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

12. All goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than two months shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the octroi house provided that, before selling such goods notice of the fact shall be posted for seven days at the octroi house and at the Municipal Office.

13. The Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to goods deposited in the octroi house, while such goods are being passed into or out of ware-house or while they remain therein unless such damages is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the ware-house keeper or other person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

Refunds.

14. No refunds shall be granted on articles other than piece-goods and the following rules regarding them shall be observed:—

All clothes which have paid duty in the Municipality shall be stamped so as to admit of their being identified or clothes on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported beyond octroi limits, refunds, shall subject to the following rules, be granted as the rates originally charged at the time of import. No claim will be entertained after a period of three months from the date of import of the article referred to above, and no refund shall be granted of any sum less than one rupee.

15. Any person claiming refund under the above rule shall produce the goods to be exported at the octroi office together with the original receipt, for octroi duty paid thereon and an application for refunds prepared in duplicate in such form and showing such particulars as the President may from time to time prescribe.

16. The officer in charge of the octroi house on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted, shall endorse the two parts of the application with an export pass, and keeping one part in the office, shall deliver the other part to the applicants.

17. All goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under free export pass under Bye-law No. 10 shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pass at the octroi house of exist.

18. In all cases in which refund is claimed, the duplicate pass duly endorsed as provided in Bye-law No. 10 must be produced at the octroi house by the person seeking the refund and if after due check the officer in charge of the octroi house is satisfied that a refund of octroi covered by such pass is duly payable, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President.

19. The Municipal Officer only, under the orders of the President or Vice-President may inspect the shops at all reasonable hours to see if there are any smuggled goods and the shop-keeper shall be bound to allow such inspection.

20. *Smuggling.*—The President, Municipal Council, Arkalgud, is empowered to award to any person who gives information leading to the detection of the offence of smuggling goods liable to octroi duty, a reward of one-half of the fine recovered and in special cases in which conviction is not secured but duty is recovered, half the amount of such duty and in special cases the full amount thereof at the discretion of the President.

21. *General.*—Importers of dutiable articles shall, if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the President or Vice-President, within one year of import, account for the articles received by them by producing either a permit or receipt obtained in token of payment of octroi duty or an export pass in proof of having exported the whole or the part of articles so received or otherwise. Any breach of this Bye-law will render the importer liable to punishment with a fine extending to ten times the value of octroi duty on such goods or a sum not exceeding Rs. 25 whichever may be greater and the payment of octroi duty on the article unaccounted for any person importing or exporting dutiable articles who infringes Bye-laws Nos. 3, 4, 6, 8 and 17 shall be liable for prosecution before any Magistrate under Section 161 to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE I.

To

The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office, Arkalgud Taluk.

Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the ware-house :—

No.	Name of depositor	Description of articles deposited	Distinguishing mark, if any	Weight		Seers	Quantity	Value	Remarks
					Maunds				

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of the Bye-laws relating to the deposit.

Witness..... Signature of Depositor.....
Signature..... Address.....
Address..... Date.....

SCHEDULE II.

Octroi Office, Arkalgud Town.

Received for deposit undermentioned goods from.....

No.	Receipt No.	Consignment		Goods deposit (Note No.)	Name of articles	Description	Number of articles	Remarks
		No.	Date					

Date..... Octroi Manegar.....

SCHEDULE III.

Names of routes through which octroi goods have to be brought :—

1	Hole-Narsipur-Kodlipet road.	4	Hulikal-Arkalgud road *via* Salgeri.	Remarks
2	Marour-Arkalgud road.	5	Mallipatna-Hole-Narsipur road.	
3	Ramanathpur-Arkalgud road.	6	Hassan-Arkalgud road.	

SCHEDULE A.

No	Name of tax	Class of property liable	Amount for which or rate at which classes liable	Rs.	a.	p.	Exemption
1	Octroi	Articles specified in column 4	Fresh cocoanuts each	0	0	1	(1) Personal luggage of travellers, articles imported through the Post Office and goods *bona fide* property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by an invoice certified by the Departmental Head concerned that the property therein mentioned belongs to Government.
			Dry cocoanuts per maund	0	8	0	
			Betel leaves 100 leaves	0	0	1	
			Jaggery per maund	0	2	0	
			Sugar per maund	0	4	0	
			Kerosene oil and petrol per tin ..	0	2	0	(2) Goods which are declared not to be intended for use or consumption within Municipal limits provided if such goods be not exported they shall pay the full duty.
			Tobacco per maund	1	0	0	
			Piece-goods per Re.	0	0	3	(3) Six green cocoanuts, six dry cocoanuts, hundred betel leaves and one seer of tobacco if brought for personal consumption by *bona fide* travellers.
			Sheep or goats each	0	1	6	(4) Piece-goods manufactured locally.

The following draft Bye-laws are framed by the Arkalgud Municipal Council under Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906 and are published for the information of public :—

Any resident within the area of the Arkalgud Municipality, who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft Bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Arkalgud Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

SANITATION BYE-LAWS OF THE ARKALGUD MUNICIPALITY.

Bye-laws framed by the Arkalgud Minor Municipality under Section (48) (n) of the Mysore Mnnicipal Regulation of 1906.

(1) No rubbish mentioned in Section 127 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited in any place or street other than Municipal dust-bins.

(2) Tiles, garden sweepings, branches of trees and thatch and night-soil shall not be deposited in Municipal dust-bins.

(3) Sullage, urine, etc., shall not be discharged into road side gutters without the special sanction of the President or Vice-President.

(4) Any person who shall be guilty of a breach of any of the above Bye-laws shall, on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(5) No person shall dry any bratties or cowdung cakes on the external walls of houses or yards or compound walls and any one infringing this Bye-law shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

(6) Any person easing himself or allowing any member of his family to ease either n, or in the vicinity of, any public streets, lanes and drains or in or outside any part of any public latrine other than in the trench made therein for the purpose, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first time and one rupee for the second time and two rupees for each succeeding offence.

(7) Persons affected with loathsome or infectious disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale any articles of food and drink either in markets or bazaars of the town, under a penalty on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence.

(8) Prohibiting milch kine and slaughter cattle being feed on stable litter, etc. The practice of feeding milch kine and cattle intended for slaughter on stable litter and other refuse is strictly prohibited, and any person residing within Municipal limits who may trangress this rule will on conviction before a Magistrate subject himself to a fine of Rs. 10 for the first and Rs. 20 for each succeeding offence.

(9) All persons holding houses or lands within the Municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channels in and about their premises free from obstruction, to remove all evident causes of malaria and everywhere to discontinue as a hedge the use of prickly-pear, aloe and milk hedge, etc., and to destroy these latter where they are at present existing. They shall also have their premises kept neat and tidy and free from prickly-pear and rank vegetation. All persons, who after due notice from the President or Vice-President, has been given, fail to comply with the provisions of this Bye-law shall on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

K. ABDULKHADIR KHAN,
President,

KALLURKATTE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Dated 10th February 1925.

Under Section 8 of Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906.

It is hereby notified that the existing limits of the Kallurkatte Minor Municipality are proposed to be extended and altered in the manner set-forth in the accompanying notification.

Any objections to the said proposal may be submitted in writing with reasons therefor to the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District within two months from the date of this proclamation. Objections received after this period will not be attended to.

The map showing the existing boundaries and the proposed alterations will be available for inspection in the District Office.

The boundary line of Kallurkatte Minor Municipality commences at the 7/1 mile in Shimoga-Kollurghat road and running to the north crosses the Kalurkatte-Sagar road and passes on the northern boundary line of survey No. 158 of Kallur village and meets the bandh (ಬಾಂದ) in the middle of survey No. 19. The line then turns to the east and runs along the southern boundary line of survey Nos. 159, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, and then turns to the south and passes through the eastern boundary of survey No. 172 and running to the west it passes along the southern boundary of survey No. 172. The line again runs to the north passing through the eastern boundary of survey Nos. 172 and 173 Nos. 2, 3 and 4. The line again turns to the east, passing through the northern boundary line of survey No. 1, and then again turns to the south at the north-east corner of the same survey number and passes through the western boundary of survey No. 84. The line again turns to the east at the south-west corner of survey No. 84 and passes through the southern boundary of survey Nos. 84 and 115; The line, then takes a north-easterly direction and passes through the western boundary of survey No. 19 of Mavinkoppa village and again turning to the east passes through the same survey number and meets the bandh at the south-west corner of survey No. 18 of Mavinkoppa village. The line, then passing through the southern boundary of survey No. 18 again crosses the survey No. 19 and meets the bandh at the south-west corner of survey No. 16. The line after passing through the southern boundary of survey No. 16 again crosses survey No. 19 and meets the Kallurkatte-Ananthapur road. The line again taking a southern direction crosses the Kallurkatte-Ananthapur road and Kallurkatte-Shimoga road and passing throuth the survey No. 13 of Janganakoppa village meets the bandh at the north-west corner of Survey No. 10 of the same village. The line taking a southerly direction passes through the western boundary line of survey Nos. 10 and 11. The line again turning to the west, passes through the northern boundary of survey No. 18 and meets the bandh at the western corner of survey No. 13. The line, then passes through the survey Nos. 19 and 20 meets the bandh on the eastern boundary of survey No. 21, and then turning to the north meets the bandh at the north-east corner of the same survey number. The line, then turns to the west and passes through the northern boundary of survey Nos. 21 and 9. The line after passing through the survey No. 5 meets the bandh at the north-east corner of survey No. 4 and passes through the northern boundary of survey Nos. 4, 74, 72 and 73 and meets the bandh, at the north-west corner of survey No. 73. The boundary line, then takes a southerly direction and passes through the western boundary line of survey Nos. 73, 72, 71, 70, 69, 68, 67 and 66 and meets the bandh at the south-west corner of survey No. 66. The line, then turning to the west passes through the northern boundary of survey No. 54, and meets the bandh at the eastern boundary line of survey No. 53. The line, then turns to the north and passes through the eastern boundary of survey No. 53 and meets the bandh at the north-east corner of the same number. It then turns to the west and passes through the northern boundary of survey No. 53 and at that place crosses the Nagar-Kallurkatte road and meets the bandh at the north-east corner of survey No. 133 of Kallur village. The line, then takes a north-westerly direction and passes along the northern boundary of the same number and meets the bandh at the south-east corner of survey No. 117. The line, then taking a north-easterly direction passes along the eastern boundary line of survey Nos. 117 and 116 and meets the bandh at the north-east corner of survey No. 116, it then turns to the west and passing along the northern boundary line of survey Nos. 116, and 117and meets the north-west corner of survey No. 117. It then runs in a south-westerly direction and passing along the western boundary line of survey No. 151 meets the bandh at the south-west corner of the same number. The line, then takes a north-easterly direction and passing through the eastern boundary line of survey No. 152 meets the bandh in the middle and running in the north-western direction, and passes along the eastern boundary of survey No. 152 and meets the bandh at the north-east corner of the same number.

The line, then turns to the west and passing along the northern boundary line of survey No. 152, meets the bandh at the north-west corner of the same number. The line, then

turns towards the south-west and passing along the western boundary of survey No. 153, meets the bandh in the middle of the same number. The line, then passing through the survey No. 154 meets the bandh at western boundary of survey No. 154. The line, then passing through the north-eastern boundary line of survey No. 153 and crossing the Kallurkatte-Kollurghat road and Sagar-Kallurkatte road meets the bandh at the south-west corner of survey No. 58 from where it started.

Boundary of Kallurkatte town after acquisition, is over as per enclosed records:—

North.—It commences in 7—1 mile of Kollurghat road, S. Nos. 158, 167, 169, 170, 171, 173, 172, 84, 115, 1 of Kallur village, S. No. 19 of Mavinkoppa village.

East.—S. Nos. 84, 1 of Kallur village and S. No. 19 of Mavinkoppa village, S. Nos. 13, 5, 73, 72, 71, 70, 69, 68, 67 and 66 of Gangankoppa village.

South.—S. No. 13, 19, 20, 5, 4, 74, 72, 73, 66, 65, 54, 53, 52 of Gangankoppa village, S. Nos. 133, 117, 116, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155 of Kallur village.

West—S. No 1, 173, 172, 168, 158, 155, 152, 116, 177 of Kallur village, S. Nos. 53 of Gangankoppa village.

P. KRISHNA RAO,
President.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Notice dated 16th March 1925.

The undermentioned building sites in the Visweswarapuram Extension, resumed by the City Municipal Council for non-payment of site value, will be sold by public auction on the spot at 8 A.M., on the 30th instant by the Municipal Commissioner or any other Municipal Officer deputed by him. The sales are subject to the conditions notified in page 669, Part II-A, of the *Mysore Gazette* dated the 11th December 1924. Further particulars may be had in the City Municipal Office.

Site No. 286	...	40′ × 80′	355 5/9	Sq. Yards.
Do 350	...	$\frac{155' + 47'}{2} \times 116'$	1,301 7/9	do
Do 382	...	$72' \times \frac{82° + 65'}{2}$	588	do
Do 397	...	30′ × 74′	246 2/3	do
Do 432	...	60′ × 100′	666 2/3	do

M. G. KRISHNASAMI RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 21ST (SPECIAL) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS, ON THURSDAY THE 22ND JANUARY 1925 AT 8 A.M.

MEMBERS.

Present ... ... 29 | Absent ... 1

197. Election of the Vice-President.

The following members took part in the ballot:—

1. Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji.
2. Mr. M. Venkatakrishniah.
3. ,, Turuvekere Basavaraj Urs.
4. ,, H. C. Dasappa.
5. ,, S. Sreekantachari.
6. ,, B. Munivenkatappa.
7. ,, P. Seetaramiah.
8. ,, Y. Virupakshiah.
9. Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah.
10. Mr. V. Tiruvengada Mudaliar.
11. ,, M. C. Thammiah.
12. ,, Mahomed Sait.
13. Mr. B. K. Ramakrishniah.
14. ,, K. Dhanakotichetty.
15. ,, C. Narasimhiah.
16. ,, A. Krishna Rao.
17. ,, M. Madappa.
18. ,, M. Narayanaswamy.
19. ,, U. R. Lingoji Rao.
20. ,, M. K. Madhava Rao Powar.
21. ,, N. Setwaji Rao.
22. ,, Rev. E. S. Edwards.
23. ,, Mr. M. P. Bhogiah.

On examining the votes it was found that Mr. Tippu Sultan Alli Khan had secured 12 votes, Mr. M. Ramaswamy, 10 votes and 1 was invalid. Resolved that the election of Mr. Tippu Sultan Alli Khan be reported to Government for approval.

198. Letter No. C. 1320—L. P., dated 3rd January 1925, from the President, District Board of Mysore, Mysore *re* the election by the Mysore City Municipal Council, of a member to the District Board of Mysore, in place of Mr. E. Purushothama Anandagiri Goswamy who has now lost his seat on the Mysore City Municipal Council.

Resolved that Mr. H. C. Dasappa be returned as member of the District Board, in place of Mr. E. Purushothama Anandagiri Goswamy.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 22ND ORDINARY MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 24TH JANUARY, 1925, AT 4 P.M.

MEMBERS.

Present 20 | Absent 10

199. Proceedings of the meetings held on the 13th, 15th and 22nd December 1924, and 10th January 1925.

Confirmed.

200. Accounts of receipts and expenditure for the months of April, May, June, July, August and September 1924.

Recorded and referred to Audit Committee. The Council desire that information relating to completion of houses for which licenses have been issued be regularly submitted to the Council in order that new houses might be promptly assessed.

* * * * *

208. Letter No. P. W. 1676, dated 5th December 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Public Works and Electrical Departments *re* the annual maintenance and improvement charges of the Mysore City Water-supply Works.

The papers may be re-circulated and brought up at the next meeting of the Council.

* * * * *

210. Letter dated 4th January 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, Civic and Social Progress Association, Bangalore City, *re* the selection of a lady from the Municipality for undergoing training in practical midwifery and maternity nursing in the Civic Association Hospital to be opened at Bangalore, the cost of training being borne from the Funds of the Municipality.

Resolved that as there are sufficient facilities for the training of midwives in Mysore, the Council do not see the necessity for participating at present in the scheme proposed.

211. Letter No. H. C. 27—24-25, dated 28th November 1924, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, forwarding for disposal, the undermentioned list of local subjects brought for selection before the preliminary meeting of the members of the Representative Assembly held on the 16th August 1924 :—

(1) Decrease in the rate of charges for supplying electric power to houses and industrial concerns in Bangalore and Mysore Cities.

(2) Providing every road in the City with a public latrine and a bathing ghat.

(1) Referred to Managing Committee for examination and submission of recommendations.

(2) Referred to Health Committee for sending definite proposals.

212. Estimate for constructing a terraced verandah on the southern side of the Devaraj Market and converting the rooms occupied by the Police Station, etc., into shops, together with tenders received for these works.

Estimated approved. The tenders may be disposed of by the President, keeping in view the need for carrying out this work expeditiously and satisfactorily.

213. Construction of Vani Vilas Market on the Vani Vilas Road at an estimated cost of Rs. 71,500.

The papers may be circulated and brought up at the next meeting of the Council.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MARCH 26, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 6711—*L. B.* 9-24-49, *dated* 21*st March* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Rules under the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, VI of 1918, issued with Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated the 13th July 1918 and amended by Notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated the 11th November 1920, the Government are pleased to extend the term of the existing Village Panchayets in the several Taluks of the Chitaldrug District, till the end of June 1925.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

No. 18.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON THURSDAY, THE 19TH FEBRUARY 1925, AT 5 P.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 20. | Absent ... 9. | Vacant .. 1.

Subject No. 33.—Letter dated the 17th December 1924, from Mr. B. L. Byanna, Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following proposition.—

"Resolved that the permission sought for by Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, M.A., Bat-at-Law, for the conversion of agricultural lands in Kethamaranahalli village, into building sites, be granted." (*Vide* Council's resolution No. 26, dated the 6th September 1924, declining permission).

Resolution.—Resolved that the permission sought for be granted if the owner will, at his own cost, construct the roads and drains on such plan and in such manner as the Municipal Council may direct.

Carried unanimously.

* * * * *

Subject No. 38.—Letter dated 20th December 1924, from Mr. G. Paramasiviah, B.A., LL.B., Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following proposition.—

"That immediate steps be taken to remove the insanitary and thatched huts which have been put up in the Timber Yard, III Division and the site thereof be acquired, if it is private property with a view to convert it into a play-ground."

Resolution.—Proposed by Mr. G. Paramasiviah and seconded by Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, that immediate steps be taken to remove these huts.

Carried unanimously.

(2) As regards the second part of the proposition that the site on which these huts are put up, be acquired and reserved as a play-ground, there was a good deal of discussion as to the necessity or otherwise of acquiring it. Mr. G. Paramasiviah proposed and Mr. P. M. Basappa seconded that it might be acquired and kept as a play-ground. The question was put to vote and was lost, as 8 were "for" 10 "against" its acquisition. Messrs. G. Paramasiviah and S. N. M. Razvi demanded a poll. The following Councillors voted "for".—

(1) Mr. G. Paramasiviah, (2) Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, (3) Mr. B. L. Byanna, (4) Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, (5) Mr. R. Gopalswami Iyer, (6) Mr. P. M. Basappa, (7) Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao and (8) Mr. P. Murugesam Pillay. The following voted "against".—(1) Mr. G. B. Raghavendra Char, (2) Mr. V. A. Krishnamurti Mudaliar, (3) Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, (4) Mr. M. C. Chicknanjundappa, (5) Mr. C. K. Hutchappa, (6) Mr. G. Muniyappa, (7) Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, (8) Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar, (9) Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, and (10) Mr. B. V. Krishnaiengar.

* * * * *

Subject No. 42.—Letter No. L. 5085—Med. 124-22-15, dated 11th January 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, Bangalore, forwarding a copy of D. O. No. 112, dated the 19th September 1924, from the Chief Electrical Engineer, *re* the transfer of a piece of land marked D. C. B. O. to the Municipality and requesting whether it can be made available to the Electrical Department when the old "A" Station building is re-transferred.

Resolution.—The Council have no objection to the proposed transfer.

* * * * *

Subject No. 47.—Opinion of the Municipal Education Committee dated 20th December 1924, recommending the shifting of the Fort Reading Room and Library to Basavangudi Extension, temporarily to the end of June 1925.

Resolution.—The recommendation of the Municipal Education Committee is approved. 13 "for" and 1 "aginst."

* * * * *

No. 20.

PROCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 7TH MARCH 1925, AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ...	... 24	Absent ...	... 5
Vacant ...	... 1		

Mr. M. L. Narasimhaiengar, B.A., B.E., Assistant Engineer, Bangalore City Distribution, was present by special invitation.

Subject No. 1.—Consideration of the question of installing a water pump at Chamarajpet to secure the minimum quantity of water at the reservoir at a cost of Rs. 4,000.

Resolution.—Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao proposed and Mr. B. L. Byanna seconded that the Council do sanction a sum of Rs. 4,000 for installing a pump at the Chamarajpet Reservoir. Carried unanimously.

Subject No. 2.—Further consideration of the report of the Special Committee appointed on 16th February 1925, to consider the ways and means of financing the scheme of improving the water supply, Bangalore City, was then proceeded with.

A. (1) *Excess water charges (continued)*.—As regards excess water charges, a good deal of discussion centered round the point whether the latter part of the resolution No. V of the special meeting, dated 28th February 1925, which was defeated was final, or whether the question was still open to discussion. Thirteen Councillors were of the opinion that it was still open to discussion, while four thought that it was final.

Messrs. W. H. Hanumanthappa and S. N. Sitharama Rao demanded a poll.

The following 13 Councillors voted for the first view, that it was open to discussion.—

(1) Mr. G. Paramasiviah, (2) Mr. Belur Sreenivasa Iyengar, (3) Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, (4) Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, (5) Mr. P. M. Basappa, (6) Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, (7) Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, (8) Mr. G. Muniyappa, (9) Mr. C. K. Hutchappa, (10) Mr. Chicknanjundappa, (11) Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, (12) Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer and (13) President.

The following four Councillors voted for the second view.—

1. Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar, 2. Mr. S. N. Sitharama Rao, 3. Mr. J. R. Issac and 4. Mr. D. Venkataramiah.

The discussion of the subject was then resumed and it was proposed by Mr. G. Paramasiviah and seconded by Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva that the excess water charge be raised from 12 annas to Rs. 1-2-0 for every 1,000 gallons from 1st July 1925. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao proposed an amendment which was seconded by Mr. G. B. Raghavendra Char, *viz.*, that it be raised from 12 annas to rupee one 1. This amendment was accepted by Messrs. G. Paramasiviah and B. N. Vijayadeva, the mover and the seconder respectively, of the original proposition and was put to vote and carried unanimously.

B. *Water-supply to Government institutions.*—It was resolved unanimously, (1) that in the case of Government institutions no free allowances of water should be allowed from 1st July 1925, (2) that in case of Government Institutions now enjoying a fixed free allowance, a concession rate of 8 annas per every 1,000 gallons be charged and (3) that in case where no such free allowance is now being enjoyed, a rate of 12 annas per every 1,000 gallons consumed be charged as heretofore from 1st July 1925.

C. It was resolved unanimously that new taxes be imposed from 1st July 1925, on Coffee Hotels, Messing Hotels, Private Cart Stands, Private Markets, in accordance with bye-laws now under consideration by the Bye-Law Committee.

D. (1) It was also unanimously resolved that new taxes be levied from 1st July 1925, on Cinemas Dramatic performances, Circuses, etc., at the rates to be proposed by the Bye-law Committee; and (2) that as regards Tolls, it was resolved unanimously that from 1st July 1925.

(*i*) the Toll on item No. 3 under the Tolls on "Vehicles and Animals" in the Rules and Bye-laws, be raised from 2 annas to 4 annas;

(*ii*) the Toll on item No. 4 under the Tolls on "Vehicles and Animals" in the Rules and Bye-laws, be raised from 1 anna to 2 annas;

(*iii*) the Toll on item No. 5, under the Tolls on "Vehicles and Animals" in the Rules and Bye-laws, be raised from 4 annas to 8 annas;

(*iv*) the Toll on item No. 6, under the Tolls on "Vehicles and Animals" in the Rules and Bye-laws, be raised from 2 annas to 4 annas;

(*v*) the Toll on item No. 7, under the Tolls on "Vehicles and Animals" in the Rules and Bye-laws, be raised from 2 annas to 4 annas; and

(*vi*) the Toll on item No. 8, under the Tolls on "Vehicles and Animals" in the Rules and Bye-laws, be raised from 1 anna to 2 annas;

2. *Raising of the Vacant Site Rate.*—It was unanimously resolved that the rate on vacant sites be raised from 1st July 1925, from 4 annas to 8 annas per 100 square yards.

3. *Raising of Water Rate.*—(*a*) Mr. Belur Sreenivasiengar proposed that the recommendation of the Special Committee to raise the water rate from 3 per cent to 5 per cent, on the rental value of the Buildings, be adopted in entirety. This was seconded by Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao.

Mr. B. L. Byanna proposed and Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia seconded an amendment that the rate be increased from 3 per cent to 4 per cent. Mr. G. Paramasiviah proposed and Mr. P. M. Basappa seconded a further amendment that the rate be increased from 3 per cent to 4½ per cent from 1st July 1925. Messrs. Belur Sreenivasaiengar and C. Hayavadana Rao, the mover and the seconder respectively of the original proposition, accepted the latter amendment, which was put to vote and carried, 16 voting for and 6 against it. Messrs. B. L. Byanna and S. N. M. Razvi demanded a poll.

The following 16 Councillors voted 'For.'

(1) The President, (2) Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, (3) Mr. P. M. Basappa, (4) Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, (5) Mr. S. N. Sitharama Rao, (6) Mr. G. Paramasiviah, (7) Mr. D. Venkataramiah, (8) Mr. Belur Sreenivasiengar, (9) Mr. C. K. Hutchappa, (10) Mr. M. C. Chikknanjundappa, (11) Mr. G. Muniyappa, (12) Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, (13) Mr. P. Murugesam Pillai, (14) Mr. S. Venkataranga Iyengar, (15) Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar and (16) Mr. G. Siddaveerappa.

The following 6 voted 'against.'

(1) Mr. B. L. Byanna, (2) Mr. G. B. Raghavendra Char, (3) Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia, (4) Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, (5) Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa and (6) Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon.

(*b*) With regard to water rate in the case of vacant sites, the Special Committee's recommendation to increase it from 3/5 per cent to one per cent from 1st July 1925 of the building tax was carried unanimously.

(*c*) With regard to water rate in the case of building used as shops and mandies, it was discussed that the recommendation of the Special Committee to increase it from 1 per cent to $1\frac{2}{5}$ per cent was not enough. It was unanimously resolved that it be increased from 1 per cent to 3 per cent on their rental value from 1st July 1925.

VI. Resolution No. 5 of the Special Committee's report, with the deletion of figures entered therein was adopted unanimously.

VII. Resolution Nos. 7, 8 and 9 of the Special Committee's report were unanimously adopted.

As a result of the deliberations of the Council at the Special Meetings held on 14th February 1925, 16th February 1925, 28th February 1925 and 7th March 1925, on the question of water supply, the following resolutions were adopted :—

I. Resolved that the proposals of Govenrment, communicated to the Municipal Council in their letter No. 6030, dated 4th February 1925, in regard to improving the arrangement now existing in connection with the Sri Chamarajendra Water Works, Bangalore City, be generally accepted and the Council agree to finance it by raising a loan not exceeding Rs. 10 lakhs and providing interest and Sinking Fund Charges therefor.

II. Resolved that Government be requested to arrange for a loan not exceeding Rs. 10 lakhs, less Governmenr grant, for meeting the cost of the proposed improvements to the Sri Chamarajendra Water Works, Bangalore City.

III. Resolved further that the loan of Rs. 10 lakhs less Government grant, to be raised by the Government for the Council, be made to run for a period of 30 years from the date of raising and that the interest payable on it be fixed at a rate not exceeding 5 per cent per annum.

IV. Resolved also that Government be requesed to allow the Council to adopt the usual mode of repayment of loans of this nature by means of a Sinking Fund, the payment being annual and into a Bank approved by the Government and the Council. The details as to the amount to be paid, the date of payment and the like are to be agreed to between the Government and the Council after the scheme is approved by Government and the approval made known to the Council.

V. Resolved further that in view of the Council agreeing to meet a major portion of the capital charges totalling in the aggregate so large a sum as Rs. 10 lakhs and agreeing to meet its repayment both principal and interest from its own slender and inexpanding resources, especially at a time when the conditions of trade are unfavourable and its own finances none too strong, Government be most earnestly and respectfully requested to make a free contribution of one-third of the proposed loan of Rs. 10 lakhs, especially as the City is a metropolitan one and is the administrative capital of the State attracting to itself a large number of people throughout the year.

VI. Resolved further that the following new charges A, B, C & D be levied and the undernoted amendments to the Schedule A of the Schedule of Taxes (Pages 47 to 51 of the Rules and Bye-laws of the Council) be adopted with a view to realise the additional revenue required to meet the cost of the improvements to wit as follows:—

A. *House Connection Charges.*—(1) A flat rate of 4 annas per month be levied and recovered from 1st July 1925, as a charge for every house connection already given and to be given, the excess water charges being also collected, provided that the existing minimum house assessment fixed for a house connection be abolished, other conditions remaining the same.

(2) The excess water charge be raised from 12 annas to Re. 1-0-0 for every 1,000 gallons from 1st July 1925.

B. *Supply to Government Institutions.*—(1) No free allowance of water should be allowed to Government Institutions from 1st July 1925.

(2) In the case of Government Institutions, now enjoying a free allowance, a concession rate of 8 annas per 1,000 gallons, for *all* water drawn by them, be charged from 1st July 1925.

(3) In cases where no such free allowance is now being enjoyed, a rate of 12 annas for every 1,000 gallons be charged as heretofore from 1st July 1925.

C. *New Taxes.*—(1) New taxes be imposed from 1st July 1925, on Coffee Hotels, Messing Hotels, Private Cart-stands, Private Markets, in accordance with bye-laws under consideration.

(2) New taxes be levied from 1st July 1925, on Cinemas, Dramatic Performances, Circusses, etc., at the rate to be proposed by the Bye-law Committee.

D. (i) *Revised Toll Rates.*—The rates under "Tolls on Vehicles and Animals" in the Rules and Bye-laws, be raised as follows from 1st July 1925:—

(1) The rate on item No. 3 from 2 annas to 4 annas.
(2) Do 4 from 1 anna to 2 annas.
(3) Do 5 from 4 annas to 8 annas.
(4) Do 6 from 2 annas to 4 annas.
(5) Do 7 from 2 annas to 4 annas.
(6) Do 8 from 1 anna to 2 annas.

(ii) *Revised vacant site rate.*—The rate on vacant sites to be raised from 4 annas to 8 annas per 100 square yards, from 1st July 1925.

(iii) *Raising of the water Rate.*—The water-rate to be increased from 3 per cent to 4½ per cent on the rental value of the buildings; from 3/5ths per cent to 1 per cent of the building tax in the case of vacant sites; and in regard to buildings used as shops and mandies from 1 per cent to 3 per cent on their rental value.

(To come into force from 1st July 1925).

VII. Resolved also that out of the approximate additional revenue calculated to yield from the above additional charges and alterations in the schedule of taxes proposed, the sum required to meet the Sinking Fund and interest charges be set apart and the balance be funded separately to meet the cost of renewals and depreciation.

VIII. Resolved also that Government be requested to arrange for the loan proposed above at as early a date as may be possible so that the improvements may be completed without avoidable delay.

IX. Resolved also that in view of the letter of the Chief Engineer to the Government of Mysore, No. R. 3894, dated 16th October 1923, enclosing his estimate for duplication of the rising main and urging the carrying out of this item of work as a matter of extreme necessity, Government be requested to direct this part of the work being put in hand at once.

X. Resolved further that the Government be requested to hand over the entire works to the Council, after completing in full the improvements so that the control over the same may vest entirely in the Council from 1st July 1926.

In conclusion, the President thanked the members of the Council for having solved a most difficult problem affecting the interests of the City. A vote of thanks was proposed to the several members of the Special Committee.

At this stage, Mr. N. M. Razvi proposed the following propositions to raise necessary funds to meet the extra expenditure of water improvement:—

(1) The tax on Java Sugar be raised from 1 per cent to 6 per cent, on the quantity imported into the City.

(2) The tax on the machinery be raised to six per cent from the present rate.

(3) The tax on foreign goods and products imported into Mysore be levied at 3 per cent.

Resolution.—Resolved that the question be referred to the Managing Committee in the first instance.

No. 22.

PROCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON WEDNESDAY THE 11TH MARCH 1925 AT 5 P.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 22. | *Absent* ... 6.

Vacant—1.

Subject—Determining and declaring the results of the bye-election of the III Manavarthapet Division, held on 6th March 1925.

The following Councillors are appointed tellers to scrutinise the votes.

Messrs. (1) S. N. Seetharama Rao, (2) B. L. Ryanna, (3) G. B. Raghavendrachar, (4) V. A. Krishnamurthy Mudaliar, (5) G. Muniyappa, (6) W. H. Hanumantappa.

The following are the results of the scrutiny of the votes:—

1.	Mr. Hoskote Bhadrappa	82 votes.
2.	„ H. B. Govindappa	72 „
3.	„ Nilgiri Sanjeeviah	87 „
4.	„ H. V. Subramanyam	8 „
5.	„ V. Venkatesiah	113 „
	Invalid.	21 „

Mr. V. Venkatesiah is declared elected as a Councillor of the III Division.

No. 23.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON WEDNESDAY THE 11TH MARCH 1925 AT 5-45 P.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 23. | Absent ... 6 | Vacant ... 1.

* *

Deferred Subjects.

5. Letter dated 23rd January 1925, from Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, B.A., Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following proposition :—

"This Council resolves that as an experimental measure spinning by charaka be introduced in some schools as a beginning in the furtherance of the idea of manual and vocational instruction contemplated in the Education Memorandum No. 1180-25 Edn. 498-201, dated 25th May 1921."

Resolution.—After a good deal of discussion, the resolution was accepted, 14 voting 'for' and 6 'against' it.

* *

6. Letter dated 21st January 1925, from Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following propositions :—

With a view to encourage hand-spinning and hand-weaving industry as an important item in the programme of the development of cottage or Home Industries within the Municipal limits of Bangalore City, resolved that :—

(1) * *

(2) "As an experimental measure in some selected institutions, one or two hand-looms be installed with a view to train students in the art of weaving cloth as far as possible, out of hand-spun yarn."

Resolution.—After some discussion, the proposition was carried, 13 voting 'for' and 5 'against' it.

(It was further resolved that resolutions Nos. 5 and 6 be referred to the Municipal Education Committee for working out the details.)

7. Office Note *re*: the acquisition of a portion of house No. 485 and vacant land in the Avenue Road, belonging to B. G. Pathiyanna and, B. G. Munisamappa, stating that the revised valuation statement exceeds Rs. 1,000.

Resolution.—Resolved that the acquisition is not necessary.

* *

MOHAMED ABBAS KHAN,
Honorary President.

TURUVEKERE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Dated 25th October 1924.

The following bye-laws regarding the registration of births and deaths framed by the Turuvekere Municipal Council are published hereunder for the information of the public :—

Bye-laws regarding registration of births and deaths framed under section 48 (*g*) of the Municipal Regulation.

1. A register shall be kept of births and deaths in the town and for this purpose a Registrar of births and deaths shall be appointed.

The Reading Room shall for the present be the office of registry and the Sanitary Maistry be the Registrar. A notice written both in English and in Kanarese and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify this fact to the public.

2. All births and deaths shall be registered in books in the forms given in the appended schedule and these books shall be presented in the Municipal Office.

3. The Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and every death which occurs within the Municipality and shall register as soon as conveniently may be after the event without fee or reward the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the said schedule touching every such birth and death, as the case may be which has not been already registered.

4. All such entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of the book.

5. The father or mother or other male relative of every child born within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of the father, mother and other male relative, the Medical attendant or midwife who was present at, or in attendance, shall within one week next after the day of every such birth, give or cause to be given to the Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known, and registered touching the birth of such child.

6. Some near relative present at the death or in attendance during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in the case of death illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building (or if the occupier be the person who has died). Some person living in the building in which such death has occurred shall within 24 (twenty four) hours give or cause to be given to the Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief information of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of every person.

7. In the case of births or deaths in any public institution it shall be the duty of the officer or person in charge, to give or cause to be given to the Registrar, the information required under bye-laws 5 and 6 touching such births and deaths.

8. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedule (printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office, with all Municipal Councillors, Sanitary Maistry, Patels and Shanbhogs of Turuvekere Municipality).

9. On a notice received at the office of registry the Sanitary Maistry shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the accuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice and after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against the particular entry in the register in token of having performed such inspection.

10. Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who had died within the Municipality shall, whenever required furnish the Registrar or other person authorised in his behalf such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

11. Any person whose duty it is to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who neglects or refuses to give such information or gives false information shall be liable (or conviction before a Magistrate) to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

12. All extracts from registers of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Council and the fees payable for these shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

13. Extracts from the register of births, may if required by the informant be given to him free of cost by the Registrar.

Definitions.

"Occupier" includes the Keeper, Master, Matron, Superintendent or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or separate apartments are immediately held or his agent. "Public institution" includes prison lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution, which is under the management of the public body officer or person.

The term "still-birth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

Report of births in the Municipality of Turuvekere during the month of.....192 .

Date and hour of birth	Nationality or caste	Born alive	Still born	Sex		Where born (locality, name of street, etc.)	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice is sent	Re arks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address.

Report of deaths in the Turuvekere Municipality during the month of..... .....192 .

Name and surname of the deceased in Kanarese	Occupation or calling	Place of residence	Where death occurred	Door number	Age			Sex	Nationality or caste	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Date of death	Name of Doctor, hakeem or vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

*Here if the cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomittings, diarrhoea and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Informant's name and address.

Register of births in the Municipality of Turuvekere during the month of.....192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Father's name	Mother's name	Residence	Father's occupation	Caste	Sex		Date of birth	Name of the child, if any	Name of the informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of Registrar	Remarks
							Male	Female							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Register of deaths in the Municipality of Turuvekere during the month of.....192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Name of deceased	Father's name	Residence at the time of death	Age	Sex		Caste	Occupation	Date of death	Cause of death	Name of informant	Residence of the informant	Signature of the informant	Signature of the Registrar	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

S. N. KRISHNA RAO,
President, Municipal Council,
Turuvekere.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, APRIL 2, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 6851—*L. B.* 26-24-8, *dated* 27*th March* 1925.

The following rule shall be added after Rule 2 in Section I of the Rules for the Special Sanitation of the local area under the administration of the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board published with Notification No. 7075—L. B. 185-12-3, dated the 22nd March 1916, and amended in subsequent Notifications :—

"2. (*a*) In the event of a non-official member dying or resigning his seat or vacating his office as non-official member before the expiration of the period for which he was appointed, a successor shall, unless the Government otherwise directs, be appointed in the manner in which the member dying or resigning his seat or vacating office was appointed, and shall hold office so long only as the member in whose place he is appointed would have held it if the vacancy had not occurred."

No. L. 6853—*Ml.* 58-24-22, *dated* 27*th March* 1925.

Under clause 1 of Section 2 of Regulation I of 1906, it is hereby declared that vaccination shall be compulsory for a further period of two years from 1st January 1925, in the Bagepalli Municipality, Kolar District.

No. L. 6863—*Ml.* 15-23, *dated* 27*th March* 1925.

In modification of Notification No. L. 4399—Ml. 46-22-10, dated 15th December 1922, the Government are pleased to appoint the Deputy Commissioner of the Kolar District as an *ex-officio* Councillor of the Kolar Town Municipal Council in place of the District Inspector of Education.

2. Under Section 23(2)(*b*) of the Municipal Regulation, the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, is also appointed as President of the said Municipal Council.

No. L. 6888—*L. B.* 50-24-11, *dated* 28*th March* 1925.

It is hereby notified that for Rule 3 of the Rules for the guidance of Committees framed under Section 37 (i) of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, VI of 1918, and published with Government Notification No. 11758—L. B., 54-18-8, dated the 15th March 1919, the following shall be substituted :—

"Questions at any meeting of the Committee shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the members present and in case of an equal division of votes, the Chairman of the meeting shall have a second or casting vote, but no business shall be transacted at any such meeting unless the quorum of the members of the Committee prescribed by the District Board subject to a minimum of 50 per cent are present from the beginning to the end thereof. An ordinary meeting of a Committee shall not be adjourned for want of quorum until after the lapse of such time as may be prescribed in this behalf by the District Board."

No. L. 6919—*Ml.* 57-24-307, *dated* 28*th March* 1925.

In continuation of Notification No. L. 6414—Ml. 57-24-283, dated the 3rd March 1925, the Government are pleased to further extend the term of the existing Town Municipal Council of Shimoga up to the end of April 1925.

No. L. 6921—*Ml.* 57-24-309, *dated* 28*th March* 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, the term of the Municipal Council of Nanjangud is extended till the end of April 1925, in order to enable the Government to pass final orders regarding the reconstitution of the Council after consideration of the proposals called for from the Deputy Commissioner.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 30*th March* 1925.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Bangalore City Municipality that, with a view to (i) meeting the charges to be incurred towards interest, sinking fund, etc., in connection with the raising of a loan of Rs. 10 lakhs for duplicating the Rising Main, and effecting improvements to the Water-supply and (ii) bettering the existing conditions of roads, the Municipal Council, Bangalore City, proposes to adopt the following amendments to Schedule A—Schedule of Taxes printed on pages 47 to 51 of the Rules and Bye-Laws of the Bangalore City Municipality, with effect from the 1st July 1925.

2. Any inhabitant of the Bangalore City Municipality, objecting to the proposed amendments, may, within one month from the date of this Notice, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Commissioner, City Municipal Council, Bangalore.

Serial No.	Schedule A.		Schedule of Taxes
	Name of Tax	Existing Rate	Proposed Rate
1	Tax on vacant Lands.	Four annas for every 100 square yards	Eight annas for every 100 square yards.
2	Water rate ...	Three per cent on the rental value in the case of buildings and three-fifths of the building tax in the case of vacant sites.	Four and a half per cent on the rental value in the case of buildings and one per cent of the building tax in the case of vacant sites.
		In regard to buildings used as shops or mandies, one per cent on their rental value.	Three per cent on their rental value.
3	Tolls on vehicles and animals.	(3) On every Jutka or cart drawn by men, bulls or bullocks, horses, asses or mules—	
		(Laden) ... 2 annas...	4 annas.
		(4) Do Unladen ... 1 anna ..	2 annas.
		(5) On every Motor Car. 4 annas...	8 annas.
		(6) On every Motor Cycle. 2 annas...	4 annas.
		(7) On every Jinriksha ... 2 annas...	4 annas.
		(8) On every bicycle or tricycle ... 1 anna ...	2 annas.

M. G. KRISHNASAMI RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. O. C. 2014—24-25, *dated* 26*th March* 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, and the rules issued thereunder, the following village panchayets of the Magadi Taluk are reconstituted for a period of three years from 1st April 1925 :—

	Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Thavarekere—	1. Mr. Shanthappa 2. ,, Chikkabhirappa 3. ,, Chikkachanniah 4. ,, Thimmiah 5. ,, Basettappa 6. ,, Adeppa	1. Mr. Syed Budan Sab 2. ,, Kempayya 3. Sheikdar
2. Motaganahalli—	1. Mr. Ramadasu Sastry 2. ,, Chikkanaranabhatta 3. ,, Javali Angadi Nanjappa 4. ,, Seetharamiah 5. ,, Gopala Rao 6. ,, Yajaman Venkataranga Setty	1. Mr. Sangappa 2. ,, Patel Venkatachala Setty 3. ,, Hasanaddin Sab
3. Gudemaranahalli—	1. Mr. Patel Nanjundiah 2. ,, Karibasaviah 3. ,, Kappanna 4. ,, Kareem Khan Sab 5. ,, Seshappa	1. Mr. Narasappa, Sahukar 2. ,, Subba Setty 3. ,, Shibramayya
4. Solur—	1. Mr. Narasimhagowda 2. ,, Venkataramiah 3. ,, Veera Setty 4. ,, Javali Angadi Nanjappa 5. ,, Krishnappa 6. ,, Kempa Setty	1. Mr. Syed Mahomed Sab 2. ,, Hosur Rangappa 3. ,, Karim Khan
5. Kudur—	1. Mr. Lakshminarasappa 2. ,, Mruthyujaya Sastry 3. ,, Patel Thimmegowda 4. ,, D. L. Rangappa 5. ,, Rama Setty 6. ,, Narasideveriah	1. Mr. Avalappa Siddayya 2. Sheikdar 3. Mr. Rangasamayya
6. Hulikal—	1. Mr. Chikkarangappa 2. ,, Sreekantiah 3. ,, Siddaveerappa 4. ,, Yejaman Channamala Setty 5. ,, Guru Siddappa	1. Mr. Venkataramayya 2. ,, Honnagangayya, Patel 3. ,, Palaygar Chikkappayya
7. Thippasandra—	1. Mr. Puttanarasimha Bhatta 2. ,, Puttalingiah 3. ,, Gundappa 4. ,, Veeriah 5. ,, Nanjachar 6. ,, Lakshminarasimha Sastry	1. Mr. Gundappa 2. ,, Narayana Sastry 3. ,, Patel Kempalakkayya

Notification No. C. 2-Hc. 12—23-24, *dated* 26*th March* 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules framed thereunder, the Village Panchayets in the Bangalore Taluk are constituted for a period of three years from 26th March 1925 as follows :—

EGIPURA.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Lakshmiah 2. ,, Gundappa 3. ,, Dollagappa *alias* Munisami	1. Mr. Patel Thimmaiya 2. ,, Shanbhog Subbarayappa

CHELLAGHATTA.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Vallabharayappa	1. Mr. Patel Lingappa
2. ,, Oograppa	2. ,, Shanbhog Kiritaiya
3. ,, Narayanachar	
4. ,, Motappa	

B. VENKOBA RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SPECIAL MEETING OF THE KOLAR GOLD FIELDS SANITARY BOARD FOR THE YEAR 1924-25 HELD ON FRIDAY THE 20TH MARCH 1925, AT 3-30 P.M. IN THE SANITARY BOARD OFFICE, CHAMPION REEFS.

Members.

Present	15	Absent	3

Read letters from Messrs. C. F. Heathcote, Wm. Pritchard and K. Ramegowda, regretting their inability to attend the meeting.

1. Draft Budget Estimates of the Sanitary Board for the year 1925-26.

Resolution.—The Budget for 1925-26 as framed may be adopted, the deficit being met out of the balances at the credit of the Board; in the meanwhile the possibilities of retrenchment may be examined and given effect to wherever possible and a report of the exact situation with suitable proposals placed before the Board by September 1925.

2. Retention or otherwise of the following temporary staff as the period of retention expires on 1st July 1925.

1. Avenue staff sanctioned in G. O. No. L. 8632—L. B. 9-23-13, dated 25th April 1924—Rs. 46 per mensem.

2. Midwife sanctioned in G. O. No. L. 142-143—L. B. 74-21-10, dated 6—8th July 1922—Rs. 21.

Resolution.—Sanctioned for one year.

3. i. G. O. No. 6339-41—Med. 77-24-4, dated 28th February 1925 according sanction to give Anti-rabic treatment in the Civil Hospital at Robertsonpet and approving the Board's proposal for the temporary arrangement made for giving the said treatment in the Mining Hospital at a cost of Rs. 10.

3. ii. District Medical Officer's letter No. 82, dated 6th March 1925, requesting sanction for a permanent advance of Rs. 25.

Resolution.—i. Recorded.
ii. Sanctioned.

4. Moiety of cost, *viz.*, Rs. 5,850 towards the alterations and additions to the Maternity Hospital at Robersonpet approved by the Board at their meeting on 20th June 1924. (Resolution No. 11.)

Resolution.—The payment may be postponed in view of the deficit disclosed in the Budget.

S. HIRIANNAIYA,
President, Sanitary Board K. G. F.

TURUVEKERE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Dated 25th October 1924.

The following bye-laws regarding the registration of births and deaths framed by the Turuvekere Municipal Council are published hereunder for the information of the public:—

Bye-laws regarding registration of births and deaths framed under section 48 (*g*) of the Municipal Regulation.

1. A register shall be kept of births and deaths in the town and for this purpose a Registrar of births and deaths shall be appointed.

The Reading Room shall for the present be the office of registry and the Sanitary Maistry be the Registrar. A notice written both in English and in Kanarese and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify this fact to the public.

2. All births and deaths shall be registered in books in the forms given in the appended schedule and these books shall be presented in the Municipal Office.

3. The Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and every death which occurs within the Municipality and shall register as soon as conveniently may be after the event without fee or reward the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the said Schedule touching every such birth and death as the case may be, which has not been already registered.

4. All such entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of the book.

5. The father or mother or other male relative of every child born within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of the father, mother and other male relative, the Medical attendant or midwife who was present at, or in attendance, shall within one week next after the day of every such birth, give or cause to be given to the Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known, and registered touching the birth of such child.

6. Some near relative present at the death or in attendance during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building (or if the occupier be the person who has died). Some person living in the building in which such death has occurred shall within 24 (twenty four) hours give or cause to be given to the Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief information of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of every person.

7. In the case of births or deaths in any public institution it shall be the duty of the officer or person in charge, to give or cause to be given to the Registrar, the information required under bye-laws 5 and 6 touching such births and deaths.

8. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedule (printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office, with all Municipal Councillors, Sanitary Maistry, Patels and Shanbhogs of Turuvekere Municipality).

9. On a notice received at the office of registry the Sanitary Maistry shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the accuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice and after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against the particular entry in the register in token of having performed such inspection.

10. Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who had died within the Municipality shall, whenever required furnish the Registrar or other person authorised in his behalf such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

11. Any person whose duty it is to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who neglects or refuses to give such information or gives false information shall be liable (or conviction before a Magistrate) to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

12. All extracts from registers of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Council and the fees payable for these shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

13. Extracts from the register of births, may if required by the informant be given to him free of cost by the Registrar.

Definitions.

"Occupier" includes the Keeper, Master, Matron, Superintendent or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or separate apartments are immediately held or his agent. "Public institution" includes prison lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution, which is under the management of the public body officer or person.

The term "still-birth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

Report of births in the Municipality of Turuvekere during the month of.....192 .

Date and hour of birth	Nationality or caste	Born alive	Still born	Sex		Where born (locality name of street, etc.)	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice is sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address

Report of deaths in the Turuvekere Municipality during the month of..... .....192 .

Name and surname of the deceased in Kanarese	Occupation or calling	Place of residence	Where death occurred	Door number	Age			Sex	Nationality or caste	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Date of death	Name of Doctor, hakeem or vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

*Here if the cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomittings, diarrhoea and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Informant's name and address.

Register of births in the Municipality of Turuvekere during the month of.....192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Father's name	Mother's name	Residence	Father's occupation	Caste	Sex		Date of birth	Name of the child, if any	Name of the informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of Registrar	Remarks
							Male	Female							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Register of deaths in the Municipality of Turuvekere during the month of.....192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Name of deceased	Father's name	Residence at the time of death	Age	Sex		Caste	Occupation	Date of death	Cause of death	Name of informant	Residence of the informant	Signature of the informant	Signature of the Registrar	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

S. N. KRISHNA RAO,

President, Municipal Council,
Turuvekere.

TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, CHIKBALLAPUR.

Dated 22nd March 1925.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of Chikballapur Town that the Municipal Council of Chikballapur desire to revise the schedule of rates of toll as per details given below. Any inhabitant objecting to the above revision may, within one month from the date of notice, send his objections in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Chikballapur.

Name of tax	Sanctioned schedule of rates				Proposed schedule of rates	
	Class of property liable	Rates at which class liable	Exemptions	Time at which taxes payable	Rate at which class liable	Exemption
Tolls on vehicles and animals entering the Municipality but not liable to taxation under item III of schedule of taxes of the Octroi Bye-laws.	All vehicles and animals of the description given in column 4 entering the Municipal limits. Provided that not more than one payment of toll shall be demanded in respect of any vehicle or cart or animal in any one period of twenty-four hours counted from midnight to midnight.	Rs. a. p. 1. On every four-wheeled vehicles with springs .. 0 8 0 2. On every jutka, hakney or cart, laden .. 0 4 0 3. Every jutka, hakney or cart, not laden .. 0 2 0 4. On every other vehicle with springs and every palanquin bicycle or tricycle .. 0 4 0 5. Every buffalo, bull, bullock cow or ass laden or ridden and on every horse under thirteen hands and every mule .. 0 1 0 6. On every horse not under thirteen hands .. 0 2 0 7. On every elephant .. 1 0 0 8. On every camel .. 0 4 0	(a) Carriages, carts, the property of, or employed by, Government or Municipal Council of the Town or licensed or registered by the said Council. (b) Vehicles (whether owned or hired) used for the passage of troops or conveyance of Government property or the property of His Highness the Maharaja of His Highness the Yuvaraja duly certified as such by the controlling authority. (c) Vehicles (whether owned or hired) used for the passage of Military or Police Officers on duty or the conveyance or passage of any property or person in their custody duly certified as above. (d) Carts carrying firewood, fodder and thatch, and building stones and road materials. (e) No toll shall be levied on vehicles and animals if they enter the Municipal limits of the Chikballapur Town within twenty-four hours after payment of toll in any part of the State.	On passing a toll-gate.	I. VEHICLES. Rs. a. p. 1. On every four-wheeled vehicles with springs .. 0 8 0 2. On every cart laden .. 0 4 0 Do not laden .. 0 2 0 Do laden with fuel .. 0 2 0 Do with stone or other road materials .. 0 1 0 3. Single bullock cart laden .. 0 2 0 Do not laden .. 0 1 0 4. Jutka laden or unladen .. 0 2 0 5. Waddar bandy laden .. 0 2 0 Do not laden .. 0 1 0 6. Motor cycle .. 0 4 0 7. Bicycle or tricycle .. 0 1 0 8. Riksha .. 0 1 0 II. ANIMALS. 1. Every buffalo, bull, bullock or cow laden or ridden .. 0 1 0 2. Every horse .. 0 1 0 3. Every ass or mule laden or ridden .. 0 0 6 4. Elephant .. 1 0 0 5. Camel .. 0 4 0	(1) Every ass or mule carrying fuel or washer man's clothes. (2) Carts carrying fodder or thatch. (3) The other exemptions will stand as they are. (4) British Military Officers in uniform passing on duty.

D. C. SUBBARAYAPPA,
President.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Dated 1st April 1925.

The right to collect tolls in the City of Mysore (subject to the provisions contained in Sections 78 and 79 of the Municipal Regulations) at each toll-gate or at all the toll-gates specified in Schedule A, from 1st July 1925 to the 30th June 1926, will be sold by public auction in the Municipal Office by the President or any other officer deputed for the purpose, at 3 o'clock on the afternoon of the 15th May 1925.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand Rs. 50 as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except those whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The contractors who purchase the right must collect tolls at the rates mentioned in Schedule B, on in-coming traffic only entering the Municipal limits and at no higher rates, and shall be bound to furnish receipts in the form prescribed by the President, duly dated, to the parties paying tolls.

4. The President reserves to himself the power of refusing or accepting the highest or any bid that may be offered.

5. The contract amount is payable in twelve equal monthly instalments due on or before the 10th of the following months, failing which, general interest at the rate of one pie per rupee per month after the 10th will be charged. The contractors shall pay, as soon as the sale is over, a deposit equal to two monthly instalments for the due performance of the contract and shall, if required, give proper security for the payment of the remaining instalment. The amount of deposit will, if the conditions of the contract are complied with, be credited towards the instalments, due for the last two months of the contract.

6. If the deposit is not made immediately after the close of the sale, the contract will be resold at the risk of the approved bidder. If default is made in the payment of the instalments, the contractors will *forfeit the deposit*, and the unexpired portion of the contract will also be liable to be sold and the deficit will be recovered from the contractors, who shall not be entitled to the profit, if any.

7. The contractors are also bound to keep an account showing the daily collections, etc., in the form specified by the President, and it shall be submitted by the contractors every month for the inspection of the President and shall also be open to inspection by the Sayer and Municipal authorities.

8. They shall also be bound to keep a true account of traffic passing through the gates as specified in para 6, for which purpose they shall bind themselves to maintain at their own cost a resident mutsaddi at each toll-gate.

9. The contractors will have the use of existing toll-houses and gates, and they will be required to keep them in good order.

10. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of the intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute a muchalika on a twelve anna stamp paper purchased at his own cost in the form prescribed by the President binding himself and his heirs in respect of the performance of the contract, subject to the conditions specified above, failing which, the sale will be cancelled and the right will be resold holding the original purchaser responsible to any deficit that may result by the resale.

11. No tolls will be levied on the following :—

(1) Vehicles bearing Municipal numbers or possessing passes of the Municipality and on carriages and carts and animals, the property of, or employed by, Government or the Palace or the Municipal Council or licensed or registered by the said Council; and no more than one payment of toll shall be demanded for and in respect of any carriage or cart or animal, in any one period of twenty-four hours counted from midnight to midnight.

(2) All vehicles and animals used for the passage of troops and Military or Government Stores and equipages on their march, or of Military, Civil or Police officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody and vehicles and animals belonging to the Hon'ble the Resident in Mysore and also Mail motor plying between Mysore and Coorg.

SCHEDULE A.

No.	Name of road.	Name of Ookad.
1.	Princess road	Ookad at the end of Belagola road near Municipal boundary stone.
2.	Idiga road	Kempanakatte Ookad.
3.	Bangalore and Nilgiri road ...	Veeranagere ,,
4.	Cemetery road ...	Bangali Santri ,,
5.	Mahadevapur road ...	Jalapuri ,,
6.	Bangalore and Mysore road ...	Ittigegud ,,
7.	Race-course road	Rona Santri ,,
8.	Nanjanagud road ...	Nanjangud ,,
9.	Do	Nachanahalli ,,
10	Manantoddy road	Chatnahalli ,,
11.	Road behind Chamaraj Agrahar near Civil Courts	Chamarajapuram,,
12.	Bogadi road	Kukkarahalli ,,
13.	Yelwal ,, ...	Srirampet ,,

SCHEDULE B.

Name of animal or vehicle.	Sanctioned rates. Rs.	a.	p.
On every four-wheeled carriage on spring	0	6	0
Do two-wheeled carriage on spring	0	3	0
Do hackney or cart drawn by men, bulls or bullocks, horses, asses or mules (laden).	0	3	0
Do hackney or cart drawn by men, bulls or bullocks, horses, asses or mules (unladen).	0	1	6
Do buffalo, bull or bullock (laden)	0	0	9
Do horse over 13 hands, laden or ridden ...	0	1	6
Do horse over 13 hands, not laden or ridden ...	0	0	9
Do horse of or under 13 hands laden or ridden ...	0	0	9
Do horse of or under 13 hands not laden or ridden	0	0	6
Do elephant	0	12	0
Do camel	0	1	6
Do bicycle or tricycle	0	1	6
Do motor car	0	6	0
Do motor cycle	0	3	0
Do Rickshaw	0	3	0

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification dated 22nd March 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified therein.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount as shown in Schedule A as earnest money. If the amount so deposited be less than the Khist amount for two months, the successful bidder at the close of the sale shall pay the deficit. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3 The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties,

forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in 8 equal monthly instalments in advance on the 1st day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government and he shall not levy any toll from such persons. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorized Local Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

7. (*a*) The District Board will compound with any persons for a sum to be paid annually or half-yearly in lieu of all such tolls leviable at any toll-bar gate or station and will issue licenses to any such vehicle or animal possessed by him and the Board will reserve the power of fixing the composition fee payable by any such person, according to the merits of each toll-bar, gate or station.

(*b*) In the case of agriculturists and others residing in the vicinity of toll-gates who will be allowed the option of compounding for payment of tolls, the District Board shall fix for each cart a fee not exceeding 1/8 of the total amount of toll payable for one year if the cart passed the toll-gate once every day. But in the case of *bona fide* agriculturists residing in the vicinity where it appears necessary the District Board will allow 1/16 of such amount during one year in case the cart were to pass the toll gate once every day.

(*c*) Tolls are not leviable by the contractor from those who have compounded for the same by the District Board, and others who are exempted from payment of tolls such as Shekdars, Sanitary Inspectors and other Government servants travelling on public duty without travelling allowances.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and the hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate, true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner, the Amildar and the Vice-President to the District Board. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner, furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and gate without payment of any rent, when provided for and he should keep them in good repair failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Local Board.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876 and the rules issued under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the Statute or Rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot-passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the

Department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart carriage, or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, cars, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Local Boards for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails.

(6) Belonging to the Honorable the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

(*h*) British Military Officers in uniform, passing, on duty, through the State are exempted from payment of tolls.

(*i*) The Government carts belonging to the Amrut Mahal Department which move about in connection with the work of the Department are exempt from payment of tolls, on production of permits issued by the Superintendent, Amrut Mahal Department.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the re sale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any Law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE "A."

	Details of Traffic	*Schedule of rates.* Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do motor tricycle or bicycle	0	4	0
3.	Do other vehicle of any descriptions propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4.	Do four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0
5.	Do two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jatka or ekka	0	8	0
6.	Do jatka or ekka, laden	0	4	0
7.	Do do unladen	0	2	0
8.	Do other vehicle with springs, including tricycle or bicycle	0	2	0
9.	Do other cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden ...	1	0	0
10.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden ...	0	8	0
11.	On every cart or vehicles not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden...	0	8	0
12.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	4	0
13.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs drawn by four bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
14.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by four bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	3	0
15.	Do cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by two bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	4	0

	Details of Traffic.	Schedule of Rates. Rs.	a.	p.
16.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	2	0
17.	Do cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule, if laden	0	2	0
18.	Do cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule, if not laden	0	1	0
19.	Do bullock or buffalo, per head, if laden ...	0	1	0
20.	Do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
21.	Do elephant	1	0	0
22.	Do camel, if laden	0	4	0
23.	Do camel, if not laden	0	2	0
24.	Do horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
25.	Do do if unladen or unridden	0	0	9
26.	Do tattu or mule, if laden or unridden ...	0	0	9
27.	Do do if unladen or led	0	0	6
28.	Do ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
29.	Do ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
30.	Do sheep or goat or pig	0	0	1
31.	Do palanquin, doli, palna, or tonjan with more than two bearers	0	4	0
32.	Do palanquin, doli, palna or tonjan with two bearers	0	2	0

SCHEDULE "B".

Serial number	Taluk	Name of toll-gate	Situation of the toll-gate	Whether toll is to be levied as through traffic in coming or out-going	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or special requirements of the people near the toll-gate.	Amount of deposit required	Place of sale	Date of sale	Officer conducting the sale	Officer confirming the sale
						Rs.				
1	Shimoga ..	Bhadravati ..	A mile or so beyond the Municipal limits on the Channagiri road.	On all kinds of traffic.	Vide paras 7 and 14.	200	Shimoga Taluk Office.	7th May 1925, Thursday.	Deputy Commissioner or the Revenue Sub-Division Officer.	Deputy Commissioner.
2	Channagiri.	Channagiri ..	Beyond the municipal limits on the road leading to Holalkere.			200	Channagiri Taluk Office.	6th May 1925, Wednesday.		
3	Do ..	Sulekere ..	Near the 3rd class T B. at the junction of the roads from Sasalu, Basapatna and Channagiri.			200				
4	Honnali ..	Saulanga ..	At the junction of the Shimoga-Honnali and Shimoga-Shikarpur roads.			650	Honnali Taluk Office.	19th May 1925, Tuesday.		
5	Shikarpur..	Hulaginakoppa.	Huliginakoppa ..			570	Shikarpur Taluk Office.	2nd May 1925, Saturday		
6	Sorab ..	Badadabyle with sub-toll-gate at Karadigere	Badadabyle with sub toll-gate at Karadigere.			132	Sorab Taluk Office.	30th April 1925, Thursday.		
7	Do ..	Agasanahalli.	Agasanahalli ..			175				
8	Do ..	Ulvi ..	Ulvi at the 10th mile near the T. B			384				
9	Nagar ..	Lakshmipur with the sub toll-gate at Bennatti.	Lakshmipur with the sub-toll-gate at Bennatti.			120	Kallurkatte Taluk Office.	14th May 1925, Thursday.		

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 29th March 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A; as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the President of the District Board.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the 1st day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true account of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner and President of the District Board and the Assistant Commissioner and the President of the Taluk Board. He shall if required by the President, District Board, furnish to the Taluk Board Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair failing which the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Local Board.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation an account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the Statute or Rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorized tools shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of 24 hours computing from sun-rise to sun-set a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot-passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the Department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage, or animal, conveying such property, reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate. No toll shall be levied on carts carrying Government timber.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servant.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Local Board prescribed sum in accordance with the Rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails.

(6) Belonging to the Honorable the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to his Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

(9) No toll shall be levied from the residents of Kote Danivasa village.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

C. SEEENIVASA RAO,
President (in charge),
Kadur District Board.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge	Kote Danivasa.
2.	Situation of the gate	On the Narasimharajapura-Shimoga road at one end of the village.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, incoming traffic or outgoing traffic	On all kinds of traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	
5.	Amount of deposit required	One-sixth of the total amount of contract for the year, *i.e.*, Rs. 255.
6.	Place of sale	Deputy Amildar's Office, Narasimharajapura.
7.	Date of sale	22nd April 1925, Wednesday.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	The President, District Board, or any officer authorised by him.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	President, District Board.
10.	Remarks	Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

Details of traffic	Rate if laden or ridden			Rate, if unladen or led		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
On every motor car	1	0	0	1	0	0
Do motor bicycle or tricycle	0	4	0	0	4	0
Do four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0	0	12	0
Do two-wheeled carriage	0	4	0	0	4	0
Do cart drawn by two bullocks, horses, ...	0	4	0	0	2	0
ponies, asses or mules.						
On every camel	0	4	0	0	2	0
Do elephant	1	0	0	1	0	0
Do buffalo or bullock per head	0	1	0	0	0	6
Do on every horse	0	1	6	0	0	9
Do ass	0	0	6	0	0	3
Cart or other vehicles not on springs drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule.	0	2	0	0	1	0
Sheep or goat, etc.	0	0	1	0	0	1

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, APRIL 9, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 6933—*Ml.* 57-24-302, *dated* 30*th March* 1925.

In modification of Notification No. 4127—Ml. 130-17-8, dated the 26th January 1918, and under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Chikmagalur, shall, with effect from the 1st April 1925, consist of 20 councillors of whom 10 shall be elected and 10 nominated inclusive of the following 4 appointed *ex-officio* :—

1. The Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Kadur District Treasury.
2. The Executive Engineer, Kadur Division.
3. The District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Kadur District.
4. The District Inspector of Education, Kadur District.

No. L. 6935—*Ml.* 57-24-303, *dated* 30*th March* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the rules framed thereunder, the Municipal Council of Chikmagalur in the Kadur District shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st April 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. A. Gopalakrishna Naik.
2. „ S. N. Ramanna *alias* S. N. Rama Iyengar.
3. „ C. P. Basavegowda.
4. „ C. Syed Peer.
5. „ B. N. Hanumanthappa.
6. Mr. C. Khizer Khan.
7. „ M. Abdul Aziz.
8. „ B. Kesavaiya.
9. „ B. S. Nanjundiah.
10. „ C. Vasudeva Rao.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. S. Venkataramaiya.
2. „ A. M. Staggs.
3. „ M. Krishna Setty.
4. Mr. M. Siddalingappa Setty.
5. „ Thuljan Rao.
6. „ Holeyar Lakka.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) *Ex-officio.*

1. The Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Kadur District Treasury.
2. The Executive Engineer, Kadur Division.
3. The District Medical and Sanitary Officer, Kadur District.
4. The District Inspector of Education, Kadur District.

No. L. 6940—*Ml.* 57-24-306, *dated* 30*th March* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the rules framed thereunder, the Minor Municipal Council of Hiriyur in the Chitaldrug District shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st April 1925.

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. B. Seetharamaiya.
2. „ Mahomed Patcha Sab.
3. Mr. H. S. Siddamallappa.
4. „ Abdul Razack Sahib.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. Janiah Chetty.
2. „ Podda Linga Naik.
3. „ Shanmugam Mudaliar.
4. Mr. Yeraguntappa.
5. „ Hanumantappa.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) *Ex-officio.*

1. The Amildar of the Hiriyur Taluk (President).
2. The Medical Officer, Hiriyur Taluk.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department, Hiriyur Taluk.

No. L. 6969—*Ml.* 57-24-312, *dated* 31*st March* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the rules framed thereunder, the Municipal Council of Bowringpet in the Kolar District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st April 1925.

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. M. G. Shama Rao, First Grade Pleader.
2. „ Raja Hanumappa Setty, Mandi Merchant.
3. „ Syed Abdul Rahim Pasha Sahib, Contractor and Merchant.
4. „ B. Mahomed Hussain Saheb, Merchant.
5. „ Rajakodandarama Setty, Merchant.
6. „ Abdul Alli Sahib, Merchant.
7. „ A. R. Basappa, Merchant.
8. „ M. V. Ramalingam Setty, Merchant.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. Govindarajalu, Contractor.
2. „ K. Venkataramaiya, Toddy Contractor.
3. „ Raju Mudaliar, Pleader.
4. „ G. Venkatesaiya, B.A., B.L., Advocate.
5. „ Gulab Chand Raghunathmull, Banker and Merchant.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) *Ex-officio.*

1. The Amildar, Bowringpet Taluk (President).
2. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Bowringpet.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department, Bowringpet.

No. L. 6986—*Ml.* 57-24-313, *dated* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the rules framed thereunder, the Minor Municipal Council of Kadur in the Kadur District shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st April 1925.

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1 Mr. K. Hanumanthia, Landholder.
2 „ C. Somanna do.
3 „ B. Maliyappa do.
4 „ Srikantiah, Landholder and Shanbhog.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1 Mr. A. Ranga Rao, Landholder.
2 „ Mohadin Khan Sab, Merchant and Contractor.
3 „ Thimme Gowda, Excise Contractor.
4 „ Adihonnappa Setty, Merchant and Landholder.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) *Ex-officio.*

1 The Amildar of the Kadur Taluk, (President).
2 The Medical Officer at Kadur.
3 The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Kadur Taluk.
4 The Sub-Registrar, Kadur.

No. L. 7006—*Ml.* 57-24-304, *dated 1st April* 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Government are pleased to extend the term of the present Minor Municipal Council of Mudgere till the end of April 1925 pending reconstitution.

No. L. 7045—*Ml.* 43-24-8, *dated 3rd April* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the rules issued thereunder, Mr. V. Venkatesiah has been declared duly elected as a Councillor of the Bangalore City Municipal Council *vice* Mr. Myakal Malliah resigned.

No. L. 7073—*Ml.* 1-24-10, *dated 4th April* 1925.

Under Section 48(1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the properties declared in Government Notification No. 7427—Ml. 1-20-15, dated the 22nd December 1920, as required for widening the road between Old Butchers' Street and the Avenue Road, V Division, Bangalore City.

No. L. 7075—*Ml.* 4-24-4, *dated 4th April* 1925.

Under Section 48(1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, as amended by Regulation XI of 1916, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the lands in the Gavipur-Guttahalli village, Bangalore, sanctioned in the Government Notification No. L. 5208—Ml. 1-21-37, dated the 15th March 1922, published at page 91a, English Part I-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated the 30th March 1922, for affording facilities for washermen.

No. L. 7077—*Ml.* 4-24-1, *dated 4th April* 1925.

Under Section 48(1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, as amended by Regulation XI of 1916, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition for building purposes of Survey No. 1 of Vaiyalikaval village, Bangalore Taluk, sanctioned in Notification No. R. 14441—Ml. 1-20-67, dated the 30th June 1921, as it is not wanted for the purpose.

No. L. 6983—*L. B.* 9-24-54, *dated 31st March* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules, 1918, Government are pleased to extend the term of the elected and nominated members of the Village Panchayets in the Devanhalli Taluk of the Bangalore District till the end of March 1925.

No. L. 7071—*L. B.* 26-24-10, *dated 4th April* 1925.

Under Rule 2(a) of Section I of the Rules for the special sanitation of the local area under the administration of the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board, the appointment of Mr. W. T. Hudson, Superintendent of Nandidroog Mines, Limited, as a non-official member of the Sanitary Board in place of Col. C. H. Richards deceased, is approved.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

No. 24.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 14TH MARCH 1925, AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... ... 21 | Absent 8
Vacant 1

Deferred subjects.

11. Letter dated the 27th January 1925, from Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, B.A., Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following propositions :—

(1) "As the beauty of Hoskota road is spoilt at the Metal Factory and Wesleyan Mission School by its narrowness, immediate steps be taken to widen the same as far as the Mission road by acquiring the two adjoining lands and providing a circular round in the square as in the case of the Basavanagudi Fort Centre road.

And.

18. Special Engineer's memo No. dated 28th January 1925, submitting a rough estimate for Rs. 23,400 for widening the portion of Hoskota road between the Metal Factory and Wesleyan Mission Collegiate High School.

Resolution.—Discussion of Subject No. 11 (1) on the agenda was taken up along with item No. 18 of the agenda on the same subject.

The President explained the urgent necessity of widening the Hoskota road between the Metal Factory and the Wesleyan Mission Collegiate High School compound. Several of the Councillors spoke in favour of the scheme, while a few remarked that it might lie over for the present for want of funds.

2. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao proposed that the above propositions, *viz.*, Nos. 11 (1) and 18 might be combined with some modifications, which was accepted by Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar. The combined modified proposition ran as follows :—

"To meet the traffic needs on the Hoskota road at Metal Factory and the Wesleyan Mission High School, steps be taken to widen the road as far as the Mission road, by acquiring the required lands with a view to provide a suitable circus, as per Special Engineer's memo dated 28th February 1925, submitting a rough estimate for the same."

This amended proposition which was proposed by Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, and seconded by Mr. Belur Sreenivasaiengar, was carried, 13 voting 'For' and 6 'Against' it.

Messrs. B. L. Byanna and B. Abdur Rahmon, demanded a poll.

The following voted 'For' the proposition :—

1. The President, 2. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, 3. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, 4. Mr. C. R. Hutchappa, 5. Mr. M. C. Chiknanjundappa, 6. Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, 7. Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, 8. Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, 9. Mr. G. Paramasiviah, 10. Mr. S. Venkataranganiengar, 11. Mr. P. M. Basappa, 12. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 13. Mr. Belur Sreenivasa Iyengar.

The following voted 'Against' :—

1. Mr. B. L. Byanna, 2. Mr. G. Muniyappa, 3. Mr. B. V. Krishniengar, 4. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, 5. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa, 6. Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon.

Deferred Subject No. 11 (2). The Proposition of Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar.

"That, as there is now found to be a poor and insufficient supply of lighting arrangement in the Bamboo Bazaar road, immediate steps be taken to have each post supplied with double lights."

Resolution.—The question may be referred to the Municipal City Improvement Committee for opinion and for an estimate of cost.

* * * * *

16. Special Engineer's memo No. 788, dated 30th January 1925, submitting for sanction an estimate for Rs. 1,350 for shifting the present Bus and Bullock cart stands to the New Bamboo Bazaar.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

17. Special Engineer's memo No. 796, dated 3rd February 1925, submitting for sanction a rough estimate for Rs. 5,000 for providing a gate-way with cast iron railing at the south-west corner of the New Market.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

* * * * *

22. Acquisition of house No. 24, belonging to one Mr. Venkataramanappa for the formation of the Market Circus.

Resolution.—Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar proposed and Mr. Belur Sreenivasaiengar seconded that all the properties in the triangular bit of land between the Victoria Hospital and the New Market, including house No. 24, belonging to Mr. Venkataramanappa, be acquired simultaneously. This was carried unanimously.

* * * * *

29. Municipal Commissioner's Note, dated 5th February 1925, stating that out of the properties declared for acquisition, for opening a conservancy lane in Santaveerayya's lane, only Mallappa's property is necessary and the rest need not be acquired.

Resolution.—The Municipal Commissioner's recommendation is approved, provided that the owners of the properties, in respect of which conservancy facilities will be created, are willing to bear the cost of acquisition.

* * * * *

32. Re-consideration of Council Resolution No. 49, dated 1st November 1924, regarding the disposal of sites in Palace Guttahalli.

Resolution.—Under clause (c) of Section 186 (N) of the amended Regulation, IV of 1923, the Municipal Commissioner is authorised to sanction the sale of sites, when the value of each site does not exceed Rs. 100.

* * * * *

No. 25.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED GENERL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE HELD ON SATURDAY THE 21ST MARCH 1925, AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... ... 20 | Absent 9

Vacant 1.

Before the Proceedings began, the President observed that the daily mortality in the City was somewhat high and requested the Health Officer to make a statement as to the health of the City for the information of the Councillors. The Health Officer said that it was true that the daily mortality at present was a little higher than usual, but that there were no diseases of any epidemic form in the City, that there were a few sporadic cases of mild influenza here and there, that the mortality figures are much less than those of the corresponding period of last year and that there was no cause for any alarm.

Ordinary Subjects.

* * * * *

27. Appeal petition dated 30th January 1925, from Mr. Rangappa, Dharmakarta of Sri Mullukatamma Temple in Seshadripuram, requesting to reconsider the City Improvement Committee Resolution, dated 22nd January 1925, ordering the demolition of a verandha constructed on Municipal land and agreeing to pay an annual rent as may be fixed.

Resolution.—Resolved that the prayer of the petitioner be granted on his executing a proper Mutchalika agreeing to pay an annual rent of Rs. 3.

28. Letter dated 22nd January 1925, from Mr. B. L. Byanna, Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following propositions:—

"This Council resolves that a grant of Rs. 250 be made to the Bangalore District Congress Committee to foster *hand-spinning* as a "Home Industry" in the limits of the City of Bangalore."

Resolution.—The question whether this was a legitimate expenditure on Municipal Funds was discussed at great length and when the question was put to vote, it was carried, 10 voting 'For' and 7 'Against'.

Messrs. B. L. Byanna and G. B. Raghavendrachar demanded a poll.

The following voted 'For':—1. Mr. B. L. Byanna, 2. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, 3. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa, 4. Mr. Ramachandra Rao Sindia, 5. Mr. B. V. Krishniengar, 6. Mr. J. R. Isaac, 7. Mr. P. Murugesam Pillay, 8. Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, 9. Mr. S. Venkatarangiengar and 10. Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar.

The following voted 'Against':—1. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 2. Mr. P. M. Basappa, 3. Mr. G. Muniyappa, 4. Mr. G. Paramasiviah, 5. Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, 6. Mr. C. K. Hutchappa and 7. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa.

* * * * *

31. Letter dated 20th February 1925, from Mr. J. R. Isaac, B.A., M.B.E., Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following proposition.—

"Resolved that the Municipal Building near Binny Mills, which is at present being used as arrack and toddy shops be given to the Bangalore Temperance Federation at a nominal rent for opening a Temperance Tea Room, where wholesome food will be sold to poor people in that vicinity at a cheap rate."

Resolution.—The proposition was split up into 2 parts. The first part was as follows.—"Resolved that the Municipal Building near Binny Mills, which is at present being used as arrack and toddy shops, be not let out to any arrack or toddy shop from 1st July 1925."

This was proposed by Mr. J. R. Isaac and seconded by Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao and was carried unanimously. It was further proposed by Mr. G. Paramasiviah and seconded by Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar and carried unanimously that the Excise Department be requested not to locate any liquor shop in that suburb.

The second part of the proposition as regards the lease of the building to the Temperance Federation, was withdrawn by Mr. J. R. Isaac, on the President stating that the building was required by the Municipality for locating Primary Schools.

* * * * *

33. Letter dated 20th February 1925, from Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following propositions: —

1. "That a short-hand writer be appointed to take down in detail the proceedings of the Meetings of the Municipal Council and the same being published in local papers and the Blue Book Journal."

Resolution.—Carried Unanimously.

2. "In view of the fast approaching hot summer, resolved that immediate steps be taken to provide all the Municipal Cart Stands with roofs to protect the poor animals against sun and rain."

Resolution.—Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty proposed and Mr. G. Siddaveerappa seconded the proposition. Mr. Ramachandra Rao Sindia proposed an amendment, *viz.*, that the construction of two stands be taken up this year. This was seconded by Mr. Belur Sreenivasaiengar and accepted by Messrs. P. Subbarama Chetty and Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, the mover and the seconder of the original proposition and was carried unanimously.

* * * * *

MOHAMED ABBAS KHAN,
Honorary President.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 10TH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE ON FRIDAY THE 27TH MARCH 1925 AT 8-30 A.M.

Present	6	Absent	2

I. Proceedings of the 9th Ordinary meeting held on 20th February 1925.

Resolution.—Confirmed.

* * * *

V. Estimate for Rs. 997 for laying 1½" galvanized sub-main and erecting public fountains in Chamundi Extension.

Resolution.—Approved.

VI. Estimate for Rs. 548, (298 plus 250) for providing water taps and constructing a cistern in Kantharaja Urs Chowk (supplemental to the estimate for laying out Kantharaja Urs Chowk).

Resolution.—Approved, with the observation that the wall of the cistern might be built in stone.

VII. Estimate for Rs. 556 for raising the high level main in Ittigegud road (supplemental to the estimate for raising the cill and vents of Pleasure Palace road).

Resolution.—Approved.

VIII. Estimate for Rs. 30,000 for giving house connections and other sundry works in the several drainage areas of the City.

Resolution.—Sanctioned

IX. Estimate for Rs. 2,940 for enclosing the maidan opposite the Law Court buildings with wire fencing and shifting thereto the Bandstand on the Exhibition grounds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned. The removal of the Bandstand may be deferred to next year.

XI. Re appropriation of grants for 1924-25.

Resolution.—May be submitted to Government.

XII. Statement showing the temporary establishment required for the year 1924-25, at an aggregate cost of Rs. 3,315.

Resolution.—Approved.

XIII. Statements showing sites and bits of land sold during the months of February and March 1925.

Resolution.—Confirmed. The Board is of opinion that bit No. A—58 in Block No. 7 be reserved for the present as an open space.

XIV. Sale of materials required for drainage connections from the Board's stores to private persons.

Resolution.—The Board consider that private persons should be encouraged to buy materials required for house drainage, and such materials might be sold at cost price from the Boards' stores with 10 per cent addition for supervision charges.

XV. Letter dated 16th March 1925, from Mr. R. Puttaraja Urs, Assistant Commissioner, Comptroller's Office, requesting that site No. 50, Lakshmipuram Extension, may be granted to him at annas twelve a square yard.

Resolution.—May be sold at twelve annas per square yard, as a special case.

XVI. Application dated the 21st March 1925, from Mr. M. G. Dastagir, 6 and 7 Lansdowne Buildings, Mysore, for site No. 130, Block 16, Mandi Mohalla, adjoining site No. 129, already allotted.

Resolution.—May be given at the rate fixed, *viz.*, twelve annas a square yard. Site No. 131 may also be added on, if he will pay the price at eight annas a square yard and build according to plan.

XVII. Application dated 4th February 1925, from Gouramma, daughter of Ramajattappa, for building site (No. 30, Block 11) in Chamundi Extension.

Resolution.—May be sold at usual rate.

XVIII. Application dated 17th March 1925. from Mr. M. A Ramanuja Iyengar either for sale or lease of Trust land to the south of his site No. 1 in Bakshi Basappaji Urs Laya.

Resolution.—May be given on year to year lease.

XIX. Application dated 20th March 1925, from M. Venkatakrishniah for remission of interest due on site No. 19, Block 87, Krishnaraja Mohalla.

Resolution.—Half the interest may be remitted, and the balance collected at Rs. 5 a month.

XX. Writing off the following sums from accounts :—

(i) Rs. 14-12-10 due on account of loan order No. 646 of Eara and Chik Eara.

(ii) Rs. 3-11-10 due on account of Laon order No. 269 from Jande Hanumiah.

Resolution.—Approved.

XXI. Letter No. H. 309—24, dated 21st March 1925, from the District Forest Officer, Wynad, remitting Rs. 1,512-8-0 on account of the cost of 2 acres of land added on to the Depot site.

Resolution.—Approved, subject to the condition that the property should be enclosed with compound wall or a row of trees if possible.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 1st April 1925.

Under Section 15 of the Mysore Muzrai Regulation and 'B' set of rules framed thereunder, the undermentioned gentlemen are appointed Dharmadarsis for the management of Sri Nageswaraswami temple at Navile in the Channarayapatna Taluk, for a period of five years from this date :—

1. Mr. Anantharamaiya, Shanbhog (*Convenor*).
2. „ H. Krishnappa, Landholder.
3. „ Chikkegowda, Patel.
4. „ Narasimhiah, Police Patel.
5. „ Ningegowda, son of Kempegowda, Landholder.

Notification dated 1st April 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gate as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26 will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only in fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true account of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection

of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner, furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor shall conform generally to the Rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the Statute or Rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be ligibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh or any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise to sunset a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of troops or Military Stores or equipages or of police officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorized by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property, reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate. No toll shall be levied on carts carrying Government timber.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servant.

(3) Licensed by Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Deputy Commissioner prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(6) Belonging by the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor, who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

17. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge ...	... Marnahalli toll-gate.
2.	Situation of the gate	... Near Marnahalli bungalow, Marnahalli Ghat, Manjarabad Taluk.

3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, incoming traffic or outgoing traffic.	On all kinds of traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	.....
5.	Amount of deposit required	Rs. 200-0-0.
6.	Place of sale	Revenue Sub-Division Office, Saklespur.
7.	Date of sale	25th May 1925 (Monday)
8.	Officer conducting the sale	Revenue Sub-Division Officer, Saklespur.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	Revenue Commissioner in Mysore.
10.	Remarks	.....

SCHEDULE "B."

No.	*Particulars.*	*Amount of toll to be levied.* Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do motor bicycle or tricycle	0	4	0
3.	Do vehicles propelled by steam or other power ...	1	0	0
4.	Do four-wheeled vehicle, laden	0	8	0
5.	Do do empty	0	4	0
6.	Do springed two wheeled vehicle, jatka or ekka, laden	0	4	0
7.	Do do do empty	0	2	0
8.	Do ekka or jatka, laden	0	4	0
9.	Do do empty	0	2	0
10.	Do tricycle or bicycle	0	2	0
11.	Do vehicle, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, not on springs, laden	1	0	0
12.	Do vehicle, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, not on springs, empty	0	8	0
13.	Do vehicle, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, not on springs, laden ...	0	8	0
14.	Do vehicle, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, not on springs, empty...	0	4	0
15.	Do cart drawn by four oxen, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
16.	Do cart drawn by four oxen, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, if empty	0	3	0
17.	Do cart drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus or mules, if laden	0	4	0
18.	Do cart drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus or mules, if empty	0	2	0
19.	Do cart drawn by a single bullock, buffaloe, horse, tattu, ass or mule not on springs, if laden ...	0	2	
20.	Do cart drawn by a single bullock, buffaloe, horse, tattu, ass or mule not on springs, empty ...	0	1	0
21.	Do bullock or buffaloe, if laden	0	1	0
22.	Do do if led	0	0	6
23.	Do elephant	1	0	0
24.	Do camel, if laden	0	4	0
25.	Do do if led	0	2	0
26.	Do horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
27.	Do do if unladen or led	0	0	9
28.	Do tattu, if unladen or led	0	0	6
29.	Do do if laden or ridden	0	0	9
30.	Do ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
31.	Do ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
32.	Do sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
33.	Do palki, doli or palanquin borne by two men ...	0	2	0
34.	Do borne by more than two men	0	4	0

N.B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification dated 31st March 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor will be returned only in fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3 The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the 1st day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government and he shall not leavy any toll from such persons. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorized Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate, true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner, the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner, furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the Department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards or Municipal Council.

(2) Conveying Local Boards or Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards or Municipal Council.

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Revenue authorities for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails.

(7) Belonging to the Honorable the British Resident in Mysore.

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. British Military Officers in uniform, passing on duty, through the State are exempted from payment of tolls.

17. Government carts belonging to the Amrut Mahal Department moving about from place to place within a district in connection with the work of the department with the necessary permit by the Superintendent, Amrut Mahal Department are exempted from payment of tolls.

18. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

19. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate	Thunga Bridge at Honnali.
2.	Situation of the gate	Good.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, incoming traffic.	Nil.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Do
5.	Amount of deposit required	One-sixth amount of the contract of the previous year, *viz.*, Rs. 466-0-0.
6.	Place of sale	Taluk Office, Kallurkatte Nagar Taluk.
7.	Date of sale	19th May 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	Sub-Division Officer, Sagar
9.	Officer confirming the sale	Revenue Commissioner.
10.	Remarks	Nil.

SCHEDULE B. (DETAILS OF TRAFFIC.)

Schedule of rates of toll.

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do motor tricycle or bicycle	0	4	0
3.	Do other vehicle of any description propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4.	Do four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0
5.	Do two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jatka or ekka	0	8	0
6.	Do ekka or jatka aden	0	4	0
7.	Do do unladen	0	2	0
8.	Do other vehicle with springs, including tricycle or bicycle	0	2	0
9.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden ...	1	0	0
10.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden ...	0	8	0
11.	Do cart or other vehicle not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden...	0	8	0
12.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	4	0
13.	Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs drawn by four bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
14.	Do do do if not laden ...	0	3	0
15.	Do cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	4	0
16.	Do do do if not laden ...	0	2	0
17.	Do cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule, if laden	0	1	0
18.	Do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
19.	Do buffalo, or bullock per head, if laden ...	0	1	0
20.	Do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
21.	Do elephant	1	0	0
22.	Do camel, if laden	0	4	0
23.	Do camel, if not laden	0	2	0
24.	Do horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
25.	Do do if unladen or led	0	0	9
26.	Do tattu or mule, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
27.	Do do if unladen or led	0	0	6
28.	Do ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
29.	Do ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
30.	Do sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
31.	Do palanquin, doli, palna, or tanjan with two bearers	0	2	0
32.	Do do with more than two bearers ...	0	4	0

N. B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

Notification dated 31st March 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26 will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only in fulfilment of the contract. The deposit of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the autuority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government, and he shall not levy any toll from such persons. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accouuts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor shall confirm generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put pu in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tools can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards or Municipal Council.

(2) Conveying Local Boards or Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.
(3) Licensed by the Local Boards or Municipal Council.
(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.
(5) Possessed by a person who was compounded with the Revenue Authorities for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.
(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.
(7) Belonging by the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.
(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.
(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. British Military Officers in uniform, passing, on duty, through the State are exempted from payment of toll.

17. Government carts belonging to the Amrut Mahal Department moving about from place to place within a district in connection with the work of the department with the necessary permit by the Superintendent, Amrut Mahal Department are exempted from payment of tolls.

18. Any breach of the above conditions of rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

19. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate	.. Hyderghat.
2.	Situation of the gate	... Good.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic.	Nil.
4.	Traffic specially excepted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Do
5.	Amount of deposit required ...	... One-sixth amount of the contract of the previous year, *viz.*, Rs. 287-0-0.
6.	Place of sale	... Taluk Office, Kallurkatte, (Nagar Taluk.)
7.	Date of sale	... 14th May 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale... ...	... Sub-Division Officer, Sagar.
9.	Officer confirming the sale... ...	... Revenue Commissioner.
10.	Remarks	... Nil.

SCHEDULE B—(DETAILS OF TRAFFIC.)

Schedule of rates of toll.

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do motor tricycle or bicycle	0	4	0
3.	Do other vehicle of any description propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4.	Do four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0
5.	Do two wheeled carriage on springs other than a jutka or ekka	0	8	0
6.	Do ekka or jatka, laden...	0	4	0
7.	Do do unladen	0	2	0
8.	Do other vehicle with springs including tricycle and bicycle	0	2	0

			Rs.	a.	p.
9.	On every other cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden		1	0	0
10.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	8	0
11.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	8	0
12.	Do	do do do if not laden...	0	4	0
13.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by four bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
14.	Do	do do do if not laden...	0	3	0
15.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies asses or mules, if laden	0	4	0
16.	Do	do do do if not laden ..	0	2	0
17.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by a single bullock, buffaloe, horse, pony, ass or mule, if laden	0	1	0
18.	Do	do do do if not laden...	0	0	6
19.	Do	buffaloe or bullock, per head, if laden ...	0	1	0
20.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
21.	Do	elephant	1	0	0
22.	Do	camel, if laden	0	4	0
23.	Do	do if not laden	0	2	0
24.	Do	horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
25.	Do	do if unladen or led	0	0	9
26.	Do	tattu or mule, if laden or ridden... ...	0	0	9
27.	Do	do if unladen or led ...	0	0	6
28.	Do	ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
29.	Do	ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
30.	Do	sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
31.	Do	palanquin, dhooly, palna or tanjan with two bearers	0	2	0
32.	Do	do do with more than two bearers	0	4	0

N.B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

Notification dated 31*st March* 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26 will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only in fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government and he shall not leavy any toll from such persons. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Local Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute of rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be ligibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll gate, if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorized by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards or Municipal Council.

(2) Conveying Local Boards or Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards or Municipal Council.

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who was compounded with Revenue authorities for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(7) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. British Military Officers in uniform, passing on duty, through the State are exempted from payment of tolls.

17. Government carts belonging to the Amrut Mahal Department moving about from place to place within a district in connection with the work of the department with the necessary permits by the Superintendent, Amrut Mahal Department are exempted from payment of tolls.

18. Any breach of the above conditions for rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

19. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate	Agumbeghat.
2.	Situation of the gate	Good.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, incoming traffic.	
4.	Traffic specially excepted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	
5.	Amount of deposit required	One-sixth of the contract amount of the previous year, *viz.*, Rs. 665-10-0.
6.	Place of sale	Taluk Office, Tirthahalli.
7.	Date of sale	11th May 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	Sub-Division Officer, Tirthahalli.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	Revenue Commissioner.
10.	Remarks	Nil.

SCHEDULE B. (DETAILS OF TRAFFIC.)

Schedule of rates of toll.

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do motor tricycle or bicycle	0	4	0
3.	Do other vehicle of any description propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4.	Do four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0

			Rs.	a.	p.
5.	On every	two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jatka or ekka	0	8	0
6.	Do	ekka or jatka, laden	0	4	0
7.	Do	do unladen	0	2	0
8.	Do	other vehicle with springs including tricycle and bicycle	0	2	0
9.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	1	0	0
10.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	8	0
11.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	8	0
12.	Do	do do do if not laden ..	0	4	0
13.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by four bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
14.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	3	0
15.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	4	0
16.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	2	0
17.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by a single bullock, buffaloe, horse, pony, ass or mule, if laden	0	1	0
18.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
19.	Do	buffaloe or bullock, per head, if laden ...	0	1	0
20.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
21.	Do	elephant	1	0	0
22.	Do	camel, if laden	0	4	0
23.	Do	do if not laden	0	2	0
24.	Do	horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
25.	Do	do if unladen or led	0	0	9
26.	Do	tattu or mule, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
27.	Do	do if unladen or led	0	0	6
28.	Do	ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
29.	Do	ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
30.	Do	sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
31.	Do	palanquin, dhooly, palna or tanjan with two bearers	0	2	0
32.	Do	do do with more than two bearers...	0	4	0

N.B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

Notification No. Hc. 299 *of* 24-25, *dated* 4*th April* 1925.

The Government having in their Order No. R. 5936-9—R. M. 24-24-8, dated the 1st April 1925 sanctioned the establishment of a new toll-gate near the frontier on the Kogur-Nagavalli-Bhatkal road, Sagar; it is hereby notified that the toll-gate will be opened with effect from 1st May 1925 at a point 13 miles and 2 furlongs distant from Kogur and a mile and a half from Nagavalli. This toll-gate will be known as Nagavalli toll-gate. The rates of tolls to be levied will be as follows :—

Schedule of rates of toll.

			Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every	motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do	motor tricycle or bicycle	0	4	0
3.	Do	other vehicle of any description propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0

			Rs.	a.	p.
4.	On every	four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0
5.	Do	two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jutka or ekka	0	8	0
6.	Do	ekka or jatka, laden	0	4	0
7.	Do	do unladen	0	2	0
8.	Do	other vehicle with springs including tricycle and bicycle	0	2	0
9.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	1	0	0
10.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	8	0
11.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	8	0
12.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	4	0
13.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by four bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
14.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	3	0
15.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	4	0
16.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	2	0
17.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by a single bullock, buffaloe, horse, pony, ass or mule, if laden	0	1	0
18.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
19.	Do	buffaloe or bullock, per head, if laden ...	0	1	0
20.	Do	buffaloe or bullock, per head, if not laden ...	0	0	6
21.	Do	elephant	1	0	0
22.	Do	camel, if laden	0	4	0
23.	Do	do if not laden	0	2	0
24.	Do	horse, if laden or riddin	0	1	6
25.	Do	do if unladen or led	0	0	9
26.	Do	tattu or mule, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
27.	Do	do if unladen or led	0	0	6
28.	Do	ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
29.	Do	ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
30.	Do	sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
31.	Do	palanquin, dhooly, palna or tanjan with two bearers	0	2	0
32.	Do	do do with more than two bearers	0	4	0

N.B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

R. TIRUNARANAIENGAR,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

TURUVEKERE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Dated 25th October 1924.

The following bye-laws regarding the registration of births and deaths framed by the Turuvekere Municipal Council are published hereunder for the information of the public :—

Bye-laws regarding registration of births and deaths framed under section 48 (*g*) of the Municipal Regulation.

1. A register shall be kept of births and deaths in the town and for this purpose a Registrar of births and deaths shall be appointed.

The Reading Room shall for the present be the office of registry and the Sanitary Maistry be the Registrar. A notice written both in English and in Kanarese and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify this fact to the public.

2. All births and deaths shall be registered in books in the forms given in the appended schedule and these books shall be presented in the Municipal Office.

3. The Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and every death which occurs within the Municipality and shall register as soon as conveniently may be after the event without fee or reward the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the said Schedule touching every such birth and death as the case may be, which has not been already registered.

4. All such entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of the book.

5. The father or mother or other male relative of every child born within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of the father, mother and other male relative, the Medical attendant or midwife who was present at, or in attendance, shall within one week next after the day of every such birth, give or cause to be given to the Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known, and registered touching the birth of such child.

6. Some near relative present at the death or in attendance during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building (or if the occupier be the person who has died). Some person living in the building in which such death has occurred shall within 24 (twenty four) hours give or cause to be given to the Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief information of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of every person.

7. In the case of births or deaths in any public institution it shall be the duty of the officer or person in charge, to give or cause to be given to the Registrar, the information required under bye-laws 5 and 6 touching such births and deaths.

8. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedule (printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office, with all Municipal Councillors, Sanitary Maistry, Patels and Shanbhogs of Turuvekere Municipality).

9. On a notice received at the office of registry the Sanitary Maistry shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the accuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice and after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against the particular entry in the register in token of having performed such inspection.

10. Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who had died within the Municipality shall, whenever required furnish the Registrar or other person authorised in his behalf such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

11. Any person whose duty it is to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who neglects or refuses to give such information or gives false information shall be liable (or conviction before a Magistrate) to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

12. All extracts from registers of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Council and the fees payable for these shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

13. Extracts from the register of births, may if required by the informant be given to him free of cost by the Registrar.

Definitions.

"Occupier" includes the Keeper, Master, Matron, Superintendent or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or separate apartments are immediately held or his agent. "Public institution" includes prison lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution, which is under the management of the public body officer or person.

The term "still-birth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

Report of births in the Municipality of Turuvekere during the month of..... ...192 .

Date and hour of birth	Nationality or caste	Born alive	Still born	Sex		Where born (locality name of street, etc.)	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice is sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address

Report of deaths in the Turuvekere Municipality during the month of..... .....192 .

Name and surname of the deceased in Kanarese	Occupation or calling	Place of residence	Where death occurred	Door number	Age			Sex	Nationality or caste	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Date of death	Name of Doctor, hakeem or vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

*Here if the cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomittings, diarrhoea and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Informant's name and address.

Register of births in the Municipality of Turuvekere during the month of.....192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Father's name	Mother's name	Residence	Father's occupation	Caste	Sex		Date of birth	Name of the child, if any	Name of the informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of Registrar	Remarks
							Male	Female							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16.

Register of deaths in the Municipality of Turuvekere during the month of.....192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Name of deceased	Father's name	Residence at the time of death	Age	Sex		Caste	Occupation	Date of death	Cause of death	Name of informant	Residence of the informant	Signature of the informant	Signature of the Registrar	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

S. N. KRISHNA RAO,
President, Municipal Council,
Turuvekere.

TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, CHIKBALLAPUR.

Dated 22nd March 1925.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of Chikballapur Town that the Municipal Council of Chikballapur desire to revise the schedule of rates of toll as per details given below. Any inhabitant objecting to the above revision may, within one month from the date of notice, send his objections in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Chikballapur.

Name of tax	Sanctioned schedule of rates				Proposed schedule of rates	
	Class of property liable	Rates at which class liable	Exemptions	Time at which taxes payable	Rate at which class liable	Exemption
Tolls on vehicles and animals entering the Municipality but not liable to taxation under item III of schedule of taxes of the Octroi Bye-laws.	All vehicles and animals of the description given in column 4 entering the Municipal limits. Provided that not more than one payment of toll shall be demanded in respect of any vehicle or cart or animal in any one period of twenty-four hours counted from midnight to midnight.	Rs. a. p. 1. On every four-wheeled vehicles with springs .. 0 8 0 2. On every jutka, hakney or cart, laden .. 0 4 0 3. Every jutka, hakney or cart, not laden .. 0 2 0 4. On every other vehicle with springs and every palanquin bicycle or tricycle .. 0 4 0 5. Every buffalo bull, bullock cow or ass laden or ridden and on every horse under thirteen hands and every mule .. 0 1 0 6. On every horse not under thirteen hands .. 0 2 0 7. On every elephant .. 1 0 0 8. On every camel .. 0 4 0	(a) Carriages, carts, the property of, or employed by, Government or Municipal Council of the Town or licensed or registered by the said Council. (b) Vehicles (whether owned or hired) used for the passage of troops or conveyance of Government property or the property of His Highness the Maharaja of His Highness the Yuvaraja duly certified as such by the controlling authority. (c) Vehicles (whether owned or hired) used for the passage of Military or Police Officers on duty or the conveyance or passage of any property or person in their custody duly certified as above. (d) Carts carrying firewood, fodder and thatch, and building stones and road materials. (e) No toll shall be levied on vehicles and animals if they enter the Municipal limits of the Chikballapur Town within twenty-four hours after payment of toll in any part of the State.	On passing a toll-gate.	I. VEHICLES. Rs. a. p. 1. On every four-wheeled vehicles with springs .. 0 8 0 2. On every cart laden .. 0 4 0 Do not laden .. 0 2 0 Do laden with fuel .. 0 2 0 Do with stone or other road materials .. 0 1 0 3. Single bullock cart laden .. 0 2 0 Do not laden .. 0 1 0 4. Jutka laden or unladen .. 0 2 0 5. Waddar bandy laden .. 0 2 0 Do not laden .. 0 1 0 6. Motor cycle .. 0 4 0 7. Bicycle or tricycle .. 0 1 0 8. Riksha .. 0 1 0 II. ANIMALS. 1. Every buffalo, bull, bullock or cow laden or ridden .. 0 1 0 2. Every horse .. 0 1 0 3. Every ass or mule laden or ridden .. 0 0 6 4. Elephant .. 1 0 0 5. Camel .. 0 4 0	(1) Every ass or mule carrying fuel or washer man's clothes. (2) Carts carrying fodder or thatch. (3) The other exemptions will stand as they are. (4) British Military Officers in uniform passing on duty.

D. C. SUBBARAYAPPA,
President.

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 29th March 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the President of the District Board.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the 1st day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true account of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner and President of the District Board and the Assistant Commissioner and the President of the Taluk Board. He shall if required by the President, District Board, furnish to the Taluk Board Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair failing which the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Local Board.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation an account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the Statute or Rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorized tools shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of 24 hours computing from sun-rise to sun-set a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot-passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the Department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage, or animal, conveying such property, reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate. No toll shall be levied on carts carrying Government timber.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servant.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Local Board prescribed sum in accordance with the Rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails.

(6) Belonging to the Honorable the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to his Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

(9) No toll shall be levied from the residents of Kote Danivasa village.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

C. SREENIVASA RAO,
President (in charge),
Kadur District Board.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge	Kote Danivasa.
2.	Situation of the gate	On the Narasimharajapura-Shimoga road at one end of the village.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, incoming traffic or outgoing traffic	On all kinds of traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	
5.	Amount of deposit required	One-sixth of the total amount of contract for the year, *i.e.*, Rs. 255.
6.	Place of sale	Deputy Amildar's Office, Narasimharajapura.
7.	Date of sale	22nd April 1925, Wednesday.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	The President, District Board, or any officer authorised by him.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	President, District Board.
10.	Remarks	Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

Details of traffic	Rate if laden or ridden			Rate, if unladen or led		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
On every motor car	1	0	0	1	0	0
Do motor bicycle or tricycle	0	4	0	0	4	0
Do four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0	0	12	0
Do two-wheeled carriage	0	4	0	0	4	0
Do cart drawn by two bullocks, horses, ...	0	4	0	0	2	0
ponies, asses or mules.						
On every camel	0	4	0	0	2	0
Do elephant	1	0	0	1	0	0
Do buffalo or bullock per head	0	1	0	0	0	6
Do on every horse	0	1	6	0	0	9
Do ass	0	0	6	0	0	3
Cart or other vehicles not on springs drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule.	0	2	0	0	1	0
Sheep or goat, etc.	0	0	1	0	0	1

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PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 7152—*Ml.* 57-24-317, *dated 7th April* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the Rules framed thereunder, the Minor Municipal Council of Koppa in the Kadur District shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st April 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. H. Hutcha Rao, Landholder.
2. „ B. Nanjundiah, Landholder and Shanbhog.
3. „ G. M. Ramegowda Merchant.
4. „ B. S. Srinivasa Rao, Merchant and Landholder.

B. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. P. V. Mira Sab, Merchant.
2. „ Siddi Mahomed Sab do
3. „ Khinmaji do
4. „ Darji Latchappa do

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (ii) Ex-officio.

1. The Amildar, Koppa, President.
2. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Koppa Taluk.
3. The Senior Medical Officer at Koppa.

No. L. 7106—*Ml.* 56-24-246, *dated 7th April* 1925.

Under Rule (*i*) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Muncipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. M. Abdul Rahim Saheb, as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Kumsi, Shimoga District is approved.

No. L. 7104—*L. B.* 22-24-4, *dated 7th April* 1925.

Under Rule 7 of the Rules under Section 37 (*a*) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, published with Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. 54-18-1, dated 18th December 1918, the election of Mr. Syed Hussain Sahib by the Anjuman-Islamia, Hassan, to represent it on the Hassan District Board in place of Mr. Khaji Abdul Khader Sahib, deceased is hereby approved and notified.

No. L. 7183—*L. B.* 26-24-11, *dated 8th April* 1925.

Under Rule 3 of Section 1 of the Rules for the special sanitation of the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board area published with Notification No. 7075—L. B. 185-12-3, dated the 22nd March 1916, Government are pleased to approve of the nomination of the following gentlemen as non-official members of the Sanitary Board during the temporary absence of the existing members who are proceeding to England on leave :—

1. Mr. A. F. Hosking, *vice* Mr. C. F. Heathcote, Superintendent, Champion Reef Gold Mines of India, Ltd.
2. „ G. L. Taylor, *vice* Mr. W. T. Hudson, Superintendent, Nundydroog Mines, Ltd.
3. „ A. H. Keene, *vice* Lt.-Col. C. N. Keith, Superintendent, Balaghat Gold Mines, Ltd.
4. „ W. R. Crocker, *vice* Mr. Ralph Nye, Executive Member, Messrs. John Taylor & Sons' Committee.

No. L. 7185—*Ml.* 56-24-250, *dated 8th April* 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the Rules for the election of President and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. M. G. Shamiengar as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Melkote is approved.

No. L. 7239—*Ml.* 57-24-319, *dated 9th April* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the Rules framed thereunder, the Minor Municipal Council of Bhadravati in the Shimoga District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st April 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1 Mr. Krishna Rao.
2 „ B. Puttappa.
3 „ Abdul Sattar.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*a*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1 Mr. Beedappa *bin* Basappa.
2 „ Guddappa *bin* Karianna.
3 „ Sanjeevappa.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio.

1 The Amildar, Shimoga Taluk (President).
2 The Medical Officer in charge of Local Fund Dispensary, Bhadravati.
3 The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Shimoga Taluk.

No. L. 7271—*Ml.* 57-24-320, *dated 11th April* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the Rules framed thereunder, the Town Municipal Council of Nanjangud in the Mysore District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from 1st May 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. C. Perumal Chetty.
2. „ T. V. Subbaiya.
3. „ P. Papanna.
4. „ G. V. Nanjappa Setty.
5. „ M. Siddaiya.
6. Mr. V. Bandaiya.
7. „ M. E. Fakir Ahmed Sab.
8. „ B. Subba Rao.
9. „ B. Nanjunda Aradhya.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. K. Venkataswamiah, B.A., B.L.
2. „ E. Rama Rao.
3. „ G. A. Sahib Jchn Sab.
4. Mr. B. M. Shama Rao.
5. „ P. Srinivasa Chetty.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio.

1. The Assistant Commissioner, Nanjangud Sub-Division, President.
2. The Amildar, Nanjangud Taluk.
3. The Medical Officer, Local Fund Dispensary, Nanjangud.
4. The Senior Officer, Public Works Department, Nanjangud.

No. L. 7305—Ml. 44-24-4, dated 11th April 1925.

Under Sections 4, 5 and 6 of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation, III of 1903 (as amended), the undermentioned gentlemen are appointed Trustees on the Board of Trustees for the improvement of the City of Mysore for a period of two years from 13th April 1925 :—

Trustees appointed by Government under Section 4.

1. Amin-ul-mulk Mr. Mirza Mahomed Ismail, B.A., C.I.E., O.B.E.
3. Mr. T. Basavaraj Urs.
3. Mr. J. E. A. D'Cruz, Retired Executive Engineer.

Trustees elected by the Mysore City Municipal Council under Section 4.

4. Mr. Mahomed Sait.
5. Mr. K. Dhanakoti Chetty.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 7th April 1925.

Under Sections 64, 65, 66 and 67 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906, the public are hereby informed that the valuation and assessment of buildings and lands in the Bangalore City Municipality for 1924-25 will be adopted for the year 1925-26, except in cases where special notices have been issued. The revised as well as old assessment lists will be available for inspection by persons interested, at the City Municipal Office during office hours, public holidays excepted. On receipt of objections in respect of enhanced valuation of assessment, not later than three days before the date fixed for the respective Divisions as in the subjoined table, the Municipal Commissioner will after inspection proceed to revise the valuation and assessment of such properties.

No. of the Division	Name of the Division	Date of revision	Time
1 and 9 ...	Palace Division, Malleswaram ...	11th May 1925...	Between 7-30 A.M. and 10-30 A.M.
2 ...	Balepet Division	12th do ...	Do
3 ...	Manavarthapet Division ..	13th do ...	Do
4 ...	Ulsurpet do ...	14th do ...	Do
5 ...	Nagarthapet do ...	15th do ...	Do
6 ...	Lal-Bagh do ...	16th do ...	Do
7 & 8	Fort, Basavangudi Division ..	18th do ...	Do

M. G. KRISHNASAMI RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

No. Oc. 2014—24-25, dated 3rd April 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Board and Village Panchayet Regulation and the Rules issued thereunder, the Village Panchayets in the Anekal Taluk are reconstituted for a period of three years from the dates noted against each :—

1. Dommasandra .. ... from 25th May 1925.
2. Huskuru ... ... „ 25th May 1925.
3. Jigani ... ... „ 20th April 1925.
4. Attibele ... ... „ 20th „
5. Hulimangala ... ... „ 20th „
6. Indalavadi ... ... „ 20th „
7. Vanakanahalli ... ... „ 20th „

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Dommasandra—	
1. Mr. Ibrahim Khan	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, D. M. Viswanatha Iyer	2. Mr. Chowda Reddy
3. ,, Subbarayachar	3. ,, Satyaseelayya
4. ,, K. Muddanna	
5. ,, Munisangappa	
6. ,, Gaffoor Sab	
2. Huskur—	
1. Mr. Timmayya	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Muddabasappa	2. Mr. Khana
3. ,, Chikka Munisamappa	
4. ,, Vasantiengar	
5. ,, Munipapa	
3. Jigani—	
1. Mr. Jogi Reddy	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Kasaba Subbiah	2. Mr. Nagartha Thimmiah
3. ,, Honnagangappa	3. ,, Subba Bhatta
4. ,, Gowda Bayyanna	
5. ,, Muttareddimuniyappa	
6. ,, Khaji Syed Patcha Sahib	
4. Attibele—	
1. Mr. B. P. Doddagangappa	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Sahukar Sarabhanna	2. Mr. Gaffor Sab
3. ,, A. Madappa	3. ,, T. Subbaramanaiya
4. ,, K. Narayanappa	
5. ,, Chennanjappa	
6. ,, Munisamy Chetty	
5. Hulimangala—	
1. Mr. Nanja Reddy	1. Mr. Shanbhog Nagappa
2. ,, Busa Reddy	2. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
3. ,, Nanjundappa	
4. ,, Kempanna	
5 ,, Nagamangala Ramiah	
6. Indlavadi—	
1. Mr. Kudarappa	1. Mr. Ramachandra Setty
2. ,, Seshagiriappa	2. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
3. ,, Dasegowdana Muniappa	
4. ,, Naranappa	
5. ,, Sreenivasiah	
7. Vanakannahalli—	
1. Mr. Papi Reddy	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Baleramiah	2. Mr. Nanjappa
3. ,, Venkatappa	
4. ,, Chikka Papi Reddy	
5. ,, Nagappa	

Notification No. C. 2-Hc. 584—24-25, dated 6th April 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, and the Rules issued thereunder, the following Village Panchayets in the Nelamangala Taluk are reconstituted for a period of three years from 1st May 1925 :—

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
OBLAPUR.	
1. Mr. Karle Gowda	1. Mr. Tirumalagiri Gowda
2. ,, Kenche Gowda	2. ,, Tirumala Gowda
3. ,, Eramare Gowda	
4. ,, Shanbhog Krishnappa	
5. ,, Narase Gowda	
SONDEKOPPA.	
1. Mr. Parvathappana Mallanna	1. Mr. Dasappa
2. ,, Shanbhog Chikkanarsimiah	2. ,, Marichenna Gowda
3. ,, Honnappa	3. ,, Angadi Ghouse Sab
4. ,, Angadi Doddiah	
5. ,, Siddalingappa	
6. ,, Naranappa	

Elected members.	SOMPUR.	*Nominated members.*
1. Mr. C. Ramiah Setty		1. Mr. Thimme Gowda
2. ,, Chennappa		2. ,, Shanbhogue
3. ,, Krishniah Chetty		
4. ,, Bheemiah Setty		
5. ,, Puttpchenne Gowda		
	DODBELE.	
1. Mr. Puttaiya		1. Mr. Patel Jadiappa
2. ,, Basappa		2. ,, Arale Appajiah
3. ,, Changaiya		
4. ,, Mayanna		
5. ,, Mohadin Sab		
	BEGUR.	
1. Mr. D. P. Chikkanniah		1. Mr. Revappaji Urs
2. ,, Muddhe Gowda		2. ,, Thimmiah
3. ,, Chikkanna Setty		
4. ,, Vasudeva Rao		
5. ,, Kalliah		

Notification No. Oc. 2014—24-25, *dated 3rd April* 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules issued the reunder, the Village Panchayets in the Devanhalli Taluk are reconstituted for a period of three years from 1st April 1925.

Village Panchayat	Elected members	Nominated members
1. Avati ...	1. Mr. Malige Subbanna ... 2. ,, Chick Kempanna ... 3. ,, Dyanappa ... 4. ,, Yembrallappa ... 5. ,, Adi Narayana Seth ... 6. ,, Sakappa ... 7, ,, Rangachar ...	1. Patel of Arati, *ex-officio.* 2. Mr. Honurappa 3. ,, Basavachari 4. ,, Bar Ramaswamappa
2. Budigere ...	1. Mr. Kudure Kempanna ... 2. ,, Munibyrappa ... 3. ,, Chick Thammanna ... 4. ,, Muni Rudrappa ... 5. ,, Putta Rudrappa ... 6. ,, Lingappa ...	1. Mr. Syed Sab 2. ,, Bale Ramiah 3. ,, Muni Nanjappa 4. Patel of Budigere, *ex-officio.*
3. Bagalur ...	1. Mr. Dodmuniyappa ... 2. ,, Halasur Sonnappa ... 3. ,, H. Naranappa ... 4. ,, Karagada Naranappa ... 5. ,, Ahmad Beig ... 6. ,, Sreenivasaiya ...	1. Patel of Bagalur, *exofficio* 2. Mr. Nagappa Setti 3. ,, Narayana Setti 4. ,, Mutyaliga
4. Marenahalli ...	1. Mr. Krishnappa ... 2. ,, Ramachar ... 3. ,, Muninanjappa ... 4. ,, Munidyavappa ... 5. ,, Kenchappa ...	1. Patel of Marenahalli, *ex-officio* 2. Mr. Huchanna
5. Bettahalasur ...	1. Mr. Sangappa ... 2. ,, Nanjundiah ... 3. ,, Muni Ramanna ... 4. ,, Vadera Nanjundiah ... 5. ,, Muniyappa (Gudisettihalli).	1. Patel of Bettahalasur, *ex-officio* 2. Mr. Kelaganahatti Bachappa
6. Alurduddanahalli	1. Mr. Basappa ... 2. ,, Archaka Hanumantharayappa, 3. ,, Vupparahalli Nanjappa ... 4. ,, Chick Munisamappa ... 5. ,, Vupparahalli Dodhanumantharayappa.	1. Patel of Alur Duddanahalli, *ex-ficio.* 2. Mr. Kelaganahatti Bachappa.
7. Mahadeva Kodagehalli.	1. Mr. Karagappa ... 2. ,, Thotadappa ... 3. ,, Thimmarayappa ...	1. Mr. Nyana Moorthappa 2. Patel of Mahadeva Kodagehalli, *ex-officio.*

B. VENKOBA RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, CHIKBALLAPUR.

Dated 22nd March 1925.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of Chikballapur Town that the Municipal Council of Chikballapur desire to revise the schedule of rates of toll as per details given below. Any inhabitant objecting to the above revision may, within one month from the date of notice, send his objections in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Chikballapur.

Name of tax	Sanctioned schedule of rates				Proposed schedule of rates	
	Class of property liable	Rates at which class liable	Exemptions	Time at which taxes payable	Rate at which class liable	Exemption
Tolls on vehicles and animals entering the Municipality but not liable to taxation under item III of schedule of taxes of the Octroi Bye-laws.	All vehicles and animals of the description given in column 4 entering the Municipal limits. Provided that not more than one payment of toll shall be demanded in respect of any vehicle or cart or animal in any one period of twenty-four hours counted from midnight to midnight.	Rs. a. p. 1. On every four-wheeled vehicles with springs .. 0 8 0 2. On every jutka, hakney or cart, laden .. 0 4 0 3. Every jutka, hakney or cart, not laden .. 0 2 0 4. On every other vehicle with springs and every palanquin bicycle or tricycle .. 0 4 0 5. Every buffalo, bull, bullock cow or ass laden or ridden and on every horse under thirteen hands and every mule .. 0 1 0 6. On every horse not under thirteen hands .. 0 2 0 7. On every elephant .. 1 0 0 8. On every camel .. 0 4 0	(a) Carriages, carts, the property of, or employed by, Government or Municipal Council of the Town or licensed or registered by the said Council. (b) Vehicles (whether owned or hired) used for the passage of troops or conveyance of Government property or the property of His Highness the Maharaja of His Highness the Yuvaraja duly certified as such by the controlling authority. (c) Vehicles (whether owned or hired) used for the passage of Military or Police Officers on duty or the conveyance or passage of any property or person in their custody duly certified as above. (d) Carts carrying firewood, fodder and thatch, and building stones and road materials. (e) No toll shall be levied on vehicles and animals if they enter the Municipal limits of the Chikballapur Town within twenty-four hours after payment of toll in any part of the State.	On passing a toll-gate.	I. VEHICLES. Rs. a. p. 1. On every four-wheeled vehicles with springs .. 0 8 0 2. On every cart laden .. 0 4 0 Do not laden .. 0 2 0 Do laden with fuel .. 0 2 0 Do with stone or other road materials .. 0 1 0 3. Single bullock cart laden .. 0 2 0 Do not laden .. 0 1 0 4. Jutka laden or unladen .. 0 2 0 5. Waddar bandy laden .. 0 2 0 Do not laden .. 0 1 0 6. Motor cycle .. 0 4 0 7. Bicycle or tricycle .. 0 1 0 8. Riksha .. 0 1 0 II. ANIMALS. 1. Every buffalo, bull, bullock or cow laden or ridden .. 0 1 0 2. Every horse .. 0 1 0 3. Every ass or mule laden or ridden .. 0 0 6 4. Elephant .. 1 0 0 5. Camel .. 0 4 0	(1) Every ass or mule carrying fuel or washer man's clothes. (2) Carts carrying fodder or thatch. (3) The other exemptions will stand as they are. (4) British Military Officers in uniform passing on duty.

D. C. SUBBARAYAPPA,
President.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

Notification No. 1 *of* 1924-25, *dated* 28*th March* 1925.

Whereas it has appeared to the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Mysore, that by acquiring the undermentioned properties for the purpose noted against each of them, further improvements, can be made in the locality in which they are situated, it is hereby notified in accordance with Section 16 (1) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation No. III of 1903, that the Board have resolved to acquire the said properties.

The plans and statements showing the extent of land, etc., required for the proposed improvements may be seen in the Chairman's Office located in the New Municipal Office building, Mysore, during office hours.

The following are the particulars of the properties to be required:—

Serial No.	Mohalla	Block No.	Plan No.	Door No.	Names of the owners	Extent in feet		Total extent in square yards	Boundaries				Remarks
						East to West	North to South		East	West	North	South	
1	Lashkar ..	29—30	115	764	Kalamma wife of Majlappa ..	21 20	23 29+13 = 2 with structure	100	Road ..	T. B. Road ..	Road ..	Appajappa's house	For improving the junction of traveller's bungalow and Rampart wall roads
2	Do ..	,,	114	793	Appajappa, son of Papanna ..	27	16 with structure	48	Kalappa's house ..	Do ..	Kalamma's house ..	Lane and houses of Appajappa and others	
3	Do ..	,,	1—114	795	Kalappa	25	11 with structure	31	Road ..	Appajappa's house..	Road ..	Appajappa's house	
4	Do ..	,,	116	792	Appajappa, Lingaiya, Byriah and Thammaiya.	27	59 with structure	177	Kalegowda's house..	Travellers' bungalow Road.	Lane	Lane	
5	Do ..	,,	118	790	Kalaningappa	24½	24 with structure	65	Jogappa's house ..	Kalegowda's house ..	Byrappa's house ..	Do	
6	Do ..	,,	119	786 787 789	Appajappa, ... Kalegowda and .. .. Mallaiya	54 18 21	54 2½ 15 with structure	364	Open land ..	Trust land ..	Lane	Open land	

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 23RD (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 7TH MARCH 1925 AT 4 P.M.,

Members.

Present ... 24. | Absent ... 6.

* * *

214. Proceedings of the meetings held on the 22nd and 24th January 1925.

Confirmed.

* * *

217. Vital statistics for December 1924.

Recorded. The Health Officer was requested to prepare for the information of the Council a note on the heavy mortality due to consumption in the City.

218. Proceedings of the following Committees for January 1925 :—

1. Managing Committee.
2. Health Committee.
3. Schools Committee.

Confirmed.

* * *

220. Statement of house building licenses for January 1925.

Recorded. The Council desired that the cause of delay should be noted in case of old applications.

* * *

235. (1) Letter No. P. W. 1676, dated 5th December 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Public Works and Electrical Departments *re* the annual maintenance and improvement charges of the Mysore City Water Supply Works.

(2) Government Proceedings No. L. 5242-46—Ml. 131-24-3, dated 22nd January 1925 stating that as regards the maintenance charges of the Mysore City Water Supply, the order of 19th April 1922 requiring the Council to bear the whole charges will be enforced from 1st July 1925 and that no further delay will be allowed.

The Council are conscious of the urgent necessity for improving and extending the City Water Supply Works to meet the growing demands of the City; but they very much regret that under the present financial condition of the Municipality, it is impossible to take over the capital expenditure required for such improvements and extensions. Resolved therefore that Government be requested not to treat the capital expenditure on the works as a loan to the Municipality.

Re maintenance charges, the Council desire that every effort should be made by the Water Supply Department to reduce expenses, especially electric power charges which should be at the minimum rate allowed by the Electrical Department, or as near the actual cost of supply as possible.

The question of finding ways and means as to how best the deficit in the maintenance charges may be covered-whether by raising the water-rate or by levying fees on house-connections or by combination of both is referred to a Committee consisting of the President, the Executive Engineer, Water Supply Division, the Superintendent, Vani Vilas Water Works, Messrs. A. Krishna Rao, C. Narasimhiah and M. Ramaswamy, for report by the 15th March 1925, and the same may be placed before the Council for consideration at a special meeting to be held on the 20th March 1925

236. Construction of Vani Vilas Market on the Vani Vilasa Road at an estimated cost of Rs. 71,500.

The scheme outlined in the President's memoranda dated 19th January 1925 and 21st January 1925 was approved and it was resolved that the Government should be requested for permission to utilise for the construction of the new market a sum of Rs. 70,000 out of the loan of Rs. 2 lakhs sanctioned by Government in Proceedings No. L. 1897-9—Ml. 58-22-5, dated 7th September 1923.

It was also resolved that the market site originally selected on Vani Vilas Road, with the structures thereon, be disposed of and made available for the construction of houses.

237. Letter No. St. 840, dated 17th December 1924, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, Bangalore, appealing for contribution from Municipal Funds towards the cost of a Trophy to be instituted for competition in Ambulance work by teams of Scouts from all parts of India.

The Council regret that their resources do not permit of making any contribution.

238. Appointment of Attendance Officer as a member of the Schools Committee.

Approved.

239. Schools Committee Resolution No. VI dated 31st January 1925 approving of the entertainment of an additional teacher for the Krishnaraj Primary School.

Approved, subject to the sanction of Government.

240. Schools Committee Resolution No. VIII of 31st January 1925 approving of the entertainment of an additional teacher for the Mandi Ahamadia School.

Approved, subject to the sanction of Government.

241. Estimate for Rs. 580 for metalling Muszid Road in Krishnaraj Mohalla.

Sanctioned.

242. Letter No. 1790, dated 10th June 1924 from the Executive Engineer, Water Supply Division, forwarding plans and estimate for Rs. 7,608 for constructing a balancing tank near the Forest Lodge at Mysore, to improve the condition of water supply in the Dodda Holageri and Weavers' Line Extensions, and the Chief Officer's note thereon.

Resolved that the subject be referred to the Trust Board for kindly getting the work executed, as these extensions were laid out by the Board.

243. Estimate for Rs. 2,248 for providing a public tap near Bommiah's Chattram at the foot of the Chamundi Hills.

Sanctioned.—The work may be taken up during the current year if possible.

244. Letter No. 1227, dated 30th December 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Special Water-Supply Construction Division, Bangalore, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 710 for improving the combined septic tank and latrine near the Mandy Market, Mysore.

Approved.

245. Letter No. 997, dated the 19th January 1925 from the Sub-Division Officer, Mysore Sub-Division *re* the election of two members by the Mysore City Municipal Council to sit on the Licensing Board, Mysore City.

Resolved that Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah and Rev. E. S. Edwards elected by the Council, be returned as members of the Licensing Board.

246. Letter No. 1188, dated 23rd January 1925 from the Chairman, City Improvement Trust Board, Mysore, *re* the election of two Municipal Councillors to serve as Trustees of the Board.

Resolved that Messrs. Mahomed Sait and K. Dhanakotichetty elected by the Council be returned as members of the Trust Board.

247. Letter dated 19th January 1925 from Mr. S. Ramachandra Rao, Assistant Surgeon, claiming charge and conveyance allowances for the period he was temporarily placed in charge of the duties of the Health Officer, Mysore City.

Resolved that a conveyance allowance of Rs. 50 a month be granted to Mr. S. Ramachandra Rao, for the period he was in charge of the duties of the Health Officer.

248. Report from the Committee appointed in Council's Resolution No. 183 of the 15th December 1924 regarding the increase of establishment and medicine charges of the Krishnaraj Mohalla Karnatic Dispensary.

Resolved that the undermentioned recommendations of the Committee be approved :—

1. Fixing the pay of the Pandit at Rs. 35-5/2-50 giving the first increment now.
2. Adoption of the scale of pay granted to compounders in the Government hospital, *viz.*, Rs. 10, 12, 15, 18, 20, 22, 25, promotions being given once in three years.
3. Enhancement of the grant of monthly medicine charges from Rs. 15 to Rs. 30.
4. Entertainment of the services of a peon on Rs. 8 a month.
5. Supply of furniture required.

249. Report from the Committee appointed in Council's Resolution No. 184 of the 15th December 1924, regarding the increase of pay of the Senior Hakim of the Indigenous Hospital (Unani Branch), Mysore.

Resolved that Committee's proposal to raise the pay of the Hakim to Rs. 80 per month be approved. Reference may be made to the Senior Surgeon in the matter of paying two-thirds of the increased pay from the medical budget.

* * *

251. President's Memo dated 20th January 1925 on the appeal preferred by H. Hirianniah, Octroi Manegar, against the order of the Chief Officer, dismissing the Manegar from Municipal service.

The Council see no sufficient reason to interfere with the order of dismissal.

* * *

254. Petition dated 16th February 1925 from Mr. Siddalinga Swamy praying for the free grant of site measuring 12″×12″ in the Lingayet Burial Ground for constructing a

gaddige over the grave of the late Guru Sri Sachidananda Nanjunda Siva Yogindra Swamigal.

Resolved that permission be given to construct a gaddige on a plot measuring 12″×12″ and that the application to enclose the same and make a garden be recommended to Government.

255. Representation from certain Municipal employees praying that services rendered by them as Manegars and Town Hall, Mohatarfa and Cattle Pound Mutsaddies may be treated as superior for purposes of pension.

Approved.

* * *

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 24TH (SPECIAL) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON FRIDAY THE 20TH MARCH 1925, AT 4-30 P.M.

Members.

Present ...	... 18	Absent ...	... 12

* * * *

257. Maintenance charges of the Mysore City Water Supply Works.

The question of financing the Water Supply Works so as to ensure that the yearly maintenance charges are fully covered by the receipts, was further considered. As the Sub-Committee appointed in Resolution No. 235 had not met and submitted proposals, some of the Councillors were of opinion that the consideration of the subject should be postponed so as to give further time to the Sub-Committee to submit its report. But in view of the urgency of communicating the views of the Council to the Government in time for the preparation of the ensuing year's budget, it was decided to proceed with the discussion of the question.

Resolved that it is inexpedient in the opinion of the Council to raise the water rate, as such a measure would operate inequitably, the water rate being payable alike by owners of properties having house connections and those having no such convenience.

The Council considered that the best means of increasing receipts on account of water supply would be by the imposition of a special rate on house connections in addition to the existing general water rate and it was resolved to recommend the following scale for this purpose:—

Rs. 6 per year for water connection to buildings, the annual rental value of which is Rs. 100.

Rs. 9 per year for connection to buildings, the annual rental value of which exceeds Rs. 100, but does not exceed Rs. 200.

Rs. 12 per year for metered connection, and Rs. 20 for unmetered connection, to buildings, the annual rental value of which exceeds Rs. 200.

Owners to be at liberty to instal metres at their own cost.

Provided that in case of buildings using water for domestic purposes, the fee, paid for house connections be deducted from the charges for the use of excess water, if over a whole year such charges exceed the fee.

Resolved that the charges for electric power supplied to the water supply works at Belagola and Mysore be fixed at ·45 anna per B. O. T. U. which is understood to be the lowest rate allowed by the Electrical Department to large consumers under special contract. This will reduce the working expenses by about Rs. 22,000.

The Council expect that by these measures and as the result of the general revision of Municipal taxes now in progress, the working expenses will be more or less fully met from the receipts and if any small deficit should still be left, it is hoped, the Government will not for the present object to treat the same as a grant-in-aid, in view of water supplied to Government and Palace buildings in the shape of free allowance.

* * * *

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. C. 2061—L. B. 24-25, dated 11th May 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26 will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only in fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason or whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate, true account of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor shall confirm generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(a) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(b) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(c) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in the British India in the respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards—Municipal Council.

(2) Conveying Local Boards—Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boar ds—Municipal Councils.

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with Revenue Authorities for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(7) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. Any breach of the above conditions for rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 per each infringement. If the fines be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

17. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or the employees for any offence or in the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge... ...	.. Yelwal toll-gate.
2.	Situation of the gate	... Beyond the bifurcation point of Yelwal-Yedatore Road.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic or out-going traffic.	Traffic coming from Hunsur side only.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.
5.	Amount of deposit required ...	... Rs. 1,400-0-0.
6.	Place of sale	... Public Office Buildings, Mysore.
7.	Date of sale	... 12th May 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale... ...	... Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District.
9.	Officer confirming the sale... ...	... Revenue Commissioner.
10.	Remarks	... Nil.

SCHEDULE B—(YELAWAL TOLL-GATE).

Sl. No.	Particulars.	Rates. Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Four-wheeled carriage, if laden or unladen	0	12	0
2.	Two-wheeled carriage, if laden	0	4	0
3.	Do if unladen	0	2	0
4.	Carts drawn by two bullocks, if laden	0	4	0
5.	Do if unladen	0	2	0
6.	Carts drawn by a single bullock, if laden	0	2	0
7.	Do if unladen	0	1	0
8.	Elephants	1	0	0
9.	Camels, if laden	0	4	0
10.	Camels, if unladen	0	2	0
11.	Horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
12.	Horse, if unladen or led	0	0	9
13.	Ponies, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
14.	Ponies, if unladen or led	0	0	6
15.	Bullocks, if laden	0	1	0
16.	Bullocks, if unladen	0	0	6
17.	Asses, if laden	0	0	6
18.	Asses, if unladen	0	0	3
19.	Palanquins with two bearers	0	2	0
20.	Do with more than two bearers	0	4	0
21.	Sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
22.	Bicycle or tricycle	0	2	0
23.	Motor Cars	1	0	0
24.	Motor Cycle	0	4	0

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 10th April 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gate as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26 will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified before the Belur Taluk Office against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only in fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true account of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner, furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor shall conform generally to the Rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the Statute or Rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh or any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise to sunset a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of troops or Military Stores or equipages or of police officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorized by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property, reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate. No toll shall be levied on carts carrying Government timber.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servant.

(3) Licensed by Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Deputy Commissioner for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(6) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor, who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

17. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge	Belur bridge toll-gate.
2.	Situation of the gate	Near Belur.
3	Vhether toll is to be levied on through traffic, incoming traffic or outgoing traffic.	On all kinds of traffic.

4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	.....
5.	Amount of deposit required	One-sixth of the total amount of contract for the year, *i.e.*, Rs. 729-2-8.
6.	Place of sale	Taluk Office, Belur.
7.	Date of sale	28th May 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	The Revenue Sub-Division Officer, Saklespur.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	The Revenue Commissioner.
10.	Remarks	.....

SCHEDULE "B."

No.	*Particulars.*	*Amount of toll to be levied.* Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do motor bicycle or tricycle	0	4	0
3.	Do vehicles propelled by steam or other power ...	1	0	0
4.	Do four-wheeled vehicle, laden	0	8	0
5.	Do do empty	0	4	0
6.	Do springed two wheeled vehicle, jatka or ekka, laden	0	4	0
7.	Do do do empty	0	2	0
8.	Do ekka or jatka, laden	0	4	0
9.	Do do empty	0	2	0
10.	Do tricycle or bicycle	0	2	0
11.	Do vehicle, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, not on springs, laden	1	0	0
12.	Do vehicle, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, not on springs, empty	0	8	0
13.	Do vehicle, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, not on springs, laden ...	0	8	0
14.	Do vehicle, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, not on springs, empty...	0	4	0
15.	Do cart drawn by four oxen, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
16.	Do cart drawn by four oxen, buffaloes, horses, tattus, asses or mules, if empty	0	3	0
17.	Do cart drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus or mules, if laden	0	4	0
18.	Do cart drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, tattus or mules, if empty	0	2	0
19.	Do cart drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, tattu, ass or mule not on springs, if laden ...	0	2	0
20.	Do cart drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, tattu, ass or mule not on springs, empty ...	0	1	0
21.	Do bullock or buffalo, if laden	0	1	0
22.	Do do if led	0	0	6
23.	Do elephant	1	0	0
24.	Do camel, if laden	0	4	0
25.	Do do if led	0	2	0
26.	Do horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
27.	Do do if unladen or led	0	0	9
28.	Do tattu, if unladen or led	0	0	6
29.	Do do if laden or ridden	0	0	9
30.	Do ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
31.	Do ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
32.	Do sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
33.	Do palki, doli or palanquin borne by two men ...	0	2	0
34.	Do borne by more than two men	0	4	0

N.B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification dated April 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the month of May and June 1925 and for the official year ending 30th June 1926, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government and he shall not leavy any toll from such persons. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Local Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute of rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorized by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards or Municipal Council.

(2) Conveying Local Boards or Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards or Municipal Council.

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Revenue authorities for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(7) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. British Military Officers in uniform, passing on duty, through the State are exempted from payment of tolls.

17. Government carts belonging to Amrut Mahal Department moving about from place to place within a district in connection with the work of the department are exempted from payment of tolls.

18. Any breach of the above conditions of rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

19. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate	At a place near Kogar, selected by the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District on the Kogar-Nagavalli-Bhatkal road.
2.	Situation of the gate	...
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic or incoming traffic.	On both in-coming and out-going traffic.
4.	Traffic specially excepted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.
5.	Amount of deposit required	One-sixth amount of the contract.
6.	Place of sale	Taluk Office, Sagar.
7.	Date of sale	25th May 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	Sub-Division Officer, Sagar.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	Deputy Commissioner.
10.	Remarks	Nil.

SCHEDULE B. (DETAILS OF TRAFFIC.)

Schedule of rates of toll.

			Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every	motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do	motor tricycle or bicycle	0	4	0
3.	Do	other vehicle of any description propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4.	Do	four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0
5.		two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jatka or ekka	0	8	0
6.	Do	ekka or jatka, laden	0	4	0
7.	Do	do unladen	0	2	0
8.	Do	other vehicle with springs including tricycle and bicycle	0	2	0
9.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	1	0	0
10.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	8	0
11.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	8	0
12.	Do	do do do if not laden ..	0	4	0
13.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by four bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
14.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	3	0
15.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	4	0
16.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	2	0
17.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule, if laden	0	1	0
18.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
19.	Do	buffalo or bullock, per head, if laden ...	0	1	0
20.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
21.	Do	elephant	1	0	0
22.	Do	camel, if laden	0	4	0
23.	Do	do if not laden	0	2	0
24.	Do	horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
25.	Do	do if unladen or led	0	0	9
26.	Do	tattu or mule, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
27.	Do	do if unladen or led	0	0	6
28.	Do	ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
29.	Do	ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
30.	Do	sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
31.	Do	palanquin, dhooly, palna or tanjan with two bearers	0	2	0
32.	Do	do do with more than two bearers...	0	4	0

N. B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

Notification dated 4th April 1925.

In the Notification published in pages 172 to 175 of Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 2nd April 1925, relating to the sale of right to collect tolls at certain District Fund toll-gates during 1925-26,

In paras 2 and 3

For Schedule 'A' read Schedule 'B'

In para 6

For '8 equal monthly instalments' read '12 equal monthly instalments'.

R. TIRUNARANA IYENGAR,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

SHIMOGA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Dated 6th April 1925.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the Shimoga Town Municipal Council desire to levy a toll duty of rupee one on Motor cars and Buses and annas eight on Motor Cycles entering the limits of the town from the 1st July 1925 or any subsequent date.

Any person objecting to the above may, within one month from date, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
President.

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 29th March 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the President of the District Board.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the 1st day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true account of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner and President of the District Board and the Assistant Commissioner and the President of the Taluk Board. He shall if required by the President, District Board, furnish to the Taluk Board Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair failing which the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Local Board.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation an account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the Statute or Rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(*a*) A table of authorized tools shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

(c) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of 24 hours computing from sun-rise to sun-set a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with British Authorities.

(d) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(e) No toll shall be levied on foot-passengers.

(f) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the Department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage, or animal, conveying such property, reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate. No toll shall be levied on carts carrying Government timber.

(g) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servant.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Local Board prescribed sum in accordance with the Rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails.

(6) Belonging to the Honorable the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to his Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

(9) No toll shall be levied from the residents of Kote Danivasa village.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

C. SREENIVASA RAO,
President (in charge),
Kadur District Board.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge	Kote Danivasa.
2.	Situation of the gate ...	On the Narasimharajapura-Shimoga road at one end of the a village.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, incoming traffic or outgoing traffic	On all kinds of traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	
5.	Amount of deposit required	One-sixth of the total amount of contract for the year, *i.e.*, Rs. 255.
6.	Place of sale	Deputy Amildar's Office, Narasimharajapura.
7	Date of sale	22nd April 1925, Wednesday
8	Officer conducting the sale	The President, District Board, or any officer authorised by him.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	President, District Board.
10.	Remarks	Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

Details of traffic	Rate if laden or ridden			Rate, if unladen or led		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
On every motor car	1	0	0	1	0	0
Do motor bicycle or tricycle	0	4	0	0	4	0
Do four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0	0	12	0
Do two-wheeled carriage	0	4	0	0	4	0
Do cart drawn by two bullocks, horses, ...	0	4	0	0	2	0
ponies, asses or mules.						
On every camel	0	4	0	0	2	0
Do elephant	1	0	0	1	0	0
Do buffalo or bullock per head	0	1	0	0	0	6
Do on every horse	0	1	6	0	0	9
Do ass	0	0	6	0	0	3
Cart or other vehicles not on springs drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule.	0	2	0	0	1	0
Sheep or goat, etc.	0	0	1	0	0	1

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER AND PRESIDENT, KADUR DISTRICT BOARD.

Official Memorandum No. D². Dis. 203—*L. B.* 24-25, *dated 6th April* 1925.

Under Rule 5 of the Rules framed under Section 51 (A) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, VI of 1918, Mr. Shanbhog Thammaiya *alias* Subbaraya has been declared elected as Chairman of the Malalur Village Panchayet in the Chikmagalur Taluk, during the present term of the Panchayet.

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

Third Meeting.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEETING OF THE CHITALDRUG DISTRICT BOARD, HELD AT CHITALDRUG, ON 2ND MARCH 1925.

Present.—S. Venkatarangam, Esq., B.A., B.L., President, District Board, Chitaldrug District.

Present 26 | Absent 7

1. The proceedings of the last meeting held on 29th November 1924.
Resolution.—Confirmed, with the observation that the proceedings may be got printed in Kannada and circulated to members.

2. Read the draft Bye-laws framed to regulate the markets situated under the control of the District Board.
Resolution.—Resolved that the Bye-laws may be adopted.

3. Read letter No. 2204-11, dated 27th—31st March 1924, from the Live Stock Expert, enquiring about the number of bull calves required by the District Board in the next three or four years.
Resolution.—Resolved that information regarding requirements may be sent as demands for bull calves arise and that it is not possible to state what the demand for the next three or four years would be.

4. Read letter No. 840, dated 17th December 1924, from the Inspector-General of Education requesting contribution towards the cost of All India Trophy to be offered for competition in Ambulance Work Teams of Scouts.
Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 75 may be contributed towards the cost of the Trophy.

5. Read D. O. letter No. 1748-57—C. B., dated 23rd January 1925, from the Chief Secretary to Government *re* the collection of subscriptions to the Leprosy Relief Fund.
Resolution.—Resolved that a contribuition of Rs. 500 be made from District Funds towards the Fund.

6. Read letter No. 415, dated 7th January 1925, from the President, Chitaldrug Town Municipality, requesting contributions from District Funds towards the expenses of the Baby Week held at Chitaldrug in January 1925.

Resolution.—The contribution is not necessary now, as there is a savings in the hands of Chitaldrug Municipality out of the funds collected already for the purpose.

7. Read Challakere Municipal President's letter No. 197, dated 19th February 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Municipal Council requesting a contribution of Rs. 200 from District Funds towards the construction of a Town Hall at Challakere.

Resolution.—Resolved that, as the Challakere Municipal Council are able to construct the Town Hall at Challakere, the question of paying contribution from District Funds may lie over at present.

8. Read Jagalur Municipal President's No. 160, dated 8th January 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Municipal Council requesting an additional grant of Rs. 1,000, from District Funds, towards the construction of a Town Hall at Jagalur.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Jagalur Municipality may raise further subscriptions if need be and the question of paying further contribution, if any, from District Funds may lie over for the present.

9. Consideration of the question of contributing from District Funds towards the expenses of the Chitaldrug Girls' School day Celebrations.

Resolution.—A sum of Rs. 30 may be contributed towards the expenses of the Girls' Schoolday.

10. Read the proceedings of the meeting of the Special Committee held to consider the practicability of the Chitaldrug District Board having its own Engineering Establishment.

Read also G. O. No. L. 4542—71—L. B. 104-24-1, dated 23rd December 1924, passing orders on the further development of the Local Boards in the State.

Resolution.—The Government Order on the subject is recorded with the observation that the Government may be approached again, on a suitable occasion arising, to consider their decision and permit this District Board to employ its own Engineering Establishment as recommended by the Special Committee.

11. Read G. O. No. 4298-300—L. B. 8-24-11, dated 12th December 1924, extending the period of the Loan Clerk up to the end of March 1925.

Resolution.—The period of the Loan Clerk may be extended by six months more from 1st April 1925.

12. Read letter dated 4th January 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, Civic and Social Progress Association, Bangalore, requesting that a lady candidate of middle class families may be selected and sent at the cost of the District Board for training in midwifery at the Hospital proposed to be started under the auspices of the Civic and Social Progress Association.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that suitable persons will be selected on receiving applications which have been invited.

13. Read letter No. 384, dated 23rd December 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Chitaldrug Division, enquiring whether the District Board are inclined to finance the project for the construction of a road from Chikkajajur to Anagodu along with others already in hand, the cost of the project being roughly estimated at Rs. 40,000.

Resolution.—This subject may be taken up for consideration as soon as the road from Holalkere to Chikkajajur is completed.

14. Read letter No. 341, dated 4th November 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Chitaldrug Division, forwarding for countersignature a modified project amounting to Rs. 31,000 for the construction of Maternity and Wards at Davangere.

Read also the resolution of the Davangere Municipal Council dated 9th February 1925, on the modified estimate.

Resolution.—The modified estimate may be countersigned.

15. Read letter No. 17, dated 22nd January 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Chitaldrug Division, forwarding an estimate amounting to Rs. 884 for effecting improvements to the travellers' bungalow at Malebennur for the location of the Local Dispensary therein.

Resolution.—The Board are of opinion that the travellers bungalow may not be spared for the dispensary and that the dispensary be continue to be located in the present rented building on a reasonable rent under a proper lease and that, therefore, the estimate for Rs. 884 need not be sanctioned for the present.

16. Read the special repair estimates for the following works, received from the Executive Engineer, Chitaldrug Division.

	Rs.
(1) Collection of materials for Vijapur-Ujjani Road	953
(2) Improving Davangere-Anaji-Jagalur Road	4,039
(3) Repairing the tunnel in 5/4 of Bidarakere-Hosdurga Road ...	155
(4) Constructing a metal causeway across a halla in 5/15 of Holalkere-Huliyar Road	494

Resolution.—May be sanctioned.

17. Read Memo No. 304, dated 10th November 1924, from the Head Master of the Institute for the Deaf and the Blind, Mysore, enquiring whether one Rudriah of Halivana village in the Harihar Sub-Taluk be admitted to the Institute as a free boarder.

Resolution.—The boy may be admitted as a free boarder.

18. Read Harihar Taluk Board President's report No. 120, dated 28th November 1924, forwarding the resolution of the Taluk Board, recommending an annual grant of Rs. 50 to one Nagamma, the wife of Suryanarayana Sastry, the late Sanitary Inspector of Harihar who died of cholera while he was in the discharge of duty during the last out-break of cholera in the Harihar Sub-Taluk.

Resolution.—Resolved that, in the circumstances of the case a lumpsum grant of Rs. 150 be made to Nagamma.

19. Read application dated 29th September 1924, from the contractor of Harihar-Harapanahalli road toll-gate for the year 1924-25, praying for relief on the ground that he has sustained loss as a result of the collapse of the Thungabhadra bridge at Harihar.

Resolution.—This subject may be taken up at the end of the year of contract.

20. Read Harihar Taluk Board President's report No. 141, dated 16th December 1924, forwarding the resolution of the Taluk Board, recommending that Santhe at Kokkanur may be held on Mondays instead of Fridays.

Resolution.—Before the recommendation is finally approved, the change may be notified in the Gazette to ascertain if there are objections.

21. Read Hiriyur Taluk Board President's report No. 185, dated 18th November 1924 forwarding the resolution of the Taluk Board, recommending the abolition of the post of the sweepers attached to the musafirkhanas at Aiyamangala, Yeraballi and Javanagondanahalli and the caretakers of the travellers' bungalows in the respective places being made to look after the musafirkhanas also after enhancing the care-takers' pay by Rs. 2 in each case.

Resolution.—As the musafirkhana and the travellers bungalow in each of these places are not far from each other, the proposal is approved.

22. Read estimates aggregating to Rs. 797 for the purchase of furniture, vessels and other articles urgently needed to some of the 3rd class travellers' bungalows in the district.

Resolution.—According to the needs of each travellers' bungalow, the articles may be supplied within the budget allotment.

23. Read the following bills received for payment :—

(1) A bill for Rs. 32-14-6, being the arrears due towards the expenses of the Davangere Taluk Conference held in December 1922.

(2) A bill for Rs. 10-10-8, being the pay and privilege leave allowances due to Balaji Sing, late Vaccinator, Jagalur, for May 1920 and June 1920.

Resolution.—The bills are sanctioned with the observation that the sanction regarding item No. 1 shall not create a precedent for incurring any such excess charges in future.

24. Read the review of the Vital Statistics for the half-year ending December 1924.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that the Chief Sanitary Inspector will pay more attention to vaccination.

25. Read the list of works sanctioned by the President.

Resolution.—Approved.

26. Read the estimate amounting to Rs. 1,720 for improving the well at Bidarakere, Jagalur Taluk, sent up to Government for sanction in anticipation of the approval of the Board.

Resolution.—May be sanctioned.

27. Consideration of the question of purchasing for office use "an automatic self inking printing machine" the estimated cost being 45 shillings.

Resolution.—May be purchased.

28. Read the Irrigation Cess Fund Budget for the year 1925-26 sent up to the Revenue Commissioner.

Resolution.—Approved.

29. Read G. O. No. L. 6218-25—L. B. 132-23-16, dated 20th February 1925.

Resolution.—Recorded.

30. Read Molakalmuru Taluk Board President's report No. 191, dated nil, proposing to sell the dilapidated musafirkhana building at Bommagondanakere by public auction.

Resolution.—May be done and the proceeds be credited to District Funds.

31. Read Memo No. 1988, dated 10th January 1925, from the Superintendent of Sericulture in Mysore, recommending that one Abdul Alim residing in Vanivisalapura be given a suitable stipend from the District Funds to enable him to undergo training in sericulture.

Resolution.—This subject may be deferred as there is no suitable scope at present to employ the applicant in this district.

32. Consideration of the question of providing wooden shutters to the doors and windows outside to the District Library building and also additional wings to the building.

Resolution.—For the present, wooden shutters may be provided to the windows and doors of the District Board Library; the question of extension of the building may be again taken up after the cost thereof is ascertained.

33. Read D. O. letter dated 1st March 1925, from the District Scout Commissioner, forwarding letter No. 461, dated 27th February 1925, from the President, Scout Association, Hosdurga, *re* the bravery displayed by Mr. J. R. Raghavendra Rao, the Scout Assistant Master, Sriramapur village in saving the life of a boy who had accidentally fallen into a well.

Resolution.—Resolved that a gold medal at a cost not exceeding Rs. 20 be awarded to the said Assistant Scout Master J. R. Raghavendra Rao, at the ensuing District Conference, in recognition of his brave good turn.

34. Read office note regarding the disposal of Survey No. 74 of Chikkajajur village once acquired by the District Board for the construction of a musafirkhana at the place but subsequently not utilized for the purpose intended.

Resolution.—May be resold by the Sub-Division Officer, Davangere, as the present bid is low.

35. Read the records relating to the acquisition of lands for village extensions, etc. in the following villages:—

Taluk	Village	Survey Nos.	Extent proposed to be acquired		Cost how to be met
			A.	g.	
1. Hiriyur ...	Katandevarakote hamlet of Kunikere.	35 & 36	2	20	From District Funds
			2	20	Do
2. Do ...	Toresal Nagenahalli ..	61	1	20	Do
3. Do ...	Soragondanahalli ...	2 & 3	1	24	Do
			1	16	
4. Do ...	Kunikere ...	180/266	2	15	Village Panchayet Fund
		1	1	39	Do
5. Holalkere	Chitrahalli ...	40	5	15	District Funds
6. Harihar ...	Sarathi ...	38 & 39	0	1¼	Village Panchayet Funds
			0	2½	

Resolution.—Resolved that acquisition of lands proposed be sanctioned.

36. Consideration of the question of sanctioning contingencies to the 3rd class travellers' bungalows in the district.

Resolution.—The Taluk Board Presidents of every taluk may incur an expenditure up to a limit of Re. 0-8-0 every month in the case of every 3rd class travellers' bungalows towards contingencies duly accounting for the same to the District Board.

37. The date and place of the District Conference and next District Board meeting.

Resolution.—The next District Board meeting may be held on the 4th April 1925, and the District Conference on the 5th April 1925 at Marikanve.

S. VENKATARANGAM,
President, District Board.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. C2. H. C. 12—23-24, dated 8th April 1925.

Addenda and Corrigenda for Notification No. H. C. 12—23-24, dated 24th March 1925.

CHALLAGHATTA PANCHAYET, BANGALORE TALUK.

5. Mr. Venkataramanappa is also declared as an Elected Member.

B. VENKOBA RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, APRIL 23, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

Notification No. L. 7448—Ml. 57-24-322, dated 18th April 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the Rules framed thereunder, the Municipal Council of Banavar in the Hassan District, shall be constituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st May 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. Rayasada Krishnappa.
2. ,, Shanbhog Krishnappa.
3. ,, Ananthaiya Setti.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. Yallappa Setti.
2. ,, Virupakshappa.
3. ,, Ajjappa.
4. ,, Rahiman Sheriff.
5. ,, Belgur Nagappa.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio..

1. The Amildar, Arsikere Taluk (*President*).
2. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Banavar.
3. The Sub-Overseer, Banavar.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. Oc. 2014—24-25, dated 14th April 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the Rules issued thereunder, the Village Panchayet of Manne in the Nelamangala Taluk shall be reconstituted for a period of three years from 1st May 1925 as noted below :—

Elected.

1. Mr. Narasimhayya.
2. ,, Veera Thimmayya.
3. ,, Angadi Chennappa.
4. ,, B. Ramayya.
5. ,, Shanbhog Narasappa.

Nominated.

1. Mr. Siddabasavaradhya.
2. ,, Gangappa, Patel.

B. VENKOBA RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification No. D2. Dis. 1608—24-25, *dated* 18*th April* 1925.

Under Section 15 of the Muzrai Regulation and the 'B' set of Rules framed thereunder, the undermentioned gentleman is appointed Dharmadarsi of the temple of Sri Prasanna Nanjundeswaraswami at Kolar, Kolar Taluk, in place of Mr. Bindumalam Lakshminarayana Setty, deceased.

Name.	
Mr. Bindumalam Munilakshmiah Setty ...	... Merchant, Kolar.

M. ABDUL HUKH,
In charge Deputy Commissioner.

KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 5TH (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE KOLAR GOLD FIELDS SANITARY BOARD, FOR THE YEAR 1924-25, HELD ON FRIDAY, THE 17TH APRIL 1925, AT 3-30 P.M. IN THE SANITARY BOARD OFFICE, CHAMPION REEFS.

Members.

Present ... 14. Absent ... 4.

Read letter from Mr. M. Narasinga Rao, regretting his inability to attend the meeting this day.

1. Proceedings of the 4th Ordinary meeting and Special meeting held on 20th February and 20th March 1925 respectively.

Resolution.—Confirmed.

2. i. Deferred Subject No. 21 of the 4th Ordinary meeting held on 20th February 1925 in the matter of (1) erection of speed indicating Boards for motor vehicles in the Kolar Gold Fields area and (2) estimate for making eleven boards excluding cost of posts for Rs. 195.

2. ii. Kolar District Magistrate's notification dated 26th March 1925, prescribing speed limits and putting up seven speed indicators.

Resolution.—Resolved that eight boards may be provided.

3. Deferred Subject No. 22 of the 4th Ordinary meeting re the proposal to allow slaughtering of bullocks in Andersonpet bullock slaughterhouse under very exceptional circumstances on 2nd Wednesday and Thursday of the month in the afternoons also, on certain conditions (Rule 5 of Slaughterhouse Rules).

Resolution.—The matter may be dropped for the present as there has been no demand of late.

4. Kolar District Board President's letter No. 501—24-25, dated 19th February 1925 in the matter of taking over the third class travellers' bungalow at Champion Reefs under the control of the Sanitary Board.

Resolution.—The travellers' bungalow may be taken over under the management of the Sanitary Board.

5. Acquisition of 1 acre of land out of Survey No. 124 for the village extension of Parandapalli for the use of Holiyars and proposal to move Deputy Commissioner, Kolar to grant a portion of gomal land survey No. 130 of the said village in addition to the extent of land proposed to be acquired, the cost of acquisition for payment of compensation being about Rs. 150 plus lumpsum assessment of Rs. 40-10-0 or Rs. 190-10-0 excluding cost of laying out roads, etc.

Resolution.—The land may be acquired for the purpose.

6. Kolar Deputy Commissioner's Memo No. D. 1. Dis. 681—24-25, dated 13—16th February 1925, forwarding copy of G. O. No. L. 5399-400—L. E. 39-24-21, dated 26th January 1925 (1) sanctioning the acquisition of site No. 91-150 square yards site No. 92—150 square yards with a mud roofed house and a well out of kharab survey No. 156 held by Tavakal Sab of Oorgaum village for improvement of sanitation, the cost of acquisition amounting to Rs. 158-10-0 being proposed to be met from the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board, (2) cancelling the acquisition of survey No. 157 sanctioned in G. O. No. 10476-9—L. B. 299-12-2, dated 20th June 1913.

Resolution.—Deferred.

7. Letter No. 179, dated 20th—21st February 1925, from the Special Magistrate, Kolar Gold Fields together with letter from the Proprietor, English Ware House in the matter of adjustment of a sum of Rs. 6 on account of one pair of bulls supplied by them for the purpose of watering the road during the visit of His Excellency the Viceroy on 12th December 1919.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

S. ABDUL WAJID,
Vice-President.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

Notification No. 1 *of* 1924-25, *dated* 28*th March* 1925.

Whereas it has appeared to the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Mysore, that by acquiring the undermentioned properties for the purpose noted against each of them, further improvements, can be made in the locality in which they are situated, it is hereby notified in accordance with Section 16 (1) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation No. III of 1903, that the Board have resolved to acquire the said properties.

The plans and statements showing the extent of land, etc., required for the proposed improvements may be seen in the Chairman's Office located in the New Municipal Office building, Mysore, during office hours.

The following are the particulars of the properties to be required :—

Serial No.	Mohalla	Block No.	Plan No.	Door No.	Names of the owners	Extent in feet		Total extent in square yards	Boundaries				Remarks
						East to West	North to South		East	West	North	South	
1	Lashkar ..	29—30	115	764	Kalamma wife of Majlappa ..	21 20 with structure	23 22 13 2	100	Road ..	T. B. Road ..	Road ..	Appajappa's house	For improving the junction of travellers' bungalow and Rampart wall roads
2	Do ..	"	114	793	Appajappa, son of Papanna ..	27 with structure	16	48	Kalappa's house ..	Do ..	Kalamma's house ..	Lane and houses of Appajappa and others	
3	Do ..	"	1—114	795	Kalappa ..	25 with structure	11	31	Road ..	Appajappa's house..	Road ..	Appajappa's house	
4	Do ..	"	116	792	Appajappa, Lingaiya, Byriah and Thammaiya.	27 with structure	59	177	Kalegowda's house..	Travellers' bungalow Road.	Lane ..	Lane	
5	Do ..	"	118	790	Kalaningappa ..	24½ with structure	24	65	Jogappa's house ..	Kalegowda's house..	Byrappa's house ..	Do	
6	Do ..	"	119	786 787 789	Appajappa, .. Kalegowda and .. Mallaiya ..	54 18 21 with structure	54 24 15	364	Open land ..	Trust land ..	Lane ..	Open land	

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. C. 2061—L. B. 24-25, dated 11th April 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26 will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason or whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-lease without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate, true account of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner furnish to the Taluk Office, at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Local Board.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause or whatever.

14. The contractor shall confirm generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876. He shall recognize all exceptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in the British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or any person or property in their custody or any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the

department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards' servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with Revenue Authorities for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails.

(6) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

15. Any breach of the above conditions for rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 per each infringement. If the fines be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from their sale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or the employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge ...	.. Yedatore bridge.
2.	Situation of the gate	... Yedatore.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic or out-going traffic.	In-coming and out-going traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	One
5.	Amount of deposit required ...	... Rs. 910
6.	Place of sale	... Yedatore.
7.	Date of sale	... 18th May 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale... ...	Sub-Division Officer, Mysore Division.
9.	Officer confirming the sale... ...	... President, District Board of Mysore.
10.	Remarks	.. Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

Serial No.	*Particulars*	*Laden* Rs. a. p.	*Unladen* Rs. a. p.
1	On every four-wheeled carriage ...	0 8 0	0 4 0
2	Do two-wheeled carriage or cart ...	0 4 0	0 2 0
3	Do buffalo or bullock, laden ...	0 0 6	...
4	Do Elephant ...	1 0 0	1 0 0
5	Do Camel ...	0 4 0	0 2 0
6	Do Horse or ridden ...	0 1 0	...
7	Do Horse, unladen or led ...	...	0 0 9
8	Do Ass, if laden or ridden ...	0 0 6	...
9	Do Motor car ...	1 0 0	...

SCHEDULE B.

Sl. No.	Particulars.	Rates. Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Four-wheeled carriage, if laden or unladen	0	12	0
2.	Two-wheeled carriage, if laden	0	4	0
3.	Do if unladen	0	2	0
4.	Carts drawn by two bullocks, if laden	0	4	0
5.	Do if unladen	0	2	0
6.	Carts drawn by a single bullock, if laden	0	2	0
7.	Do if unladen	0	1	0
8.	Elephants	1	0	0
9.	Camels, if laden	0	4	0
10.	Camels, if unladen	0	2	0
11.	Horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
12.	Horse, if unladen or led	0	0	9
13.	Ponies, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
14.	Ponies, if unladen or led	0	0	6
15.	Bullocks, if laden	0	1	0
16.	Bullocks, if unladen	0	0	6
17.	Asses, if laden	0	0	6
18.	Asses, if unladen	0	0	3
19.	Palanquins with two bearers	0	2	0
20.	Do with more than two bearers	0	4	0
21.	Sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
22.	Bicycle or tricycle	0	2	0
23.	Motor cars	1	0	0
24.	Motor cycle	0	4	0

Notification No. C. 2061—*L.B.* 24-25, *dated* 11*th April* 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason or whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the 1st day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall if required by the Deputy Commissioner, furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in a prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair failing which the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Local Board.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorized tools shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of 24 hours computing from sun-rise to sun-rise a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot-passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage, or animal, conveying such property, reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with Local Boards for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails.

(6) Belonging to the Honorable the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to his Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

15. Any breach of the above conditions for rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge ...	... Ankanally.
2.	Situation of the gate	... Between Ankanally and Periyapatam on Hassan-Periyapatam-Cannanore road.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic and out-going traffic ...	... .
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements of the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.

5.	Amount of deposit required	... Rs. 390.
6.	Place of sale	... Hunsur.
7.	Date of sale	... 19th May 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	... Sub-Division Officer, Mysore Sub-Division.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	.. President, District Board of Mysore.
10.	Remarks	... Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

	Traffic.		*Rate.* Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Motor car	...	1	0	0
2.	Four-wheeled carriage with passengers	...	0	12	0
3.	Do without passengers	...	0	6	0
4.	Two-wheeled carriage with passengers	...	0	8	0
5.	Do without passengers	...	0	4	0
6.	Carts, laden	...	0	4	0
7.	Do unladen	...	0	2	0
8.	Elephants	...	1	0	0
9.	Camels, laden	...	0	4	0
10.	Do unladen	...	0	2	0
11.	Horse with rider	...	0	1	6
12.	Do without rider ...	...	0	0	9
13.	Ponies with rider ...	...	0	0	9
14.	Do without rider ...	...	0	0	6
15.	Bullocks, laden ...	...	0	1	0
16.	Do unladen ...	...	0	0	6
17.	Asses, laden ...	...	0	0	6
18.	Do unladen ...	...	0	0	3
19.	Palanquins with two bearers ...	...	0	2	0
20.	Do with more than two bearers	...	0	4	0
21.	Sheep, goat or pig ...	...	0	0	1

Notification No. C. 2061—*L. B.* 24-25, *dated* 11*th April* 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26 will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason or whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to subject to the penalties forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-lease without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorized Local, Railway and Education Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner, furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause or whatever.

15. The contractor shall conform generally to the Rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876. He shall recognize all exceptions made by the Statute or Rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise to sunrise a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in the British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of troops or Military Stores or equipages or of police officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorized by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property, reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards or Municipal Council.

(2) Conveying Local Boards or Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by Local Boards or Municipal Councils.

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the revenue authorities for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(7) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fines be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor, who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

17. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or the employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

Name of toll- or bridge	Situation of the gate	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic in coming traffic, or out-going traffic	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements of the people near the toll-gate.	Amount of deposit required	Place of sale	Date of sale	Officer conducting the sale	Officer confirming the sale
				Rs.				
1. Nanjangud-Hasanur Ghat road.	Near 142nd mile on the road (vide Government Proceedings No. 619-12—L. B. 195-10-7, dated 17th July 1912).	Incoming and out-going.	Nil ..	332	Chamrajnagar Taluk Office.	19th May 25	Sub-Division Officer Nanjangud Division.	Revenue Commissioner.
2. Gundlupet-Sultan Battery road.	Mulehole ..	Do ..	Do ..	200	Gundlupet Taluk Office	18th May 25	Do ..	Do
Bangalore-Nilligiri road.	Bandipur ..	Do ..	Do ..	870				
3. Mysore-Manantody road.	Kakankote ..	Do ..	Do ..	150	Heggadevankote Taluk Office	21st May 25	Sub-Division Officer Mysore Division.	Do
4. Bangalore-Mangalore road, Siddapur Branch road.	At the junctions of two roads to the west of Periyapatna Fort	Do ..	Do ..	734	Hunsur Taluk Office	19th May 25	Do ..	Do
Madras-Cananore road.	Panchavalli ..	Do ..	Do ..	363				

SCHEDULE B.

Serial No.	Traffic	Rate
		Rs. a. p.
1	Motor Car	1 0 0
2	Four-wheeled carriage with passengers	0 12 0
3	Do without passengers	0 6 0
4	Two-wheeled carriage with passengers	0 8 0
5	Do without passengers	0 4 0
6	Carts laden	0 4 0
7	Carts unladen	0 2 0
8	Elephants	1 0 0
9	Camels, leden	0 4 0
10	Do unladen	0 2 0
11	Horse with rider	0 1 6
12	Do without rider	0 0 9
13	Ponies with rider	0 0 9
14	Do without rider	0 0 6
15	Bullocks laden	0 1 0
16	Do unladen	0 0 6
17	Asses, laden	0 0 6
18	Do unladen	0 0 3
19	Palanquins with two bearers	0 2 0
20	Do with more than two bearers	0 4 0
21	Sheep, goat or pig	0 0 1

Notification No. C. 2061—L. B. 24-25, dated 11th April 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The

deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3 The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting, without assigning any reason or whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorized Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate, true account of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner, and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner, furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Local Board.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876. He shall recognize all exceptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with tolls.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunriseto sun rise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the Department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(g) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with Local Boards for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails.

(6) Belonging to the Honourable the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge	Madapur-Kaliyur Road.
2.	Situation of the gate	Do
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic or out-going traffic. ...	In-coming and out-going traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	One.
5.	Amount of deposit required	Rs. 70.
6.	Place of sale	T.-Narsipur.
7.	Date of sale	21st May 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	Sub-Divisional Officer, Nanjangud Division.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	President, District Board of Mysore.
10.	Remarks	Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

	Particulars.	Rates. Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Four-wheeled carriage	0	4	0
2.	Two do	0	2	0
3.	Carts, if laden	0	2	0
4.	Do if unladen	0	1	0
5.	Elephants	0	8	0
6.	Camels	0	1	0
7.	Horses, thirteen hands or more laden	0	1	0
8.	Do do unladen	0	0	6
9.	Do less than thirteen hands, laden	0	0	6
10.	Bicycle or tricycle	0	1	0
11.	Motor cars	0	4	0
12.	Motor cycle	0	2	0
13.	Buffalo, laden or unladen	0	0	6

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Notification dated 15th April 1925.

Notice is hereby given that the right of collecting tolls on the Salem-Bellary Provincial Road near the village of Thammenahalli in the Molakalmuru Taluk for twelve months from 1st July 1925 to 30th June 1926 will be sold by public auction in Amildar's Office at Molakalmuru, on 27th May 1925 at 3 P.M. on Wednesday, by the Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldrug District, or an Assistant Commissioner deputed by him for the purpose.

2. The highest bid, if approved, will be accepted by the Deputy Commissioner subject to the sanction of the Government. The Deputy Commissioner reserves to himself the power of refusing or accepting the highest or any bid that may be offered without assigning any reason for such refusal.

3. The person whose bid is accepted by the Deputy Commissioner will be required to deposit at once, in cash, one-fourth of the amount of the bid, plus local cess thereon at one anna in the rupee and railway cess at six pies in the rupee and education cess at six pies in the rupee, and on the confirmation of the same by Government, to pay the remaining amount with local and railway cesses in seven equal monthly instalments to the Taluk Treasury on the 10th of every month commencing from the 10th August 1925, the deposit being appropriated for the 8th, 9th and 10th instalments. He shall furnish two sureties holding property in Mysore, for the regular payment of the monthly instalments and execute the requisite agreement on stamp paper within three days from the date of intimation of confirmation of the sale. Failure to conform to these conditions shall render the deposit liable to forfeiture and contract liable to resale at the risk of the purchaser, and any loss that may accrue to Government will be summarily recovered by the distraint and sale of his or of the surety's property.

4. Any instalment that may not be paid on or before the prescribed date shall be charged with interest at the rate of 6 per cent per annum.

5. The contractor shall be required to pay local cess at the rate of one anna in the rupee, railway cess at six pies in the rupee and education cess at the rate of six pies in the rupee on the amount of his contract.

6. The arrears due by the contractor or his sureties shall be recovered under the rules in force for the recovery of the arrears of land revenue.

7. The contractor will be required to bind himself to have an account kept showing the daily collections, and it shall be open to inspection by the Deputy Commissioner or others deputed by him.

8. The contractor will further be bound to levy no tolls other than those enumerated in the schedule annexed and to conform to the rates therein laid down on pain of being prosecuted for criminal offence and forfeiture of his contract.

9. The contractor shall levy no tolls for passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police and other officers on duty or any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established by the production of a certificate from the Head of the Department to which it belongs.

10. A table of tolls authorised to be levied shall be legibly written in English and Kanarese and put up by the contractor in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

11. The contractor shall not collect tolls at any place other than that fixed by Government, *viz.*, at the toll-gate.

12. Payment of toll at the gate at Thammenahalli exempts payment at the Hiral toll-gate in the Bellary District and *vice-versa* as ordered in Government Notification No. R. 747—R. M. 4-22-4, dated 28th July 1922.

13. No toll shall be levied for the passage on duty of British Military Officers.

(*a*) To entitle an officer to pass a toll-gate without payment as being on duty, he must fulfil one of the following conditions :—

(*i*) Be travelling in a staff car;
(*ii*) Wear uniform

(*b*) Officers passing toll-gates on duty otherwise than in uniform will enter in a book kept by the toll-gate keeper for that purpose, their rank, name and the nature of duty on which they are travelling.

14. Further particulars, if any, required can be obtained on application to the Deputy Commissioner, Chitaldrug District.

Schedule of rates of toll authorised to be levied on the Salem-Bellary Provincial Road bridge.

Schedule of maximum rates of tolls.

			Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every	motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do	motor tricycle or bicycle	0	4	0
3.	Do	vehicle of any description propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4.	Do	four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0
5.	Do	two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jatka or ekka	0	8	0
6.	Do	ekka or jatka, laden	0	4	0
7.	Do	do unladen	0	2	0
8.	Do	other vehicle with springs including tricycle and bicycle	0	2	0
9.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	1	0	0
10.	Do	do do do if unladen ...	0	8	0
11.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	8	0
12.	Do	do do do if unladen ..	0	4	0
13.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by four bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
14.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	3	0
15.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by two bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	4	0
16.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	2	0
17.	Do	do drawn by a single bullock, if laden ...	0	2	0
18.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	1	0
19.	Do	buffalo or bullock, per head, if laden ...	0	1	0
20.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
21.	Do	elephant	1	0	0
22.	Do	camel, if laden	0	4	0
23.	Do	do if not laden	0	2	0
24.	Do	horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
25.	Do	do if unladen or led	0	0	9
26.	Do	tattu or mule, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
27.	Do	do if unladen or led	0	0	6
28.	Do	ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
29.	Do	ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
30.	Do	sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
31.	Do	palanquin, dooly, palna or tonga with two bearers	0	2	0
32.	Do	do with more than two bearers ...	0	4	0

N. B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

S. VENKATARANGAM,
Deputy Commissioner.

CHITALDRUG TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 14th April 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in the Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor will be returned only on the fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties,

forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein shall furnish, if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Municipal Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised local railway and educational cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the President. He shall, if requred by the Municipal President, furnish to the Municipal Office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Municipal Council.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and the rules framed by the Municipal Council under the Municipal Regulation. He shall recognise all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorized by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to Municipal Council.

(2) Conveying Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Municipal Council.

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Municipal Council prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(7) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.
(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.
(10) Belonging to British Military Officers in uniform, while passing through gates on duty.
(11) Belonging to Amrut Mahal Department.
(12) 4 carts belonging to Murgi Mutt.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge	Chitaldrug Municipality.
2.	Situation of the gate	East—Near the junction of Hiriyur and Challakere roads. West—Near Baregeramma's temple in Holalkere road and near west Patent Press in Davangere road. North—Near Venkataramanaswami temple, near Forest Lodge, near the road leading to Gopalapura, and near Santhehonda. South—Jogimatti road.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, incoming traffic, or out-going traffic.	Incoming or through traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.
5.	Amount of deposit required	Rs. 1,617.
6.	Place of sale	Municipal President's office.
7.	Date of sale	21st May 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	President or other officer authorised by him.
9.	Officer confirming the same	President.
10.	Remarks	.....

SCHEDULE B.

			Rs.	a.	p.
Details of traffic.	1. Laden carts.	Per cart	0	4	0
	2. Empty carts.	,,	0	2	0

N.B.—Carts laden with fuel, grass and fodder will be treated as empty carts.

NOTIFICATION.

The right to collect fees on markets on Shandy days as noted in the Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to 1/6th of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor will be returned only on the fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become obsolute until confirmed by the authority noted in the Schedule A who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein shall furnish, if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Municipal Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised local railway and education cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate, true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the President. He shall, if required by the Municipal President furnish to the Municipal Office, at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep him in good repair failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Municipal Council.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated the 4th November 1876, and the rules framed by the Municipal Council under the Municipal Regulation. He shall recognise all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorised tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of twenty-four hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military stores or equipages or Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificates shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(1) Belonging to Municipal Council.

(2) Conveying Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Municipal Council.

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Municipal Council prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(7) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.
(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.
(10) Belonging to British Military Officers in uniform while passing through Municipal gate.
(11) Carts belonging to Amrut Mahal Department.
(12) Four carts belonging to Murgi Mutt.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1. Name of toll-gate or bridge ...	Chitaldrug Municipality.
2. Situation of the gate	*East.*—One hundred and twenty-fourth mile stone near Obalagowda's house. *West.*—The bund of Hosakere. *North.*—Chikkavirappa's field. *South.*—Santebagal.
3. Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, incoming traffic, or out-going traffic.	On *shandy* days.
4. Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.
5. Amount of deposit required ...	Rs. 180.
6. Place of sale	President's Office.
7. Date of sale	21st May 1925.
8. Officer conducting the sale ...	President or any other officer authorised by him.
9. Officer confirming the sale ...	President.
10. Remarks	Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

1. Details of traffic	1. For every cart, shops of rice, cloth and other things sold on a large scale occupying more than two square yards —1 anna. 2. For every loaded horse, bullock, ass, etc., and on all other shops within a space of two square yards, and kambly shops—6 pies. 3. For every petty shop within a space of one square yard—3 pies.

S. VENKATARANGAM,
President.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 7329—*Ml.* 4-24-6, *dated* 14*th April* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of Door Nos. 39, 40 and 41 in the VI Division, Bangalore City, sanctioned in Government Notification No. R. 12710—Ml. 13-19-43, dated the 5th May 1920, and published at page 184, Part I-A. of the *Mysore Gazette* dated 13th May 1920, for opening a conservancy lane in Mavalli.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, APRIL 30, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 7487—*Ml.* 56-24-256, *dated* 21*st April* 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No, 4999—45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. Panyam Rangaswamy Sastry as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Magadi is approved.

No. L. 7545—*Ml.* 49-24-5, *dated* 23*rd April* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, Mr. Mahomed Jawal is appointed a Councillor of the Hassan Town Municipal Council *vice* Mr. Khaji Abdul Khader Saib, deceased.

No. L. 7489—*Ml.* 1-24-13, *dated* 21*st April* 1925.

Under Section 48(1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894 as amended by Regulation, XI of 1916, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of Survey Nos. 62 and 63 of the Hanumanthapur village declared in Government Notification No. L. 1457—Ml. 1-21-7, dated the 10th September 1921 as required for a burial and cremation ground in the Bangalore City excepting a small extent of 4 guntas and 103 square yards out of Survey No. 62 and 2 guntas out of Survey No. 63 required for an approach road to the said burial ground.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Notice dated 20*th April* 1925.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Bangalore City Municipality, that the vacant sites in the Raiyats Block, IX Division, Malleswaram, will be assessed with the General Lighting and water taxes as per rates prescribed in the bye-laws, with effect from 1925-26.

M. G. KRISHNASAMI RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification dated April 1925.

The right of collecting fees on *santhes* in the Magadi Taluk from the date of sanctioning the sale to 30th June 1926 will be sold by the President, Magadi Taluk Board, by public auction in the respective places and on respective dates noted against them at 1 P.M.

2. The successful purchaser shall collect fees only at the rates noted in the annexed schedule and at no higher rates and only on the articles that will be brought on *santhe* days within the market premises.

3. The President, Taluk Board, reserves to himself the power of refusing the highest or any bid that may be afforded without assigning any reason therefor.

4. The contract amount is payable in twelve monthly instalments due on or before the 7th of every month in advance. The contractor shall pay, as soon as the sale is over, a deposit equal to two months' instalments, for the due performance of the contract. The amount in deposit will, if the conditions of the contract are compiled with, be credited towards the instalments due for the last two months of the contract, failing which, the deposit will be forfeited.

5. If the deposit is not made immediately after the close of the sale, the contract will be resold at the risk of the first purchaser. If the default is made in the payment of instalments on due date, *i.e.*, 7th of every month, interest at 1 pie per rupee per month, will be charged on the amount due after the 7th of every month till the date of payment, and the unexpired portion of the contract will also be liable to be sold again at the discretion of the President, Taluk Board, and the loss arising from the resale will be recovered from the former contractor, who shall not be entitled to the profits, if any.

6. The contractor is also bound to keep a detailed account showing collections and it shall be open to inspection by the officers of the Taluk and District Boards.

7. The contractor of the market will also be given the right of collecting and utilizing the market sweepings and it will be his duty to keep the premises clean, failing which, a fine of Re. 1 will be levied for each day per diem of dafault, and should the default continue for more than six days, the contract is liable to be cancelled and resold at his risk.

8. The contractor shall exhibit at the entrance to the market place on market days a Notice Board setting forth the rates at which fees are levied.

9. No claims for remission on account of the prevalence of plague, cholera and other epidemic or any other cause, will be entertained.

10. The market is liable to be closed temporarily for the purpose of preventing the spread of epidemics either among men or cattle if such course is considered necessary by the President, Taluk Board. No claim for remission consequent on such prohibition can, however, be entertained.

11. A person bringing things for his own shop, shall not be charged separate fees, one for the load and the other for exposing things in the shop, but will be liable for only the higher fee.

12. The contractor shall be responsible for the cleanliness of the premises.

13. The shop-keepers and the contractor are bound to obey the orders of the Taluk Board authorities with regard to the allocation of shops.

14. Should the contractor or his servants charge or attempt to charge any fees other than those stated in the schedule below, or should his servants fail to fulfil any of the obligations entailing on him by any of the preceding paragraphs, his contract will be liable to be cancelled, his deposit forfeited and the lease resold at his risk.

Schedule.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Per shop of the 1st class	0	4	0
Do 2nd class	0	2	0
Do 3rd class	0	1	0
Per cart laden	0	1	0
Per cart unladen	0	0	6
Per bullock, buffalo or horse laden	0	0	6
Per head-load	0	0	3
Bullock and buffalo, etc., each	0	0	6
Sheep and goats, each	0	0	3
Per stall	0	1	0

(For classification of shops see the Kanarese copy of the Notification.)

A person having a shop in more than one place must pay a separate fee for each shop. The space for each shop should not ordinarily exceed 5′ × 6′ except in the case of sweetmeat shops, for which a space not exceeding 10 square feet will be allowed. Shops occupying more than the prescribed area will be subject to higher fees.

	Place	Date
1. Soloor	Santhe thope ...	... 4th June 1925.
2. Kudur	Santhe thope ...	... 9th June 1925.

(K.) ANANTHAPADMANABHAYYA,
President,
Taluk Board, Magadi.

MALUR MINOR MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated April 1925.

The following draft bye-laws have been framed by the Malur Minor Municipal Council and are published hereunder for public information.

Any inhabitants of this Municipality objecting to the proposed bye-laws may, within one month from the date of this notice, send his objection in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Malur.

Bye-laws for enforcing information concerning the occurrence of and for prevention of the spread of epidemic diseases amongst (*i*) men and (*ii*) certain animals, framed by the Malur Minor Municipal Council, under Section 48 (1) (i) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

I. (1) Every head of a family, parent, guardian or nearest relative or owner or occupier or care-taker of a house or dwelling place shall, on his becoming cognizant of the occurrence of plague, cholera or small-pox, in such house or dwelling place whether among the members of the house or among persons who have come from other places, immediately give information of the fact either personally or in writing to an officer of the Municipality not below the rank of Daroga.

Every medical person who treats or becomes cognizant of the existence of any infections disease in any private dwelling other than a public hospital, shall give information of the same with the least possible delay to the said authority.

Any person violating this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Mgistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

2 Any person authorised by the Municipal President or Vice-President, in this behalf, may, on the advice of a duly qualified Medical and Sanitary Officer (not below the rank of Sub-Assistant Surgeon), at any time without notice of his intention as shall in the circumstances appear to him to be reasonable, inspect any place in which any such infections disease is suspected to exist and take such measures as he shall think fit to prevent the spread of such disease beyond such place, and may remove from such house or dwelling place persons suffering from infections disease and persons in contact with such persons without proper lodging or accommodation or who are lodged in a building occupied by more than one family, to any hospital or place set apart for their due care and treatment provided no compulsion is used in this behalf on any account.

3. The person so authorised shall take steps to change such house or dwelling place to be temporarily vacated and forthwith disinfected or otherwise changed in the manner prescribed by such Medical, Sanitary and Municipal Officers.

4. No house or other building situated within the Municipal limits shall be let or permitted to be occupied by any person whom the owner or occupier thereof knows or has reason to believe to be suffering from any such disease dangerous to public health at the time of such letting or permitting without a certificate from the Local Medical Officer, as to the sanitary condition of such house or dwelling place and as to the suitability of accommodation therein for the reception of such patient and no person shall let a building or part thereof in which he knows or has reason to know that a person has been suffering from any such disease without first having such building or part thereof disinfected to the satisfaction of such Medical and Sanitary Officers.

Any person infringing this bye-law without reasonable excuse, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate; be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

II. (1) On the occurrence of any case of anthrax or glanders or rinderpest or any disease affecting horses, dogs, cattle, sheep or goats, notice of the same shall be given by the owner or caretaker of the affected animal on his becoming cognizant of such disease either personally or in writing to the Veterinary Inspector, Veterinary Dispensary, Kolar or to Municipal Daroga of Malur Town.

2. The Veterinary Inspector shall, on receiving information of the existence of any such disease make necessary enquiries and if he is satisfied that the removal or segregation of the affected animal is necessary, require the owners to remove within a reasonable time such animal to any institution maintained by the Government for its due care and treatment or to keep it at such place as may be approved of by him. On a report from the Veterinary Inspector that the destruction of any animal is necessary by reason of its suffering from such disease, the animal may be destroyed with the consent of the owner. The carcass also, in the case of dead animals, be similarly disposed of.

3. Every place which is occupied by an animal suffering from such disease and everything which may have come into contact with such animal whilst so suffering, shall be immidiately cleansed and disinfected at the cost of the owner in such manner as may be required by the Veterinary Inspector and if any such thing is in the opinion of that officer not susceptible of efficient disinfection, he shall require it to be destroyed.

4. No stall or building occupied by an animal suffering from such disease shall be re-occupied until at least seven days or such other period as the Veterinary Officer may prescribe after it has been so disinfected.

5. Whoever without reasonable excuse fails to remove any animal when required to do so under Bye-law No. II (2) or infringes the provisions of Bye-laws, II (1) and (4) shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

6. Any dog found straying in any public street or place without a collar and apparently ownerless may be destroyed by any person so authorised by the President or Vice-President in that behalf.

Under Section 48 (1) (*n and p*).

Bye-laws regulating buildings and other structures in the town of Malur Municipality:—

1. Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the town of Malur shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President, who may in his discretion, call upon such person to submit along with such notice a site plan in duplicate of the land on which the structure is proposed to be built, drawn to a scale of not less than ten feet to an inch showing:—

(*a*) The position of the building and appurtenant out-buildings to be erected on the land.

(*b*) The area to be occupied by the building and out buildings on the land.

(*c*) The names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings, and

(*d*) the number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the land is situated.

2. The plan submitted as per Bye-law 1 shall show the sections and elevations, the plan of the ground floor and of each other floor, if any; the depth and thickness of the foundation; the height and thickness of the plinth and walls above the plinth; the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the roof.

The aforesaid plan shall further show the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side drain of the street or road which the building faces or if there be no such side drain with reference to the central line of the street or road. The license and the plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the Municipal authorities.

Provided that in the case of building of which the value will be less than Rs. 500, it shall be sufficient for the site plan to show, to the satisfaction of the Vice-President, without scale, the size of the proposed building and its position on the land, together with the position of the land with reference to adjacent buildings or lands.

3. No foundation of a new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matter until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President or shall in his opinion have become innocuous.

4. No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

5. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, prickly-pear or other objectionable plant or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

6. No new building shall be erected by any person, the foundation wall of which along the road is less than three feet from the side drain.

7. The level of plinth of any building shall not be below such level as may be fixed by the Vice-President.

8. The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground floor of the building proposed to be erected should rest on the solid ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete or upon some solid and sufficient substructure as a foundation.

9. The eaves of buildings, sunshades to windows, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the said street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

10. The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the other edge of the side drain of the road.

11. No sun shades for shops either temporary or permanent shall be erected beyond outer edge of the side drain of the road.

12. Every house should have a decent frontage and no perishable or inflammable materials should be used for construction. Houses should not ordinarily be built contiguous to each other.

In all the localities of the town, where, having regard to attendant circumstances, it is possible, every new building shall be in communication with the external air all round the building.

13. The minimum height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof thereof, shall not be less than eight feet from the floor to the ceiling.

The room in the roof shall have an average height of seven feet from the floor to the ceiling.

No Manufactory, place of public resort, etc., should be built in the midst of localities intended for residential purposes, unless three-fourths of the number of owners in the block or area affected agree to the same.

14. No persons shall construct over a privy, whether new or old, any room or structure of any description except another privy or a bathing place or bath room.

15. If any person has any doubt or difficulty as to the true intent or meaning of any matter connected with these rules or the requirements thereof, he may, before giving notice, in writing of his intention to erect or re-erect any building, apply to the President who shall upon receipt of such application, give the said person within a week such information as in the circumstances may be necessary.

16. In every case, where a person who shall erect a building shall at any reasonable time during progress or after completion of the erection of such building receive from the President, notice in writing specifying any matters in respect of which the erection of such building may be in contravention of any bye-law relating to the new buildings and requiring such person within a reasonable time, which shall be specified in such notice, to cause anything done, contrary to any such bye-law may be required to be done, but which has been omitted to be done, such person shall, within the time specified in such notice, comply with the several requirements thereof, so far as such requirements relate to matters in respect of which the erection of such building may be in contravention of any such bye-law.

The time limit for the lincense granted under these bye-laws shall be six months.

Deposit of goods or materials temporarily on land vested in the Municipal Council.

(Section 48 P.)

1. No person shall deposit any goods or materials on any street, drain aqueduct or other lands vested in the Municipal Council, without the written permission of the Vice-President.

2. The amount chargeable for the deposit of such goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council, if permitted shall be calculated at the rate of three pies per month per superficial foot of the area occupied and shall be payable in advance.

3. If the owner of any goods or materials deposited on any street or place open to the traffic of foot passengers or vehicles, fails to make suitable arrangements for guarding against danger to traffic, the Vice-President shall cause a notice to be served on him to make such arrangements within twenty-four hours after receipt of the notice and on his failure to comply with the notice, the Vice-President shall enclose a bill of costs for carrying out the work at the owner's expense. The arrangements to be made shall be clearly and definitely specified in the notice.

4. If within 24 hours after receipt of the said notice, the owner fails to make the arrangements so specified or to show sufficient cause why such arrangements should not be made, the Vice-President or other officer as authorised by him shall forthwith make the arrangements specified in the notice and recover the cost of the same from the owner according to the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation. The owner shall have an opportunity within seven days after the receipt of the bill to show cause to the satisfaction of the President the arrangements made were unnecessary.

5. The following is the scale of fees for obstructions and encroachments of different kinds:—.

(*a*) For ownings two annas per square foot per month.

(*b*) For temporary archways and gates across roads Rs. 5 per week or part thereof for each arch on each road.

(*c*) The fees for obstructions shall be charged at the scales mentioned above and such charges shall be recoverable in the manner prescribed in the Regulation for the recovery of consolidated rates.

6. Any person who takes out a license for a certain area and subsequently occupies a greater area without taking out a license for the excess so occupied, shall be liable to pay for such excess area an amount calculated at the rate of five annas per month per superficial foot of the area so occupied. This amount shall be recoverable by the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Municipal Regulation.

7. No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purposes shall be erected in any street, lane or public thorough fare, without written permission from the Vice-President. On receipt of application for permission to put up such structure specifying the situation, size and other particulars, licenses will be issued by the Vice-President if he sees

no objection there to, on such conditions as he may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety on payment of the following fees :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
For a pendal six feet broad by twelve feet long or not exceeding 72 square feet	0	8	0
For a pendal six feet broad by twelve feet long exceeding 72 square feet and not exceeding 150 square feet. ...	0	12	0
For every additional 150 square feet or portion therof ..	0	4	0

The following bye-laws have been framed by the Malur Town Municipal Council regarding registration of births and deaths under Section 48 (*i*) of the Municipal Regulation. Any inhabitant of this Municipality objecting to the proposed bye-laws may within one month from the date of publication in the Gazette, send his objections in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council Malur.

1. Every birth and death within the Municipality shall be entered in special registers in the forms prescribed in the annexed schedule and preserved in the Municipal Office.

2. The entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of each book by the Registrar who shall keep himself informed of all births and deaths occurring within the Municipality; and shall neither charge nor expect any fee or reward for registering the required particulars regarding births and deaths. (The Municipal Office shall for the present be the office of Registry and the Daroga be the Registrar. A notice written both in English and Kanarese and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify this fact to the public).

3. The father or mother, in case of their inability many adult person attending on the mother of every child born within the Municipal limits (or in the case of death, illness absence or inability of these and in all cases where a medical attendant or midwife has attended during such birth, and in the case of births occurring in a public institution. The Officer or person in charge, shall within one week next after the day of the event, give or cause to be given to the Registrar, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars that require to be known and registered regarding the birth of such child.

4. The nearest relative present at the death or attending during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, and in the case of person dying in a public institution, the officer or person in charge, shall within 48 hours, give or cause to be given to the Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief information of the several particulars that require to be known and registered touching the death of such person.

5. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedules. (Printed forms will be available at the Municipal office and with Daroga).

6. On a notice being received at the office of Registry, the Daroga shall visit the locality and after satisfying himself as to the correctness of the particulars initial against the particular entry in the Register in token of having performed such inspection.

7. Every person who performs or conducts the funeral ceremonies of any person who has died within the Municipality shall, whenever required furnish the Registrar or other person authorised on this behalf such information as he possesses as to the said particulars.

8. Any person who is bound to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who fails or refuses to do so or gives false information shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

9. No. prosecution for the violation of these bye-laws will be instituted without the sanction of the Municipal Council.

10. All extracts from registers of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the Council Seal and the fees payable for those shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of Revenue documents.

DEFINITION OF TERMS.

"*Occupier*".—Includes the keeper, master, matron, superintendent, or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings, includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or separate apartment are immediately held or his agent.

"*Public institution*".—Includes prison, lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory, hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution which is under the management of the public body, officer, or person.

"*Still birth*".—Means a child born dead after the 28th week of gestation or not called back to life.

Register of deaths in the Municipality of Malur during the month of..... ....192 .

Yearly No.	Monthly No.	Name of deceased	Nationality or caste	Sex	Age			Occupation or calling	Cause of death	Date of death	Date of registration	Place of death, mention locality, street No, etc.	Informant's name and address. His signature of attended personally	Name of burial or burning ground	Initials of Inspecting Officers	Signature of the Registrar	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

Register of births in the Municipality of Malur Town during the month of.....192 .

Yearly No.	Monthly No.	Name, if any	Nationality or caste	Born alive	Still born	Sex		Father's name and occupation	Date of birth	Date of registration	Where born	Door No.	Informant's, name and address, if personally attending	Signature of Sub-Registrar	Initials of Inspecting Officer	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

Report of births in the Municipality of Malur Town during the month of.....192 .

Date and hour of birth	Nationality or caste	Still born	Born alive	Sex		Where born (locality or name of street, etc.)	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice is sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address.

Report of deaths in the Municipality of Malur Town during the month of... .....192 .

Name and surname of the deceased in Kanarese	Occupation or calling	Place of residence	Where death occurred	Door number	Age			Sex	Nationality or caste	Date of death	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Name of medical attendant hakeem or vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

*Here if the cause is unknown, mention the symptom with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomittings, diarrhoea and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Informant's name and address.

President.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

ALUR MINOR MUNICIPALITY.

The following draft bye-laws relating to the levy of octroi duty on articles imported into Alur Municipality under Section (48) (*k*) of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906 are published for the information of the public.

Any person or inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed tax may within a fortnight from the date of the notice send his objections in writing to the President, Municipal, Council, Alur.

The local limits for collection of octroi duty shall be Municipal boundaries.

2. No article liable to octroi duty shall be brought within the limits except by one of the roads described in the schedule hereto annexed.

3. All persons bringing into or receiving from beyond the octroi limits of the town any such articles shall exhibit the same at the Municipal office as to allow of it being duly inspected by the octroi staff.

4. Every person bringing dutiable article within the town shall report the fact at the Municipal office;

5. A table showing of the octroi duty leviable on the various articles shall be exhibited at the Municipal office in a conspicuous part thereof and copies shall be supplied without any charge to any person requiring the same.

6. When the goods have been examined at the octroi post, the importer shall forthwith bring the taxable goods to the octroi office accompanied by a peon.

7. When the goods are brought to the octroi office, they may be unloaded, weighed or counted by the officer in charge of the office, in the octroi office upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods, the importers shall either pay the amount due and receive a permit for the removal of the goods showing the quantity or weight of the goods, the amount paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. In case, the importer wishes to export the goods at once, he shall do so only after obtaining a free export pass and subjecting the goods to the escort of an octroi subordinate.

8. With a view to the appraisement of the value of goods when the tax is assessed or valued, the importer may be called upon to produce the invoice of the goods for the inspection of the officer in charge of the octroi office should he fail or refuse to produce the invoice, the value of the goods shall be assessed by the officer in charge of the octroi office at current rates and octroi levied accordingly.

9. In case when it is found that the excess octroi has been paid in any case, it will open to the President to refund the excess, provided the claim is preferred within a period not exceeding six months.

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

10. The Municipal Council shall provide a bonded warehouse for the custody of goods which may be deposited under Bye-law 7.

11. The bonded warehouse shall be open for the transaction of business from 11 A.M. to 5 P.M., daily except on Sundays and holidays authorised by the President. Arrangement shall, however, be made by the officer in charge of the koti for dealing with perishable articles such as betel leaves, etc., on such days and also other articles under special circumstances. The Municipality is not responsible for the loss that might be sustained by the party.

12. Any importer depositing goods in the bonded warehouse shall unless the octroi koti has previous to weighing, counting, appraising, ascertained the amount of octroi payable thereon give a declaration in the form appended, of the description, weight, quantity and if necessary, of the value of such goods.

13. A receipt in the form appended (Schedule III) shall be given by the officer in charge of the octroi koti for all goods deposited in the bonded warehouse, and a register of all such goods shall be maintained. It is the duty of the depositor to obtain a receipt for articles deposited by him and the octroi department is not responsible for any goods left at the premises and not covered by a receipt.

14. The receipt given by the octroi department for depositing goods should be returned before taking delivery of the articles to which it refers. The Municipality is not responsible for any loss that might be sustained by the party except by the negligence or carelessness of the officials concerned. Perishable articles that are deposited in the bonded warehouse will be thrown out on being spoilt.

15. If the depositor himself does not take delivery of the articles deposited in the octroi office, he must endorse on the receipt a request for delivery to the person to whom he wishes to be made and if the receipt is not produced, the delivery of the goods may, at the descretion of the officer, in charge of the octroi office, be withheld until the person entitled in his opinion to receive the same has given an idemnity to the satisfaction of the officer in charge of the octroi office.

16. Any person who has deposited goods in the bonded warehouse may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the warehouse or may on paying full duty thereon, import such goods into the town covered by a permit or may export such goods free, covered by an export pass, subject to the escort of an octroi subordinate provided that new packages covered by such pass, shall, if possible, and before they are taken from the warehouse, be stamped by the officer in charge, so as to show that they are under bond. The export pass shall be in triplicate, the original being retained by the officer in charge of the warehouse and the duplicate and triplicate delivered for every export pass granted under Rule 7. A fee of one anna shall be charged for every packets provided that in the case of carts a fee of two annas shall be charged for every cart.

17. The officer in charge of the octroi koti on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted or the validity of the claim shall endorse the three parts of the application with an export pass and keeping one part in the office shall deliver the other parts to the applicant.

18. All goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under free export pass under Bye-laws 15 shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pass at the octroi station at exit.

19. Goods shall be allowed to remain in the bonded warehouse one day free of charge after the expiry of that period rates as shown in the following schedule shall be charged for a week or portion thereof :—

(a)	Tobacco per bundle of 5 maunds or portion thereof		3 pies a day.
(b)	Sugar per bag of	do	do
(c)	Piecegoods per bale of 400 lbs.	do	do
(d)	Jaggary per bag of 5 maunds	do	do
(e)	Kerosene per box of 2 tins	do	do
(f)	Dry cocoanut per bag of 2 maunds	do	do

Sundays and close holidays shall not be taken into account in fixing the date from which fees under each class shall be payable. Double the rate will be charged for each day after the expiry of a week.

20. The President may permit, any wholesale dealer to occupy a room in the bonded warehouse for the storing of dutiable articles intended for sale to retail dealers in the Municipality and may make such rules regarding the occupation of such rooms or payment of rent as may from time to time be found necessary.

21. All goods remaining uncharged or unclaimed for a longer period than three months shall be sold to the highest bidder in public auction provided that before selling such goods notice of the fact shall be posted for seven days at the bonded warehouse and at the Municipal office and provided that the goods shall be sold earlier when the storage fees are likely to exceed their value.

22. When any goods are sold under Bye-law 20, the sale proceeds shall be credited to the Municipal funds in payment of duty and storage fees due in respect thereof and the expenses of the sale, provided that if the amount realized by the sale exceeds the amount so due, the balance shall be, credited to Municipal funds. Any claims for such balance received within a year shall be duly considered by the President. No claim shall be admitted after the said period of one year except by special permission of the Council.

23. Importers of dutiable, articles shall if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the President or Vice-President within one year of such import, account for such articles received by them by producing either a permit obtained in token of payment of octroi duty on export pass in proof of having exported the whole or part of the articles so received or otherwise. Any breach of this bye-law will render the importer liable to punishment with a fine extending to ten times the value of octroi on such goods or to Rs. 25 whichever may be less and to payment of octroi duty on the articles unaccounted for.

24. Any person importing or exporting dutiable articles, who infringes Bye-laws 3, 4, 6, 7, 11 and 17 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 before the Magistrate.

SCHEDULE I.

Name of routes.

1. Alur-Hassan road.
2. Alur-Saklespur road.
3. Alur-Hunsavalli road.
4. Alur-Bikkod road.
5. Alur-Chitnahalli road

SCHEDULE II.

(SEE BYE-LAW No. 11).

To

The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office, Alur Town. Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the koti.

Name of depositor	Description of articles deposited	Number of packages or bales, etc.	Distinguishing marks, if any	Weight		Measurements		Quantity	Value			Remarks
				Maunds	Seers	Feet	Inches		Rs	a.	p.	

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries as made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of the Bye-laws Nos. 12 to 15, 16, 18 and 21 relating to the deposit.

Witnesses.....
Address.....
Date.....

Signature of the Depositor.....
Address.....
Date.....

SCHEDULE III.

SEE BYE-LAW No. 12.

Octroi Office, Alur Town.

Received the deposit the undermentioned goods from.....

Receipt No.	No.	Date	Goods deposited (Note No.)	Name of articles	Description	Number of article	Remarks

Goods keeper.

Octroi Clerk.

Date.....

SCHEDULE IV.

Schedule of taxes—Alur Town.

Serial No.	Name of tax	Class of property liable	Amounts for which or rates at which class 1 liable				Exemption	Time at which taxes payable
			Per rates of duty.	Rs.	a.	p.		
	Octroi	The articles mentioned in the next column when imported into Municipal limits.	1 Fresh cocoanuts each ..	0	0	1	(1) Personal luggage of travellers goods, *bona fide* property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by an invoice certified by the departmental head concerned that the property therein mentioned belongs to Government.	
			Do 100 ..	0	8	4		
			2 Dry cocoanuts per maund ..	0	8	0		
			3 Betel leaves 100	0	0	1		
			4 Jaggary per md.	0	2	0	(2) Goods which are declared not to be intended for use or consumption within the Municipal limits and are taken to the bonded warehouse as provided in the bye-laws provided that if such goods be not exported they shall pay the full duty.	
			5 Sugar per md.	0	4	0		
			6 Kerosene oil per tin ..	0	2	0		
			7 Tobacco per md.	1	0	0		
			8 Piece goods per rupee ..	0	0	3	(3) Six green cocoanuts, six dry cocoanuts, 100 betel leaves and one seer of tobacco if brought for personal consumption by *bona fide* travellers.	
			Do 100 ..	1	9	0		
			9 Sheep or goat each brought for sale ..	0	1	0	(4) Piece goods manufactured locally.	
			10 Cigars above 100 or portion thereof ..	0	0	6		
			11 Butter per seer	0	0	2		

Draft bye-laws for regulating buildings and other structure in the Alur Minor Municipality.

Any inhabitant of this Municipality objecting to the proposed bye-laws, may within one month from the date of this notice, send his objection in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Alur.

Notice to be given to the President by person intending to build :—Every person intending to errect or re-errect within the meaning of Section 92 or 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the Alur shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President.

Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of the land on which the structure is proposed to be built, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to 10 feet showing :—

(*a*) The position, nature, and the use of existing buildings thereon, if any and of the building and appurtenant out-building to be erected on the land.

(*b*) The area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land.

(*c*) The names of (if any) or description of the adjacent roads or streets, buildings culverts; and

(*d*) The number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the land is situated.

Provided it shall be sufficient for the site plan to show, to the satisfaction of the President, with scale the site of the proposed building and its position on the land together with the position on the land with reference to adjacent buildings or lands.

The license and the site plan shall be produced by the party when called upon to do so by Municipal authorities at all reasonable times.

No piece of lands shall be used as a site for the erection of a building intended for human occupation.

(*a*) If the building is to abut a street unless the site is of such a shape that the building can be made parallel to the line of the street.

(*b*) If the site on the tanks or nallas filled up with or used for depositing rubbish, offensive matter or sewage, unless such site has been certified by the President, as fit to be built upon.

(*c*) If the site is one which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matter, until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or shall in his opinion have been innocuous.

(*d*) Unless the site is certified by the President to be dry and well drained or capable of being well drained.

(*e*) If the site is on a lower level than will allow its drainage to be led into some existing or projected sewer.

Building not to be erected on a Municipal drain.—No building shall be erected over a Municipal drain.

Pits not be excavated in the building sites :—

No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

Building sites not to be surrounded by lantana etc.—No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, prickly pear or other objectionable plant or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

Level of plinth.—Every person who shall erect a new domestic building shall cause the same to be built with a plinth not below 1¼ feet above the general level of the ground around and 1½ feet above top of side drain.

Eaves not to project beyond street drain.—The eaves of the building, sun shades to windows, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house.

Sun shades not to be erected beyond outer edge of the side drain:—No sun shades for shops either temporary or permanent shall be erected beyond the outer edge *i.e.*, the edge towards the house side of the drain.

Frontage:—Every house shall have a decent frontage in keeping with the surroundings and no perishable or inflamable materials shall be used for construction.

Ventilation of rooms:—Every person shall so construct define the maximum floor space and height, every room that the same shall be ventilated by means of doors or windows which open directly into the external air and have an aggregate opening equal to not less than one-tenth of the floor space.

No shops to be built in the midst of the residential localities:—No shops or market place, manufactory place of public resort shall be built in the midst of the localities intended for residential purposes. For the purpose of this bye-law, it shall be competent to the President of the Municipal Council to determine what is the residential area and what is not.

Conservancy of the premises:—Every householder is bound to conserve the house occupied by him and the grounds attached to the same. All such premises must be provided with a suitable drain constructed in accordance with speculations supplied by the President, for the drainage of the house and compound for the removal of sullage water and sewage to the nearest existing street drain commanded by the level of the house and the grounds pertaining thereto. The owner of the house is bound to construct such drains within thirty days from the date of the notice served on him by the President, calling on him to construct the required drain or drains in default, the President is competent to order the construction of the required drain or drains at owner's risk and cost.

No room, etc., to be constructed over a privy:—No person shall construct over a privy whether new or old, any structure of any description. In the case of water closet may be provided proper drainage arrangements prescribed by and approved of by the President are effected.

Privies to be constructed on sites approved by the President:—A person who shall construct a new privy, whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved of by the President. Every privy shall have a floor of a material, which has a smooth surface and which is impervious to water and shall have a smooth non-absorbent coating a cement to a height of not less than five feet above the floor of such privy.

Proximity of privies to water supply:—A person who shall construct a privy in connection with a building shall not without the written permission of the President construct such privy within a distance of 20 feet from any well, spring or stream of water used or likely to be used by a man for drinking or other domestic purposes or for manufacturing drinks for the use of man or otherwise in such a position as to render any such water liable to pollution.

Air space round privies:—Every person who shall construct a privy in connection with a building shall so construct the same as to leave an external air space of not less than 4 feet in width from the building and open to the sky, surrounding such privy on either side thereof except the entrance side, where any gallery or passage communicating with such privy, shall be not less than 3 feet in width and shall be open to the external air on both sides.

Cleaning of latrines and manure pits.—Uncleaned latrine pits, sewage pumps, within the precinits and in proximity to the house shall be cleaned and filled up within 2 days notice to that effect from the President, unless the President, considers it necessary in any particular case or cases to extend or decrease the period.

Incomplete buildings to be completed within one year of notice and in default President to complete and recover cost of demolish.—Any person who shall be given a license for erecting a new building in accordance with the aforesaid bye-laws and shall have the same incomplete for any length of time extending six months shall be bound, on being served with a notice in this behalf, to furnish and complete the building within a responsible time to be fixed by the President for completion of the same.

Person intending to build may apply to the President for information.—If any person has any doubt or difficulty as to the time intent or meaning of any matter connected with these rules or the requirements thereof, he may before giving notice in writing of his inten-

tion to erect or re-erect any building, apply to the President, who shall, upon receipt of such application, give the said person within a week such information as in the circumstances may be necessary.

Penalteis:—Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, on conviction before a Magistrate, as provided in the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Section 96(5).

B. VENKATARAMA RAO,
President.

SHIMOGA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 17th April 1925.

It is hereby notified that the right of levying tolls on carts entering the limits of the Town Municipality of Shimoga during a period of one year, from 1st July 1925 to 30th June 1926, will be put to public auction at 12 noon on Friday the 22nd May 1925, in the Town Municipal Office by the President or by the Vice-President of the Municipality.

2. Persons intending to bid at the auction must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person shall deposit beforehand a sum of Rs. 100 as earnest money. The deposits made by unsuccessful bidders will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract.

3 The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the President who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting, without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The successful bidder hereinafter termed contractor shall, on the sale being knocked down to him, at once deposit a sum sufficient to make up with his previous deposit three-twelfths of the amount of his bid. He shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall also furnish, if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract. If default is made either in making the deposits or in executing the agreement as above, the amounts, if any, already deposited will be forfeited and the right to collect the toll shall be forthwith resold or otherwise disposed of by the President.

5. The contract amount is payable in twelve monthly instalments due on or before the 20th of the following month. If default is made in the payment of instalments, the contractor will forfeit the deposit and the unexpired portion of the contract will also be liable to be sold and the deficit will be recovered from the contractor, who shall not be entitled to the profit, if any.

6. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise, or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorized Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls at the temporary sheds to be put up at the Municipal boundaries on the Bhadravati Road, the Holehonnur Road and the Jail Road and at the Ookads built on the Honnali Road, Tirthahalli Road, Sagar Road, Shikarpur Road and at the rates detailed below:—

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Cart drawn by one or more pairs of bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules when laden ...	0	4	0
2.	Do do when empty ...	0	2	0
3.	Cart drawn by one bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule when laden	0	2	0
4.	Do do when empty ...	0	1	0

4(a). The presence in the cart of two days' supply of fodder or gram or kadale, not exceeding ten seers per cart for the use of the animals, and flour or rice or ragi or any other food grains not exceeding seven seers per cart, together with necessary utensils for the use of the owner, shall not bring the cart under the category of laden carts.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate, true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gates and at the end of every month a copy

thereof shall be sent to the Municipal Vice-President for check. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the President, the Vice-President or such other officer or Councillor of the Municipality as the President may specially authorise in this behalf. He shall, if required by the Municipal President, furnish to the Municipal Office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No., 274, dated 4th Novmber 1876, and the rules framed by the Municipal Council under the Municipal Regulation. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near every toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied on carts on which mohatarfa tax has been levied by the Municipality. Such carts will be numbered by the Vice-President of the Municipality who will issue a pass therefor.

(*d*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of twenty-four hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(*e*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*f*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the Department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate, and also on carrying contractor's carts conveying timber of the Forest Department.

(*h*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to Municipal Councils.

(2) Conveying Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Municipal Council.

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Municipal Council for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails.

(7) Belonging to the Honourable the British Resident in Mysore.

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50, per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President, to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and to dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

K. SUBBA RAO NAIK,
For *President*.

DAVANGERE TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Dated 17th April 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting, without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of information of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise, or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the 1st day of every month into the Municipal Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Municipal President. He shall, if required by the Municipal President, furnish to the office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and the gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Municipal Council.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and the rules issued under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation or the rules framed by the Municipal Council under the Municipal Regulation. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(*c*) No more than one payment of toll shall be demanded at any toll-gate in respect of any vehicle in any one period of twenty-four hours counted from sunrise to sunrise.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on footpassengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart,

carriage, or animal, conveying such property, reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(g) No toll shall be levied for the passage of traffic, cars, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to the Municipal Council;

(2) Conveying Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants;

(3) Licensed by the Municipal Council;

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance;

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Municipal Council for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government;

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails;

(7) Belonging to the Honourable the British Resident in Mysore;

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance;

(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

M. CHENNARAJA URS,
President, Town Municipality.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate	Davangere Town Municipal toll-gates.
2.	Situation of the gate ...	On the town limits.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic or out-going traffic	In-coming traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.
5.	Amount of deposit required	Rs. 2,500.
6.	Place of sale	Chamarajendra Memorial Hall, Davangere.
7.	Date of sale	20th May 1925 at 2 P.M.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	The President, Town Municipal Council, Davangere.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	The Municipal Council, Davangere.
10.	Remarks	.....

SCHEDULE B.

Details of Traffic.	*Rate.* Rs. a. p.
Every laden cart or carriage	0 4 0
Every empty cart or carriage	0 2 0

N.B.—Carts carrying firewood, fodder and thatch should be treated as unladen for the purpose of levying tolls.

SHIMOGA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Dated 17th April 1925.

It is hereby notified that the right of collecting fees on carts, etc., entering the limits of Municipal Market at Shimoga on Shandi days during a period of one year, from 1st July 1925 to 30th June 1926 will be put to public auction at 12 noon on Friday the 22nd May 1925 in the Town Municipal Office by the President or by the Vice-President of the Municipality

2. Persons intending to bid at the auction must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person shall deposit beforehand a sum of Rs. 25 as earnest money. The deposits made by unsuccessful bidders will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilmen of the contract.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the President who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the

highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The successful bidder hereinafter termed contractor, shall on the sale being knocked down to him, at once deposit a sum sufficient to make up with his previous deposit three-twelfth of the amount of his bid. He shall within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall also furnish, if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract. If default is made either in making the deposits or in executing the agreement as above, the amounts, if any, already deposited will be forfeited and the right to collect the toll shall be forthwith resold or otherwise disposed of by the President.

5. The contract amount is payable in twelve monthly instalments due on or before the 20th of the following month. If defaut is made in the payment of instalment, the contractor will forfeit the deposit and the unexpired portion of the contract will also be liable to be sold and the deficit will be recovered from the contractor, who shall not be entitled to the profit, if any.

6. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of fees in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect fees at the market gates and at the rates noted below:—

On one head-load 0-0-3. On one animal-load 0-0-6;

One single bullock cart-load 0-1-0. Double bullock cart-load 0-2-0.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the fees a proper receipt showing the date of payment. A table of authorised fees, shall be legibly written in Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the market gates.

11. Articles purchased in the market and exposed again for sale are liable to a fee at the rate of three pies per bag, not exceeding one anna in any one case.

12. No fee will be levied for pitching tents, etc., after obtaining the receipt for payment of the prescribed fees at the gate.

13. The contractor shall be bound to carry out any orders that may issue from the Municipal Office.

14. The contractor shall be bound to see that the articles are exposed for sale only at the places allotted for the purpose.

15. He shall give instructions to the people resorting to market such of the articles condemned by any Sanitary Officer as unfit for consumption, will be liable to be destroyed and on that account no compensation can be claimed by the owner.

16. The contractor shall keep the market gate, stalls, and the premises clean. He shall not allow entrance to persons suspected to be suffering from leprosy or any epidemic diseases.

17. The contractor shall keep at the gate, true accounts of the collections and of the traffic passing through the gate and at the end of every month a copy thereof shall be sent to the Vice President for check. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the President, the Vice-President or such other officer or Councillor of the Municipality as the President may specially authorise in this behalf. He shall, if required by the President furnish to Municipal Office, at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

18. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount orto any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

19. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 for each infringement. If the fine is not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of the fees by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the fees during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

20. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

K. SUBBA RAO NAIK,
For President.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE THIRD ORDINARY MEETING OF THE DISTRICT BOARD, SHIMOGA, DURING 1924-25, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 4TH APRIL 1925, AT 1 P.M. IN THE TOWN HALL.

Members.

Present	28
Absent	8
Total...	36

The Presidents of all the Taluk Boards except Channagiri were also present.

1. Read review on the Vital Statistics for the half-year ending 31st December 1924.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that it is possible that several cases of births may have been omitted and that owing to abnormal floods and rains, sickness was prevalent in several parts of the district which accounts for such a heavy mortality.

2. Read G. O. No. L. 6321-23—L. B. 111-23-28, dated 26th February 1925, approving that provision of Rs. 50 may be made in the Tirthahalli Taluk Budget for the treatment of persons bitten by rabid animals in the L. F. Dispensary at Tirthahalli.

Resolution.—Recorded. The Board is further of opinion that a recommendation be made to Government for sanctioning arrangement for the treatment of persons bitten by rabid animals in the Civil Hospital at Shimoga also.

3. Read Budget Estimates of the District and Taluk Boards for 1925-26.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Budget Estimates of the District and Taluk Boards be passed and recommendations of the Finance Committee approved and a recommendation be made to the Government to postpone the payment of Rs. 15,000 to the Education Department at least for another year to enable the Board to balance the Budget.

4. The opening of a Female Dispensary at Channagiri.

Resolution.—Resolved that the proposal be considered when Mr. Mallappa Setty, son of Advappa Setty, deposits Rs. 2,000 or constructs a separate ward and the people subscribe an equal amount towards improving the present dispensary building at Channagiri.

5. Read letter No. 5976—L. B. 7-24-10, dated the 12th February 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary to Government, stating that the District Board may reconsider their resolution with regard to the increase of fees for the occupation of the Corpali's Choultry at Shimoga as the fee proposed for occupation during the 2nd week (6 annas per day) seems to be too high, etc.

Resolution.—Resolved that a copy of the resolution of the Board passed on 20th July 1920, be submitted for the information of Government. The Board has no idea for charging any fee for the first three days of occupation. The rate proposed is intended to discourage persons from occupying the choultry for indefinitely long periods to the prejudice of *bona fide* travellers who are put to great inconvenience for want of accommodation.

6. Read letter No. G. 6353-5—Ml. 325-19, dated 13th February 1925, from the Chief Secretary to Government, enquiring whether the District Board would co-operate with the Government for the encouragement of horse-breeding in the State and if so to what extent.

Resolution.—Resolved that this district is not suited for the horse-breading purposes.

7. Read letter No. 1368, dated 7th February 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education, requesting to obtain the approval of the District Board for constructing a school building at Kogalur in the Channagiri Taluk for which an estimate was sanctioned in 1917.

Resolution.—Resolved that the building be included in the programme for the year 1925-26.

8. Read letter No. 534, dated the 22nd December 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Shimoga Division, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 1,730 for constructing the damaged tunnel at 1/2 of Shimoga-Narasimharajapur Road.

Resolution.—Resolved that the work may be undertaken out of the Government grant sanctioned for repairing the damages caused to roads during the floods and as the Executive Engineer informs that the sanctioned grant is inadequate, a recommendation may be made to Government to allot a further sum of Rs. 2,000 for these repairs.

9. Read letter No. 840, dated 17th December 1924, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore appealing for contribution towards the cost of Sri Krishnaraja All-India First Aid Trophy to encourage Scout movement.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 100 be sanctioned out of 'E. 5.' for the purpose.

10. Read Docket No. 1041, dated 6th January 1925, from the Vice-President, Shimoga Town Municipality, requesting to pay the District Fund quota for road repairs at Rs. 125 per annum from 20-21 to 23-24.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Municipality be requested to give information on the following points:—

(i) Which are the roads the Municipality are maintaining for the District Board.

(ii) How much the Municipality have spent on these roads during the period.

11. Read application dated 19th November 1924, from Mr. C. Shama Rao, (L. F. Head Clerk on leave) praying that the date of his birth as noted in his Life Insurance Policy, *i.e.*, 16th December 1870, may be accepted instead of 10th December 1871 (entered in the Service Register) as the former is based upon the original horoscope.

Resolution.—Resolved that as the President has already disposed of this matter no more remains to be done.

12. Application dated 20th February 1925, from J. M. Noronha, Railway Accountant (Rs. 35), praying that the pay of the post may be raised in consideration of the heavy and responsible nature of the work.

Resolution.—Resolved that the salary be raised to Rs. 40 and the necessary provision be made in the Budget.

13. Read report No. 562, dated the 30th January 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Shimoga, submitting for sanction a supplemental pay bill for Rs. 20 being the amount recovered from the late Sanitary Inspector Subramanyaiya in the pay bill for February and March 1921, towards the advance taken by him from the Sorab Taluk Board on his transfer to Shimoga as the amount is to be remitted to the Sorab Taluk Board as per Comptroller's objection.

Resolution.—Resolved that the amounts be transferred to the credit of the Taluk Board, Sorab.

14. Read report No. 428, dated 30th November 1124, and 577, dated 8th January 1925, from the President, Taluk Boad, Honnali, submitting for sanction reappropriation statement for Rs. 67 and 37 respectively, out of closing balance for meeting the extra cost on account of T. A. and Taluk Board Quota for furniture to L. F. Dispensary at Nyamati.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

15. Read correspondence ending with Sagar Sub-Division Officer No. O. C. 841—24-25, dated 4th February 1925, recommending the acquisition of Survey Nos. 179, 180, 181 of Tallur village in the Sorab Taluk for village extention the cost thereof being met by the Sorab Taluk Board as resolved at its meeting held on 20th August 1923.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

16. Read report No. 322, dated 29th December 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Sorab, submitting for sanction a bill for Rs. 18-8-0 being the house rent for the toll-gate at Ulvi from 1st May 1924 to 5th November 1924.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

17. Read report No. 287, dated the 8th December 1924, from the President, Taluk Boad, Sorab, submitting a copy of resolution of the Board recommending that the holding of a Sante at Kuppagadde may be sanctioned experimently for one year.

Resolution—Sanctioned.

18. Read report No. 301—24-25, dated 25th December 1924, from the President, Taluk Board, Sorab, recommending the remission of Rs. 110-11-0 with interest due from the Telagadde Ferry contractor for the years 1920-21; 1921-22; and 22-23.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

19. Read report No. 721, dated 21st January 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Tirthahalli, recommending the increase of pay of the Care takers of 3rd class travellers' Bungalows of Malur, Megaravalli and Humchadakatte from Rs. 7 to Rs. 9 per mensem.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

20 Read report No. 738, dated 25th January 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Tirthahalli, recommending the establishment of a cattle pound at Konandur, the cost of the building being met out of Village Panchayet Funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

21. Read report No. 1270, dated 4th March 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, submitting for sanction an estimate for Rs. 650 together with the resolution of the Taluk Board for improving the well near Puttabasappa's tank in Channagiri Town out of Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

22. Read reports received from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, submitting the following estimates for well works together with the resolution of the Taluk Board proposing that the cost may be met both by the Taluk Board and the District Board in the proportion of 1/3 and 2/3.

i. Yeregattihalli Rs. 750; ii. Channagiri; Rs. 1,500; iii. Nallukudure (Panchama) Rs. 558. iv. Nallukudure (Mahamads) Rs. 774.

Resolution.—Sanctioned. The quota of the District Board may be paid out of the Drinking Water Wells Fund.

23. Read report No. 663, dated the 6th March 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Shimoga, recommending the opening of a cattle pound at Hosudi.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

24. Read report No. 1183, dated 1st March 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, recommending the opening of a Vaidyasala at Tyavanige.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Vaidyasala at Basavapatna may be transferred to Tyavanige and a Unani Dispensary be sanctioned a cost of Rs. 360.

25. Read letter No. C. 322-4, dated the 19th December 1924, from the Senior Surgeon with the Government, requesting to obtain the views of the District Board for the extension of the provisions of the Vaccination Regulation in the District.

25.*a* Replies received from the Presidents of Taluk Boards of Shimoga, Honnali, Shikarpur, Sorab, Sagar and Kumsi, furnishing the views of the respective Taluk Boards agreeing to the introduction of the Regulation in all these taluks.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Vaccination Regulation may be introduced in all the taluks of the district.

26. Read letter No. 6538, dated 5th March 1925, from the Assistant Director of Agriculture, Shimoga, furnishing details of accounts in connection with the sum of Rs. 750 advanced in April 1922 by the District Board for purchasing and selling at cost price seeds and manure, etc.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Agricultural Department may advance this amount for another year on the same conditions. The Assistant Director may be requested to furnish a list containing the names of persons to whom seeds are distributed in each taluk.

27. Read report No. 1314, dated 14th March 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, submitting a copy of the resolution of the Board to the effect that the Musafirkana of Channagiri which is rarely used by the travellers, may be permanently given away with necessary alterations for Amildars quarters and that the old T. B. may be converted into a musafirkana after effecting necessary repairs out of Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—Approved and resolved that an estimate be called for the repairs of the old T. B. at Channagiri and the Government be requested to hand over this building to the charge of the District Board for using it as musafirkana.

28. Read report No. 668, dated 13th March 1925 from the President, Taluk Board, Shikarpur, submitting for orders the record relating to the remission of Rs. 486-14-5, with interest being the arrears of contract amount for 1918-19 due from the Huliginakoppa toll contractor.

Resolution.—Since the defaulter has failed to take advantage of the resolution of the District Board Finance Committee dated 20th March 1920, there is no ground to sanction remission after this long interval.

29. Read letter No. P. 4829-46, dated the 11th March 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to obtain the views of the District Board for the formation of Associations to create facilities for discharged prisoners to gain their livelihood.

Resolution.—Resolved that associations be formed in each taluk for reclaiming criminals.

30. Read Yadast No. L. C. 2768, dated 11th September 1924, from the Sub-Division Officer, Tirthahalli, forwarding for sanction for the reasons assigned a privilege leave allowance bill for Rs. 40 for January and February 1919 prepared in favour of G. Venkoba Rao, who was working in the Shimoga Taluk as L. F. Clerk (deferred subject). Also Memo No. 4913, dated 13th March 1925, from the Treasury Assistant Commissioner in charge of Shimoga Taluk, on the subject.

Resolution.—Resolved that the charge has to be borne by the Revenue Department as the official worked in that department only.

31. Read letter dated 4th January 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, Civic and Social Progress Association, requesting to forward the decision of the District Board for contributing (Rs. 35 per mensem) towards the maintenance of Civic Association Hospital which is proposed to be opened at Bangalore etc., for the training of midwives.

Resolution.—Deferred.

32. Read Report No. 915, dated 17th March 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Tirthahalli, stating that the Municipality in whose charge the Tirthahalli Musafirkhana is not willing to transfer the building to the Department of Industries and Commerce for locating the proposed Industrial School as the arrangement will inconvenience the travellers.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Musafirkhana at Tirthahalli cannot be made available for locating the proposed Industrial School.

33. Read report No. 1330, dated 10th March 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, submitting for sanction an estimate for Rs 360, for flooring with Cuddapah slabs, the town hall at Channagiri out of Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

37. Read report No. 437, dated 16th March 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Sorab, soliciting sanction to the establishment of a temporary toll-gate at Chendragutti during the jatra time.

Resolution.—Resolved that a recommendation be made to Government for sanctioning a temporary toll-gate to be opened during the jatra period and proceeds thereof be utilised for improving the road and providing water facilities for the pilgrims.

38. Subject No. 11 of the last meeting. The allotment of Rs. 4,000 sanctioned for this district for inter-village and inter-taluk communications was distributed as follows:—

Opening out roads.—Shimoga Taluk.

	Rs.
From Holehonnur to Kudligere	1,000
Shikarpur and Sagar Taluks.	
From Amligola to Sagar (to join the Sagar-Anantapur road at Ullur).	2,000
Tirthahalli and Nagar Taluks.	
From Kauledurga to Nagar	1,000
Total ...	4,000

Resolution.—Sanctioned with the modifications that the road in the Sagar Taluk may be taken *via* Elavarsi as proposed by Sub-Division Officer and that the amount of Rs. 1,000 sanctioned for making road from Kavaledurga to Nagar may be utilised for improving the cart-tract now running from Salur to Kabbala *via* Rave and Andagadodur and finally joins the Nagar-Hulikl-Hyder Ghat Road. The portion immediately to be worked up will be from Salur to Rave and during the next three years, the road must be completed up to the junction with the Hulikal road near Kabbala.

39. Read correspondence ending with Executive Enginner's letter No. 984, dated 16th December 1924, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 12,517 for countersignature for the conversion of the L. F. Dispensary at Tirthahalli into a combined institution, etc., and requesting to place the quota (original Rs. 2,000) now raised to Rs. 4,173 at his credit, and report No. M. R. 6-11, dated 18th March 1925, from the President, Municipal Council, Tirthahalli, forwarding the resolution of the Municipal Council agreeing to bear 1/3 of their quota on Rs. 12,517.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 2,000 may be provided in the Budget for the next year and the estimate be countersigned.

40. Read G. O. No. L. 6129-6292—Ml. 145-24-52, dated 10th February 1925, regarding the establishment under Local Boards and Memo No. H. C. 271—Rev. 24-25, dated the 23rd March 1925, calling for the suitable proposals for re-organising the establishment as required by para 2 of the said Government Order.

Resolution.—Recorded.

41. Read correspondence ending with Sagar Sub-Division Officer's Yadi Nos. O. C. 954 and 955—24-25, dated 24th March 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Sorab Taluk Board agreeing to acquire and meet the cost of acquisiton from Taluk Funds for extending village sites in Melinakeragunasi and Anavatti villages out of Survey No. 33—1 (1 acre and 35 guntas) in the former, and out of Survey No. 103 (1 acre 36 guntas), and out of 104 (1 acre nil guntas) in the latter.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

42. Read correspondence ending with Channagiri Taluk Board President's report No. 1397, dated 20th March 1925, in the matter of acquiring certain survey numbers aggregating to 9 acres 15 guntas for the purpose of village extension in Arabilachi village and forwarding the resolution of the Taluk Board agreeing to bear the cost of acquisition out of Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

43. Read correspondence ending with Shimoga Taluk Board President's report No. 674, dated 19th March 1925, forwarding statements of 25 villages in Holehonnur Hobli and 38 villagers in Holalur Hobli agreeing to pay a cess of one anna in the rupee on the assessment of land revenue to make up the ¼ of the cost of constructing a bridge across the Bhadra River at Holehonnur.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Government be requested to get the project prepared for the construction of a bridge across the Bhadra River at Holehonnur for the present; and permission given for the levy of cess at one anna in the rupee on the raiyats of the 63 villages who have agreed to pay the same.

44. Read petition, dated 2nd March 1925, from certain share-holders of the Shimoga District Board Railway loan praying for the continuance of exemption from payment of Income-tax granted on District Board debenture loans *vide* F. L. No. 1010—I. T. 48-22-28, dated 14th August 1923 which expires on 30th June 1925.

Resolution.—Resolved that a recommendation be made to Government for continuing the privilege for another period of five years.

45. Read report No. 1404—L. F., dated 27th March 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, in the matter of acquiring certain sites in the Santebennur village for the construction of Hindustani Girls' School and the resolution of the Panchayet and Taluk Board thereon agreeing to meet the cost of acquisition from Panchayet funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

46. Read correspondence ending with Memo No. 6662—2362, dated 27th March 1925, from the District Inspector of Education, Shimoga, forwarding for opinion of the District Board his proposition statement submitted to the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore for the transfer of provision of the Primary School at Kadarur to Arabally both situated in the Sagar Taluk.

Resolution.—Approved.

47. The following subject is proposed by Mr. C. Vaman Rao of Nagar for the consideration of the Board:—

Proposition:—Under column 6 of the G. O. No. L. 4542-71—L. B. 104-24-1, dated 23rd December 1924, under the Heading "Further development of the Local Board" the Amildars have been invested with the powers of control inspection and supervision over the village Panchayets. According to schemes of the Local Self-Government, the said powers are vested to the Distrct Boards. Hence, the said powers may be vested to the Sub-Division Officers who are *exofficio* members of the District Board instead of Amildars.

Resolution.—Deferred.

48. Read letter No. P. L. 29-7-7, dated 16th Feburary 1925, from the District Medical Officer, submitting the communication from the Senior Surgeon directing him to provide in the District Board Budget for the local allowance in charge of L. F. Dispensary at Sagar and Tirthahalli.

Resolution.—Resolved that as the District Board have never till now paid the charge and as the financial condition of the Board is very unsatisfactory, the District Board regret that the suggestion of the Senior Surgeon cannot be given effect to.

ERRATUM.

Notification No. O. C. 778, dated 31st March 1925.

In the notification published in page 189 under Schedule A in Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated the 9th April 1925, relating to the sale of right to collect tolls at Tunga Bridge at Honnali, against—

No. 2.	Situation of the Gate, for "Good" read ...	"at Honnali".
,, 3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic or in coming traffic. "nil"	read "both incoming and out going."
,, 6.	Place of sale, for "Taluk Office at Kallurkatte, Nagar Taluk"	read "Taluk Office Honnali."
,, 8.	Officer conducting the sale, for "Sub-Division Officer, Sagar".	read "Sub-Division Officer, Tirthahalli".

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
President.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

CORRECTION SLIP.

No. C. 2061—L. B. 24-25, dated 22nd April 1925.

Part II-A. The *Mysore Gazette* of April 16th, 1925. Page 214.

For "Notification No. C. 2061—L. B. 24-25, dated 11th May 1925," read "Notification No. C. 2061—L. B. 24-25, dated 11th April 1925."

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Notificaton dated 15th April 1925.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the right of collecting tolls on the Salem-Bellary provincial road near the village of Thammenahalli in Molakalmuru Taluk, for the year 1925-26 will be sold on 27th May 1925, in the Office of the Amildar, Molakalmuru Taluk by the Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldrug District, or an Assistant Commissioner deputed by him for the purpose.

2. For further particulars see detailed notification of the sale printed on pages 240 and 241, Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette* dated 23rd April 1925.

S. VENKATARANGAM,
Deputy Commissioner.

TARIKERE TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

The following draft bye-laws framed by the Tarikere Municipal Council, under Sections 46 and 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906, as amended by Regulation of 1911, are published for the information of the Public.

2. Any resident within the area of the Tarikere Municipality who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft bye-laws should communicate to the President, Tarikere Town Municipality, within one month from the date of this notification.

MEER MAHOMED,
For *President,*
Tarikere Town
Municipality.

5-4-1925.

I

Bye-laws relating to Dangerous and Offensive Trades in the Town of Tarikere under Section 48 (1) (b) III and Section 151 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906.

1. The bye-laws are called "the dangerous and offensive trade bye-laws".

2. In these bye-laws unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*a*) Dangerous trade means the business of storing for sale—

(a) (1) Fire wood.
(2) Hay, straw or any dried fodder for cattle.
(3) Coal, charcoal.

(b) Or Storing for sale—
(4) Kerosene oil in godowns.
(5) Petroleum in godowns.
(6) Kerosene oil in tanks.
(7) Petroleum in tanks.
(8) Gun powder, blasting powder, fire works (including Patakees, etc.)
(9) Bamboos, poles, rafters, reapers, scantling and mats.
(10) Stone blasting.
(11) Calcium carbide in bulk.
(12) Cotton.

(*b*) Offensive trade means the business of—
(1) Boiling or storing offal, blood, bones, or rags.
(2) Storing hides, horns and skins tanning.
(4) Dyeing.
(5) Washing or drying of wool or hair.
(6) Making or manufacturing of tiles, pottery or other earthenware or lime.
(7) Making or manufacturing of bricks.
(8) Manufacturing oil by boiling.
(9) Camphor boiling.
(10) Soap making.
(11) Using any place as cartstand.
(12) Using any place as smithy.
(13) Stone quarrying.

(*c*) "Manager" means the person under whose authority or control or for whose benefit a dangerous or offensive trade is carried on whether such person is the proprietor of the business or the agent in charge thereof.

3. The manager of every place used for the purpose of a dangerous or offensive trade as defined in clause 2 above shall not use it as such without obtaining the license from the President therefor. The license so granted shall expire on the 30th June of the official year during which it was issued. But the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid the period of currency, shall, whether application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

4. The fees leviable on licenses to carry on dangerous or offensive trades shall be as follows:—

(*a*) For each class of business Rs. 2 per annum.

(*b*) For each class of business Rs. 2 per annum.

N.B.—In the case of hand-made bricks the license fee shall be Rs. 5 for a kiln of 100,000 bricks or a fraction thereof.

5. No such license will be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for the trade to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in, or restoring to the neighbourhood.

6. Every manager shall keep the place licensed for the purpose open between 7 A.M. and 10 A.M. and 3 P.M. and 5-30 P.M. for inspection by the President, Vice-President, Sanitary Inspector or a Police Inspector and he shall afford every facility for such inspection.

7. Every such manager shall be bound to furnish to the President or Vice-President, whenever called upon to do so, such statistics as to show the quantity of goods received, stored, manufactured, sold or exported by him.

8. In the case of dangerous trades:—

(i) Every manager shall so store his goods as to admit of free ingress or egress for the removal of the goods for quenching a fire, if any.

(ii) He shall not cause or suffer any cover made of cumbustible material to be erected or placed over or adjoining any such goods.

(iii) He shall at all times keep the premises clean and dry, to the satisfaction of the President or the Vice-President.

(iv) He shall not allow smoking or the introduction of fire, or open light into the premises mentioned in bye-law 2 (*a*) and he shall always store sufficient quantity of water and sand to quench the fire, if any.

(v) He shall carry out his trade in such a way as not to make his premises a source of danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to, the neighbourhood.

(vi) He shall comply with any requisitions from the President or the Vice-President contained in a notice for the total or partial removal from the premises of the aforesaid goods or the removal of any other combustible materials not intended for sale or for rectifying an error or omission in attending to the above provisions.

9. In the case of offensive trades as defined in bye-law 2 (*b*):—

(i) Every manager shall confine his trade to be carried on strictly in the place shown in the license.

(ii) He shall cause all materials received for the purpose of his trade to be stored when not required for immediate use in such a manner as to prevent the omission of noxious or injurious effluvia therefrom.

(iii) He shall adopt the best practicable means of rendering innocuous all vapours emitted during the process of the trade either by proper ventilation or other suitable means.

(iv) He shall keep the floor of the premises in good order and repair so as to prevent the absorption of any liquid filth or refuse or any noxious or injurious matter which may fall or be deposited upon.

(v) He shall provide the premises with the proper drains and shall always keep them in good order.

(vi) He shall cause the premises to be cleaned at the close of every working day.

(vii) He shall not allow any refuse or waste matters not intended for any further process of the trade which are likely to be a source of danger or nuisance to be deposited in or around the premises, but shall have them removed daily to a place approved by the President or the Vice-President especially for the purpose.

(viii) He shall adopt such other precautions as are necessary to minimise the danger or nuisance to the public from the use to which such premises are put.

(ix) He shall comply with any requisitions from the President or the Vice-President contained in a notice for rectifying any error or omission in attending to

the above provisions and for promoting the health of the persons employed in such trades.

(x) The President shall have the power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for dangerous or offensive trade whenever he deems such a course necessary in the interests of the convenience and safety of the public generally or of the persons inhabiting or resorting to the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

(xi) The license to be granted for the dangerous and offensive trades shall be in the following form and shall be subject to such conditions as noted therein.

Tarikere Town Municipality.

License to carry on dangerous and offensive trades.

No.....

Date..... Fees Rupees.....

License No.....

Granted under the provisions of the bye-laws under Section 48 (1) (*b*) (iii) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, subject to the undermentioned conditions.

To.....

For.....

At premises No.....in.....Division for the year ending 30th June 192 .

President,
Tarikere Town Municipality.

Conditions.

1. The license shall be in force for a period of one year. It shall expire on the 30th June of the year for which it was granted, but the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid, the period of its currency shall whether the application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

2. The license is not transferable.

3. The licensee shall strictly obey all rules and bye-laws of the Municipality in this behalf.

4. Any breach of such rules or bye-laws will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license and the prosecution of the offender under Section 152 (3) of the Municipal Regulation of 1906.

President,
Tarikere Town Municipality.

II.

Bye-laws relating to Bakery or Sweetmeat Shops, Hotels or Eating houses in the Town of Tarikere under Section 48 (1) (*c*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

Bakery or Sweetmeat Shops.

1. Bakery or Sweetmeat Shop includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the baking of bread or preparation of sweets or other eatables for sale.

Any person who shall appear act or behave as the person in charge of a bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be deemed and taken to be the keeper or manager thereof.

2. All premises used as bakeries and sweetmeat shops shall satisfy the following conditions:—

(*a*) An adequate supply of water shall be kept in the premises.

(*b*) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for a bakery or sweetmeat shop.

(c) The premises shall have a sufficient supply of water for the purpose of thoroughly washing and cleaning such premises.

3. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean.

4. The flour, sugar, ghee, water and other materials used in the manufacturing of bread and sweetmeat shall be good and wholesome. There shall be a separate store-room or receptacle for flour and sugar and no sugar or flour shall be left lying on the floor or against the wall in any part of bakery or sweetmeat shop.

5. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition.

6. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in a bakery or a sweetmeat shop and all kneaders engaged in kneading shall wear white clean linen or cotton aprons to cover entirely the front part of the body from neck to knees.

7. No person shall soil the kneading table in any way.

8. No person shall transport for sale bread or sweetmeat from any one place to any other place except in a closed vehicle or a closed basket, tin or other receptacle. Every such vehicle, basket, tin or other receptacle shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and no person shall commit any act which may tend to render any bread or sweetmeat which is being transported dirty or unwholesome.

9. All papers and leaves used for wrapping bread, sweets, etc., shall be cleaned and stored in a clean rack.

10. Bread, sweets, etc., shall be stored and kept for sale with all reasonable precautions against contamination from flies dust and bad odours.

11. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

12. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

Bye-laws regarding Hotels or Eating houses framed under Section 48 (1) (c) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

1. An eating house or hotel includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhall and confectionery or refreshments including chappaties, rice cakes, tea, coffee, etc., are prepared and kept for sale.

The proprietor or any person in charge of any eating house or hotel shall be taken to be the keeper thereof.

2. All eating houses and hotels shall satisfy the following conditions :—

(a) All premises used as such shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose.

(b) The water used in the premises for drinking purposes shall be from the approved source and shall be kept clean and free from floating impurities, in a suitable and covered clean receptacle placed in a clean place, a foot above the ground level.

(c) Kitchen and bathrooms shall be well-ventilated and provided with proper smoke vents so that smoke may not pervade into other dwelling houses. All rooms in eating houses shall be well-lighted and ventilated.

3. The proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any other place but the dining halls.

4. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in the cooking or for keeping foodstuffs shall have a continual lining of tin, and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food, pastry sweetmeats confectionery or preserved, dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

5. No foodstuff of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises, which is stale, unwholesome, offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption

6. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night soil covered with ashes or earth and removed daily.

7. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean, shall be employed in an eating house.

8. All premises and all cooked and uncooked foodstuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, the Vice-President, the District Sanitary Officer or other Officer authorised on their behalf.

9. All cases of dangerous infectious disease such as cholera, plague, eruptive fevers such as small-pox chicken-pox, measles and fevers of more than seven days' duration shall be notified to the Vice-President forthwith.

10. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

11. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

Bye-laws regarding the Manufacture of Aerated Water framed under Section 48 (1) (c) of the Municipal Regulation, 1906.

1. The water used for the manufacture of ærated water shall be from any approved source.

2. (*a*) The water must be filtered before use.

(*b*) The filtering vessels and materials shall be sterilized at such times and in such manner as the President, Vice-President or District Sanitary Officer may direct.

3. All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed iron vessels and be treated before use with permanganate of potassium in such manner as the President or the Vice-President or the District Sanitary Officer may direct.

4. The room in which ærated water is manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair; the walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be limewashed at least once in three months.

5. The water used for the manufacture of ærated water shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessel not approved of by the President or the Vice-President or the District Sanitary Officer.

6. Carts employed for the carriage of water shall be kept on the premises, shall have the designation of the factory painted on the barrel and shall at all times be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness.

7. The premises and all appliances used in the manufacture shall be clean and open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President, the Vice-President, the District Sanitary Officer or any other Municipal Officer.

8. No ærated waters of any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without having a proper label on each bottle, giving full name and address of the manufacturer.

9. It shall be lawful for the President, Vice-President, the District Sanitary Officer, the Municipal Sanitary Inspector or any Municipal Officer authorised by the President or the Vice-President to enter into any place used for the manufacture or sale of ærated waters at any time, when such place is open and to inspect or to take a sample bottles of any kind of ærated waters which are there manufactured, or kept for sale. Such samples shall be forthwith forwarded to the Government Chemical Examiner and Bacteriologist and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

10. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for everyday after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

11. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

III.

Bye-laws for enforcing information concerning the occurrence of, and for prevention of the spread of Epidemic diseases amongst (i) men and, (ii) animals, framed under section 48(1) (i) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

I. (1) Every head of family, parent, guardian or nearest relative or owner or occupier or caretaker of a house or dwelling place shall, on his becoming cognizant of the occurrence of plague, cholera small-pox or influenza in such house or dwelling place, whether among the members of the house or among persons who have come from other places, immediately give information of the fact either personally or in writing to any officer of the Municipality not below the rank of Sanitary Inspector or to the nearest Police Station, who shall without the least delay report the matter to the Vice-President.

Every Medical person who treats, or becomes cognizant of the existence of, any infectious disease in any private or public dwelling other than a public hospital, shall give information of the same with the least possible delay to the said authority. Any person violating this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(2) Any person authorised by the Municipal President or Vice-President in this behalf, may, on the advice of a duly qualified Medical Officer not below the rank of an Assistant Surgeon, at any time without notice or after giving such notice of his intention as shall in the circumstances appear to him to be reasonable, inspect any place in which any such infectious disease is suspected to exist and take such measures as he shall think fit to prevent the spread of such disease beyond such place and may remove from such house or dwelling place, persons suffering from infectious disease and persons in contact with such persons without proper lodging or accommodation or who are lodged in a building occupied by more than one family, to any hospital or place set apart for their due care and treatment provided no compulsion is used in this behalf on any account.

(3) The person so authorised shall take steps to cause such house or dwelling place to be temporarily vacated and forthwith disinfected or otherwise cleansed in the manner prescribed by such medical officer.

(4) No house or other building situated within the Municipal limits shall be let to or permitted to be occupied by any person whom the owner or occupier thereof knows or has reason to believe to be suffering from any such disease dangerous to public health at the time of such letting or permitting, without certificate from the District Sanitary Officer, as to the sanitary condition of such house or dwelling place and as to the suitability of accommodation therein for the reception of such patient, and no person shall let a building or part thereof, in which he knows or has reason to know that a person has been suffering from any such disease without first having such building or part thereof disinfected to the satisfaction of the District Sanitary Officer.

Any person infringing this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liabale to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

II. (1) On the occurrence of any case of anthrax or glanders or rinderpest or any disease affecting horses, dogs, cattle, sheep or goats, notice of the same shall be given by the owner or caretaker of the affected animal, on his becoming cognizant of such disease either personally or in writing to the Assistant Veterinary Inspector, Veterinary Dispensary, Tarikere, or to the Sanitary Inspector of the Town; the latter will without delay report the matter to the Veterinary Inspector and to the Vice-President.

(2) The Assistant Veterinary Inspector shall, on receiving information of the existence of any such disease, make necessary enquiries, and if he is satisfied that the removal or segregation of the affected animal is necessary, require the owners to remove within a reasonable time, such animal to any institution maintained by the Municipality, for its due care and treatment, or to keep it at such place as may be approved of by him. On a report from the Assistant Veterinary Inspector that the destruction of any animal is necessary by reason of its suffering from such disease, the animal may be destroyed with the consent of the owner.

(3) Every place which is occupied by an animal suffering from such disease, and everything which may have come into contact with auch animal whilst so suffering, shall be immediately cleansed and disinfected at the cost of the Municipality in such manner as may be required by the Assistant Veterinary Inspector, and if any such thing is, in the opinion of that Officer, not susceptible of efficient disinfection, he shall require it to be destroyed provided that for all articles so destroyed such compensation shall be paid as the President or the Vice-President, may, after necessary enquiry, consider reasonable.

(4) No stall or building occupied by an animal suffering from such disease, shall be re-occupied until at least seven days after it has been so disinfected.

(5) Whoever without reasonable excuse fails to remove any animal when required to do so under bye-law No. 2 or infringes the provisions of bye-laws 1 and 4 shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(6) Any dog found straying in any public street or place without a collar and apparently ownerless may be destroyed by any person so authorised by the President or Vice-President in that behalf.

IV.

Bye-laws under Section 48 (1) (k) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

OCTROI.

The local limits of collecting Octroi duty shall be the Municipal Boundaries.

2. No articles liable to Octroi duty shall be brought within those limits except by one of the roads described in the schedule hereto annexed or by the Railway.

3. All persons bringing into or receiving from beyond the Octroi limits of the Town any such article, shall exhibit the same at the Octroi Katte or Station to allow of its being duly inspected by the Octroi staff.

4. The Octroi posts at which such inspection will be carried out shall be the Kattes on the roads described in Schedule, the Central Katte and the Municipal Office. Every person bringing dutiable articles within the Town shall report the fact at the 1st Katte he passes.

5. A table showing the Octroi duty leviable on the various articles shall be exhibited at every one of the Kattes and at the Municipal Office in a conspicuous part thereof.

6. When the goods are brought to the Katte they may be unloaded and weighed or counted by the officer in charge of the Octroi collection. Upon ascertainment of the amount of Octroi payable on the goods, the importer shall either pay the amount due and receive a permit for the removal of the goods or shall deposit the same in the Bonded Warehouse. When the duty is paid as above, a permit shall be granted by the officer in charge of the Octroi collection for the removal of goods showing the quantity or weight of the goods, the amount paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. In case the importer wishes to re-export the goods at once, he shall do so only after obtaining a free export pass subjecting the goods to the escort of an Octroi subordinate. A storage fee of 3 pies per manud per day shall be charged on the goods deposited in the Bonded Warehouse after the expiry of the 3rd day or part thereof.

7. If the importer satisfies the manager that the goods are not to be consumed in the Town but exported, he will immediately be furnished with a free permit which will be handed over by the party to the kolkar at the Katte on the road by which the goods leave the Town limits.

8. For the purpose of appraising the value of goods, when the duty is assessed on the value of the same, the importers may be called upon to produce the original invoice of the goods for the inspection of the Katte karkoon or other Municipal Officer or Councillor. Should he fail to produce the same, the value of the goods shall be assessed by the said functionary at the current market rates and duty levied accordingly.

9. *Bonded warehouse.*—It shall be competent for the Municipal Council to provide a Bonded Warehouse for all or any kind of Octroiable goods and regulate its working by rules made hereafter from time to time.

The Bonded Warehouse shall be in charge of the Octroi Manegar.

If the consignee fails to take delivery of the dutiable articles deposited in the Bonded Warehouse after payment of the duty and demurrage in full within one month from the date of the receipt of the articles in the Bonded Warehouse, the Vice-President may, after due publication calling upon the consignee or any other lawful claimant to take delivery of the goods within seven days from the date of the issue of the notice, shall auction the articles and appropriate the proceeds towards the Municipal dues after duducting all expenses for the sale and publication, if the consignee or any lawful claimant does not claim the goods within the prescribed time.

REFUNDS.

10. *Refunds.*—Refunds of Octroi duty shall not be granted unles in the case of goods which are exported within three months of the date of their importation. Refunds shall not be given of any sum less than one rupee.

11. Any person claiming refund of the duty shall produce the goods in respect of which refund of duty is claimed together with the receipt and permit furnished to him under bye-law 6. He shall also produce an application in triplicate mentioning the circumstances that necessitated the exportation of the goods and giving such particulars as will be prescribed in this behalf by the president.

12. The officer in charge of the Octroi Katte, on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced, those for which receipt had been granted and the validity of the claim, shall endorse the three copies of the application with an export pass and keeping one copy in the office, shall deliver the other copies to the applicant.

13. All goods exported under such pass shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pass at the Octroi Station of exit.

14. The Octroi subordinate in charge of the station of exit will satisfy himself that the goods produced as being covered by the duplicate pass correspond with the entries in the pass presented with them.

15. If the goods are being exported otherwise than by rail and if the consignment appears to be duly covered by the pass, he shall retain the duplicate pass and return the triplicate pass to the exporter or his agent after due endorsement of the particulars specified in such form as may be prescribed by the President. Otherwise he shall retain both the duplicate and triplicate passes and shall report the circumstances forthwith for the orders of his immediate superior. If the goods are being exported under refund pass, he shall, in either case, allow the consignment to proceed.

16. If the goods are for export by rail, the Octroi subordinate in charge of the station of exit shall retain the triplicate pass, pending production of a Railway receipt for the goods covered by the pass. Upon production of the Railway receipt, if, after due enquiry, the said Octroi subordinate is satisfied that the goods produced are covered by the pass, and also by the Railway receipt in question, he will then endorse on the Duplicate and Triplicate passes, respectively, the number and date of the Railway receipt and will return the triplicate copy to the person in charge of the goods, but he will retain the duplicate pass subject to disposal in the prescribed coruse of business.

17. In all cases in which refund is claimed, the triplicate pass duly endorsed as provided by bye-laws 15 and 16, respectively, must be produced at the Octroi Katte by the person seeking the refund and if, after due check, the officer in charge of the Octroi Katte is satisfied that a refund of Octroi duty covered by such pass is duly payable, he shall, if the amount so payable does not exceed Rs. 2, forthwith pay the same to the person presenting the triplicate pass. If the amount to be refunded exceeds Rs. 2 or if the officer in charge of the Octroi Katte sees any cause to refuse payment of any sum claimed, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the Vice-President. No refund of the amount paid on the imported goods shall be made in cases where the bulk has been broken or changed hands.

GENERAL.

18. *General.*—Importers of dutiable articles shall, if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the Presidsnt or Vice-President within three months of import, account for the articles received by them by producing either a permit and receipt obtained in token of payment of Octroi duty or an export pass in proof of having exported the whole or part of the articles so received or otherwise. Any

breach of this bye-law will render the importer liable to punishment with a fine extending to ten times the value of octroi duty on such goods or to Rs. 25 whichever may be greater and the payment of octroi duty on the article unaccounted for.

19. Any person importing or exporting dutiable articles who infringes bye-laws 3, 4, 6, 7 and 13 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE I.

No.	Name of authorised routes	Octroi kattes
1	Birur	Birur road katte
2	Santaveri Road	Santaveri katte
3	Shimoga Road	Katte near Tramway Station
4	Tarikere Railway Station	Katte near Railway Station

V.

BYE-LAWS UNDER SECTIONS 48 (1) (L) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATIONS.

For Protecting Water.

No person shall bathe or wash or cleanse or caused to be washed or cleansed his body or that of another or any vehicle, carriage, cart or any animal or anything whatsoever in the Drinking Water Tank, *viz.*, Chikkere which is specially reserved for drinking purposes.

2. No person shall fish with nets, rod or otherwise contaminate water in the said tank.

3. Person infringing the above rules shall be liable to a penalty on conviction not exceeding Rs. 20 for each offence committed.

VI.

SECTION 48 (N).

Sanitation and Conservancy.

1. No rubbish mentioned in Section 127 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited except in Municipal bins.

2. Tiles, garden sweepings, branches of trees and thatch and night soil shall not be deposited in Municipal bins.

3. Sullage, urine, etc., shall not be discharged into road side gutters without the special sanction of the President or Vice-President.

4. Any person who shall be guilty of a breach of any of the above bye-laws shall, on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. No person shall dry any bratties or cow dung cakes on the external walls of houses or yards or compouud walls, and any one infringing this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. *Latrines.*—Any person easing himself either in the vicinity of or outside or in any part of any public latrines other than in the trench made for the purpose shall be liable, on conviction before any Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first time and one rupee for the second time and two rupees for each succeeding offences.

7. Persons affected with loathsome or infectious disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale any articles of food and drink either in markets or bazaars of the Town, under a penalty on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence.

8. All persons holding houses or lands within the Municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channels in and about their premises free from obstruction, to remove all evident causes of malaria and everywhere to discontinue as a hedge the use of pricklypear else milk hedge pear, etc., and to destroy these later where at present existing. They shall also have their premises kept neat and tidy and free from rank vegetation. All persons, who after due notice from the President or Vice-President has been given, fail to comply with the provisions of this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

VII.

SECTION 48 (o).

Regulating the disposal of carcasses of dead animals.

1. Every person within whose premises any animal may die, shall within twelve hours after its death either remove the carcass at his own expense without cutting it up or opening it to such place as may be set apart by the Municipality for the reception of such carcasses or report its death to the Sanitary Inspector of the Town and in such latter case, shall pay to the said Sanitary Inspector the expense of removing the carcass at such a rate as the President or Vice-President from time to time determines.

Any breach of this bye-law will, on conviction before a Magistrate, subject the offender to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

VIII.

SECTION 48 (P).

Deposit of goods or materials temporarily on land vested in the Municipal Council.

1. No person shall deposit any goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council without the written permission of the President or Vice-President.

2. The amount chargeable for the deposit of goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council shall be calculated at the rate of one anna per month per superficial yard of the area occupied and shall be payable in advance.

3. If the owner of any goods or materials deposited on any street or place open to the traffic of foot passengers or vehicles fails to make suitable arrangements for guarding against danger to traffic, the President or Vice-President shall cause a notice to be served on him to make such arrangements within 24 hours after receipt of the notice and on his failure to comply with the notice, the President or Vice-President shall enclose a bill of cost for carrying out the work at the owner's expense. The arrangements to be made shall be clearly and definitely specified in the notice.

4. If within 24 hours after receipt of the said notice, the owner fails to make the arrangements so specified or to show sufficient cause why such arrangements should not be made, the Sanitary Inspector in charge shall forthwith make the arrangements specified in the notice and recover the cost of the same from the owner according to the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation. The owner shall have an opportunity within seven days after receipt of the bill to show cause to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President that the arrangements made were unnecessary.

5. The following is the scale of fees for obstructions and encroachments of different kinds :—

(*a*) The awnings 3 pies per square yard per month.

(*b*) The fees for obstructions shall be charged at the scale mentioned above and such charges shall be recoverable in the manner prescribed in the Regulation for the recovery of consolidated rates.

6. Any person who takes out a license for a certain area and subsequently occupies a greater area without taking out a license for the excess so occupied, shall be liable to pay such excess area an amount calculated at the rate of one anna per month per superficial yard of the area so occupied. The default of payment renders the cancellation of the license. The amount shall be recoverable by the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation IX.

Regarding the erection of buildings pendals or other temporary structures on public streets and lands vested in the Municipal Council

BUILDINGS.

7. Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Section 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, No. VII of 1906, any building in the Town of Tarikere shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President.

Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of land on which the structure is proposed to be built drawn to scale of not less than ten feet to an inch showing.—

(*a*) The position of the building and appurtenant out-buildings to be erected on the land.

(*b*) The area to be occupied by the building and out building on the land.

(*c*) The names (if any) or description of the adjacent road, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings and

(*d*) The number of the lot and the number of the lot and the name of the block and street or road in which the land is situated.

2. The plan required to be propuced under Section 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation shall be in duplicate and drawn to a scale of not less than 10 feet to an inch.

It shall show in sections and elevations, the plan of the ground floor and of each other floor, if any; the depth and thickness of the foundations: the height and thickness of the plinth and wall above the plinth; the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the roof.

The aforesaid plan shall further show the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side drain of the street or road which the building faces or if there be no such side drain with reference to the central line of the street or road. The licenses and the plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the Municipal authorities.

3. No foundation of new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals, or other filthy or offensive matter until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President or shall in their opinion have become innocuous.

4. No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

5. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, prickly pear or objectionable plant, or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

6. No new building shall be erected by any person the foundation of the wall of which along the road is less than 3 (three) feet from the side drain.

7. The level of the plinth or basement of any building shall not be less than a foot and half above the ground level.

8. The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground floor of the building proposed to be erected should rest on the solid ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete, or upon some solid and sufficient subs-tructure as a foundation.

Provided that where solid rock is met with at or near the surface of the siteof such building, *i.e.*, within three feet of the level of the base of the wall, the footings may be omitted, if the surface of the rock be properly cleaned and stepped or gagged to receive the first course of masonary.

The minimum height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof shall not be less than seven feet from the floor to the ceiling and the rooms shall be well ventilated.

9. The eaves of buildings, sunshades to window, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

10. The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the outer edge of the side drain of the road.

CONSTRUCTION OF PRIVIES OR LATRINES.

11. Every place, other than a water closet or bath-room situated within any house building or enclosure, and habitually used for the purpose of calls of nature or for keeping human excreta shall be considered to be a privy or latrine within the meaning of this bye-law.

12. Every person who shall erect a new building shall, in connection with such buildings as chattram, agraharam and tenements, etc., construct such number of privies and in such manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the President or Vice-President.

13. A person who shall construct a new privy, whether in connection with a building or not shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved of by the President or Vice-President.

14. Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 100 on conviction before a Magistrate as provided in the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, sections 96 and 96.

Re PENDALS OR OTHER TEMPORARY STRUCTURES.

1. No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purposes shall be erected in any street, line or public thoroughfare or in any place within the Municipal limits, without the written permission from the President or Vice-President. On receipt of application for permission to put up such structure, specifying the situation, size and other particulars, licenses will be issued by the President or Vice-President if they see no objections thereto on such conditions as they may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety on payment of the following fees :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
For a marriage pendal 1	2	0	0
For other pendals or structures	2	0	0

2. No pendal shall occupy more than 1—3rd of the breadth of the road.

3. No pendal shall ordinarily be allowed to stand for more than fifteen days. An extension of time may be granted on payment of half of the original fee but not so as to exceed a month from the commencement.

(*a*) If the expiration of time allowed in the license, or period granted in extension thereto on special application, the person that put the structure does not remove it, the President or Vice-President will issue a notice to the defaulter for its removal within such time as may be fixed by them in each case; at the end of which time, they may have it removed and the cost of such removal shall be recoverable from the defaulter as a Municipal demand.

Any person who commits any breach of any of the above bye-laws shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for the first offence and Rs. 10 for each subsequent offences.

Re the ERECTION OF PENDALS ON VACCANT LANDS WITHIN THE MUNICIPAL LIMITS FOR DRAMARS, ETC., DURING NIGHTS.

(4) License for the erection of pendals for dramas and other performances, may be given by the President or Vice-President in writing on receipt of application under the following conditions, after charging Rs. 5 as license fees and a ground rent of Rs. 5 for a space of 1,000 sq. yards.

(1) The structure be not less than 12 ft. high at every point.

(2) That door ways each at least 7 ft. high and 4 ft. broad be provided at intervals of not more than 20 ft. along the sides of the structure so that no portion of a side exceeding 20 feet may be left without a door.

(3) That curtains and chicks may be employed to cover the door ways, but nothing of a nature to barr free egrees.

(4) That no rotten cloth be used in the construction of such structure.

(5) That cross beams or rafters of the roof of such structure shall not be tied together with rope or cumbustible materials.

(6) The globes, chandeliers, etc., in such structure shall be suspended by main rods, not by ropes.

(7) That such iron rods shall extend not less than four feet from the ceiling and shall not be draped with cloth.

(8) That all lights and chandeliers shall be at a distance not less that 2 feet from the side walls of such structure.

(9) That the permit holder shall keep outside each such structure 4 large sized casks and 10 chatties constantly filled with water.

(10) That no cooking shall be allowed within any such structure unless the cooking place be surrounded by a bamboo making six feet high plastered over with a thick coat of mud. This bye-law does not apply to pendals for Dasara Moharam or other public purposes.

5. The license holder shall keep the permit at the site occupied and produce when required by the President or Vice-President, Sanitary Inspector or any municipal officer authorised by the President or Vice-President for inspection.

6. No license will be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for that purpose to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in, or resorting to the neighbourhood.

7. The President or Vice-President, shall have the power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for the erection and occupation of the place as a theatre, whenever they deem necessary in the interests, convenience and safety of the public generally, or of the persons inhabiting or resorting to, the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

8. Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50 on conviction before a Magistrate.

BYE-LAWS *re* THE VACANT BUILDING SITES UNDER SECTION 48 (W).

(1) It shall be competent for the President or Vice-President, to declare that any vaccant land within the municipal limits is fit for use as a building site and to call upon the owner or if the owner cannot be ascertained or found, the person in possession of the site or where any doubt, or uncertainty exists as to the ownership or possession, by persons interested in such site, to errect and complete a building upon it within a period fixed by the President or Vice-President not exceeding six months provided however, that in cases in which the President or Vice-President may deem fit and proper, they may insist upon him to keep the site at least clean, though he is not in a position to erect the building. Failure to do so after the notice being served, shall be liable on conviction before a magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

Re THE SALE OF VACANT BUILDING SITES BY THE MUNICIPALITY BY A PUBLIC AUCTION OR OTHERWISE UNDER SECTION 48 (W).

1. It shall be competent for the President or Vice-President with the sanction of Government to dispose of the vacant building sites vested in the Municipal Council by public auction or otherwise on receipt of applications.

The President or Vice-President shall reserve to themselves the right of refusing any application without assigning any reason therefor.

3. No site shall be granted to anybody who does not want the same for *bona fide* purposes of building a house.

4. All sales shall be subject to the confirmation of the Municipal Council.

5. The applicant within six months from the date of the grant of the site shall collect the building materials on the site and within one year shall complete the building.

6. If the applicant fails to complete the building within the time fixed, the site will be liable to be resumed, the purchaser forfeiting all claim for compensation.

7. The buildings are to be substantial structures with a presentable frontage and necessary arrangements made for conservancy purposes in the rear as per Bye-laws No. 7.

8. No transfer of any site will become valid unless and until it has been sanctioned and recognized by the President or Vice-President.

X.

FOR CONTROLLING THE UNWIELDY TRAFFIC SECTION 48 (V).

1. The President or Vice-President may from time to time prohibit the use of any road, street, or lane for any particular purpose, and any person infringing that prohibition, shall, on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 for the first and Rs. 50 for each subsequent offence.

2. No person shall bring and store for sale within the municipal limits any timber or firewood without the license to be granted by the President or Vice-President specifying the place and conditions of storing or otherwise disposing of the same.

3. Persons who have already stored firewood or timber in a place not suited for the purpose shall be insisted upon their removal, failure to do so, after the issue of a notice within the time allowed, shall render themselves liable for a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

4. Any cart or carts entering the municipal limits with the passengers or laden with commodities of any description or character, for sale or otherwise, are not allowed to stand so as to cause obstruction to general traffic in the crowded thoroughfares and streets of the Municipality beyond the time necessary or ordinarily required for unloading or otherwise, after which, the cart or carts must either proceed to their destination or to one of the public or private bandy stand.

(*a*) The owners or other persons in charge of such cart or carts as shall be found standing in the public roads or thoroughfares contrary to this bye-law shall, on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the first and Rs. 10 for every subsequent offence.

5. All carts loaded with fuel, straw, or bamboos shall not be allowed to stand on the public roads or streets other than in *shandy* market set apart by the municipality for the purpose. Breach of this bye-law will subject the cart-driver to a penalty before a Magistrate, not exceeding Re. 1 for each offence.

6. All carts and conveyances shall be compelled to keep to their left side of the road to enable carriages to meet and pass on the right side.

Any one infringing this bye-law will, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

OTHER MATTERS RELATING TO MUNICIPAL ADMINISTRATION SECTION 48 (w).

1. Whoever without the permission in writing of the President or Vice-President destroys any Municipal property or any tree, plucks any fruit or flower in any Municipal garden, road or other property or whoever cuts or roots up grass so as to damage the sides or embankment of any Municipal road or whoever makes a public thoroughfare of any Municipal garden or property not intended for such a purpose, will on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

2. Horses shall not to be trained or broken in on the public streets. No furious riding is allowed thereon. Any one infringing this bye-law will, on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

3. Any occupier or owner of a house neglecting to enclose his compound-yard with a wall or fence of such material as may be approved of by the President or Vice-President or neglecting to repair any fallen wall or gate pillar or to cope the compound-wall within one month after a notice has been served on him, shall on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

4. Any owner of a piece of vacant land who fails to enclose the same, with a compound-wall or fence of such material as the President or Vice-President may approve of within one month after a notice has been served on him, shall, on conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. Any person who vends or hawks meat, or any kind of fish in the street of the town of Tarikere shall, on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. Whoever chops firewood on any public street or road so as to damage the street or road or so as to cause danger, inconvenience to the public, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

7. All vehicles of any description should have lighted lamps.—

(i) Whoever drives a vehicle of any description on any road within Municipal limits between the hours of 7 P.M. and 4 A.M. without having a lighted lantern shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 provided that heavy goods carts, proceeding at a walking pace may be provided with one lighted lantern to be hung from the centre of the cart.

(ii) Whoever drives any goods cart drawn by bullocks within Municipal limits shall proceed with a walking pace and the bullocks shall be bridled with rope of sufficient strength to admit of the drivers having perfect control over them, any breach of these directions shall render the offender liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(iii) Whoever lets cows, bullocks, asses, goats and tatus, etc., to stray in public road without having a perfect control over them shall be punished with a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(iv) Whoever rides any bicycle, motor bicycle or motor car on the public road without a bell or horn or without proper lights between the hours of 7 P.M. and 4 A.M. shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(v) All bicycles, motor bicycles, motor cars shall run within the limits of the Municipality at the rate of 10 miles or 12 miles an hour only. Breach of this direction shall render the offender liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

8. Whoever lets off fireworks or engages in any game in such a manner as to cause or likely to cause danger for persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood or risk of injury to property shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

9. Any person who affixes any posting bill, placard or other paper or means of advertisement against or upon any Government or municipal building, wall, board, fence, or pole without the consent of the officer in charge thereof or without such consent as aforesaid writes upon, soils, defacees, or makes any such building wall, board, fence, or pole with chalk or paint or in any other way whatsoever shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

MEER MAHOMED,
for President,
Tarikere Municipality.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 7681—*Ml.* 56-24-264, *dated* 27*th April* 1925.

Under Rule (i) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils, issued with Notification No. 4999--Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. K. Rayappa as Vice-President of the Kunigal Municipal Council, is approved.

No. L. 7683—*Ml.* 57-24-324, *dated* 27*th April* 1925.

The following shall be substituted for the names of the elected Councillors of the Banavar Municipal Council in the Hassan District constituted in Notification No. L. 7448--Ml. 57-24-322, dated 18th April 1925 and published at page 228 of Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette* of the 23rd April 1925 :—

1. Mr. Rayasada Krishnappa.
2. „ Shanbhog Krishnappa.
3. „ Syed Budan Sab.
4. „ Ananthaiya Setty.

No. L. 7678—*Ml.* 56-24-259, *dated* 27*th April* 1925.

Under Rule (1) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918 the election of Mr. Sendi Anjanappa as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Goribidnur is approved.

No. L. 7654—*Ml.* 56-24-260, *dated* 27*th April* 1925.

Under Rule (1) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils isssued with Notification No. 4999--Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, the election of Mr. B. Subbiah Naidu as Vice-President of the Bagepalli Municipal Council is approved.

No. L. 7699—*L. B.* 9-24-60, *dated* 28*th April* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Rules for the election of members ot the Village Panchayets published with Government Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated 13th July 1918 and amended by Government Notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated the 11th November 1921, the term of office of the existing members of the Village Panchayets in the Dodballapur and Channapatna Taluks is extended till the end of April 1925 pending their reconstitution.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government
Local and Legislative Department.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MAY 7, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 7722—L. B. 9-24-58, dated 29th April 1925.

Government are pleased to direct that the hamlet of Myakalgadde be excluded from the jurisdiction of the Tadigol Village Panchayet in the Srinivaspur Taluk.

No. L. 7720—L. B. 9-24-59, dated 29th April 1925.

Government are pleased to direct that the hamlet of Nidagatta be excluded from the jurisdiction of the Santhehalli Village Panchayet in the Malur Taluk.

No. L. 7815—Ml. 57-24-329, dated 1st April 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the rules framed thereunder, the Municipal Council of Shimoga Town in the Shimoga District shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st May 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1), (a) Elected Councillors.

1. Mr. H. Sundaram Iyer.
2. „ K. Hanumantha Rao.
3. „ Mahomed Peer Sahib.
4. „ G. C. Mahalingappa.
5. „ D. Panchaksharappa.
6. Mr. H. Lingappa.
7. „ K. Venkatarayappa.
8. „ A. Ananthayya.
9. „ C. Subba Rao.
10. „ P. Venkappaiah.

B. Section 10 (1) (b) (i) Nominated Councillors by name.

1. Rev. J. Vanes.
2. Mr. Byrappa.
3. „ B. S. Amir Ahmed, Timber Merchant.
4. „ Thimmanna, Retired School Master.
5. „ Hanumappa.
6. „ Abdul Gani, Shop-keeper.
7. „ Sivaji Rao.

C. Section 10 (1). (b) (ii) Ex-officio.

1. The Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District (President).
2. The Executive Engineer, Shimoga Division.
3. The District Medical Officer, Shimoga.

No. L. 7702—Ml. 57--24-331, dated 1st May 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the rules framed thereunder, the Minor Municipal Council of Mudgere in the Kadur District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years from the 1st May 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. D. Mahomed Hussain Sab.
2. Abdul Aziz Sab.
3. Mr. Khaji Ibrahim Khalil Sab.
4. „ K. Malle Gowda.

B. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. B. Rangarajiah.
2. „ Thimma Setti.
3. Mr. Santhaveeriah.
4. „ Vacant.

C. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*ii*) *Ex-officio.*

1. The Amildar, Mudgere, President.
2. The Medical Officer at Mudgere.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for Mudgere Taluk.
4. The Sub-Registrar of Mudgere Taluk.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notice No. O. C. 2014—24-25, *dated 25th April* 1925.

The term of the Taluk Boards in the Bangalore District is due to expire on 1st August 1925. One member has to be elected to each of the Taluk Boards by the holders of entire alienated villages from among their own member in accordance with the rules issued under the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation. All Inamdars whose names are entered in the latest Electoral Roll can exercise the right of voting. A person to be qualified to be elected must be nominated in writing by at least two persons whose names are included in the current Electoral Register and the nomination paper must bear an endorsement signed by the nominee signifying his willingness to serve if he should be elected. Therefore all Inamdars whose names are entered in the latest Electoral Roll (these lists are available for perusal in the offices of Amildars and Deputy Amildar, Closepet), and who have got an intention of standing as candidates, are requested to send their nomination papers to the concerned Amildars and Deputy Amildar of Closepet as the case may be not later than 1st June 1925. The consolidated nomination papers will be left at the usual residence of Inamdars together with a notice inviting the last named persons to make a written return of the name of any one of the persons mentioned in the said list for whom they wish to vote to Deputy Commissioner, so as to reach him not later than 25th June 1925.

P. H. KRISHNA RAO,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

KANKANHALLI TALUK BOARD.

The right of collecting fees on *santhes* in the Kankanhalli Taluk from the date of sanctioning the sale to 30th June 1926, will be sold by the President, Kankanhalli Taluk Board by public auction in the respective places and on respective dates noted against them at 1 P.M.

2. The successful purchaser shall collect fees only at the rates noted in the annexed schedule and at no higher rates, and only on the articles that will be brought on *santhe* days within the market permises.

3. The President, Taluk Board, reserves to himself the power of refusing the highest or any bid that may be offered without assigning any reason therefor.

4. The contract amount is payable in twelve monthly instalments due on or before he 7th of the following month. The contractor shall pay as soon as the sale is over a deposit tL equal to two months' instalments, for the due performance of the contract. The amount in deposit will if the conditions of the contract are complied with, be credited towards the instalments due for the last two months of the contract, failing which, the deposit will be forfeited.

5. If the deposit is not made immediately after the close of the sale, the contract will be resold at the risk of the first purchaser. If default is made in the payment of instalments on due dates, *i.e.*, 7th of every month, interest at 1 pie per rupee per month will be charged on the amount due after the 7th of every month till the date of payment and the unexpired portion of the contract will also be liable to be sold again at the discretion of the Presidents Taluk Board, and the loss arising from the resale will be recovered from the former contractor, who shall not be entitled to the profits, if any.

6. The contractor is also bound to keep a detail account showing collections and it shall be open to inspection by the officers of the Taluk and District Boards.

7. The contractor of the market will also be given the right of collecting and utilizing the market sweepings and it will be his duty to keep the premises clean, failing which, a fine of Re. 1 will be levied for each day per *diem* of default, and should the default continue for more than six days, the contract is liable to be cancelled and resold at his risk.

8. The contractor shall exhibit at the entrance to the market place on market days a notice board setting forth the rates at which fees are levied.

9. No claim for remission on account of the prevalence of plague, cholera and other epidemics, or any other cause will be entertained.

10. The market is liable to be closed temporarlly for the purpose of preventing the spread of epidemics, either among men and cattle, if such a course is considered necessary by the President, Taluk Board. No claim for remission consequent on such prohibition can however entertained.

11. A person bringing things for his own shop shall not be charged separate fees, one for the load and the other for exposing the things in the shop, but will be liable for only the higher fee.

12. The contractor shall be responsible for the cleanliness of the premises.

13. The shop-keeper and the contractor are bound to obey the orders of the Taluk Board authorities with regard to the collection of shops.

14. Should the contractor or his servants charge or attempt to charge any fees other than stated in the schedule below, or should he or his servants fail to fulfil any of the obligations entailing on him by any of the preceding paragraphs, his contract will be liable to be cancelled, his deposit forfeited and the lease resold at his risk.

Schedule.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Per shop of the 1st class	0	4	0
Do 2nd class	0	2	0
Do 3rd class	0	1	0
Per cart laden	0	1	0
Per cart unladen	0	0	6
Per bullock, buffalo, or horse laden	0	0	6
Per head load	0	0	3
Bullock, buffalo, etc., each	0	0	6
Sheep and goats each	0	0	3
Per stall	0	1	0

(For classification of shops see the Kanarese copy of the Notification.)

A person having a shop in more than one place, a separate fee for each shop. The space for each shop should not ordinarily exceed 7′x 8′ except in the case of sweetmeat shops, for which a space not exceeding 10 square feet will be allowed, shops occupying more than the prescribed area will be subject to higher fees.

No.	Hobli	Place	Date
1	Dodda Mudavadi ...	*Santhe* tope, Dodda Mudavadi ...	18th May 1925
2	Harohalli ...	Harohalli Musafirkhana... ...	20th May 1925
3	Dodda Maralavadi ...	Police Station, Dodda Maralavadi ...	22nd May 1925
4	Sathanoor ...	Sathanoor Travellers' Bungalow ...	26th May 1925
5	Kodihalli ...	Kodihalli Travellers' Bungalow ...	30th May 1925

V. GOPALA RAO,
President.

CHAMRAJNAGAR TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Notification dated 1st April 1925.

In accordance with Government Order No. 3242—Ml. 55-21-49, dated 3rd December 1921 and No. 5526—Ml. 69-22-94, dated 16th January 1924, sanctioning the levy of tolls on vehicles and animals entering the Municipal limits of Chamrajnagar Town, Mysore District, it is hereby notified for general information that the right to collect tolls on vehicles and animals in the Chamrajnagar Town, as shown in the Schedule A for one year from 1st July 1925 to 30th June 1926, will be sold by public auction, by the President, on 25th May 1925, at the Municipal Office of Chamrajnagar.

2. Every bidder should obtain a ticket from the Municipal Office by depositing Rs. 10. No bid shall be accepted unless the ticket is produced. The President reserves to himself the power of refusing or accepting the highest or any bid that may be offered.

3. The contractor shall pay as soon as the sale is over, a deposit equal to two months' instalments, and in the case of residents outside Mysore, four months' khists for the performance of the terms of the contract. The amount in deposit will, if the conditions of the contract, are duly complied with, be credited towards the instalments of last month's of the period of the contract.

4. If the deposit amount is not produced immediately after the close of the sale, the contract will be sold at the risk of the approved bidder.

5. The contract amount is payable in twelve equal monthly instalments due on or before the 10th of the following month. If default is made in the payment of the instalments as it falls due, interest at one pie per rupee per month, will be levied till the date of payment and the unexpired portion of the contract will also be liable to be sold at the discretion of the President, and the deficit will be recovered from the contractor, who shall not be entitled to the profits if any.

6. The contractor who purchases the right must collect tolls on vehicles and animals at the rates mentioned in the Schedule B.

7. The Municipal Council will reserve to themselves the power of sanctioning the enhancement of or of revising the rates.

8. The contractor is bound to keep an account showing the daily collections, and it shall be open to inspection by the District, Taluk and the Municipal authorities.

9. Printed receipts should be issued for the tolls collected. Only one toll shall be levied at the toll-gate on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate within a period of twenty-four hours from sunrise to sunrise.

10. The contractor shall also be bound to keep true and correct accounts of traffice passing through the gates.

11. The contractor is required to keep the buildings of the gates in good condition. No tolls should be collected on vehicles and animals which are exempted from the levy of tolls in the Government Order referred to.

12. The power of confirming the sale, is vested in the Municipal Council.

13. As soon as the sale is confirmed by the Council, the contractor should executed bond in stamp paper according to rule.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and Government Order No. 2396-307—L. R. 205-22-2, dated 20th November 1922, and the rules issued by the Municipal Council under the Municipal Regulation. He shall recognise all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. The toll should not be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc., belonging to the servants of Municipal and Local Boards on duty and Government servants on duty who are not entitled to travelling allowance.

15. No toll shall be levied on vehicles and animals belonging to the Military Officers and Soldiers of the British India.

SCHEDULE A.

1. Nanjangud road. Near Sanjeevana Chavadi.
2. T.-Narsipur road. Near Puttammanni Temple.
3. Ramasamudra road. Near the bridge of Channipurada katte.
4. Hasanur road. Near A.-V. School.
5. Gundlupet road. Near the Christian cemetery.

SCHEDULE B.

			Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every 4 or 2 wheeled carriages on spring	...	0	4	0
2.	Do jataka or ekka cart drawn by 2 bullocks (laden)		0	4	0
3.	Do do (unladen)		0	2	0
4.	Do cart drawn by single bullock (laden)	...	0	2	0
5.	Do do (unladen)	...	0	1	0
6.	Do waddar bandi (laden) ...	..	0	2	0
7.	Do do (unladen) ...	...	0	1	0
8.	Do buffalo, ox, etc., laden ...	...	0	1	0
9.	Do horse (ridden or unridden) ...	...	0	1	0
10.	Do elephant	...	0	8	0
11.	De camel	...	0	1	0
12.	Do buffalo, bull, bullock, cow or ass (not laden or ridden)	...	0	0	6
13.	Do bicycle or tricycle	...	0	1	0
14.	Do motor car	...	0	8	0
15.	Do cycle	...	0	2	0
16.	Do rickshaw	...	0	2	0

B. K. SRINIVASALU NAIDU.
President.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

ALUR MINOR MUNICIPALITY.

The following draft bye-laws relating to the levy of octroi duty on articles imported into Alur Municipality under Section (48) (*k*) of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906 are published for the information of the public.

Any person or inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed tax may within a fortnight from the date of the notice send his objections in writing to the President, Municipal, Council, Alur.

The local limits for collection of octroi duty shall be Municipal boundaries.

2. No article liable to octroi duty shall be brought within the limits except by one of the roads described in the schedule hereto annexed.

3. All persons bringing into or receiving from beyond the octroi limits of the town any such articles shall exhibit the same at the Municipal office as to allow of it being duly inspected by the octroi staff.

4. Every person bringing dutiable article within the town shall report the fact at the Municipal office.

5. A table showing of the octroi duty leviable on the various articles shall be exhibited at the Municipal office in a conspicuous part thereof and copies shall be supplied without any charge to any person requiring the same.

6. When the goods have been examined at the octroi post, the importer shall forthwith bring the taxable goods to the octroi office accompanied by a peon.

7. When the goods are brought to the octroi office, they may be unloaded, weighed or counted by the officer in charge of the office, in the octroi office upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods, the importers shall either pay the amount due and receive a permit for the removal of the goods showing the quantity or weight of the goods, the amount paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. In case, the importer wishes to export the goods at once, he shall do so only after obtaining a free export pass and subjecting the goods to the escort of an octroi subordinate.

8. With a view to the appraisement of the value of goods when the tax is assessed or valued, the importer may be called upon to produce the invoice of the goods for the inspection of the officer in charge of the octroi office should he fail or refuse to produce the invoice, the value of the goods shall be assessed by the officer in charge of the octroi office at current rates and octroi levied accordingly.

9. In case when it is found that the excess octroi has been paid in any case, it will open to the President to refund the excess; provided the claim is preferred within a period not exceeding six months.

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

10. The Municipal Council shall provide a bonded warehouse for the custody of goods which may be deposited under Bye-law 7.

11. The bonded warehouse shall be open for the transaction of business from 11 A.M. to 5 P.M., daily except on Sundays and holidays authorised by the President. Arrangement shall, however, be made by the officer in charge of the koti for dealing with perishable articles such as betel leaves, etc., on such days and also other articles under special circumstances. The Municipality is not responsible for the loss that might be sustained by the party.

12. Any importer depositing goods in the bonded warehouse shall unless the octroi koti has previous to weighing, counting, appraising, ascertained the amount of octroi payable thereon give a declaration in the form appended, of the description, weight, quantity and if necessary, of the value of such goods.

13. A receipt in the form appended (Schedule III) shall be given by the officer in charge of the octroi koti for all goods deposited in the bonded warehouse, and a register of all such goods shall be maintained. It is the duty of the depositor to obtain a receipt for articles deposited by him and the octroi department is not responsible for any goods left at the premises and not covered by a receipt.

14. The receipt given by the octroi department for depositing goods should be returned before taking delivery of the articles to which it refers. The Municipality is not responsible for any loss that might be sustained by the party except by the negligence or carelessness of the officials concerned. Perishable articles that are deposited in the bonded warehouse will be thrown out on being spoilt.

15. If the depositor himself does not take delivery of the articles deposited in the octroi office, he must endorse on the receipt a request for delivery to the person to whom he wishes to be made and if the receipt is not produced, the delivery of the goods may, at the descretion of the officer, in charge of the octroi office, be withheld until the person entitled in his opinion to receive the same has given an idemnity to the satisfaction of the officer in charge of the octroi office.

16. Any person who has deposited goods in the bonded warehouse may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the warehouse or may on paying full duty thereon, import such goods into the town covered by a permit or may export such goods free, covered by an export pass, subject to the escort of an octroi subordinate provided that new packages covered by such pass, shall, if possible, and before they are taken from the warehouse, be stamped by the officer in charge, so as to show that they are under bond. The export pass shall be in triplicate, the original being retained by the officer in charge of the warehouse and the duplicate and triplicate delivered for every export pass granted under Rule 7. A fee of one anna shall be charged for every packets provided that in the case of carts a fee of two annas shall be charged for every cart.

17. The officer in charge of the octroi koti on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted or the validity of the claim shall endorse the three parts of the application with an export pass and keeping one part in the office shall deliver the other parts to the applicant.

18. All goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under free export pass under Bye-laws 15 shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pass at the octroi station at exit.

19. Goods shall be allowed to remain in the bonded warehouse one day free of charge after the expiry of that period rates as shown in the following schedule shall be charged for a week or portion thereof :—

(a) Tobacco per bundle of 5 maunds or portion thereof	3 pies a day.		
(b) Sugar per bag of	do	do	do
(c) Piecegoods per bale of 400 lbs.		do	do
(d) Jaggary per bag of 5 maunds		do	do
(e) Kerosene per box of 2 tins		do	do
(f) Dry cocoanut per bag of 2 maunds		do	do

Sundays and close holidays shall not be taken into account in fixing the date from which fees under each class shall be payable. Double the rate will be charged for each day after the expiry of a week.

20. The President may permit, any wholesale dealer to occupy a room in the bonded warehouse for the storing of dutiable articles intended for sale to retail dealers in the Municipality and may make such rules regarding the occupation of such rooms or payment of rent as may from time to time be found necessary.

21. All goods remaining uncharged or unclaimed for a longer period than three months shall be sold to the highest bidder in public auction provided that before selling such goods notice of the fact shall be posted for seven days at the bonded warehouse and at the Municipal office and provided that the goods shall be sold earlier when the storage fees are likely to exceed their value.

22. When any goods are sold under Bye-law 20, the sale proceeds shall be credited to the Municipal funds in payment of duty and storage fees due in respect thereof and the expenses of the sale, provided that if the amount realized by the sale exceeds the amount so due, the balance shall be, credited to Municipal funds. Any claims for such balance received within a year shall be duly considered by the President. No claim shall be admitted after the said period of one year except by special permission of the Council.

23. Importers of dutiable, articles shall if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the President or Vice-President within one year of such import, account for such articles received by them by producing either a permit obtained in token of payment of octroi duty on export pass in proof of having exported the whole or part of the articles so received or otherwise. Any breach of this bye-law will render the importer liable to punishment with a fine extending to ten times the value of octroi on such goods or to Rs. 25 whichever may be less and to payment of octroi duty on the articles unaccounted for.

24. Any person importing or exporting dutiable articles, who infringes Bye-laws 3, 4, 6, 7, 11 and 17 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 before the Magistrate.

SCHEDULE I.

Name of routes.

1. Alur-Hassan road.
2. Alur-Saklespur road.
3. Alur-Hunsavalli road.
4. Alur-Bikkod road.
5. Alur-Chitnahalli road

SCHEDULE II.

(SEE BYE-LAW No. 11).

To

The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office, Alur Town. Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the koti.

Name of depositor	Description of articles deposited	Number of packages or bales, etc.	Distinguishing marks, if any	Weight		Measurements		Quantity	Value			Remarks
				Maunds	Seers	Feet	Inches		Rs	a.	p.	

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries as made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of the Bye-laws Nos. 12 to 15, 16, 18 and 21 relating to the deposit.

Witnesses.....
Address.....
Date.....

Signature of the Depositor.....
Address.....
Date.....

SCHEDULE III.

SEE BYE-LAW No. 12.

Octroi Office, Alur Town.

Received the deposit the undermentioned goods from.....

Receipt No.	No.	Date	Goods deposited (Note No.)	Name of articles	Description	Number of article	Remarks

Goods keeper. Octroi Clerk.

Date.....

SCHEDULE IV.

Schedule of taxes—Alur Town.

Serial No.	Name of tax	Class of property liable	Amounts for which or rates at which class 1 liable	Exemption	Time at which taxes payable
	Octroi	The articles mentioned in the next column when imported into Municipal limits.	Per rates of duty. Rs. a. p. 1 Fresh cocoanuts each .. 0 0 1 Do 100 .. 0 8 4 2 Dry cocoanuts per maund .. 0 8 0 3 Betel leaves 100 0 0 1 4 Jaggary per md. 0 2 0 5 Sugar per md. 0 4 0 6 Kerosene oil per tin .. 0 2 0 7 Tobacco per md. 1 0 0 8 Piece goods per rupee .. 0 0 3 Do 100 .. 1 9 0 9 Sheep or goat each brought for sale .. 0 1 0 10 Cigars above 100 or portion thereof .. 0 0 6 11 Butter per seer 0 0 2	(1) Personal luggage of travellers goods, *bona fide* property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by an invoice certified by the departmental head concerned that the property therein mentioned belongs to Government. (2) Goods which are declared not to be intended for use or consumption within the Municipal limits and are taken to the bonded warehouse as provided in the bye-laws provided that if such goods be not exported they shall pay the full duty. (3) Six green cocoanuts, six dry cocoanuts, 100 betel leaves and one seer of tobacco if brought for personal consumption by *bona fide* travellers. (4) Piece goods manufactured locally.	

Draft bye-laws for regulating buildings and other structure in the Alur Minor Municipality.

Any inhabitant of this Municipality objecting to the proposed bye-laws, may within one month from the date of this notice, send his objection in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Alur.

Notice to be given to the President by person intending to build :—Every person intending to errect or re-errect within the meaning of Section 92 or 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the Alur shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President.

Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of the land on which the structure is proposed to be built, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to 10 feet showing :—

(*a*) The position, nature, and the use of existing buildings thereon, if any and of the building and appurtenant out-building to be erected on the land.

(*b*) The area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land.

(*c*) The names of (if any) or description of the adjacent roads or streets, buildings culverts; and

(*d*) The number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the land is situated.

Provided it shall be sufficient for the site plan to show, to the satisfaction of the President, with scale the site of the proposed building and its position on the land together with the position on the land with reference to adjacent buildings or lands.

The license and the site plan shall be produced by the party when called upon to do so by Municipal authorities at all reasonable times.

No piece of lands shall be used as a site for the erection of a building intended for human occupation.

(*a*) If the building is to abut a street unless the site is of such a shape that the building can be made parallel to the line of the street.

(*b*) If the site on the tanks or nallas filled up with or used for depositing rubbish, offensive matter or sewage, unless such site has been certified by the President, as fit to be built upon.

(*c*) If the site is one which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matter, until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or shall in his opinion have been innocuous.

(*d*) Unless the site is certified by the President to be dry and well drained or capable of being well drained.

(*e*) If the site is on a lower level than will allow its drainage to be led into some existing or projected sewer.

Building not to be erected on a Municipal drain.—No building shall be erected over a Municipal drain.

Pits not be excavated in the building sites :—

No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

Building sites not to be surrounded by lantana etc.—No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, prickly pear or other objectionable plant or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

Level of plinth.– Every person who shall erect a new domestic building shall cause the same to be built with a plinth not below 1¼ feet above the general level of the ground around and 1½ feet above top of side drain.

Eaves not to project beyond street drain.—The eaves of the building, sun shades to windows, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house.

Sun shades not to be erected beyond outer edge of the side drain:—No sun shades for shops either temporary or permanent shall be erected beyond the outer edge *i.e.*, the edge towards the house side of the drain.

Frontage:—Every house shall have a decent frontage in keeping with the surroundings and no perishable or inflamable materials shall be used for construction.

Ventilation of rooms:—Every person shall so construct define the maximum floor space and height, every room, that the same shall be ventilated by means of doors or windows which open directly into the external air and have an aggregate opening equal to not less than one-tenth of the floor space.

No shops to be built in the midst of the residential localities:—No shops or market place, manufactory place of public resort shall be built in the midst of the localities intended for residential purposes. For the purpose of this bye-law, it shall be competent to the President of the Municipal Council to determine what is the residential area and what is not.

Conservancy of the premises:—Every householder is bound to conserve the house occupied by him and the grounds attached to the same. All such premises must be provided with a suitable drain constructed in accordance with speculations supplied by the President, for the drainage of the house and compound for the removal of sullage water and sewage to the nearest existing street drain commanded by the level of the house and the grounds pertaining thereto. The owner of the house is bound to construct such drains within thirty days from the date of the notice served on him by the President, calling on him to construct the required drain or drains in default, the President is competent to order the construction of the required drain or drains at owner's risk and cost.

No room, etc., to be constructed over a privy:—No person shall construct over a privy whether new or old, any structure of any description. In the case of water closet may be provided proper drainage arrangements prescribed by and approved of by the President are effected.

Privies to be constructed on sites approved by the President:—A person who shall construct a new privy, whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved of by the President. Every privy shall have a floor of a material, which has a smooth surface and which is impervious to water and shall have a smooth non-absorbent coating a cement to a height of not less than five feet above the floor of such privy.

Proximity of privies to water supply:—A person who shall construct a privy in connection with a building shall not without the written permission of the President construct such privy within a distance of 20 feet from any well, spring or stream of water used or likely to be used by a man for drinking or other domestic purposes or for manufacturing drinks for the use of man or otherwise in such a position as to render any such water liable to pollution.

Air space round privies:—Every person who shall construct a privy in connection with a building shall so construct the same as to leave an external air space of not less than 4 feet in width from the building and open to the sky, surrounding such privy on either side thereof except the entrance side, where any gallery or passage communicating with such privy, shall be not less than 3 feet in width and shall be open to the external air on both sides.

Cleaning of latrines and manure pits.—Uncleaned latrine pits, sewage pumps, within the precinits and in proximity to the house shall be cleaned and filled up within 2 days notice to that effect from the President, unless the President, considers it necessary in any particular case or cases to extend or decrease the period.

Incomplete buildings to be completed within one year of notice and in default President to complete and recover cost of demolish.—Any person who shall be given a license for erecting a new building in accordance with the aforesaid bye-laws and shall have the same incomplete for any length of time extending six months shall be bound, on being served with a notice in this behalf, to furnish and complete the building within a responsible time to be fixed by the President for completion of the same.

Person intending to build may apply to the President for information.—If any person has any doubt or difficulty as to the time intent or meaning of any matter connected with these rules or the requirements thereof, he may before giving notice in writing of his intention to erect or re-erect any building, apply to the President, who shall, upon receipt of such application, give the said person within a week such information as in the circumstances may be necessary.

Penalties:—Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, on conviction before a Magistrate, as provided in the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Section 96(5).

B. VENKATARAMA RAO,
President.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE FIFTH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE HASSAN DISTRICT BOARD, HELD ON FRIDAY THE 17TH APRIL 1925.

PRESENT.

H. V. RANGASWAMI, ESQ., B.A., LL.B., VICE-PRESIDENT, DISTRICT BOARD (IN THE CHAIR)

Ex-officio Members ... 3 | Non-Officials ... 29

Absent ... 7.

Read letter from Mr. G. Ahamed Pacha Sahib, Hirihasade, explaining reasons for absence.

* * * * *

8. G. O. No. L. 6218-25—L. B. 131-23-16, dated 20th February 1925, inviting attention of the Presidents of District Boards to the provisions of the rules recently issued with Government Notification No. P. 3015—Legis. 21-22-10, dated 11th December 1924, for regulating the use of motor vehicles in the State which obviate the necessity of taking action in the matter of framing bye-laws for the levy of tolls on motor cars plying for hire on District Fund roads.

Resolution.—The rules alluded to are referred to the motor bye-law committee. In the meanwhile, representation to be made to Government that the rules are not at all advantageous and conducive to develop traffic. The opinion of the Board in the matter will be duly submitted.

9. Letter No. L. 3184—L. B. 14-24-16, dated 18th October 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding the petition of the villagers of Ambuga, praying for the opening of a native Vaidyasala at their place, with the resolution of the Taluk Board.

Resolution.—Taluk Board resolution approved.

10. Letter No. L. 6804—L. B. 32-24-15, dated 24th March 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to furnish information as to whether the District Board or the temple realises any income from the car festival of Sri Venkataramanaswami and if the temple is realising income, why it should not contribute one-third of the cost in lieu of village contribution for the well that is being constructed on the hillock at Mavinkere.

Resolution.—As the car festival is held in the village one mile away, as the realisations, if any, will not go to the funds of the temple above the hillock, and as great difficulty is being experienced by travellers almost every day, the Board is of opinion that it may bear the quota of contribution.

11. Letter No. 160, dated 24th March 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, *re* the handing over the travellers' bungalow at Arkalgud to the Education Department.

Resolution.—The subject is referred to the Taluk Board for detailed proposals.

12. Hassan District Deputy Commissioner's No. R. O. C. 62-24—O. C., dated 3rd March 1925, requesting to furnish the views of the District Board in the matter of allowing the Municipal Council of Konanur to hold a cattle-show every year.

Resolution.—As Ramanathpur is hardly two miles and as there is a jatra held in association with an annual religious function, the Board is not in favour of another jatra being held at Konanur.

13. D. O. letter No. C. 331-24, dated 12—14th April 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that the proposals for the revision of the scale of pay of appointments under Local Bodies and the establishment required for the working of Village Panchayets, may be sent up before the 17th May 1925.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that the whole scheme is unworkable and the question to be reconsidered when the issue of the relation between the autonomous Local Boards and the Deputy Commissioner is finally settled.

14. Letter No. D2. Dis. 306-24, dated 14—15th April 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, intimating that the Sanivarasanthe Unani Dispensary may be located in the local police lines on payment of a rent of Rs. 5 as proposed by the Inspector-General of Police.

Resolution.—The matter may be brought to the notice of Government for suitable orders as the adjustment may have to be effected, if at all, between the Government and the funds sanctioned by the same for Malnad Improvement Scheme.

15. Hassan Division Executive Engineer's Memo No. 182, dated 2nd March 1925, returning the estimate for sinking a draw well at Kondavagil, Banawar hobli, Arsikere Taluk, duly scrutinised for Rs. 910.

Resolution.—The estimate is sanctioned.

16. Hassan Division Executive Engineer's No. 267, dated 26—28th March 1925, forwarding for furnishing the opinion, an extract from D. O. letter No. 1045, dated 2nd March 1925, from Messrs. Oakly Duncan and Company, Limited, Bangalore, to the Chief Engineer in Mysore, regarding the road from Anati to Tiptur.

Resolution.—The subject is referred to the Taluk Board, Channarayapatna, for opinion.

17. District Medical Officer's No. 4496, dated 19th March 1925, forwarding bills for travelling allowance due to the Surgery cooly of the Belur Local Fund Dispensary.

Resolution.—The travelling allowance claimed may be paid as recommended by the District Medical Officer.

18. District Forest Officer's No. 731—Mis., dated 14th April 1925, forwarding a copy of the resolution of the Sub-Committee appointed by the District Board to settle the claims of Rev. Father Poulnais in connection with sinking a well at Mudladasapura.

Resolutions of the Committee.—

(*a*) Resolved that in consideration of the actual amount spent by Rev. Father Poulnais on account of the special difficulty met with in sinking the well through tough rocky soil, (1) the rates from the 7th fathom be increased by 50 per cent of the rates entered on the statement showing the measurements taken and fixed for "Sinking a draw well at Mudladasapura." (*Vide* statement enclosed in the measurement book taken on the 15th December 1924.)

(*b*) That the rates for burnt stone steining including jelly packing be increased by 33⅓ per cent.

(*c*) That the lump sum amount of Rs. 85 for baling water as claimed by Rev. Father Poulnais be admitted.

(*d*) That the Committee have come to this decision after very careful consideration of the several circumstances connected with the execution of the well work at Mudladasapura and the special difficulties Rev. Father Poulnais had to encounter in getting through the well work in the outlandish locality of Channarayapatna Taluk, where labour and material difficulties are very great.

Resolution of the Board.—The proposals of the Committee are sanctioned as a special case.

19. Purchase of two tents for the use of the District Board.

Resolution.—That two tents, one single pole and one double pole, may be purchased, but after the detail estimates are placed before the Board and sanction therefor obtained.

Mr. M. Venkataramaiya, alone dissenting.

20. Employment of extra Vaccinator to Hirisave hobli.

Resolution.—The establishment is sanctioned. The establishment to be disbanded as soon as the necessity ceases.

21. Review of Vital Statistics for the half-year ending 31st December 1924.

Resolution.—The review is adopted.

22. Letter No. 7199 of 24-25, dated 12th April 1925, from the Assistant Director of Agriculture, Shimoga, requesting that the loss of Rs. 500 sustained by the Department in selling the sunnhemp seed may be made good from the District Board.

Resolution.—The opinion of the Taluk Boards of Arkalgud and Hole-Narsipur Taluks to be invited.

23. Mr. Nagappaiah's proposition.—(*a*) Requests to move the Government to take steps to ascertain the inordinate delay in the disposal of license applications and issue of licenses under the Arms Regulation, etc. (*b*) Slaughter of cows in the District may be put a stop to.

Note.—All the members opine that much difficulty is being experienced and representations have to be sent up to Government.

Resolution.—(*a*) Resolved that as the licenses and renewals under the Arms Regulation are not promptly disposed of in the Hassan District, the attention of Government may be invited to the hardship caused to the people.

(*b*) Withdrawn.

24. Mr. Devegowda's proposition.—(*a*) Requesting to arrange for the completion of the well at Goddu village near Pannathapur in the Alur Sub-Taluk. (*b*) Villagers of Muddanahalli in the Kundur hobli, Alur Sub-Taluk, have constructed a school building worth Rs. 450 and a temple at a cost of Rs. 800 at their cost and prays for a contribution for their work or construction of a well for their use. (*c*) Completion of the well work at Kalasettibedu in the Alur Sub-Taluk. (*d*) Anent giving half the cost of the school building if the villagers construct a building at their cost. (*e*) Anent constructing market stalls at Kabbathi and Settihalli shandies. (*f*) Anent reducing the seigniorage from annas six to annas three for fuel brought from Settihalli jungle.

Resolution.—Withdrawn.

25. Mr. G. K. D. Vajranabhiah's proposition anent providing vegetarian and non-vegetarian kitchen, bath rooms and compound to the musafirkhana at Sravanabelgola.

Resolution.—Estimates to be called from the Taluk Board.

26. Hole-Narsipur Sub-Division Officer's No. 860, dated 8th March 1925, in the matter of refund of Education Cess credited in November 1922. (Rs. 24-1-3, for reasons stated in the said letter.)

Resolution.—This may be done.

27. Hassan Taluk Board President's No. 1326, dated 23rd February 1925, soliciting sanction to debit the contribution of Rs. 25 out of the sum allotted under D. 8 cattle-shows and exhibitions in the expenditure side of the Taluk Board Budget for the current year for the Leprosy Relief Fund.

Resolution.—Approved.

28. Hassan Taluk Board President's No. 1325, dated 23rd March 1925, requesting to frame bye-laws to regulate and control the slaughtering and vending of sheep at Dudda shandy.

Resolution.—The bye-laws to be framed after the new Local Boards Bills are passed.

29. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's Yadi No. 829-24, dated 8th February 1925, recommending to remit the toll khists of the Bisle toll-gate for the months of August, September and October 1924, amounting to Rs. 142-8-0 at the rate of Rs. 47-8-0 a month as the road was not in a trafficable condition during those months.

Resolution.—As the road was blocked for the period on account of heavy rains, remission of Rs. 142-8-0 may be granted as proposed by the Taluk Board.

30. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's No. 1026-24, dated 10th April 1925, anent granting a site measuring 30' x 72' near the musafirkhana at Saklespur to one Shanmukhiah for an upset price of Rs. 200.

Resolution.—The subject to be considered after a permanent habitation is secured for the Veterinary Dispensary.

31. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's No. 1025, dated 10th April 1925, forwarding copy of the resolution of the Taluk Board meeting held on 25th January 1925, resolving that a sum of Rs. 50 be subscribed for the British Empire Leprosy Relief fund to combat the disease of Leprosy.

Resolution.—Rs. 25 is sanctioned.

32. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's No. 1016-24, dated 10th April 1925, submitting a bill for Rs. 28-9-8 incurred for sanitary work during the jatra of Sri Kenchamma Devaru at Kenchammana Hoskote.

Resolution.—The Board regrets that having regard to the previous history, the Taluk Board ought not to have passed the resolution in the manner it is recorded and that the amount cannot be sanctioned.

33. Belur Taluk Board President's No. 995, dated 7th April 1925, forwarding Taluk Board's resolution, dated 30th March 1925, granting Rs. 50 for Leprosy Relief Fund.

Resolution.—Rs. 25 is sanctioned.

34. Belur Taluk Board President's No. 991, dated 7th April 1925, anent granting a compensation of Rs. 59-0-6, for the acquisition of the house belonging to one Guddamma of Savasihalli.

Resolution.—This is sanctioned. The balance of money after expending the Malnad Improvement Well Funds for the purpose to be met from the District Funds.

35. (*a*) Channarayapatna Taluk Board President's No. 729, dated 6th March 1925, forwarding copy of resolution of the Taluk Board, dated 28th February 1925, stating that until a Local Fund Dispensary is given, a native Vydyasala with a competent Vydyan be opened at Nuggihalli.

(*b*) Channarayapatna Taluk Board President's No. 451, dated 13th January 1925, anent opening of a Vydyasala until a Local Fund Dispensary is opened.

Resolution.—As proposed a Vydyasala with a qualified Vydyan may be established at Nuggihalli.

36. Arkalgud Taluk Board President's No. 1095-214, dated 5th March 1925, forwarding resolution of the Taluk Board, agreeing to pay a grant of Rs. 50 to the Educational Conference and exhibition held at Hebbale out of Taluk Funds by reappropriation.

Resolution.—The resolution of the Taluk Board is approved.

37. Arkalgud Taluk Board President's No. 111, dated 19th February 1925, forwarding a bill for Rs. 25 being the amount of expenditure incurred during the cattle show at Kerlapur in connection with the car festival of Sri Veerabhadraswami on 26th February 1923, as the claim is more than two years' old.

Resolution—The bill may be paid.

38. Alur Taluk Board President's No. 492, dated 25th February 1925, anent giving a starting fund to Thogaranahalli Panchayet.

Resolution.—Referred to the Finance Committee.

39. Arsikere Municipal Council President's No. 590, dated 8th March 1925, forwarding copy of resolution of the Municipal Council kindly agreeing to maintain two lanterns in the Rangacharlu Chatram at Arsikere.

Resolution.—The District Board are thankful to the Municipality for kindly undertaking this charitable work.

40. Harnahalli Municipal Council President's No. 619, dated 31st March 1925, requesting that the cost of the allowance payable to the Sub-Assistant Surgeon for the weekly visits to Harnahalli may be borne by the District Board as heretofore from the District Funds as the finances of the Municipal Council are very poor.

Resolution.—The Board regrets that the grant cannot be continued as Haranahalli has since become a Municipality and as the shandy is not being held.

41. Mutchalika, dated 21st February 1925, by Mr. Ballu Mallegowda anent constructing a choultry and a well for the public at his own cost provided the site near the Holegeri by the side of Bangalore-Mangalore road is given free of cost.

Resolution.—Deferred.

42. Estimates sanctioned by the President, in anticipation of the Board's approval.

		Rs.
(*a*)	Formation of a road leading to His Highness' Camp at Sravanabelgola during the Mastabhisheka ceremony	600
(*b*) 1.	Putting up a pendal in front of the Musafirkhana at Sravanabelgola during the visit of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore and at the opening ceremony of the institution ...	150
2.	Filling up the pits, cleaning the premises excavating the drain and turfing round the Musafirkhana at Sravanabelgola ...	100
3.	Removing the silt and bailing water from Rachenahalli well ...	75
4.	Gravelling the approach road and open-yard of the Musafirkhana at Sravanabelgola	45
5.	Repairing the road at Sravanabelgola Musafirkhana ...	15
6.	Adjustment of Rs. 597 incurred in connection with the opening ceremony of the District Board Musafirkhana at Sravanabelgola and of laying the foundation stone to the Local Fund Dispensary at Hirisave	597
7.	White and colour washing the Musafirkhana at Sravanabelgola.	96
8.	Sinking a draw well at Bachenahalli	850

Resolution.—Sanctioned. Both (*a*) and (*b*).

HASSAN TALUK.

(*c*) 1.	Revised estimate for sinking a well at Kabbali for high class people	735
	BELUR TALUK.	
2.	Improving a draw well at Karikattehalli, Halebid hobli ...	258
	ARSIKERE TALUK.	
3.	Repairing the drinking water well at Talalur	240—240
	CHANNARAYAPATNA TALUK.	
4.	Sinking a well at Honnenahalli	603
5.	Do Jogipur. (Revised estimate)	685
	ALUR SUB-TALUK.	
6.	Sinking a draw well at Kodagihalli	340
	MANJARABAD TALUK.	
1.	Repairing the cattle pound at Kenchammana Hoskote ...	126
2.	Repairing the T. B. at Hanbal	245
	ARSIKERE TALUK.	
3.	Improving the cattle pound at Gandasi	115
	BELUR TALUK.	
1.	Repairing the draw well at Hirigagge	131
2.	Purchasing the articles of furniture for the Taluk Board office	50
3.	Repairing the draw well at Mattavara	60

		Rs.
	CHANNARAYAPATNA TALUK.	
1.	Proper adjustment of pulleys to the Mudanahalli well ...	6—8
2.	Improving the approach road from Sravanabelgola to Jinnenahalli	150
	ALUR SUB-TALUK.	
1.	Revised estimate for repairing the Musafirkhana at Palya ...	175
2.	Repairing the M. I. well at Heddurga	13
	ARSIKERE TALUK.	
1.	Constructing a tunnel opposite to cattle pound at Arakere ...	30
2.	Reconstructing the parapet wall of the District Fund Well at Gandasi	48
3.	Providing for stone dust bins for Banavar	80
	BELUR TALUK.	
1.	Improving the roads and constructing a tunnel at Arehalli village	250
2.	Repairing the tunnel at Arehalli	25
3.	Repairing the M. I. well at Nambisettihalli (Manjarabad Taluk)	394
4.	Estimate for completing the work of the well at the extension of the Arehalli (Belur Taluk)	538

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

43. Estimates to be sanctioned.

	HASSAN TALUK.	
1.	Sinking a well at Settihalli	880
2.	Do Gadenahalli	1,000
	MANJARABAD TALUK.	
1.	Sinking a well at Echalabeedu	1,230
	CHANNARAYAPATNA TALUK.	
1.	Constructing a native kitchen to the Musafirkhana at Channarayapatna	979—8
	ARKALGUD TALUK.	
1.	Constructing a tunnel of 3′ x 3′ at the junction of Hassan-Ramanathapur road to Kattemuddenahalli	200
2.	Improving the road from Kymurkanahalli to Kallimuddanahalli	292
3.	Repairing the cattle pound at Maroor	100
4.	Do do Hulikal	142
5.	Repairing the rest house at Ramanathapur	85
6.	Opening and reconstructing a tunnel across the road between Aladahalli and Musavathur	150

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

NEXT MEETING OF THE DISTRICT BOARD—26TH MAY 1925, AT 12 NOON.

H. V. RANGASWAMI,
Vice-President in the Chair.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Notification dated the 28th April 1925.

In supersession of this office Notification, dated the 15th April 1925, the right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the place and on the date specified against it.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-lease without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorized Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner, furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in a prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and the gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of twenty-four hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British authorities. In accordance with Government Notification No. R. 747—R. M. 4-22-4, dated 28th July 1922, payment of toll at the gate at Thammenahalli exempts payment at the Hiral Toll-gate in the Bellari District and *vice versa*.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of troops or Military Stores or equipages or of police officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificates from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorized by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property, reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards or Municipal Councils.

(2) Conveying Local Boards or Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards or Municipal Councils.
(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.
(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the revenue authorities for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.
(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.
(7) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.
(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.
(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor, who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

17. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or the employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

18. No toll shall be levied for the passage on duty of British Military Officers.
(*a*) To entitle an officer to pass a toll-gate without payment as being on duty, he must fulfil one of the following conditions:—
(*i*) Be travelling in a staff car;
(*ii*) Wear uniform.
(*b*) Officers passing toll-gates on duty otherwise than in uniform will enter in a book kept by the toll-gate keeper for that purpose, their rank, name and the nature of duty on which they are travelling.

19. Government carts belonging to Amrut Mahal kaval department moving from place to place within the District in connection with the work of the department are exempted from payment of tolls.

SCHEDULE A.

1. Name of the road	Salem-Bellary road.
2. Situation of the gate	Thammenahalli in the Molkalmuru Taluk.
3. Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, incoming traffic.	Incoming and out-going.
4. Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.
5. Amount of deposit required ...	Rs. 242 one sixth of the contract amount for 1924-25.
6. Place of sale	Molkalmuru Taluk Office.
7. Date of sale	15th June 1925.
8. Officer conducting the sale ...	Assistant Commissioner, Chitaldrug Sub-Division.
9. Officer confirming the sale ...	Revenue Commissioner.
10. Remarks	Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

Schedule of maximum rates of tolls.

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every motor car	1	0	0
2.	Do motor tricycle or bicycle	0	4	0
3.	Do vehicle of any description propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4.	Do four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0
5.	Do two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jatka or ekka	0	8	0
6.	Do ekka or jatka, laden	0	4	0
7.	Do do unladen	0	2	0

			Rs.	a.	p.
8.	On every other vehicle with springs including tricycle and bicycle		0	2	0
9.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	1	0	0
10.	Do	do do do if unladen ...	0	8	0
11.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	8	0
12.	Do	do do do if unladen ..	0	4	0
13.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by four bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
14.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	3	0
15.	Do	cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by two bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	4	0
16.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	2	0
17.	Do	do drawn by a single bullock, if laden ...	0	2	0
18.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	1	0
19.	Do	buffalo or bullock, per head, if laden ...	0	1	0
20.	Do	do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
21.	Do	elephant	1	0	0
22.	Do	camel, if laden	0	4	0
23.	Do	do if not laden	0	2	0
24.	Do	horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
25.	Do	do if unladen or led	0	0	9
26.	Do	tattu or mule, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
27.	Do	do if unladen or led	0	0	6
28.	Do	ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
29.	Do	ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
30.	Do	sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
31.	Do.	palanquin, dooly, palna or tonga with two bearers	0	2	0
32.	Do	do with more than two bearers ...	0	4	0

N. B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

Notificaton dated 15th April 1925.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that the right of collecting tolls on the Salem-Bellary provincial road near the village of Thammenahalli in Molakalmuru Taluk, for the year 1925-26 will be sold on 27th May 1925, in the Office of the Amildar, Molakalmuru Taluk by the Deputy Commissioner of the Chitaldrug District, or an Assistant Commissioner deputed by him for the purpose.

2. For further particulars see detailed notification of the sale printed on pages 240 and 241, Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette* dated 23rd April 1925.

S. VENKATARANGAM,
Deputy Commissioner.

DAVANGERE TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Dated 17th April 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the

contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting, without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of information of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise, or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the 1st day of every month into the Municipal Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Municipal President. He shall, if required by the Municipal President, furnish to the office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and the gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Municipal Council.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and the rules issued under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation or the rules framed by the Municipal Council under the Municipal Regulation. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(*c*) No more than one payment of toll shall be demanded at any toll-gate in respect of any vehicle in any one period of twenty-four hours counted from sunrise to sunrise.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage, or animal, conveying such property, reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of traffic, cars, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to the Municipal Council;

(2) Conveying Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants;

(3) Licensed by the Municipal Council;

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance;
(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Municipal Council for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government;
(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails;
(7) Belonging to the Honourable the British Resident in Mysore;
(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance;
(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate	Davangere Town Municipal toll-gates.
2.	Situation of the gate	On the town limits.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic or out-going traffic	In-coming traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.
5.	Amount of deposit required	Rs. 2,500.
6.	Place of sale	Chamarajendra Memorial Hall, Davangere.
7.	Date of sale	20th May 1925 at 2 P.M.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	The President, Town Municipal Council, Davangere.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	The Municipal Council, Davangere.
10.	Remarks	.....

SCHEDULE B.

Details of Traffic.	*Rate.* Rs.	a.	p.
Every laden cart or carriage	0	4	0
Every empty cart or carriage	0	2	0

N.B.—Carts carrying firewood, fodder and thatch should be treated as unladen for the purpose of levying tolls.

M. CHENNARAJA URS,
President, Town Municipality.

JAGALUR MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 22nd April 1925.

The right to collect fees on laden carts coming to or returning from the market place on Shandy days in the Jagalur Municipality from 1st July 1923 to 30th June 1924 will be sold by public auction on the date specified in Schedules A and B.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor will be returned only on the fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A. The President himself reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter setforth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish, if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Municipal Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of fees in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Educational cess, at the prescribed rates if any.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect fees only at the rate noted in Schedule B, on the laden carts that would come to the weekly market place from outside the limits of the Municipality or return therefrom.

10. The contractor is required to furnish cartmen with a "paid ticket" bearing the date on which the fee is levied and also bound to keep an account showing the collections. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Municipal President, Vice-President or any members of the Municipal Board. He shall, if required by the Municipal President, furnish at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the collections in prescribed form.

11. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

12. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and the rules framed by the Municipal Council under the Municipal Regulation. He shall recognise all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(1) A table of authorized fees shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near market place.

(2) No fee shall be levied on foot passengers.

(3) No fees shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorized by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(4) No fees shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.

(*a*) Belonging to Municipal Council.

(*b*) Conveying Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(*c*) Licensed by the Municipal Council.

(*d*) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Municipal Council prescribed sum in accordance with the Rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors or being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

13. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of fees by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect fees during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

14. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge ...	Market place near Sowar's Line.
2.	Situation of the gate ...	East and South :—Bridge in front of travellers' bungalow. West:—Chitaldrug-Davangere road hand post. North:—Cart-track from Ujjini Road running behind Sannathammanna's Choultry.
3.	Whether toll is levied on through traffic, incoming traffic, or out-going traffic.	On laden carts coming to or returning from the market on shandy days.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Jagalur-Chitaldrug road.
5.	Amount of deposit required...	Rs. 148-5-4.
6.	Place of sale ...	Jagalur Taluk Cutcherry.
7.	Date of sale ...	10th June 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale ...	President, Jagalur Municipality
9.	Officer confirming the sale ...	President himself.
10.	Remarks ...	Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

Details of traffic.	*Rate.*
Every laden cart ...	0 2 0

D. SOLOMON,
President.

MOLAKALMURU MUNICIPALITY.

Notification.

The right to collect market fees as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the place and on the dated noted in Schedule A.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of information of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter setforth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish, if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Municipal Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect fees only at the rates and at the place (*viz.*, within the premises of the santhe bazaar) on the shandy days on the items specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the market fees a proper receipt showing the date of payment of market fee.

11. The contractor shall keep at the santhe bazaar, true accounts of the weekly collections and the items on which they were made. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner or the President. He shall, if required by the Municipal President, furnish to the Municipal Office, at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the goods brought into market in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

13. The contractor shall confirm generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and the rules framed by the Municipal Council under the Municipal Regulation. He shall recognise all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(a) A table of authorised fees shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the market.

14. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of market fee by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the market fees during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

15. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

Name of Market	Situation of the market	Amount of deposit	Place of sale	Date of sale	Officer conducting the sale	Officer confirming the sale
Molakalmuru	Behind the Government A.-V. School building, Molakalmuru called Santhe Bazaar.	Rs. 36 (The contract amount for the year being Rs. 216.)	Municipal Office.	5th June 1925.	President, Municipality.	President of Municipality in Council.

SCHEDULE B.

Details of traffic.	*Rate.* Rs.	a.	p.
1. On every laden cart drawn by two bullocks coming to the market place	0	2	0
2. On every laden cart drawn by single bullock coming to the market place	0	1	0
3. On every bullock or ass coming to the market place laden ...	0	0	6
4. On every head load coming to the market place	0	0	3

A. MAKALAPPA,
President, Molakalmuru Municipality.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 7904—*Ml.* 49-24-7, *dated* 6*th May* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. Abdul Rahim Sheriff, is appointed a Municipal Councillor of the Hassan Town Municipal Council *vice* Mr. Khader Ali Sheriff, deceased.

No. L. 7915—*Ml.* 15-23-55, *dated* 6*th May* 1925.

Under Section 186 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as amended by Regulation No. V of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to direct that the provisions of Chapter XIII of the said Regulation be made applicable to the Kolar Town Municipal Council.

No. L. 7967—*L. B.* 24-24-5, *dated* 8*th May* 1925.

Under Rule 7 of the rules under Section 37 (*a*) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, issued with Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. 54-18-1, dated the 18th December 1918, Mr. Kanakayya, is appointed as a member of the Nagar Taluk Board in the Shimoga District *vice* Mr. M. Subbanna, deceased.

No. L. 8056—*Ml.* 50-24-4, *dated* 9*th May* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. Devangada Hanumaiya, is appointed a Municipal Councillor of the Tarikere Municipal Council, in place of Mr. Dodda Venkataramanaiya, deceased.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification dated 29th April 1925.

The right of collecting fees at the market at the Chandapur Santhe in the Anekal Taluk in the Bangalore District, from 1st July 1925 to 30th June 1926, will be sold by the President, Anekal Taluk Board, by the public auction at Anekal in the Taluk Office on Thursday the 28th May 1925 at 1 P.M.

2. The successful purchaser shall collect fees only at the rates noted in the annexed schedule and at no higher rates, and only on the articles that will be brought on santhe days within the market premises.

3. The President, Taluk Board, reserves to himself the power of refusing the highest or any bid that may be offered without assigning any reason therefor.

4. The contractor shall within fifteen days on the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions herein after set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Taluk Board President.

6. The contract amount is payable in twelve monthly instalments due on the 1st of every month in advance. The contractor shall pay, as soon as sale is over, for the due performance of the contract, two months' deposit amount. The amount in deposit will, if the conditions of the contract are complied with, be credited towards the instalments due for the last two months of the contract, failing which the deposit will be forfeited.

7. If the deposit is not made immediately after the close of the sale, the contract will be resold at the risk of the first purchaser. If default is made in the payment of instalments on the due date, *i.e.*, 1st of every month in advance, interest at 9 per cent per annum will be charged on the amount due after the 1st of every month till the date of payment, fraction of a month being counted as full month for the calculation of interest and the unexpired portion of the contract will also be liable to be sold again at the discretion of the President, Taluk Board, and the loss arising from the resale will be recovered from the former contractor, who shall not be entitled to the profit, if any.

8. The contractor is also bound to keep a detailed account showing collections and it shall be open to inspection by the officers of the Taluk and District Boards.

9. The contractor of the market will also be given the right of collecting and utilizing the market sweepings and it will be his duty to keep the premises clean, failing which a fine of Re. 1 will be levied for each day per diem of default, and should the default continue for more than six days, the contract is liable to be cancelled and resold at his risk.

10. The contractor shall exhibit at the entrance of the market place on market days a Notice Board setting forth the rates at which fees are levied.

11. No claim for remission or compensation on account of the prevalence of plague, cholera and other epidemics or any other cause will be entertained.

12. The market is liable to be closed temporarily, for the purposes of preventing the spread of epidemics either among men or cattle, if such a course is considered necessary by the President, Taluk Board. No claim for remission or to any compensation consequent on such prohibition can, however, be entertained.

13. The shop fee is a levy in addition to the rent that has to be paid for occupying the stalls.

14. A person bringing things for his own shops shall not be charged separate fees, one for the load and the other for exposing the things in the shop; but will be liable for only the higher fee.

15. The contractor shall be responsible for the care and cleanliness of the stalls. He shall not allow animals to be tethered in the stalls nor even to be kept therein.

16. The shop-keepers and the contractor are bound to obey the orders of the Taluk Board authorities with regard to the allocation of shops.

17. Should the contractor or his servants charge or attempt to charge any fees other than those stated in the schedule below, or should he or his servants fail to fulfil any of the obligations entailing on him by any of the preceding paragraphs, his contract will be liable to be cancelled, his deposit forfeited and the lease resold at his risk.

Schedule.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Per shop of 1st class	0	4	0
Do 2nd class	0	2	0
Do 3rd class	0	1	0
Per cart laden	0	1	0
Per cart unladen	0	0	6
Per bullock, buffalo, or horse, laden	0	0	6
Per head load	0	0	3
Bullock, buffalo, etc. each	0	0	6
Sheep and goat each	0	0	3
Per stall	0	1	0

(For classification of shops, see the Kanarese copy of notification.)

A person having a shop in more than one place must pay a separate fee for each shop. The space for each shop should not ordinarily exceed 5′ × 6′ except in the case of sweetmeat shops, for which a space not exceeding 10 square feet will be allowed. Shops occupying in more than the prescribed area will be subjected to higher fees.

M. NARAYANA RAO,
President,
Anekal Taluk Board.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. 2014—24-15, *dated* 27*th April* 1925.

ADDENDA AND CORRIGENDA.

(KUDUR PANCHAYET, MAGADI TALUK, NOTIFICATION NO. OC. 2014—24-25, DATED 26TH MARCH 1925.)

1. For Mr. Avalappa Sidayya—Read Mr. Avalakki Siddayya.

(HUSKUR PANCHAYET, ANEKAL TALUK) NOTIFICATION NO. OC. 2014 OF 1924-25, DATED 3RD APRIL 1925.

2. For Mr. Kana—Read Mr. Kane Kaverappa.

(ALUR DUDDANAHALLI PANCHAYET, DEVANHALLI TALUK) NOTIFICATION NO. OC. 2014, DATED 3RD APRIL 1925.

3. For Mr. Kelaganahalli Bacheppa—Read Mr. D. Narayana Rao.

B. VENKOBA RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 2*nd May* 1925.

Under Section 49(*b*) 2 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, and the rules framed thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. Ramachandrappa has been nominated as member of Talagavara Village Panchayet of Chintamani Taluk *vice* Mr. Lakshminarasimhaiya, who has vacated his seat by reason of his change of residence to some other place.

S. HIRIYANNAIYA,
Deputy Commissioner.

Notification dated 15*th December* 1924.

Under Section 49 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918 and the rules framed thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. Krishnappa, Shanbhog, has been nominated as member of the Dalsnur Village Panchayet, Srinivaspur Taluk, during the present term of its constitution, in place of Srikantaiah, deceased.

K. SUBBA RAO,
President, Taluk Board.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 28*th April* 1925.

It is hereby notified for general information that the right of collecting toll on carts entering the Municipality, Tiptur, for a period of one year from 1st July 1925 to the 30th June 1926, will be sold by public auction by the President or Vice-President, Town Municipal Council, Tiptur, at the Tiptur Taluk Office at 2 o'clock on Thursday the 4th June 1925.

2. The successful purchaser must collect tolls only at the rates noted below and no higher rate, and only on carts entering the Municipal limits for trade or other purpose.

3. The sale is subject to confirmation by the President, Town Municipal Council, Tiptur, who reserves to himself the power of refusing the highest or any bid that may be offered without assigning any reason therefor.

4. The contractor shall pay as soon as the sale is closed a deposit equal to two months' instalments for the due performance of the contract. As soon as the sale is confirmed by the Town Municipal Council, Tiptur, the contractor will execute a mutchalika on a stamp paper for the performance of the contract. The contract amounts shall be paid in equal monthly instalments for each month before the 5th of the following month. The amount in deposit will, if the conditions of the contract are complied with be credited towards the instalments due for the last two months of the contract.

5. If the deposit is not made immediately after the close of the sale, the contract will be resold at the risk of the first purchaser. If default is made in the payment of the instalments, interest of two pies per rupee per month, will be charged or the amount due from the due date up to the date of payment and the unexpired period of the contract will also be liable to be sold again at the discretion of the President and the deficit, if any, recovered from the first contractor who shall not be entitled to any excess that may occur by the resale.

6. The arrears due by the contractor shall be recovered under the rules in force for the recovery of arrears of land revenue.

7. No remission or abatement of the contract amount or compensation shall on any account whatever be claimable by the contractor.

8. Daily accounts should be maintained of the actual collections made by the contractor in such form as may be prescribed by the President, and they should be open for inspection at all times by the President, Vice-President and such other officers as the President or Vice-President may authorise in writing for the purpose. At the end of every month, a statement of daily collections should be submitted to the Vice-President in such form as may be prescribed by him for the purpose.

9. The contractor shall use printed receipt books the pages of which are serially numbered and sealed by the President, Town Municipality, Tiptur, when payment of toll is made, a proper receipt shall be granted to the person making the payment, the date and hour being noted thereon.

10. No toll shall be levied on carts —

(*a*) Conveying through traffic, but passing through Municipal limits.

(*b*) Belonging to the Municipality.

(*c*) Engaged in connection with the passage of troops or military stores or equipages belonging to the police officers, travelling on duty, or belonging to Government when such exemption is claimed on the authority of a certificate granted by the Head of the Department to which it belongs.

(*d*) That are assessed to the Municipality.

11. No more than one toll shall be leviable on one and the same cart within 24 hours, *i.e.*, from sunrise to sunrise.

12. A table of tolls authorised to be levied on carts should be legibly written in English and Kannada and put up by the contractor in a conspicuous place near each toll-gate.

13. The contractor should not unnecessarily delay in affixing the "Chit" to carts and no carts should at any time be unnecessarily detained near the ookads and toll-gates so as to obstruct the other traffic.

14. If the successful purchaser does not own the landed property in Mysore State, he must produce 2 sureties for the due performance of the contract preferably Mysoreans, who possess the landed property in Mysore State equal to the contract amount.

15. In the event of breach of any of the above rules on the part of the contractor or his servants, the contract will be liable to cancellation.

16. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and orders approved by Government and he shall not levy any toll from such persons. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised local railway and educational cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates :—

Schedule A.

Name of the road.	*Name of the ookad.*
(1) Bangalore-Honnavar and Turuvekere-Yediyur road.	Bangalore-Honnavar road ookad
(2) Honnavar-Bangalore road.	Honnavar-Bangalore road ookad.
(3) Kerogodi cart-track.	Kerogodi cart-track ookad.
(4) Marangere cart-track.	Marangere cart-track ookad.

Schedule B.

Table of tolls.

	Rs.	a.	p.
1 On a double bullock cart, laden	0	2	0
2 On a double bullock cart, empty	0	1	0
3 On a single bullock cart, laden or empty	0	1	0

G. K. MALLAPPA,
For *President.*

MYSORE DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE ELEVENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE ON WEDNESDAY THE 22ND APRIL 1925 AT 4-30 P.M.

Present ... ... 8 | Absent 1

I. Proceedings of the 10th Ordinary Meeting held on 27th March 1925.
Confirmed.

* * * * *

III. Government Order No. L. 7108-9—Ml. 34-24-39, dated 7th April 1925, stating that the cost of realignment of the southern compound wall of the Krishnarajendra Hospital should be borne by the Trust Board.

Recorded, but further representation should be made to Government regarding the propriety of charging this expenditure to the Trust Board.

* * * * *

XII. Letter No. L. 7169—Ml. 24-24-5, dated 8th April 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, enquiring whether the Board is prepared to pay, as recommended by the Chief Engineer, a consolidated allowance of Rs. 100 to Mr. Y. Ramaswamy, Assistant Engineer, for whose services the Board have applied.

Resolved that the consolidated allowance of Rs. 100 per month proposed for the Assistant Engineer be agreed to.

XIII. Letter No. 1034, dated 31st March 1925, from the Assistant Engineer, Palace Maramath Department, stating that the shop belonging to the late Bakshi Basappaji Urs that is projecting into the lane opposite the Devaraja Market had been vacated and handed over to the Board.

The acquisition of the shop at a cost of Rs. 250, besides dismantling charges, is approved.

XIV. Acquisition of land belonging to Mr. J. Venkatasamy, a portion thereof (443 square yards) has been used for opening a road east to west to the south of the Palace Magazine in Nazarbad, and the other portion (81 square yards) included in the Magazine compound.

Letter No. 1756, dated 16th April 1925, to Government, forwarding declaration statement for the acquisition of the land is approved.

XV. Petition dated 6th April 1925, from Mr. M. Venkatakrishniah, B.A., LL.B., Advocate, for reconsideration of Trust Board Resolution (No. XXIV, dated 30th October 1916), offering to sell the land to the north of his house in Kempananjamamba Agrahar at Re. 1 per square yard, on condition that the land is kept open.

The Board observed that the petitioner having obtained allotment of the site in 1916 had done nothing all these years to complete the transaction, beyond paying an initial deposit of Rs. 20. Further, contrary to the conditions under which the land was allotted, he had unauthorisedly constructed a house thereon. However, considering the hardship that may be caused to the party by insisting on the terms of the allotment, the Board decided to confirm the site to Mr. Venkatakrishniah and grant permission to proceed with the building, if he should pay the balance of the price as originally settled, with an addition of Rs. 50 on account of the increased value of the land.

XVI. Payment of compensation to Gollar Ramiah for his interest in Survey No. 267 in Chamundi Extension, shown as kharab land in the Revenue Accounts.

Draft letter to Government recommending payment of Rs. 315 as compensation to Ramiah is approved.

XVII. Application dated 24th March 1925, from Mr. Gulam Dastagir Sab, Cloth Merchant, Doddapet, for the vacant land to the west of his house in Baram Inam road, Lashkar Mohalla (Bit No. 98, Block 13).

The land applied for may be sold to the party at twelve annas per square yard.

XVIII. Application dated 26—27th January 1925, from Mr. Bramhappa Thavanappanavaru for the triangular portion of land to the east of his Mill in the Idga Extension.

The land applied for may be sold at the rate of three annas per square yard.

XIX. Application dated 3rd February 1925, from Mr. A. Karimkhan, General Bazaar, Mysore, for the land to the right side of his house Nos. 459 and 2286 in Gadang lane, Mandi Mohalla.

Approved. Bit No. 67 in Block 17 may be sold at eight annas a square yard.

XX. Application dated 8th December 1924, from Mr. L. Jayaramsingh, Store-keeper, Palace Farashkhana Office, for the land and building to the east of his house in Block 10, Mandi Mohalla.

Approved. Bit No. 35 in Block 10, may be sold at eight annas per square yard.

XXI. Estimate for Rs. 1,284 for forming foot path and extending the old culvert from Zoo Garden Circle to Gymkhana Nursery to the west of Race Cource road.

Approved.

XXII. Estimate for Rs. 2,500 for laying sewer line and giving house connection to houses in Bakshi Basappaji Urs' Laya in No. IV Drainage Area.

Approved. The cost may be met from next year's budget grant.

* * * *
* * * * *

XXV. Acquisition of the following properties by mutual agreement :—

1. Property No. (3) Block 71, Nazarbad from Boramma.
2. Sites Nos. 4, 5, 6 and 7 in Block 71, Nazarbad from Kariyappa.
3. Property No. (26P), Block 17, Mandi Mohalla from Raghavadas.

Ratified.

XXVI. Petition dated 14th April 1925, from Mr. T. S. Neelakantiah, Timber merchant remitting Rs. 825, being the balance payable by him for site No. 6, in Wellington Lodge compound, said to have been purchased from Mr. Y. Virupakshayya, the original purchaser and requesting for a title-deed therefor.

The site which had been advertised for resale at the risk and expense of the original purchaser for default in payment of balance of site value may be transferred to Mr. Neelakantiah. The balance of site value deposited by him may be accepted, and the delay in payment condoned.

XXVII. Acquisition of Malayaladammana temple in Bandikere, Krishnaraja Mohalla.

Approved. Necessary further action may be taken.

XXVIII. Advance of Rs. 1,000, made to Mr. B. Siddappa, Contractor, New Municipal Office Building for purchase of flooring tiles.

Approved.

XXIX. Sale of Bit No. 9, Block 46, Devaraja Mohalla to Padiachina Channaveeriah, for Rs. 51-12-0.

Approved.

XXX. Sale of Bit No. 10, Block 46, Devaraja Mohalla to Babu Sukhanand, for Rs. 258-12-0.

Approved.

XXXI. Application dated 21st April 1925, from Mr. Sama Iyengar, son of Mr. M. A. Krishna Iyengar, regarding the settlement of his claim to the land south of Stamp Vendor Mr. Narasimha Iyengar's house in Ramavilas Agrahar, in connection with the acquisition of property No. 1—168, Block 59 B from his father.

Money compensation due to the late Mr. M. A. Krishna Iyengar for property No. 1—168 only, may be paid to the heirs of Mr. Krishna Iyengar, together with interest at 6 per cent per annum from 14th June 1907, the date of award, since land in exchange cannot be given, as per Trust Board Resolution No. IV, dated 31st July 1916.

As regards other concessions asked for, separate application may be made to the Chairman.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 12TH SPECIAL MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE, HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE, ON TUESDAY THE 28TH APRIL 1925 AT 4-30 P.M.

Present ... 5 | Absent ... 4

I. Budget Estimates of the Mysore City Improvement Trust Board for the year 1925-26.

Passed.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DISTRICT BOAED OF MYSORE PASSED AT A MEETING HELD AT 1 P.M., ON SATURDAY THE 18TH APRIL 1925.

Present.

A. V. RAMANATHAN, ESQ., B.A., DEPUTY COMMISSIONER (PRESIDENT).

Members.

Present ... 42 | Absent ... 5

DEFERRED SUBJECTS.

1. Correspondence relating to the continuance or otherwise of the Rest House in Mandya in charge of the Taluk Board, in consideration of its present dilapidated condition.

Resolution.—Deferred.

2. Letter No. 1747, dated the 23rd June 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, inviting the opinion of the District Board in the matter of empowering the District Board of Hassan, to levy toll if the said Board is agreeable to pay half the cost of constructing the proposed bridge across the Hemavati near Mandagere instead of at Akkihebbal as already sanctioned.

Letter No. 9293, dated 3—4th April 1925, from the Agent, Mysore Railways, furnishing statistics of goods and passengers at Akkihebbal and Mandagere Stations with reference to resolution of the District Board passed on the 10th January 1925.

Resolution.—This Board does not agree to the levy of any toll by the District Board of Hassan within the limits of the jurisdiction of this Board.

3. Correspondence ending with Chamarajnagar Taluk Board President's No. 287, dated the 31st December 1924, regarding the payment of the balance of the cost of acquisition of certain lands in the Bettadapura village.

Resolution.—The District Board does not see any ground to advance the extra cost as there is no guarantee of its being recouped.

ORDINARY SUBJECTS.

1. Proceedings of the last meeting of the District Board.

Resolution.—Recorded.

2. (*i*) (a) Draft Budget Estimates of the District Board of Mysore for the year 1925-26 with the proceedings of the Finance Committee.

Resolution.—Sanctioned subject to provision for the following items :—

Re :—

(1) Sericultural work .. .. Rs. 2,500

(2) Other Economic work ... ... „ 5,000

(3) Construction of Local Fund Dispensary Buildings in Yedatore (New Town), Krishnarajpete and Hura.

(4) Opening Local Fund Dispensaries newly at Kagalvadi, Chandakavadi Hobli in the Chamrajnagar Taluk and Halagur, Malavalli Taluk.

(5) Special repairs to Saligrama-Kodihalla Road, Yedatore Taluk.

(6) Such Railway Feeder Roads in Nanjangud and Chamrajnagar Taluks as are found to be urgent.

(7) Opening Nurseries for plants at Mysore and Melkote Rs. 500.

(8) A monthly grant of Rs. 10 towards the recurring charges of "Hindi Prachar" in Mysore City.

(*b*) Proceedings of the Finance Committee.

Resolution.—The proposal not to take up motor sheds to 3rd class bungalows is approved.

It is not necessary to provide for an Irish drain across the Addahalla in Nanjangud-Thagadur Road.

It is desirable to open new roads between Bogadi and Bhimanahalli and Gaddige and Bilikere. Preliminary estimates may be called for.

(*ii*) Budget Estimates of the Taluk Boards for the year 1925-26.

Resolution.—Sanctioned subject to the observations in the President's Memo (*vide* Memo attached).

2. (iii) Irrigation Cess Fund Budget for 1925-26.

Resolution.—Sanctioned as per Deputy Commissioner's Memo.

3. Letter No. L. 4985—L. B. 135-23-45, dated the 14th January 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary to Government enquiring as to why the District Board Meetings should not be held in the mornings and lunch expenses avoided.

Resolution.—The Board is unanimously of opinion that the present practice is the most convenient for despatch of business.

4. Letter No. L. 4906—L. B. 93-24-2, dated the 10th January 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary to Government communicating the orders of Government that the grant of contribution from District Funds towards the construction of a building for a High School at Nanjangud will be somewhat premature as the opening of a High School has not yet been sanctioned by Government.

Resolution.—Recorded.

5. Government Order No. L. 6879-87—L. B. 50-24-10, dated the 28th March 1925, empowering the District Boards to fix the quoram for their Committee subject to a minimum of 50 per cent of the strength of the Committees the quorum required for an adjourned meeting being not done away with.

Resolution.—Recorded.

(*a*) Fixing the quorum of the Committees of the District Board of Mysore in accordance with the above Government Order.

Resolution.—Quorum for all Committees may be 50 per cent of the strength thereof.

6. Letter No. 1141—Muz. 90-24-13, dated the 28th March 1925, from the Revenue Secretary to Government, regarding the disposal of the chattram building at Varuna, Mysore Taluk, by auction sale if it is not wanted by the District Board as ordered in Government Order No. 1462-79—Muz. 268-22-11, dated the 17th April 1924.

Resolution.—Recorded.

7. Government Proceedings No. L. 5810-17—L. B. 106-24-4, dated the 9th February 1925, sanctioning the proposal for opening a current account in the Bank of Mysore, Mysore and investing the proceeds of Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway Debenture Loan in Mysore Government Savings Bank and the Bank of Mysore fixed deposits.

The following investments in pursuance of the above Government Order :—

(1) Two lakhs in one year fixed deposit, Mysore Bank, Ltd., Mysore.

(2) Two lakhs in six months fixed deposit do

(3) Rupees twenty thousand in current account do

(4) Two lakhs in Mysore Government Savings Bank.

Resolution.—Recorded.

8. Government Order No. L. 6532-3—L. B. 106-24-9, dated 9th March 1925, sanctioning the formation of a Sinking Fund for the repayment of Nanjangud-Chamarajnagar Railway Debenture Loan by investing Rs. 31,000 in the Mysore Government Savings Bank every year on the 1st July.

Resolution.—Recorded.

9. Government Order No. L. 7092-3—L. B. 109-22-35, dated the 4th April 1925, approving with certain modifications of the draft bond form for issue to the subscribers to Nanjangud-Chamrajagar Railway Debenture Loan.

Resolution.—Recorded.

10. Letter No. G. C. 219-1, dated the 22nd January 1925, from the Senior Surgeon, Government of Mysore, regarding the entertainment of certain qualified Hakeems and the President's reply to it.

Resolution.—Recorded.

11. Letter No. L. 4982—L. B. 4-24-24, dated the 14th January 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary to Government conveying the orders of Government that they regret that the resolution of the District Board to give retrospective effect to the enhancement of the pay of Mr. M. V. Gangadhara Rao, Local Fund Head Clerk from 25th September 1920, cannot be sanctioned.

Resolution.—The Board respectfully adhere to the view that the increased pay should be given effect to from 25th September 1920 and request the Government to sanction their proposal.

12. Letter No. P. 4829-46 (2)—Pris. 79-23-2, dated the 11th March 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary to Government in the matter of starting "Discharged Prisoners Aid Societies" for enabling such prisoners to gain their livelihood after their release.

(*a*) Letter No. 1898, dated 11th April 1925, from the President, City Municipal Council, for the appointment of a Joint Committee in the matter of creating facilities for discharged prisoners to gain their livelihood after their release.

Resolution.—Mr. Mallanna, Mr. Ramakrishnaiya, Mr. Lakshmipathaiya may represent the District Board on the Joint Committee proposed by the Mysore City Municipal Council. The proposals of the Joint Committee may be brought up for consideration at the next ordinary meeting.

13. Subscription by the District Board of Mysore to the Anti Leprosy Relief Fund in response to H. E. the Viceroy's appeal for funds.

Resolution.—A sum of Rs. 500 may be subscribed from the District Board Funds.

14. Government Notification No. 2927, dated 27th March 1925, publishing for general information the "District Boards Bill."

Resolution.—Deferred.

15. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Seringapatam for renting a building at Rs. 8 per mensem for locating the Taluk Board Office.

Resolution.—Deferred.

16. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mysore (1) for shifting the present Vaidyasalas at Maragowdanahalli to Yelwal, (2) increasing the present allowance of the Pandit from Rs. 15 to Rs. 25 to meet the cost of drugs, etc.

Resolution.—Deferred.

17. Correspondence relating to the holding of a weekly santhe at Heggur or Menasikyathanahalli village (Inam) in the T.-Narsipur Taluk.

Resolution.—Deferred.

18. Letter No. 306, dated 8th April 1925, from the President, Town Municipal Council of Nanjangud, regarding contributing from District Funds one-third of the estimated cost of Rs. 5,000 for constructing a compound wall around the Local Fund Dispensary at Nanjangud.

Resolution.—Deferred.

19. Correspondence ending with Mysore Division Executive Engineer's letter No. 1284, dated the 30th March 1925, forwarding a project for Rs. 9,000 for improving road from Mysore to Chandagal *via* Kesare and Nagunahalli villages.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

20. Letter No. 905, dated 31st March 1925, from the District Forest Officer, Mysore, proposing that a sum of Rs. 500 may be provided in the Budget for opening Nurseries at Mysore and Melkote.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

21. Letter No. 918, dated the 19th January 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, proposing a provision of Rs. 150 for annual repairs of the new road constructed from Lalanadevanahalli to Christian Koppal.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

22. District Board President's Memo regarding the distribution of the pay of the Railway clerk from 15th December 1924 to the end of January 1925, to the officials of the District Board Office establishment.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

23. Letter No. 157, dated 11th March 1925, from the Chief Sanitary Inspector, Mysore, proposing that the pay of the peon attached to him may be raised from Rs. 9 to 11 per mensem.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

24. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Gundlupet for additional allotment of Rs. 150 for meeting expenses connected with outbreaks of epidemics.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

25. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nagamangala for the transfer of Rs. 50 from the provision made under "D. Public Health" to "E. Miscellaneous other items" for meeting expenses connected with the Baby Week and Taluk Conference.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

26. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Hunsur for opening a cattle pound in the village of Doddahejjur.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

27. Hunsur Taluk Board President's report No. 166, dated the 20th March 1925e forwarding for sanction an estimate for Rs. 980 for repairing the bathing ghat near th Brahmins' street at Hunsur the cost being met equally from the District, Taluk and Muni cipal Funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

28. Correspondence ending with letter No. 1466, dated the 19th March 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Water Supply Division, regarding the estimate for Rs. 168 for providing a tap near Manoranjan Mohalla, Mysore.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

29. The travelling allowance bills respecting claims as detailed below :—

(*a*) T. A. bill of the Reserve Sanitary Inspector for March 1925...
(*b*) T. A bill of Sanitary Inspector of Yedatore Taluk for January 1925.
} For halting for more than ten days at a place.

(*c*) T. A. bill of the Vice-President of Nagamangala Taluk for September 1924 for performing journey beyond the jurisdiction of the Taluk Board.

(*d*) T. A. bill of Local Fund attender of Heggaddevankote Taluk for November and December 1924, for halting for more than ten days at a place.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

30. Mohatarfa commission bills of the Nagamangala Taluk Board for 1920-21 and 1921-22 for Rs. 13 and Rs. 8 res pectively, the claim being more than two years old.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

31. Contribution of Rs. 50 for the Taluk Fund towards the cost of sanitation during th jatra at Halebeedu, Hunsur Taluk.

Resolution.—Sanctonied.

32. (*a*) Government Order No. R. S. 1635—Ry. F. 169-24-25, dated the 28th February 1925, ordering the resumption of the construction work on the Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway.

Resolution.—(*a*) Recorded.

(*b*) Information on points raised may be obtained.

(*c*) The Engineer-in-Chief may be requested to attend District Board Meetings in future.

(*b*) Letter No. L. 6422—L. B. 106-24-8, dated the 4th March 1925, communicating the orders of Government that they cannot sanction the District Board's proposal to limit the Board's liability in respect of the old works for the Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway Line to one half of the booked outlay instead of one lakh already fixed by Government.

Resolution.—Recorded. The details of booked cost by major heads may be called for.

33. Correspondence relating to the construction of a musafirkhana at Hullambally, Malvalli Taluk, at an estimated cost or Rs. 4,500 or Rs. 2,619 according to the design adopted.

Resolution.—The design for Rs. 4,500 may be sanctioned and the work carried out in the Civil Department.

34. Proposals received from the District Medical Officer, Mysore, for the construction of Local Fund Dispensary Buildings at French Rocks and Krishnarajpete in accordance with the Inspection Notes of the Senior Surgeon.

Resolution.—Provision may be made in the Budget for buildings in Yedatore (New Town), Krishnarajpete and Hura. Estimates may be called for.

35. (1) Correspondence relating to the disposal of the old abandoned travellers' bungalow at Settihalli in the Seringapatam Taluk.

(2) Application from Mr. Deviah on behalf of the Vakkaliga people of Seringapatam Taluk.

Resolution.—The materials may be sold to the Vakkaliga Representative of Seringapatam Taluk for Rs. 100 after they afford guarantee to the satisfaction of the President and subject to the ground being levelled after removing debris.

36. Letter No. 124, dated the 20th March 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding for countersignature on estimate for Rs. 2,975 for the new road between 7/113, Mysore-Manantoddy Road and Gaddiga.

Resolution.—Sanctioned. The work may be put in hand this year from available funds.

37. Letter dated the 4th January 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, Civic and Social Progress Association, Bangalore, regarding contribution from District Funds for opening a "Civic Association Hospital" for training Indian women in Scientific midwifery and practical nursing.

Resolution.—The Board is not convinced of the need for such an additional arrangement now.

38. Letter dated 10th February 1925, from the Secretary, the Hindi Prachar Samithi, Mysore, applying for funds towards the recurring charges of "Hindi Prachar" in Mysore City.

Resolution.—A grant of Rs. 10 a month may be sanctioned.

39. The following estimates received for the reconsideration of the District Board as resolved by the Taluk Board of Seringapatam :—

1. Estimate for Rs. 30 for supplying a lamp post with glass to the 3rd class travellers' bungalow at Melkote.

2. Estimate for Rs. 30 for supplying a lamp-post with glass to the musafirkhana in French Rocks Town.

Resolution.—(1) Sanctioned, (2) There is no necessity.

40. Nanjangud Taluk Board President's No. 408, dated the 20th December 1924, forwarding for sanction from the Taluk Fund an estimate for Rs. 202 for repairing road in Sutturu village Panchayet as the latter has no funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned from the Taluk Board Funds.

41. The following proposals of the Taluk Board of Nanjangud :—

1. Purchasing a clock at a cost of Rs. 40 for the use of the Taluk Board Office.
2. Subscribing for a copy of the *Mysore Gazette* for the use of the Taluk Board Office.

Resolution.—(1) It is not necessary, (2) Sanctioned.

42. Correspondence ending with report No. 540, dated 11th March 1924, from the President of the Taluk Board of Mysore, furnishing information with reference to Resolution No. 12, dated 10th January 1925, in the matter of an estimate for Rs. 9,465 for giving water-supply to the Alanahalli village, Mysore Taluk.

Resolution.—The Board regret that they cannot agree to the proposal.

43. Letter No. 1207, dated the 13th March 1925, from the Organising Scout Commissioner, the Boys' Scouts of Mysore, requesting help towards equiping a Central Training Camp at Byadrahalli, Seringapatam Taluk by providing a good drinking water well and a building for keeping the equipment.

Resolution.—A rest house and a dinking water well may be provided for Byadarahalli.

44. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Malvalli for opening Vaidyasalas at Kiragaval, Belakavadi and Chikkarasinakere and to pay an allowance of Rs. 10 per mensem to each Vaidya, the cost being met equally from District and Taluk Funds.

Resolution.—A Hakeem at Kiragaval and Ayurvedic Pandit at Boppagowdanapura and Doddarasinakere may be appointed at Rs. 10 per mensem met entirely from Taluk Funds.

45. Correspondence ending with letter No. 2670, dated 27th January 1925, from the Live Stock Expert in Mysore, inviting the opinion of the District Board in the matter of supplying Amrut Mahal bull calves to raiyats in accordance with instructions issued in Government Order No. L. I. C. 5364-75—A. & E. 775-20-16, dated the 11th March 1924.

Resolution.—The Amildars may be requested to ascertain and report any cases of willing applicants.

46. Letter dated 29th October 1924, from the President, the Jaina Education Fund Association, Mysore, proposing that the cost of establishment kept for the maintenance of the choultry at Mandagere may be borne by the District Board.

(*a*) Krishnarajpete Taluk Board Persident's report No. 246, dated 2nd March 1925, furnishing the views of the Taluk Board in the matter.

Resolution.—The resolution of the Krishnarajpete Taluk Board will be communicated to the President, Jaina Education Fund Association.

47. Letter No. L. 7024-31—Ml. 145-24-3, dated 3rd April 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary, regarding the revision of the scale of the pay of appointments under Local Bodies, with reference to para 2 of Government Order No. L. 6129-6192—Ml. 145-24-52, dated 19th February 1925.

Resolution.—Taluk Board's proposals may be invited.

48. Communication from the Superintendent of Sericulture in Mysore, regarding the grant of scholarships for Sericultural Training.

Resolution.—Two scholarships of Rs. 10 each sanctioned for six months from 1st May 1925.

49. Correspondence ending with Mysore Taluk Board President's report No. 562, dated the 19th March 1925, regarding the supply of water through pipes to the Kumbarakoppal village.

Resolution.—An estimate may be called for.

50. Correspondence ending with Mandya Talnk Board President's report No. 1212, dated the 27th March 1925 reporting with reference to District Board Resolution of 10th January 1925, that there is no objection to the holding of a weekly shandy at Dudda.

Resolution.—The weekly shandy at Dudda on Friday may be sanctioned.

51. Letter No. 307, dated the 8th April 1925, from the President, Town Municipal Council, regarding the opening of a Maternity Hospital at Nanjangud.

Resolution.—The District Board is agreeable to pay its share of the cost of opening a Female Dispensary at Nanjangud.

52. President's Memo regarding the appointment in anticipation of the Board's approval of Mr. C. Narasimhaiya, as a Member of the Finance Committee *vice* Mr. H. Rangaswamiengar, resigned.

Resolution.—Approved.

53. Proposal of the Taluk Board, Nanjangud, regarding the payment of Rs. 100, from its fund, towards the cost of manure supplied to the raiyats from the Agricultural Department.

Resolution.—Sanctioned from Taluk Funds.

54. The following Government Orders:—

1. Government Order No. I. C. 6461-80—A. & E. 144-22-17, dated the 30th March 1925, revising the scale of maintenance charges of Veterinary Hospitals and Dispensaries.
2. Government Order No. L. 5836-50—L. B. 87-24-12, dated 9th February 1925, reviewing the administration reports of the District Board for 1923-24.
3. Government Order No. L. 7117—L. B. 9-24-52, dated 7th April 1925, ordering the abolition of the Gandanaballi Village Panchayet, Yedatore Taluk.

Resolution.—Recorded. The sum of Rs. 4,000 being the drinking water well grant for 1923-24 may be obtained early, together with the grant of Rs. 4,000 for the current year.

55. Opening of new Local Fund Dispensaries (1) at Kagalvadi, Chandakavadi hobli in the Chamrajnagar Taluk and (2) Halagur, Malvalli Taluk, (the latter has already been sanctioned).

Resolution.—The District Board quota may be provided.

56. Review the vital statistics of the Mysore District for the half-year ending December 1924.

Resolution.—Recorded. The review must show in future the comparative figures of similar period for the previous two years.

57. Resolved that the thanks of the District Board be communicated to Mr. Devojee Rao for his generous promise to provide a building in Yedatore (New Town) for the Veterinary Dispensary.

58. Read and recorded the Government Orders and other communications.

59. Date of the next meeting ... ... 11th July 1925.

(*Vide Ordinary Subject No.* 2 (ii).)

MEMO.

1. *Receipts.*—The provisions made by the Taluk Boards of Mysore and Malvalli under "Public debt" head are omitted as these are not proper items of revenue to the Boards.

2. The Taluk Boards of Yedatore, Mysore, Malvalli and Gundlupet have not provided for the interest accruing on the investments made by them in the Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway Debenture Loan. Necessary provisions have been now made.

3. The provision of Rs. 1,000 made by the Taluk Board of Malvalli under "D. 11. Sale proceeds of lands" is omitted as this function relates to the District Board.

4. The Mandya Taluk Board has provided for an income of Rs. 8,000, from the Local Cess on Land Revenue against the current year's Budget grant of Rs. 6,350 the actuals for 23-24 being Rs. 6,350. As no explanation is given for the increased provision it is reduced to Rs. 6,000.

5. The Krishnarajpete Taluk Board anticipates an income of Rs. 500, from collecting fees in the weekly shandies at Kikkeri and Thandakere. This function has been assigned to the District Board and the levy of such fees has not been sanctioned by Government. hence omitted.

6. The sum of Rs. 75 provided by this Board under "Fees from Musafirkhanas" is reduced to Rs. 20 as the Budget grant for 1924-25 is Rs. 5 and the actuals for 1923-24 comes to Rs. 19.

II. *Expenditure.*—

1. The Taluk Boards of Yedatore, Heggaddevankote, Malvalli and Nagamangala have made provision for increasing the pay of their respective establishments. As separate proposal have been called for by the Government for revising the scale of pay of the establishments under Local Bodies in pursuance of Government Order No. L. 6129-6192—Ml. 145-24-52, dated 19th February 1925 the above provisions are omitted subject to supplemental budgets being sanctioned after orders are passed by the Government in the matter.

2. The provisions made (*a*) under "Office contingencies" by the Taluk Boards of Yedatore, Mandya and Nagamangala are in excess of the sanctioned scale by Government. These provisions are however retained subject to utilisation after obtaining special sanction of the District Board.

3. (*a*) The Taluk Board of Hunsur has provided for increasing the pay of the peon of Chikkunda musafirkhana from Rs. 7 to Rs. 9 per mensem, (*b*) Gundlupet Taluk Board has provided for increasing the pay of the caretakers of Bandipur and Maddur musafirkhanas by Rs. 2 each, (*c*) The Taluk Board of Nanjangud has proposed for having four caretakers for musafirkhanas on Rs. 10 each instead of the present two caretakers on Rs. 7 each and one caretaker on Rs. 9.

The above provisions are retained subject to suitable proposals being sent for obtaining previous sanction of Government.

The Mysore Taluk Board has provided a sum of Rs. 150 against the sanctioned scale of Rs. 132 on account of the cost of the establishment of musafirkhana. The excess provision is retained subject to previous sanction being obtained before utilising it.

4. Ayurvedic and Unani Dispensaries:—

1. The provision made by the Yedatore Taluk Board for increasing the present allowance of Rs. 25 of Ayurvedic Pandit at Hanasoge by Rs. 10 per mensem is omitted as the proposal was vetoed by the District Board at their meeting held on the 10th January 1925.

2. The proposal of the Hunsur Taluk Board to increase the present allowance of the Hakeem of Bilikere by Rs. 5 is retained. The previous sanction of the District Board is necessary for utilising the provision.

3. The provisions made by the Taluk Board of Malvalli for opening Vaidyasalas at Kiragaval, Dodarasinakere and Balkavadi at Rs. 10 each per mensem is sanctioned, the entire cost being borne by the Taluk Board.

4. The proposal of the Mandya Taluk Board for entertaining seven Native Pandits on Rs. 10 each at each hobli head quarter instead of the present two Pandits on Rs. 25 and Rs. 10 respectively, is retained subject to the previous sanction of the District Board being obtained for the proposal.

5. The undermentioned provisions are retained or modified as explained against each:—

(1) Yedatore Taluk Board:—Medical Relief Country Medicines Rs. 70. Omitted as this function relates to the District Board. Veterinary Dispensaries:—Rs. 580. For opening a Veterinary Dispensary at Yedatore. Omitted as this function is assigned to District Board.

Nanjangud Taluk Board—C. 1. (e) Rs. 150. For encouraging Panchama Weavers. Retained subject to suitable proposals being sent for sanction of the District Board.

Malvalli Taluk Board:—"A Public Works" Rs. 240. Omitted as the maintenance charges of Halagur-Channapatna road have to be met from the provision under "B Public Works" after the road is put in charge of the Taluk Board.

Public Debt Deposits:—Rs. 100. Omitted as there is no such outlay.

Acquisition of lands Rs. 1,000. Omitted as this function is assigned to the District Board.

Boys' Scout Fund:—Rs. 50. Omitted as such items of expenditure are not sanctioned by Government under Section 27 (2) of the Local Boards Regulation of 1918.

Mandya Taluk Board:—Lunch—Rs. 50. Omitted as similar proposals of other Taluk Boards have not been sanctioned by Government.

Nagamangala Taluk Board:—Cattle Shows—Rs. 100 for awarding prizes at the Cattle Shows at Kotebetta and Chunchanagiri. Retained.

Seringapatam Taluk Board:—The respective provisions of Rs. 200 and Rs. 50 (i) made for revising the Taluk Hand Book and reception of important personages are omitted as these are not legitimate charges on the Taluk Fund, (ii) The sum of Rs. 1,000 made under "D. 11. other items" for meeting the cost of Village Extensions is omitted as this function relates to the District Board.

6. D. Conservancy Establishment:—The Taluk Boards of Heggaddevankote and Gundlupet have provided for the entertainment of a peon for duty under the Sanitary Inspector. Retained subject to previous sanction of Government being obtained.

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
President.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

ALUR MINOR MUNICIPALITY.

The following draft bye-laws relating to the levy of octroi duty on articles imported into Alur Municipality under Section (48) (*k*) of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906 are published for the information of the public.

Any person or inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed tax may within a fortnight from the date of the notice send his objections in writing to the President, Municipal, Council, Alur.

The local limits for collection of octroi duty shall be Municipal boundaries.

2. No article liable to octroi duty shall be brought within the limits except by one of the roads described in the schedule hereto annexed.

3. All persons bringing into or receiving from beyond the octroi limits of the town any such articles shall exhibit the same at the Municipal office as to allow of it being duly inspected by the octroi staff.

4. Every person bringing dutiable article within the town shall report the fact at the Municipal office.

5. A table showing of the octroi duty leviable on the various articles shall be exhibited at the Municipal office in a conspicuous part thereof and copies shall be supplied without any charge to any person requiring the same.

6. When the goods have been examined at the octroi post, the importer shall forthwith bring the taxable goods to the octroi office accompanied by a peon.

7. When the goods are brought to the octroi office, they may be unloaded, weighed or counted by the officer in charge of the office, in the octroi office upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods, the importers shall either pay the amount due and receive a permit for the removal of the goods showing the quantity or weight of the goods, the amount paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. In case, the importer wishes to export the goods at once, he shall do so only after obtaining a free export pass and subjecting the goods to the escort of an octroi subordinate.

8. With a view to the appraisement of the value of goods when the tax is assessed or valued, the importer may be called upon to produce the invoice of the goods for the inspection of the officer in charge of the octroi office should he fail or refuse to produce the invoice, the value of the goods shall be assessed by the officer in charge of the octroi office at current rates and octroi levied accordingly.

9. In case when it is found that the excess octroi has been pa[illegible] to the President to refund the excess, provided the claim is p[illegible] exceeding six months.

BONDED WAREHOUSE.

10. The Municipal Council shall provide a bonded war[illegible] which may be deposited under Bye-law 7.

11. The bonded warehouse shall be open for the tran[illegible] to 5 P.M., daily except on Sundays and holidays authorised [illegible] shall, however, be made by the officer in charge of the [illegible] articles such as betel leaves, etc., on such days and also [illegible] tances. The Municipality is not responsible for the los[illegible] party.

12. Any importer depositing goods in the bonde[illegible] koti has previous to weighing, counting, appraising, a[illegible] thereon give a declaration in the form appended, of t[illegible] necessary, of the value of such goods.

13. A receipt in the form appended (Schedul[illegible] charge of the octroi koti for all goods deposited in [illegible] such goods shall be maintained. It is the duty [illegible] articles deposited by him and the octroi departme[illegible] the premises and not covered by a receipt.

14. The receipt given by the octroi depa[illegible] before taking delivery of the articles to which [illegible] for any loss that might be sustained by the [illegible] the officials concerned. Perishable articles t[illegible] be thrown out on being spoilt.

15. If the depositor himself does n[illegible] octroi office, he must endorse on the recei[illegible] wishes to be made and if the receipt is n[illegible] descretion of the officer, in charge of th[illegible] in his opinion to receive the same has [illegible] charge of the octroi office.

16. Any person who has deposited goods in the bonded warehouse may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the warehouse or may on paying full duty thereon, import such goods into the town covered by a permit or may export such goods free, covered by an export pass, subject to the escort of an octroi subordinate provided that new packages covered by such pass, shall, if possible, and before they are taken from the warehouse, be stamped by the officer in charge, so as to show that they are under bond. The export pass shall be in triplicate, the original being retained by the officer in charge of the warehouse and the duplicate and triplicate delivered for every export pass granted under Rule 7. A fee of one anna shall be charged for every packets provided that in the case of carts a fee of two annas shall be charged for every cart.

17. The officer in charge of the octroi koti on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted or the validity of the claim shall endorse the three parts of the application with an export pass and keeping one part in the office shall deliver the other parts to the applicant.

18. All goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under free export pass under Bye-laws 15 shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pass at the octroi station at exit.

19. Goods shall be allowed to remain in the bonded warehouse one day free of charge after the expiry of that period rates as shown in the following schedule shall be charged for a week or portion thereof :—

(a)	Tobacco per bundle of 5 maunds or portion thereof	3 pies	a day.
(b)	Sugar per bag of do	do	do
(c)	Piecegoods per bale of 400 lbs.	do	do
(d)	Jaggary per bag of 5 maunds	do	do
(e)	Kerosene per box of 2 tins	do	do
(f)	Dry cocoanut per bag of 2 maunds	do	do

Sundays and close holidays shall not be taken into account in fixing the date from which fees under each class shall be payable. Double the rate will be charged for each day after the expiry of a week.

20. The President may permit, any wholesale dealer to occupy a room in the bonded warehouse for the storing of dutiable articles intended for sale to retail dealers in the Municipality and may make such rules regarding the occupation of such rooms or payment of rent as may from time to time be found necessary.

[illegible]ining [illegible]uncharged or unclaimed for a longer period than three months [illegible]der in public auction provided that before selling such goods [illegible]ed for seven days at the bonded warehouse and at the Municipality [illegible] goods shall be sold earlier when the storage fees are likely to [illegible]

[illegible]ld under Bye-law 20, the sale proceeds shall be credited to [illegible]f duty and storage fees due in respect thereof and the [illegible]f the amount realized by the sale exceeds the amount so [illegible] Municipal funds. Any claims for such balance received [illegible]d by the President. No claim shall be admitted after [illegible] special permission of the Council.

[illegible]les shall if called upon by a requisition in writing [illegible]ent within one year of such import, account for such [illegible] either a permit obtained in token of payment of [illegible]ying exported the whole or part of the articles so [illegible] bye-law will render the importer liable to punish- [illegible]e value of octroi on such goods or to Rs. 25 [illegible]ctroi duty on the articles unaccounted for.

[illegible] dutiable articles, who infringes Bye-laws 3, 4, [illegible]xceeding Rs. 50 before the Magistrate.

[illegible]LE I.

[illegible]outes.

[illegible] 4. Alur-Bikkod road.
[illegible] Alur-Chitnahalli road.

SCHEDULE II.

(SEE BYE-LAW No. 11).

To

The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office, Alur Town. Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the koti.

Name of depositor	Description of articles deposited	Number of packages or bales, etc.	Distinguishing marks, if any	Weight		Measurements		Quantity	Value			Remarks
				Maunds	Seers	Feet	Inches		Rs	a.	p.	

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries as made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of the Bye-laws Nos. 12 to 15, 16, 18 and 21 relating to the deposit.

Witnesses.....
Address.....
Date.....

Signature of the Depositor.....
Address.....
Date.....

SCHEDULE III.

SEE BYE-LAW No. 12.

Octroi Office, Alur Town.

Received the deposit the undermentioned goods from.....

Receipt No.	No.	Date	Goods deposited (Note No.)	Name of articles	Description	Number of article	Remarks

Goods keeper.

Octroi Clerk.

Date.....

SCHEDULE IV.

Schedule of taxes—Alur Town.

Serial No.	Name of tax	Class of property liable	Amounts for which or rates at which class 1 liable				Exemption	Time at which taxes payable
			Per rates of duty.	Rs.	a.	p.		
1	Octroi	The articles mentioned in the next column when imported into Municipal limits.	1 Fresh cocoanuts each	0	0	1	(1) Personal luggage of travellers goods, *bona fide* property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by an invoice certified by the departmental head concerned that the property therein mentioned belongs to Government.	
			Do 100	0	8	4		
			2 Dry cocoanuts per maund	0	8	0		
			3 Betel leaves 100	0	0	1		
			4 Jaggary per md.	0	2	0		
			5 Sugar per md.	0	4	0		
			6 Kerosene oil per tin	0	2	0		
			7 Tobacco per md.	1	0	0		
			8 Piece goods per rupee	0	0	3		
			Do 100	1	9	0		
			9 Sheep or goat each brought for sale	0	1	0	(4) Piece goods manufactured locally.	
			10 Cigars above 100 or portion thereof	0	0	6		
			11 Butter per seer	0	0	2		

Draft bye-laws for regulating buildings and other structure in the Alur Minor Municipality.

Any inhabitant of this Municipality objecting to the proposed bye-laws, may within one month from the date of this notice, send his objection in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Alur.

Notice to be given to the President by person intending to build :—Every person intending to errect or re-errect within the meaning of Section 92 or 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the Alur shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President.

Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of the land on which the structure is proposed to be built, drawn to a scale of not less than one inch to 10 feet showing :—

(*a*) The position, nature, and the use of existing buildings thereon, if any and of the building and appurtenant out-building to be erected on the land.

(*b*) The area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land.

(*c*) The names of (if any) or, description of the adjacent roads or streets, buildings culverts; and

(*d*) The number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the land is situated.

Provided it shall be sufficient for the site plan to show, to the satisfaction of the President, with scale the site of the proposed building and its position on the land together with the position on the land with reference to adjacent buildings or lands.

The license and the site plan shall be produced by the party when called upon to do so by Municipal authorities at all reasonable times.

No piece of lands shall be used as a site for the erection of a building intended for human occupation.

(*a*) If the building is to abut a street unless the site is of such a shape that the building can be made parallel to the line of the street.

(*b*) If the site on the tanks or nallas filled up with or used for depositing rubbish, offensive matter or sewage, unless such site has been certified by the President, as fit to be built upon.

(*c*) If the site is one which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matter, until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or shall in his opinion have been innocuous.

(*d*) Unless the site is certified by the President to be dry and well drained or capable of being well drained.

(*e*) If the site is on a lower level than will allow its drainage to be led into some existing or projected swers.

Building not to be erected on a Municipal drain.—No building shall be erected over a Municipal drain.

Pits not be excavated in the building sites :—

No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

Building sites not to be surrounded by lantana etc.—No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, prickly pear or other objectionable plant or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

Level of plinth.— Every person who shall erect a new domestic building shall cause the same to be built with a plinth not below 1¼ feet above the general level of the ground around and 1½ feet above top of side drain.

Eaves not to project beyond street drain.—The eaves of the building; sun shades to windows, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house.

Sun shades not to be erected beyond outer edge of the side drain:—No sun shades for shops either temporary or permanent shall be erected beyond the outer edge *i.e.*, the edge towards the house side of the drain.

Frontage:—Every house shall have a decent frontage in keeping with the surroundings and no perishable or inflamable materials shall be used for construction.

Ventilation of rooms:—Every person shall so construct define the maximum floor space and height, every room that the same shall be ventilated by means of doors or windows which open directly into the external air and have an aggregate opening equal to not less than one-tenth of the floor space.

No shops to be built in the midst of the residential localities:—No shops or market place, manufactory place of public resort shall be built in the midst of the localities intended for residential purposes. For the purpose of this bye-law, it shall be competent to the President of the Municipal Council to determine what is the residential area and what is not.

Conservancy of the premises:—Every householder is bound to conserve the house occupied by him and the grounds attached to the same. All such premises must be provided with a suitable drain constructed in accordance with speculations supplied by the President, for the drainage of the house and compound for the removal of sullage water and sewage to the nearest existing street drain commanded by the level of the house and the grounds pertaining thereto. The owner of the house is bound to construct such drains within thirty days from the date of the notice served on him by the President, calling on him to construct the required drain or drains in default, the President is competent to order the construction of the required drain or drains at owner's risk and cost.

No room, etc., to be constructed over a privy:—No person shall construct over a privy whether new or old, any structure of any description. In the case of water closet may be provided proper drainage arrangements prescribed by and approved of by the President are effected.

Privies to be constructed on sites approved by the President:—A person who shall construct a new privy, whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved of by the President. Every privy shall have a floor of a material, which has a smooth surface and which is impervious to water and shall have a smooth non-absorbent coating a cement to a height of not less than five feet above the floor of such privy.

Proximity of privies to water supply:—A person who shall construct a privy in connection with a building shall not without the written permission of the President construct such privy within a distance of 20 feet from any well, spring or stream of water used or likely to be used by a man for drinking or other domestic purposes or for manufacturing drinks for the use of man or otherwise in such a position as to render any such water liable to pollution.

Air space round privies:—Every person who shall construct a privy in connection with a building shall so construct the same as to leave an external air space of not less than 4 feet in width from the building, and open to the sky, surrounding such privy on either side thereof except the entrance side, where any gallery or passage communicating with such privy, shall be not less than 3 feet in width and shall be open to the external air on both sides.

Cleaning of latrines and manure pits.—Uncleaned latrine pits, sewage pumps, within the precinits and in proximity to the house shall be cleaned and filled up within 2 days notice to that effect from the President, unless the President, considers it necessary in any particular case or cases to extend or decrease the period.

Incomplete buildings to be completed within one year of notice and in default President to complete and recover cost of demolish.—Any person who shall be given a license for erecting a new building in accordance with the aforesaid bye-laws and shall have the same incomplete for any length of time extending six months shall be bound, on being served with a notice in this behalf, to furnish and complete the building within a responsible time to be fixed by the President for completion of the same.

Person intending to build may apply to the President for information.—If any person has any doubt or difficulty as to the time intent or meaning of any matter connected with these rules or the requirements thereof, he may before giving notice in writing of his intention to erect or re-erect any building, apply to the President, who shall, upon receipt of such application, give the said person within a week such information as in the circumstances may be necessary.

Penalties.—Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with a fine which may extend to Rs. 50, on conviction before a Magistrate, as provided in the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Section 96(5).

B. VENKATARAMA RAO,
President.

KADUR DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEETING OF THE KADUR DISTRICT BOARD, CONVENED ON THE 30TH APRIL 1925 AND 1ST MAY 1925.

Present	21	Absent	8
	Vacant ...	1.	

The Economic Survey Officer was also present by invitation to address the Members on the Malnad Improvement Scheme.

2. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 188, dated 5th January 1925, recommending the abolition of the third class travellers' bungalow at Veerupakshikhan in view of its very little utility to the travelling public, only six people having halted there, since 1925.

Resolved that the bungalow be repaired and maintained.

3. (*a*) Read Senior Surgeon's No. 377-43, dated 2nd December 1924, forwarding copy of his letter addressed to Government in *re* to the construction of a combined dispensary at Tarikere and calling for the views of the District Board in respect of the site selected by him in consultation with the President of the District Board and of the Municipal Council.

(*b*) Read Tarikere Municipal President's letter communicating the views of the Municipal Council in respect of the suggestion made by the District Board in regard to the construction of the building on the site of the old musafirkhana which is proposed to be demolished.

Deferred till the next meeting.

4. Read Tarikere Municipal President's No. 290, dated 26th January 1925, forwarding a copy of the resolution of the Municipal Council agreeing to pay their quota of $\frac{1}{3}$ cost for the construction of the building that may be required over the amount that may be realized by the sale of the present dispensary building.

Deferred till the next meeting.

5. (*a*) Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 223, dated 19th November 1924, recommending the acquisition of 1 acre and 15 guntas of land in Survey No. 54 for extending the Holageri in Aidahalli village, Avathi hobli of the Chikmagalur Taluk.

May be acquired.

(*b*) Chief Sanitary Inspector's Memo No. 492, dated 7th February 1925, recommending that the site proposed to be acquired is suitable for the construction of houses.

6. Read extract from Audit Note for 1921-22:—

Sanction be obtained for the excess work executed and for payments aggregating to Rs. 57-1-1 made in respect of Kesavalalu and Gowthavalli well works over the sanctioned estimates.

Sanctioned.

7. Read Tarikere Taluk Board President's No. 290, dated 17th February 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Lingadahalli Village Panchayet recommending the increase of pay to the peon from Rs. 8 to Rs. 10 with effect from 1st February 1925.

Sanctioned with effect from this date.

8. Read letter No. P. 4829—Pris. 79-23-2, dated 11th March 1925, from the Secretary, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to take steps to have discharged Prisoners' Aid Societies started with the help of earnest and philanthropic workers to create facilities for discharged prisoners to gain their livelihood.

Resolved that the letter be forwarded to the Taluk Boards for necessary action.

9. Read Executive Engineer's letter No. 153, dated 24th March 1925, ascertaining the views of the Board in *re* to the alignment of the Hariharpur-Bhandigadi road and their willingness to incur an expensen of Rs. 5,300 required therefor.

This work cannot be taken up at present.

10. (*a*) Correspondence ending with Tarikere Taluk Board President's No. 341, dated 2nd April 1925, forwarding for consideration the opinion of the Taluk Board for enhancing the grant to the Hindu Vaidyasala at Tarikere from Rs. 59 to Rs. 100 per mensem.

(*b*) Tarikere Municipal President's No. 361, dated 2nd March 1925, agreeing for the increase of grant to Rs. 80 per mensem and to bear their quota of 5/7 of the cost, *viz.*, Rs. 685-11-5.

The District Board are prepared to give an annual grant of Rs. 274, *i.e.*, 2/7 of Rs. 80 per mensem.

11. Read District Medical Officer's letter No. 3411, dated 26th March 1925, forwarding an extract from the remarks made by the Senior Surgeon on the Ajjampur Local Fund Dispensary suggesting the construction of a compound wall to the dispensary building and quarters to the staff.

For want of funds the work may be deferred for the present.

12. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 164, dated 31st March 1925, submitting a copy of the resolution of the Taluk Board recommending an additional grant of Rs. 25 to the native pandit at Chikmagalur.

Deferred till next meeting.

13. Read Deputy Commissioner's Memo No. O. C. 1668, dated 31st March 1925, for opinion of the Board whether the cost of constructing a reservoir at Balagadi will be met by the Malnad Improvement Funds.

As the buildings belong to Government, the Government should be approached for the funds.

14. District and Taluk Board Budgets for 1925-26.

Resolved that the Budget as framed be passed.

15. Read letter No. 597, dated 25th July 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, inviting the views of the Board if the existing rules relating to the registration of vital statistics require any modification.

The rules do not require any modification. All that is required is that they should be strictly enforced. The Board are of opinion that the form of the book requires a change. Then books should be printed on better paper of uniform size and the books well bound and the pages machine numbered.

16. Read letter No. 160, dated 27th March 1925, from the Executive Engineer, suggesting to address Government in the matter of the recovery of contribution from the Municipal Councils for the maintenance of District Fund roads passing within the respective municipal limits.

That the municipality be requested to contribute their quota towards the maintenance of the roads.

17. Read Mudgere Taluk Board President's No. 900, dated 28th April 1925, recommending the repairs of the bridge across the Hemavathi at Balur out of the Malnad Improvement Funds.

The work may be financed by the Malnad Improvement Funds.

18. Read Mudgere Taluk Board President's No. 888, dated 20th April 1925, recommending the construction of a musafirkhana at Banakal out of Malnad Improvement Funds at a cost of Rs. 4,260.

No funds, so, may be deferred for the present.—

19. Read Narasimharajapura Taluk Board President's Number nil, dated 22nd April 1925, submitting the sale records of Bommenahalli toll-gate for sanction, the sale realization being Rs. 1,675 (Rs. 50 in excess of last year's realization.)

Sanctioned.

20. Read Notes of Inspection of the Balur Dispensary by the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, suggesting the desirability of transferring the dispensary either to Balur or to Javali.

May be referred to the Taluk Board for opinion.

21. Read Government Order No. 7179-82—L. B. 33-24-6, dated 8th April 1925, sanctioning the opening of a road from Hosahalli to Beranagod at a cost of Rs. 6,770 and directing that the cost be borne equally by the District Board and the Government.

In view of the straightened condition of their finances and in view of the fact that they have not been able to take up even more important road works, on account of want of funds, the Board are constrained to observe that they cannot take up the road in question unless the Government are pleased to afford the Board the relief of maintenance of certain roads which the Board have requested the Government them in their letter No. L. B. 375—24-25, dated 20th March 1925.

22. Read Mudgere Taluk Board Presidents's No. 909, dated intimating that the room in the musafirkhana buildings hither to occupied by the Agricultural Department is proposed to be temporarily placed at the disposal of the Secretary, Co-operative Society at Mudgere to store Agricultural implements and manure for sale to the raiyats.

Approved.

23. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. L. B. 32, dated nil, recommending the opening of a Vaidyasala at Kalasapura until a dispensary in sanctioned for the place.

A Vaidyasala may be opened tentatively for one year at a cost not exceeding Rs. 40 per mensem and a properly qualified man appointed therefor. Also resolved that a sub-committee consisting of the following members be formed to go into the question of standardizing the scale of pay and expenditure of Vaidyasalas and Unani Dispensaries in the district and they will be requested to place their report at the next meeting of the Board.

1. Mr. Ramachendravasudeva Rao.
2. ,, Pais, B.A.
3. ,, C. P. Basave Gowda.

24. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 168, dated 3rd April 1925, recommending the abolition of the cattle pound at Handi.

The pound in the Handi estate will be closed at once. A new pound incharge of the patel should be opened.

25. Read letter No. 149, dated 16th March 1925, from the Executive Engineer, suggesting the utilization of the remaining sum of Rs. 1,000 out of Rs. 3,000 sanctioned for road works under the Malnad Improvement Scheme for the construction of tunnels in the first three miles of Pandaravalli road to prevent the lapse of the grant sanctioned by Government.

Approved.

26. Read Executive Engineer's Memo No. 209, dated 9th April 1925, suggesting that the grant of Rs. 2,000, sanctioned during the current year for the improvements of the 23rd mile of the Bababudan Hill Road be utilized for widening the same road in narrow places in 7th and 8th miles as it cannot be worked out for improving the road at the 23rd mile before the close of the year.

This may be done.

27. Read Executive Engineer's Memo. No. 196, dated 5th April 1925, requesting for the payment of Rs. 1,761-10-8, being the quota of contribution payable by the District Board for constructing a Female Dispensary at Mudgere. And Deputy Commissioner's letter No. 139—24-25, dated 20th April 1925, addressed to the Executive Engineer, Kadur Division, suggesting alternative proposals involving no additional expenditure either to Government or to the District Board.

This sum may be made available.

28. Read Chief Sanitary Inspector's letter No. 640, dated 24th April 1925, requesting for a further allotment of Rs. 140 and Rs. 200 towards contingent and travelling allowance, respectively.

May be recommended.

29. Read Report No. 177—24-25, dated 25th April 1925, received from the President, Chikmagalur Taluk Board, forwarding a reappropriation statement for the utillization of Rs. 300 from out of the closing balance for acquisition and other charges.

May be done.

30. Read Executive Engineer's letter No. 257, dated 29th April 1925, intimating that the cost of constructing a cart bridge across Vedavati at Yagati would amount to Rs. 4.500 and ascertaining the view of the Board whether they are agreeable to incur the expenditure.

Cart bridge may be constructed.

31. Read Executive Engineer's letter No. 256, dated 29th April 1925, as regards running of motor lorry on the Bababudan Hill Road.

As cart traffic is difficult on this road, the Board consider that the restrictions proposed by the Executive Engineer to be placed on motor lorries are undesirable.

32. Read letter No. C. 2620-1, dated 29th April 1925, received from the Senior Surgeon in Mysore, regarding medical aid to be given to the residents of Bhandigadi village.

The Board are not in favour of the proposal that the Sub-Assistant Surgeon of Hariharpur should be asked to visit Bhandigadi to afford medical relief to the residents of that village.

33. Read letter dated 25th April 1925, received from Mr. C. Vasudeva Rao, Coffee Planter, forwarding copy of the resolution of the public meeting as regards connecting Chikmagalur with the Railway.

Mr. C. Sreenivasa Rao may he deputed by the Board as a Member of the deputation.

34. Read petition dated 14th April 1925, received from Mr. B. N. Hanumanthappa, requesting to exempt the bus that runs through Kotgihar from payment of toll.

The Board cannot do anything in the matter as the road in question is a provincial one.

35. Read letter No. 255, dated 29th April 1925, forwarding an essimate for Rs. 1,335 for constructing a compound wall to the Local Fund Dispensary at Birur.

May be deferred for want of funds.

LIST OF ESTIMATES FOR SANCTION.

36. I. (Sanctioned by the President, District Board in anticipation of the Board's approval.)

DISTRICT BOARD.

		Rs.
1.	Sinking a well at Chinnakodage, Narasimharajapura Taluk ...	742
2.	Repairing Bisalehalli well in the Kadur Taluk	550

FLOOD.

1.	Repairs to Chokkanna's Estate Road	200

MALNAD IMPROVEMENT.

1.	Repairing Kaimara well	139
2.	Deepening the well at Balur in the Mudgere Taluk ...	415
3.	Repairing the well at Bidarahalli, Mudgere	100

TALUK BOARD.

1.	Repairing the travellers' bungalow at Lingenahalli in the Chikmagalur Taluk	378
2.	Repairing third class travellers' bungalow and out-houses at Sollebyle	220
3.	Repairing third class travellers' bungalow at Santaveri in the Tarikere	1,145
4.	Supplying furniture to the third class travellers' bungalow at Sollebyle	68
5.	Supply of street lamps to Banakal Village Panchayet ...	135

Approved.

(List of estimates to be sanctioned.)

II. DISTRICT BOARD

1.	Revised estimate for constructing an Armaco Culvert across Suralihalla on the Hariharpur-Kunmakki Road. (Flood) ...	2,880
2.	Urgent repairs to Anajur bridge on the Anemahal-Mudgere Road	120
3.	Sinking a well at Belwadi in the Chikmagalur Taluk ...	1,303
4.	Constructing tunnels on the Panadaravalli Road ...	2,215
5.	Special repairs to Sivane-Ajjampur Road	341
6.	Do Bukkambudi-Sivane Road	2,330
7.	Do Tarikere-Hosdurga Road	2,440
8.	Improving Mudgere-Belur Road	490
9.	Sinking a well in Kalasapur-Horpet	785

MALNAD IMPROVEMENT.

1.	Rebuilding parapet wall to the well at Kabikalhalli in the Chikmagalur Taluk	145

(Revised.)

2.	Converting the descending well into a draw well at Hoshalli in the Mudgere Taluk	662
3.	Repairing the well at Hanumanahalli in the Mudgere Taluk...	145
4.	Providing pulleys to the well at Chikkolale in the Chikmagalur Taluk	14
5.	Revised estimate for sinking well at Kenchapura for Madigars	772

TALUK BOARD.

1.	Repairs to Assistant Surgeon's quarters at Madigars ...	47
2.	Do Local Fund Dispensary at Mudgere ...	50
3.	Do do Narasimharajapura ..	72
4.	Do do Koppa	45
5.	Do the musafirkhana at Mudgere ...	132
6.	Construction of an office building for the Village Panchayet at Kalasapur	945
7.	Repairing the travellers' bungalow at Sampigekhan ...	127
8.	Do do at Kalasa	116
9.	Repairing the travellers' bungalow at Balehole ...	160
10.	Repairing and supplying furniture articles to the third class travellers' bungalow at (1) Aldur 74-8-0, (2) Kanati 74-0-0, (3) Lingadahalli 126, (4) Kalasapur 67, (5) Attigundi 73-8-0 and (6) Mallandur 80-0-0 ... Total ...	495
11.	Repairing the travellers' bungalow at Aldur, Chikmagalur Taluk	428

TALUK BOARD.—*concld.*

		Rs.
12.	Purchasing articles to Balehonnur musafirkhana ...	31
13.	Repairing the furniture of travellers' bungalow at Balehonnur	22
14.	Bill for the quota payable by the Board for the repairs of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon's quarters at Koppa ..	4-5-0
15.	Repairing the old Taluk Office at Vastara	498 (revi.)
16.	Construction of a cattle pound at Javali	750
17.	Purchasing furniture to the Taluk Board Office at Mudgere ...	42
18.	For repairing the Anjaneyaswami Temple at Ambale so as to provide also accommodation for travellers in a portion of the temple. (Out of the estimated cost of Rs. 380, Rs. 125 to be met from the Village Common Fund and Rs. 255 to be met from the Panchayet Funds) ...	380

All estimates sanctioned.

Government orders were read and recorded.

Date of next meeting:—17th June 1925, at 1 P.M.

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
President.

DAVANGERE TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Dated 17th April 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting, without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of information of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise, or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the 1st day of every month into the Municipal Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Municipal President. He shall, if required by the Municipal President, furnish to the office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and the gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the Municipal Council.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and the rules issued under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation or the rules framed by the Municipal Council under the Municipal Regulation. He shall recognize all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(a) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(b) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(c) No more than one payment of toll shall be demanded at any toll-gate in respect of any vehicle in any one period of twenty-four hours counted from sunrise to sunrise.

(d) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(e) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(f) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required, by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage, or animal, conveying such property, reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(g) No toll shall be levied for the passage of traffic, cars, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to the Municipal Council;

(2) Conveying Municipal servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants;

(3) Licensed by the Municipal Council;

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to Municipal taxation provided the tax has been paid in advance;

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Municipal Council for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government;

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey Mails;

(7) Belonging to the Honourable the British Resident in Mysore;

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance;

(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate	Davangere Town Municipal toll-gates.
2.	Situation of the gate ...	On the town limits.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic or out-going traffic	In-coming traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.
5.	Amount of deposit required	Rs. 2,500.
6.	Place of sale	Chamarajendra Memorial Hall, Davangere.
7.	Date of sale	20th May 1925 at 2 P.M.
8.	Officer conducting the sale	The President, Town Municipal Council, Davangere.
9.	Officer confirming the sale	The Municipal Council, Davangere.
10.	Remarks	.....

SCHEDULE B.

Details of Traffic.	Rate. Rs. a. p.
Every laden cart or carriage	0 4 0
Every empty cart or carriage	0 2 0

N.B.—Carts carrying firewood, fodder and thatch should be treated as unladen for the purpose of levying tolls.

M. CHENNARAJA URS,
President, Town Municipality.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Notice dated 6th May 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to 1/6th of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale.

The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in the Schedule A who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and Orders approved by Government, and he shall not levy any toll from such persons. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised local, railway and education cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the Rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner furnish to the Taluk Office, at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in a prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and the gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated the 4th November 1876. He shall recognise all exemptions made by the statute of rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(*a*) A table of authorised tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(c) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of twenty-four hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon, at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(d) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(e) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(f) No toll shall be levied for the passage on duty of British Military Officers, (a) to entitle an officer to pass a toll-gate without payment as being on duty, he must fulfill one of the following conditions:—(i) Be travelling in a staff car, (ii) wear uniform, (b) officers passing toll-gates on duty otherwise than in uniform will enter in a book kept by the toll-gate keeper for that purpose, their rank, name, and nature of duty on which they are travelling.

(g) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(h) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to municipal taxation, provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Local Boards, for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(7) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

17. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of the road ...	... Toll-gate on Harihar-Harapanahalli Road.
2.	Situation of the gate ...	... Near Karlahalla.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic.	Through traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	
5.	Amount of deposit required ...	... Rs. 366, one-sixth of the contract amount for 1924-25.
6.	Place of sale ...	... Harihar Deputy Amildar's Office.
7.	Date of sale ...	... 20th June 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale ...	... Deputy Commissioner or any other officer deputed by him.
9.	Officer confirming the sale ...	... Deputy Commissioner and President, District Board.
10.	Remarks	... Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

	Items.	Rate of toll.		
1.	On Every laden cart	0	4	0
2.	Do empty cart	0	2	0
3.	Do horse	0	0	6
4.	Do bullock	0	0	6
5.	Do ass	0	0	6
6.	Do motor car	1	0	0
7.	Do motor cycle	0	8	0

S. VENKATARANGAM,
Deputy Commissioner.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 29th April 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in the Schedules A and B during the official years 1925-26 and 1926-27 will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each date from 12 noon to 5 P.M.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in the Schedule who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the President, District Board.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Board Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the standing rules and orders approved by Government.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, President and Vice-President, District Board, the Assistant Commissioner, the President and Vice-President of Taluk Boards. He shall, if required by the President, District Board furnish to the Taluk Board Office at the end of every month a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in a prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and the gate without payment of any rent and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of the District Board.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and the rules issued under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation. He shall recognise all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(*a*) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(*b*) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(*c*) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of twenty-four hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British authorities.

(*d*) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(*e*) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(*f*) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of troops or Military Stores or equipages or of police officers on duty or of any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorized by the President, District Board or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, covering such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

British Military Officers passing on duty are exempt from payment of tolls.

(*g*) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Board servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Local Boards for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(6) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President, District Board, to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor, who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of the fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employee for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

N.B.—Persons who are in arrears in respect of khists of tolls, ferries and markets of previous years will not be permitted to bid at the sale.

SCHEDULE A.

Particulars	Dudda toll-gate	Hole-Narsipur Bridge toll-gate	Kyatehole toll gate	Bisle toll-gate	Karehalli toll-gate
1. Name of toll-gate or bridge.	The two existing toll-gates at Dudda, Hassan Taluk and the existing toll-gate in Arsikere-Channarayapatna road near the junction where the Hassan-Arsikere road joins Arsikere-Channarayapatna road.	Hole-Narsipur Bridge toll-gate, Yelwal-Hassan road.	Arkalgud-Kodlipet road.	Bisle Ghat road.	Toll-gate on the Tiptur-Channarayapatna road near Karehalli village.
2. Situation of the gate ..	....	....	....	....	....
3. Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic, or out-going traffic.	All the three kinds of traffic..	All the three kinds of traffic.	All the three kinds of traffic.	All the three kinds of traffic.	All the three kinds of traffic.
4. Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements of the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.
5. Amount of deposit required.	Rs. 685 0 0	Rs. 117 0 0	Rs. 113 0 0	Rs. 95 0 0	Rs. 255 0 0
6. Place of sale	Travellers' bungalow at Dudda, Hassan Taluk.	Hole-Narsipur Taluk Office.	Manjarabad Taluk Office.	Manjarabad Taluk Office.	Near Karehalli
7. Date of sale	30th May 1925	8th June 1925	30th May 1925.	30th May 1925	1st June 1925
8. Officer conducting the sale	The Vice-President, District Board, or the President, Taluk Board.	The Vice-President, District Board or the President Taluk Board.	The President or the Vice-President, Taluk Board.	The President or the Vice-President, Taluk Board	The Vice-President, District Board or the President, Taluk Board or such other Officer as may be deputed by the President, District Board.
9. Officer confirming the sale	The President, District Board, Hassan,	The President, District Board, Hassan	The President, District Board, Hassan.	The President, District Board, Hassan	The President, District Board, Hassan.
10. Remarks	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.	Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

Schedule of the maximum rates of toll.	*Rate.* Rs.	a.	p.
1. On every motor car	1	0	0
2. Do motor tricycle or bicycle	0	4	0
3. Do other vehicle of any description propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4. Do four-wheeled carriage	0	12	0
5. Do two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jatka or ekka	0	8	0
6. Do ekka or jatka, laden	0	4	0
7. Do do unladen	0	2	0
8. On every other vehicle with springs including tricycle and bicycle	0	2	0
9. Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	1	0	0
10. Do do do do if not laden ...	0	8	0
11. Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	8	0
12. Do do do do if not laden ..	0	4	0
13. Do cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by four bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
14. Do do do do if not laden ...	0	3	0

Schedule of the maximum rates of toll—concld.

		Rate Rs	a.	p.
15.	On every cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden ...	0	4	0
16.	Do do do do if not laden ...	0	2	0
17.	Do do drawn by a single bullock, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden ...	0	2	0
18.	Do do do do if not laden ...	0	1	0
19.	Do buffalo or bullock, per head, if laden ...	0	1	0
20.	Do do do do if not laden ...	0	0	6
21.	Do elephant	1	0	0
22.	Do camel, if laden	0	4	0
23.	Do do if not laden	0	2	0
24.	Do horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
25.	Do do if unladen or unridden	0	0	9
26.	Do tattu or mule, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
27.	Do do if unladen or led	0	0	6
28.	Do ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
29.	Do ass, if unladen or led	0	0	3
30.	Do sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
31.	Do palanquin, dooly, palna or tonga with two bearers	0	2	0
32.	Do do with more than two bearers ...	0	4	0

N. B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

N. S. NANJUNDIAH,
President,
District Board

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Notification dated 28th April 1925.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public, that the right of collecting tolls on the Salem-Bellary Provincial Road near the village of Thammenahalli in Molakalmuru Taluk for the year 1925-26 will be sold on 15th June 1925 in the Office of the Amildar, Molakalmuru Taluk, by the Sub-Division Officer, Chitaldrug.

For further particulars see this Office Notification, dated 28th April 1925, printed on pages 296—299 of Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 7th May 1925.

S. VENKATARANGAM,
Deputy Commissioner.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

Notification No. 3 of 1924-25.

Whereas it has appeared to the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Mysore, that by acquiring the undermentioned properties for the purpose noted against each of them further improvements can be made in the locality in which they are situated, it is hereby notified in accordance with Section 16 (1) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation, III of 1903, that the Board have resolved to acquire the said properties.

The plans and statements showing the extent of land, etc., required for the proposed improvements may be seen in the Chairman's Office located in the Municipal Office, Mysore, during office hours.

The following are the particulars of the properties to be required :—

Mohalla	Block No.	Plan No.	Door No.	Name of the owner	Boundaries East	West	North	South	Remarks
Krishnaraj	60, 62 and 63	....	493	Poojari Lingiah (Measurements of the land required about 12′ by 7½′ - 10 square yards with structure trees, etc., thereon.	Conservancy lane.	Road.	Venktamma's house.	Srinivasa Rao's house.	For continuing the conservancy lane from east to west in block 60, 62 and 63.

N. MADHAVA RAO
Chairman.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 8187—Ml. 46-24-9, dated 14th May 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. C. N. Krishnaswami Chetty is elected a Municipal Councillor of the Town Municipal Council, Chikballapur, in place of Mr. C. Narayanaswami Chetty, Municipal Councillor, deceased.

By Order,
T. K. SOMESWARA IYER,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. O. C. 2014—24-25, dated 4th May 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Board and Village Panchayet Regulation, and the rules framed thereunder, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Dodballapur and Channapatna Taluks are reconstituted for a period of three years from 1st May 1925.

DODBALLAPUR TALUK.

Hadripur.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1 Mr. Kadappa	1 Mr. Gowdayya
2 „ Revanna	2 „ H. Subba Rao
3 „ Doddayya	

Hanube

1 Mr. H. Venkatasubbaiya	1 Mr. Murthuza Khan
2 „ Thotadappa	2 „ Chikkamallanna
3 „ Chickabasappa	
4 „ Chickamallanna	
5 „ Mutharayappa	

Hosahalli.

ELECTED MEMBERS.	NOMINATED MEMBERS.
1 Mr. Venkatasubbaiya	1 Mr. Singri Gowda
2 ,, Gangadhar Chetty	2 ,, Ramaiya
3 ,, Subedar Mallappa	
4 ,, Byroji	
5 ,, Venkatabhatta	

Tubagere.

1 Mr. Girisastry	1 Mr. Patel Singrigowda
2 ,, Hanumantharayappa, K.	2 ,, Siddappa
3 ,, Hanumantharayappa, H.	3 ,, Venkatagiriappa
4 ,, Gangadharaiya	
5 ,, Byregowda	
6 ,, Guvannachari	

Melekote.

1 Mr. Ramanna	1 Mr. Munegowda
2 ,, Dasappa	2 ,, Nanjappa
3 ,, Rachootappa	
4 ,, Ramakrishnappa	
5 ,, Dinuallappa	

Rajagatta.

1 ,, K. Hanumantharayappa	1 Mr. Nanjappa
2 ,, N. Hanumantharayappa	2 ,, Munivenkatappa
3 ,, Anjanappa	
4 ,, Ananthaiya	
5 ,, Ramaswamappa	

CHANNAPATNA TALUK.

Nagavara.

1 Mr. Doddalingegowda	1 Mr. N. Narasimhachar
2 ,, Anke Gowda	2 ,, Narase Gowda
3 ,, Linge Gowda	3 ,, Venkataiya
4 ,, Narasaiya	
5 ,, Syed Peer	
6 ,, Isvarachar	

Honganur.

1 Mr. Ibrahim Sab	1 ,, The Head Master, Government Incomplete School, Honganur.
2 ,, Mohamed Ghouse Sab	2 Mr. Venkatagiri Gowda, Patel
3 ,, Srinivasa Raghavachar	3 ,, Putte Gowda
4 ,, Doraswamy Iyengar	
5 ,, Muniappa Gowda	
6 ,, Thirumale Gowda.	

Mallur.

1 Mr. Lakshminarasimha Iyengar	1 ,, The Head Master, Government Kannada Boys' School, Mallur.
2 ,, Gopala Iyengar	2 Mr. K. Krishnaswami Iyengar
3 ,, Yalakki Gowda	3 ,, Venkatagiri Gowda, Patel
4 ,, Dase Gowda (Potamanahalli)	4 ,, M. R. Narasimha Iyengar
5 ,, Basava Linga Chari	
6 ,, Dase Gowda (Byrepatna)	
7 ,, Venkatanarasimhachar	

Mallurpatna.

1 Mr. Puttaiya	1 Mr. Putte Gowda, Patel
2 ,, Rame Gowda	2 ,, Narasaiya, Shanbhog
3 ,, Ninge Gowda	3 ,, Bhavani Singh
4 ,, Chowde Gowda	
5 ,, Chika Kempe Gowda	
6 ,, Chika Devaraiya	

Singarajpur.

1 Mr. Gopala Setty	1 Mr. Venkatramaiya, Shanbhog
2 ,, Venkatavaradachar	2 ,, Veere Gowda, Patel
3 ,, Narasimha Murti	
4 ,, Narasimha Gowda	
5 ,, Gadde Gowda	

Chakkere.

1 Mr. Putte Gowda	1 Mr. Gundaya, Shanbhog
2 ,, Yalle Gowda	2 ,, Rame Gowda, Patel
3 ,, Linge Gowda	3 ,, Made Gowda
4 ,, Javarayi Gowda	
5 ,, Devi Channe Gowda	
6 ,, Venkatarama Iyengar	

Notification No. O. C. 2014—24-25, dated 14th May 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules framed thereunder, the Village Panchayet of Sivaganga in the Nelamangala Taluk, is reconstituted for a period of three years from 25th May 1925.

Elected.	*Nominated.*
1. Mr. Revanna.	1. Mr. Patel Hanumanthegowda.
2. „ Honnasami Jois.	2. „ Sankarabhatta.
3. „ Chandrasekhariah.	
4. „ Honnamylariah.	
5. „ Siddalingappa.	

B. VENKOBA RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 11th May 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gate as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26 will be sold by public auction at the place and on the date specified therein.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish, if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-leased without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the standing rules and orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised Local, Railway and Educational Cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till the date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect tolls only at the rates and at the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

11. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner furnish to the Taluk Office at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll-house and gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from him. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of Local Board.

13. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

14. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated 4th November 1876, and the rules issued under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation or the rules framed by the Municipal Council under the Municipal Regulation. He shall recognise all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points :—

(a) A table of authorized tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(b) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(c) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of twenty-four hours computing from sunrise to sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British authorities.

(d) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(e) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(f) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty orof any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorized by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(g) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to the Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Board servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Local Boards for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(5) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mails.

(6) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(7) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(8) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

15. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor, who shall be liable to make good the losses accruing, but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

16. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of toll-gate or bridge	...Toll-gate at Nidasale, Kunigal Taluk.
2.	Situation of the gate ...	... On the Tumkur-Muddur road.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic or out-going traffic.	Nil.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.
5.	Amount of deposit required	... Rs. 213-5-4 excluding cesses.
6.	Place of sale	... Taluk Office, Kunigal.
7.	Date of sale	... 23rd May 1925.

8. Officer conducting the sale ... ... The Deputy Commissioner or any other officer deputed by him.

9. Officer confirming the sale ... . The Deputy Commissioner and President, District Board.

10. Remarks ... ... Nil

SCHEDULE B.

	Details of traffic	*Rate.* Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Motor car	0	4	0
2.	Motor tricycle or bicycle	0	2	0
3.	Other vehicle of any description propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4.	Four-wheeled carriage, with passengers	0	6	0
5.	Do without passengers	0	4	0
6.	Two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jatka or ekka, with passengers	0	4	0
7.	Do without passengers	0	3	0
8.	Ekka or jatka, laden	0	3	0
9.	Do do unladen	0	2	0
10.	Other vehicle with springs including tricycle and bicycle..	0	1	0
11.	Cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	1	0	0
12.	Do do if unladen	0	8	0
13.	Cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by six bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden ..	0	8	0
14.	Do do if unladen	0	4	0
15.	Cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by four bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	6	0
16.	Do do if unladen	0	3	0
17.	Cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by two bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	0	2	0
18.	Do do if unladen	0	1	0
19.	Cart or other vehicle, not on springs, drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule, if laden ...	0	1	6
20.	Do do if unladen	0	1	0
21.	Buffalo or bullock, per head, if laden	0	1	0
22.	Do if unladen	0	0	6
23.	Elephant	0	8	0
24.	Camel, if laden	0	4	0
25.	Camel, if unladen	0	2	0
26.	Horse, if laden or ridden	0	1	6
27.	Do if unladen or led	0	0	9
28.	Thattu or mule, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
29.	Do if unladen or led	0	0	6
30.	Ass, if laden or ridden	0	0	6
31.	Do if unladen or led	0	0	3
32.	Sheep, goat or pig	0	0	1
33.	Palanquin, dhooli, palna or tonjon with two bearers ...	0	2	0
34.	Do with more than two bearers	0	4	0

MD. ZAHIRUDDIN MECCI,
Deputy Commissioner.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF 25TH (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 28TH MARCH 1925, AT 4 P.M.

MEMBERS.

Present ... 22. | *Absent* ... 8.

258. Proceedings of the meetings held on the 7th and 20th March 1925.

Confirmed with the amendment of Resolution No. 254, dated 7th March 1925 as follows:—

Resolved that permission be given to construct a gaddige on a plot measuring 12′ × 12′ and that the application to enclose the same and make a garden be recommended to Government.

259. Accounts of receipts and expenditure for the months of November and December 1924 and January 1925.

Recorded with the observation that the collection of assessed taxes during the months in question was exceedingly poor and the officials concerned should be warned.

* * * * *

261. Proceedings of the following Committees for February 1925.—

1. Managing Committee.
2. Health Committee.
3. Schools Committee.

Passed. The bill of the Curator, Government Gardens, for Rs. 30-5-2 referred to in Resolution No. I of the meeting of the Managing Committee held on the 10th February 1925 is passed but the Council endorse the observations of the Managing Committee regarding delay in the settlement of this claim.

* * * * *

265. Inclusion of Vontikoppal Railway Colony within the limits of the Mysore City Municipality.

Resolved that it is not to the advantage of the Municipality to include the Colony within the limits of the Municipality.

266. Health Committee's Resolution No. 2, dated 16th February 1925, approving of the draft rules framed under the Mysore Prevention of Adulterations Regulation IX of 1921, with the remark that they may for the present be restricted to milk, butter and ghee.

Resolved that the Health Officer be appointed as Public Analyst under Section 4 of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation and the rules approved by the Health Committee for working of the Regulation in the Mysore City, be adopted, curds and other milk products being also included within the purview of the Rules.

267. Draft amendment to the Schedule of taxes so far as it pertains to the levy of Octroi duty on tobacco, tobacco stalks, leaves and dust.

The objections may be referred to the Managing Committee for examination. The alternative proposal of substituting a higher licensing fee may also be considered by the Committee.

268. Health Committee's Resolution Nos. 5 and 6, dated 15th February 1925, recommending that the question of granting licenses to open meat and mutton stalls in places outside the markets, may be deferred for the present.

Resolved that existing shops might be allowed to continue if the premises are improved to the standard required. But the opening of new shops should be discouraged.

269. Health Committee's Resolution No. 7, dated 16th February 1925, regarding compulsory vaccination in the Mysore City for a further period of five years from 1st July 1925.

Approved.

270. Letter No. R. 4829-46 (2) Pris. 79-23-2, dated 11th March 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, in the matter of creating facilities for discharged prisoners to gain their livelihood after their release.

Resolved that the President, Mysore District Board, be requested to from a joint Committee of the members of the Municipal Council and the District Board.

271. Letter No. 3033, dated 9th March 1925, from the Huzur Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, regarding compensation for the plot (transferred to the Palace Department) where the Fort Cattle Pound was originally located.

Resolved that money compensation for the site and structure of the old cattle pound may be taken from the Palace Department, and that a new cattle pound constructed on the Seeneerkatte site.

272. President's note dated 19th March 1925, regarding the enhancement of the conveyance allowance from Rs. 50 to Rs. 75 a month to the Health Officer, Mysore City.

Approved.

273. Health Officer's Memo No. 802, dated 6th March 1925, submitting the Chief Sanitary Inspector's representation for the grant of a horse allowance of Rs. 25 a month in place of a cycle allowance of Rs. 15 now drawn by him.

Approved.

274. Bifurcation of the Town Hall and Market Committee.

Resolved that the Town Hall and Market Committee be reconstituted as follows for the year 1924-25.—

Town Hall.	*Market.*
The Chief Officer (Chairman)	The President
Mr. H. C. Dasappa, B.A., LL.B.	Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah
Mr. V. Thiruvengada Mudaliar	Mr. Mahomed Sait
Mr. M. Venkatakrishniah	Mr. P. Seetharamiah, B.A., B.L.
Mr. Mahomed Gouse Peer	Mr. M. C. Thammiah
	Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji

275. Letter dated 17th March 1925, from the Curator, Parks and Gardens, Mysore, requesting for the grant of two free conveyance badges in consideration of his free services in connection with the Municipal and Trust Board works.

He may be treated as a Municipal Officer, for the purpose of this privilege.

276. Levy under Section 71 (3) of the Municipal Regulation, of a compounding fee on the cars and busses kept by Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji.

Referred to the Managing Committee for opinion.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

Notification No. 3 of 1924-25.

Whereas it has appeared to the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Mysore, that by acquiring the undermentioned properties for the purpose noted against each of them further improvements can be made in the locality in which they are situated, it is hereby notified in accordance with Section 16 (1) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation, III of 1903, that the Board have resolved to acquire the said properties.

The plans and statements showing the extent of land, etc., required for the proposed improvements may be seen in the Chairman's Office located in the Municipal Office, Mysore, during office hours.

The following are the particulars of the properties to be required :—

Mohalla	Block No.	Plan No.	Door No.	Name of the owner	Boundaries				Remarks
					East	West	North	South	
Krishnaraj	60, 62 and 63	...	493	Poojari Lingiah (Measurements of the land required about 12′ by 7½′ - 10 square yards with structure trees, etc., thereon.	Conservancy lane.	Road.	Venkatamma's house.	Srinivasa Rao's house.	For continuing the conservancy lane from east to west in block 60, 62 and 63.

N. MADHAVA RAO
Chairman.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER, HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 16th May 1925.

Under Section 49 (2) (*a*) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation and the Rules framed thereunder, the following gentlemen are declared elected as members of the Ibbidu Village Panchayet, Belur Taluk, which is being reconstituted with effect from the 29th June 1925.

1. Mr. Veeregowda *bin* Haligegowda.
2. ,, Chickeeranaik *bin* Chikkanaik.
3. ,, Lakshmananaik *bin* Linganaik.
4. ,, Saganaik *bin* Ranganaik.
5. ,, Rangappa *bin* Chikkeregowda.

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Notification dated 28th April 1925.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public, that the right of collecting tolls on the Salem-Bellary Provincial Road near the village of Thammenahalli in Molakalmuru Taluk for the year 1925-26 will be sold on 25th June 1925 in the Office of the Amildar, Molakalmuru Taluk, by the Sub-Division Officer, Chitaldrug.

For further particulars see this Office Notification, dated 28th April 1925, printed on pages 296-299 of Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 7th May 1925.

Notice dated 6th May 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll-gates as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates specified against each gate.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale.

The deposit of the successful bidder who will be called the contractor will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute until confirmed by the authority noted in the Schedule A who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of intimation of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and when he does not hold property in Mysore, shall furnish at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-lease without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of toll in accordance with the Standing Rules and orders approved by Government. He shall also pay along with the instalments, the authorised local, railway and educational cesses, if any, at the prescribed rates, and he shall not levy any toll from such persons.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The amount due from the contractor or his sureties shall be recoverable as if they were arrears of land revenue under the provisions of the Land Revenue Regulation and the Rules thereunder.

10. The contractor shall collect tolls only the rates and the gates on the traffic specified in Schedules A and B.

11. The contractor shall give to the person paying the toll a proper receipt showing the date and hour of payment of toll.

12. The contractor shall keep at the toll-gate, true accounts of the daily collections and of the traffic passing through the toll-gate. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner and the Amildar. He shall, if required by the Deputy Commissioner furnish to the Taluk Office, at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the traffic passing through the gate in a prescribed form.

13. The contractor will have the use of the existing toll house and the gate without payment of any rent, and he should keep them in good repair, failing which, the cost of repair will be recovered from the contractor. If any toll-gate or house is required, it will be put up at the cost of Government.

14. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

15. The contractor shall conform generally to the rules published in the late Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 274, dated the 4th November 1876. He shall recognise all exemptions made by the statute of rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following points:—

(a) A table of authorised tolls shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the toll-gate.

(b) Animals drawing any vehicles for which tolls can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

(c) No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., passing along the toll-gate if within a period of twenty-four hours computing from sunrise, a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate in the Mysore State or a toll-gate in British India in respect of which the Government have secured reciprocity for exemption in consultation with the British Authorities.

(d) Carts laden with bone or other substance as manure shall be treated as unladen and tolled accordingly.

(e) No toll shall be levied on foot passengers.

(f) No toll shall be levied for the passage on duty of British Military Officers, (a) to entitle an officer to pass a toll-gate without payment as being on duty, he must fulfill one of the following conditions:—(i) Be travelling in a staff car, (ii) wear uniform, (b) officers passing toll-gates on duty otherwise than in uniform will enter in a book kept by the toll-gate keeper for that purpose, their rank, name and nature of duty on which they are travelling.

(g) No tolls shall be levied for the passage of Troops or Military Stores or equipages or of Police Officers on duty or any person or property in their custody or of any property *bona fide* belonging to Government as established, where proof is required by the production of a pass or certificate from any officer of the department to which the property belongs, authorised by the Deputy Commissioner or by Government to grant such certificates or passes, which pass or certificate shall be delivered up at the last toll-gate passed before the cart, carriage or animal, conveying such property reaches the destination noted in such pass or certificate.

(h) No toll shall be levied for the passage of carriages, carts, animals, etc.—

(1) Belonging to Local Boards.

(2) Conveying Local Boards servants on duty or property in the custody of such servants.

(3) Licensed by the Local Boards.

(4) Assessed by the Municipal Council to municipal taxation, provided the tax has been paid in advance.

(5) Possessed by a person who has compounded with the Local Boards, for a prescribed sum in accordance with the rules approved by Government.

(6) Engaged by the Postal Department to convey mail s.

(7) Belonging to the Hon'ble the British Resident in Mysore.

(8) Belonging to Government servants travelling on duty who are certified by their respective immediate superiors as being not entitled to travelling allowance.

(9) Belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja.

16. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 per each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the Deputy Commissioner to suspend further collection of toll by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect toll during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

17. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

SCHEDULE A.

1.	Name of the road ...	... Toll-gate on Hangal-Rayadurg road.
2.	Situation of the gate ...	... Near Molakalmuru beyond the Municipal limits.
3.	Whether toll is to be levied on through traffic, in-coming traffic.	Through traffic.
4.	Traffic specially exempted from payment of toll on account of the peculiar situation of the toll-gate or the special requirements to the people near the toll-gate.	Nil.
5.	Amount of deposit required...	... Rs. 105, one-sixth of the contract amount for 1924-25.
6.	Place of sale ...	... Molakalmuru Amildar's Office.
7.	Date of sale ...	... 25th June 1925.
8.	Officer conducting the sale ...	... Deputy Commissioner or any other officer deputed by him.
9.	Officer confirming the sale ...	... Deputy Commissioner and President, District Board.
10.	Remarks ...	... Nil.

SCHEDULE B.

	Items.	Rate of toll. Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every laden cart ...	0	2	0
2.	Do empty cart ...	0	1	0
3.	Do horse ...	0	0	6
4.	Do bullock ...	0	0	6
5.	Do ass laden ...	0	0	6
6.	Do ass not laden ...	0	0	3
7.	Do bicycle ...	0	1	0
8.	Do motor car ...	1	0	0
9.	Do motor cycle ...	0	8	0

S. VENKATARANGAM,
Deputy Commissioner.

ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Notification dated 15th April 1925.

The following eighteen draft Bye-laws framed by the Anekal Town Municipal Council under Sections 46 and 48 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation are published for the information of the public.

Any resident within the area of the Anekal Town Municipality who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the said draft Bye-laws should communicate the same to the President, Anekal Municipality, within one month from the date of this notification.

I.

RULES FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 46(*a*) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION NO. VII OF 1906 SANCTIONED IN GOVERNMENT ORDER NO. 6349—ML. 50-15-14, DATED 28TH FEBRUARY 1916.

Appointment and constitution of the Managing Committee and the delegation of powers and the conduct of business at the meeting of the Committee.

1. A Managing Committee composed of the Vice-President and four other members elected from among the Municipal Councillors with the Vice-President as its Chairman shall be appointed by the Municipal Council for each official year and all powers of the Municipality connected with the ordinary administration other than those noted below may be exercised by the Managing Committee to such an extent as may not be inconsistent with the Municipal Regulation.

(*a*) Powers under Sections:—

23, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 33 (2), 36(1), 37, 39, 40 (4), 46, 47, 48, 53 (1), 57, 59, 71, 112(3), 141, 150, 153, the second part of 164 relating to suits on behalf of Municipal Council other than suits for amounts recoverable under Chapter VIII of the Regulation, 165 and 182.

2. Every delegation of the Municipal Council's functions, powers or duties to the committee shall be deemed to be made subject to the general control and approval of the Municipal Council.

3. (1) If at a meeting the quorum is not present, the meeting shall be adjourned to some other day and besiness shall be transacted at the adjourned meeting.

(2) If a quorum be present, then

i. Every question at the meeting shall be determined by a majority of votes of the members present.

ii. In the case of equal division of the votes, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

4. The Rules relating to conduct of business at the general Municipal Meeting shall *mutatis mutandis* apply to the Managing Committee meetings.

5. Any member of the Managing Committee absent from three successive meetings of the committee, except on the ground of ill-health or of his previously notifying to the Managing Committee, verbally or in writing, his inability to attend for a definite period, such period not exceeding three months in any case, shall be considered by the Managing Committee at their option to have vacated his seat on the committee permanently for the year and his place shall be filled by the Municipal Council as prescribed in Rule I.

6. The Managing Committee shall ordinarily meet once a month on a day and hour, to be fixed by the said committee for the transaction of business connected with the affairs of the Municipality.

7. In special or urgent cases, the Chairman may obtain orders of the Managing Committee by circulation of papers.

8. A resolution once arrived at by the Managing Committee shall not be cancelled or altered at any subsequent meeting of the Managing Committee within the next three months.

9. The minutes of the Managing Committee for each month shall be laid before the next ordinary general meeting of the Council for information.

10. No work shall be undertaken or commenced by the Managing Committee without the previous sanction of the Municipal Council.

11. The President shall each year prepare a budget estimate of income and expenditure for the official year following for being placed before the Managing Committee in the prescribed form.

12. The said Budget with its accompaniments, if any, shall be considered by the Managing Committee, who may make such alteration in or additions to it as they may think fit, whereafter it shall be submitted to the Municipal Council and shall be considered by them at their general meeting.

13. It shall be the duty of the Chairman to keep the records of the minutes of the proceedings of the Managing Committee.

14. The President may, at his discretion, take the initiative in bringing to the notice of the Managing Committee abuses, reforms, alterations and improvements which he may deem deserving of consideration.

15. It shall be competent for the President to attend any or all Managing Committee meeting and take part in them. Also when ever the President is present, he shall preside over the deliberations.

16. It shall be at the discretion of the President, to watch over the action of the committee and bring to its notice and, if necessary, to the notice of the Municipal Council, any instances in which they seem to have erred, neglected or delayed their functions and also to suspend pending a reference to the Municipal Council the operation of any resolution passed by the committee, which appears to him to be open to objection in law or in policy, and when issuing such an order, he shall place the matter before the Council at its next meeting.

II.

RULES UNDER SECTION 46 (*b*) (*i*) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION

Powers and Duties of the President.

1. (*a*) The President shall exercise the powers conferred upon the Municipal Council in the following Sections:—

63, 64, 65, 67, 67, 76, 82, 83, 84, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 226, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 142, 144, 145, 147, 154, 156, 161 and 164.

Provided that the President shall not act in opposition to or in contravention of any resolution or decision of the Council or any constituted Committee of the Council and that in all matters in which an appeal is practicable, an appeal shall be from the President to the Council and provided also, that the Municipal Council may even without an appeal, exercise their powers of revision over any of the above acts of the President.

(*b*) The power of sanctioning refunds of small amounts not exceeding Rs. 10 in any individual case under Rule 8A, M.A.M. has been delegated to the President.

(*c*) The power of sanctioning estimates for all works original or repairs upto a limit of Rs. 500 has been delegated to the President under Rule 241(1). M.A.M

(*d*) The President is hereby given powers to delegate any or all his powers and duties to the Vice-President by name from time to time as he may deem fit.

Powers of the Vice-President.

2. (*a*) The Vice-President shall exercise such of the powers and perform such of the duties conferred and imposed on the President of the Municipal Council as the President may from time to time delegate to him, provided that he shall not act in contravention of any resolution or order passed by the Municipal Council or by the President and provided that whenever practicable an appeal shall lie to the President from any order passed by the Vice-President.

(*b*) The Vice-President shall be in immediate charge of the office of the Municipality and the octroi, mohatarfa and conservancy establishment, etc., and shall superintend the Head Office and the work in these departmentes. He shall assist the President in every mattter connected with the business of the Council. He shall attend the meetings of all Committees of the Council for which he has been appointed as a member.

(*c*) He shall have power to fine any Municipal servant in the mohatarfa, octroi, conservancy and his office establishment whose pay does not exceed Rs. 15 per mensem and subject to the approval of the President in the case of those whose pay is above Rs. 15.

3. The authority given by these or any other Bye-laws to the President or Vice-President or any other officer of the Council to exercise any of the powers of the Council shall include, the power to give any orders he may deem necessary or advisable to any officer or servant of the Council for carrying out of such powers and anything done by such officer or servant in accordance with such orders shall be deemed to have been done by the President or officer concerned in exercise of the powers conferred on him by these Bye-laws.

4. All officers and servants of the Council shall carry out all orders given them by the head of the departments they are in, or by those under whose orders they work.

III.

RULES UNDER SECTION 46 (*i*) AND (*j*) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Taxes and Exemptions.

1. The Municipality shall levy the taxes and recognize the exemptions mentioned in the schedule hereto annexed. The taxes shall be payable on the dates indicated against them respectively in colunm 6 of the schedule.

2. Who may receive sums due to the Municipal Council:—

(i) The Vice-President is authorised to receive payments payable to the Municipal Council for licenses and permission at any time and place.

(ii) The bill collector is authorised to receive payments of all Municipal dues including octroi except those mentioned in (1) at any time and place.

(iii) The clerk, if he is appointed to do executive work, also may be authorised by the President or Vice-President to receive payments of taxes and octroi duties on dutiable goods.

3. Remission:—

Remission may be made to any extent by the Municipality if the Municipal Council are satisfied that the recovery of the amount proposed for remission would entail undue hardship on a poor man and in cases falling under Section 69 (2) of the Regulation.

4. Claims for refunds:—

No claim for refund of any sum paid to the Municipality on account of any tax shall be entertained unless application therefor is made in writing within ninety days after the expiry of the year to which the claim relates.

5. Refund when not admissible:—

No sum shall be refunded unless the person claiming applies for payment within three months of delivery to him of notice of the refund having been duly authorised. In such notice the period within which the refund must be demanded shall always be stated.

6. Refund of amount paid on account of vehicle tax:—

When the tax due in respect of any vehicle has been paid for any half-year, the owner or the person incharge thereof shall be entitled to a refund of the sum paid—

(*a*) if he has owned or been incharge of the vehicle or animal for not more than thirty-days in the half-year;

(*b*) if the vehicle has been under repair or standing at a carriage maker's or cycle dealer's during the whole of the half-year.

7. Method of calculating liability to tax.

When a person has owned or had charge of two or more vehicles of the same description each at different periods in one half-year, he shall be deemed to have owned or had charge of one vehicle only, as the case may be for the aggregate number of the days in the said two or more periods.

8. Vehicles changing hands:—

If a half-year tax has been levied in respect of a vehicle, no further tax for the same half-year shall be leviable in respect of the said vehicle, if it changes hands during the currency of the said half-year.

9. Liability of transferrer and transferee to rates and cesses until notice is given:—

When any premises shall have changed hands the transferee shall be liable to the Municipality for all arrears of rates and cesses due in respect of the said premises.

10. Obligation of the transferee to give notice of transfer:—

Whenever the title of any person, primarily liable for the payment of a tax imposed on any premises in the form of a tax on any buildings or lands or both, to

or over such premises is transferred, the person to whom the same shall be transferred shall give notice of such transfer in writing to the President.

11. Person liable in case of death :—

In the event of the death of any person whose name shall have been entered as owner in the assessment list under Section 63 of the Regulation, the person to whom the title of the deceased shall be transferred as heir or otherwise, shall give notice of such transfer to the President, who on being satisfied, shall enter the name of such transferee of title as owner in the assessment list. In case of two or more persons preferring rival claims to the same property, the President may either pass a decision himself or refer the question for the decision of the Municipal Council who may recognize any claimant or refer the claimants to a Civil Court as they think fit. If at any time after a decision by the President or Municipal Council, as the case may be, any person produces a probate, letters of administration, a decree or other order of Court declaring such person as heir of the deceased, the name of such person as owner shall be substituted in the assessment list for any other name that may have been entered.

12. Whenever such transfer comes to the knowledge of the President either through such notice or otherwise and after such enquiry as may be necessary, the name of the transferee shall be substituted in the Municipal register for that of the person primarily responsible.

13. *Entry in Assessment list of Sub-Division.*—Where any property is sub-divided an application being made to the Municipality intimating such sub-division, the Municipality shall, unless they see any objection to the same, cause such sub-division to be entered in the assessment list as if it was separate property.

Suspension of process for recovery when notice of vacancy is received :—

When a notice of vacancy has been received under Section 69, process for recovery of the dues of the current year or instalment period may be suspended till final orders are passed on the notice.

14. Owner should give notice of re-occupation :—

When an owner has given notice of vacancy, he shall also give notice in writing within fifteen days to the President, of the date of subsequent re-occupation, and failing this, shall not be entitled to any refund, if it be found that his premises have been re-occupied during the year or instalment period.

15. *Notice Fees.*—For every notice of demand issued under Sub-Section (3) of Section 82 of the Regulation, fees shall be levied at the following rates :—

A fee of two annas if the amount due is less than Rs. 5.

A fee of four annas if the amount due is not less than Rs. 5 but is less than Rs. 10.

A fee of eight annas if the amount due is not less than Rs. 10 and above.

16. *Warrant fees.*—For every distraint made under Sub-Section (4) of Section 83 of the Regulation fees shall be levied at 8 annas.

When peons are kept in charge of property distrained, an additional fee of four annas per peon for each day shall be levied.

17. *Maintenance Rates.*—Rates as per accompanying statement shall be charged for maintaining live-stock distrained under Sub-Section (4) of the Section 83 of the Regulation, namely :—

Grazing charge per animal per day or part of a day	Rs.	a.	p.
1. Buffalo	0	4	0
2. Buffalo calf	0	2	0
3. Bullock or cow	0	4	0
4. Heifer or calf	0	1	0
5. Sheep or goat	0	1	0
6. Horse	0	4	0
7. Foal	0	2	0
8. Donkey	0	1	0
9 Pig	0	1	0

Provided that no rates shall be charged where the owner of any such live-stock pays the full amount of the Municipal dues and receives back such live-stock within three hours from the time of their seizure.

18. Under Section 46 (*j*).

When Municipal dues may be written off :—

Arrears of taxes may be written off as irrecoverable if after they have been outstanding for at least a year in the case of sums less than Rs. 5 and three years

in all other cases; if the Municipal Council are satisfied that processes for recovery have been pushed on with due promptness and deligence and that the sum due cannot be recovered within any reasonable time or at any reasonable cost or by any legal process.

19. *Remission of Distress Fees.*—President may remit the whole or any part of any fee chargeable for distress—

(*a*) if the property distrained is found to be devoted to religious or charitable purposes;

(*b*) if the person from whom any such fee is leviable is too poor to pay;

(*c*) if a warrant has been issued against a wrong person;

(*d*) if the defaulter satisfies the President or Vice-President that his fault was due to some accident or mistake or for any other reasonable ground.

Schedule of Taxes and Rates levied in the Anekal Municipality.

Serial No.	Name of tax or rate	Class of property liable	Amount for which or rate at which classes are liable	Exemptions	Time at which taxes payable
1	Taxes on buildings including lighting tax.	Building	Eight annas for every Rs. 100 or portion of the Rs. 100 of the market value up to Rs. 2,000 with annas 4 for every Rs. 100 or portion of Rs. 100 for the balance of such value in excess of Rs. 2,000.	(*a*) Buildings set apart for the occupation of His Highness the Maharaja. (*b*) Building belonging to Government and used solely for public purposes and not used for purposes of profit, unless Government consents to the levy of tax. (*c*) Buildings which are the property of the Municipality. (*d*) Buildings, exclusively used as places of public worship or for charitable but not for residential purposes. (*e*) Buildings of thoties who do the collection and other work of the Municipality.	In two equal instalments in advance in July and January of very year.
2	Taxes on vacant lands.	Vacant lands.	Eight annas for every 100 square yards.	Same as above ..	Do.
3	Taxes on vehicles.	Vehicles specified in column 4.	(*a*) Four wheeled vehicles with springs constructed to be drawn by two or more. (*b*) Do horses, bulls or bullocks or by two or more horses under 13 hands bulls or bullocks ... Rs. 5 (*c*) Two wheeled vehicles with springs constructed to be drawn by one or more horses, bull or bullocks ... Rs. 3. (*d*) Every other vehicles with springs Rs. 3. (*e*) Every bicycle Rs. 2. (*f*) Every cart or other vehicle without spring Rs. 2. (*g*) Every motor car Rs. 10. (*h*) Every motor by-cycle ... Rs. 5.	(*a*) Vehicle and animal belonging to His Highness the Maharaja. (*b*) Vehicle and animal being the property of Government, unless Government consents to the levy of taxes. (*c*) Vehicles and animals belonging to the Municipality. (*d*) Juvenile vehicles such as perambulators, etc. (*e*) Vehicle kept by carriage-builders or dealers and animal kept by dealers therein solely for sale. (*f*) Conveyances in transit or staying within the Municipal limits not longer than 30 days in any half-year. (*g*) Vehicles and animals belonging to members of the police and of officers of the municipality employed on outdoor duties; provided that not more than one vehicle and one animal shall be exempted without the special permission of the Municipal Council.	Do.

IV.

RULES AND BYE-LAWS FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTIONS 46 (*i*) AND 48 (1) *k* OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Levy and Collection of Octroi Duties.

1. The octroi limits for the purpose of collecting the tax shall be the Municipal limits of the Anekal Town.

2. Articles liable to octroi and brought within these limits shall be produced on arrival at the octroi house, which is fixed by the Municipal Council from time to time.

3. Such goods will be liable to inspection at the octroi house when so brought. Every person bringing dutiable goods within the town shall report the fact to the village officials. All officials of the Municipality not below the rank of village officials are authorised to inspect the contents of any conveyance or package.

4. A table showing the octroi leviable shall be open to the inspection of any person at the Municipal Office and copies shall be supplied without charge to any person requiring the same; such table shall also be affixed in a conspicuous place at every office at which octroi is collected.

The following table shows the description of articles liable to octroi together with rates :—

Names of articles	Rate		
	Rs.	a.	p.
Cocoanut, each	0	0	1
Cocoanut dry, per maund	0	8	0
Kerosine oil or petroleum, per tin	0	2	0
Tobacco, per maund	1	0	0
Beedees, per thousand	0	2	0
Cigarettes per thousand	0	8	0
Piece-goods, per Rs. 100 *ad valorem*	2	0	0
Manufactured articles of clothing and dress, for Rs. 100 *ad valorem*	2	0	0
Sheep or goats, each	0	1	6

5. When the goods are brought to the octroi house, they may be unloaded weighed or counted by the officer in charge of the octroi house (the importer shall produce the invoice of such goods in duplicate). Upon ascertainment of octroi amount payable on the goods, the importer shall pay the amount due and receive a permit for the removal of such goods. When the duty is paid as above, a permit shall be made in duplicate and a copy shall be granted by the officer in charge of the octroi house for the removal of goods showing the quantity of the goods, the amount paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. The fact of receipt shall also be noted on each copy of the duplicate pass. The invoice in original shall be returned to the importer after the amount of duty collected has been noted thereon, and the duplicate in like manner bearing such entry shall be filed in the octroi house.

6. *Exemptions.*—

(1) Personal luggage of travellers, articles imported through Post Office, and goods *bona fide* property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by an invoice certified by the Departmental Head concerned that the property therein mentioned belongs to Government.

(2) Goods which are declared not to be intended for use or consumption within Municipal limits and are taken to the Bonded Warehouse, if any, as provided in the bye-laws; provided, if such goods are not exported, they shall pay the full duty.

(3) Six green cocoanuts, six dry cocoanuts and one seer of tobacco; if brought for personal consumption by *bona fide* travellers.

(4) Piece-goods manufactured locally.

(5) Manufactured articles of clothings and dress made or stitched locally.

7. *Refunds.*—On all articles on which otroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported beyond octroi limits, refunds shall, subject to the following rules, be granted on the rates originally charged at the time of import.

Provided that no such refund shall be granted of any sum less than one upee.

8. Any person claiming refund under the above rule shall produce the goods to be exported at the octroi house together with original receipt for octroi duty paid thereon and an application for refund prepared in duplicate in such forms and showing such particulars as the President may from time to time prescribe (refund shall not be withheld solely on the ground that the person producing the receipt is not the person to whom such receipt was granted in the first instant).

9. The officer in charge of the octroi house, on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted, shall endorse the two parts of the application with an export pass, and keeping one copy of it in the office shall deliver the other to the applicant.

10. All goods exported under such pass and also goods exported under free export pass shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pass at the octroi house of exit.

11. In all cases in which a refund is claimed, the duplicate pass duly endorsed must be produced at the octroi house by the person seeking the refund, and if after due check the officer in charge of the octroi house is satisfied that a refund of octroi covered by such pass is duly payable, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President.

12. The Municipal Officers only, under the orders of the President or Vice-President, may inspect the shops or any other place or building at all reasonable hours to see if there are any smuggled goods, and the shop-keeper or owner shall be bound to allow such inspection and produce accounts showing the receipt and sale of dutiable goods. The said Municipal Officers may also seize the articles smuggled.

13. The Municipal Council may also compound with any merchant for the payment of the duty on one or more articles according to the schedule for a lump-sum fixed on the average of the duty levied from him on account of such article or articles during the past three years. The composition fee should however be fixed with due regard to the extent of trade carried on by the merchant.

The lumpsum settled to be paid as compounded amount for one year shall be recoverable in equal twelve monthly instalments due on or before the tenth of every month in advance. The merchant who compounds shall, as soon as he receives the order of compounding from the Municipality, pay a deposit equal to two months' instalments for the due performance of the contract.

The amount in deposit will, if the conditions of the contract are complied with, be credited towards the instalments due for the last two months of the contract, failing which, the deposit will be forfeited.

(*a*) If the deposit is not made within fifteen days of the compounding order, it shall be deemed that there is no compounding.

(*b*) If the default is made in the payment of instalments on or before the due date, *i.e.*, 10th of every month, interest at 1 pie per rupee per month will be charged on the amount till the date of payment of the instalment, part of a month being calculated as one full month.

(*c*) The arrears of instalments with interest shall be recoverable as the arrears of taxes in the same manner as it is provided for the recovery of the arrears of taxes in the Regulation, Rules and Bye-laws framed thereunder.

14. Any person who contravenes the provisions of these Bye-laws shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 on summary enquiry by the President or Vice-President whose orders shall be final, and shall also be liable to criminal prosecution before a competent Magistrate at the discretion of the Municipal Council, and on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50. The fine levied by the Municipal authorities with the duty on the articles smuggled shall be recoverable as arrears of taxes in the same manner as it is provided for the recovery of arrears of taxes in the Regulation and Rules and Bye-laws framed thereunder.

V.

BYE-LAW FRAMED UNDER SECTIONS 48 (1) (*a*) AND 70 (2) OF THE MUNICIPAL REGULATION IN THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPALITY FOR CONTROLLING MARKETS AND LEVYING FEES THEREIN, IN SUPERSESSION OF THE BYE-LAW SANCTIONED IN G. O. No. L. 7360—ML. 122-21-10, DATED 16TH JUNE 1922, AND IN FORCE NOW.

Market Bye-law.

1. Fees will be levied on all shops brought into the weekly market held in the place defined by the Municipal Council from time to time in the sale notification

within the Municipal limits of the Anekal Town according to the rates specified below.

2. The collection of fees levied in accordance with the foregoing rule may be collected departmentally by the officers of the Municipality or farmed out in accordance with the conditions that may be determined by the Municipal Council from time to time.

3. The owners or shop-keepers will not be allowed to keep shops or sell their things unless the fees are paid up and the said fees will not be refunded to the shop-keepers on any account whatever.

4. The shop-keepers are bound to obey the orders that may be passed from time to time by the President or Vice-President regarding the place, etc., where the particular kind of shops are to be located.

(*a*) No place within the limits of the town of Anekal shall be used as a market or shop nor any shop kept in public streets for the sale of articles of any description or for the sale of animals excepting the weekly shandy site or shops for which shop-tax is paid to Municipality on shandy days, *i.e.*, Fridays or any other week day on which weekly shandy in the Anekal Town is held excepting the following articles :—

(1) Firewood brought by bundles as head-loads or on asses.

(2) Butter milk, ghee, milk or bratties which are brought as head-loads and taken from door to door for sale.

(3) Flowers.

(4) Grass or straw brought by head-loads.

5. Any person who contravenes the provisions of these bye-laws will be liable to criminal prosecution before a Magistrate and on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

6. Market fees will be levied according to the following rates :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
(1) Grain shops, piece-goods, supari, sweetmeats shop, drugs shop, and metal ware shop, etc., and other shops in which large extent of trade is going on	0	1	0
(2) Ropes, pots, fish, bed-sheets, kambli, limestone, patnool, etc., shops	0	0	6
(3) Vegetables, etc., small shops which will be carried on head-loads (for each head-load)	0	0	3
(4) Per cart laden	0	1	0
(5) Per animal laden	0	0	6
(6) Per head-load	0	0	3

NOTE.—A person having a shop in more than one place must pay a separate fee for each shop. The space for each shop should not ordinarily exceed 5′ × 6′ except in the case of sweetmeat shops for which a space not exceeding 10′ × 5′ will be allowed.

VI.

BYE-LAWS FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*a*) (v) AND (ii) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

License for keeping slaughterhouses or meat or fish markets or shops and for their inspection.

1. *Conditions.*—A license may be granted for the use of any private place as a slaughterhouse or market subject to the following conditions :—

(1) That a slaughterhouse or market be constructed in accordance with one of the plans approved by the Municipal Council with such variations therefrom as the President or Vice-President may by written order sanction in each case.

(2) That the licensee shall keep on the premises such supply of water and such movable receptacles for blood, dung and other refuse and such buckets, shovels, brooms and other implements for cleaning purposes as the President or Vice-President may from time to time prescribe, and that he shall maintain the same always clean and in good repair.

(3) That the licensee shall keep the slaughterhouse or market always in good repair and working order ; and in particular that he should keep the drains and the pavements and pointing so sloped as to make it impossible for blood and other liquid to stagnate therein.

(4) That the licensee shall cause the whole of the walls to be cleaned and white-washed both within and without at least once in every six months.

(5) That the licensee should cause the floors and pavements to be thoroughly washed and all blood, dung and garbage to be removed from the premises within two hours of the completion of each day's business.

(6) That the licensee shall make the necessary arrangements to ensure that every animal shall before slaughter have at least 12 hours' (and if possible 24 hours') rest.

(7) That the licensee shall make the necessary arrangements to ensure that each animal which is being slaughtered is kept out of sight of those awaiting their turn.

(8) That the licensee shall not slaughter for consumption any animal suffering from any infectious or any other disease.

(9) The licensee shall not admit any dog into the slaughterhouse or market or to suffer any dog to lick his chopping blocks of meat board.

(10) The licensee shall not expose for sale the produce or carcasses of any diseased animal.

2. *Circumstances.*—A license may be granted for the use of any private place as a slaughterhouse or market under the following rules :—

(1) The proposal to use the place as a slaughterhouse or market should be notified to the public for at least seven days and all written objections thereto from persons resident within 50 yards of the site and from owners of other private slaughterhouses or markets should be duly considered by the Municipal Council before deciding upon the proposal.

(2) There should be no privy nor latrine nor urinal, nor dust-bin, nor burning ground, nor rubbish, nor night soil depot within 50 feet of the proposed site.

(3) There should be no meat shop or other slaughterhouse within one furlong from the proposed site.

3. A license granted according to the above conditions is liable to be suspended or withdrawn at the discretion of the Municipal Council—

(1) whenever any of the said conditions is contravenced ;

(2) whenever there is an outbreak of plague, cholera, small-pox or other infectious disease within 50 yards of the slaughterhouse or market provided, however, that during the period of such infection or withdrawal of the license on account of infectious diseases, a refund of the proportionate license fee should be claimable by the licensee.

4. (1) A license fee of Rs. 2 shall be levied for every license granted under these bye-laws.

(2) The license granted shall expire on the 30th June of the official year during which it was issued, but the currency of the license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid the period of its currency shall, whether the application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

5. The owner or the occupier of any private market, slaughterhouse or place used by or for animals which are for sale or hire or the produce of which is sold shall at all reasonable hours give the President and Vice-President and the Sanitary Inspector and the local Medical Officer free access to all parts of such places and every facility for inspecting the same.

6. (1) The licensee shall strictly obey all Rules and Bye-laws of the Municipality in this behalf.

(2) Any breach of such rules or Bye-laws will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license and the prosecution of the offender at the discretion of the Municipal Council, before a Magistrate, who, on conviction, will be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 25.

VII.

BYE-LAWS RELATING TO DANGEROUS AND OFFENSIVE TRADES IN THE TOWN OF ANEKAL FRAMED UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*b*) (*iii*) AND SECTION 151 OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION, VII OF 1906, FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL MUNICIPALITY.

Dangerous and Offensive Trades.

1. These Bye-laws are called "The Dangerous and Offensive Trades Bye-laws."—

2. In these Bye-laws unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context—

(a) Dangerous trade means the business of storing for sale :—

(1) Firewood.

(2) Hay, straw or any dried fodder for cattle.

(b) Offensive trade means the business of :—

(1) Storing offal, blood, bones or rags.

(2) Storing hides, horns or skins.

(3) Using any place as smithy.

(4) Making or manufacturing of bricks.

(5) Making or manufacturing of lime.

(6) Making or manufacturing tiles, pottery, etc.

(7) Tanning.

(8) Dyeing.

(9) Using any place for cart-stand.

(c) Manager means the person under whose authority or control or for whose benefit a dangerous or offensive trade is carried on, whether such person is the proprietor of the business or the agent in charge thereof.

3. The manager of every place used for the purpose of a dangerous or offensive trade as defined in clause 2 above, shall not use it as such without obtaining a license from the President therefor. The license so granted shall expire on the 30th June of the official year during which it was issued, but the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid, the period of its currency shall, whether the application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

4. The fees leviable on license to carry on dangerous or offensive trades shall be as follows :—

A.—Dangerous Trades.—

For each class of business Rs. 2 per annum.

B.—Offensive Trades.—

For each class of business Rs. 2 per annum.

(NOTE.—The license fee for each pottery shall be one rupee per year.)

5. No such license will be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for the trade to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

6. Every manager as aforesaid shall keep the place licensed for the purpose open between 7 A.M. and 10 A.M. and 3 P.M. and 5-30 P.M. to inspection by the President, Vice-President, Local Medical Officer, Sanitary Inspector or a Police Inspector and shall afford every facility for such inspection.

7. Every such manager shall be bound to furnish to the President or Vice-President whenever called on to do so, such statistics as show the quantity of the goods received, stored, manufactured, sold, or exported by him.

8. In the case of dangerous trades :—

(1) Every manager shall so store his goods as to admit of free ingress and egress for the removal of the goods and quenching a fire if any should break out.

(2) He shall not cause or suffer any cover made of combustible material to be erected or placed over or adjoining any such goods.

(3) He shall at all times keep the premises clean and dry to the satisfaction of the President and the Vice-President.

(4) He shall not allow smoking or introduction of fire or open light into the premises and he shall always store sufficient quantity of water and sand to quench the fire if any.

(5) He shall carry out his trade in such a way as not to make his premises a source of danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

(6) He shall comply with any requisition from the President or the Vice-President contained in a notice for the total or partial removal from the premises of the aforesaid goods or the removal of any other combustible materials not intended for sale or for rectifying any error or omission in attending to the above provisions.

9. In the case of offensive trades as defined in Bye-Law 2 B.

(1) Every manager shall confine his trade to be carried on strictly in the place shown in the license.

(2) He shall cause all materials received for the purpose of his trade to be stored when not required for immediate use in such a manner as to prevent the emission of noxious or injurious effluvia therefrom.

(3) He shall adopt the best practicable means of rendering innocuous all vapours emitted during the process of the trade either by proper ventilation or other suitable means.

(4) He shall keep the floor of the premises in good order and repair so as to prevent the absorption of any liquid filth or refuse or any noxious or injurious matter which may fall or be deposited thereupon.

(5) He shall provide the premises with proper drains and shall always keep them in good order.

(6) He shall cause the premises to be cleaned at the close of every working day.

(7) He shall not allow any refuse or waste matters not intended for any further process of the trade, which are likely to be a source of danger or nuisance, to be deposited in or around the premises, but shall have them removed daily to a place approved by the President or the Vice-President especially for the purpose.

(8) He shall adopt such other precautions as are necessary to minimise the danger or nuisance to the public from the use to which such premises are put.

(9) He shall comply with any requisition from the President or the Vice-President contained in a notice for rectifying any error or omission in attending to the above provisions and for promoting the health of the persons employed in such trades.

(10) The President shall have power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for a dangerous or offensive trade whenever he deems such a course necessary in the interests of the convenience and safety of the public generally, or of the persons inhabiting or resorting to the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

(11) The license to be granted for dangerous and offensive trades shall be in the following form and shall be subject to such conditions as noted therein.

ANEKAL MUNICIPALITY.

License to carry on Dangerous and Offensive Trades.

No.

Dated Fees Rs.....

License No.

Granted under the provision of the Bye-laws under Section 48 (1) b. (iii) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, subject to the undermentioned conditions:—

To

For

At premises No. in Division for the year ending 30th June 192 .

President,
Municipal Council, Anekal.

CONDITIONS.

1. The license shall be in force for a period of one year. It shall expire on the 30th June of the year for which it was granted. But the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid, the period of its currency shall, whether the application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

2. This license is not transferable.

3. The licensee shall strictly obey all Rules and Bye-laws of the Municipality in this behalf.

4. Any breach of such Rules or Bye-laws will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license and the prosecution of the offender under Section 152 (3) of the Municipal Regulation, 1906.

VIII.

BYE-LAW FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (c) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Hotels and Eating Houses.

1. Any eating house or hotel includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhal and confectionery or refreshments including cakes, upama, tea, coffee, etc., are prepared and kept for sale.

2. Any person who shall appear to act or behave as the person in charge of any eating house or hotel shall be taken to be the keeper or manager thereof.

3. All eating-houses or hotels existing and new ones to be opened hereafter shall satisfy the following conditions :—

(a) All premises used as such shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose.

(b) The water used in the premises for drinking purposes shall be kept clean and free from floating or other impurities in covered clean receptacles. These receptacles shall be placed in a clean place one foot above the ground level.

(c) The wall of every eating house shall be made impervious by plastering and coating with cement or tar to a height of four feet from the ground. The floor of the kitchen, dining hall and bath rooms shall also be rendered impervious.

(d) Kitchen and bath rooms shall be well ventilated and provided with proper smoke vents so that smoke may not pervade into other dwelling houses. All rooms in eating houses shall be well lighted and ventilated.

(e) The proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any place except the one specified for the purpose.

4. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in cooking or for keeping foodstuffs shall have a continual lining of tin and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food, pastry, sweetmeats confectionery or preserved, dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

5. No foodstuff of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises which is stale, unwholesome, offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption.

6. No foodstuff of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale over or near any public or private drains or latrines or manure or cess pits.

7. All refuse and dirt in or about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition and white-washed at least once in six months.

8. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance over such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in an eating house.

9. All premises and all cooked and uncooked foodstuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, Vice-President, the Sanitary Inspector or the officer authorised by the Municipal Council in their behalf.

10. All cases of dangerous infectious diseases such as cholera, plague, eruptive fevers such as small-pox, chicken-pox, measels and fevers of more than seven days' duration occurring in the eating house, or observed among persons attending it shall be notified forthwith by the keeper to the President or Vice-President or the Sanitary Inspector of the place.

11. Infringement of any of the above Bye-laws shall render the offender liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fines levied shall not exceed Rs. 100.

IX.

BYE-LAW FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (e) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Manufacture of Ærated Waters.

1. The water shall be brought from a drinking water well approved by the President or Vice-President.

2. The water must be filtered and filtering vessels and materials shall be sterilised at such items and in such manner as the President or Vice-President may direct.

3. All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed vessels and be treated with permanganate of potassium prior to use.

4. The rooms in which ærated waters are manufactured and exposed for sale shall be kept clean and in good repairs. The walls shall be plastered and white-washed once in three months and the floor shall be rendered impervious and shall properly be drained.

5. The water used for the manufacture of ærated waters shall be pure and shall be carried in clean vessels.

6. The premises and all appliances used in the manufacture shall be open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President or Vice-President or the Sanitary Inspector or any other officer authorised by the Municipal Council in their behalf.

7. It shall be lawful to the President or Vice-President or the Sanitary Inspector or any other officer authorised by the Municipal Council in their behalf to enter the factory when it is open and to inspect and take a sample of bottles of any kind of ærated waters which are manufactured or kept for sale and such samples shall be forthwith forwarded to the Government Chemical Examiner and Bacteriologist and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption it shall be evidence that is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

8. Every ærated factory shall submit a written application to the President giving the door number and street of intending building to be used as ærated water factory and after obtaining license, use for the purpose for which it is meant.

9. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable on conviction before a magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 15 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of fine shall not exceed Rs. 50.

X.

BYE-LAW FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*h*) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Disposal of the Dead.

1. When a person has died in any place within the limits of the Municipality, the owner, in his absence, the occupier of such place shall to the best of his ability arrange through the deceased's relatives or castemen for the corpse to be buried or burnt or otherwise disposed of in accordance with customs of the deceased's caste within 24 hours of death or if he is unable to make such arrangement, shall report the fact to the President or Vice-President. This bye-law does not apply to cases in which it is necessary for the purpose of judicial enquiry to keep a corpse unburied or unburnt for over 24 hours.

2. Every person, who becomes aware that a corpse is lying in any place uncared for, shall forthwith report the fact to the President or Vice-President.

3. No person shall use for the disposal of the dead any place which is not prescribed by the Municipality for such purpose, unless the previous sanction is obtained of the President or Vice-President.

4. No person shall cause or suffer the body of any person to be buried in a grave with any part of the body or covering in which the body is enclosed at less depth than 3 feet below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave, in cases of persons less than 12 years of age at the time of death and 4 feet in cases of 12 years and above.

5. No person shall bury a body or suffer it to be buried otherwise than in such a manner as to provide by means of sufficient layer or layers of earth which shall throughout be closely rammed down, and be not less than one foot in thickness for the effectual separation of the body or coverings containing a body from any body or covering containing such body in the same or any other grave and shall cause the whole surface of the grave to be properly covered by a mould which shall be thoroughly between down and shall not be less than one foot above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave.

6. No person shall reopen or suffer to be reopened the grave of any person except for the purposes of judicial enquiry. In case of burning the dead body, sufficient combustible materials shall be used so that the body may be completely burnt and see that it is completely burnt.

7. No person shall by violent or indecent behaviour prevent, interrupt or delay the solemn burial or burning of a dead body.

8. Any person who offends any of the above bye-laws shall be liable for every such offence to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 50 on conviction before a Magistrate.

XI.

BYE-LAW FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (*i*) 1 OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Epidemic Diseases.

I. (1) Every head of a family, parent, guardian or nearest relative or owner or occupier or caretaker of a house or dwelling place shall on his becoming cognizant of the occurrence of plague, cholera, or small-pox, in such house or dwelling place whether among the members of the house or among persons who have come from other places, immediately give information of the fact either personally or in writing to an officer of the municipality not below the rank of the patel or to the nearest Police Station.

Every medical person who treats or becomes cognizant of the existence of any infectious disease in any private dwellings other than a public hospital, shall give information of the same with the least possible delay to the said authority.

Any person violating this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(2) Any person, autborised by the Municipal President or Vice-President in this behalf, may, on the advice of a duly qualified medical and sanitary officer, (not below the rank of Sub-Assistant Surgeon) at any time without notice of his intention as shall in circumstances appear to him to be reasonable, inspect any place in which any such infectious disease is suspected to exist and take such measures as he shall think fit to prevent the spread of such disease, beyond such place and may remove from such house or dwelling place, persons suffering from infectious disease and persons in contact with such persons without proper lodging or accommodation or who are lodged in a building occupied by more than one family, to any hospital or place set apart for their due care and treatment, provided no compulsion is used in this behalf on any account.

(3) The person so authorised shall take steps to change such house or dwelling place to be temporarily vacated and forthwith disinfected or otherwise changed in the manner prescribed by such medical and sanitary officers.

(4) No house or other building situated within the municipal limits, shall be let to or permitted to be occupied by any person whom the owner or occupier thereof knows or has reason to believe to be suffering from any such disease dangerous to public health, at the time of such telling or permitting, without a certificate from the medical and sanitary officers as to the sanitary condition of such house or dwelling place and as to the suitability of accommodation therein for the reception of such patient and no person shall let a building or part thereof in which he knows or has reason to know that a person has been suffering from any such disease, without first having such building or part thereof disinfected to the satisfaction of the medical and sanitary officers.

Any person infringing this bye-law without reasonable excuse, shall on conviction before a magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

II. (i) On the occurrence of any case of anthrax or glanders or rinderpest or any disease effecting horses, dogs, cattle, sheep or goats, notice of the same shall be given by the owner or caretaker of the effected animal on his becoming cognizant of such disease, either personally or in writing to the Assistant Veterinary Inspector, Veterinary Dispensary, if there is one, or to an officer of the municipality not below the rank of patel.

(ii) Every place which is occupied by an animal suffering from such disease and everything which may have come into contact with such animal, whilst so suffering, shall be immediately cleansed and disinfected at the cost of the council in such manner as may be required by the Assistant Veterinary Inspector and if any such thing is in the opinion of that officer, not susceptible of efficient disinfection;

he shall require it to be destroyed provided that for articles so destroyed, such compensation shall be paid as the President or Vice-President, may after necessary enquiry consider reasonable.

(iii) No stall or building occupied by an animal suffering from such disease shall be reoccupied until at least seven days after it has been so disinfected.

(iv) Whoever, without reasonable excuse, infringes the provision of bye-laws 1 and 3, shall on conviction before a magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(v) Any dog found straying in any public street or place, without a collar and apparently ownerless, may be destroyed by any person so authorised by the President or Vice-President in that behalf.

XII.

BYE-LAW FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL RELATING TO THE CONTROL OF THE SOURCE OF WATER SUPPLY IN THE TOWN OF ANEKAL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*l*) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Control of water supply.

No person shall fish with nets, rods or otherwise, or shoot snipe without a special license bearing the signature of the President or Vice-President, nor any person shall wash clothes or dyed yarn or silk, etc., or animals or utensils or any other articles or himself or any part of his body or gargle or spit or commit nuisance or commit any other kind of act which may contaminate water and make it unserviceable for drinking purposes in the tank known as "Chikkere" in the Anekal Town, which is now solely reserved for the supply of drinking water to the inhabitants of the Anekal Town and in any other tank or well or pond which may be reserved from time to time for the supply of drinking water to the inhabitants of the Anekal Town by the Anekal Municipal Council within the Anekal Municipal limits.

No person shall water any animal or animals at the places where the people are taking water, nor any person shall allow any animal or animals to get into and wander in water in the said "Chikkere" Tank.

Any person contravening this order, shall be liable to a penalty on conviction, of any sum not exceeding Rs. 50 for each offence.

[NOTE.—The tank known as "Chikkere" is reserved solely for the supply of drinking water to the inhabitants of the Anekal Town. The provision to reserve any other source of water supply from time to time is very necessary, as some ponds or tanks have to be reserved every year during jatra season, only for a short time. It will not be possible to frame bye-laws for those particular sources every year and get sanction of Government. Further, it will be the same case during epidemics. Therefore, power has been taken to the Municipal Council to reserve any other source of water supply from time to time. Similar power has been given by statute alone to the Municipal Councils to reserve sources of water from time to time for bathing and washing purposes under Section 133 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation. Now power is taken to reserve for the supply of drinking water.]

XIII.

BYE-LAW FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*n*) OF MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Sanitation and Conservancy.

I. (1) No rubbish mentioned in Section 127 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited in any place or street other than municipal dust bins.

(2) Tiles, garden sweepings, branches of trees and thatch and night soil shall not be deposited in municipal dust bins.

(3) Sullage, urine, etc., shall not be discharged into road-side gutters without the special sanction of the President or Vice-President.

(4) Any person who shall be guilty of a breach of any of the above bye-laws shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

II. No person shall dry any bratties or cow dung cakes on the external wall of any houses or yards or compound walls, and any one infringing this bye-law shall on conviction before a Magistrate liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

III. Any person easing himself or allowing any member of his family to ease, either in or in the vicinity of any public streets, lanes and drains or in or outside any part of any public latrine, other than in the trench made therein for the purpose,

shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first time and one rupee for the second time and two rupees for each succeeding offence.

IV. Persons effected with loath some or infectious disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale, any articles of food and drink, either in markets or bazaars of the town under a penalty on conviction before Magistrate to a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence.

V. Prohibiting milch kine and slaughter-cattle being fed on stable, litter, etc :—

The practice of feeding milch kine and cattle intended for slaughter on stable, litter and other refuse is strictly prohibited and any person residing within municipal limits who may transgress this Rule will on conviction before a Magistrate subject himself to a fine of Rs. 10 for the first and Rs. 20 for each succeeding offence.

VI. All persons holding houses or lands within municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channels in and about their premises free from objection to remove all evident causes of malaria. All persons, who after due notice from the President or Vice-President has been given, fail to comply with provisions of this bye-law, shall on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

VII. The owner or caretaker of donkeys or asses, pigs or swine or dogs or poultry should not keep or allow them to be kept in or upon any building or land in such a way as to cause or suffer them to be tethered or strayed about by any member of his family or household in any public streets or place so as to be a nuisance.

VIII. Any infringement of the above bye-laws will render the offender liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 for each offence and also for subsequent repetitions.

XIV.

BYE-LAW FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*n*) (*p*) (*q*) AND (*r*) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Buildings and other Structures.

1. Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meanings of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VIII of 1906, any building in the town of Anekal, shall give notice in writing of his intentions to the President.

Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of the land on which the structure is proposed to be built showing :—

(*a*) The position of the building and appurtenant out-buildings to be erected on the lands.

(*b*) The area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land.

(*c*) The names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings; and

(*d*) The number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the land is situated.

2. The plan required to be produced under Section 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation shall be in duplicate and drawn stating dimensions therein.

The aforesaid plan shall further show the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side drain of the street or road which the building faces, or if there be no such side drain with reference to the central line of the street or road. The license and the plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the municipal authorities.

Provided that in the case of buildings of which the value will be less than Rs. 500, it shall be sufficient for the site plan to show to the satisfaction of the President without scale, the size of the proposed building and its position on the land, together with the position of the land with reference to adjacent buildings or lands.

3. No foundation of a new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matter until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President or shall in his opinion have become innocuous.

4. No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

5. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana aloe, prickly pear or other objectionable plant or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

6. No new building shall be erected by any person, the foundation of the wall of which along the road is less than 1½ feet from the side drain.

7. The level of the plinth of any building shall not be below such level as may be fixed by the President.

8. The eaves of the buildings, sun shades to windows, water spouts to drain off roof water shall not project beyond side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

9. The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the other edge of the side drain of the road.

10. No sun shades for shops either temporary or permanent shall be erected beyond the outer edge of the side drain of the road.

11. Every house should have a decent frontage and no perishable or inflammable materials should be used for construction. In all the localities of the town, where having regard to attendant circumstances, it is possible every new building shall be in communication with the external air all round the building.

12. The minimum height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof thereof shall not be less than 8 feet from the floor to the ceiling.

The room in the roof shall have an average height of 7 feet from the floor or the ceiling.

No shop or market place, manufactory, place of public resort, etc., should be built in the midst of localities intended for residential purposes unless there-fourths of the number of owners in the block or area affected agree to the same.

13. No person shall construct over a privy whether new or old, any room or structure of any description except another privy or a bathing place or a bath room.

14. If any person has any doubt or difficulty as to the tone, intent or meaning of any matter connected with these rules or requirements thereof, he may, before giving notice, in writing of his intention to erect or re-erect any building apply to the President who shall upon receipts of such application, give the said person within a week such information as in the circumstances may be necessary.

15. In every case where a person who shall erect a building, shall at any reasonable time, during progress or after completion of the erection of such building, receive from the President notice in writing specifying any matters in respect of which the erection of such building may be in contravention of any bye-law relating to the new buildings and requiring such person within a reasonable time which shall be specified in such notice to cause anything done; contrary to any such bye-law may be required to be done, but which has been omitted to be done, such person, shall within the time specified in such notice comply with the several requirements thereof so far as such requirements relate to matters in respect of which the erection of such building may be in contravention of any such bye-law.

The time limit for the license granted under these bye-laws shall be six months.

Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 200 on conviction before a Magistrate as provided in the Municipal Regulation, Section 96 (5).

XV.

BYE-LAW FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*n*) AND (*p*) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION FOR ERECTING TEMPORARY STRUCTURES.

The erection of the pendals and other temporary structures on public roads.

No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purpose shall be erected in any street, lane or public thoroughfare without written permission from the President. On receipt of application for permission to put up such structure specifying the situation, size and other particulars, licenses will be issued by the President or Vice-President if he sees no objection thereto on such conditions as he may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety.

(*a*) No pendal shall ordinarily be allowed to stand for more than fifteen days. An extension of time may be granted, but not so as to exceed a month from the commencement.

(*b*) If on the expiration of time allowed in the license, or period granted in extension thereto on special application, the person that put up the structure does not remove it, the President or Vice-President will issue a notice to the defaulter for its removal within such time as may be fixed by him in any case; at the end of which time, he may have it removed and the cost of such removal shall be recoverable from the defaulter as a municipal demand.

(*c*) Any breach of this bye-law will on conviction before a Magistrate subject the offender to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the first offence and Rs. 10 for each subsequent offence.

Re-erection of pendals on vacant lands either public or private within the municipal limits for dramas, circus and other public entertainments.

License for the erection of pendals for public entertainments such as drama, etc., may be given by the President or Vice-President in writing on receipt of application under the following conditions:—after charging Rs. 5 as license fees if it is for less than a fortnight; Rs. 10 if it is more than a fortnight, but less than a month; with an additional fee of Rs. 10 for every additional month or part of a month:

(1) That structure shall not be less than 12 feet high at every point.

(2) That doorways each at least 7 feet high and 4 feet broad be provided at intervals of not more than 20 feet along the sides of the structure, so that no portion of a side exceeding 20 feet may be left without a door.

(3) The curtains and chicks may be employed to cover the doorways, but nothing of a nature to barr free egress.

(4) But no rotten cloth be used in construction of such structure.

(5) That cross beams or rafters of the roof of such structures shall not be tied together with combustible materials.

(6) The globs, chandeliers, etc., in such structure shall be suspended by iron rods, not ropes.

(7) That such iron rods shall extend not less than 4 feet from the ceiling and shall not be draped with cloth.

(8) That all lights and chandeliers shall be at a distance not less than 2 feet from the side walls of such structure.

(9) That the permit holder shall keep outside each such structure, four large sized casks and ten chatties constantly filled with water.

(10) That no cooking shall be allowed within any such structure unless the cooking place be surrounded by a bamboo matting, 6 feet high plastered over with a thick coat of mud.

[This bye-law does not apply to pendals for Dasara, Moharrum, Kelike, Harikathe or other public purpose.]

The license holder shall keep the permit at the site occupied and produce when required by the President or Vice-President, Sanitary Inspector or any other Municipal Officer authorised by the President or Vice-President, for inspection.

A ground rent of Rs. 2 per day will be charged from beginning to the end of drama in addition to the license fee, if the vacant site occupied belongs to the Municipality.

No license shall be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for that purpose to be carried on there without likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

The President or Vice-President shall have the power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for the erection and occupation of the place as a theatre whenever they deem necessary in the interests of convenience and safety of the public generally or of the persons inhabiting in or restoring to the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

All premises at all times be open to the inspection by the President or Vice-President or the Sanitary Inspector or any other Municipal Officer authorised in this behalf by the President or Vice-President.

Every person who shall commit any breach of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 100 on conviction before a Magistrate.

XVI.

BYE-LAW FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*o*) OF MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

The carcasses of the dead animals.

1. Every person, within whose premises any animal may die, shall within 12 hours after its death either, remove the carcasses at his own expense, without cutting it up or opening it, to such a place as may be set apart by the Municipality for the receiption of such carcasses or report its death to the Sanitary Inspector of the town and in such latter case shall pay to the said Sanitary Inspector the expense of removing the carcasses at such a rate as the President or Vice-President from time to time determine.

2. Every person who becomes aware that a carcass of a dead animal is laying in any place, uncared for, shall forthwith report the fact to the President or Vice-President.

3. No person shall use for the disposal of the carcasses of dead animals, any place which is not prescribed by the Municipality for such purpose unless the previous sanction is obtained of the President or Vice-President.

4. Any breach of the bye-law will on conviction before a Magistrate subject the offender to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

XVII.

THE POWERS CONFERRED BY THESE BYE-LAWS SHALL BE EXERCISED BY THE PRESIDENT UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*w*).

1. It shall be competent for the President to dispose of the vacant building sites vested in the Municipal Council by public auction or otherwise on receipt of applications.

2. The President shall reserve to himself the right of refusing any application without assigning any reason therefor.

3. No site shall be granted to any body who does not want the same for *bona fide* purposes of building a house.

4. All sale shall be subject to confirmation of the Municipal Council.

5. The applicant within six months from the date of the grant of the site shall collect the building materials on the site and within one year shall complete the building.

6. If the applicant fails to complete the building within the time fixed, the site will be liable to be resumed, the purchaser forfeiting all claims for compensation.

7. The buildings are to be of substantial structures with a presentable frontage and necessary arrangements made for conservancy purposes in the rear.

8. No transfer of any site will become valid unless and until it has been sanctioned and recognized by the President or Vice-President.

XVIII.

BYE-LAW FRAMED BY THE ANEKAL TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER RULE 24 OF THE VACCINATION RULES UNDER COMPULSORY VACCINATION REGULATION OF 1906 IN LIEU OF THE VACCINATION BYE-LAW SANCTIONED IN G. O. No. R. 6947-8—ML. 56-20-32, DATED 10TH DECEMBER 1920.

Vaccination Bye-law.

1. The town of Anekal will for the purpose of vaccination be treated as one circle.

2. The Local Fund Dispensary and the Municipal Office shall be the Vaccination Depots.

3. The Sanitary Inspector shall be the Superintendent of Vaccination.

4. The Local Medical Officer and the Taluk Vaccinator, when at Head Quarters shall perform vaccination.

5. The Superintendent shall reside within the municipal limits of the town.

6. There shall be affixed at each of the depots, a board showing in English and Kannada, the hours at which vaccination shall be done at the depots.

7. Vaccination shall ordinarily be done at the Vaccine Depots on all days except Sundays and other authorised public holidays, between the hours of 8 and 10 in the mornings.

8. The Local Medical Officer and the Vaccinator shall, if so required by the head of a household vaccinate the members thereof at his residence on such days as he may find it convenient to do so, provided that during epidemics of small-pox or when an outbreak of the disease is impending, the Superintendent shall lose no time to arrange to vaccinate or re-vaccinate persons.

9. No fees shall be charged for the vaccination done at the depots and for vaccination of women and children under 2 years done at any private residence within the municipal limits. In all other cases, a fee of 2 annas per case and not exceeding 4 annas at a time per family may be charged.

10. The President of the Municipality will furnish the Superintendent with the following:—

(*a*) A list showing the number of houses in the Municipal area and the number of unprotected persons in each house.

(*b*) Within ten days after the close of each quarter, a list showing the number of unprotected immigrants into the town who have lived for longer than a month therein.

(*c*) A monthly statement showing the particulars of births in the town and of deaths among children.

11. The Superintendent shall maintain a register showing every house with the name of the unprotected persons therein with a space for the addition from time to time, of fresh unprotected cases and with a column for entering the date and a result of vaccination.

12. The Superintendent shall maintain a Vaccination Register in the form prescribed by Government, a register of notices and a register of complaints lodged before the Magistrate.

13. The Superintendent shall submit before the 5th of each month, a monthly report of vaccination to the Chief Sanitary Inspector and to the President of the Municipality.

14. The Superintendent shall bring to the notice of the President, any remissness of duty on the part of the head of a household calculated to impair the efficiency of the Vaccination Administration. The President shall take steps to deal with such cases.

15. The Superintendent may grant certificates under Rule 6 and 9 of the Vaccination Rules.

16. The Patel and Shanbhog and the Municipal Councillors shall render every help to the Superintendent in the discharge of his duty.

M. NARAIN RAO,
President.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DISTRICT BOARD OF MYSORE PASSED AT A SPECIAL MEETING HELD AT 11 A.M., ON SATURDAY THE 16TH MAY 1925.

Present.

A. V. RAMANATHAN, ESQ., B.A., DEPUTY COMMISSIONER (PRESIDENT).

Members.

Present ... 34 | Absent ... 13

SUBJECTS.

i. Levy of an Education Cess in the Mysore District and

ii. Levy of the Cess at 6 pies per rupee; as agreed to by 11 out of the 13 Taluk Boards in the district.

Resolution.—(i) Resolved that an Education Cess be levied in the Mysore District, 27 members voting for and 7 against.

ii. An amendment moved by Mr. Krishnaswamy Rao and supported by Mr. E. Krishnappa that 3 pies per rupee be substituted for 6 pies was put to the vote and lost (13 voted for and 20 against the motion).

The original proposition for levying the Education Cess at 6 pies per rupee was then put to the vote and was carried *nem con* as 27 members voted for and none against it.

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
President.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification dated 8th May 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll gates at Huliginakoppa in Shikarpur Taluk during the year 1925-26 will be resold by public auction at the Taluk Office, Shikarpur, at 2 P.M., on Saturday the 13th June 1925, subject to the conditions notified on pages from 172 to 176 in Part IIA of the *Mysore Gazette* dated 2nd April 1925.

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
President, District Board.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 8340—*Ml.* 58-24-2, *dated* 20*th May* 1925.

Under Section 2 (1) of the Mysore Vaccination Regulation, 1906, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to direct that vaccination shall be compulsory in the Shimoga Town Municipality for a period of three years from 1st June 1925.

No. L. 8343—*Ml.* 57-24-335, *dated* 20*th May* 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, the term of the existing Town Municipal Council of Channapatna, which will expire on the 1st July 1925, is extended till the end of August 1925 pending reconstitution in due course.

No. L. 8374—*Ml.* 56-24-280, *dated* 22*nd, May* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. K. Hanumanthiah as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Kadur is approved.

By Order,

T. K. SOMEWARA IYER,

For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 18*th May* 1925.

The undermentioned building sites in the Visweswarapuram Extension, some Municipal and others resumed by the City Municipal Council for non-payment of site value, will be sold by *public auction* on the spot *at* 8 A.M., *on Monday the 15th June* 1925, by the Municipal Commissioner or any other Municipal Officer, deputed by him on this behalf. The sales are subject to the conditions notified in page 669, Part II-A, of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated the 11th December 1924. Further particulars may be had in the City Municipal Office on any working day during office hours.

SCHEDULE OF SITES IN VISWESWARAPURAM EXTENSION, TO BE SOLD BY PUBLIC AUCTION ON 15TH JUNE 1925.

Serial No.	No. of the site	Dimensions	Area in square yards, approximate
1	428	$\frac{44' + 41'}{2} \times \frac{78' + 74'}{2}$ ...	359
2	395	30' × 74'	247
3	39	$100' \times \frac{95' + 14'}{2}$	605
4	76	50' × 110'	611
5	83	50' × 110'	611
6	235	52½' × 114'	665
7	245	52½' × 114'	665
8	238	114' × 87'	1,102
9	350	$\frac{155' + 47'}{2} \times 116'$ ...	1,301 7/9
10	192	98' × 87'	947
11	191	95' × 42'	443

M. G. KRISHNASAMI RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 20*th May* 1925.

Under the rules framed under Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the following members were added on to the Village Panchayet of Doddakurugodu, Goribidnur Taluk, on account of the inclusion of Kadirenahalli village in the Panchayet.

Elected.

1. Mr. Aswathaiya, son of Cheluvaiya.

Nominated.

2. Mr. G. Papaiya, Patel.

Notification dated 20*th May* 1925.

I. The Village Panchayet of Halkur, Goribidnur Taluk, has been reconstituted as follows:—

Elected Members.—

1. Mr. Narase Gowda, son of Halkurappa.
2. ,, Venkataramanaiya, son of Venkatasubbaiyya.
3. ,, Angadi Nanjundaiya, son of Rudrappa.
4. ,, Dastagiri Khan Sab, son of Hussain Sab.
5. ,, Mudlappa, son of Venkatanna for Husseinpura.

Nominated Members.—

6. Mr. Prabhavaiya *bin* Honnaiya.
7. ,, Seenaiya *bin* Chalavaiya.

II. The Village Panchayet of Bellal Bommasandra, Goribidnur Taluk, has been reconstituted as follows :—

Elected Members.—

1. Mr. Venkatarayappa *bin* Naranappa.
2. ,, Devangada Venkataramaiya *bin* Kodaga Dasappa.
3. ,, Chikkavenkataramanaiya *bin* Kondappa.
4. ,, Chikka Nanjundappa *bin* Pillappa.
5. ,, Subbareddi *bin* Narasimhareddi.
6. ,, Kumbara Hanumanthappa *bin* Sanjivanna.

Nominated Members.—

7. Mr. Patel Ramaiya.
8. „ Gare Muniappa.
9. „ Venkatasubbaiya.

III. The Village Panchayet of Kalabur, Goribidnur Taluk, has been reconstituted as follows:—

Elected Members.—

1. Mr. Chikka Papanna *bin* Ramanna.
2. „ Kondappa *bin* Govindappa.
3. „ Dewan Sab *bin* Hussain Sab.
4. „ Basti Nagappa *bin* Bommarasaiya.
5. „ Shanbhog Anantaiya *bin* Venkatappa.
6. „ Sendi Narasimhaiya *bin* Thirumalappa.

Nominated Members.—

7. Mr. Raddara Ramaiya.
8. „ Patel Srinivasa Rao.
9. „ Shanbhog Venkataramanappa.

IV. The Village Panchayet of Kalludi, Goribidnur Taluk, has been reconstituted as follows:—

Elected Members.—

1. Mr. Gangadharappa *bin* Lakshmipathaiya.
2. „ Kote Nanjunda Gowda *bin* Karibasave Gowda.
3. „ Ankappa Setti *bin* Narayana Setti.
4. „ Seetharamaraju *bin* Thimmaraju.
5. „ Anjanappa *bin* Hanumanthappa.

Nominated Members.—

6. Mr. Narayana Gowda, Patel.
7. „ Kalappanavara Thimmaiya.

C. RAMACHENDRA RAO,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

Notification No. 3 *of* 1924-25.

Whereas it has appeared to the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Mysore, that by acquiring the undermentioned properties for the purpose noted against each of them further improvements can be made in the locality in which they are situated, it is hereby notified in accordance with Section 16 (1) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation, III of 1903, that the Board have resolved to acquire the said properties.

The plans and statements showing the extent of land, etc., required for the proposed improvements may be seen in the Chairman's Office located in the Municipal Office, Mysore, during office hours.

The following are the particulars of the properties to be required:—

Block No.	Plan No.	Door No.	Name of the owner	Boundaries				Remarks
				East	West	North	South	
60, 62 and 63	....	493	Poo[illegible] Lingiah (Measurements of the land required about 12′ by 7½′ - 10 square yards with structure trees, etc., thereon.	Conservancy lane.	Road.	Venkatamma's house.	Srinivasa Rao's house.	For continuing the conservancy lane from east to west in block 60, 62 and 63.

N. MADHAVA RAO
Chairman.

BHADRAVATI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Dated 8th May 1925.

The following draft bye-laws are framed by the Bhadravati Municipal Council, under Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906, and are published for the information of the public :—

Any resident within the area of the Bhadravati Municipality, who has any objection or suggestions with respect to the draft bye-laws, should communicate the same to the President, Bhadravati Municipality, within one month from the date of this notification.

BYE-LAWS REGARDING THE ERECTION OF BUILDINGS, PENDALS OR OTHER TEMPORARY STRUCTURES ON PUBLIC STREETS AND LANDS, VESTED IN THE MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 P OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION OF 1906.

1. Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, No VII of 1906, any building in the Municipal limits of Bhadravati shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President. Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of the land on which the structure is proposed to be built, drawn to a scale of not less than ten feet to an inch showing—

(*a*) the position of building and appurtenant out-building to be erected on the land ;

(*b*) the area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land ;

(*c*) the names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings, and

(*d*) the number of the lot and the name of the block and street or road in which the the land is situated.

2. The applicant should also produce a plan in duplicate, drawn to a scale not less than ten feet to an inch showing, in sections and elevations, the plan of the ground floor and of each other floor and the depth and thickness of the foundation, the height and the thickness of the plinth and walls above the plinth, the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the room

The aforesaid plan shall further show the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side-drain of the street or road, which the building faces, or, if there be no such side-drain, with reference to the central line of the street or road. The licenses and the plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the Municipal authorities.

3. No foundation of a new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matter, until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President, or shall in their opinion have become innocuous.

4. No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

5. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, prickly-pear or other objectionable plants or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

6. No new building shall be erected by any person the foundation of the wall of which along the road is less than five feet from the side-drain.

7. The level of the plinth or basement of any building shall not be less than a foot and a half above the ground level.

8. The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground floor of building proposed to be erected should rest on the solid ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete or upon some solid and sufficient sub-structure as a foundation.

Provided that where solid rock is met with at or near the surface of the site of such building, *i.e.*, within three feet of the level of the base of the wall, the footings may be omitted if the surface of the rock be properly cleaned and stepped or jagged to receive the first course of masonry. The minimum height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof shall not be less than eight feet from the floor to the ceiling and the rooms shall be well ventilated.

9. The eaves of buildings, sunshades to windows and water-spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

10. The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the outer edge of the side-drain of the road and should be easily removeable for cleaning the drains.

CONSTRUCTION OF PRIVIES OR LATRINES

11. Every place other than a water-closet or bath room situated within any house, building or enclosure and habitually used for the purpose of calls of nature or for keeping human excreta, shall be considered to be privy or latrine within the meaning of this bye-law.

12. Every person who shall erect a new building shall, in connection with such buildings as chattrams, agraharams and tenements, etc., construct such number of privies and in such manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the President or Vice-President.

13. A person who shall construct a new privy, whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved by the President or Vice-President.

14. Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 200 on conviction before a Magistrate, as provided in the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Section 96 (5).

RE: PENDALS AND OTHER TEMPORARY STRUCTURES.

1. No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purposes shall be erected in any street, lane or public thoroughfare or in any place or in front of buildings so as to encroach on Municipal drain or roads within the Municipal limits, without the written permission of the President or Vice-President. On receipt of application for permission to put up such structure, specifying the situation, size and other particulars, licenses will be issued by the President or Vice-President, if they see no objections thereto, on such conditions as they may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety on payment of the following fees :—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
For a marriage pendal	1	0	0	
For other pendals or structures	0	8	0	
For temporary projection in front of buildings ...	0	1	0	per sq. feet per year.

2. No pendal shall occupy more than one-third of the breadth of the road.

3. No pendal shall ordinarily be allowed to stand for more than fifteen days. An extension of time may be granted on payment of half of the original fee, but not so as to exceed a month from the commencement.

(*a*) If at the expiration of time allowed in the license or period granted in extension thereto on special application, the person that put up the structure does not remove it, the President or Vice-President shall issue a notice to the defaulter for its removal within such time as may be fixed by them in each case, at the end of which time they may have it removed and the cost of such removal shall be recoverable from the defaulter as a Municipal demand.

Any person who commits any breach of any of the above bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for the first offence and Rs. 10 for each subsequent offences.

RE: ERECTIONS OF PENDALS ON VACANT LANDS WITHIN THE MUNICIPAL LIMITS FOR DRAMAS DURING NIGHTS.

4. License for the erection of pendals for dramas may be given by the President or Vice-President in writing on receipt of application under the following conditions after charging Rs. 5 as license fees:—

(1) The structure shall not be less than twelve feet high at every point.

(2) That doorways each at least seven feet high and four feet broad be provided at intervals of not more than twenty feet along the sides of the structure, so that no portion of a side exceeding twenty feet may be left without a door.

(3) The curtains and chicks may be employed to cover the doorways but nothing of a nature to bar free egress.

(4) That no rotten cloth be used in construction of such structure.

(5) That cross beams or rafters of the roof of such structure shall not be tied together with rope of other combustible materials.

(6) The globes chandeliers, etc., in such structure shall be suspended by iron rods and not ropes.

(7) That such iron rods shall extend not less than 4 feet from the ceiling and shall not be draped with cloth.

(8) That all lights and chandeliers shall be at a distance of not less than 2 feet from the side walls of such structure.

(9) That the permit holder shall keep outside each such structure four large sized caskes and ten chatties constantly filled with water.

(10) That no cooking shall be allowed within any such structure unless the cooking place be surrounded by a bamboo malling 6 feet high plastered over with a thick coat of mud.

Note.—This bye-law does not apply to pendals for Dasara, Moharram or other public purposes.

5. The license-holder shall keep the permit at the site occupied and produce when required by the President or Vice-President, Sanitary Inspector or any Municipal Officer, authorised by the President or Vice-President for inspection.

6. A ground rent of Rs. 2 per day will be charged from the beginning to the end of drama.

7. No license shall be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for that purpose to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

8. The President or Vice-President shall have the power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for the erection and occupation of the place as a theatre whenever they deem necessary in the interests of convenience and safety of the public generally, or of the person inhabiting in or resorting to the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license, or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

9. Every person who shall commit any breach of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 100 on conviction before a Magistrate.

Dated 8th May 1925.

The following draft bye-laws relating to the levy of octroi duty on articles imported into the Bhadravati Town Municipality under Section 48(1) (*k*) of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, are hereby published for general information :—

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the proposed bye-laws may, within one month from the date of publication in the Gazette, send his objection in writing to the President or Vice-President of the Bhadravati Town Municipal Council.

1. The local limits for collecting octroi duty shall be the Municipal boundaries.

2. No articles liable to octroi duty shall be brought within those limits (except by one of the roads described in the schedule hereto annexed or by the railway.

3. All persons bringing into or receiving from beyond the octroi limits of the town any such articles shall exhibit the same at the octroi katte or station to allow of its being duly inspected by the octroi staff.

4. The octroi posts at which such inspection will be carried out shall be near the Municipal Office. Every person bringing dutiable articles within the town shall report the fact to the octroi staff.

5. A table (Schedule II) showing the octroi duty leviable on the various articles shall be exhibited at the Municipal Office in a conspicuous part thereof.

6. When the goods are inspected under bye-law 3, a permit in duplicate shall be furnished to the importer by the octroi servant. The importer on receiving such permit shall forthwith produce the dutiable goods, with the permit at the Municipal Office. The mutsaddi in charge of the katte will then value the goods, assess the duty and recover the same from the importer and issue a receipt in acknowledgment of the receipt of octroi duty and also a permit to remove the goods thus paid for.

7. If the importer satisfies the mutsaddi that the goods are not to be consumed in the town but exported, he will be furnished with a free permit.

8. For the purpose of appraising the value of goods on which duty is assessed, the importer may be called upon to produce the original invoice of the goods for the inspection of the octroi mutsaddi or other Municipal Officer or Councillor. Should he fail to produce the same, the value of the goods shall be assessed by the said functionary at the current market rates and duly levied accordingly.

9. With the previous approval of the President in each case, any carrying agent through whom goods are imported on behalf of persons resident within the Municipality or any whole-sale importer, may, on depositing as security such amount as may in each case be fixed by the President, not being less than Rs. 250, be exempted from producing the goods imported by him or through his agency for inspection at the Municipal Office, provided that he makes arrrngements satisfactory to the President for the supply to the Council of correct and detailed lists of all such goods with the names of the consignees in each case. Every such agent shall be responsible to the extent of his deposit for the payment of octroi duty on all goods which may have left his premises without octroi duty having been paid, provided that the President may at any time cancel such exemption by giving notice in writing to such an agent or importer and return to him the amount of his deposit or such portion thereof as may remain to his credit, or may in any case require such agent or importer to produce any such goods for inspection at the Municipal Office.

10. *Bonded Warehouse.*—It shall be competent for the Municipal Council to provide a bonded warehouse for all or any kind of octroiable goods and regulate its working by rules made from time to time.

11. *Refunds.*—Refunds of octroi duty shall not be granted unless in the case of goods which are exported within three months from the date of their importation. Refunds shall not be given of any sum less than rupee one.

12. Any person claiming refund of the duty shall produce at the Municipal Office the goods in respect of which refund of duty is claimed together with the receipt and permit furnished to him under bye-law 6. He shall also produce an application in triplicate mentioning the circumstances that necessitated the exportation of the goods and giving such particulars as will be prescribed in this behalf by the President.

13. The Officer in charge of the octroi katte, on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt had been granted on the validity of the claim, shall endorse the three copies of the application with an export pass and keeping one copy in the office, shall deliver the other copies to the applicant.

14. All goods exported under such pass shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pass whenever required by the officers of the Municipality.

15. If the goods are being exported otherwise than by rail and if the consignment appears to be duly covered by the pass, he shall retain the duplicate pass and return the triplicate pass to the exporter or his agent after due endorsement of the particulars specified in such form as may be prescribed by the President; otherwise he shall retain both duplicate and triplicate passes and shall report the circumstances forthwith for the orders of his immediate superior. If the goods are being exported under refund pass, he shall in either case allow the consignment to proceed. If the goods are under a free export pass and do not appear to agree with the particulars given therein they shall be detained until the orders of his superior are received.

16. If the goods are for export by rail, the octroi subordinate shall retain the triplicate pass pending production of a railway receipt for the goods covered by the pass. Upon production of the railway receipt, if after due enquiry the said octroi subordinate is satisfied that the goods produced are covered by the pass, and also by the railway receipt in question, he will then endorse on the duplicate and triplicate passes, respectively, the number and date of the railway receipt and will return the triplicate copy to the person in charge of the goods, but he will retain the duplicate pass subject to disposal in the prescribed course of business.

17. In all cases in which refund is claimed, the triplicate pass duly endorsed as provided by bye-laws 16 and 17, respectively, must be produced at the Municipal Office by the person seeking the refund and if, after due check, the Municipal Officer is satisfied that a refund of octroi duty covered by such pass is duly payable, he shall, if the amount so payable does not exceed Rs. 2, forthwith pay the same to the person presenting the triplicate pass. If the amout to be refunded exceeds Rs. 2 or if the Municipal Officer sees any cause to refuse payment of any sum claimed, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President or Vice-President.

18. General importers of dutiable articles shall, if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the President or Vice-President within three months of import, account for the articles received by them by producing either a permit and receipt obtained in token of payment of octroi duty or an export pass in proof of having exported the whole or part of the articles so received or otherwise. Any breach of this bye-law will render the importer liable to punishment with a fine extending to ten times the value of octroi duty on such goods or to Rs. 25 whichever may be less and the payment of octroi duty on the article unaccounted for.

19. Any person importing or exporting dutiable articles, who infringes bye-laws 3, 4, 6, 7 and 14 shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE I.

No.	*Name of authorised routes*	*Octroi kattes*
1.	Railway Station	Municipal Office.
2.	Tarikere Road	
3.	Channagiri Road	

SCHEDULE II.

Vide Schedule IV of G. O. No. R. 6319—M. L. 81-19-6, dated 25th November 1920.

No.	*Description of articles*	*Rate* Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Fresh cocoanut, each	0	0	1
2.	Dry cocoanut, per maund	0	8	0
3.	Betel leaves, 100 leaves	0	0	1
4.	Jaggory, per maund	0	2	0
5.	Sugar, per maund	0	4	0
6.	Kerosene oil or petrol, per tin	0	2	0
7.	Tobacco, per maund	1	0	0
8.	Piece goods, per rupee *ad valorem*	0	0	3
9.	Sheep or goats, each	0	1	6

Dated 8th May 1925.

The following draft bye-laws regarding the registration of births and deaths framed by the Bhadravati Municipal Council under Section 48 (*g*) of the Municipal Regulation are published hereunder for general information.

1. A Register shall be kept of births and deaths in the town and for this purpose a Registrar of births and deaths shall be appointed.

The Municipal Office shall for the present be the office of registry and the Sanitary Inspector be the Registrar. A notice written both in English and in Kanarese and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify this fact to the public.

2. All births and deaths shall be registered in books in the forms given in the appended schedule and these books shall be presented in the Municipal Office.

3. The Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and every death which occurs within the Municipality, and shall register as soon as conveniently may be after the event without fee or reward the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the said schedule touching every such birth and death, as the case may be, which has not been already registered.

4. All such entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of the book.

5. The father or mother or other male relative of every child born within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of the father, mother and other male relative, the medical attendant or midwife who was present at or in attendance, shall, within one week next after the day of every such birth, give or cause to be given to the Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known, and registered touching the birth of such child.

6. Some near relative present at the death or in attendance during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building or if the occupier be the person who has died, some person living in the building in which such death has occurred, shall, within 24 (twenty-four) hours, give or cause to be given to the Registrar, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered touching the death of every person.

7. In the case of births or deaths in any public institution it shall be the duty of the officer or person in charge to give or cause to be given to the Registrar, the information required under bye-laws 5 and 6 touching such births and deaths.

8. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedule (printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office).

9. On notice received at the office of registry, the Sanitary Inspector shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the accuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice and after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against the particular entry in the register in token of having performed such inspection.

10. Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who had died within the Municipality shall, whenever required, furnish the Registrar or other person authorised in his behalf, such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

11. Any person whose duty it is to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who neglects or refuses to give such information or gives false information, shall be liable (on conviction before a Magistrate) to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

12. All extracts from Registers of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Council and the fees payable for these shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

13. Extracts from the Register of births may, if required by the informant, be given to him free of cost by the Registrar.

DEFINITIONS.

"Occupier" includes the keeper, master, matron, superintendent or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or separate apartments are immediately held or his agent.

"Public institution" includes prison, lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory, hostel, barracks, any charitable or other itstitution which is under the management of the public body, officer or person.

The term "Stillbirth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

Report of births in the Municipality of Bhadravati during the month of.....192 .

Date and hour of birth	Nationality or caste	Born alive	Stillborn	Sex		Where born, locality, name of street, etc.	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice is sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address.

Report of deaths in the Bhadravati Municipality during the month of.....192 .

Name and surname of the deceased in Kanarese	Occupation or calling	Place of residence	Where death occurred	Door number	Age			Sex	Nationality or caste	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Date of death	Name of doctor, hakim or vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

*Here if the cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough vomittings, diarrhoea and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Informant's name and address.

Register of births in the Municipality of Bhadravati during the Month of.....192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Father's name	Mother's name	Residence	Father's occupation	Caste	Sex		Date of birth	Name of the child, if any	Name of the informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of Registrar	Remarks
							Male	Female							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Register of deaths in the Municipality of Bhadravati during the month of.....192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Name of deceased	Father's name	Residence at the time of death	Age	Sex		Caste	Occupation	Date of death	Cause of death	Name of informant	Residence of the informant	Signature of the informant	Signature of the Registrar	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

C. N. CHOWDAIYA,
President.
Municipal Council, Bhadravati.

ISSUE OF DUPLICATE DEBENTURE BONDS IN LIEU OF LOST OR DESTROYED BONDS.

1. The loss or destruction of a Shimoga District Board Railway debenture bond issued by the District Board, Shimoga, shall be notified in the first instance by a letter addressed to the President District Board, Shimoga. Such letter shall contain the following particulars:—

(*a*) Particulars of the bond according to the following :—
District Board Railway Debenture Bond for Rs.
No.....dated.....of the..... ...per cent.....loan of.

(*b*) Last half-year for which interest has been paid.
(*c*) To whom paid.
(*d*) Name of the person in whose name the bond was issued (if known)
(*e*) Where enfaced at present.
(*f*) The circumstances attending the loss.
(*g*) Whether the loss was reported to the Police.

The above letter shall be accompanied by :—

(1) The Post Office registry receipt for the letter containing the bond, if the same was lost in transmission by post.
(2) The Police report, if any, can be obtained.
(3) A letter signed by the Officer of the Treasury, where interest was last paid, certifying the last payment of interest made on the note and to whom the payment was made.
(4) If the applicant is not the last registered holder, all documentary evidence necessary to trace back the title to the last registered holder.
(5) Any portion or fragment which may remain of the lost or destroyed bond.

2. A duplicate copy of the letter to the President, District Board, Shimoga, must also be sent to the Treasury where interest is payable.

3. The loss or destruction of a debenture bond shall be further notified by an advertisement in Kannada, which the applicant for a duplicate bond shall cause to be inserted in three successive issues of the *Mysore Gazette*. Such notification shall be in the form following, or as near thereto as the circumstances will admit :—

Lost or destroyed (as the case may be).

The Shimoga District Board Railway Debenture Bond No.....dated.....of the .....per cent. loan. of.....for Rs. ....originally standing in the name of..... .....and last endorsed to..... ..... Proprietor, by wdom it was never endorsed to any other person, having been lost or destroyed (as the case may be), notice is hereby given that payment of the above bond and the interest thereupon has been stopped at the Treasury where made payable and that application is about to be made for the issue of a duplicate in favour of the Proprietor; the Public are cautioned against purchasing or otherwise dealing with the above mentioned debenture bond.

Name of Advertiser,
Residence.

4. At the expiration of three months from the date of insertion of the last advertisement, the President of the District Board, shall, if satisfied of the loss of destruction of a portion of a debenture bond and of the justice of the claim of the applicant, and if sufficient portion for the identification of the debenture bond so lost or destroyed shall have been produced, shall upon the execution of such bond of indemnity (with or without surety) as is herein aftermentioned, issue to the applicant a duplicate debenture bond in lieu of that so lost or destroyed as aforesaid.

5. If, however, no sufficient portion of the debenture bond so lost or destroyed shall have been produced as aforesaid, then at the expiration of one year from the date of such last advertisement, the President, District Board, shall, if satisfied as aforesaid, and if no reasons appear to the contrary, pass an order directing the Treasury where interest is to be made payable upon the execution of such bond of indemnity as is herein after mentioned to pay the applicant interest in respect of the bond so lost or destroyed pending the issue of a duplicate bond and also shall at the expiration of three years from the date of the publication of the list in which the lost or destroyed security is first mentioned, if no reason to the contrary appear, issue to the applicant (on his executing and procuring the execution by two sureties of such indemnity bond as is hereinafter mentioned, should the same be deemed necessary by the President, District Board), a duplicate bond in lieu of that so lost or destroyed as aforesaid.

6. The President, District Board, may within three years of the date of an order passed by him under the preceding rule, if he finds sufficient reason, alter or cancel such order and may also require that the interval before the issue of a duplicate bond, be extended to six years, or such shorter period not being less than three years as he may think fit.

7. Indemnity bonds when taken on the issue of a duplicate debenture bond or bonds shall be for the face value or market value whichever is the highest, or such bond or bonds and when taken on the issue of orders for payment of interest shall be for twice the amount of interest involved, that is to say, the aggregate amount of all back interest accrued due on the bond plus twice the amount of all interest accrue due thereon, during the three years which will have to elapse before the issue of a duplicate bond can be made. A fee of eight annas will be charged on bonds of Rs. 100 and less, and a fee of Re. 1 will be charged on other bonds before the issue of a duplicate. If, however, President considers that the circumstances of the case demand that a bond shall be specially prepared by the legal adviser of the District Board, such fees as may fixed by the President, shall be payable.

T. K. SOMESWARA IYER,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

INDEMNITY BOND.

KNOW all men by these presents, that we (here enter the name of the principal) and (here enter the name of the surety, are held and firmly bound to the President, District Board, Shimoga in the sum of Rupees.....(here specify the amount of the bond or bonds in question) to be paid to the said President of the District Board, his certain attorney successors or assigns, for which payment will and truly to be made, we bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators, and representatives jointly and every two of us bind ourselves, our heirs, executors, administrators and representatives jointly and each of—binds himself herself $\frac{\text{his}}{\text{her}}$ heirs, executors, administrators and representatives severally, firmly by these presents sealed with $\frac{\text{my}}{\text{our}}$ respective seals.

Dated this.....day of.....one thousand nine hundred and .....

WHEREAS the above bounden.....(here insert the name of the claimant) claims to be entitled to the several Shimoga District Board Railway Debenture Bonds specified and set forth in the schedule hereunder written at present standing in the name of—and has caused it to be represented to the PRESIDENT OF DISTRICT BOARD, SHIMOGA that $\frac{\text{he}}{\text{she}}$ is entitled to the said Debenture Bonds.

AND WHEREAS, the said.....(here mention the name of the claimant) has applied to the President, District Board for the said Debenture Bonds being transferred to his name from that of the said.....and the PRESIDENT, DISTRICT BOARD has agreed to so transfer the debenture bonds on condition of the said..... .....(claimant's name) entering into and executing such bond with a surety, sureties, as above written with such conditions as hereunder written.

NOW the condition of the above written bond or obligation is such that if the said..... .....his heirs, executors, administrators and representatives shall not and will not at any time hereafter, sue the President, District Board, his successors in office or assigns or any officer or servant of the District Board for or in respect of the said debentures or the renewal, or sub-division thereof or for the recovery of the value thereto

or any interest therein or of anything done by the President, District Board, or his agents or servants in relation thereto and shall and will save harmless and keep indemnified the said PRESIDENT, DISTRICT BOARD, his successors in office or assigns, or any agents employed by or officer, or servant of the District Board against all claims, demands or proceedings that may be made or instituted upon or against them or any of them by any person or persons whomsover in consequence of the PRESIDENT, DISTRICT BOARD, transferring the said debenture bonds to the said.....then the above written bond shall be void and no effect. Otherwise, the same shall be and remain in full force and virtue.

Signed, sealed and delivered by.—

In the Presence of.—

(Witnesses with occupation and address.)

1.

2.

KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 19th May 1925.

It is hereby notified for general information that the right of collecting tolls on vehicles and animals entering the Municipality of Kolar for a period of twelve months from 1st July 1925 to the 30th June 1926, will be sold by public auction in the President's Office, Kolar, by the President of the Municipality or by the Vice-President, at 12 noon, on Wednesday the 17th June 1925.

2. The successful bidder must collect tolls only at the rates noted in the annexed schedules and at no higher rates.

3. The sale shall be subject to confirmation by the President who reserves to himself the power of refusing or accepting the highest or any bid without assigning any reason therefor.

4. Every person who wants to bid at the sale must deposit a sum of Rs. 100 as earnest money. The earnest money will be returned in the case of unsuccessful bidders.

5. On the conclusion of the sale, the highest bidder in whose favour the contract is knocked down should deposit a sum equal to three months' instalments and as soon as the sale is confirmed, the contractor shall execute a stamped agreement for the due performance of the contract, with surety or sureties.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments, the instalment for each month being payable before the 10th of the following month. The deposit of three months' khists made by the contractor will be taken in payment of the instalments due for the last three months of the contract.

7. If the prescribed deposit is not made immediately after the close of the sale, the contract will be resold at the risk of the approved bidder and the earnest money deposited by him will be forfeited. If default is made in the payment of any of the instalments, interest at the rate of one pie per month per rupee will be levied on the amount due till the date of payment. The contractor will further forfeit the deposit and the unexpired portion of the contract will be liable to be resold at the discretion of the President, the deficit, if any, being recovered from the contractor who shall not be entitled to any excess that may be obtained by the resale.

8. The contractor is bound to keep correct accounts showing the daily collections, etc., in such forms as may be prescribed by the President. The accounts should be submitted by the contractor every month to the Vice-President's Office and it will also be open to inspection by the Vice-President or any other officer deputed by the President or the Vice-President.

9. The contractor will have the use of existing toll houses on such rates of rent as may be prescribed by the President and he will be bound to keep them in good order.

10. The contractor shall be bound to furnish receipts in the prescribed form and duly dated and signed to the parties paying tolls.

11. The following carts and vehicles are exempt from the payment of toll:—

(a) The carts and other vehicles owned by persons residing within the Municipal limits which are regularly assessed and numbered by the Municipality.

(b) Carts and other vehicles conveying exclusively His Majesty's Mails.

(c) Vehicles belonging to His Highness the Maharaja and carriage and carts the property of or employed by the Government or Municipal Council, of the town or licensed or registered by the said council.

(d) Vehicles (whether owned or hired) used for the passage of troops or conveyance of Government stores or of any other Government property duly certified as such by the controlling authority.

(e) Vehicle (whether owned or hired) used for passage of Military both Mysore and British or Police Officers on duty or the conveyance or passage of any property or persons in their custody duly certified as above.

12. No more than one payment of toll shall be demanded for and in respect of any carriage or cart in any one day of 24 hours counted from sunrise to sunrise.

13. No remission or abatement of rent or compensation of any account shall be claimable by the contractor and no application on this account shall be received.

14. The contractor should not unnecessarily delay carts or allow carts to block traffic and that he will be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for any neglect not otherwise provided for.

15. The contractor will hang lanterns to the gates during nights when gates are closed.

SCHEDULE A.

1. Bowringpet-Kolar Road.
2. Mulbagal do
3. Srinivaspur do
4. Bangalore do

SCHEDULE B.

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Vehicles			
	Every vehicle with springs	0	4	0
2.	Every jutka cart or waddar bandi drawn by two bullocks or buffalos, laden	0	2	0
3.	Do do do unladen ...	0	1	0
4.	Every cart drawn by a single bullock, laden	0	1	0
5.	Do do do unladen ...	0	0	6
6.	Bicycle or tricycle	0	0	6
7.	Motor car	0	4	0
8.	Motor cycle	0	2	0
9.	Riksha	0	1	0

Animals.

1.	Every buffalo, bull, bullock or cow laden or ridden ...	0	1	0
2.	Every horse	0	1	0
3.	Every ass or mule laden or ridden	0	0	3
4.	Every mule not laden	0	0	1

N.B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

S. HIRIYANNAIYA,
President,
Town Municipal Council, Kolar.

SHIMOGA TOWN-MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 21st May 1925.

It is hereby notified that the right of levying tolls on vehicles noted below entering the limits of the Town Municipality of Shimoga during a period of one year, from 1st July 1925 to 30th June 1926, will be put to public auction at 12 noon, on Saturday the 20th June 1925, in the Town Municipal Office, by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President of the Municipality.

* * * * *

9. The contractor shall collect tolls at the temporary sheds to be put up at the Municipal boundaries on the Bhadravati Road, the Holehonnur Road and the Jail Road and at the Ookads built on the Honnali Road, Tirthahalli Road, Sagar Road, Shikarpur Road at the rates detailed below :—

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Motor busses and cars	1	0	0
2.	Motor cycles	0	8	0
3.	Cart drawn by one or more pairs of bullocks, buffalos, horses, ponies, asses or mules when laden ...	0	4	0
4.	Do do when empty ...	0	2	0
5.	Cart drawn by one bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule when laden	0	2	0
6.	Do do when empty ...	0	1	0

6. (*a*) A cart which contains two days' supply of fodder or gram or kadale, not exceeding ten seers for the use of the animals, and flour or rice or ragi, or any other food grains not exceeding seven seers, together with necessary utensils for the use of the owner, will be considered to be an empty cart.

N.B.—No toll shall be levied on motor busses, cars and motor cycles, etc., for which mohatarfa tax has been levied by the Municipality.

For further particulars refer to page 258, Part II-A of *Mysore Gazette* dated 30th April 1925.

Notice dated 22nd May 1925.

It is hereby notified that the right of collecting fees on carts, etc., entering the limits of Municipal Market at Shimoga on Shandi days during a period of one year, from 1st July 1925 to 30th June 1926 will be put to public auction at 12 noon on Saturday the 20th June 1925 in the Town Municipal Office by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President of the Municipality.

* * * *

For further particulars refer to notification published on page 261, Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette.*

S. BILIGIRI RAO,
For *President.*

LOCAL AND LEGISLATIVE SECRETARIAT.

No. P. 6537—*R. A.* 10-24-10, *dated 26th May* 1925.

A casual vacancy having occurred in the Representative Assembly by the death of Mr. C. Narayanasami Chetty, Pleader and Vice-President, Chikballapur Municipality, who had been elected from the Chikballapur Urban Constituency, the Government are pleased to direct that under Rule 3 of the Rules published under notification No. P. 3867—Legis. 12-23-15, dated 11th January 1924, there shall be an election of a member to the Representative Assembly from the Chikballapur Urban Constituency to fill up the said vacancy.

2. They are also pleased to direct that the said election be held on Saturday the 18th July 1925, in accordance with the rules relating to the conduct of elections to the Representative Assembly from the Urban Constituencies, published under Part II B of the Notification No. 2399—Legis. 12-23-6, dated 7th November 1923.

3. Under Rule 1 of the Part II B of the said notification, persons who are desirous of standing for election shall furnish their names in writing to the President of the Chikballapur Town Municipal Council not later than Monday the 8th June 1925.

No. P. 6541—*R. A.* 10-24-11, *dated 26th May* 1925.

The following calendar relating to the election of a Member to the Representative Assembly from the Chikballapur Urban Constituency ordered in Notification No. P. 6537—R. A. 10-24-10, dated 26th May 1925, is published for general information.

The attention of the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar District, is invited to the events specified and the dates fixed therefor and he is requested to take necessary steps to carry out the programme.

Calendar for the election of Member from the Chikballapur Urban Constituency :—

1.	Intimation by candidates of their candidature to the President, Chikballapur Municipality, not later than	8th June 1925.
2.	Publication of the names of the candidates in the Gazette, by the President, Chikballapur Municipality	18th June 1925
3.	Date of election	18th July 1925
4.	Date of publication of the result in the Gazette by Government	30th July 1925

By Order,

T. K. SOMESWARA IYER,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JUNE 4, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 8562—*Ml.* 57-24-339, *dated* 1*st June* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the rules framed thereunder, the Minor Municipal Council of Tirthahalli in the Shimoga District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st June 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. B. Gopalachar.
2. „ A. Srinivasa Rao.
3. Mr. P. Narasimhaiya.
4. „ Sheik Alla Byari.

B. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. Lawrence D'Souza.
2. „ Jingade Dharma Rao.
3. Mr. Srinivasa Naik.
4. „ Thippa Jois.

C. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio.

1. The Amildar, Tirthahalli Taluk, President.
2. The Medical Officer in charge of Local Fund Dispensary, Tirthahalli.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Tirthahalli Taluk.
4. The Sub-Registrar, Tirthahalli.

No. L. 8560—*Ml.* 57-24-338, *dated* 1*st June* 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and in continuation of Notification No. L. 6118—Ml. 57-24-281, dated 19th February 1925, Government are pleased to further extend the term of the existing Municipal Council of Tirthahalli, till the end of May 1925, pending reconstitution of the Council.

No. L. 8457—*Ml.* 58-24-28, *dated* 28*th May* 1925.

Under Section 2 (1) of the Mysore Vaccination Regulation, I of 1906, Government are pleased to declare that vaccination shall be compulsory for a period of three years from 1st June 1925, in the Sira Municipality.

By Order,
T. K. SOMESWARA IYER,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, DISTRICT BOARD, HASSAN.

Notification dated 18th May 1925.

The right to collect market fees as noted in Schedules A and B during the official year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction at the places and on the dates noted in Schedule A, from 12 noon to 5 P.M.

2. Persons intending to bid at the sale must attend in person or by a duly accredited agent. Every such person should deposit beforehand an amount equal to one-sixth of the contract amount for the previous year as shown in Schedule A, as earnest money. The deposits of all the bidders, except the first two or three whose bids are to be recommended for acceptance, will be returned at the close of the sale. The deposit of the successful bidder, who will be called the contractor, will be returned only on fulfilment of the contract. The deposits of the remaining bidders will be returned soon after the confirmation of the sale.

3. The sale will not become absolute, until confirmed by the authority noted in Schedule A, who reserves the final power of refusing or accepting without assigning any reason whatever, the highest or any bid that may be offered.

4. The contractor shall, within fifteen days of the receipt of information of confirmation of the sale in his favour, execute an agreement on a duly stamped paper binding himself and his heirs to observe the conditions hereinafter set forth and to be subject to the penalties, forfeitures and liabilities referred to therein and shall furnish, if he does not hold property in Mysore, at least two sureties who own sufficient properties in the Mysore State for the due performance of the contract.

5. The contract shall not be transferred by sale, gift or otherwise or sub-lease without the previous sanction of the President, District Board.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal instalments in advance on the first day of every month into the Taluk Board Office.

7. The contractor shall have no claim to the fees recovered from persons compounding the payment of fees in accordance with the standing rules and orders approved by Government.

8. Interest at 9 per cent per annum shall be levied on all overdue amounts till date of payment.

9. The contractor shall collect fees only at the rates and at the place (*viz.*, within the premises of the santhe bazaar) on the shandy days, on the items specified in Schedules A and B.

10. The contractor shall give to the person paying the market fees a proper receipt showing the amount and items and date of payment of market fees.

11. The contractor shall keep at the santhe bazaar, true accounts of the weekly collections and the items on which they were made. These accounts shall be open to the inspection of the Deputy Commissioner, the President and the Vice-President, District Board, the Assistant Commissioner and the Presidents and the Vice-Presidents of Taluk Boards. He shall, if required by the President, District Board or Taluk Board, furnish to the Taluk Board Office, at the end of every month, a true return for the month showing the goods brought into market, in the prescribed form.

12. The contractor shall not be entitled to any remission of the contract amount or to any compensation on account of seasonal conditions or any other cause whatever.

13. The contractor shall conform generally to the provisions of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation and to the rules and bye-laws in force in respect of this matter. He shall recognise all exemptions made by the statute or rules in force for the time being. He shall pay special attention to the following point:—

(*a*) A table of authorised fees shall be legibly written in English and Kannada and shall be put up in a conspicuous place near the market.

14. Any breach of the above conditions or rules on the part of the contractor or his servants will entail the forfeiture of the deposit or the levy of a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for each infringement. If the fine be not paid or in the event of instalments or other sums due are not paid within the prescribed date, it shall be competent to the President, District Board, to suspend further collection of market fee by the contractor and dispose of the right to collect the market fees during the remaining period by a resale or otherwise. The resale will be held at the risk of the defaulting contractor who shall be liable to make good all losses accruing but shall not be entitled to any profits arising from the resale.

15. The imposition of fine or resale of the contract shall be no bar to the prosecution of the contractor or his employees for any offence or to the institution of other legal steps against them under any law in force for the time being.

N.B.—Persons who are in arrears in respect of khists of tolls, ferries and market fees of previous years will not be permitted to bid at the sale.

N. S. NANJUNDIAH,
President,
District Board.

SCHEDULE A., HASSAN DISTRICT BOARD.

No.	Name of shandy	Where situated	Amount of deposit	Place of sale	Date of sale	Officer conducting the sale	Officer confirming the sale
			Rs.				
1	Magge shandy ..	Manjarabad Taluk ..	118	Magge shandy premises ..	12th June 1925 ..	The President or Vice-President, Taluk Board.	The President, District Board, Hassan.
2	Doddahalli shandy ..	Hole-Narsipur Taluk ..	73	Doddahalli do ..	11th do	Do do ..	Do
3	Halli-Mysore shandy ..	Do ..	20	Halli-Mysore do ..	9th do ..	Do do ..	Do
4	Seethekalgudda shandy ..	Do ..	35	Seethekalgudda shandy premises	13th do ..	Do do ..	Do
5	Salgame do ..	Hassan Taluk	45	Salgame shandy premises ..	14th do ..	Do do ..	Do
6	Dudda do ..	Do ..	167	Dudda do ..	13th do ..	The Vice-President, District Board, the President or the Vice-President, Taluk Board.	Do
7	Grama do ..	Do	62	Grama do ..	7th do ..	The President or Vice-President, Taluk Board.	Do
8	Kowsika do ..	Do	67	Kowsika do ..	15th do ..	Do do ..	Do
9	Kabbathi do ..	Do	75	Kabbathi do ..	9th do ..	Do do ..	Do
10	Settihalli do ..	Do	101	Settihalli do ..	11th do ..	Do do ..	Do
11	Jaggaravalli do ..	Do	35	Jaggaravalli do ..	12th do ..	Do do ..	Do
12	Javagal do ..	Arsikere Taluk	303	Javagal do ..	14th do ..	The Vice-President, District Board, The President or Vice-President, Taluk Board.	Do
13	Kanakatte do ..	Do	79	Kanakatte do ..	9th do ..	The President or Vice-President, Taluk Board.	Do
14	Gandasi do ..	Do	400	Gandasi do ..	11th do ..	The Vice-President, Taluk Board or President or Vice-President, Taluk Board.	Do
15	Hirisave do ..	Channarayapatna Taluk ..	37	Hirisave do ..	13th do ..	The President or Vice-President, Taluk Board.	Do
16	Biccode do ..	Belur Taluk	117	Biccode do ..	9th do ...	The Vice-President, District Board, the President or Vice-President, Taluk Board.	Do
17	Hanike do ..	Do	204	Hanike do ..	15th do ..	Do do ..	Do
18	Halebid do ..	Do	104	Halebid do ..	10th do ..	Do do ..	Do

SCHEDULE B.

Schedule of maximum rates of market fees :—

	Particulars	Amount Rs.	a.	p.
1.	On every laden cart	0	1	0
2.	Do unladen cart	0	0	6
3.	Do gudara shop	0	1	0
4.	Do petty shop	0	0	6
5.	Do cow, ox, buffalo or horse or pig*	0	0	6
6.	Do goat or sheep	0	0	3
7.	Do head load	0	0	3

* At Kowsika shandy only.

NYAMATI TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 1st May 1925.

The following draft bye-laws have been framed by the Nyamati Minor Municipal Council and are published hereunder for public information :—

Any inhabitants of this Municipality objecting to the proposed bye-laws may, within one month from the date of this notice, send his objection in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Nyamati.

Bye-laws for *enforcing information concerning the occurrence of and for prevention of the spread of epidemic diseases* amongst (*i*) men and (*ii*) certain animals, framed by the Nyamati Minor Municipal Council under Section 48 (1) (*ii*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation :—

I. (1) Every head of a family, parent, guardian or nearest relative or owner or occupier or care-taker of a house or dwelling place shall, on his becoming cognizant of the occurrence of plague, cholera or small-pox, in such house or dwelling place whether among the members of the house or among persons who have come from other places, immediately give information of the fact either personally or in writing to an officer of the Municipality not below the rank of Sanitary Inspector (or to the nearest Police Station).

Every Medical person who treats or becomes cognizant of the existence of any infectious disease in any private dwelling other than a public hospital, shall give information of the same with the least possible delay to the said authority.

Any person violating this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(2) Any person authorised by the Municipal President or Vice-President, in this behalf, may, on the advice of a duly qualified Medical and Sanitary Officer (not below the rank of Sub-Assistant Surgeon), at any time without notice of his intention as shall in the circumstances appear to him to be reasonable, inspect any place in which any such infectious disease is suspected to exist and take such measures as he shall think fit to prevent the spread of such disease beyond such place, and may remove from such house or dwelling place persons suffering from infectious disease and persons in contact with such persons without proper lodging or accommodation or who are lodged in a building occupied by more than one family, to any hospital or place set apart for their due care and treatment, provided no compulsion is used in this behalf on any account.

(3) The person so authorised shall take steps to change such house or dwelling place to be temporarily vacated and forthwith disinfected or otherwise changed in the manner prescribed by such Medical and Sanitary Officers.

(4) No house or other building situated within the Municipal limits shall be let to or permitted to be occupied by any person whom the owner or occupier thereof knows or has reason to believe to be suffering from any such disease dangerous to public health at the time of such letting or permitting without a certificate from the local Medical and Sanitary Officers as to the Sanitary condition of such house or dwelling place and as to the suitability of accommodation therein for the reception of such patient and no person shall let a building or part thereof in which he knows or has reason to know that a person has been suffering from any such disease without first having such building or part thereof disinfected to the satisfaction of such Medical and Sanitary Officers.

Any person infringing this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistaate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

II. (1) On the occurrence of any case of anthrax or glanders or rinderpest or any disease affecting horses, dogs, cattle, sheep or goats, notice of the same shall be given by the owner or care-taker of the affected animal on his becoming cognizant of such disease either personally or in writing to the Assistant Veterinary Inspector, Veterinary Dispensary, Channagiri, or to the Sanitary Inspector of Nyamati Town.

(2) The Assistant Veterinary Inspector shall, on receiving information of the existence of any such disease, make necessary enquiries and if he is satisfied that the removal or segregation of the affected animal is necessary, require the owners to remove within a reasonable time such animal to any institution maintained by the Municipality for its due care and treatment or to keep it at such place as may be approved of by him. On a report from the Assistant Veterinary Inspector that the destruction of any animal is necessary by reason of its suffering from such disease, the animal may be destroyed with the consent of the owner. The carcass also, in the case of dead animals, be similarly disposed of.

(3) Every place which is occupied by an animal suffering from such disease and everything which may have come into contact with such animal whilst so suffering, shall be immediately cleansed and disinfected at the cost of the Council in such manner as may be required by the Assistant Veterinary Inspector and if any such thing is in the opinion of that officer, not susceptible of efficient disinfection, he shall require it to be destroyed, provided that for articles so destroyed such compensation shall be paid as the President or Vice-President, may, after necessary enquiry. consider reasonable.

(4) No stall or building occupied by an animal suffering from such disease shall be re-occupied until at least seven days or such other period as the Veterinary Officer may prescribe after it has been so disinfected.

(5) Whoever without reasonable excuse fails to remove any animal when required to do so under bye-law No. II(2) or infringes the provisons of bye-laws II(1) and (4) shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(6) Any dog found straying in any public street or place without a collar and apparently ownerless may be destroyed by any person so authorised by the President or Vice-President in that behalf.

Other matters relating to Municipal Administration.
(*Section* 48 *w.*)

1. Whoever without the permission in writing of the President, destroys any trees plucks any fruit or flower in any Municipal Garden, road or other property or whoever cuts or roots up grass so as to damage the sides or embankment of any Municipal road or whoever makes a public thoroughfare of any Municipal Garden or property not intended for such a purpose will, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

2. Any occupier or owner of a house neglecting to enclose his compound or yard with a wall or fence of such material as may be approved of by the President or neglecting to repair any fallen wall or gate pillar or to cope the compound wall within one month after a notice has been served on him, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

3. Any owner of a piece of vacant land who fails to enclose the same with a compound wall or fence of such material as the President may approve of within one month after a notice has been served on him, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

4. Any person who vends or hawks meat of any kind or fish in the streets of the town, shall be punished with fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

5. Whoever stores or chops firewood on any public street or road so as to damage the street or road or so as to cause the danger or inconvenience to the public, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

6. No person shall fish with nets, rod or otherwise, in any part of the river, tank or reservoir, within Municipal limits without a special license bearing the signature of the President. Any person contravening this order shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20 for each offence.

7. All vehicles of any description should have lighted lamps—

(i) Whoever drives a vehicle of any description on any road within Municipal limits between sunset and sunrise or 7 P.M. and 5 A.M., without having a lighted lantern affixed to each side of such vehicle shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5, provided that heavy goods carts proceeding at a walking space may be provided with one lighted lantern to be hung from the centre of the cart.

(ii) Whoever drives any goods cart drawn by bullocks within Municipal limits shall proceed at a walking space and the bullocks shall be bridled with rope of sufficient strength to admit of the driver having perfect control over them; any breach of these directions shall render the offender liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(iii) Whoever rides any bicycle, motor bicycle or motor car on the public road without a bell or horn or without proper lights in the night between the hours of sunset and sunrise, shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

8. Whoever lets off fireworks or engages in any game in such a manner as to cause or likely to cause danger to persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood or risk of injury to property shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

9. Any person who affixes any posting bill, placard or other paper or means of advertisement against or upon any Government or Municipal building wall, board, fence or pole without the consent of the officer in charge thereof, or who, without such consent as aforesaid writes upon, soils, defaces or marks any such building, wall, board, fence or pole with chalk or paint or in any other way whatsoever, shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

Sanitation and Conservancy Section 48 (1) (*N*).

1, No rubbish mentioned in Section 127 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited except in Municipal dust-bins or other approved place.

2. Tiles, garden-sweepings, branches of trees and thatch and night soil and cowdung shall not be deposited in Municipal dust-bins.

3. Sullage, urine, etc., shall not be discharged into road side gutters without the special permission of the President.

4. Any person who shall be guilty of a breach of any of the above bye-laws shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. No person shall dry any "Bratties" or cowdung cakes on the external walls of houses or yards or compound walls; and any one infringing this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. *Latrines.*—Any person easing himself in public roads or drains or in any part of the town not specially set apart for the purpose, shall be liable, on conviction before any Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first and one rupee for the second and two rupees for each succeeding offence.

7. Persons afflicted with loathsome or infectious disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale any article of food either in the markets or bazaars of the town under a penalty, on conviction before a Magistrate, of a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence.

8. All persons holding houses or lands within the Municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channels in and about their premises free from obstruction, to remove all evident causes of malaria and everywhere to discontinue as a hedge, the use of prickly pear, aloe and milk-hedge and to destroy these latter where at present existing.

9. All persons, who after due notice from the President has been given, fail to comply with the provisions of this bye-law shall on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

Under Section 48 (1) (*n and p*).

Bye-laws regulating buildings and other structures in the town of Nyamati Municipality.

(1) Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Section 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the town of Nyamati shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President, who may in his discretion, call upon such person to submit along with such notice a site plan in duplicate of the land on which the structure is proposed to be built drawn to a scale of not less than 10 feet to an inch showing—

(*a*) The position of the building and appurtenant out-buildings to be erected on the land,

(*b*) The area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land,

(*c*) The names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings; and

(*d*) The number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the land is situated.

2. The plan submitted as per bye-law 1 shall show in sections and elevations, the plan of the ground floor and of each other floor, if any; the depth and the thickness of the foundation; the height and thickness of the plinth and walls above the plinth; the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the roof.

The aforesaid plan shall further show the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side drain of the street or road which the building faces or if there be no such side drain with reference to the central line of the street or road. The license and the plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the Municipal authorities.

Provided that in the case of buildings of which the value will be less than Rs. 500, it shall be sufficient for the site plan to show, to the satisfaction of the President, without scale, the size of the proposed building and its position on the land, together with the position of the land with reference to adjacent buildings or lands.

3. No foundation of a new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals or other filthy or offensive matter until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President or shall in his opinion have become innocuous.

4. No pits shall be excavated in the sites allotted for building dwelling houses.

5. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, prickly pear or other objectionable plant or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

6. No new building shall be erected by any person, the foundation wall of which along the road is less than 1½ feet from the side drain.

7. The level of plinth of any building shall not be below such level as may be fixed by the President.

8. The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground-floor of the building proposed to be erected should rest on the solid ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete or upon some solid and sufficient substructure as a foundation.

9. The eaves of buildings, sunshades to windows, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the said street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

10. The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the other edge of the side drain of the road.

11. No sunshades for shops either temporary or permanent shall be erected beyond outer edge of the side drain of the road.

12. Every house should have a decent frontage and no perishable or inflammable materials should be used for construction. Houses should not ordinarily be built contiguous to each other.

In all the localities of the town, where, having regard to attendant circumstances, it is possible, every new building shall be in communication with the external air all around the building.

13. The minimum height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof thereof, shall not be less than eight feet from the floor to the ceiling.

The room in the roof shall have an average height of seven feet from the floor to the ceiling.

No shop or market place, manufactory, place of public resort, etc., should be built in the midst of localities intended for residential purposes, unless three-fourths of the number of owners in the block or area affected agree to the same.

14. No person shall construct over a privy, whether new or old, any room or structure of any description except another privy or a bathing place or bath room.

15. If any person has any doubt or difficulty as to the true intent or meaning of any matter connected with these rules or the requirements thereof, he may, before giving notice, in writing, of his intention to erect or re-erect any building, apply to the President, who shall upon receipt of such application, give the said person within a week such information as in the circumstances may be necessary.

16. In every case, where a person who shall erect a building shall at any reasonable time during progress or after completion of the erection of such building receive from the President, notice in writing specifying any matters in respect of which the erection of such building may be in contravention of any bye-law relating to the new buildings and requiring such person within a reasonable time, which shall be specified in such notice, to cause anything done, contrary to any such bye-law may be required to be done, but which has been omitted to be done, such person shall, within the time specified in such notice, comply with the several requirements thereof, so far as such requirements relate to matters in respect of which the erection of such building may be in contravention of any such bye-law.

The time limit for the license granted under these bye-laws shall be six months.

Deposit of goods or materials temporarily on land vested in the Municipal Council.
(Section 48 P.)

1. No person shall deposit any goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other lands vested in the Municipal Council, without the written permission of the President.

2. The amount chargeble for the deposit of such goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council, if permitted, shall be calculated at the rate of three pies per month per superficial foot of the area occupied and shall be payable in advance.

3. If the owner of any goods or materials deposited on any street or place open to the traffic of foot passengers or vehicles, fails to make suitable arrangements for guarding against danger to traffic, the President shall cause a notice to be served on him to make such arrangements within twenty-four hours after receipt of the notice and on his failure to comply with the notice, the President shall enclose a bill of costs for carrying out the work at the owner's expense. The arrangements to be made shall be clearly and definitely specified in the notice.

4. If, within twenty-four hours after receipt of the said notice, the owner fails to make the arrangements so specified or to show sufficient cause, why such arrangements should not be made, the Sanitary Inspector or other Officer in charge shall forthwith make the arrangements specified in the notice and recover the cost of the same from the owner according to the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation. The owner

shall have an opportunity within seven days after the receipt of the bill to show cause to the satisfaction of the President the arrangements made were unnecessary.

5. The following is the scale of fees for obstructions and encroachments of different kinds:—

(a) For ownings two annas per square foot per month.

(b) For temporary archways and gates across roads Rs. 5 per week or part thereof for each arch on each road.

(c) The fees for obstructions shall be charged at the scales mentioned above and such charges shall be recoverable in the manner prescribed in the Regulation for the recovery of consolidated rates.

6. Any person who takes out a license for a certain area and subsequently occupies a greater area without taking out a license for the excess so occupied, shall be liable to pay for such excess area an amount calculated at the rate of five annas per month per superficial foot of the area so occupied. This amount shall be recoverable by the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

7. No pendals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purposes shall be erected in any street,lane or public thoroughfare, without written permission from the President. On receipt of application for permission to put up such structure specifying the situation, size and other particulars, licenses will be issued by the President if he sees no objection thereto, on such conditions as he may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety on payment of the following fees:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
For a pendal, six feet broad by twelve feet long or not exceeding 72 square feet.	None		
For a pendal, six feet broad by twelve feet long exceeding 72 square feet and not exceeding 150 square feet...	0	8	0
For every additional 150 square feet or portion thereof	0	8	0

Bye-laws relating to bakery or sweetmeat shop, hotels and eating houses in the town of Nyamati under Section 48 (1) (c) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

BAKERY OR SWEETMEAT SHOPS.

1. Bakery or sweetmeat shop includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with baking of bread or preparation of sweetmeats for sale.

Any person who shall appear, act or behave as the person in charge of a bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be deemed and taken to be the keeper or manager thereof.

2. All premises used as bakeries and sweetmeat shops shall satisfy the following conditions:—

(a) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for a bakery or sweetmeat shop.

(b) The walls of bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be rendered impervious to the extent of four feet from the ground level by cement plastering and the rest plastered with chunam and white washed; the whole floor shall be either cemented or paved with Cuddapah slabs with cement pointing and drainage sufficiently provided.

(c) All bakeries and sweetmeat shops shall be at a respectable distance from any cess pit or latrine so as to prevent bad odours wafted therefrom reaching them.

(d) No place used as a bakery or sweetmeat shop shall ordinarily be used for any other purposes and, if in any specified case, the building is used both for residential purposes and for bakeries or sweetmeat shops, the portion used for the latter should be completely separated from that used for the former.

3. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean.

4. The floor, sugar, ghee, water and other materials used in the manufacture of bread and sweetmeat shall be good and wholesome. There shall be a separate store room or receptacle for flour and sugar and no flour or sugar shall be left lying on the floor or against the wall in any part of bakery or sweetmeat shop.

5. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition.

6. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in a bakery or sweetmeat shop and all kneaders engaged in kneading shall wear white clean linen or cotton aprons to cover entirely the front part of the body from neck to knees.

7. No person shall soil the kneading table in any way.

8. No person shall transport for sale bread or sweetmeat from any one place, except in a closed vehicle or a closed basket, tin or other receptacle. Every such vehicle, basket, tin or other receptacle shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and no person shall commit any act which may tend to render any bread or sweetmeat which is being transported, dirty or unwholesome.

9. All papers and leaves used for wrapping bread, sweets, etc., shall be clean and stored in a clean rack.

10. Bread, sweets, etc., shall be stored and kept for sale with all reasonable precautions against contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

11. Any infringements of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 25 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 3 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 200.

12. The President or Vice-President may at his discretion order the closure of the bakery or sweetmeat shop for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

Hotels or Eating Houses.

13. An eating house or hotel includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhall and confectionery or refreshments including chappaties, rice cakes, tea, coffee, etc., are prepared and kept for sale.

The proprietor or any person in charge of any eating house or hotel shall be taken to be the keeper thereof.

No eating house shall be opened hereafter without obtaining a license from the Municipality.

14. All eating houses and hotels existing and new ones to be opened hereafter shall satisfy the following conditions :—

(*a*) All premises used as such shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose.

(*b*) The water used in the premises for drinking purposes shall be ordinarily from the deep wells or from any other approved source and shall be kept clean and free from floating impurities, in a suitable covered clean receptacle. The receptacles for the storage of water shall be placed in a clean place, a foot above the ground level and provided with a tap where possible or when advised in writing to do so, so that water may be drawn off.

(*c*) The walls of every eating house shall be impervious to water, plastered and well cemented to the height of four feet from the ground and the floors of the kitchen, dining and bath-rooms shall be rendered impervious either by paving with Cuddapah slabs or by cement plastering or lime plastering.

(*d*) Kitchen and bath rooms shall be well ventilated and provided with proper smoke vents so that smoke may not pervade into other dwelling houses. All rooms in eating houses shall be well lighted and ventilated and the height should not be less than eight feet.

15. The proprietor or person in charge shall not allow persons to dine or eat in any other place except the one specified for the purpose.

16. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in the cooking or for keeping food stuffs shall have continual lining of tin and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food, pastry, sweetmeats, confectionery or preserved, dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

17. No food stuff of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises, which is stale, unwholesome, offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption. The President or Vice-President will have power to order the destruction of such food stuffs.

18. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains made free and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation at a reasonable distance from the main building and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night soil shall be covered with ashes or earth when not removed daily.

19. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in an eating house.

20. All premises and all cooked and uncooked food stuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, the Vice-President, Local Sanitary Officer or other officer or member authorised by the President in their behalf.

21. All cases of dangerous infectious diseases such as cholera, plague, eruption fevers, such as small-pox, chicken-pox or measfes and fevers of more than seven days' duration, shall be notified to the Vice-President forthwith.

22. The proprietor shall close the hotel if ordered by the President when epidemic breaks out.

23. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 25 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2, for every day after such conviction, during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 200.

Manufacture of ærated waters.

24. The water used for the manufacture of ærated waters shall be from any approved source.

25. (*a*) The water must be filtered before use.

(*b*) The filtering vessels and materials shall be sterilised at such times and in such manner as the President, Vice-President or the Local Sanitary Officer, may direct.

26. All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed iron vessels and be treated before use with permanganate of potassium in such manner as the President or Vice-President or the Local Sanitary Inspector may direct.

27. The room in which ærated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair; the walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be lime washed at least once in three months; the floor shall be slabbed, tiled or cemented so as to be impervious to water and shall be properly drained.

28. The water used for the manufacture of ærated waters shall be pure and shall not be carried in *massacks* or in any other vessel not approved by the President or Vice-President or the Local Sanitary Inspector.

29. Carts employed for the carriage of water shall be kept on the premises shall have the designation of the factory painted on the barrel and shall at all times be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness.

30. The premises and all appliances used in the manufacture shall be clean and open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President, the Vice-President, the Sanitary Inspector or any other Municipal Officer.

31. No ærated waters of any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without having a proper lable on each bottle, giving full name and address of the manufacturer.

32. It shall be lawful for the President and Vice-President, the Sanitary Inspector or any Municipal Officer authorised by the President or the Vice-President, to enter any place used for the manufacture or sale of ærated waters at any time when such place is open and to inspect or to take free of cost a sample of bottles of any kind of ærated waters which are there manufactured or kept for sale. Such samples shall be forthwith forwarded to the Government Chemical Examiner and Bacteriologist and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

33. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 3 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

Bye-laws re *regulating the disposal of the dead in the Town of Nyamati under Section 48 (1) (4) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.*

When a person has died in any place within the limits of the Municipality, the owner or in his absence, the occupier of such place shall, to the best of his ability, arrange through the deceased's relatives or castemen for the corpse to be buried or burnt or otherwise disposed of in accordance with the customs of the deceased's caste within twenty-four hours of death or if he is unable to make such arrangements, shall report the fact to the Vice-President. This bye-law does not apply to cases in which it is necessary for the purpose of judicial enquiry to keep a corpse unburied or unburnt for over twenty-four hours.

2. Every person who becomes aware that the corpse is lying in any place uncared for shall forthwith report the fact to the Vice-President.

3. No person shall use for the disposal of the dead any place which is not prescribed by the Municipality for such purpose, unless the previous sanction is obtained of the President or Vice-President.

4. No person shall cause or suffer the body of the person to be buried in a grave within any part of the body or covering in which the body is enclosed at a less depth than 3 feet below the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave in cases of persons less than 12 years of age at the time of death and 4 feet in cases of 12 years and above.

5. No person shall bury a body or suffer it to be buried otherwise than in such a manner as to provide by means of sufficient layer or layers of earth, which shall throughout be closely ramped down and be not less than 1 foot in thickness for the effectual separation of the body or coverings containing the body from any body or covering containing such body in the same or in any other grave and shall cause the whole surface of the grave to be properly covered by a mound which shall be thoroughly beaten down and shall not be less than one foot above the level of the surface of the ground adjoining the grave.

6. No person shall re-open or suffer to be re-opened the grave of any person except for the purposes of Judicial enquiry. In case of burning the dead body sufficient combustible material shall be used, so that the body may be completely burnt and see that it is completely burnt.

7. No person shall by violent or indecent behaviour prevent, interrupt or delay the solemn burial of a dead body.

8. Any person who offends any of the above bye-laws shall be liable for every such offence to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 50.

Dangerous and Offensive Trades, Section 48 (i) (b) (iii).

(1) These bye-laws are named "The Dangerous and Offensive Trade Bye-laws."

(2) In these bye-laws unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context:—

(*a*) Dangerous Trade means the business of storing for sale:—

(i) hay, straw or any dried fodder for cattle.

(ii) gunpowder, blasting-powder, fireworks including patakies, etc.

(iii) kerosene oil more than 50 tins and petrol 6 drums or 24 gallons.

(*b*) Offensive Trade means the business of—

(i) storing hides, horns and skins,

(ii) making or manufacturing bricks,

(iii) making or manufacturing tiles, pottery or other earthenware or lime,

(iv) using any place as cart-stand,

(v) using any place as smithy,

(vi) stone quarrying,

(vii) salting, curing or storing fish.

(*c*) Manager means the person under whose authority or control or for whose benefit a dangerous or offensive trade is carried on whether such person is the proprietor of the business or the agent in charge thereof.

(3) The Manager of every place used for the purpose of a dangerous or offensive trade as defined in Clause 2 above shall not use it as such without obtaining a license from the President therefor. The license so granted shall expire on the 30th June of the official year during which it was issued. But the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid, the period of its currency shall, whether the application shall eventually be granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

(4) The fees leviable on licenses to carry on dangerous or offensive trades shall be as follows:—

(*a*) Dangerous trades—for each class of business Rs. 10 per annum maximum.

(*b*) Offensive trades—for each class of business Rs. 15 per annum maximum.

Note.—In case of hand-made bricks, the license fee shall be Rs. 5 for a kiln of 100,000 bricks or a fraction thereof.

(5) No such license will be granted unless the place, intended for the purpose is suitable for the trades to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the person residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

(6) Every Manager as aforesaid, shall keep the place licensed for the purpose open between 7 to 10 A.M., and 3 to 5 P.M., for inspection by the President, Vice-President, Sanitary Inspector or Police Inspector or by both and he shall afford every facility for such inspection.

(7) Every such Manager shall be bound to furnish to the President or Vice-President, whenever called upon to do so, such statistics, as to show the quantity of goods received, stored, manufactured, sold or exported by him.

(8) In the case of dangerous trades—

(i) Every Manager shall so store his goods as to admit of free ingress for the removal of goods and for quenching fire, if any.

(ii) He shall not cause or suffer any cover made of combustible material to be erected or placed over or adjoining any such goods.

(iii) He shall at all times keep the premises clean and dry.

(iv) He shall not allow smoking or introduction of fire into the premises and he shall store always sufficient quantity of water to quench the fire, if any.

(v) He shall carry out his trade in such a way as not to make his premises a source of danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

(vi) He shall comply with any requisition from the President or Vice-President contained in a notice for the total or partial removal from the premises of the aforesaid goods or the removal of any other combustible materials not intended for sale or for rectifying any error or omission in attending to the above provision.

(9) In case of offensive trades—

(i) Every Manager shall confine his trade to be carried on the place shown in the license.

(ii) He shall store all materials in such a manner as to prevent the omission of noxious or injurious effluvia therefrom.

(iii) He shall adopt the best practicable means of rendering innoxious all vapours emitted during the process of the trade either by proper ventilation or other suitable means.

(iv) He shall keep the floor of the premises in good order and repairs so as to prevent absorption of any liquid filth or refuse or any noxious, injurious matter which may fall to be deposited upon.

(v) He shall provide the premises with proper drains and keep them always in good repair.

(vi) He shall cause the premises cleansed at the close of every working day.

(vii) He shall not allow any refuse or waste matters not intended for any further process of trade which are likely to be a source of danger or nuisance, to be deposited in or around the premises, but shall have them removed daily to a place approved by the President or Vice-President.

(viii) He shall adopt such other precautions as are necessary to minimise the danger or nuisance to the public from the use to which such premises are put.

(ix) He shall comply with any requisition from the President or Vice-President contained in a notice for rectifying any error or omission in attending to the above provisions and for promoting the health of persons employed in such trades.

(10) The President shall have the power to suspend or withdraw license granted for dangerous or offensive trades whenever he deems such a course necessary in the interests of the convenience and safety of public generally or of the persons inhabiting or resorting to the neighbourhood or whenever the conditions of such license are not obeyed.

(11) The licenses granted to carry on dangerous or offensive trades are not transferable.

(12) Any breach of such rules or bye-laws will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license and the prosecution of the offender under Section 152 (3) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

Vaccination Bye-laws.

(1) The Town of Honnali will, for the purpose of vaccination, be treated as one circle.

(2) The Local Fund Dispensary and the Municipal Office shall be the Vaccination Depots.

(3) The Sanitary Inspector shall be the Superintendent of Vaccination.

(4) The Local Medical Officer and Taluk Vaccinator, when at headquarters, shal perform vaccination.

(5) The Superintendent shall reside within the Municipal limits of the town.

(6) There shall be affixed at each of the depots a board showing in English and Kannada the hours at which vaccination shall be done at the depots.

(7) Vaccination shall ordinarily be done at the Vaccine Depot on all days except Sundays and other authorised public holidays, between the hours of 8 and 10 in the mornings.

(8) The Local Medical Officer and the Vaccinator shall, if so required by the head of a household, vaccinate the members thereof at his residence on such days as he may find it convenient to do so, provided that during epidemics of small-pox or when an outbreak of the disease is impending, the Superintendent shall lose no time to arrange to vaccinate or re-vaccinate persons.

(9) No fees shall be charged for the vaccination done at the depots and for vaccination of women and children under two years done at any private residence within the Municipal limits. In all other cases a fee of 2 annas per case and not exceeding 4 annas at a time per family may be charged.

(10) The Vice-President of the Municipality will furnish the Superintendent with the following :—

(a) A list showing the number of houses in the Municipal area and the number of unprotected persons in each house.

(b) Within ten days after the close of each quarter, a list showing the number of unprotected immigrants into the town, who have lived for longer than a month therein.

(c) A monthly statement showing the particulars of births in the town and of deaths among children.

(11) The Superintendent shall maintain a regitster showing every house with the name of the unprotected persons therein with a space for the addition from time to time of fresh unprotected cases and with a column for entering the date and the result of vaccination.

(12) The Superintendent shall maintain a vaccination register in the form prescribed by the Government, a register of notices and a register of complaints lodged before the Magistrate.

(13) The Superintendent shall submit before the 5th of each month, a monthly report of vaccination to the Chief Sanitary Inspector and to the Presidents of the Municipality.

(14) The Superintendent shall bring to the notice of the President any remissness of duty on the part of the head of a house hold calculated to impair the efficiency of the Vaccination Administration. The President shall take steps to deal with such cases.

(15) The Superintendent may grant certificates under Rules 6 and 9 of the Vaccination Rules.

(16) The Patel, Shanbhog and the Municipal Councillors shall render every help to the Superintendent in the discharge of his duty.

Octroi Bye-laws.

The following draft bye-laws are framed by the Nyamati Municipal Council under Section 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906 and are published for the information of the public.

Any resident within the area of the Nyamati Municipality, who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft bye-laws, should communicate the same to the President, Nyamati Municipality within one month from the date of this notification.

Octroi bye-laws framed by the Minor Municipal Council of Nyamati under Section 48 (k) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

1. The Municipal Council shall levy the octroi duty on the articles imported into the Municipal limits of Honnali at the rates specified in the Schedule A, hereto annexed and recognise the exemptions as provided for in the column 5 of it.

2. The octroi limits for the purposes of collecting octroi shall be the Municipal limits.

3. Articles liable to octroi and brought within these limits shall be produced on arrival at the octroi house.

4. Such goods shall be liable to inspection at the octroi house when so brought. Every person bringing dutiable goods within the town shall report the fact to the octroi mutsaddi at the octroi house.

5. A table showing the octroi duty liable on various articles shall be exhibited at the octroi house in a conspicuous place and also be open to the inspection of any person at the Municipal Office.

6. When goods are brought to the octroi house, they may be unloaded and weighed or counted by the officer in charge of the octroi office, (the importer shall produce the invoice of such goods in duplicate) upon ascertainment of the amount of octroi payable on the goods, the importer shall either pay the amount due and receive a permit for the removal of the goods or shall deposit the same in the octroi house. When the duty is paid as above, a permit shall be granted by the officer in charge of the octroi office for the removal of the goods showing the quantity or weight of the goods, the amount paid in respect thereof and the date of payment. The fact of the receipt shall also be noted on each copy of the duplicate pass. The invoice in original shall be returned to the importer after the payment of duty collected has been noted thereon and the duplicate in like manner, bearing such entry shall be filed in the octroi house.

Octroi House.

7. The Municipal Council shall provide an octroi house for the custody of goods which may be deposited and the octroi house shall be open for transaction of business from 8 to 11 A.M. and 2 to 6 P.M., daily, except on holidays authorised by the President.

8. Any importer depositing goods in the octroi house shall, unless the officer in charge of the octroi house, has previously by weighing, counting or appraising, ascertained the amount of octroi payable thereon, give a declaration in the form appended (Schedule No. 1), the description, weight, quantity and if necessary, the value of such goods.

9. A receipt in form appended (Schedule 2) shall be given by the officer in charge of the octroi office for all goods deposited in the octroi house and a register of all such goods shall be maintained. It is the duty of the depositor to obtain a receipt for articles deposited by him and the octroi department is not responsible for any goods left at the premises and not covered by a receipt.

10. Any person who has deposited goods in the octroi house may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the octroi house or may, on paying full duty thereon import such goods into the town covered by a permit or may export such goods free, covered by an export pass, provided that new packages covered by such pass shall if possible, and before they are taken from the octroi house, be stamped by the officer in charge so as to show that they are under bond. The export pass shall be in duplicate, the original being retained by the officer in charge of the octroi house and the duplicate delivered to the exporter. For every export pass granted under this rule, a fee of two annas shall be charged.

11. No goods shall be allowed to leave the bonded warehouse until the storage fees have been paid thereon under the following rules:—

(i) Goods shall allowed to remain 24 hours free of charge.

(ii) After that period rates as in the following schedule shall be charged for seven days:—

		Rs.	a.	p.	a day
1.	Tobacco, raw or manufactured, per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof	0	1	0	,,
2.	Piece goods per bale	0	1	0	,,
3.	Cocoanuts per hundred	0	0	6	,,
4.	Cocoanuts, dry per maund	0	0	6	,,
5.	Betel leaves per thousand	0	0	6	,,
6.	Kerosene oil per tin	0	0	2	,,
7.	Jaggory per maund	0	0	3	,,
8.	Sugar per maund	0	0	3	,,

(iii) Double these rates shall be charged after seven days provided that the Presidents may in his discretion allow a reduction in or exemption from such penal rates.

(iv) The date of admission and removal of goods shall reckon as one day and holidays shall not be taken into account in reckoning the date from which fees under each class shall be payable. When the delay is caused by the inability of the officer in charge of the octroi house to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

12. All goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than six months shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the octroi house provided that, before selling such goods, notice of the fact shall be posted for seven days at the octroi house and at the Municipal Office.

13. The Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to goods deposited in the octroi house, while such goods are being passed into or out of warehouse or while they remain therein unless such damages is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the warehouse-keeper or other person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

REFUNDS.

14. No refunds shall be granted on articles other than piece goods and the following rules regarding them shall be observed.—

All clothes which have paid duty in the Municipality shall be stamped so as to admit of their being identified or clothes on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported beyond octroi limits, refunds, shall subject to the following rules, be granted at the rates, originally charged at the time of import. No claim will be entertained after a period of three months from the date of import of the article referred to above, and no refund shall be granted of any sum less than one rupee.

15. Any person claiming refund under the above rule shall produce the goods to be exported at the octroi office together with the original receipt, for octroi duty paid thereon and an application for refunds prepared in duplicate in such form and showing such particulars as the President may from time to time prescribe.

16. The officer in charge of the octroi house on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipt has been granted, shall endorse the two parts of the application with an export pass, and keeping one part in the office, shall deliver the other part to the applicants.

17. All goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under free expor pass under Bye-law No. 10 shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pas at the octroi house of exit.

18. In all cases in which refund is claimed, the duplicate pass duly endorsed as provided in Bye-law No. 10, must be produced at the octroi house by the person seeking the refund and if after due check, the officer in charge of the octroi house is satisfied that a refund of octroi covered by such pass is duly payable, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President.

19. The Municipal Officers only, under the orders of the President or Vice-President may inspect the shops at all reasonable hours to see if there are any smuggled goods and the shop-keeper shall be bound to allow such inspection.

20. *Smuggling.*—The President, Municipal Council, Nyamati, is empowered to award to any person who gives information leading to the detection of the offence of smuggling goods liable to octroi duty, a reward of one-half of the fine recovered and in special cases in which conviction is not secured, but duty is recovered, half the amount of such duty and in special cases the full amount thereof at the discretion of the President.

21. *General.*—Importers of dutiable articles shall if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the President or Vice-President, within one year of import, account for the artices received by them by producing either a permit or receipt obtained in token of payments of octroi duty or an export pass in proof of having exported the whole or the part of articles so received or otherwise.

Any breach of this bye-law will render the importer liable to punishment with a fine extending to ten times the value of octroi duty on such goods or Rs. 25 whichever may be greater and the payment of octroi duty on the article unaccounted for. Any person importing or exporting dutiable articles who infringes Bye-laws Nos. 3, 4, 6, 8 and 17 shall be liable for prosecution before any Magistrate under Section 161 to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE I.

To

The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office, Nyamati Town.

Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the warehouse.

No.	Name of depositor	Description of articles deposited	Distinguishing mark, if any	Weight		Quantity	Value	Remarks
				Maunds	Seers			
1	2	3	4	5		6	7	8

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of the bye-laws relating to the deposit.

Witness..... Signature of Depositor.....

Signature..... Address.....

Address..... Date.....

SCHEDULE II.

Octroi Office, Nyamati Town.

Received for deposit the undermentioned goods from.....

No.	Receipt No.	Consignment		Goods deposited (Note No.)	Name of articles	Description	Number of articles	Remarks
		No.	Date					

Date.....

Octroi Manager.

SCHEDULE A.

No	Name of tax	Class of property liable	Amount for which or rate at which classes liable	Rs. a. p.	Exemptions
1	Octroi	Articles specified in column 4	Fresh cocoanuts each ..	.. 0 0 1	(1) Personal luggage of travellers, articles imported through the Post Office and goods *bona fide* property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by an invoice certified by the Departmental Head concerned that the property therein mentioned belongs to Government.
			Dry cocoanuts per maund ..	.. 0 8 0	
			Betel leaves 100 ..	.. 0 0 1	
			Jaggery per maund ..	.. 0 2 0	
			Sugar per maund ..	.. 0 4 0	
			Kerosene oil and petrol per tin	.. 0 2 0	(2) Goods which are declared not to be intended for use or consumption within Municipal limits provided if such goods be not exported they shall pay the full duty.
			Tobacco per maund ..	.. 1 0 0	
			Piece-goods per Re. ..	.. 0 0 3	(3) Six green cocoanuts, six dry cocoanuts, hundred betel leaves and one seer of tobacco if brought for personal consumption by *bona fide* travellers.
			Sheep or goats each ..	.. 0 1 0	(4) Piece-goods manufactured locally.

Draft and rules framed under Section 46 (i) *of the Mysore Municipal Regulation for the assessment of a tax on professions, trades and callings and offices and appointments* :—

1. In the rules the word "person" shall include a firm, company or association.

2. Every person who, within the Nyamati Town, exercises any profession, art, trade or calling or holds any office or appointment bringing him within one or more of the classes of persons specified in the schedule appended to these rules shall pay tax at the rate specified in the said schedule as payable by persons of the class in which such person is placed.

3. Persons whose monthly income or profits are less than Rs. 30 per mensem are exempt, from the tax.

4. No person shall be liable to tax under these rules in respect of any half year in which he has exercised a profession, art, trade or calling or held an office or appointment for a period of less than sixty days within the town.

5. The tax leviable under these rules, from a firm, company or association or undivided Hindu family may be levied from any number of that firm, company or association or family.

6. When a person exercises more than one profession, art, trade, or calling or holds more than one office or appointment whether under the same name or different names, the tax shall be calculated on his total annual income or profits from all such sources.

7. On the requisition of the Municipal Council or of such person or persons as may be authorised by them from time to time in this behalf, every person exercising any profession, art, trade or calling or holding any office or appointment shall, within such reasonable period as shall be specified in the requisition, be bound to furnish a statement under his signature, in writing, in the form appended to these rules, showing his income or profits for the required year or years.

8. The Municipal Council or such person or persons authorized by them in this behalf may in like manner require—

(1) The owner or occupier of any building or land within the Town Municipal limits to furnish within a specified time a list, in writing containing the names of all persons occupying such building or land and the specifying the profession, art, trade or calling, office or appointment, of every such person.

(2) Any employer, or the head or Secretary of any public or private office or of a firm or company,—

(*a*) to furnish within a specified time a list in writing of the names of all persons in his employ or in the employ of such office, firm or company, with a statement of the salary or income of each of the same.

(*b*) to furnish the above particulars in regard to any incorporated company of which such employer, head, Secretary, as the case be, is the agent.

9. On or before 1st January and 1st July every year, an assessment list in the form appended shall be prepared. The procedure laid down in Sections 63 to 66 of the Municipal Regulation regarding assessment of rates on buildings or lands shall apply *mutatis mutandis* in respect of assessment of this tax. This list will be subject to revision half-yearly or yearly as may be decided by the Council.

10. Notwithstanding anything in these rules, every person commencing to exercise any profession, art, trade or calling or to hold, any office or appointment in the Town Municipal limits, who has not been required to furnish a return under Rule VII, shall, within thirty days of so commencing, give information of the fact to the President, Town Municipal Council.

11. Every person liable to the tax who shall change either designation of his firm or the nature of his professsion, art, trade or calling or office or appointment, or his place of business, shall within thirty days of such change, give intimation thereof to the President of the Town Municipal Council.

12. The tax shall be payable half-yearly in each year in advance in July and January in every year and shall be collected in accordance with the Procedure laid down in Chapter VII of the Municipal Regulation.

13. (i) Any person who has paid the tax for a whole half-year and who ceases during such period to be liable to assessment shall be entitled to refund of not less than half the assessment provided that no such remission shall be granted unless notice in writing of the fact of his having given up the profession, art, trade or calling or office or appointment has been given to the President of Municipal Council and that no remission or refund shall take effect for any period previous to the day of the delivery of such notice.

(ii) The burden of proving the facts entitling any person to claim relief under this rule shall be upon him.

14. Failure to furnish the information or furnishing information which is untrue required by Rules VII, VIII, X and XI shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE III.

(Section 59, Clause X) Tax on Arts, Profession, Trades and Callings.

CLASS I.

Every person holding any office or appointment, public or private or employment in any capacity whose pay, salary or pension amounts to Rs. 1,000 a month or upwards and every person falling under any of the following denominations whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 1,000 a month or upwards.

	Rs.
(1) Carrying on business as a company	
(2) Abkari renters, wholesale and retail tenderers and manufacturers of every kind, contractors, Auctioneer and Commission Agents	
(3) Bankers, money-lenders, money-changers and pawn-brokers ...	
(4) Advocates, Attorneys and Pleaders	
(5) Owners and farmers of markets and toll farmer. ...	
(6) Owners of Mills, Warehouses, Printing Presses, Oil-Presses, Cotton Presses and Factories of all kinds	50
(7) Keepers of hotels, lodging houses and boarding houses	
(8) Professional artists, Photographers, Actors, owners, or managers of Circusses or Theatrical Companies, Musicians and Dancers. ...	

	Rs.
(9) Dealers in animals or vehicles and owners or keepers of Livery stables or hackney carriages	50
(10) Artizans	
(11) Gold-smiths and Carpenters, Iron-smiths, etc	

CLASS II.

Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amounts to Rs. 500 a month or upwards	25

CLASS III.

Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 300 a month or upwards	12

CLASS IV.

Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 200 a month or upwards	8

CLASS V.

Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 100 a month or upwards	4

CLASS VI.

Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 50 a month or upwards	2

CLASS VII.

Every person described in Class I, whose pay, salary or pension amounts to or whose income is estimated to amount to Rs. 30 a month or upwards	1

N.B.—1. No wholesale Trader, Banker, Advocate or Vakil, Miller, Factory Owner Tool farmer, Trader in piece goods and hides and skins, shall be placed in any class below Class IV.

2. No Excise Contractor (taking up arrack, ganja and toddy shops) sweet-meats seller, hotel-keeper, keeper of boarding house, dealer in petty and sundry articles, and copper and brass vessels, and gold and silver smiths shall be placed in any class below Class V.

3. No Excise Contractor taking up opium, shop dealers in bidies, snuff, rice, tailor, having a sewing machine, dealer in kamblies, carpenter and iron-smith, shall be placed in any class below Class VI.

True return furnished by..... under the bye-law formed by the Town Municipal Council, Nyamati, under Section 48 (*a*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation as to his liability to Profession Tax for the year .....

Name and address of party	Nature of profession art, trade or calling followed or office or appointment held	Date from which profession, etc., is followed, etc.	Monthly income		Remarks
			Included in the last return	During the current year	

Signature of party.

Profession Tax Assessment List.

Division.....

Serial No.	Name of party	Assessment No. in previous year		Occupation	Address	Monthly or annual income or other basis of assessment	New assesment			Remarks
		Number	Amount				Class	Amount	Number	

Bye-laws formed under Section 48 (1) J. J. of the Municipal Regulation VII of 1906 for regulating the numbering and registering of carts, carriages, motor vehicles, bicycles, tricycle and other vehicles in the town of Nyamati.

(1) Any person who is the owner of a cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, or tricycle or other vehicle, liable to taxation as per (*a*) schedule of the Nyamati Minor Municipality under the law in force shall get such cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle, or other vehicle registered in the Municipal Office within thirty-one days of these bye-laws coming into force or within thirty-one days of his newly coming into possession of such cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle, or other vehicle. When he continues to be in possession of such cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle or other vehicle, he shall also get it registered at the said office for the year July or (from the 1st January or) for a year within thirty-one days from the 1st July of each year.

Explanation.—Owner in these bye-laws, includes the person in charge for the time being of such cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle or other vehicle.

(2) The above registration shall be made on payment of the half-yearly or yearly tax on such cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle, or other vehicle in advance under the law in force.

(3) A number shall be painted on each cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle, or other vehicle so registered.

(4) No cart, carriage, motor vehicle, bicycle, tricycle or other vehicle thus registered, shall be used without its number being painted on it.

(5) Any person who commits a breach of the conditions under clauses 1 and 4 of these bye-laws shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with a fine which may extend to Rs. 50.

SCHEDULE A.

Serial No.	Name of tax	Amount for which or rate at which classes liable	Rs. a. p.	Exemptions	Remarks
	Taxes on vehicles	(*a*) Four wheeled vehicle with springs constructed to be drawn by two or more horses or bullocks.	10 0 0	(1) Juvenile vehicles such as perambulators, etc. (2) Vehicle kept by carriage builders or dealers solely for sale. (3) Conveyance in transit or staying within Municipal limits not longer than 30 days in any half-year. (4) Vehicles belonging to members of the police and of the officers of the Municipality employed in and out-door duties provided that not more than one vehicle should be exempted without the special permission of the Municipal Council. (5) Vehicles belonging to the Municipality and not these hired by them.	In two equal instalments in advance in July and January every year.
		(*b*) Four-wheeled vehicles without springs.	5 0 0		
		(*c*) Two-wheeled vehicle with springs constructed to be draw by one or more horses, bull or bullocks, or other animals.	4 0 0		
		(*d*) Every other vehicles with springs.	4 0 0		
		(*e*) Every bicycle or tricycle..	2 0 0		
		(*f*) Every cart or other vehicle without spring	2 0 0		
		(*g*) Every motor car ..	10 0 0		
		(*h*) Every motor bicycle ..	5 0 0		

Bye-laws for controlling Unwieldy Traffic in the town of Nyamati
(Section 48-V.)

The President may from time to time prohibit the use of any road, street or lane for any particular purposes and any person infringing that prohibition shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 for the first and Rs. 100 for each subsequent offence.

2. No person shall bring and store for sale within the town any timber or firewood without a license to be granted by the President specifying the place and condition of storing or otherwise disposing of the same.

Any person infringing this bye-law shall on conviction be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

3. Any cart or carts entering the Municipal limits with passengers or laden with commodities of any description or character for sale or otherwise are not allowed to stand so as to cause obstruction to general traffic in the crowded thorough fares and streets of the Municipality beyond the time necessary or ordinarily required for unloading or otherwise, after which, the cart or carts must either proceed to their destination or to one of the public or private bandy stands.

(*a*) The owner or other persons in charge of such cart or carts as shall be found standing in the public roads or thoroughfares contrary to this bye-law, shall, on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the first and Rs. 10 for every subsequent offence.

4. All carts loaded with fuel, cholum, stalks, or straw shall not be allowed to stop on the public roads or streets other than in places set apart by the Municipality for the purpose.

Breach of this bye-law will subject the cart-driver to a penalty before the Magistrate not exceeding four annas for each offence.

5. All carts and conveyances shall be compelled to keep to their left side of the road to enable carriages to meet and pass on the right side. Any one infringing this bye-law will on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

Bye-laws relating to the registration of births and deaths framed under Section 48 (g) or Regulation VII of 1906.

1. A register of births and deaths in the town and for this purpose a Sub-Registrar of births and deaths shall be appointed.

2. The taluk office shall for the present be the office of registry and the octroi mutsaddy be the Sub-Registrar till such time as a Sub-Registrar is appointed for the purpose. A notice written both in English and Kanarese and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify the fact to the public.

All births and deaths shall be registered in books in the forms given in the appended schedule and these books shall be presented in the Municipal Office.

3. The Sub-Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and every death which occurs within the Municipality and shall register as soon as conveniently may be after the event without fee or reward, the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the said schedule, touching every such birth and death, as the case may be, which has not been already registered.

4. All such entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of the month.

5. The father or mother or other male relative of every child born within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of the father, mother and other male relative, the medical attendant or midwife who was present at, or in attendance, shall within one week next after the day of every such birth, give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known, and registered, touching the birth of such child.

6. Some near relative present at the death or in attendance during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, inability, or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building (or if the occupier be the person who has died), some person living in the building in which such death has occurred, shall within 24 (twenty-four) hours give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief information of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered, touching the death of every person.

7. In the case of births or deaths in any public institution it shall be the duty of the officer or person in charge, to give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar, the information required under the Bye-laws 5 and 6 touching such births and deaths.

8. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedule, printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office, with all Municipal Councillors, and Sanitary Inspector of Honnali Town Municipality.

9. On a notice received at the office of registry, the Sanitary Inspector shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the accuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice aud after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against the particular entry in the register in token of having performed such inspection.

10. Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who had died within the Municipality, shall, whenever required furnish the Sub-Registrar or other person authorised in his behalf such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

11. Any person whose duty it is to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who neglects or refuses to give, such information or gives false information shall be liable (on conviction before a Magistrate) to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

12. All extracts from registers of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Council and the fees payable for these shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

13. Extracts from the register of births, may if required by the informant be given to him free of cost by the Sub-Registrar.

Definitions.

Occupier includes the Keeper, Master, Matron Superintendent or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings includes any person residing in such house who is the person and whom such lodgings or separate apartments are immediately held, or his agent.

"Public institution" includes prison, lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution, which is under the management of the public body, officer or person.

The term "still birth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

Report of births in the Municipality of Nyamati during the month of.....192 .

Date and hour of birth	Caste	Born alive	Stillborn	Sex		Where born, locality, name of street, etc.	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice is sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address.

Report of deaths in the Municipality of Nyamati during the month of.....192 .

Name and surname of the deceased in Kanarese	Occupation	Residence	Where death occurred	Door number	Age			Sex	Caste	Date of death	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Name of doctor, hakim or vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

If the cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomittings, diarrhoea and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Register of births in the Municipality of Nyamati during the month of.....192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Father's name	Mother's name	Residence	Father's occupation	Caste	Sex		Date of birth	Name of the child, if any	Name of the informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
							Male	Female							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Register of deaths in the Municipality of Nyamati during the month of..... .192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Name of deceased	Father's name	Residence at the time of death	Age	Sex		Caste	Occupation	Date of death	Cause of death	Name of informant	Residence of the informant	Signature of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

C. N. CHOWDAIYA,
President.

SHIMOGA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 21st May 1925.

It is hereby notified that the right of levying tolls on vehicles noted below entering the limits of the Town Municipality of Shimoga during a period of one year, from 1st July 1925 to 30th June 1926, will be put to public auction at 12 noon, on Saturday the 20th June 1925, in the Town Municipal Office, by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President of the Municipality.

* * * *

9. The contractor shall collect tolls at the temporary sheds to be put up at the Municipal boundaries on the Bhadravati Road, the Holehonnur Road and the Jail Road and at the Ookads built on the Honnali Road, Tirthahalli Road, Sagar Road, Shikarpur Road at the rates detailed below :—

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Motor busses and cars	1	0	0
2.	Motor cycles	0	8	0
3.	Cart drawn by one or more pairs of bullocks, buffalos, horses, ponies, asses or mules when laden ...	0	4	0
4.	Do do when empty ...	0	2	0
5.	Cart drawn by one bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule when laden	0	2	0
6.	Do do when empty ...	0	1	0

6. (*a*) A cart which contains two days' supply of fodder or gram or kadale, not exceeding ten seers for the use of the animals, and flour or rice or ragi, or any other food grains not exceeding seven seers, together with necessary utensils for the use of the owner, will be considered to be an empty cart.

N.B.—No toll shall be levied on motor busses, cars and motor cycles, etc., for which mohatarfa tax has been levied by the Municipality.

For further particulars refer to page 258, Part II-A of *Mysore Gazette* dated 30th April 1925.

Notice dated 22nd May 1925.

It is hereby notified that the right of collecting fees on carts, etc., entering the limits of Municipal Market at Shimoga on Shandi days during a period of one year, from 1st July 1925 to 30th June 1926 will be put to public auction at 12 noon on Saturday the 20th June 1925 in the Town Municipal Office by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President of the Municipality.

* * * *

For further particulars refer to notification published on page 261, Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette.*

S. BILIGIRI RAO,
For *President*

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Notification daetd 28th April 1925.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public, that the right to collecting tolls on the Salem-Bellary Provincial Road near the village of Thammenahalli in Molakalmuru Taluk for the year 1925-26 will be sold on 15th June 1925 in the Office of the Amildar, Molakalmuru Taluk, by the Sub-Division Officer, Chitaldrug.

For further particulars see this Office Notification, dated 28th April 1925, printed on pages 296-299 of Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 7th May 1925.

[The date of sale was incorrectly notified as "25th June 1925" in the abstract notification published on page 340, Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 21st May 1925.]

S. VENKATARANGAM,
Deputy Commissioner.

KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 19th May 1925.

It is hereby notified for general information that the right of collecting tolls on vehicles and animals entering the Municipality of Kolar for a period of twelve months from 1st July 1925 to the 30th June 1926, will be sold by public auction in the President's Office, Kolar, by the President of the Municipality or by the Vice-President, at 12 noon, on Wednesday the 17th June 1925.

2. The successful bidder must collect tolls only at the rates noted in the annexed schedules and at no higher rates.

3. The sale shall be subject to confirmation by the President who reserves to himself the power of refusing or accepting the highest or any bid without assigning any reason therefor.

4. Every person who wants to bid at the sale must deposit a sum of Rs. 100 as earnest money. The earnest money will be returned in the case of unsuccessful bidders.

5. On the conclusion of the sale, the highest bidder in whose favour the contract is knocked down should deposit a sum equal to three months' instalments and as soon as the sale is confirmed, the contractor shall execute a stamped agreement for the due performance of the contract, with surety or sureties.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments, the instalment for each month being payable before the 10th of the following month. The deposit of three months' khists made by the contractor will be taken in payment of the instalments due for the last three months of the contract.

7. If the prescribed deposit is not made immediately after the close of the sale, the contract will be resold at the risk of the approved bidder and the earnest money deposited by him will be forfeited. If default is made in the payment of any of the instalments, interest at the rate of one pie per month per rupee will be levied on the amount due till the date of payment. The contractor will further forfeit the deposit and the unexpired portion of the contract will be liable to be resold at the discretion of the President, the deficit, if any, being recovered from the contractor who shall not be entitled to any excess that may be obtained by the resale.

8. The contractor is bound to keep correct accounts showing the daily collections, etc., in such forms as may be prescribed by the President. The accounts should be submitted by the contractor every month to the Vice-President's Office and it will also be open to inspection by the Vice-President or any other officer deputed by the President or the Vice-President.

9. The contractor will have the use of existing toll houses on such rates of rent as may be prescribed by the President and he will be bound to keep them in good order.

10. The contractor shall be bound to furnish receipts in the prescribed form and duly dated and signed to the parties paying tolls.

11. The following carts and vehicles are exempt from the payment of toll:—

(*a*) The carts and other vehicles owned by persons residing within the Municipal limits which are regularly assessed and numbered by the Municipality.

(*b*) Carts and other vehicles conveying exclusively His Majesty's Mails.

(*c*) Vehicles belonging to His Highness the Maharaja and carriage and carts the property of or employed by the Government or Municipal Council, of the town or licensed or registered by the said council.

(*d*) Vehicles (whether owned or hired) used for the passage of troops or conveyance of Government stores or of any other Government property duly certified as such by the controlling authority.

(*e*) Vehicle (whether owned or hired) used for passage of Military both Mysore and British or Police Officers on duty or the conveyance or passage of any property or persons in their custody duly certified as above.

12. No more than one payment of toll shall be demanded for and in respect of any carriage or cart in any one day of 24 hours counted from sunrise to sunrise.

13. No remission or abatement of rent or compensation of any account shall be claimable by the contractor and no application on this account shall be received.

14. The contractor should not unnecessarily delay carts or allow carts to block traffic and that he will be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for any neglect not otherwise provided for.

15. The contractor will hang lanterns to the gates during nights when gates are closed.

SCHEDULE A.

1. Bowringpet-Kolar Road.
2. Mulbagal do
3. Srinivaspur do
4. Bangalore do

SCHEDULE B.

		Rs.	a.	p
1.	Vehicles			
	Every vehicle with springs	0	4	0
2.	Every jutka cart or waddar bandi drawn by two bullocks or buffalos, laden	0	2	0
3.	Do do do unladen ...	0	1	0
4.	Every cart drawn by a single bullock, laden	0	1	0
5.	Do do do unladen ...	0	0	6
6.	Bicycle or tricycle	0	0	6
7.	Motor car	0	4	0
8.	Motor cycle	0	2	0
9.	Riksha	0	1	0
	Animals.			
1.	Every buffalo, bull, bullock or cow laden or ridden ...	0	1	0
2.	Every horse	0	1	0
3.	Every ass or mule laden or ridden	0	0	3
4.	Every mule not laden	0	0	1

N.B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

S. HIRIYANNAIYA,
President,
Town Municipal Council, Kolar.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE THIRTEENTH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE ON SATURDAY THE 23RD MAY 1925.

Present ... ... 6 | Absent 3

I. Proceedings of the 11th ordinary meeting held on 22nd April 1925.
Confirmed.

II. Proceedings of the 12th special meeting held on 28th April 1925.
Confirmed.

* * * *

V. Estimates for Rs. 4,237 and Rs. 2,300 respectively for constructing a balancing tank near the Forest Lodge, and laying 4" main to improve the water-supply to Dod-holagere and weavers' lines received from the Executive Engineer, Water-Supply Division.

Approved. The Water-Supply Department may be requested to re-examine the distributory system with reference to the drainage areas of the City, so that pressure might be maintained in the higher portions.

VI. Estimate for Rs. 476 for providing a public fountain in Bakshi Basappaji Urs' garden extension, received from the Assistant Engineer, Vani Vilasa Water Works.

Sanctioned.

VII. Modified estimate for Rs. 2,812 for improving Pindargeri Road.

The estimate may be submitted to Government for sanction.

* * * *

IX. Estimate for Rs. 200 for constructing compound wall, removing watchman's shed and providing a separate gateway for storing pipes, etc., in double Overseers Lodge, received from the Assistant Engineer in charge of the Special Division.

Approved.

X. Application, dated 31st April 1925, from Nagaval Patel Mr. Lingegowda for Trust land to the east of his house in Lakshmi Vilasa Agrahar.

Bit No. 65 in Block No. 60-63, may be granted at the rate of Re. 1-8-0 per square yard, on condition that the land is enclosed by a compound wall and kept open.

XI. Application, dated 29th April 1925, from Venkataravaniah, Kumbargeri, Chamraja Mohalla for site No. 1—186 Block 9, Chamundi Extension.

The site may be sold at 8 annas per square yard.

XII. Application, dated 13th May 1925, from Mr. Mir Sadudin and others in Block 5, Idga Extension, requesting that bits of Trust land adjoining their houses may be sold at the old rates of 0-1-6 and 0-2-0, instead of 0-12-0, the rate at which the bits are now offered.

The rate may be reduced to eight annas per square yard.

XIII. Application, dated 27th April 1925, from Mr. M. Swamidas, Jamadar, in charge of Government Stables for site No. 58, in Model House Block, Narasimharaja Mohalla.

The site may be given at the usual rate of 4 annas a square yard.

XIV. Advance of Rs. 3,000 made to Mr. B. Siddappa, contractor, New Municipal Office Building.

Approved.

* * * *

XVI. Statement showing bits of land sold during the month of April 1925.

Approved.

XVII. Recommendations of the Committee appointed in Trust Board Resolution No. X, dated 8th March 1924, regarding properties to be released from acquisition in Mandi and Lashkar Mohallas.

May be forwarded to Government.

XVIII. Letter No. 9693, dated 14th May 1925, from the Superintendent, Power and Light, Mysore, intimating that the cost of fixing lighting conductors to the New Municipal Office building comes to Rs. 1,890.

The erection of the conductors is approved, and detailed estimate may be obtained and submitted to Government.

XIX. Letter No. L. 7994—Ml. 78-24-5, dated 8th May 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, *re* the reappropriation statement of the Board for the year 1925-26.

The revised reappropriation statement may be submitted to Government, explaining the necessity for non-budgetted items.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JUNE 11, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 8572—*Ml.* 1-24-26, *dated 2nd June* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the undermentioned properties declared for acquisition under Government Notification No. 6688—Ml. 1-20-73, dated the 13th May 1922, as required (among other properties) for improving the eastern portion of the Fort it the Bangalore City :—

1. Acquisition of Door No. 5/2 F. Street, Fort belonging to B. Ramaiah.
2. Do Door Nos. 22 and 23 "D" Street Fort, belonging originally on Dhobi Gundu Rangappa and now to Lakshmamma.
3. Do Door No. 8 "C" Street belonging to T. Rajagopal Mudaliar. (Declared owner T. D. Narayanaswami Mudaliar.)
4. Do Door No. 21 "D" Street belonging originally to Rangiah *alias* Rangappa and now to Hutchveere Gowda.
5. Do Door No. 11 "C" Street belonging to Shama Sastri.
6. Do Door No. 5/1 F. Street belonging to Narayana Rao.
7. Do Door No. 26 "C" Street belonging to T. Appu Rao.
8. Do Door Nos. 9 and 10 "C" Street belonging to Krishnaswami Mudaliar.
9. Do Door No. 38 "C" Street belonging to Venkataramayya, son of D. Ramaswamiah.

No. 8566—*Ml.* 1-24-27, *dated 2nd June* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the Acquisition the undermentioned properties declared for acqusition under Government Notification No. L. 2360—Ml. 1-22-15, dated the 12th September 1922 as required for connecting Gundopanth's Street with Sadara Patrappa's Lane, Bangalore City :—

Door No. 306, Avenue Road, Sivappa.
" No. 305 Do Kambi Revanna.
" No. 307 Do B. Basamma.
" No. 308 Do Sivappa.
" No. 180 Do Narayanasingh.
" No. 179 Do Abdul Sammad.
" No. 1, Gundopanth Street, Abdul Razak.
" No. 2 Do. Hajee Abdul Bakur Saib.
" Nos. 75 and 76, Old Butchers, Lane, Abdul Gaffoor (declared to belong to Karim Sab).
" No. 77, Old Butchers' Lane, Kajim Mohadeen Sab.

No. L. 8587—*L. B.* 9-24-77, *dated 5th June* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Rules for the election of members of Village Panchayets as amended by Government Notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated the 11th November 1921, the term of the Village Panchayets in the Bangalore and Kankanhalli Taluks, which expires on the 31st May and 1st June 1925 respectively, is hereby extended up to the 15th June 1925 pending their reconstitution in due course.

No. L. 8658—*Ml.* 10-24-34, *dated 6th June* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Mysore Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of land measuring 728 square yards out of Khaneshumari No. 46 of Sorab Town declared in Government Notification No. L. 8517—Ml. 10-23-6, dated 22nd April 1924 as required for constructing a Town Hall in the place.

No. L. 8671—*Ml.* 56-24-288, *dated 6th June* 1925.

Under Rule 10 of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. M. G. Shama Rao as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Bowringpet, is approved.

By Order,

T. K. SOMESWARA IYER,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.
(in charge).

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

No. 27.

PROCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 4TH APRIL 1925, AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 27 | Absent ... 2
Vacant ... 1

Subject.—Letter No. L. 4455—Ml. 68-22-43, dated 18th December 1924, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding a copy of memo of irregularities noticed by the Comptroller in the audit of the accounts of the Bangalore City Municipality and calling for a report of action taken thereon.

Resolution.—1. *Case of Tax Inspector, Ramachandriah.*

Paras (1), (2) and (3) of the Auditor's Report relating to the Karaga collections of 1923 were read out to the Councillors, as also the explanation of Ramachandriah.

After some discussion, the Councillors were of opinion that as Ramachandriah was already punished by the late President, Mr. Ananda Rao Sirsi, in respect of his collections during the Karaga festival of 1923, by being reverted from the Market Inspector's place to his permanent place as Tax Inspector, no further orders were needed on this point, but that it might be taken into consideration along with other matters standing against him.

At this stage Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao proposed and Mr. Belur Srinivasa Iyengar seconded that the entire correspondence be referred to a Committee with instructions that they should go into the irregularities referred to in it and make such proposals as they might deem suitable in regard to each person found involved in it.

This was put to vote and lost, as 12 voted 'For' and 14 'Against' it. Further discussion continued.

Para (4) *of the Auditor's Report.*

The Council observed that Ramachandriah's procedure in permitting the Shanbhog to issue receipts for the collections he himself made on warrants and for which he had to issue receipts from his own book was irregular, 14 'For' and 4 'Against.' Poll was demanded by Messrs. G. Paramasiviah and C. Hayavadana Rao.

The following voted 'For:'—1. Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, 2. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, 3. Mr. D. Venkataramiah, 4. Mr. G. Paramasiviah, 5. Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, 6. Mr. G. B. Raghavendra Char, 7. Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, 8. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, 9. Mr. C. K. Hutchappa, 10. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 11. Mr. P. Murugesam Pillay, 12. Mr. P. M. Basappa, 13. Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar, 14. Mr. N. V. Kalyanapur.

The following voted 'Against:'—1. Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia, 2. Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon, 3. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa and 4. Mr. S. N. Sitharama Rao.

Paras (5) *and* (6) *of the Auditor's Report.*

The Council was of opinion that there was lack of supervision on Tax Inspector Ramachandriah's part over Shanbhog Narasimiah's work which enabled the latter to temporarily misappropriate moneys collected by him. Voting 14 'For' and none 'Against.'

Note.—Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao invited the attention of the house to the statement made by Mr. Abdur Rahmon, *viz.*, that there was no irregularity in the procedure adopted and that it was the usual practice at the time, when he was Vice-President. To this observation Mr. Abdur Rahmon took objection and said that these remarks were not in order as they referred to him personally.

The President ruled that Mr. Hayavadana Rao did not make any personal references to Mr. Abdur Rahmon and that any remarks made as applying to one's official capacity were in order.

At this stage there was a motion for adjournment of the house, which was carried, 16 voting 'For' and 3 'Against.' The meeting was then adjourned to Saturday, 11th April 1925, at 8 A.M.

No. 28.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 11TH APRIL 1925, AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present 22	Absent 8

In opening the proceedings of the day, the President informed the Council, that the Dewan of Mysore inspected the Hoskota Road, the New Market and the Mysore Road on the morning of the 9th instant, that he was very much pleased with the progress of improvements carried so far, that it was his intention that all works of a remunerative nature, *viz.*, the 2 rows of grain shops, a complete row of shops on Sethu Rao's Street and the Mutton Market should be completed during the course of the next year and that the Dewan Sahib was pleased to observe that these works were so important that in case the Municipal Council were short of funds, he would be pleased to advance the required funds at 6 per cent interest. (*Note.*—Though the first subject for consideration was further discussion of the letter, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, in the matter of irregularities noticed by the Auditor in the audit of the accounts of the Municipality, the President with the unanimous consent of the Councillors took up first some urgent subjects noted below on the agenda of the ordinary monthly meeting for April 1925.)

* * * * *

2. Chief Engineer's letter No. 13007, dated 21st March 1925, requesting formal approval to the borrowing of water from the Civil and Military Station.

Resolution.—Approved.

* * * * *

5. Letter No. L. 6948—Ml. 22-24-20, dated 30th March 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to obtain the views of the present Council in the matter of the resolution dated 22nd October 1924, of the old Council recommending that the Office Manager, City Municipal Office, may be appointed as Office Assistant.

Resolution.—This Council unanimously re-affirms the resolution of the Council dated 22nd October 1924, recommending that Mr. M. Govinda Rao, B.A., B.L., Office Manager, may be appointed Office Assistant on Rs. 200—10—250. This Council further considers that no conveyance allowance need be attached to that post.

6. Letter dated 26th February 1925, from Mr S. N. M. Razvi, Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following propositions :—

"This Council resolves a sub-committee be formed with a view to—(*a*) Study the nature of the several items of Municipal Expenditure and suggest retrenchment in them.

(*b*) Investigate whether the salaries of the Municipal establishment fetching more than Rs. 100 a month are not too high, when compared with the *re* sources and requirements of the Municipality and to suggest ways and means of reducing them.

(*c*) To investigate, if the emoluments of the subordinate staff and menials of the Municipality fetching less than Rs. 100 a month are enough in relation to the cost of living in this City and to make definite suggestions regarding improvement in them."

Resolution.—After some discussion as to the idea of the mover in bringing this proposition, Mr. Razvi consented to a modification of the proposition in the following terms, which was put to vote and carried unanimously.

"Resolved that a committee of the following members be appointed to examine the annual expenditure incurred by the Municipality and to suggest such reductions, alterations or increases as they might deem fit.

1. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao (Chairman), 2. Mr. S. Venkataranga Iyengar, 3. Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, 4. Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar, 5. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, (6) Mr. B. L. Byanna and the Municipal Commissioner."

7. Lease of 3 shops Nos. 2, 3 and 4 in the New Market to the Postal Department for a period of five years for opening a Sub-Post Office at a rent of Rs. 60 per mensem, excluding lighting charges.

Resolution.—Approved.

8. Letter No. C. 2934 of 24-25, dated 13th March 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education, Bangalore, requesting the opinion of the Municipal Council, if the Municipal Commissioner may not be authorised to countersign the travelling allowance bills of certain teachers transferred from the Education Department to the City Municipal Schools, Bangalore.

Resolution.—Resolved that the present Chairman of the Education Committee, Mr. D. Venkataramiah, B.A., L.T., Retired Circle Inspector of Schools, be authorised to countersign the travelling allowance bills.

(*Note.*—At this stage, it was nearly 9 A.M. Some of the Councillors suggested that the Special Subject *re* the defalcations may be taken up while some others said that other subjects on the agenda of the monthly meeting may be taken up and the special subject later on. Then the question was put to vote. Sixteen Councillors were of opinion that the special subject should be taken up. So the ordinary meeting was adjourned.)

No. 29.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 11TH APRIL 1925, AT 9 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present No.—22. | Absent No.—8.

Subject.—Further consideration of the letter, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, *re* irregularities in the audit of the accounts of the Bangalore City Municipality.

(At the outset, Mr. D. Venkataramiah proposed that the whole question be referred to a sub-committee for submitting a report. After some discussion, the Council did not approve of the proposal.)

Para No. 7 of the Auditor's Report. Case of Tax Inspector Ramachandriah.

In the matter of the second receipt given to Mr. Sivappa on the night of 17th February 1923 for a sum of Rs. 306-8-0, it was discussed how far Tax Inspector Ramachandriah was privy to the affair. When the question was put to vote, 9 Councillors were of opinion that he was also privy to the affair and 11 were of an opposite view. Messrs. B. N. Vijayadeva and G. Paramasiviah demanded a poll. The following 9 voted for the first view :—

1. Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, 2. Mr. G. Paramasiviah, 3. Mr. D. Venkataramiah, 4. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, 5. Mr. M. C. Chicknanjundappa, 6. Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon, 7. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, 8. Mr. N. V. Kalyanpur, and 9. Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar.

The following 11 were of the other view :—

1. Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar, 2. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 3. Mr. S. N. Sitharama Rao, 4. Mr. B. V. Krishniengar, 5. Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia, 6. Mr. B. L. Byanna, 7. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, 8. Mr. V. Venkateshiah, 9. Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, 10. Mr. G. Muniyappa, and 11. G. B. Raghavendrachar.

The official was then called into the Council Chamber and was again given an opportunity to explain himself with regard to the irregularities brought to notice by the Auditor.

The question of punishment, if any, to be meted out to this official was next considered.

Mr. S. N. M. Razvi proposed and Mr. G. Siddaveerappa seconded that having regard to the fact that he has put in nearly 35 years' service and is about to complete his 55 years, he be retired at once. This was carried, 14 voting 'For' and 2 'Against'.

II. *Case of Shanbhog Narayana Rao.*

The charges against him were read out as also the explanation furnished by him. He was also called in to make any further representation. He said he had nothing more to say than what he had already stated in his explanation.

The Council considered that the charges were very serious and that his explanation was not satisfactory and directed that he should be dismissed from service at once.

III. *Case of Tax Inspector, M. Vasudeva Rao.*

The charges were read out as also his written explanation. He was also permitted to make any further representation. The Council considered that the charges were serious and directed that his services also should be dispensed with forthwith.

IV. *Case of Tax Inspector, Nanjundiah.*

The Council considered that as this official was retired from service long ago, the case need not be enquired into now, more specially as the sum of Rs. 11 referred to therein had since been recovered.

V. *Case of Mr. A. Narasinga Rao, the then Revenue Manager and the present Octroi Inspector.*

The charges against Mr. Narasinga Rao, as also his explanation were read out.

Messrs. P. Subbarama Chetty, S. N. M. Razvi, B. Abdur Rahmon and Belur Sreenivasa-Iengar observed that the audit report did not disclose anything serious for which Mr. Narasinga Rao was directly responsible, that in the midst of his heavy out door work he could not devote time to those minute details and that he might be simply warned to be more careful in future.

(At this stage, there was a motion for adjournment as it was nearly 11 A. M. The motion was lost as 7 voted 'For' and 10 'Against' it.)

The subject was again taken up and when it was 11-30 A. M., the house decided to adjourn further discussion to Tuesday the 14th April 1925 at 8 A. M.

No 30.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON TUESDAY THE 14TH APRIL 1925, AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Members.

Present ... 24	Absent ... 6

(The President brought to the notice of the Council that the Municipal City Improvement Committee which had arranged to meet at Basavangudi on Monday morning (13th instant) could not do any work for want of a quorum, though the members present waited for nearly an hour. He hoped that in future at least the members would attend regularly and evince greater interest.)

Letters dated 13th April 1925, from Messrs. B. K. Garudachar and W. H. Thorp, expressing their inability to attend the meeting were read and recorded.

Further discussion of the special subject regarding irregularities in the accounts of the City Municipality was continued.

At the suggestion of Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, the Council resolved to go into a Committee under Rule 27 of the Rules for the conduct of business with a view to submitting its recommendations after full discussion to the Council.

The following are the conclusions of the Committee as regards the charges noted against Mr. A. Narasinga Rao in the Auditor's Report.

(*a*) "Resolved that in the opinion of this house, it is not made out that it is the specific duty of the Revenue Manager to see that the receipt books issued to the Shanbhogs had been serially numbered as required by the footnote to Form 21, M. A. M., and that the Revenue Manager in all the circumstances of the case has acted *bona-fide* throughout in the matter."

This was proposed by Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao and seconded by Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao. 17 voted 'For' and 5 'Against' it.

Messrs. C. Hayavadana Rao and G. Paramasiviah demanded a poll.

The following 17 voted 'For':—

1. Mr. B. V. Krishniengar, 2. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa, 3. Mr. G. Muniyappa, 4. Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar, 5. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, 6. Mr. V. Venkatesiah, 7. Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon, 8. Mr. B. L. Byanna, 9. Mr. G. B. Raghavendra Char, 10. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, 11. Mr. S. N. Sitharama Rao, 12. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 13. Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar, 14. Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia, 15. Mr. P. Subbrama Chetty, 16. Mr. Venkataramiah, and 17. Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar.

The following 5 voted 'Against':—

1. Mr. G. Paramasiviah, 2. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, 3. Mr. N. V. Kalyanpur, 4. Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva and 5. Mr. P. M. Basappa.

(*b*) "Resolved that in the opinion of this house it is not made out that it is the duty of the Revenue Manager to see that the collections made by the Tax Inspectors and Shanbhogs, whether in cash or by cheque were entered in the Khirdi on the dates of collection and against the parties from whom the amounts were recovered as required in Article 63 of Chapter IV and tendered their collections daily as per Article 64."

Thirteen Councillors voted 'For' and 7 'Against' it. Messrs. C. Hayavadna Rao and G. Paramasiviah demanded a poll.

The following 13 Councillors voted 'For':—

1. M. B. V. Krishniengar, 2. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa, 3. Mr. G. Muniyappa, 4. Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar, 5. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, 6. Mr. V. Venkatesiah, 7. Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon, 8. Mr. B. L. Byanna, 9. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, 10. Mr. S. N. Sitharama Rao, 11. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 12. Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia and 13. Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar.

The following 7 Councillors voted 'Against':—

1. Mr. G. Paramasiviah, 2. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, 3. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, 4. Mr. N. V. Kalyanpur, 5. Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, 6. Mr. P. M. Basappa and 7. Mr. M. C. Chiknanjundappa.

(*c*) "Resolved that in the opinion of this house it is not made out that he did not by periodical examination of a few cases in each division, satisfy himself of the correctness of arrears shown in the *Baki patties* and the Arrear Demand Register.

Eighteen Councillors voted 'For' and none 'Against' the resolution.

As it was nearly 12 O'clock, these resolutions of the Committee could not be reported to the Council for confirmation.

Tne Council then adjourned to Tuesday the 20th instant at 8 A.M.

No. 31.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON MONDAY THE 20TH APRIL 1925, AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

MEMBERS.

Present ... 24. | *Absent* ... 6.

Ordinary Subjects.

* * * * *

23. Appointment of the Municipal Advocate.

Resolution.—Eight advocates had applied for the post, of whom, 2, *viz.*, Messrs. H. V. Narayana Rao and C. Lakshmana Gowda, withdrew their candidature. The selection was thus confined to the other 6 candidates. There were 24 Councillors present and all took part in the voting. The result of voting was as follows:—

Mr. H. Sreenivasa Murthi, B.A., LL.B....	...	... 15 votes.
,, N. Balakrishniah, B.A., LL.B. ...	...	... 8 votes.
,, S. K. Venkatarangaiengar, B.A., LL.B.	...	... 1 vote.

Mr. H. Sreenivasa Murthi was accordingli appointed Municipal Advocate for a period coterminous with that of the present Council.

* * *

25. Shifting the Basavangudy Dispensary from its present building to a more spacious one near the Post and Telegraphic Office.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Dispensari be shifted from its present building (Mr. Benne Govindappa's) to Mr. Chinniya Raju's building near the Post Office at a rent of Rs. 40+5 lighting charges, per mensem, as the latter is more commodious and provides accommodation to the Sub-Assistant Surgeon as well-who will therefore be required to pay a nominal rent of Rs. 5 per month and that a lease for five years be obtained from the owner of the building.

26. Disposal of tenders for the construction of a masonry drain on the northern side of Hoskota Road.

Resolution.—Eight contractors had tendered their tenders for this work. There was a good deal of discussion, as to whether some of the tenders which did not comply with the specification called for may be rusticated. The question was put to vote and 12 Councillors were of the opinion that they may be rusticated and 7 were of an opposite view.

Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa demanded a poll, which was not taken as there was no seconder.

Of the eight contractors, 3 were accordingly rusticated and the lowest of the other 5 tenders, *viz.*, that of Mr. Chik Ramayya for Rs. 3,579-9-0 was accepted.

* * * * *

No. 32.

PROCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON THURSDAY, THE 30TH APRIL 1925, AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHDMBER.

Present ... 17. | Absent ... 13.

Just when the meeting began, at 8-15 A.M., Mr. S. N. M. Razvi proposed that the meeting be adjourned to some other day, out of respect to the memory of Sir P. Thyagaraja Chetty, the late President of the Madras Corporation, who passed away on the night of the 28th April 1925. This was seconded by Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao proposed that the Meeting be adjourned for five minutes. This was seconded by Mr. B. L. Byanna. The latter proposition was carried, as eight voted for it and three for the former.

The meeting was accordingly adjoured for five minutes.

When the Council re-assembled at 8-20 A.M., Mr. S. Venkatarangaiengar proposed that the meeting be further adjourned to another five minutes out of respect to the memory of Diwan Bahadur A. Ramachandra Iyer, one of our eminent Chief Judges, who passed away recently. This was seconded by Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa proposed an amendment that the meeting be adjourned till 5 P.M. in the evening. This was seconded by Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer. The latter proposition was carried as nine voted for it and seven for the former.

The meeting was accordingly adjourned to 5 P.M. this evening.

No. 33.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, HELD ON THURSDAY, THE 30TH APRIL 1925, AT 5 P.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 23. | Absent ... 7.

1. Correspondence ending with letter No. C. 1335-24, dated 11th April 1925, from the Excise Commissioner in Mysore, requesting the Council to consider the advisability of allowing the arrack and toddy shops to continue in the existing Municipal building near Binny Mills for the next official year. Also letter No. 1365, dated 13th April 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, making a similar request.

Resolution.—The Council regret that they are not in favour of reconsidering their original resolution No. 31, dated 21st March 1925.

2. Continuance or otherwise of the grant of Rs. 30 per mensem to the Milk Depot, opened in Ganigarpet, by the Civic and Social Progress Association, Bangalore, from 1st July 1925.

Resolution.—The grant may be continued for another year from 1st July 1925.

3. Appointment of a Draftsman for the Office of the Special Engineer, City Improvement Works, on a pay of about Rs. 80 a month for a period of six months.

Resolution.—Resolved that provision be made in the budget for the appointment of a Draftsman on Rs. 80 a month for six months, subject to the condition that no appointment should be made without the sanction of the Council.

4. Construction of shops in the New Market on the Setu Rao's Street, at a cost of about Rs. 40,000.

Resolution.—Resolved that a provision of Rs. 40,000 be made for this purpose in the ensuing year's budget.

Voting.—17 'For' and 5 'Against.'

5. Construction of Mutton and Fish Markets at a cost of about Rs. 20,000.

Resolution.—Resolved that a provision of Rs. 20,000 be made in the ensuing year's budget for the construction of a new Mutton and Fish Markets in a place to be selected hereafter, outside the City Market premises. (The place to be selected hereafter by the City Improvement Committee).

Voting.—17 'For' and 1 'Against.'

6. Construction of a row of storeyed shops on the Mysore Road on the site, where the present Mutton Market and the Old Octroi Ware house stand at a cost of about Rs. 50,000.

Resolution.—Resolved unanimously that a provision of Rs. 50,000 be made in the ensuing year's budget for the construction of a row of storeyed shops on the site proposed.

7. Removal of conjestion and improvement of slums and construction of poor houses at a cost of Rs. 1,50,000 and this amount, the Government may be respectfully requested to grant.

Resolution.—Resolved unanimously that a recommendation be made to Government to grant a sum of Rs. 1,50,000 for the said purpose.

8. Letter No. 1435, dated 17th April 1925, from the Chief Engineer in Mysore, to the Secretary to the Government, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding a list of works to be undertaken during 1925-26 towards improvements to the Water Supply, Bangalore City, and requesting the Council to make a provision therefor amounting to Rs. 8,42,820 in the ensuing year's budget.

Resolution—The subject was discussed at great length and Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao proposed and Mr. Belur Sreenivasiengar seconded the following resolution :—

" Resolved that the estimates sent up by the Chief Engineer be accepted and shown separately under a separate head ' Water Works, Loan Scheme,' in the budget and that the amount be met from the loan to be floated as per and subject to the resolutions already adopted and submitted to Government for their approval in this connection.

This resolution was discussed at great length and it was nearly 8-15 P.M. Further discussion was adjourned to tomorrow (1st May 1925) at 5 P.M.

No. 34.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE ADJOURNED SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL. BANGALORE, HELD ON FRIDAY HET 1ST MAY 1925, AT 5 P. M., IN THE COUNCIA CHAMBER.

MEMBERS.

Present number ... 15 | Absent number ... 15.

Mr. B. L. Byanna proposed to move the following proposition :—

" This Council resolves that a deputation of the Municipal Council do wait upon the Dewan Sahib as early as possible to respectfully represent to him the situation created by the proposed enhancement of taxation in the City to meet the capital charges of the improvements to the Sri Chamarajendra Water Works and further urge upon the Government the desirability of the said charges in respect of the said improvements being met by the benign Government and the City Municipal Council in proportion of 2/3 and 1/3 respectively ".—

The President ruled the proposition out of order for want of a notice.

Subject No. 8. (Continued).

The resolution on this subject proposed by Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao and seconded by Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar was discussed again and was carried, 9 voting ' For ' and 5 against. Messrs. B. L. Byanna and C. Hayavadana Rao demanded a poll.

The following 9 voted ' For ' :—(1) The President, 2. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 3. Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, 4. Mr. N. V. Kalyanpur, 5. Mr. S. Venkataranga Iyengar, 6. Mr. G. Muniyappa, 7. Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty, 8. Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar and (9) Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao.

The following 5 voted against :—1. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, 2. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa, 3. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, 4. Mr. Venkatesiah and (5) Mr. B. L. Byanna.

9. Revised estimate for Rs. 870 received from the Special Engineer, for laying out the market circus with berm and kerbing only.

Resolution.—Sanctioned. The work to be done on piece work system.

10. Consideration of the draft budget estimates of the Bangalore City Municipality for 1925-26.

Resolutions.—(1) Mr. B. L. Byanna proposed that the estimate under receipts against " Tolls and Ferries " be increased by Rs. 4,000. The proposition was lost.

(2) Statement of Receipts :—Passed.

(2) Statement of Expenditure under ' A 'General. Administration and ' B ' Public Safety :—Passed.

As it was 7-30 P.M., the meeting was adjourned to 2nd May 1925 at 8 A.M.

No. 35.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 2ND MAY 1925, AT 8 A. M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present No. 19. Absent No. 11.

Subject.—Further consideration of Draft Budget Estimates of the Bangalore City Municipality for 1925-26.

(4) *Statement of Expenditure*:—D. Public Works carried out by the Civil Department—Mr. S. N. M. Razvi proposed and Mr. B. L. Byanna seconded that the total amount shewn against this head, *viz.*, Rs. 1,42,000 be reduced by one rupee. Several members spoke against the cut motion and after some discussion, Mr. S. N. M. Razvi withdrew the proposition.

(5) *E 2. Conservancy Establishment.*—Under this head, Mr. P. M. Basappa suggested that an additional sum of Rs. 12,000 be provided under this head to improve the daily sanitation of the City. The Health Officer was requested to submit definite proposals in the matter, limiting the expenditure to a sum of Rs. 3,000 for the present.

(6) *E. 3. C. Lady Health Visitor*:—Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao proposed and S. N. M. Razvi seconded that the provision of Rs. 3,500 under this head be omitted. After some discussion, the preposition was withdrawn.

(7) *F. Public Institution*:—It was resolved that a sum of Rs. 2,000 be provided under this head for the Medical Inspection of School Children, the amount to be met either from surplus or by re-appropriation.

(8) Resolved that the provision under "Deaf and Dumb School" be retained pending the receipt of a report from the Education Committee.

(9) *Statement of City Improvement works*:—Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar proposed that the provision of Rs. 23,000 made against item No. 2 Self-Supporting works, *viz.*, "Widening of the Hoskota Road near the Metal Factory," be put off for another year. This was seconded by Mr. B. L. Byanna. After much discussion, the proposition was lost, as only 4 voted 'For' and 12 'Against' it. Messrs. B. L. Byanna and C. Hayavadana Rao, demanded a poll.

The following voted 'For' the proposition:—1. Mr. B. L. Byanna, 2. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi 3. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar and 4. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa.

The following voted. 'Against' the proposition:—1. The President, 2. Mr. D. Venkataramiya, 3. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 4. Mr. G. Paramasiviah, 5. Mr. P. M. Basappa, 6. Mr. S. Venkataranga Iyengar, 7. Mr. N. V. Kalyanpur, 8. Mr. M. C. Chiknanjundappa, 9. Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, 10. Mr. G. Muniyappa, 11. Mr. Belur Sreenivasa Iyengar, and 12. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao.

The provision of Rs. 23,000 was accordingly retained.

(10) As regards the provision of Rs. 6,000 made for improvement of Drains in Mavalli, under item No. 2. Sanitary works, etc., there was some discussion as to the necessity therefor in respect of this particular locality. The provision was retained as 14 voted 'For' and none 'Against' it.

Mr. G. Paramasiviah and Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao demanded a poll.

The following voted 'For' the proposition:—1. The President, 2. Mr. D. Venkataramaiya, 3. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 4. Mr. G. Paramasiviah, 5. Mr. P. M. Basappa, 6. Mr. R. Venkatarangaiengar, 7. Mr. N. V. Kalyanpur, 8. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, 9. Mr. M. C. Chiknanjundappa, 10. Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, 11. Mr. G. Muniyappa, 12. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, 13. Mr. Belur Sreenivasaiengar and 14. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao.

(11) Mr. S. Venkatarangaienger proposed and Mr. N. V. Kalyanpur seconded that a sum of Rs. 15,000 be provided under item No. 2. Self-Supporting works, for the acquisition of lands for completing the lay out and drainage of the South-East corner of the Malleswaram Extension. The proposition was carried, 10 'For' and none 'Against.'

(12) Mr. B. L. Byanna proposed that a sum of Rs. 88,000 be provided in the Budget for the acquisition of properties to the East of Mavalli for opening Roads and forming sites to the west of Lal-Bagh Gardens.

Resolved that the Council do inspect the place and than take up the subject for consideration.

Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao proposed that the Draft Budget be adopted with the above modifications approved by the Council. This was seconded by Mr. Belur Sreenivasa Iyengar and carried unanimously.

No. 36.

PROCEEDINGS OF SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 9TH MAY 1925, AT 8. A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present number ... ... 21. | Absent number ... ... 9.

(*N.B.*—The Council continues to sit in Committee.)

Further discussion of the letter from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, regarding irregularities in the accounts of the City Municipality was continued.

When the allegation made in the audit report against Mr. R. Raghunatha Rao, the then Head Accountant and the present Revenue Manager, were being discussed, it was pointed out by some of the Councillors that as the Explanations of some of the Divisional Accountants were not taken, it would be better that the consideration of the question be postponed till after they were obtained, as the Divisional Accountant threw the blame on the Head Accountant and the Head Accountant on the Divisional Accountants.

Messrs. C. Hayavadana Rao and Belur Sreenivasaiengar spoke in favour of disposing of the allegations against Mr. R. Raghunatha Rao, immediately and independently of the explanations to be obtained from the Divisional Accountants.

Mr. G. Paramasiviah then formally proposed that the consideration of the allegations against Mr. R. Raghunatha Rao be put off till the explanations of the Divisional Accountants were obtained and placed before the Council. This was seconded by Mr. D. Venkataramiah. The proposition was put to vote and lost, as only 4 voted 'For' and 12' Agninst' it. The question was then discussed, and was put to vote. Twelve Councillors were of opinion that Mr. R. Raghunatha Rao, the then Head Accountant, was not guilty of negligence.

As regards the Divisional Accountants against whom there are allegations of negligence and dereliction of duty, it was resolved that the matter might be left to the Municipal Commissioner for disposal.

The Council then resumed its sittings as Council and Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao proposed that the decisions of the Council in Committee as regards the allegations against Messrs. A. Narasinga Rao and R. Raghunatha Rao be confirmed. This was seconded by Mr. Belur Sreenivasaiengar.

Voting :—13 'For' and 1 'Against'.

The Council resolved further that that the disposal of allegations against the Divisional Accountants be left to the Municipal Commissioner.

No. 37.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE HELD ON SATURDAY THE 9TH MAY 1925, AT ABOUT 10-30 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present number ... ... 21. | Absent number ... ... 9.

In connection with the irregularities noticed in the accounts of the City Municipality, which were discussed at the successive meetings of the Council, Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao proposed and Mr. G. Paramasiviah, seconded that the question as to how to improve the system under which collections are remitted to the Municipal Treasury and other allied matters be referred to the Managing Committee and the Municipal Commissioner.

Remaining subjects on the agenda adjourned to Saturday the 16th May 1925 at 5 P.M.

MOHAMED ABBAS KHAN,
Honorary President.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification dated May 1925.

The right of collecting fees on *santhes* in the Nelamangala Taluk from the date of sanctioning the sale to 30th June 1926, will be sold by the President, Nelamangala Taluk Board, by public auction in the respective places and on respective dates noted against them at 1 P.M.

2. The successful purchaser shall collect fees only at the rates noted in the annexed schedule and at no higher rates, and only on the articles that will be brought on *santhe* days within the market permises.

3. The President, Taluk Board, reserves to himself the power of refusing the highest or any bid that may be offered without assigning any reason therefor.

4. The contract amount is payable in twelve monthly instalments due on or before the 7th of every month in advance. The contractor shall pay as soon as the sale is over a deposit equal to two months' instalments, for the due performance of the contract. The amount in deposit will if the conditions of the contract are complied with, be credited towards the instalments due for the last two months of the contract, failing which, the deposit will be forfeited.

5. If the deposit is not made immediately after the close of the sale, the contract will be resold at the risk of the first purchaser. If default is made in the payment of instalments on due dates, *i.e.*, 7th of every month, interest at 1 pie per rupee per month will be charged on the amount due after the 7th of every month till the date of payment and the unexpired portion of the contract will also be liable to be sold again at the discretion of the President, Taluk Board, and the loss arising from the resale will be recovered from the former contractor, who shall not be entitled to the profits, if any.

6. The contractor is also bound to keep a detail account showing collections and it shall be open to inspection by the officers of the Taluk and District Boards.

7. The contractor of the market will also be given the right of collecting and utilizing the market sweepings and it will be his duty to keep the premises clean, failing which, a fine of Re. 1 will be levied for each day per *diem* of default, and should the default continue for more than six days, the contract is liable to be cancelled and resold at his risk.

8. The contractor shall exhibit at the entrance to the market place on market days a notice board setting forth the rates at which fees are levied.

9. No claim for remission on account of the prevalence of plague, cholera and other epidemics, or any other cause will be entertained.

10. The market is liable to be closed temporarily for the purpose of preventing the spread of epidemics, either among men or cattle, if such a course is considered necessary by the President, Taluk Board. No claim for remission consequent on such prohibition can however be entertained.

11. A person bringing things for his own shop shall not be charged separate fees, one for the load and the other for exposing the things in the shop, but will be liable for only the higher fee.

12. The contractor shall be responsible for the cleanliness of the premises.

13. The shop-keeper and the contractor are bound to obey the orders of the Taluk Board authorities with regard to the allocation of shops.

14. Should the contractor or his servants charge or attempt to charge any fees other than those stated in the schedule below, or should his servants fail to fulfil any of the obligations entailing on him by any of the preceding paragraphs, his contract will be liable to be cancelled, his deposit forfeited and the lease resold at his risk.

Schedule.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Per shop of the 1st class	0	4	0
Do 2nd class	0	2	0
Do 3rd class	0	1	0
Per cart laden	0	1	0
Per cart unladen	0	0	6
Per bullock, buffalo, or horse laden	0	0	6
Per head load	0	0	3
Bullock, buffalo, etc., each	0	0	6
Sheep and goats each	0	0	3
Per stall	0	1	0

(For classification of shops see the Kanarese copy of the Notification.)

A person having a shop in more than one place, must pay a separate fee for each shop. The space for each shop should not ordinarily exceed 5'x 6' except in the case of sweetmeat shops, for which a space not exceeding 10 square feet will be allowed. Shops occupying more than the prescribed area will be subject to higher fees.

		Place	Date
1.	Sondekoppa	... Santhe tope	... 20th June 1925.
2.	Gollahalli	... Do	... 26th June 1925.
3.	Jackanahalli	... Do	... 23rd June 1925.
4.	Dobspet	... Do	... 19th June 1925.

P. KRISHNA RAO,
President, Taluk Board, Nelamangala.

KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notification dated 19th May 1925.

It is hereby notified for general information that the right of collecting tolls on vehicles and animals entering the Municipality of Kolar for a period of twelve months from 1st July 1925 to the 30th June 1926, will be sold by public auction in the President's Office, Kolar, by the President of the Municipality or by the Vice-President, at 12 noon, on Wednesday the 17th June 1925.

2. The successful bidder must collect tolls only at the rates noted in the annexed schedules and at no higher rates.

3. The sale shall be subject to confirmation by the President who reserves to himself the power of refusing or accepting the highest or any bid without assigning any reason therefor.

4. Every person who wants to bid at the sale must deposit a sum of Rs. 100 as earnest money. The earnest money will be returned in the case of unsuccessful bidders.

5. On the conclusion of the sale, the highest bidder in whose favour the contract is knocked down should deposit a sum equal to three months' instalments and as soon as the sale is confirmed, the contractor shall execute a stamped agreement for the due performance of the contract, with surety or sureties.

6. The contract amount shall be paid in twelve equal monthly instalments, the instalment for each month being payable before the 10th of the following month. The deposit of three months' khists made by the contractor will be taken in payment of the instalments due for the last three months of the contract.

7. If the prescribed deposit is not made immediately after the close of the sale, the contract will be resold at the risk of the approved bidder and the earnest money deposited by him will be forfeited. If default is made in the payment of any of the instalments, interest at the rate of one pie per month per rupee will be levied on the amount due till the date of payment. The contractor will further forfeit the deposit and the unexpired portion of the contract will be liable to be resold at the discretion of the President, the deficit, if any, being recovered from the contractor who shall not be entitled to any excess that may be obtained by the resale.

8. The contractor is bound to keep correct accounts showing the daily collections, etc., in such forms as may be prescribed by the President. The accounts should be submitted by the contractor every month to the Vice-President's Office and it will also be open to inspection by the Vice-President or any other officer deputed by the President or the Vice-President.

9. The contractor will have the use of existing toll houses on such rates of rent as may be prescribed by the President and he will be bound to keep them in good order.

10. The contractor shall be bound to furnish receipts in the prescribed form and duly dated and signed to the parties paying tolls.

11. The following carts and vehicles are exempt from the payment of toll :—

(*a*) The carts and other vehicles owned by persons residing within the Municipal limits which are regularly assessed and numbered by the Municipality.

(*b*) Carts and other vehicles conveying exclusively His Majesty's Mails.

(*c*) Vehicles belonging to His Highness the Maharaja and carriage and carts the property of or employed by the Government or Municipal Council, of the town or licensed or registered by the said council.

(*d*) Vehicles (whether owned or hired) used for the passage of troops or conveyance of Government stores or of any other Government property duly certified as such by the controlling authority.

(*e*) Vehicle (whether owned or hired) used for passage of Military both Mysore and British or Police Officers on duty or the conveyance or passage of any property or persons in their custody duly certified as above.

12. No more than one payment of toll shall be demanded for and in respect of any carriage or cart in any one day of 24 hours counted from sunrise to sunrise.

13. No remission or abatement of rent or compensation of any account shall be claimable by the contractor and no application on this account shall be received.

14. The contractor should not unnecessarily delay carts or allow carts to block traffic and that he will be liable to a fine not exceeding one hundred rupees for any neglect not otherwise provided for.

15. The contractor will hang lanterns to the gates during nights when gates are closed.

SCHEDULE A.

1. Bowringpet-Kolar Road.
2. Mulbagal do
3. Srinivaspur do
4. Bangalore do

SCHEDULE B.

		Rs.	a.	p
1.	Vehicles			
	Every vehicle with springs	0	4	0
2.	Every jutka cart or waddar bandi drawn by two bullocks or buffalos, laden	0	2	0
3.	Do do do unladen ...	0	1	0
4.	Every cart drawn by a single bullock, laden	0	1	0
5.	Do do do unladen ...	0	0	6
6.	Bicycle or tricycle	0	0	6
7.	Motor car	0	4	0
8.	Motor cycle	0	2	0
9.	Riksha	0	1	0

Animals.

1.	Every buffalo, bull, bullock or cow laden or ridden ...	0	1	0
2.	Every horse	0	1	0
3.	Every ass or mule laden or ridden	0	0	3
4.	Every mule not laden	0	0	1

N.B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

S. HIRIYANNAIYA,
President,
Town Municipal Council, Kolar.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, DISTRICT BOARD, HASSAN.

Notification dated 7th June 1925.

The dates of sale of certain toll-gates and markets as notified in the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 21st May and 4th June 1925 respectively have been altered as follows :—

Name of Shandy or toll-gate	Date of sale as notified in the Gazette	Date of alteration of the sale
Karehalli toll-gate ...	31st May 1925 ...	Adjourned to 18th June 1925 at Channarayapatna.
Javagal Shandy ...	14th June 1925 ...	Adjourned to 21st June 1925.
Hanike do ...	15th June 1925 ...	As the shandy is held on 14th June 1925.

For conditions please see pages 228-231, 378-379 Part II-A of Gazettes of the above dates.

H. V. RANGASWAMI,
For *President.*

SHIMOGA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 21st May 1925.

It is hereby notified that the right of levying tolls on vehicles noted below entering the limits of the Town Municipality of Shimoga during a period of one year, from 1st July 1925 to 30th June 1926, will be put to public auction at 12 noon, on Saturday the 20th June 1925, in the Town Municipal Office, by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President of the Municipality.

* * * *

9. The contractor shall collect tolls at the temporary sheds to be put up at the Municipal boundaries on the Bhadravati Road, the Holehonnur Road and the Jail Road and

at the Ookads built on the Honnali Road, Tirthahalli Road, Sagar Road, Shikarpur Road a the rates detailed below :—

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Motor busses and cars	1	0	0
2.	Motor cycles	0	8	0
3.	Cart drawn by one or more pairs of bullocks, buffalos, horses, ponies, asses or mules when laden ...	0	4	0
4.	Do do when empty ...	0	2	0
5.	Cart drawn by one bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule when laden	0	2	0
6.	Do do when empty ...	0	1	0

6. (*a*) A cart which contains two days' supply of fodder or gram or kadale, not exceeding ten seers for the use of the animals, and flour or rice or ragi, or any other food grains not exceeding seven seers, together with necessary utensils for the use of the owner, will be considered to be an empty cart.

N.B.—No toll shall be levied on motor busses, cars and motor cycles, etc., for which mohatarfa tax has been levied by the Municipality.

For further particulars refer to page 258, Part II-A of *Mysore Gazette* dated 30th April 1925.

Notice dated 22nd May 1925.

It is hereby notified that the right of collecting fees on carts, etc., entering the limits of Municipal Market at Shimoga on Shandi days during a period of one year, from 1st July 1925 to 30th June 1926 will be put to public auction at 12 noon on Saturday the 20th June 1925 in the Town Municipal Office by the President or in his absence by the Vice-President of the Municipality.

* * * *

For further particulars refer to notification published on page 261, Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*.

S. BILIGIRI RAO,
For *President*.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 8757—*L. B.* 18-24-14, *dated 9th June* 1925.

Under Rule 3 of the Rules issued under the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, VI of 1918, and published with Government Notification No. R. 7559—L. B 54-18-1, dated the 18th December 1918, the term of the existing members of the Taluk Board of Channapatna is extended up to 20th August 1925 pending reconstitution of the Board in due course.

By Order,
T. K. SOMESWARA IYER,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.
(in charge).

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 8821—*L. B.* 127-24-5, *dated* 12*th June* 1925.

Under Rule 3 of the Rules issued under Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. 54-18-1, dated the 18th December 1918, the term of the existing Taluk Board of Alur is extended up to the end of August 1925, pending its reconstitution.

No. L. 8833—*L. B.* 39-24-37, *dated* 12*th June* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the properties declared in Government Notification No. L. 5401—L. B. 39-24-22, dated the 26th January 1925, as required for the improvement of sanitation in the Oorigaum village, as there is no need for their acquisition at present.

By Order,
T. K. SOMESWARA IYER,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 4TH ORDINRY MEETING OF THE BANGALORE DISTRICT BOARD, HELD ON THE 26TH AND 27TH MAY 1925.

26th May 1925.

Present.

1. B. Abdur Rahmon, Esq., B.A., President.
2. Mr. B. Oosman Khan, Vice-President.

Ex-officio Members ...	4	Non-official Members ...	34
Absent	7	Vacant	1

27th May 1925.

Present.

1. B. Abdur Rahmon, Esq., B.A., President.

Ex-officio Members ...	4	Non-official Members ...	26

1. Read Proceedings of the last meeting.

Read and confirmed.

2. Read Budget Estimates of the District Board and of the Taluk Boards for 1925-26, with letter No. L. 8376—L. B. 114-24-7, dated the 22nd May 1925, from Government in the matter.

Resolution.—That in so far as the Financial Committee appointed by the Board failed to submit their report in time and has thereby delayed the submission of the Budget, its work cannot be considered satisfactory. I therefore propose, that the present Committee may be dissolved, a new Committee, appointed, the Budget caused to be submitted and the Budget discussed to-morrow. (27th May 1925).

Proposed by Mr. Alfred Hayes.
Seconded by Mr. N. G. Sanjeevaiya.
Supported by Rao Saheb Venkataswamy Naidu.

Seventeen voted for, three against.

2. (*a*) Mr. Razvi proposed that arrangements for lunch to be made for both the days. Mr. Hayes seconded the same. Carried.

Deferred Subjects.

3. Read draft bye-laws framed by the Finance Committee under Section 38 (f) and (h) of the Local Board and Village Panchayet Regulation.

Resolution.—Resolved that this matter be referred to Finance Committee for its opinion on the changes proposed.

4. Read letter No. L. 326-7—L. B. 84-22-5, dated 16th July 1924, from Government regarding District Patrika of the Bangalore District.

Resolution.—Resolved that the President should take such action as per rules.

5. Read report No. 40, dated 13th August 1924, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board *re* the increment roll of Sanitary Inspector G. Gopal Rao for 1921-22.

Resolution.—Resolved that increment be sanctioned.

6. Read proposals of Chickveeranna, District Board Member:—

(*a*) To metal Devanhalli-Vadiganahalli Road.

Withdrawn.

(*b*) To construct a new building for Primary School at Vadiganahalli.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be referred to Education Committee.

(*c*) To construct a bridge for the Kodihalla and to form a road to Sidlaghatta *via* Melur.

Resolution.—Resolved that a reminder be sent to Government.

7. Read letter No. O. C. 213, dated 30th January—3rd February 1925, from the President, Kolar District, requesting that arrangements may be made to form the road about 1½ miles in the Hoskote Taluk, limits to join Bangalore-Madras Road.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be referred to Public Works Department and to Taluk Board.

8. Read report No. 52, dated 13th August 1924, from the President, Bangalore Taluk Board, regarding the increment roll of Sanitary Inspector Mr. L. S. Varadachar for 1920-21 and 1921-22.

Resolution.—Resolved that increments be sanctioned.

9. Read letter No. 58-83, dated 14—16th March 1925, from the Chief Electrical Engineer, Bangalore, regarding the special repair estimate for Bangalore-Mysore Road.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Government be requested to ask the Electrical and the Forest Departments to make the necessary contribution towards this item owing to the very heavy traffic of these departments, failing which, the road may be maintained only in the ordinary condition required for the purpose of the general country traffic as the Board is not in a position to allot larger amounts for this road.

Proposed by Mr. B. Srinivasa Iyengar.

Seconded by ,, N. G. Sanjeeviah.

Carried unanimously.

10. Read letter No. G. C. 217—24-25, dated 25th April 1925, from the Senior Surgeon, in the matter of opening a Female Dispensary at Kankanhalli with Taluk Board resolution.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be deferred at present as the Taluk Board and Municipality are not in favour as they have no funds.

12. Read letter No. 1404, dated 14th February 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education *re* the making of six rooms instead of four rooms in the Anekal Girls' School.

Resolution.—Resolved that this matter has already been included in the programme sanctioned and sent to Inspector-General of Education.

13. Read letter No. 1726, dated 17th—23rd March 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Bangalore *re* the appropriation statement for Rs. 4,000.

Resolution.—Resolved that it is not possible to pay from the District Board Funds.

14. Read letter No. 3007, dated 17th February 1925, from the Live-stock Expert in Mysore, Bangalore, intimating that the breeding bull supplied to the Veterinary Hospital at Bangalore, died and requesting sanction for the purchase of a new one.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

15. Read report No. 292, dated 28th February 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, requesting sanction for payment of Rs. 10 to Sericultural Conference out of Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

16. Read application of certain local non-official members requesting that either daily batta or carriage allowance may be granted to them when they are required to attend meetings.

Resolution.—Resolved that daily allowance of Rs. 5 be paid when attending the meetings of Board and Committees.

18. Read report No. 283, dated 14th April 1923, from the President, Nelamangala in the matter of establishment of a Veterinary Dispensary at Nelamangala.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

18. (*b*) Read letter No. 6529—Med. 47-24-15, dated 9th March 1925, from the Secretary to Government of Mysore, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding several subjects for necessary action :—

(1) That the dispensary at Varthur is ill-housed and supplies of medicines, etc., inadequate.

Resolution.—The enhanced rate has already been sanctioned for a separate suitable building.

(2) That in-patient wards may be constructed to the Tyamagondlu Dispensary.

Resolution—This has been already sanctioned.

(3) That quarters for the Sub-Assistant Surgeon and well for the dispensary at Dodballapur may be constructed.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

19. Read report No. 325, dated 19th April 1925, from the President, Hoskote, in the matter of repairing Chatram at Hoskote.

Resolution.—Resolved that the repairs be effected by the Muzrai Funds.

20. Read letter No. T. P. 4/25, dated 17th April 1925, from the Traffic Manager, Railways, calling for suggestions if any, for alteration in the train service before 1st July 1925.

Resoluiton.—Resolved that (1) train timings should not be frequently changed (2) that a through service be run as before between Nanjangud and Bangalore as a change at Mysore on the station platform give little time to travellers and causes inconvenience.

Proposed by Mr. S. Sreekantayya. Seconded by Mr. M. K. Krishnamurthi Rao. Carried unanimously.

21. Read proposal of Mr. S. Sreekantayya, that the Board may recommend to Government to kindly sanction the appointment of a full-time Chief Officer or Secretary to the District Board.

After a long discussion this was put to vote. It was carried as 15 voted for, and 6 against.

Mr. Niligiri Sanjeevayya demanded a poll. This was seconded by Mr. B. Oosman Khan.

For:—Messrs. 1. S. Sreekantayya, 2. M. K. Krishna Murthi Rao, 3. B. Srinivasa Iyengar, 4. G. Subba Rao, 5. Rao Sahib Venkatasami Naidu, 6. M. Rangaswami Iyengar, 7. Dasappa, 8. G. Venkataramana Gowda, 9. C. Naraharayya, 10. Seenappa, 11 Lakshmaiya, 12. Syed Abdul Rasheed, 13. Kongadiappa, 14. Mallari Rao, 15. B. Munishamappa.

Against:—Messrs. 1. Sanjeevayya, 2. B. Oosman Khan, 3. S. K. Narasimhayya, 4. S. N. M. Razvi, 5. Rudrappa, 6. Veeragowda.

All the rest being neutral.

22. Read letter No. L. 6809—L. B. 74-24-18, dated 26th May 1925, from the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Local and Legislative Departments in the matter of opening a road from Dodballapur Railway Station to Tyamagondlu with Nelamangala Taluk Board resolution thereon.

Resolution.—Resolved that there is nothing to be done in the matter as there is already a road in existence.

23. Read letter No. 8062—L. B. 1-24-25, dated 9th May 1925, from the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Local and Legislative Departments, regarding the travelling allowance bill of the office establishment for October 1924.

Resolution.—Bills be passed. The President whenever he goes to Mysore can take establishment as much as he thinks necessary.

24. Read letter No. C. 2 O. C. 2014—24-25, dated 20th April 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore, calling for the proposals of the Board in the matter of revision of office establishment of the Local Boards.

Resolution.—Resolved that the proposals be deferred.

25. Read report No. 708, dated 26th April 1925, from the President, Channapatna *re* the entertainment of a peon to the Vice-President and to the Sanitary Inspector each.

Resolution.—Resolved that it is not necessary. The present peon is for Taluk Board Office.

26. *Re*: the appointment of a Watcher for watching the District Board Office, during nights or giving some allowance to one Basappa, who is now watching the Income-tax Office in the same building.

Resolution.—Resolved that an allowance of Rs. 5, be paid to Watcher Basappa.

Additional Subjects.

1. Read correspondence ending with No. 97, dated 27th November 1924, from the President, Magadi Taluk Board, in the matter of deepening the well at Someswaraswami Temple at Magadi.

Resolution.—Resolved that this matter be referred to the Department of Public Works. Work be carried out as far as the sanctioned estimate.

2. Read the proceedings of the Education Sub-Committee meeting held on the 7th May 1925, on the following subjects:—

(*a*) Letter No. 1390, dated 14th February 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education calling for the views of the District Board in the matter of payment of grant of half the cost towards the construction of Veerasaiva Hotel at Nelamangala with Education Committee resolution.

Resolution.—Resolved that the recommendation of the Education Committe be approved.

(*b*) Memo No. 5663—916, dated 6th March 1925, from the District Inspector of Schools requesting that the building grant for construction of school at Dodnekkundi may be sanctioned as the people have already remitted Rs. 750 for the purpose with Education Committee resolution.

Resolution—Resolved that the recommendation of the Committee be approved.

(*c*) Read petition of subscriber for Hindustani Boys' School building at Hoskote, praying that the said building may be erected in the land given by Sowkar Mr. Chetty Basappa at Hoskote with Education Committee resolution.

Resolution—Resolved that the recommendation of the Committee be approved.

(*d*) Read Memo No. 2488, dated 11th March 1925, from the District Inspector of Education, Bangalore, *re* the change of scales in certain Primary Schools in Dodballapur Range with Education Committee resolution.

Resolution—Resolved that the recommendation of the Committee be approved.

(*e*) Read proceedings of School Committee Members of Satanur School praying that an Incomplete Middle School may be established at Satanur with Education Committee resolution.

Resolution.—Resolved that the recommendation of the Committee be approved.

(*f*) Read petition of the villagers of Dodsulagere Gollaradoddi Kuthakanapalya, Chick Sulekere, Kempedirahalli and other villages, dated 28th March 1925, stating that a grant school has been established at Kuthakanapalya, but no grant was sanctioned and praying that one of the masters from Vadavatta School may be transferred to this place or the school

sanctioned for Shashaluhalli may be transferred to this place or that grant may be sanctioned for the School at the place, with Education Committee resolution.

Resolution.—Resolved that the recommendation of the Committee be approved.

3. Mr. Nilgiri Sanjeevayya proposed at the meeting, the following propositions:—

(*a*) That the funds of the District Board either the surplus or the working capital should not be deposited in the Bank of Mysore Limited., Bangalore, or its Branch.

Resolution.—Resolved that this matter be deferred till the Extraordinary Meeting of the Bank is over.

(*b*) That the major portion of the District Board funds is paid for the maintenance of their roads, but yet the control is not with the Board, and so it is desirable that the Government may be requested to permit the Board to have their own Engineering Establishment.

Resolution.—Resolved that this matter be deferred to next meeting.

4. Read Docket No. C. 1-41-25, dated the 14th April 1925, calling for the opinion on the proposals of opening toll-gates on certain District Fund Roads.

Resolution.—Toll-gates to be started and the full realisation from these gates on District Fund Roads to go to District Funds.

After this, the Budget was taken up.

In accordance with the District Board resolution of the previous day, the New Finance Committe, met at 8 A.M. and scrutinized the District Board and the Taluk Board Budget Estimates as per resolution attached herewith.

The said Budget Estimates with the Committee's resolutions were discussed at the District Board Meeting in the afternoon when the Board approved the resolutions of the Committee and passed the Budget Estimates. While passing the Budget Estimates, certain District Board Members made observations as noted below :—

1. *Mr. Krishna Murthi Rao.*—That 50 per cent of the local cess collected on Inam Revenue may be allotted for the use of Inam Village.

2. That Government may be reminded for kind reconsideration of the orders, about the payment of annual contribution of Rs. 3,500 for maintenance of District Fund Roads 8 miles around Bangalore City.

3. That the expenditure on scholarships and contribution to Deaf and Dumb Schools at Mysore and similar expenditure may be debited to the Education Cess and not to District Fund Proper.

4. That Veterinary Hospital at Bangalore City may be maintained by the City Municipality and the District Board relieved of payment of its contribution.

5. That City Municipality may be requested to create necessary facilities in City to the toll fees payers such as cart stands, etc.

6. That the District Board may be relieved of expenditure so as to enable it to make allotment to open 25 miles of new roads:

7. That Government may be requested to take up some District Fund Roads including Magadi Gudemaranahalli road for maintenance out of Provincial Funds or if that is not feasible, to contribute at least 50 per cent of expenditure.

8. That arrangements may be made to have a District Board Representative in the City Municipal Council.

9. That every year 10 new schools may be opened.

10. That details of expenditure of Middle Schools may be obtained from Education Department.

11. That some percentage may be fixed for expenditure of extra items not provided in the Budget; and

12. that the purpose for which provision has been made under Economic Development may be specified.

1. *Mr. S. M. N. Razvi.*—That a supervisor may be appointed under the District Board out of Education cess to supervise the work of Education Department;

1. *Mr. Nilgiri Sanjeevayya.*—That Sericultural expenditure and the contribution to Deaf and Dumb School at Mysore may not be debited to Education Cess.

5. (*a*) Taluk Board Budgets for 1925-26.

Resolution.—Sanctioned with the modifications noted in the memo.

B. ABDUL RAHMON,
President.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER, BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. O. C. 2014—24-25, *dated, Camp Mysore, the* 3rd *Bangalore* 6th *June* 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Board and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules framed thereunder, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Closepet Sub-Taluk are re-constituted for a period of three years from 1st June 1925 :—

Sugganhalli.

Elected.	*Nominated.*
1. Mr. Rudrappa.	1. Mr. Chennappa, Patel.
2. ,, Byranna.	2. ,, Lakshminarasayya, Shanbhog.
3. ,, Mariveerappa.	3. The Head Master, Government Incomplete Middle School at Sugganhalli.
4. ,, Ramaiya.	
5. ,, Manchayya.	
6. ,, Kalamarayya *alias* Appajayya.	

Harisandra.

1. Mr. Rama Gowda.	1. Mr. Chennabasayya, Patel.
2. ,, Ghouse Peer Saheb.	2. ,, Seetharamiah.
3. ,, Lingannaiah.	
4. ,, Honnagiri Gowda.	
5. ,, Range Gowda.	

Hulikere Gunnur.

1. Mr. Siddaveeriah.	1. The Patel of Hulikere Gunnur.
2. ,, Veerabhadriah.	2. The Shanbhog of Hulikere, Gunnur.
3. ,, Mare Gowda.	3. Mr. B. Rudrappa.
4. ,, Tiriya Hussain Khan Saheb.	
5. ,, Revanna.	
6. ,, Nanje Gowda.	

Kunigal.

1. Mr. Naranappa.	1. The Patel of Kunigal.
2. ,, Mari Gowda.	2. The Shanbhog of Kunigal.
3. ,, Channanke Gowda.	
4. ,, Honne Gowda.	
5. ,, Chikka Linge Gowda.	

Vibhutigere.

1. Mr. Venkatavaradappa.	1. The Patel of Vibutigere.
2. ,, Madayya	2. The Shanbhog of Vibhutigere.
3. ,, Chandrayya.	
4. ,, Male Gowda.	
5. ,, Sidde Gowda.	

Kyasapur.

1. Mr. R. Jagannathaiah.	1. The Patel of Kyasapur.
2. ,, Durga Prasad.	2. The Shanbhog of Kyasapur.
3. ,, Bansi Lal.	
4. ,, Bore Gowda.	
5. ,, Shanker Gowda.	

Jalamangala.

1. Mr. Revanna.	1. The Patel of Jalamangala.
2. ,, Venkatasubba Sastry.	2. The Shanbhog of Jalamangala.
3. ,, Patcha Sab.	3. The Head Master, Government Incomplete Middle School, Jalamangala.
4. ,, Ranganna.	
5. ,, Pujari Nanjiah.	
6. ,, Nanjundaiah.	

Vadavatta.

1. Mr. Hennagiri Gowda.	1. The Patel of Vadavatta.
2. ,, Venkatanarasayya.	2. The Shanbhog of Vadavatta.
3. ,, Mari Devaru.	
4. ,, Putta Venkata Ramaiah.	
5. ,, Jagappa.	

Banandoor.

1. Mr. Revanna.	1. The Patel of Banandoor.
2. ,, Siddalingappa.	2. The Shanbhog of Banandoor.
3. ,, Munilingappa.	
4. ,, Madayya.	
5. ,, Thimmaiah.	

Bidadi.

Elected.	*Nominated.*
1. Mr. B. C. Revanna.	1. The Patel of Bidadi.
2. „ Chikkaganga Setty.	2. The Shanbhog of Bidadi.
3. „ Chikka Venkatappa.	3. The Head Master, Incomplete Middle School at Bidadi.
4. „ Adeppa Chetty.	
5. „ Rudrappaji Urs.	
6. „ Ramaswamiah.	

Bhyramangala.

1. Mr. Chikkananjaiah.	1. The Patel of Byramangala.
2. „ Rama Chetty.	2. The Shanbhog of Byramangala.
3. „ Mahomed Hayath Sab.	
4. „ Narasimhaiya.	
5. „ Shama Sastry.	

Notification No. O. C. 2014—24-25, *dated* 11*th June* 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation and the rules framed thereunder, the Village Panchayets of Hoskote Taluk are re-constituted for a period of three years from 31st May 1925 as noted below :—

Bendigenahalli.

Elected.	*Nominated.*
1. Mr. Nanjundappa.	1. Patel of Bendigenahalli.
2. „ T. Ramanna.	2. Mr. Venkata Subbiah.
3. „ Byre Gowda.	
4. „ Angadi Chickanna.	
5. „ Basappa.	

Attibele.

1. Mr. Appayyanna.	1. Patel of Attibele.
2. „ Nanjundappa.	2. Mr. Tharlappa.
3. „ Muni Devappa.	
4. „ Archak Ramiah.	
5. „ Ramiah.	

Hasigala.

1. Mr. Lingappa.	1. Patel of Hasigala.
2. „ Sailan Beig.	2. Mr. Sreenivasiah.
3. „ Komarappa.	
4. „ Chick Chamadappa.	
5. „ Seethappa.	

Hindiginal.

1. Mr. Govindappa.	1. Patel of Hindiginal.
2. „ Nanjunda Chetty.	2. Mr. Madhu Rao.
3. „ Kenche Gowda.	3. „ Lakshmiah Chetty.
4. „ Usman Khan.	
5. „ Mahbub Sab.	
6. „ Syed Ibrahim.	

Koratti.

1. Mr. Pillappa.	1. Patel of Koratti.
2. „ Lingappa.	2. Mr. Sripada Rao.
3. „ Appajiappa.	
4. „ Mohidin Nivaz Khan.	
5. „ Muni Byrappa.	

Jadaganahalli.

1. Mr. Rama Subbiah.	1. Patel of Jadaganahalli.
2. „ Mallappa.	2. Mr. Sankarappa.
3. „ Maistry Kariappa.	
4. „ Perriah.	
5. „ Veera Bhadriah.	

Devangundi.

1. Mr. Prasaniah.	1. Patel of Devangundi.
2. „ Munsamachar.	2. Mr. Narnappa.
3. „ Mannappa.	

Muttasandra.

Elected.	*Nominated.*
1. Mr. Venkataramaniah.	1. Patel of Muttasandra.
2. „ Muni Venkatappa.	2. Mr. Krishnappa.
3. „ Guru Murta Char.	
4. „ Suri Narnappa.	
5. „ Venkatappa.	

Kadagodi.

1. Mr. Narasimhaiyya.	1. Patel of Kadagodi.
2. „ Yella Ruddi.	2. Mr. Subbiah.
3. „ Angadi Pappaih.	3. „ Kala Char.
4. „ Raja Ram Singh.	
5. „ Narasimhaiya.	
6. „ Malik Khayruddin Ahmed.	

Chennasandra.

1. Mr. Muni Rudrappa.	1. Patel of Chennasandra.
2. „ Dodda Munisamiah.	2. Mr. Basanna.
3. „ Subbiah.	

Kithiganur.

1. Mr. Venkatappa.	1. Patel of Kithiganur.
2. „ Chickannah.	2. Mr. Nagappa.
3. „ Narnappa.	

Bidarahalli.

1. Mr. Venkatakrishnappa.	1. Patel of Bidarahalli.
2. „ Hanumanthappa.	2. Shanbhog Krishnappa.
3. „ Narayanappa.	

B. VENKOBA RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 6th June 1925.

The terms of the undermentioned Village Panchayets of Malur Taluk have been extended as follows :—

Names of Panchayets.	*Dates up to which extended.*
1. Masti	15th August 1925.
2. Kudenur	Do
3. Santehalli	Do
4. Narasapura	Do
5. Sivarapatna	Do
6. Rajenahalli	Do
7. Lakkur	Do
8. Huladenahalli	Do
9. Banahalli	Do
10. Tyakal	Do

Notification dated 6th June 1925.

Under rules framed under Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, Gangavaram Krishnaiya is elected to act temporarily as Chairman of Kaivar Village Panchayet, Chintamani Taluk, *vice* Patel Bache Gowda who is said to be ill and incapable of attending to the duties of the Chairman.

C. RAMACHENDRA RAO,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

CHIKBALLAPUR MUNICIPALITY.

Dated 11th June 1925.

Statement showing the names of candidates who have signified their intention to stand for election in the Urban constituency of the Mysore Representative Assembly in the Chikballapur Town to be held on the 18th July 1925 to fill up the casual vacancy caused by the death of Mr. C. Narayanaswami Chetty.

Serial No.	Number in the voter's list	Name	Occupation	Residence	Remarks
1	30	Mr. P. Kannasettappa ..	Money-lender ..	Chikballapur ..	
2	29	„ V. Venketasami Chetty ..	Mandi merchant and Municipal Councillor	„ ..	

D. C. SUBBARAYAPPA,
President, Municipal Council.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 27TH (ADJOURNED) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON MONDAY THE 4TH MAY 1925, AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present ... ... 21 | Absent 9

294. Read Health Officer's Note dated 26th March 1925, and President's Memo regarding the work turned out by Mr. Basavalinga Chetty, during the quarter ended with 31st March 1925 and his confirmation as Chief Sanitary Inspector.

Resolved that Mr. Basavalinga Chetty be confirmed in his appointment of Chief Sanitary Inspector with effect from 1st May 1925.

295. Read Health Committee's Resolution No. 2, dated 23rd March 1925, suggesting the construction of public urinals in at least half a dozen places during the year 1925-26.

Resolved that provision be made for six public urinals in the ensuing year's budget and detailed recommendations and estimates sent in due course after consulting the Water-Supply Department, regarding the possibility of supplying water for flushing the urinals.

296. Read statement prepared in accordance with the Council's Resolution No. 58, dated 30th August 1924, giving the names of institutions held at present exempt from payment of Municipal taxes.

Recorded. The statement may be scrutinised by the Managing Committee in the course of revision of taxes now proceeding.

297. Read letter dated 20th March 1925, from the Superintendent, Power and Lighting, Mysore, requesting the grant of free passes for bicycles, motor-cycles and motor cars maintained by the Executive Officials of the Electric Department, in Mysore City.

Resolved that 5 free badges for bicycles be sent to the Superintendent, Power and Lighting, for distribution among the subordinates.

As regards exemption for motor-car motor-cycles belonging to the Superintendent and the Assistant Superintendent, it was resolved that enquiries should be made to ascertain if any similar concession is allowed by the City Municipal Council, Bangalore.

298. Read letter No. 729, dated 27th March 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, Public Library Committee, Mysore, requesting for an annual grant from Municipal Funds for the Public Library.

There were an equal number of votes for and against the proposal:—

For	*Against.*
1. Mr. M. Ramaswami ...	1. Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji
2. „ P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar ...	2. Mr. Mahomed Sait
3. „ B. K. Ramakrishnaiya ...	3. „ Y. Virupakshiah
4. „ A. Krishna Rao ...	4. „ U. R. Lingoji Rao
5. „ M. Narayanaswamy ...	5. „ S. Doriraj
6. „ Mahomed Gouse Peer ...	6. „ M. P. Bhogiah
7. „ S. Srikantachari ...	7. „ M. K. Madhava Rao Powar
8. „ Turuvekere Basavaraj Urs ...	8. „ M. C. Thammiah
9. „ M. Venkatakrishnaiya ...	9. „ K. Dhanakoti Chetty
10. „ N. Setwaji Rao ...	10. „ Tippu Sultan Alli Khan

It was resolved therefore that the same may be brought at a future meeting and in the meantime information may be obtained as to the present income and expenditure of the Library and the number of subscribers.

299. Read letter No. 30, dated 31st March 1925, from the Secretary, Mysore District Congress Committee, requesting for a grant of at least Rs. 250 from Municipal Funds to foster hand-spinning industry in the Mysore City.

The Council regret that for want of funds they are unable to make the grant asked for.

300. Read correspondence ending with letter No. L. 7033—Ml. 106-24-3, dated 3rd April 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, regarding road-watering charges payable by the Mysore City Municipality, for the years 1923-24 and 1924-25.

Considering that the watering of the roads in the City is irregular and confined for the most part to roads used for state functions and also that the staff employed for this purpose is used otherwise most of the time, the Council is of the opinion that the Municipal share of the charges should be limited to Rs. 1,000 per year as provided for in the Budget.

301. Read Council's Resolution No. 132, dated 25th October 1924, sanctioning the appointment of the steno-typist on a salary not exceeding Rs. 55 per month for a period of six months.

Resolved that the appointment be made permanent.

302. The following proposition was moved by Mr. M. Ramaswami and seconded by Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar :—

"That in *re* the application to this Council by the Timber Merchant of the City of Mysore, the Railway Station timber yard for the time being be considered as being situated beyond the Mysore City limits, till the Municipality arranges for a timber yard of its own near the Mysore South Railway Station with a railway siding to help loading and that till then procedure to collect octroi duty on timber adopted till now be continued. Further that the place for the said new timber yard be at once selected to put a fencing, etc."

Mr. Mahomed Sait proposed and Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji seconded the following amendment :—

"The following words be substituted after 'The City of Mysore' and the rest of the sentence be deleted : "that the existing bye-law relating to the levy of octroi on timber be altered and levied at four annas on each log below 12 feet in length and at 8 annas per log above 12 feet and that no refund be allowed."

Mr. B. K. Ramakrishniah moved and Mr. K. Dhanakoti Chetty seconded the following amendment :—

"That the words beginning with 'the Railway Station timber yard' be omitted and the following inserted : "that the existing bye-law relating to Octroi on timber be amended so as to allow the levy of Octroi at a uniform rate of 12 annas per cart without any refund."

Both the amendments as well as the original proposition were successively put to vote and lost.

303. Read letter No. L. 7587—Ml. 131-24-9, dated 24th April 1925, from the Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding a list of works in connection with the water supply of the City proposed to be undertaken from the year 1925-26, and requesting that the same be considered for inclusion in the budget of the Municipal Council.

Resolved that the proposals be taken up at the budget meeting to be held on the 7th instant.

* * * *

305. Read letter No. C. 2060—L. B. 24-25, dated 29th April 1925, from the President, District Board, Mysore, requesting for a contribution of Rs. 50 for the ensuing District Conference to be held from 14th to 16th May 1925, and suggesting the deputation of four delegates to represent the Municipal Council at the Conference.

Resolved that Messrs. T. S. Alli Khan, M. P. Bhogiah, M. Ramaswamy and P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar be requested to attend the District Conference on behalf of the Municipal Council and that a contribution of Rs. 50 be sanctioned.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 28TH (SPECIAL) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON THURSDAY THE 7TH MAY 1925, AT 8 A.M.

MEMBERS.

Present	20	Absent	10

306. Considered the budget estimates of receipts and expenditure for 1925-1926.

Resolved that the budget estimates be passed with the undermentioned suggestions and modifications :—

I. RECEIPTS.

(1) *A. 1. Octroi.*—Provision of Rs. 1,20,000, may be reduced to Rs. 1,12,000.

(2) *A. 10. Other taxes.*—The sum of Rs. 62,500 (Rs. 22,500 plus 40,000) provided under this head on account of the proposed levy of fees on water connections and excess water charges may be omitted with corresponding reduction on the expenditure side.

Particulars of receipts and expenditure of Vani Vilas Water Supply Works may be obtained from the Water Supply Department as a supplement to the budget.

Provision under drainage cess may be reduced to Rs. 5,000.

(3) *C. 1. Rents of buildings and lands.*—As per suggestion of the Managing Committee (*Vide* Resolution No. 6 of the 27th April 1925), the accounts of income and expenditure connected with the Town Hall should be kept separate with a fund of its own to operate upon. Provision of Rs. 4,500 made under this head as being the anticipated income from letting out the Town Hall for dramatic performances may therefore be omitted.

(4) *C. 14. Revenue from Sewage Farm.*—Receipts under this head may be raised to Rs. 2,500 in the revised estimate for the current year as per advice of Mr. Krumbiegel and to Rs. 3,000 in the estimate for the ensuing year.

II. EXPENDITURE.

(1) *A. 1. 2. (d) Furniture.*—Provision of Rs. 1,500 may be reduced to Rs. 1,000.

(2) *A. 1. 2. (e) Stationery.*—Provision of Rs. 1,500 reduced to Rs. 1,000.

(3) *A. II. 1. (a) Octroi establishment.*—Provision of Rs. 120 for the cycle allowance to Octroi Daroga may be omitted as no such allowance is sanctioned to him.

(4) *A. II. 4. Refunds.*—Provision of Rs. 5,000 reduced to Rs. 2,000.

(5) *D. (1) Original works.*—Provision of Rs. 80,000 (Rs. 75,000 for the construction and improvement of markets and Rs. 5,000 for the construction of public urinals) may be made insted of Rs. 90,000.

(6) *D. (2) Repairs.*—(i) Under road repairs the Council desired that special attention should be paid to the following roads and that the Managing Committee might in due course suggest any re-appropriation for this purpose :—

(a) Lakshmipuram Roads.
(b) Chamundi Extension Roads.
(c) Chamal Mutt Street.
(d) Road from Sayaji Rao Road to Clock Tower.
(e) Kempananjamba Agrahar Road.
(f) Chaluvamba Agrahar Road.

(ii) Under repairs of buildings, provision may be made for the cost of constructing out-patients' waiting room in the Weavers' Lines Dispensary and of partitioning a portion of the mutton market for locating the beef market.

(7) *E. 2. (c) Purchase of carts.*—A provision of Rs. 5,000 may be made for the purchase of a motor lorry for removing the sweepings and rubbish, the charges for maintaining it being met from the provision of Rs. 14,544 made under 'E2. c. hire of carts'.

(8) *E. 2. (c) Purchase of dustbins.*—The Council are of opinion that corrugated iron dustbins are preferrable to stone dustbins.

(9) *E. 2. (d) Ambulance carts.*—As suggested by the Managing Committee, the provision of Rs. 240 made under this head may be raised to Rs. 500.

Provision of Rs. 1,000 for anti-malarial charges may be deleted.

(10) *E. 5. Maintenance of public gardens and buildings.*—Town Hall establishment charges amounting to Rs. 504 and Town Hall Electric lighting charges Rs. 700 may not be included under this head for reasons stated in para 1 (3) *supra.*

(11) *E. 9. Water-supply and maintenance charges*—Provision under this head may be limited to Rs. 30,000 being the amount of water rate likely to be collected and paid to the Water-Supply Department [*Vide* remarks against para I (2)].

(12) *E. 10. Fairs and Festivals*—Provision of Rs. 5,000 under this head may be reduced to Rs. 3,500.

(13) *G. Contributions. (1) Reading Rooms and Libraries.*—A provision of Rs. 250 may be made under this head.

307. Read letter No. L. 7587—Ml. 131-24-9, dated 24th April 1925, from the Secretary to Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding a list of works in connection with the water-supply of the City proposed to be undertaken from the year 1925-26 and requesting that the same be considered for inclusion in the budget of the Municipal Council.

Resolved that as regards expenditure on original and repair works, reference be invited to Council's Resolutions Nos. 235 and 257, dated 7th and 20th March 1925 on the subject.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 26TH (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON WEDNESDAY THE 29TH APRIL 1925, AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present ... ... 24. | Absent ... 6.

* * *

279. Vital statistics for February 1925.

Recorded. Labour cases conducted by other than Municipal agencies may be included in future returns.

280. Proceedings of the following Committees for March 1925 :—

(i) Managing Committee.
(ii) Health Committee.
(iii) Schools Committee.

Recorded.

In this connection the President drew the attention of the Council to the estimate for Rs. 235 for re-setting railings on the Karanji Tank Bund Road and another for Rs. 295 for rectifying and renewing Doddakere Tank Bund Road Railings, referred to in the Managing Committee's Resolutions Nos. III and VII of the 14th April 1925, respectively. The latter work had been carried out and partly paid for long ago while the other was in an advanced state of progress. The President said that although these estimates had been sent to the Managing Committee, the work had really been carried out under competent authority by orders of the President and the expenditure could not well be disowned. He however agreed to have the work done on the Karanji tank bund road duly checked. In view of these explanations, the objections raised by some of the Councillors to these estimates were not pressed.

* * *

282. Statement of house-building licenses for March 1925.

Recorded. Endorsements refusing licenses are to be sent hereafter for personal service or through registered post.

* * *

287. Government Proceedings No. L. 7144-216—Ml. 157-24-2, dated 7th April 1925, regarding the agreement form to be executed by the Mysore City Municipal Council in respect of the loan of two lakhs of rupees obtained from Government for improving the markets in the City.

The agreement in respect of the said loan of rupees two lakhs was approved and executed in the presence of the council.

288. Entertainment of temporary establishment for a period of three months in connection with the revision of taxes in the City.

The undermentioned temporary establishment was sanctioned for a period of three months.

One Sheikdar on Rs. 25+7-8-0 allowance a month.

Two clerks on Rs. 20 each a month.

The revised assessment lists may be sent to the Councillors of the Mohalla concerned for remarks and suggestions before publishing the same under Section 64 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

289. Entertainment of temporary establishment for one year for malarial survey and operations in the City.

The work may be done at present with the existing staff, as far as possible.

290. Confirmation of S. Siddappa in his appointment as Octroi Daroga.

Mr. B. K. Ramakrishniah asked that the consideration of the subject might be deferred until the Audit Committee had completed its examination of the Octroi accounts, as its report might have a bearing on this question. Votes were taken then, 8 for and 9 against, the postponement of the question, and it was resolved to proceed with the subject. The subject was then taken up and it was resolved to confirm S. Siddappa. A poll was taken with the following result :—

For	*Against.*
1. Mr. Tippu Sultan Alli Khan.	1. Mr. B. K. Ramakrishniah.
2. ,, Mahomed Gouse Peer.	2. ,, A. Krishna Rao.
3. ,, U. R. Lingoji Rao.	3. ,, S. Dorairaj.
4. ,, K. Dhanakotichetty.	4. ,, P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar.
5. ,, S. Srikantachari.	5. ,, M. Ramaswamy.
6. ,, Y. Virupakshiah.	6. ,, P. Seetaramiah.
7. ,, M. Madappa.	7. ,, N. Setwaji Rao.
8. ,, Thammiah.	8. Revd. E. S. Edwards.
9. ,, M. Narayanaswamy.	
10. ,, B. Munivenkatappa.	
11. Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji.	
12. Mr. Mahomed Sait.	
13. ,, M. K. Madhava Rao Powar.	

Messrs. T. Basavaraj Urs and D. Banumiah were not present when votes were taken.

Resolved that S. Siddappa be confirmed in his appointment.

291. Health Offier's Memo No. 860, dated 22nd March 1925, recommending the grant of the maximum pay of Rs. 72 to Mr .E. P. Mannas, Veterinary Inspector.

Resolved that the maximum pay of Rs. 72 plus 10 allowance in the grade of Rs. 50—5—72 plus 10 allowance be sanctioned with effect from 1st May 1925.

292. Read letter dated 21st September 1924, from the Honorary Secretary, Balabodhini Girls' School, enquiring as to the amount realized by the sale of the Balabodhini School building on the Chamaraj Road and the place where another school building is proposed to be erected and suggesting the suitability of the market site on the Vani Vilas Road for the purpose.

Read also his letter dated 20th March 1925, to the Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, on the subject.

The market site on the Vani Vilas Road not being suitble for the purpose of constructing the Balabodhini Girls' School on account of its proximity to the other Girls' Schools existing in the locality, it was resolved that the Honorary Secretary might be asked to select another suitable site for the purpose.

Further resolved that the amount of Rs. 4,000 received as compensation for the Muncipal property wherein the Balabodhini Girls' School had been located cannot be utilised for the construction of a new building for that school, as the use of Municipal Funds for such purpose would be open to objection, the Municipality having no connection with Female Education in the City.

It was also resolved that no rent need be charged for the Balabodhini Girls' School for occupying a portion of the building used for the Municipal Boys' School in the Chamundi Extension.

293. Excess water charges claimed by the Water Supply Department in respect of certain Municipal buildings.

The Council consider that in view of the payment to the Water Supply Department of three per cent water rate collected by the Municipality, water used for *bona fide* Municipal purposes should not be charged separately.

For want of time, other subjects adjourned to Monday the 4th May 1925, at 8 A.M.

N. MADHAVA RAU,
President.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 6th June 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, it is hererby notified that the undermentioned gentlemen have been declared elected as members of the several Village Panchayets noted against them, which are now being reconstituted with effect from this date in the Arkalgud Taluk :—

1. KERLAPURA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. Doddamallappasetti, son of Mallanna.
(2) ,, Patel Basappa, son of Mallanna.
(3) ,, Chikmallappasetti, son of Chikkalingasetti.
(4) ,, Ganachari Heggegowda, son of Heggegowda.
(5) ,, Doddanaranasetti, son of Dasappasetti.
(6) ,, Vendor Keshaviah, son of Suryanaranappa.

2. BASAVAPATNA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. D. Krishnasetti, son of Dundasetti.
(2) ,, Maridasasetti, son of Govindasetti.
(3) ,, H. Mallasetti, son of Aresetti.
(4) ,, G. Ningasetti, son of Sannappasetti.
(5) ,, Channaveerasetti, son of Channamallasetti.
(6) ,, Subbarayasastry.

RAMANATHPUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. D. Narayana Bhatta, son of Subba Bhatta.
(2) ,, Kunjappasetti.
(3) ,, P. Venkatasubbachar, son of Krishnachar.
(4) ,, T. Krishnaiyengar, son of Gopala Krishnaiengar.
(5) ,, Venkatappasetti, son of Chandrasetti.
(6) ,, Ramaiya *bin* Papaiya.

GANGUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. Kempe Gowda *bin* Kotigowda.
(2) ,, Channegowda *bin* Hutchegowda.
(3) ,, Boregowda *bin* Gopi Siddegowda.
(4) ,, Boregowda *bin* Maricheluvegowda.
(5) ,, Boregowda *bin* Cheluvegowda.
(6) ,, Kullegowda *bin* Boregowda.

RUDRAPATNA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. Ramaswamaiya.
(2) ,, R. T. Ramaswamaiya *bin* Srinivasiah.
(3) ,, Ramanna *bin* Kasiah.
(4) ,, Ramanuja Iyengar *bin* Tirunarna Iyengar.
(5) ,, Gadari Thimmegowda *bin* Kotiah.
(6) ,, Mahamad Sab *bin* Alli Sab.
(7) ,, Chandrashekhariah *bin* Vaidyanathan.

DODDAMAGGE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. Narayanavadhani *bin* Krishnappa.
(2) ,, B. Ramaswamaiengar *bin* Alasingrachar.
(3) ,, Rangegowda *bin* Karigowda.
(4) ,, Thimmegowda (late Patel) *bin* Thimmegowda.
(5) ,, Mariyachari *bin* Earachari.

MARUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. Mallaraj Urs *bin* Basavaraj Urs.
(2) ,, Suryanarnappa *bin* Ninganniah.
(3) ,, D. Devaraj Urs son of Devaraj Urs.
(4) ,, Ramanna *bin* Srikantaiya.
(5) ,, Nanjundaraj Urs *bin* Nanjaraj Urs.
(6) ,, S. Nanjaraj Urs *bin* Basavaraj Urs.

HULIKAL VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. D. Srinivasiengar *bin* Krishna Iyengar.
(2) ,, Srinivasiengar *bin* Chakravarthi Iyengar.
(3) ,, M. Narasimhachar *bin* Shamaiyengar.
(4) ,, Muttappana Srinivasiengar *bin* Shama Iyengar.
(5) ,, Hosamane Srinivasiengar *bin* Annaiengar.
(6) ,, Jois Rangachar *bin* Shamiengar.

MALLIPATNA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. Kelaginamane Suryanarnappa *bin* Hiriyanniah.
(2) ,, Melinamane Suryanarnappa *bin* Surappa.
(3) ,, Rangappa *bin* Narnappa.
(4) ,, Chinnappa Rowth.
(5) ,, Basetti Malliah.

Notification dated 11th June 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation the following gentlemen have been appointed by nomination as members of the Ibbidu Village Panchayet in the Belur Taluk, during the period of its present constitution with effect from the 29th June 1925:—

Messrs:—
(1) Puttabasave Gowda, Patel, Ibbidu.
(2) B. Thimmanna *bin* Mallaiya.

Notification dated June 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, the undermentioned gentlemen have been declared elected as members of the several Village Panchayets noted against them during the term of their present re-constitution with effect from the 1st July 1925:—

BELAGODE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. B. Mylaraiya, Jamindar and Shanbhog.
2. ,, Gangappasetty, Jamindar.
3. ,, Subbaraya, Jamindar and Shanbhog.
4. ,, Abdul Ghani, Jamindar.
5. ,, Gulam Ahamed ,,
6. ,, Sakkara Nagappasetti, Jamindar.
7. ,, Kondi Nagappasetti ,,

YESLUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Malugalli Puttaiya, Jamindar.
2. ,, Issu Beig ,,
3. ,, Hulagalale Veerasettappa ,,
4. ,, Settinanjana Gundappa ,,
5. ,, Kuchahalli Nanjappa ,,
6. ,, Do Mallappa ,,
7. ,, Patnasetti Nanjundappa ,,
8. ,, Doddakalyanappa ,,
9. ,, T. B. Gurusantappa ,,

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification No. H. C. 325 (Rev.) of 24-25, dated 9th June 1925.

Under Section 51 (*a*) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation of 1918, Messrs. Shanbhog Appannaiya and Patel Subba Rao, have been declared elected as Chairmen of the Konandur and Mahashi Village Panchayets respectively in the Tirthahalli Taluk.

R. TIRUNARANIENGAR,
For Deputy Commissioner.

SHIRALKOPPA MINOR MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated June 1925.

The following bye-laws relating to the registration of births and deaths in Shiralkoppa Minor Municipality under Section 48 (*i*) (9) of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, are hereby published for the information of the public.

Any person, who has any objection or suggestion to make with reference to the following bye-laws in the Town of Shiralkoppa is required to send the same in writing to the President of the Municipal Council within thirty days from the date of publication of this notice. Any objection or suggestion that may be received after that date will not be taken into consideration.

Bye-laws relating to Births and Deaths, Section 48 (1) (g) of the Municipal Regulation.

1. Every birth and death within the municipality shall be entered in Special Registers in the forms prescribed in the annexed schedules.

2. The entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of each book by the Sub-Registrar who shall keep himself informed of all births and deaths occurring within the municipality. He shall not charge any fee nor expect any reward for registering the required particulars regarding any birth or death. The registers when completed shall be sent to the Municipal Office where they shall be preserved.

3. The Municipal Office shall be the Office of Registry and the Municipal Clerk be the Sub-Registrar. A notice written both in English and Kanarese and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify the fact to the public.

4. The mother or father or other male relative of every child born within the municipality or in the case of deaths, illness, absence or inability of these, the Medical Attendant or Midwife who attended during such birth, and in the case of births occurring in a public institution the officer or person in charge thereof shall, within one week next, give or cause to be given in writing to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars that are required to be known and registered regarding the birth of such child.

5. Some near relative present at the death or attending during the last illness of every person dying within the municipality or in case of death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building or some person living within the building or place in which such death has occurred, and in the case of person dying in a public institution the officer or person in charge thereof shall, within 24 hours, give or cause to be given in writing to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars that are required to be known and registered touching the death of such person.

6. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended Schedules 3 and 4.

7. On a notice being received at the Office of Registry, any Municipal Officer to be deputed by the President shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the occuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice and after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against the particular entry in the Register in token of having performed such inspection.

8. Every person who performs or conduct the funeral ceremonies of any person who has died within the municipality shall, whenever required, furnish the Sub-Registrar or other person authorized on this behalf, such information as he possesses as to the said particulars.

9. Any person who is bound to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who fails or refuses to do so or gives false information shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

10. No prosecution for the violation of these bye-laws will be instituted without the written sanction of the President.

11. Every person applying for a certified extract from the registers of births and deaths shall pay for every such extract a fee of annas 8 and if the extracts required is of a year other than that in which the application is made, search fee of annas 4 shall be charged. Such extracts shall be certified by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Municipal Council. Extracts from the register of births, may if required by the informant, be given to him free of cost by the President or Vice-President.

Definition.

"Occupier" includes the keeper, master, matron, Superintendent or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or separate apartments are immediately held or his agent.

"Public Institution" includes a prison, lock-up, hospital, barrack, any charitable or other institution which is under the management of the public body, officer or person.

The term "Still birth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

SCHEDULE I.

Register of Births during the month of :—

1. Yearly number
2. Monthly number
3. Name if any
4. Nationality or caste
5. Born alive
6. Male
7. Female
8. Stillborn
9. Name of father
10. Occupation of father
11. Date of birth
12. Date when registered
13. Where born.....Street.....
    Door No.....Division.....
14. Informant's name and address
15. Signature or mark
16. Sub-Registrar's initials
17. Initials of the inspecting officer
18. Remarks

SCHEDULE II.

1. Yearly number
2. Monthly number
3. Name of deceased
4. Nationality or caste
5. Sex
6. Age (years, months, days)
7. Occupation
8. Cause of death
9. Date of death
10. Date when registered
11. Residence at the time of death (street, door number, Division).
12. Informant's name, signature and residence.
13. Name of burial ground or burning ground.
14. Signature of Sub-Registrar
15. Remarks

SCHEDULE III.

Report of births in the town of..... for the months of.....192 (*vide* Bye-law 5).

1. Date and hour of birth
2. Nationality or caste
3. Sex { Male / Female }
4. Born alive
5. Stillborn
6. Where born, name of street, etc.
7. Door No.
8. Father's name and occupation
9. Date on which notice is given
10. Name of informant
11. Address of informant
12. Remarks
13. Signature of informant

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

SCHEDULE IV.

Report of deaths in the town of.....month of.....192 (*vide* Bye-law 6).

1. Name and surname of the deceased
2. Occupation or calling
3. Place or residence
4. Where death occurred
5. Door number, street, etc.
6. Age, (year, months, days)
7. Sex { Male / Female }
8. Nationality or caste
9. Date of death
10. Date of Registry
11. Cause of death here if cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomiting, dirrhœa and the duration of last illness.
12. Name of informant and address
13. When registered at the Municipal office.
14. Name of the medical attendant, hakim, vaidya, who last treated the deceased.
15. Signature of informant
16. Remarks

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 hours after the occurrence of death.

M. S. SESHAGIRI RAO,
Amildar and President.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JUNE 25, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 8940—*Ml.* 56-24-296, *dated* 19*th June* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. P. Venkappaiah as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Shimoga, is approved.

No. L. 8944—*Ml.* 50-24-7, *dated* 20*th June* 1925.

In continuation of Government Notification No. L. 7702—Ml. 57-22-331, dated the 1st May 1925, re-constituting the Minor Municipal Council of Mudgere, it is hereby notified that Mr. Venkatasubbiah, Shanbhog of Mudigere, is appointed a Councillor on the said Municipal Council to fill up the vacancy.

No. L. 8931—*L. B.* 9-24-94, *dated* 19*th June* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Rules for the election of members of Village Panchayets issued with Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated 13th July 1918 and amended by Notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated 11th November 1921, Government are pleased to extend the term of the existing Village Panchayets of the Honnali Taluk up to the end of September 1925, pending their reconstitution.

No. L. 8946—*Ml.* 12-22-75, *dated* 20*th June* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of a portion of Door No. 485 and the vacant land in the IV Division, Bangalore City, declared under Government Notification No. 6443—Ml. 1-21-62, dated the 3rd May 1922 as required for widening the Avenue Road.

By Order

T. K. SOMESWARA IYER,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. O. C. 2014—24-25, dated 17th June 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation and the rules framed thereunder, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Kankanhalli Taluk are re-constituted for a period of three years from 16th June 1925 :—

Somanahalli.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. R. Venkoba Rao	1. The Patel of Somanahalli (*Ex-officio.*)
2. „ Marasettappa	2. The Head Master, Incomplete Middle School.
3. „ Chickmuniyappa	3. Mr. Cheluvayya.
4. „ Lakshminarasayya	
5. „ Veersettappa	
6. „ R. Lakshmana Rao	

Harohalli.

1. Mr. Venkatasanjeeviah	1. The Patel of Harohalli (*Ex-officio*).
2. „ Totadappa	2. The Sheikdar of do
3. „ Cheluva Rao	3. The Head Master, Complete Middle School.
4. „ Buddan Sab	4. Mr. Veeraraje Urs.
5. „ Basanna	
6. „ Abdul Rahiman Sab	

Doddamaralvadi.

1. Mr. Setra Muddamalliah	1. The Patel of Doddamaralvadi (*Ex-officio*).
2. „ Venkatananjiahsetti	2. The Head Master, Incomplete Middle School.
3. „ Sundra Iyer	3. Mr. Abdul Razak Sab.
4. „ Subramanya	
5. „ Venkataravanasetti	
6. „ Veerabhadrayya	

Chikkamarlavadi.

1. Mr. Rao Sab Rananore	1. The Patel of Chikkamaralvadi (*Ex-officio*).
2. „ Govinda Rao Sindhe	2. The School Master of the village.
3. „ Srinivasa Rao Selike	3. Kesava Rao Nalige.
4. „ Venkata Rao Sindhe	
5. „ Bapu Rao Tavar	
6. „ Ragunatha Rao Itaphe	

Chikkamuduvadi.

1. Mr. Hussain Khan Sab	1. The Patel of Chikkamuduvadi (*Ex-officio*).
2. „ Abdulrahiman Khan Sab	2. Thirumalagiriappa, Teacher.
3. „ Sangaiya	3. Mr. Syed Kasim Sab.
4. „ Marigowda	
5. „ Kalaiya	
6. „ Hamja Alli Khan	

Herandyapanahalli.

1. Mr. Narasegowda	1. The Patel of Herandyapanahalli.
2. „ Doddachari	2. The School Master, V. E. School.
3. „ Veerabhadrayya	3. Mr. Linga Boyi.
4. „ Basanna	
5. „ Seeniah	
6. „ Byra Boyi	

Kodihalli.

1. Mr. Revanna	1. The Patel of Kodihalli.
2. „ Madappa	2. The Shekdar of do
3. „ Raghavendrappa	3. The Head Master of Incomplete Middle School, Kodihalli.
4. „ C. G. Basappa Setti	4. Mr. Doddayya.
5. „ Bhoga Nanjappa	
6. „ Sheik Mohadeen Sab	

Nellahalli.

1. Mr. P. Lazers	1. The Patel of Nellahalli (*Ex-officio*).
2. „ Nanjappa	2. The Shanbhog of the village.
3. „ Puttaiya	3. Mr. Sivane Gowda
4. „ Shamanna	
5. „ Madasetti	
6. „ Chowrappa	

Doddalahalli.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Subbarayasetti	1. The Patel of Doddalahalli.
2. ,, Seenappa	2. The School Master of Primary School.
3. ,, Ramabhadrayya	3. Mr. Nanjegowda.
4. ,, Nanjappa Setti	
5. ,, Dyave Gowda	
6. ,, Narayana Setti	

Sathanur.

1. Mr. Santhappa	1. The Patel of Sathanur.
2. ,, Syed Kasim Sab	2. The Shekdar do
3. ,, Peer Ahamud *alias* Dadau Sab	3. The School Master of V. E. School, Sathanur.
4. ,, Syed Ibrahim Sab	
5. ,, Putte Gowda	
6. ,, Kapanipathaiya	

Halasoor.

1. Mr. Javari Gowda	1. The Patel of Halasoor (*Ex-officio*).
2. ,, Bhujanga Rao	2. The School Master of the V. E. School.
3. ,, Nanjundaiya	3. Mr. Range Gowda.
4. ,, Dyave Gowda	
5. ,, Muddayyana Nanjappa	
6. ,, Appaji Gowda	

Notification No. O. C. 2014—24-25, *dated* 17*th June* 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Board and Village Panchayets Regulation and the rules framed thereunder, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Bangalore Taluk are re-constituted for a period of three years from 16th June 1925 :—

Kengeri.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Shaik Mowlana Sahib.	1. Mr. Gummaiya.
2. ,, Mahamad Ibrahim Sahib.	2. ,, Lakshminarasappa.
3. ,, Lankeppa.	3. ,, Nanjappa.
4. ,, Siddappa.	
5. ,, Krishnappa.	
6. ,, Veerappa.	

Begur.

1. Mr. Lakshmana Rao.	1. Mr. Channappa *alias* Annaiyappa.
2. ,, H. Chinnappa.	2. ,, H. Muniyappa.
3. ,, K. Munisamappa.	3. ,, Obalappa.
4. ,, Gowda Annayappa.	
5. ,, Sikharappa.	
6. ,, Abdul Sattar Sahib.	

Yeswanthapur.

1. Mr. Kempaiya.	1. Mr. Dhalipathiah.
2. ,, Sidda Reddy.	2. ,, Chikka Bandeppa.
3. ,, Nanjappa Reddy.	
4. ,, Channappa.	
5. ,, Rudrappa.	

Krishnarajapur.

1. Mr. K. Thimmappa.	1. Mr. Sajjappa.
2. ,, Subbaiya Setty.	2. ,, Gopaliah.
3. ,, Srinivasa Murthy.	
4. ,, Venkataramanappa.	
5. ,, Dadu Saheb.	

Nagavara.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. N. S. Srinivasa Rao.	1. Mr. Patel Nanjundappa.
2. ,, P. Hanumanthappa.	2. ,, Davidappa.
3. ,, T. Naranappa.	
4. ,, Ramaiya.	
5. ,, N. S. Gopala Rao.	

Hebbala.

1. Mr. Mari Papanna.	1. ,, Patel Dod Nagappa.
2. ,, Muninanjappa.	2. ,, Munenna.
3. ,, Gopalaiya.	
4. ,, Haneef Khan Sahib.	
5. ,, Maistry Marappa.	

Varthur.

1. Mr. Krishna Murthi Rao.	1. Patel Abdul Hakk.
2. ,, Abdul Razak.	2. Mr. Munisamappa.
3. ,, Nanjundappa.	3. ,, Bahuddin Sahib.
4. ,, Venkatramanaiya.	
5. ,, Basanna Setty.	
6. ,, Subbaiah.	

Gunjur.

1. Mr. Thimmaiya.	1. Mr. Sulibele Muniyappa.
2. ,, Shankarappa.	2. ,, Marinanjappa.
3. ,, Siddalingappa.	3. ,, Gopaliah.
4. ,, Puttanna.	
5. ,, Ramaiya.	
6. ,, Chik Yellappa.	

Chickbanavara.

1. Mr. B. Thimappa.	1. Mr. B. Muniyappa.
2. ,, Channappa.	2. ,, Nagappa.
3. ,, K. Bussaiya.	
4. ,, P. Venkataramanappa.	
5. ,, Hanumanthachar.	

Hesarghatta.

1. Mr. Ummer Sahib.	1. Patel Siddappa.
2. ,, Hanumanthiah.	2. Mr. Thimmarayappa Shanbhog.
3. ,, Krishnappa.	3. ,, Kempe Gowda.
4. ,, Venkatappa.	
5. ,, Kengeri Muniappa.	
6. ,, Tirupathi Munivenkatappa.	

Agara.

1. Mr. Subbarayappa.	1. Mr. Lingappa.
2. ,, Seshappa.	2. ,, Ramaiah.
3. ,, Gundappa.	
4. ,, Siddappa.	
5. ,, Gangappa.	

Hagadur.

1. Mr. Suryanaraniah.	1. Patel Mallanna.
2. ,, Chikkarudrappa.	2. Mr. Venkatachaliah.
3. ,, Chokkappa.	3. ,, Sonnappa.
4. ,, N. Ramiah.	
5. ,, Byanna.	
6. ,, Jonnahalli Munisami.	

ADDENDA AND CORRIGENDA.

Notification No. Oc. 2014—24-25, *dated* 15*th June* 1925.

OBALAPUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

For "Mr. Kenchegowda" *read* "Mr. Kambegowda."

B. VENKOBA RAO,
Deputy Commissioner

KOLAR SUB-DIVISION.

Abtract Notification dated 1925.

It is hereby notified that the Jodi villages in Malur Taluk will be sold by public auction on 23rd July 1925, in the Malur Taluk Office, by the Sub-Division Officer, Kolar District on account of arrears due to Government.

For further particulars, Vive Notification dated 6th June 1925, published on page 423, Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette* dated 18th June 1925.

M. ABDUL HUKH,
Assistant Commissoner.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 17th June 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, it is hereby notified that the following Village Panchayets in the Belur Taluk will be re-constituted for a period of three years as noted hereunder witheffect from the dates, noted against each :—

Name of Village Panchayet	Names of elected members	Date of re-constitution
1. Arehalli Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Abdul Rahiman Sabib bin Abdul Alli Saib (2) „ Abdul Malik Saib bin Mahamad Diwan Saib (3) „ Mahamad Hussain Saib bin Gulam Mohabin Saib (4) „ Mahamad Salar Saib bin Mahamad Habibulla Saib (5) „ Gurupadaiya bin Rudraiya (6) „ Nanjundasetty bin Kenchasetti (7) „ Devagundachar bin Erabhadrachar	29th June 1925
2. Madaghatta Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Patel Siddegowda bin Andanigowda (2) „ Mahadimane Siddegowda bin Siddegowda (3) „ Patel Nirvanigowda bin Siddappagowda (4) „ Siddegowda bin Lingegowda (5) „ Narasimhasetti bin Narasimhasetti	
3. Karagodu Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Krishnappa bin Venkatasubbaiya (2) „ Marigowda bin Basavegowda (3) „ Sivaiya bin Rudraiya (4) „ Rudregowda bin Basavegowda (5) „ Huligowda bin Chennegowda	
4. Hanike Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Siddegowda bin Basavegowda (2) „ Giriyejjegowda bin Thimmegowda (3) „ Benakajjegowda bin Marisiddegowda (4) „ Chennabasetti bin Basetti (5) „ Siddamalla Setti bin Basetti	14th July 1925
5. Yemsandi Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Kote Gudi Nanjegowda bin Hottegowda (2) „ Dyavegowda bin Hottegowda (3) „ Dyavegowda bin Channegowda (4) „ Eregowda bin Sannegowda (5) „ Nanjannasetti bin Chennabasappasetti	
6. Bennur Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. R. Krishnappa bin Suryanaranappa (2) „ Puppegowda bin Nanjegowda (3) „ Nanjegowda bin Nanjannagowda (4) „ Siddegowda bin Veeregowda (5) „ Basavegowda bin Puppegowda	29th June 1925
7. Narnapur Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Kenchegowda bin Timmappagowda (2) „ Venkatasubbaiya bin Krishnappa (3) „ Eregowda bin Rudregowda (4) „ Chennaiya bin Kalappa (5) „ Rudrappa bin Ramannagowda	
8. Tholal Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Basetti bin Puttabasavaiya (2) „ Bhagavat Nanjegowda bin Nanjegowda (3) „ Budan Sab bin Haji Ahamad Sab	
9. Hebbalu Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Nanjaiya bin Rudraiya (2) „ Puttaiya bin Nanjaiya (3) „ Puppegowda bin Ramegowda (4) „ Eraiya bin Basavaiya (5) „ Eregowda bin Basavegowda	
10. Govisomanahalli Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Purigowda bin Veeregowda (2) „ Chennegowda bin Hutchgowda (3) „ Veeregowda bin Mallegowda (4) „ Lingachari bin Erachari (5) „ Mallegowda bin Lingaiya	
11. Halebid Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Sivarudregowda bin Kamgattegowda (2) „ Basappa bin Nanjappa (3) „ Shanbhog Puttaiya bin Subbaraya (4) „ Bastihalli Nanjegowda bin Nanjegowda (5) „ Patel Chikkannagowda bin Sivananjegowda (6) „ K. Krishnappa bin Subbanna	
12. Rajanasiriyur Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Mallappaiya (2) „ Narayanabhatta (3) „ Huligowda (4) „ Doddamallegowda (5) „ Dyavegowda (6) „ Sannamallegowda	
13. Mathighatta Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Kodikoppal Rudregowda bin Hutchegowda (2) „ Lingappanakoppal Patel Lingegowda bin Karigowda (3) „ Lingannaiya bin Kapanipathiya (4) „ Erappa bin Aremallaiya	

Name of Village Panchayet.	Names of elected members	Date of re-constitution
14. Chatchathalli Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Patel Thimmegowda bin Saganegowda (2) ,, Basavegowda bin Nanjegowda (3) ,, Javaregowda bin Marigowda (4) ,, Girigowda bin Sannegowda	29th June 1925.
15. Sannenhalli Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Huligowda bin Hutchegowda (2) ,, Madasetti bin Halagasetti (3) ,, Biregowda bin Karibiregowda (4) ,, Birajjegowda bin Biregowda (5) ,, Birajjegowda bin Karaburegowda	14th July 1925.
16. Kodihalli Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Haralegowda bin Haralegowda (2) ,, Rudrasetti bin Mallasetti (3) ,, Veerachari bin Chennachari (4) ,, Chikkegowda bin Beeregowda (5) ,, Linganaiya bin Lakshmi Narnaiya	29th June 1925.
17. Chattanahalli Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Ramegowda bin Kambegowda (2) ,, Gangegowda bin Giddegowda (3) ,, Rangegowda bin Dasegowda (4) ,, Erannaiya bin Basavaiya (5) ,, Hutchegowda bin Biregowda	14th July 1925
18. Adagur Village Panchayet.	(1) Mr. Muddasetti bin Siddappasetti (2) ,, Veerananjegowda bin Haligegowda (3) ,, Parsvanathaiya bin Dharanaiya (4) ,, Narasimhajois bin Krishnappa (5) ,, Veerannegowda bin Rudregowda	14th July 1925

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

Registered No. M —1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JULY 2, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 9134—*Ml.* 131-24-4, *dated 27th June* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from acquisition of a portion of vacant land belonging to Syed Sabdaralli Sha Khadri Makan, Albert Victor Road, Chamarajpet, Bangalore City, declared for acquisition in Government Notification No. L. 5520—Ml. 1-22-28, dated the 1st February 1923, as required for laying out a sewage pipe line from Seethapathi Agrahar, Bangalore City.

No. L. 9020—*Ml.* 1-24-37, *dated 25th June* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the undermentioned properties declared for acquisition under Government Notification No. L. 1859—Ml. 1-22-8, dated the 23rd August 1922, as required for widening Kasivisveswara Temple Street, III Division, Bangalore City.

1.	Portion of Door No.	44,	Kasivisveswara Temple Street.
2.	Do	66 and 67	do
3.	Do	68	do
4.	Do	70	do
5.	Do	71, 72, 72/1	do
6.	Do	121	do
7.	Do	253	do

No. L. 8992—*Ml.* 57-24-348, *dated 25th June* 1925.

Under Section 18A of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 (amended), Mr. V. Narasimhaiya is elected to fill up a vacancy on the Town Municipal Council of Seringapatam, caused by increasing the strength of the Council under Notification No. 4061—Ml. 57-24-24, dated the 2nd December 1924.

No. L. 9132—*Ml.* 57-24-352, *dated 27th June* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Abdul Sattar as Vice-President of the Bhadravati Municipal Council in the Shimoga District is approved.

No. L. 9136—*Ml.* 51-24-12, *dated* 27*th June* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr Malla Naik is appointed a Municipal Councillor of Honnali in the Shimoga District, in place of Mr. H. M. Rustum Ali Khan, resigned.

No. L. 9138—*Ml.* 56-24-302, *dated* 27*th June* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. A. Siddarama Setty as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Holalkere, is approved.

No. L. 9002—*Ml.* 10-24-40, *dated* 25*th June* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Mysore Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of Survey No. 83 of Islapura village, Shimoga Kasaba, declared in Government Notification No. L. 6645—Ml. 10-24-23, dated the 19th March 1925, as required for the extension of Shimoga Town.

No. L. 9050—*Ml.* 57-24-349, *dated* 26*th June* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of of 1906, and the rules framed thereunder, the Town Municipal Council of Davangere in the Chitaldrug District shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st July 1925.

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. T. M. Onkarappiah.
2. „ Yajaman Mothi Doddappa.
3. „ M. Murigappa.
4. „ H. Mahadevappa.
5. „ Pallagatte Gurusiddappa.
6. „ K. Suryanarayana Rao.
7. „ Maganahalli Channabasappa *alias* Ambasappa.
8. „ Santhaveeriah Ahani Hiremat.
9. „ D. H. Chendrasekhariah.

B. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. T. Devandrappa.
2. „ Gouse Miya Sab.
3. „ Bellari Khasim Sab.
4. „ Channagiri Narayana Chetty.
5. „ Bondade Tukkappa.
6. Vacant.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) *Ex-officio.*

1. The Assistant Commissioner, Davangere Sub-Division.
2. The Amildar, Davangere Taluk.
3. The Medical Officer, Davangere.

No. L. 9066—*Ml.* 57-24-351, *dated* 26*th June* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the rules framed thereunder, the Minor Municipal Council of Hosdurga in the Chitaldrug District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st July 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. A. Rangappa.
2. „ J. Srinivasachar.
3. Mr. Sankri Thimmaiya
4. „ Chickmudappa.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. Padma Setty.
2. „ D. Ramanna.
3. „ Chowdri Gows Sab.
4. Mr. Sanna Rudrappa.
5. „ Phaniachar

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) *Ex-officio.*

1. The Amildar of the Hosdurga Taluk.
2. The Medical Officer, Hosdurga.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department, Hosdurga.

No. L. 8996—*Ml.* 56-24-298, *dated* 25*th June* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. H. Hucha Rao as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Koppa is approved.

No. L. 8994—*Ml.* 49-24-12, *dated 25th June* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. Somegowda is nted a Municipal Councillor of the Banavar Municipal Council, in place of Mr. Ajjappa, sed.

No. L. 9000—*Ml.* 7-24-15, *dated 25th June* 1925.

It is hereby notified that the acquisition of Survey No. 2 of the Kalkuni village, Malvall , declared in Notification No. R. 8737—L. R. 20-13-54, dated 6th April 1915, as ed for extending the village site, is withdrawn as it is now reported that the land is not ed for the purpose.

No. L. 9075—*L. B.* 131-21-4, *dated 26th June* 1925.

Under Rule 7 of the Rules issued under Section 37 (*a*) of the Mysore Local Boards and e Panchayets Regulation published with Government Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. -1, dated the 18th December 1918, it is hereby notified that the following two gentle- have been elected as Members of the Kadur District Board :—

1. Mr Meega Honniah Heggade, elected by the Taluk Board of Koppa *vice* Mr. H. D. Narasimha Sastry, deceased.
2. Mr. S. H. Dennis, elected by the North Mysore Planters' Association *vice* Mr. W. H. Reed, resigned.

No. L. 8988—*L. B.* 9-24-103, *dated 25th June* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules, 1918, framed under Section 62 Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, the term of the following e Panchayets in the Kunigal Taluk is extended up to the end of July 1925 :—

1. Gunnagare.
2. Yeliyur.
3. Huliyurdurga.
4. Nidasale.
5. Ujjani.
6. Nagasandra.
7. Amrathur.

No. L. 8990—*L. B.* 9-24-99, *dated 25th June* 1925.

Under Rule 3 of the Rules issued under Section 37 (*a*) of the Mysore Local Boards and e Panchayets Regulation, 1918, and published with Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. -1, dated 18th December 1918, Government are pleased to extend the term of the ng members of the Taluk Board of Honnali in the Shimoga District, till the end of mber 1925, pending the reconstitution of the Board.

No. L. 8998—*L. B.* 9-21-100, *dated 25th June* 1925.

Under Rule 3 of the Rules for the constitution of Taluk Boards issued with Notification 7559—L. B. 54-18-1, dated 18th December 1918, the Government of His Highness the raja of Mysore are pleased to extend the term of the existing Taluk Board of Nagar Shimoga District, till the end of September 1925, for completing electing proceedings.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 20th June 1925.

nder the rules framed under the Local Board and Village Panchayet Regulation, Pape Gowda and Rama Rao are elected as members of Budikote Village Panchayet, ngpet Taluk.

Noification dated 20th June 1925.

he Village Panchayet of Mudgere, Goribidnur Taluk, is reconstituted as follows :—

ELECTED MEMBERS.

1. Mr. Upadri Padmarajappa bin Hariyappa.
2. „ Byrehalli Gangappa bin Karethimmappa.
3. „ Illur Mallayya bin Channamallaiya.
4. „ Upparahalli Thimmappa bin Chikka Nanjundappa.
5. „ Shanbhog Channarayappa bin Ramachandrappa.
6. „ Nyakara Nadipenna bin Ramanna.

NOMINATED MEMBERS.

7. Mr. Patel Gangappa bin Venkategowda.
8. „ Jeeregepete Patel Gangappa bin Rame Gowda.
9. „ Gundu Rao bin Kesava Rao.

Notification dated 20th June 1925.

The Village Panchayet of Hosur, Goribidnur Taluk, is reconstituted as follows:—

ELECTED MEMBERS.

1. Mr. Venkatasubbaiya bin Venkatanarayana Sastri.
2. „ Koppalu Venkatasubbiah bin Seshaiyya.
3. „ Dasarasubbaiya bin Venkataravana.
4. „ S. Papayya bin Nanjundappa.
5. „ Abdulla bin Budan Sab.
6. „ Hasthanthara Hudugoorappa bin Chikkanna.

NOMINATED MEMBERS.

7. Mr. Patel Venkatasubbaiya bin Subbanna.
8. „ Shanbhog Appaiya bin Venkatappa.
9. „ Anche Srinivasiya bin Venkatappa.

C. RAMACHENDRA RAO,
For *Deputy Commissione*

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 20th June 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regula the Chowdavalli Village Panchayet in the Hassan Taluk is reconstituted as det below for a term of three years with effect from this date:—

ELECTED MEMBERS.

1. Mr. Mariyanna bin Vinasappa.
2. „ Alfas Mariyappa bin Andappa.
3. „ Hutchegowda bin Kalegowda.
4. „ Magappagowda bin Kenchegowda.
5. „ Kireetappa bin Anthappa.

NOMINATED MEMBERS.

1. Mr. Siddegowda bin Thammannagowda, Patel, Settihalli.
2. The Shanbhog of the village.

Notification dated 20th June 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Re tion, the Settihalli Village Panchayet in the Hassan Taluk is reconstituted as follows term of three years from this date:—

ELECTED MEMBERS.

1. Mr. Kelappa bin Mariyappa.
2. „ Upadesi Muttanna.
3. „ Puttegowda bin Guruvegowda.
4. „ Puttegowda bin Appannagowda.
5. „ Esuffmiya Sahib bin Patehmiya Sahib.

NOMINATED MEMBERS.

1. Mr. Siddegowda bin Thammannagowda, Patel, Settihalli.
2. The Shanbhog of the village.

R. NANASWAMI RA
Deputy Commisne

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Dated 20th June 1925.

Notice is hereby given that sealed tenders will be received at the Office of the President, City Municipal Council, Mysore, up to the 15th July 1925 for constructing Vani Vilasa Market at Mysore. An approximate estimate of quantities is given below. These quantities are not guaranteed. The work should be completed by the end of March 1926.

2. The plans, detailed estimate and conditions may be seen at the President's Office at the New Municipal Office buildings between the hours of 11 A.M. and 5 P.M.

3. The tenders should be accompanied by a statement in the form given below, showing the rates at which the different items specified will be executed:—

Description of work	Unit of work	Rate per unit

4. Each tender must be accompanied by a deposit of rupees three hundred in cash or Government Promissory Notes, as earnest money, and be superscribed "Tender for constructing Vani Vilasa Market at Mysore," in default of which, tenders will be rejected.

5. The final acceptance of any tender will rest with the President, who does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any tender or to assign any reason whatever for the rejection of any tender.

6. Within eight days of the acceptance of the tender, the successful competitor will be required to execute the usual contract bond, in default of which, his tender will be considered cancelled, and his earnest money will be forfeited.

7. The name of the successful competitor, whose tender has been accepted, will be posted on the Notice Board in the President's Office in due course. No enquiries regarding the acceptance or rejection of a tender will receive any reply.

8. On acceptance of one of the tenders, the earnest money on rejected tenders will be returned.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Abstract estimate of quantities for constructing Vani Vilas Market at Mysore.

Serial No.	Items of work	Per	Construction of Police Station and shops in the centre with 1st floor				Shops facing Vani Vilasa road		Compound wall	
			Ground floor		First floor					
			Rate	Quantity	Rate	Quantity	Rate	Quantity	Rate	Quantity
			Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	
1	Earthwork excavation and filling in basement	C.yd.	0 5 0	171	....	..	0 5 0	509	0 5 0	57
2	Chunam mortar concrete foundation	C.ft.	0 3 9	1,095	....	..	0 3 9	3.528	0 3 9	510
3	Burnt brick in mortar foundation and basement	,,	0 4 3	4,596	....	..	0 4 3	9,846	0 4 3	765
4	Burnt brick in mortar superstructure	,,	0 4 6	7,662	0 5 0	6,615	0 4 6	16,860	....	..
5	Do arch work semicircular and segmental	,,	0 7 0	2·65	0 8 0	263	0 7 0	64	....	..
6	Teakwood door with panelled shutters of 1½″ thick with bolts, hinges, etc., complete.	S.ft.	1 12 0	251	1 14 0	81	1 12 0	1,920	....	..
7	Teakwood windows with double shutters glazed inside and panelled outside with iron bars hinges, etc., complete.	,,	2 12 0	27	3 0 0	261	....	..	....	..
8	Teakwood ventilators with iron bars and expanded metal frame shutters ..	,,	1 8 0	9	....	..	1 8 0	302	....	..
9	Teakwood frame with expanded metal with necessary fittings, etc., complete for verandah.	,,	1 8 0	27	1 8 0	54	....	....	....	..
10	Teakwood work wrought and put up	C.ft.	5 0 0	21·18	5 0 0	28·74	5 0 0	214·75	....	..
11	Pucka terrace without flat tiles, etc., complete	Sqr.	35 0 0	2·10	....	..	....	..	....	..
12	Do with flat tiles, etc., complete	,,	....	..	40 0 0	2·57	40 0 0	13·38	....	..
*13	Steel joists including hoisting, painting, etc., complete	Cwt.	12 8 0	75·57	13 0 0	64·93	12 8 0	315·7	....	..
14	Jack arch terracing without flat tiles, etc., complete	Sqr.	45 0 0	12·37	....	..	....	..	..	..
15	Do with two courses of flat tiles	,,	....	..	55 0 0	12·98	50 0 0	52·18	....	..
16	Chunam mortar plastering	,,	3 8 0	96·90	3 12 0	95·60	3 8 0	261·70	3 8 0	30·60
17	White and colour washing two coats	,,	0 6 0	96·90	0 8 0	95·60	0 6 0	261·70	0 6 0	30·60
18	Cornice 12″ projection complete	R.ft.	1 2 0	150	....	..	....	..	....	..
19	Cornice or mouldings to base and capitals of pillars as per design	Each	2 8 0	8	3 0 0	10	....	..	....	..
20	Stone brackets with cornice slabs as per design including fixing dressing, etc., complete.	,,	15 0 0	8	15 0 0	6	102 0 0	4	....	..
21	Moulding to bases of octagonal portion as per design	,,	2 8 0	6	....	..	....	..	....	..
22	Flooring with Cuddapah slabs on 3″ concrete bed and cement pointing complete.	Sqr.	32 0 0	10·44	....	..	32 0 0	26·82	....	..
23	Painting with silicate two coats	,,	4 0 0	6·54	4 0 0	20·30	4 0 0	49·63	....	..
24	Burnt stone slabs 5″ to 6″ thick one line dressed and fixed	S.ft.	0 10 0	149	0 12 0	271	0 10 0	1,026	....	..
25	Cuddapah slabs underneath steel joints	Sqr.	28 0 0	2·02	28 0 0	2·55	28 0 0	8·82	....	..
26	Burnt stone slabs two lines dressed and fixed (4″ to 6″ thick)	S.ft	0 15 0	174	....	..	0 15 0	860	....	..
27	Boxing steel joists over door frames with necessary terrace bricks, cement concrete and plastering with bolts, nuts complete	C.ft	1 8 0	40½	1 8 0	30	1 8 0	234	....	..
28	Wood oiling two coats	Sqr.	2 8 0	79	2 8 0	2·52	2 8 0	9·45	....	..

			Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	
29	Balconey in front of doors with two line dressed and chamfered edged stone pillars with base and capitals, etc., complete lovey on top and ornamental work, etc., complete.	Each	100 0 0	2	....	..	....	—	..	..
30	Teakwood stair case with railing, etc., complete	L. S.	250 0 0	—	....	..	....	..	—	..
31	Zinc rain water spouts	R.ft.	1 0 0	300	....	..	....	..	..	..
32	Teakwood circular glazed ventilator	S.ft.	....	..	3 8 0	13	....	—	..	..
33	Cuddapah slabs lovey cornice with stone brackets and plastered over, etc., complete	R.ft.	....	..	3 0 0	297	2 8 0	511	..	..
34	Parapet wall with kottethena including pedestal (as per plan)	"	....	..	3 0 0	280	2 8 0	484	..	..
35	Finials with pedastal and flat lovey, etc., complete	Each	....	..	15 0 0	14	10 0 0	32	..	..
36	Flooring with Mangalore square tiles on a bed of mortar and cement pointing complete.	Sqr.	....	..	33 0 0	12·77	..	..	..	..
37	Panelling between brackets as per design	R.ft.	....	..	0 8 0	150	....	..	..	..
38	Teakwood railing including wood oiling	"	....	..	3 8 0	33	....	..	..	..
39	Chunam mortar balconey with necessary masonry in front of windows (as per plan.)	Each	....	..	50 0 0	2	....	..	..	..
40	Ornamental parapet wall with pedestal caps, etc., complete (2½″ high as per design.)	R.ft.	....	..	....	..	2 8 0	179	..	..
41	Stone pillars 9′ x 1′ x 1′ finely dressed edges champered with base and capital complete.	Each	....	..	....	..	40 0 0	10	..	..
42	Do half pillar	"	....	..	....	..	25 0 0	7	..	..
43	Cornice 9″ projection complete	R.ft.	....	..	....	..	0 12 0	180	..	..
44	Teakwoad ornamental eave board as per design	"	....	..	....	..	0 10 0	179	..	..
45	Gravel flooring including consolidation	Sqr.	....	..	....	..	1 4 0	16·10	..	..
46	Burnt brick in mud (basement and superstructure)	C.ft.	....	..	....	..	....	.	0 3 6	1,291
47	Coping do	R.ft.	....	..	....	..	....	..	0 6 0	260
48	Deviation of drain and re-building revetment wherever necessary	L.S.	..	..	....	..	....	..	60 0 0	..
49	Burnt brick in mortar flat arch work	C.ft.	....	..	0 7 0	139	....	..	..	..

*Either Tata's or of British make of B. S. Section.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Octroi bye-laws framed by the Municipal Council of Holalkere under section 48(k) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

Sanctioned in G. O. No. L. 2714-5—Ml. 69-22-114, dated 26th September 1924.

1 *Section* 48(*k*) *levy and collection of Octroi duties.*—The octroi limits for the purposes of collecting the tax shall be the Municipal limits of Holalkere Town.

2. Articles liable to octroi and brought within the Municipal limits shall be produced on arrival at the Municipal Office.

3. Such goods shall be liable to inspection at the Municipal Office, when so brought. Every person bringing dutiable goods within the limits shall report the fact to the octroi mutsaddi or the Vice-President at the Municipal Office. All officers of the Municipality not below the rank of mutsaddi are authorised to inspect the contents of any conveyance or package.

4. A table showing the octroi leviable shall be open to the inspection of any person at the Municipal Office and copies shall be supplied without charge to any person requiring the same, such table shall also be affixed in a conspicuous place at every office at which octroi is collected.

5. The following table shows the description of articles liable to octroi together with rates.

Name of Article	Rate	Remarks
	Rs. a. p.	
(1) Piece goods and other textile fabrics and manufactured articles of clothing and dress.	1 9 0 per cent	*Advalorem.*
(2) Tobacco	1 0 0 per maund	
(3) Kerosene oil	0 2 0 per tin	
(4) Sugar	0 4 0 per maund	
(5) Jaggory	0 2 0 do	
(6) Betel leaves	0 0 1 per hundred leaves.	
(7) Dry cocoanuts	0 8 0 per maund	
(8) Fresh cocoanuts	0 0 1 per cocoanut	

When the goods are brought to the Municipal Office they may be unloaded weighed or counted by the Vice-President. The importer shall produce the invoice of such goods in duplicate in the case of piece goods. Upon ascertainment of the octroi amount payable on the goods. The importer shall either pay the amount due and receive a permit for the removal of such goods or shall deposit the same in the Municipal Office. When the duty is paid as above, a permit shall be made in duplicate and a copy shall be granted by the octroi mutsaddi for the removable of goods showing the quantity of goods, the amount paid in respect of these and the date of payment. The fact of the receipt shall also be noted on each copy of the duplicate pass. The invoice in original shall be returned to the importer after the amount of duty collected has been noted thereon and the duplicate in like manner, bearing such entry shall be filed in the Municipal Office.

Exemptions.—Personal luggage of travellers not exceeding two clothes each; articles brought into the town for private use in small quantities as detailed below and articles bona-fide property of Government at the time of import and accompanied by the invoice certified by the departmental head concerned, that the property therein mentioned belongs to Government are exempted from payment of octroi duty.

Cocoanuts		6
Dry cocoanuts		6
Betel leaves		200
Jaggory	seers	5
Sugar	seers	2½
Kerosene oil	seers	2½ or one bottle
Tobacco	seer	1

Octroi House.

6. The Municipal Office shall be open for transaction of business from 7 to 10 A.M., and 12 to 5 P.M., daily except on Sundays and other authorised holidays.

7. Any importer depositing goods in the Municipal Office shall unless the officer in charge of Municipal Office has previously by weighing, counting or appraising ascertained the amount of octroi payable thereon, give a declaration of the description weight, quantity, and if necessary the value of such goods.

8. A receipt shall be given by the officer in charge of the Municipal Office for all goods deposited in the Municipal Office and a register of all such goods shall be maintained.

9. Any person who has deposited goods in the octroi house may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the Municipal Office or may, on paying full duty thereon, import such goods into the town covered by a permit or may export such goods free, covered by an export pass, provided that the new packages covered by such pass shall, if possible, and before they are taken from the octroi house, be stamped by the officer in charge, so as to show that they are under bond. The export pass shall be in duplicate, the original being retained by the officer in-charge of the Municipal Office, and the duplicate delivered to the exporter.

10. No goods shall be allowed to leave the Municipal Office under free export pass, until storage fees have been paid thereon under the following rules:—

(*i*) Goods shall be allowed to remain free of charge for one day only (24 hours).

(*ii*) After the above period, single rates as in the following schedule shall be charged for seven days.

Schedule.	*Rates.* Rs.	a.	p.	
Piece goods, etc., per bale of Rs. 400 or over, or per case of six dozens or over, or of value exceeding Rs. 100.	0	2	0	a week or a portion thereof.
Piece goods per bale of less than Rs. 400 or per case of less than 6 dozens or of a value of Rs. 100 or less.	0	1	0	a week or a portion thereof.
Tobacco 1 maund or fraction thereof ...	0	1	0	do
Kerosene oil 1 tin or fraction	0	0	1	do
Sugar 1 maund do	0	0	3	do
Jaggory Do do	0	0	3	do
Betel leaves, 100 or less	0	0	1	do
Dry cocoanuts, 1 maund or a fraction	0	0	3	do
Fresh cocoanuts, 100 or less	0	1	0	do

(*iii*) Double rates shall be charged after 30 days, provided that the President may in his discretion allow a reduction in or exemption from such penal rates when the levy of such rates many appear a real hardship.

(*iv*) The date of admission and removal of goods shall reckon as one day's and Sundays and close holidays shall not be taken into account in reckoning the date from which fees under each class shall be payable. When the delay is caused by the inability of the officer in charge of the Municipal Office to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

11. All goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than one year shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the octroi house, provided that before selling such goods notice of the facts shall be posted for seven days at the Municipal Office.

12. The Municipal Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to goods deposited in the Municipal Office, while such goods are being passed into or out of Municipal Office or while they remain, unless such damage is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

Refunds.

13. On all articles on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported beyond octroi limits, refunds shall, subject to the following rules, be granted on the rates originally charged at the time of import.

Provided that no such refund shall be granted unless such goods are exported within one month from the date on which octroi was levied.

Provided also that no refund shall be granted of any sum less than one rupee.

14. Any person claiming refund under the above rule shall produce the goods to be exported at the Municipal Office together with the original receipt for octroi duty paid thereon and an application for refund prepared in duplicate in such form and showing such particulars, as the President may from time to time prescribe (refund shall not be withheld solely on the ground that the person producing the receipt is not the person to whom such receipt was granted in the first instance).

15. The President or the Vice-President on being staisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipts have been granted, shall endorse the two parts of the application with an export pass and keeping one copy of it in the office, shall deliver the other to the applicant.

16. All goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under free export pass under para 9 shall be produced by the exporter together with the duplicate pass at the Municipal Office of exit.

17. In all cases in which refund is claimed, the duplicate pass duly endorsed as provided in para 9 must be produced at the Municipal Office by the person seeking the refund and, if after due check, the officer in charge of the Municipal Office is satisfied that a refund of octroi covered by such pass is duly payable, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President.

Penalties.

18. Any person who, with intention to defraud, introduces or conceals any dutiable articles or abets the same, shall be liable to pay not exceeding ten times the octroi duty leviable on such articles and they will be seized and sold if the fine is not paid sooner.

Any person who infringes bye-law 3 shall be liable to pay fine not exceeding Rs.50 as may be fixed by the President. The fine, if not paid, shall be leviable by distress and sale of the defaulter's movable property.

C. KRISHNA RAO,
President.

CHITALDRUG TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 23rd June 1925.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Chitaldrug Town Municipality that the Municipal Council desire to modify as follows the Schedule of taxes on motor cars and motor buses.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the modifications may, within one month from the date of this notice, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

SCHEDULE OF TAXES A.

Serial No.	Name of tax	Class of property liable	amount for which classes liable, etc,	Preseent	Proposed	Exemption	Time at which taxes are payable every
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
III	Taxes on vehicles and animals kept for use within the Municipal limits.	All animals and vehicles kept for use within the Municipal limits and described in the next column.	5. Motor car each 6. Motor bus, each	3 0 0 ..	8 0 0 12 0 0	Same as heretofore.	In two equal instalments in advance in July and January year.

S. VENKATARANGAM,
President.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 8964—L. B. 127-24-8 dated 23rd June 1925.

With reference to Rule 1 (i) of the Rules framed under section 37 (a) of the Mysore Local Boards and village Panchayet Regulation and published with Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. 54-18-1, dated the 18th December 1918 and in modification of Notification No .9245—L. B. 68-18-1, dated the 24th January 1919, the privilege of electing a Member to the Arsikere Taluk Board conferred on the Banavar Village Panchayet since converted into a Minor Municipal Council shall be exercised by the Kuruvanka Village Panchayet from the date of the next reconstitution of the Taluk Board.

No. L. 9201—Ml. 57-24-353, dated 29th June 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, it is hereby notified that the term of Srinivaspur Municipal Council, which expires on 1st July 1925 as per Notification No. L. 1507—Ml. 59-21-26, dated 11th August 1922, is extended up to the end of July 1925, pending its reconstitution.

No. L. 9199—L. B. 127-24-9, dated 27th June 1925.

Under Rule 3 of the Rules under the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, issued with Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. 54-18-1, dated 18th December 1918, Government are pleased to extend the term of the existing Taluk Boards in the Chitaldrug District till the end of September 1925, pending completion of election proceedings.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 9212—*L. B.* 9-24-110, *dated* 30*th June* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules issued under Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated 13th July 1918 as amended by Notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated 11th November 1921, the term of the existing Village Panchayets in the Arsikere Taluk is extended up to the end of August 1925, pending their reconstitution.

No. L. 9214—*Ml.* 51-24-13, *dated* 30*th June* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. G. Krishnappa, Contractor is appointed a Municipal Councillor of the Shikarpur Town Municipal Council in place of Mr. Hanumanthappa, who vacated his seat under Section 15 clause (2) (*c*) of the Municipal Regulation.

No. L. 9208—*L. B.* 9-24-109, *dated* 30*th June* 1925.

Under Rule 3 of the Local Boards Rules issued under Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. 54-18-1, dated 18th December 1918, the term of the existing Taluk Board of Arsikere is extended up to the end of August 1925, pending its reconstitution.

No. L. 9216—*Ml.* 57-24-354, *dated* 30*th June* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the rules framed thereunder, the Minor Municipal Council of Mayakonda in the Chitaldrug District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years from 1st July 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. S. Basappa *bin* Chikkappa
2. ,, H. Rudrappa *bin* Thippanna
3. ,, H. Sivarudrappa *bin* Rudrappa

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. Mandi Veerappa *bin* Channabasappa
2. ,, Uppara Sivappa *bin* Hanumappa
3. ,, Kariappa *bin* Badappa
4. ,, Dore Mahomed Usman *bin* Usman Sab.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) *Ex-officio.*

1. The Amildar, Davangere Taluk
2. The Sub-Division Officer, Public Works Department, Davangere.

No. L. 9226—Ml. 57-24-356, dated 30th June 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the rules framed thereunder, the Town Municipal Council of Sagar in the Shimoga District shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st July 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1), *(a) Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. Rattihalli Ramappa
2. ,, Mahomed Hasham Sab
3. ,, Rattihalli Puttappa
4. ,, H. Seshagiri Rao., B.A., LL.B.
5. ,, Nagarada Manjappa
6. ,, Duggavi Veerappa
7. ,, Gajjanur Chennappa Setti
8. ,, Bapet Lakshmana Rao

B. Section 10 (1), *(b) (i) Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. Khaji Syed Miskinsha Idrus
2. ,, Bavasar Basavanyappa
3. ,, Jadikuni Gutthyanna
4. ,, Entru Dhalyan

C. Section 10 (1), *(b), (ii) Ex-officio.*

1. The Assistant Commissioner in charge of Sagar Sub-Division, President
2. The Amildar, Sagar Taluk
3. The Medical Officer in charge of Local Fund Dispensary, Sagar
4. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department, Sagar Taluk.

No. L. 9237—L. B. 9-24-112, dated 30th June 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Rules for the election of members of Village Panchayets issued with Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated 13th July 1918 and amended by Notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated 11th November 1921 the term of the existing Village Panchayets of the undermentioned villages in the Tirthahalli Taluk in the Shimoga District is extended till the end of September 1925, pending their reconstitution.

Tallur	Arga-Aglabagilu
Megaravalli	Lingapura
Humchadakatte	

No. L. 54—Ml. 57-24-358, dated 3rd July 1925.

In modification of para 1 of Government Notification No. 54—Ml. 170-17-14, dated the 1st July 1918 and under Sections 10 and 11 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 as amended by Regulation 1918, it is hereby declared that the Municipal Council of Koppa in the Kadur District shall consist of twelve Councillors of whom four shall be elected and eight nominated inclusive of the following appointed *ex-officio* :—

1. The Amildar, Koppa Taluk.
2. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department for the Koppa Taluk.
3. The Senior Medical Officer at Koppa.
4. The Sub-Registrar, Koppa Taluk.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. O. C. 2014—24-25, dated 1st July 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 and of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules framed thereunder, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Anekal Taluk are reconstituted for a period of three years from the dates noted against each :—

HARAGADDE, 28TH AUGUST 1925.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Krishnappa	1. Patel
2. ,, Annayyappa	2. Shanbhog Subbaiya
3. ,, Doddasampannappa	
4. ,, C. Kariappa	
5. ,, Ketappa	

MAYASANDRA, 3RD JULY 1925.

1. Mr. Ramachandra Setty	1. Patel
2. ,, Dhalappa	2. Mr. Muniappa
3. ,, Nanjundappa	
4. ,, Venkatappa	
5. ,, Muniappa	

THINDLU, 28TH AUGUST 1925.

1. Mr. Kempegowdana Munisamy	1. Mr. Thayappa
2. ,, Nanjundappa	2. Patel
3. ,, Chikkabbiah	

NERIGA, 28TH AUGUST 1925.

1. Mr. Mariappa	1. Mr. Divakariah
2. ,, Muniappa	2. Patel
3. ,, P. N. Subbiah	

Notification No. O. C. 2014—24-25, *dated 3rd July* 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Board and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules framed thereunder, the Village Panchayets of Bidarguppe, Handenahalli and Kudlu in the Anekal Taluk are reconstituted for a period of three years from 3rd July 1925 as noted below :—

BIDARAGUPPE.

Elected.	*Nominated.*
Mr. Venkatappa	Mr. Muniappa
,, Venkatappa	,, Thavakal Sab Patel, *Ex-officio*
,, Balappa	
,, Chikka Maddoorappa	
,, Bachappa	
,, Soorappa	

HANDENAHALLI.

Mr. Chikka Ramiah	Mr. Nanjundappa, Patel, *Ex-officio*
,, Thippachari	
,, Palyada Munisami	
,, Thimmarayappa	
,, D. M. Subba Rao	

KUDLU.

Mr. Chikkanarasimiah	Patel, *Ex-officio*
,, Chikka Venkatappa	Mr. Venkatachaliengar
,, Thimmiah	

P. H. KRISNHA RAO,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 29th June 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, the following Village Panchayets in the Hole-Narsipur Taluk will be reconstituted as noted hereunder for a period of three years with effect from 1st July 1925 :—

		Elected Members.
1. Kannambadi Village Panchayet	(1)	Mr. Subba Rao *bin* Lingappaiya.
	(2)	,, Subba Rao *alias* Gundappa *bin* Subba Rao.
	(3)	,, Putte Gowda *bin* Mallegowda.
	(4)	,, Kempegowda *bin* Dyavegowda.
2. Tatanahalli Village Panchayet	(1)	,, Thimmasetti *bin* Annaiyasetti.
	(2)	,, Chikkannaiya *bin* Boregowda.
	(3)	,, Chennaveerachari *bin* Halagachari.
	(4)	,, Boraiya *bin* Kalegowda.
3. Doddabyagathavalli Village Panchayet.	(1)	,, Seshappa *bin* Javarayappa.
	(2)	,, Srinivasaiengar *bin* Krishnappa.
	(3)	,, Hutchegowda *bin* Kalegowda.
	(4)	,, Sannegowda *bin* Thammannagowda.

Note.—Nominated members will be separtely published.

Notification dated 29th June 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Board and Village Panchayets Regulation, the following gentlemen are nominated as members of the Village Panchayets noted against each during the term of the next reconstitution of the said Village Panchayets with effect from 1st July 1925.

Belagode Village Panchayet.—

(1) Mr. Earegowda, Patel.
(2) Shekdar, Belagode hobli.

Yeslur Village Panchayet.—

(1) The Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Yeslur.
(2) The Shekdar, Yeslur hobli.
(3) Mr. Shantamallegowda, Patel.
(4) D. P. W. Sub-Overseer, Yeslur.

Notification dated 29th June 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the following gentlemen are nominated as members of the several Village Panchayets noted against each in the Arkalgud Taluk during the term of their reconstitution from 1st July 1925.

1. Kerlapur Village Panchayet.—
   (1) Mr. Mallikarjunaiya, son of Nanjanna, Landholder, Kerlapur.
   (2) ,, S. Ramaswamaiengar, son of Srinivasaiengar, Landholder, Kerlapur.
   (3) ,, K. Ramaiengar, son of Krishnaiengar, Landholder, Kerlapur.
2. Basavapatna Village Panchayet.—
   (1) Mr. Vishakantegowda, son of Nanjundegowda, Patel, Basavapatna.
   (2) ,, Thammaiya, son of Nanjundiah, Landholder.
   (3) ,, K. Mallasetti, son of Mallasetti, Landholder.
   (4) ,, S. Narasimhaiya, son Sitharamaiya, Stamp Vendor.
3. Ramanathpur Village Panchayet.—
   (1) Mr. Appajaiya, son of Earanna, Patel, Ramanathpur.
   (2) ,, Ramegowda, son of Ramalingegowda, Siddanahalli.
   (3) ,, Shamachar, son of Narasimhachar, Land holder, Ramanathpur.
4. Gangur Village Panchayet.—
   (1) Mr. Mallaraj Urs, son of Lingaraj Urs, Patel.
   (2) ,, Ramaswamiah, son of Kasiah, Shanbhog.
   (3) ,, Chennappa, son of Kalegowda, Landholder.
5. Rudrapatna Village Panchayet.—
   (1) Mr. Marur Shamaiya, son of Shamavadhani, Landholder.
   (2) ,, Srikantaiya *bin* Cheluvaiya.
   (3) ,, Thimegowda *bin* Govindegowda, Patel.
   (4) ,, Yalakkigowda *bin* Thammannagowda.
6. Doddamagge Village Panchayet.—
   (1) Mr. Hanumegowda, son of Hanumegowda, Patel.
   (2) ,, Venkatanaranappa *bin* Keshaviaya, Shanbhog.
7. Marur Village Panchayet.—
   (1) Mr. Shantaraj Urs *bin* Mallaraj Urs, Patel.
   (2) ,, Besur Mariyaiya *bin* Cennabasavaiya, Landholder.
   (3) ,, Ningasetti *bin* Ningasetti.
8. Hulikal Village Panchayet.—
   (1) Mr. Puttegowda *bin* Narasegowda, Patel.
   (2) ,, D. Dasappa *bin* Naranappa, Shanbhog.
   (3) ,, R. Sampathaiengar *bin* Ranga Iyengar, Landholder.
9. Mallipatna Village Panchayet.—
   (1) Mr. Mallegowda *bin* Eregowda, Patel.
   (2) ,, Kapanipathaiya *bin* Devaraiya, Shanbhog.

Notification dated 29th June 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, the following Village Panchayets in the Arsikere Taluk are reconstituted as noted against each for a term of three years with effect from 2nd July 1925 :—

ELECTED MEMBERS.

1. Abbanaghatta Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Mayannagowda, son of Chikkegowda
   2. ,, Lingaiya, son of Siddaiya
   3. ,, Nanjegowda, son of Basavegowda
   4. ,, Ningegowda, son of Ningegowda
   5. ,, Lakkegowda, son of Sannegowda
2. Thalalur Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. T. Krishnappa, son of Rangaiya
   2. ,, Marulappa, son of Siddalingappa
   3. ,, Puttappa, son of Channabasavegowda
   4. ,, Sannahanumappa, son of Thimma
   5. ,, Kallaiah, son of Ranga
3. Arkere Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Gangegowda, son of Ramegowda
   2. ,, Mallegowda, son of Muddanna
   3. ,, Vasudevaiah, son of Narasimhaiya
   4. ,, Subbaraya, son of Ramanna
   5. ,, Kodaiya, son of Mudiyappa

ELECTED MEMBERS—*contd.*

4. Javagal Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Sakkarappa, son of Anthappa
   2. ,, Nanjunda Setti, son of Nanjappa Setti
   3. ,, Lakkegowda, son of Kalegowda
   4. ,, Siddachari, son of Siddachari
   5. ,, Thimmaiya, son of Thimmappa
   6. ,, Halaga Setti, son of Eranna Setti
5. Bandur Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Ningegowda, son of Jogigowda
   2. ,, Shettigowda, son of Chikkanna
   3. ,, Sannananjappa, son of Parvategowda
   4. ,, Lakkegowda, son of Ningegowda
   5. ,, Thimmegowda, son of Dasegowda
6. Halakur Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Siddarama Setti, son of Rudra Setti
   2. ,, Siddegowda, son of Siddaramegowda
   3. ,, Godachappa Setti, son of Siddanabasetti
   4. ,, Rudra Setti, son of Erappa Setti
   5. ,, Ummar Sab, son of Mahamed Sab
   6. ,, Ningoji Rao, son of Mallariya
7. Chik Halkur Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Siddegowda, son of Rangegowda
   2. ,, Ranga Setti, son of Lakkana Siddanna
   3. ,, Imam Khan, son of Mataf Khan
   4. ,, Ranganna, son of Kallakka
   5. ,, Kencha Setti, son of Andani Setti
8. Hirisadarahalli Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Puttaramegowda, son of Halladaramegowda
   2. ,, Haralegowda, son of Sannaramegowda
   3. ,, Sidda Setti, son of Kariyanna
   4. ,, Marlegowda, son of Marulegowda
   5. ,, Basappa, son of Channabasappa
9. Narsipur Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Rangegowda, son of Chikka Rangegowda
   2. ,, Malegowda, son of Rangegowda
   3. ,, Guddegowda, son of Dubba Rangegowda
   4. ,, Rangegowda, son of Rangegowda
   5. ,, Doddi Ninganna, son of Nagegowda
10. Kanakatte Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Narasimhaiya, son of Bhanappa
   2. ,, Kande Rao, son of Ramanna
   3. ,, Kenchanna, son of Karachamma
   4. ,, Thimmegowda, son of Thimmanna
   5. Imam Sab, son of Surja Khan
11. Gandasi Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Thimmappaiya, son of Ananthaiya
   2. ,, Erappa, son of Doddadyama
   3. ,, Puttaveera Setti, son of Chennaveera Setti
   4. ,, Dyavanna, son of Dyavanna
   5. ,, Deshettigowda, son of Eregowda
   6. ,, Dada Sab, son of Hussain Sab
12. Chagachagere Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Kelaginamane Honnegowda, son of Shettigowda
   2. ,, Gudihindala Honnegowda, son of Shettigowda
   3. ,, Rangegowda, son of Chikkagirigowda
   4. ,, Ranga Setti, son of Ranga Setti
   5. ,, Dandina Mallegowda, son of Nanja
13. Kudukundi Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Kalegowda, son of Honnegowda
   2. ,, Nanjegowda, son of Kengegowda
   3. ,, Kempegowda, son of Kuligowda
   4. ,, Marugegowda, son of Nanjegowda
   5. ,, Marigegowda, son of Ningegowda

Elected Members—concld.

14. Bageshpur Village Panchayet—
    1. Mr. Suggappa Setti, son of Era Setti
    2. ,, Chikkagiriyappa, son of Ramadasappa
    3. ,, Subbaraya, son of Subbanna
    4. ,, Thimmaiya *alias* Thimmappaiya, son of Nanjappa
    5. ,, Rangegowda, son of Sidda Naika

Note.—Nominated members will be separately published.

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF 29TH (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS, ON SATURDAY THE 30TH MAY 1925, AT 8. A.M.

MEMBERS.

Present ... ... 29 | Absent 1

307A. The following resolution was moved by Mr. P. S. Ramaswamy Iyengar, seconded by Mr. P. Seetaramiah and unanimously carried out:—

Resolved that the Council convey its sense of deep gratification at the successful accomplishment of a most arduous pilgrimage to the holy shrine of Badrinarayan by His Highness the Maharaja, whose safe return to the Capital City to-morrow is looked forward to, by the Citizens with loyal eagerness.

308. Proceedings of the meetings held on the 29th April, 4th and 7th May 1925.

Confirmed with the following amendments:—

Resolution No. 282.—The words "or through registered post" be added after the word "service."

Resolution No. 290.—The words "8 for, and 9 against, the postponment of the question" be inserted after the words "taken then".

Resolution No. 298.—The names of Councillors who voted for and against the grant will be inserted after the word "proposal".

For	*Against*
1. Mr. M. Ramaswamy	1. Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji
2. ,, P. S. Ramaswamy Iyengar	2. Mr. Mahomed Sait
3. ,, B. K. Ramakrishniah	3. ,, Y. Virupakshiah
4. ,, A. Krishna Rao	4. ,, U. R. Lingoji Rao
5. ,, M. Narayanaswamy	5. ,, S. Dorairaj
6. ,, Mahomed Gouse Peer	6. ,, M. P. Bhogiah
7. ,, S. Srikantachari	7 ,, M. K. Madhava Rao, Powar
8. ,, Turuvekere Basavaraj Urs	8. ,, M. C. Thammiah
9. ,, M. Venkatakrishniah	9. ,, K. Dhanakotichetty
10. ,, N. Setwaji Rao	10. ,, Tippu Sultan Alli Khan

Resolution No. 306.—The following roads be added to the list of roads in para II, 6 (i):—

(*e*) Kempananjamba Agrahar Road.
(f) Chaluvamba Agrahar Road.

309. Accounts of receipts and expenditure for the month of March 1925.

Passed. The Audit Committee's reports already received should be circulated and overdue reports expedited.

310. Vital statistics for March 1925.

Passed.

311. Proceedings of the following Committees for April 1925.

1. Managing Committee	4. Town Hall Committee
2. Health Committee	5. Market Committee
3. Schools Committee	6. Bye-law Committee

Confirmed.

The President brought to the notice of the Council an article in the Sampadabhyudaya of the 29th May 1925, containing misstatements regarding a bill for metal collected on the Karohatty Road, which was before the Managing Committee. The Municipal Enginneer's memo of the same date asking that action be taken in respect of the damaging remarks made on his Department in the said article and requesting permission to proceed against the Editor of the paper, was also read.

The discussions made it clear that the bill had been deferred for inspection by the Managing Committee, on 26th May 1925. Some of the members who tried to inspect the same evening could not reach the work spot; but the following morning, the Chairman and some members saw the work and were satisfied with the correctness of the bill which was therefore to come before the next meeting of the Committee.

There was a difference of opinion whether the elucidation of these facts during the discussion was sufficient or whether a formal resolution was necessary to place the facts on record and to remove the misapprehensions that might have been created by the publication of the article in question.

Votes were taken with the following result :—

For	*Against*
1. Mr. B. Munivenkatappa	1. Mr. P. Seetharamiah
2. ,, Mahomed Sait	2. Rev. E. S. Edwards
3. ,, H. C. Dasappa	3. Mr. M. Ramaswami
4. Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji	4. ,, B. K. Ramakrishniah
5. Mr. U. R. Lingoji Rao	5. ,, P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar
6. ,, Mahomed Gouse Peer	6. ,, A. Krishna Rao
7. ,, Y. Virupakshiah	7. ,, C. Narasimhiah
8. ,, S. Dorairaj	8. ,, S. Srikantachari
9. ,, M. C. Thammiah	9. ,, M. Narayanaswamy
10. ,, M. P. Bhogiah	10. ,, V. Thiruvengada Mudaliar
11. ,, M. K. Madhava Rao, Powar	
12. ,, K. Dhanakotichetty	
13. ,, Tippu Sultan Alli Khan	
14. Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah	

The Mr. Mahomed Sait moved the undermentioned proposition which was seconded by Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji :—

"That as the article in the Sampadabhyudaya of the 29th instant over the signature of "Ratepayer" contains false statements reflecting seriously on the work of the Municipal Executive and Managing Committee, this Council resolve that a communique furnishing full and correct statement and repudiating the allegations in the article be sent for publication to the local papers and further that the President may take such action as is necessary on the letter of the Municipal Engineer regarding the same matter."

An amendment was proposed by Mr A. Krishna Rao, and seconded by Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar, to change "false" into "incorrect" and omit the words "and the Managing Committee."

This was put to vote and lost.

A second amendment was proposed by Mr. B. K. Ramakrishniah and seconded by Rev. E. S. Edwards to omit the words from "contains" to "Managing Committee".

This was also lost.

Then the original proposition of Mr. Mahomed Sait, was put to vote. Fourteen Councillors voted for, ten against and three remained neutral.

For	*Against*
1. Mr. Mahomed Sait	1. Mr. P. Seetharamiah
2. ,, B. Munivenkatappa	2. Rev. E. S. Edwards
3. Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji	3. Mr. M. Ramaswami
4. Mr. H. C. Dasappa	4. ,, B. K. Ramakrishniah
5. ,, U. R. Lingoji Rao	5. ,, P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar
6. ,, Y. Virupakshiah	6. ,, M. Venkatakrishniah
7. ,, Mahomed Gouse Peer	7. ,, A. Krishna Rao
8. ,, M. P. Bhogiah	8. ,, C. Narasimhiah
9. ,, M. C. Thammiah	9. ,, V. Thiruvengada Mudaliyar
10. ,, M. K Madhava Rao, Powar	10. ,, S. Srikantachari
11. ,, K. Dhanakotichetty	
12. ,, Tippu Sultan Alli Khan	
13. Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah	
14. Mr. S. Dorairaj	

Neutral.

1. Mr. M. Narayanaswamy
2. ,, Turuvekere Basavaraj Urs
3. ,, N. Setwaji Rao

Absent.

1. Mr. S. P. Rajagopalachar.

Resolved that the said proposition be adopted.

* * *

318. Government Proceedings No. Fl. 6067-89—Ex. 92-23-7, dated 9th May 1925, sanctioning certain proposals for the reorganisation of the Excise Licensing Boards.

Recorded. The two Municipal Councillors, *viz.*, Rev. E. S. Edwards and Dharmaprakasa Mr. C. Banumiah, who now represent the Municipal Council on the Licensing Board, may continue on the re-organized Advisory Committee.

* * *

320. Letter No. 1816, dated 24th April 1925, from the Chairman, City Improvement Trust Board, Mysore, forwarding for action under Section 16 (*a*) and (*b*) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation No. III of 1903, and copy of Notification No. 1 of 1924-25, dated 28th March 1925 for the acquisition of properties in Lashkar Mohalla, for improving the junction of travellers' bungalow and Rampart Wall Roads.

Approved.

Other subjects adjourned for want of time.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 30TH (ADJOURNED) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS, ON SATURDAY THE 6TH JUNE 1925 AT 7-30 A.M.

Members.

Present ... 17. | Absent ... 13.

321. Health Officer's Memo No. 993, dated 24th April 1925, regarding additional conservancy establishment.

Referred to Health Committee for opinion.

322. Revised estimate for Rs. 1,065 for the repair of Santhepet Road.

Sanctioned.

323. Managing Committee's Resolution No. II, dated 12th May 1925, regarding the rates proposed to be levied on tobacco, tobacco stalks, leaves and dust, and Municipal Councillor Mr. C. Narasimhiah's note thereon.

Pending the examination of the general question of revising the octroi system, the existing arrangements in respect of octroi on tobacco may continue.

324. Revised draft rules for the working of the Mysore Prevention of Adulteration Regulation, IX of 1921 in the Mysore City Municipal Area.

Approved.

325. Statement of irrecoverable arrears of taxes amounting to Rs. 1,380-10-9, to be written off the accounts of Devaraj I and II Divisions with the Managing Committees Resolution thereon.

Approved. Remission lists may in future be sent to Mohalla Councillors for verification and remarks.

326. Letter No. 1150, dated 9th May 1925, from the Municipal Commissioner, Municipal Council, Bangalore City, informing that free passes have been issued in respect of cycles and motor cycles maintained by the Executive Officials and Officers of the Electrical Department engaged for duty in the City limits to supervise the lighting.

The Council does not consider it necessary to issue free passes for motor vehicles maintained by officers of the Electrical Department.

327. Managing Committee's Resolution, IV of 5th May 1925, regarding the levy under Section 71 (3) of the Municipal Regulation of a compounding fee of Rs. 60 on the cars and buses kept by Khan Bahadur Mr. P. Pallonji.

Resolved that a compounding fee may be levied as for two cars and three buses.

328. Petition dated 14th May 1925, from the residents of the street to the south of Bojjanna's Lines in Chamaraj Mohalla, praying that the said street may be named "Balakrishna Rao Street."

Approved.

329. Municipal Councillor Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar's propositions:—

1. "That all the Primary Schools within the Mysore City be held in the mornings only, *viz.*, from 7-30 to 11 A.M." Referred to School Committee.
2. "That a Financial Committee of the Municipal Council composed of gentlemen elected by the Council from amongst themselves, say five in number, with Professor N. S. Subba Rao, M.A., Bar-at-Law, Principal, Maharaja's College, and Rajasilpivisarada Rao Bahadur Mr. B. Subba Rao, retired Chief Engineer, or Rajakaryaprasaktha Mr. B. Ramakrishna Rao, retired Palace Controller, the Chairman of the Committee being the President of the Municipal Council, be appointed to enquire into the financial condition of the City Municipality and to suggest measures for retrenchment inasmuch as the expenditure seems to be ever increasing without corrresponding increase in the income.

Resolved that the subject be referred to the Audit Committee with Messrs. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar and D. Banumiah and such officers of the Council as they may co-opt for any specific work.

* * * *

331. Letter No. L. 8317—Ml. 23-24-43, dated 19th May 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legialative Departments, stating that the proposal to enhance the conveyance allowance of the Health Officer from Rs. 50 to Rs. 75 per mensem cannot be sanctioned as the Officer is required (as per Government Order No. G. 14883-4—Ml. 218-23-2,

dated 21st May 1924) to maintain a horse only and not a motor car in addition.

The Council think that a faster conveyance is also necessary for the proper performance of his work by Health Officer and resolve that Government be requested to sanction the increase of allowance originally recommended.

332. Letter No. 1393, dated 19th May 1925, from the Economic Botanist with the Government of Mysore, proposing certain changes (involving an extra expenditure of Rs. 20 a month) in the Sewage Farm Establishment.

Resolved that the pay of Avenue Inspector be retained as per original scale as recommended by Economic Botanist.

333. Letter No. 2004, dated 21st May 1925, from the Chairman, City Improvement Trust Board, Mysore, forwarding for treatment under Section 16(*a*) and (*b*) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation, Notification No. 3 of 1924-25, dated 2nd May 1925, relating to the acquisition of certain properties in Krishnaraj Mohalla.

Approved.

334. Letter No. 845, dated 15th May 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, Public Library Committee, Mysore, forwarding a copy of the Administration Report for 1923-24, containing estimates of income and expenditure of the library.

Resolved that an annual grant of Rs. 200 be sanctioned.

335. Letter dated 6th May 1925, from Mr. B. S. Krishna Iyengar, Inspector, Bank of Mysore, Bangalore, agreeing to accept a monthly rent of Rs. 35 for his building in the Weaver's Lines for locating the Municipal Primary School.

Approved.

336. Chief Officer's Note dated 27th May 1925, reporting the result of sales for the collection of tolls and other miscellaneous revenue items during the year 1925-26.

Resolved that sales of the undermentioned revenue items be confirmed :—

Sl. No.	Items	Name of the highest bidder	Period	Amount of bid
				Per year
1	Collection of tolls ...	Gulam Dastagir Sab ..	1925-26 ...	45,600
2	Collection of daily fees in Devaraj Market.	S. Hanumantha Rao and K. G. Balaji Rao	,,	6,780
3	Collection of daily fees in Mandi Market.	Venkoji Rao. ...	,,	1,560
4	Collection of daily fees in Bullock Slaughter house.	Hyder Khan ...	,,	1,488
5	Collection of daily fees in Mandi Slaughter house.	Narasinga Rao ...	,,	12,660
6	Collection of rents in Beef Butchers Market.	Mahomed Elias ...	,,	960

The remaining items being of a minor character may be dealt with by the President.

337. Inclusion of the post of Market Sergeant in the cadre of Sanitary Inspectors and increments due to N. Nagendra Rao (Acting Market Sergeant).

Approved. Increments due to Nagendra Rao as Sanitary Inspector may be given.

338. Market Committee's recommendations *re* the execution of work relating to the improvement and extension of Devaraj Market.

Resolved that the following works, some of which are already in progress might be carried out, from loan funds:—

		Rs.
1.	Improving and extending Devaraj Market facing Sayaji Rao Road and Hospital Road, Block No. I ...	22,870
2.	Improving and extending Devaraj Market facing Siddappa Mutt Road and Ane Sarot Street, Block No. II	42,810
3.	Roofing over the open central passage between stalls one and two of fruit stalls of Devaraj Market	6,230
4.	Improving the southern parts of Devaraj Market by removing the present zinc roof verandah and converting Unani Hospital and Police Station into shops	6,500
5.	Removing the existing Cuddapah slab flooring and repairing with burnt stone slabs the central passage of fruit and vegetable stalls in Devaraj Market	2,480
6.	Repairing and fixing weather boards on the east and west of fruit and vegetable stalls of Devaraj Market ...	2,800

		Rs.
7.	Enclosing the fruit and vegetable stalls with expanded metal frame work on three sides to a height of 4'. Extending and improving the Devaraj Market	5,020
8.	Fixing zinc sheet sun shades on the rear side of the new construction and to the eastern stalls in Devaraj Market.	3,930
9.	Constructing a compound wall to the western side of Devaraj Market	1,450
10.	Fixing and hoisting a flag staff on Devaraj Market ...	250
11.	Providing collapsible or wrought iron gates for all the passages in Devaraj Market	1,430
12.	Extending a row of 2 x 13 (26) shops and a jack arch terraced passage in the end corresponding to the eastern passage	6,500
13.	Converting the present Octroi Office into shops in Devaraj Market	1,000
14.	Installing electric lights to all the shops in Devaraj Market...	2,655
15.	Temporary Establishment	900

The other works might be deferred to a later stage, but acquisition proceedings may be taken in respect of properties required for the construction of mutton stalls, as their shifting from the present place is very necessary.

339. Letter No. 954, dated 5th June 1925, from the Government Advocate in Mysore, stating that there are good grounds to prefer an appeal in the Chief Court against the decision of the Additional Subordinate Judge of Mysore in O. S. No. 14 of 1923-24 and that the cost on this account would amount to about Rs. 536.

Resolved that the Government Advocate be requested to prefer the appeal, the memo of costs, fees, etc., sent by him being approved.

N. MADHAVA RAU,
President.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 14TH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE ON SATURDAY THE 20TH JUNE 1925, AT 8 A.M.

Present ... ... 7. | Absent ... ... 2.

* * *

XIV. Letter No. L. 8451—Ml. 160-24-9, dated the 28th May 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, stating that only a sum of Rs. 1,00,000 has been provided as State Grant to the Trust Board in the State Budget for 1925-26 and requesting that the budget estimates (received back) may be suitably revised and re-transmitted.

The revised budget estimates are approved, and may be submitted to Government.

XV. Estimate for Rs. 216 for repairing and fixing a water tap to the latrine to the west of the Normal School.

Sanctioned.

XVI. Estimate for Rs. 5,000 for maintenance of Avenues for the year 1924-1925.

Approved.

XVII. Consideration of the following sundry estimates for the year 1924-25.

Survey charges	50
Refunds and Law charges	490
Printing charges	300
Tools and plant	550

Approved.

XVIII. Letter No. 733, dated the 8th June 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, the City House Building Co-operative Society, Ltd., Mysore, for grant of sites in Vani Vilasa Mohalla at reduced rates.

The Board regret inability to grant the sites at the rates offered by the Co-operative Society, and resolve that the available sites be advertised for sale at the following rates :—

Sites Nos.—1, 2, 5, 6, 7 and 8 in Block I and sites Nos. 1 to 11 in Block II at 12 annas per spuare yard.

Sites Nos. 11, 12, 13, 14, 15 and 17 in Block I at 8 annas per square yard.

All other sites at 6 annas per square yard.

XIX. Remission of Rs. 10-1-4 due from Yajaman Myalari under loan order No. 21.

Sanctioned.

XX. Statement showing sites and bits of land sold during the month of May 1925.

Ratified.

* * *

XXII. Comparative statement of quotations received for wire-fencing to enclose the maidan opposite to the Law Court Buildings.

Resolved that revised quotations be obtained, providing two lines of barbed wire.

XXIII. Transfer of the bits of land in front of houses in Doddapet (Earangere) marked on the sketch for being enclosed by a compound wall and kept open, on condition that the lands will be surrendered free of compensation, whenever required for the widening of the Road.

Approved.

XXIV. Mutchalika dated 16th June 1925 executed by Mr. H. S. Narayana Rao, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Mysore, regarding payment of balance of site value due from him on account of sites Nos. 18 and 19 in Block I, Vani Vilasa Mohalla.

Ratified.

XXV. Supplemental estimate for Rs. 1,340 for forming footpath and extending the old culvert from Zoo Garden Circle to Gymkhana Nursery to the west of Race Course Road.

Approved, and may be submitted to Government for sanction.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Memo No. D2. Dis. 1911 *of* 24-25, *dated 2nd July* 1925.

Under Section 4 of the Village Courts Regulation, Mr. Chennappa, son of Puttasami Gowda, is appointed a Village Munsiff to the Village Court at Maddur for a period of one year, as the period of Mr. Narasimha Moorty expired.

G. NARAYANA RAO,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

CHITALDRUG TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 23rd June 1925.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Chitaldrug Town Municipality that the Municipal Council desire to modify as follows the Schedule of taxes on motor cars and motor buses.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the modifications may, within one month from the date of this notice, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

SCHEDULE OF TAXES A.

Serial No.	Name of tax	Class of property liable	Amount for which classes liable, etc.,	Present	Proposed	Exemption	Time at which taxes are payable
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
II.	Taxes on vehicles and animals kept for use within the Municipal limits.	All animals and vehicles kept for use within the Municipal limits and described in the next column.	5. Motor car, each	3 0 0	8 0 0	Same as heretofore.	In two equal instalments in advance in July and January every year.
			6. Motor bus, each	..	12 0 0		

S. VENKATARANGAM,
President.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JULY 16, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 112—*Ml.* 47-24-2, *dated 7th June* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. K. Habibulla Khan is appointed a Municipal Councillor of the Tumkur Town Municipal Council in place of Mr. Kesar Singh, deceased.

No. L. 114—*Ml.* 51-24-14, *dated 7th July* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. Sunkadakatte Halappa is appointed a Municipal Councillor of Honnali Municipality in place of Mr. Andani Chennappa, deceased.

No. L. 116—*Ml.* 56-24-309, *dated 7th July* 1925.

Under Rule 10 of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Rayasada Krishnappa as Vice-President of the Banavar Municipal Council, Arsikere Taluk is approved.

No. L. 118—*Ml.* 56-24-310, *dated 7th July* 1925.

Under Rule 10 of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. T. Ramaiya as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Kallurkatte is approved.

No. L. 120—*Ml.* 56-24-311, *dated 7th July* 1925.

Under Rule 10 of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. H. Dodda Linga Naik as Vice-President of the Hiriyur Municipal Council, Chitaldrug District is approved.

No. L. 122—*Ml.* 1-24-42, *dated 7th July* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from acquisition of a portion of house No. 133 in Akkipet, Bangalore City, declared in Government Notification No. L. 3976—Ml. 1-20-80, dated the 27th November 1922 as required for widening the road.

No. L. 124—*Ml.* 1-24-40, *dated 7th July* 1925.

Under Section 48(1) of Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of Survey No. 59 of Kempapur Agrahar village, Bangalore Taluk, declared in Government Notification No. L. 2157—Ml. 1-21-14, dated the 4th October 1921, as required for a new Veerasaiva burial ground.

No. L. 139—*L. B.* 92-24-11, *dated 8th July* 1925.

In continuation of Notification No. R. 1437—L. B. 21-20-2, dated 28th July 1920, it is hereby notified that Vaccination shall be compulsory in the local area under the control of the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board for a further period of five years from the 10th September 1925.

No. L. 183—*L. B.* 9-24-127, *dated 9th July* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules issued with Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated 13th July 1918 and amended by Notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated 11th November 1921, the term of the marginally noted Village Panchayets in the Tiptur Taluk, Tumkur District, is extended up to the 1st August 1925, pending their reconstitution.

1. Nonavinkere
2. Honnavalli
3. Balavaneralu
4. Eachanur
5. Aralaguppa
6. Albur

No. L. 276-279—*L. B.* 92-24-12, *dated 11th July* 1925.

In continuation of Notification No. L. 4810—L. B. 96-21-7, dated the 21st February 1922, Government are pleased to declare that Vaccination shall be compulsory for a further period of three years in the following 23 villages comprising the special Bethamangala area :—

Angathattahalli	Bethmangala
Nellore	Kottur
Thimmasandra	Jodikottur
Iyapalli	Kodihalli
Jayamangala	Hulkur
Thambarpalli	Angalam
Chiyandahalli	Natha
Siresandra	Chinnapalli
Holali	Minejenahalli
Muddinayakanhalli	Putteri
Kourganahalli	Kela Holali
Woddapalli	

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 9th July 1925.

The terms of the present constitution of the undermentioned Village Panchayets of Kolar Taluk are extended up to the end of the 30th September 1925.

1. Kurugal	6. Petechamanahalli
2. Vemgal	7. Muduvadi Hosahalli
3. Sugatur	8. Holur
4. Jannaghatta	9. Velagalaburre
5. Vakkaleri	

Notification dated 9th July 1925.

Under the rules framed under Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, Mr. D. Ramaiya is declared duly elected as Chairman of the Village Panchayet of Bommasandra, Goribidnur Taluk.

Notification dated 9th July 1925.

I

The Village Panchayet of Dadinayakanapalya of Goribidnur Taluk is reconstituted as follows:—

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Shanbhog Venkataramanappa
2. ,, Hasthanatharada Nanjundayya
3. ,, Basappa
4. ,, Miyakhan Sab
5. ,, Nagappa
6. ,, Dadinayakaru

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Patel Krishnappa
8. ,, Hasthanatharada Nanjappa *bin* Papayya.
9. ,, Chikkanna *bin* Sanjivaiya

II

The Village Panchayet of Nagaragere of Goribidnur Taluk is reconstituted as follows:—

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Lakshminarasappa
2. ,, Donthi Naranayya
3. ,, Sakkara Veerabhadrappa
4. ,, Sendi Venkatappa
5. ,, Motamadagala Chikkappayya
6. ,, Bedara Chikkagangappa *bin* Buddeppa.

Nominated Members.

7. The Village Patel
8. Mr. Nanjappa *bin* Gundappa
9. ,, Sajjana Kalappa

C. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 3rd July 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the following gentlemen are nominated as members of the several Village Panchayets as noted against them in the Belur Taluk during the term of their reconstitution from this date:—

1. Hanike Village Panchayet—
   (1) Mr. Rachegowda *bin* Basavegowda, Patel.
   (2) ,, Ayannagowda *bin* Nanjegowda.
2. Yemasandi Village Panchayet—
   (1) Mr. Eregowda *bin* Thimmegowda.
   (2) ,, Patel Annegowda *bin* Mallegowda.
3. Bennur Village Panchayet—
   (1) Mr. Nanjegowda *bin* Sannamallegowda, Patel.
   (2) ,, Shantamallegowda *bin* Mallegowda.
4. Naranapur Village Panchayet—
   (1) Mr. Shanbhog Thimmappaiya *bin* Dasappa.
   (2) ,, Patel Basavegowda *bin* Giddegowda.
5. Tholalu Village Panchayet—
   (1) Mr. Abdul Razack Saib.
   (2) ,, Patel Muttegowda *bin* Appajigowda.
6. Hebbalu Village Panchayet—
   (1) Mr. Nanjachari *bin* Kallachari.
   (2) ,, Rudregowda *bin* Basavegowda.
7. Gonisomanahalli Village Panchayet—
   (1) Mr. Chennegowda *bin* Siddegowda.
   (2) ,, Siddegowda *bin* Rangegowda.
8. Halebid Village Panchayet—
   (1) Mr. S. Krishnappa *bin* Surappa.
   (2) ,, Nilakantegowda *bin* Halegegowda.
   (3) ,, Patel Chennegowda *bin* Chikkannagowda.
9. Rajanasiriyur Village Panchayet—
   (1) Mr. H. Nanjegowda.
   (2) ,, M. Basavegowda.
   (3) ,, Guddegowda.
10. Arehalli Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Patel Basavegowda *bin* Veeregowda.
    (2) ,, Katab Sahib *bin* Imam Saib.
11. Madaghatta Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Chennarayasetti *bin* Dasappasetti.
    (2) ,, Puttasamigowda *bin* Siddegowda.

12. Karagodu Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Shanbhog Subbaraya *bin* Krishnappa.
    (2) ,, Patel Rudregowda *bin* Basavegowda.
13. Mattighatta Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Kalegowda *bin* Ningegowda.
    (2) ,, Anantharamaiya *bin* Thammabhatta.
    (3) ,, Mallappaiya, Shanbhog.
14. Chatchathalli Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Dyavappanahalli Dyavegowda *bin* Eregowda.
    (2) ,, Ningasetti *bin* Mylarsetti.
    (3) ,, Marilegowda *bin* Nanjegowda.
15. Sannenahalli Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Veeralingegowda *bin* Honn Haligegowda.
    (2) ,, Karigowda *bin* Beeregowda.
16. Kodihalli Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Mupanigowda, Patel.
    (2) ,, Basavalingaiah *bin* Lingegowda.
17. Chettanahalli Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Marigowda *bin* Chennegowda.
    (2) ,, Siddegowda *bin* Rangegowda.
18. Adagur Village Penchayet—
    (1) Mr. Patel Eregowda.
    (2) ,, Basavegowda *bin* Chennabasavegowda.

Notification dated 7th July 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Channarayapatna Taluk are reconstituted as noted against each with effect from 1st July 1925.

ELECTED MEMBERS.

1. Anekere Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Nanjegowda *alias* Doddaputtegowda, son of Kalegowda, Landholder.
    (2) ,, Basetti, son of Veerasetti.
    (3) ,, Siddabasetti, son of Yadveersetti.
    (4) ,, Puttasamigowda, son of Lakkanna.
    (5) ,, Srikantaiya, son of Nanjunda Deekshitaru.
2. Dindgur Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Puttachari, son of Hutchachari.
    (2) ,, Ningegowda, son of Marilinga.
    (3) ,, Javarayappa, son of Hiriyannaiya.
    (4) ,, Ramegowda, son of Doddarangegowda.
    (5) ,, Nanjasetti, son of Bhandiga.
3. Nuggihalli Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Gopalakrishniengar, son of Ramaswamiengar, Landholder.
    (2) ,, Naraniengar, son of Naraniengar.
    (3) ,, Nanjasetti, son of Siddananjasetti.
    (4) ,, Gujjegowda *alias* Ramegowda, son of Gujjegowda.
    (5) ,, Narasappa, son of Thimmannaiya.
    (6) ,, Davood Sahaib, son of Mohadin Sahaib.
    (7) ,, Kallaiyachari, son of Kallaswami.
4. Hirisave Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Chowdegowda, son of Kalanna.
    (2) ,, H. S. Nanjundiah, son of Sivanajegowda.
    (3) ,, Nanjundegowda, writer, son of Gowdegowda.
    (4) ,, Basavegowda, son of Gowdegowda.
    (5) ,, H. Manjiaya, son of Gowdegowda.
    (6) ,, Sivannagowda, son of Nanjappa.
    (7) ,, Vishakanteswaragowda, son of Lingegowda.
    (8) ,, Tirumalagirigowda, son of Mookanmaistry.
5. Bagur Village Panchayet—
    (1) Mr. Thammannaiya, son of Subbaiya.
    (2) ,, Ramaiya, son of Thammaiya.
    (3) ,, Ramashastri, son of Anantabhatta.
    (4) ,, Mastigowda, son of Basavegowda.
    (5) ,, Shamanna, son of Krishnaiya.
    (6) ,, Venkataramaniah, son of Subbaiya.

Note.—Nominated members will be published separately.

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
Deput Commissioner.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SIXTH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE HASSAN DISTRICT BOARD HELD ON 27TH JUNE 1925.

Present.

N. S. Nanjundiah, Esq., President, District Board, Hassan.

Ex-officio members 2 | Non-officials 23

Absent 14.

Messrs. H. Borannah and Giddegowda, Representative Assembly Members, Hassan and Hole-Narsipur, respectively, were also present.

Messrs. Nagappachar, Vice-President, Taluk Board, Belur and K. Naranappa, Vice-President, Taluk Board, Hole-Narsipur, were also present on invitation.

The Chief Sanitary Inspector, the Agricultural Inspector, the Superintendent, Government Industrial School, and the Assistant Inspectors of Education, Hassan and Hole-Narsipur were also present on invitation.

Read telegram from Mr. Maralusiddappa, Halkur, and post cards from Messrs. G. Ahamed Pacha Sahib, Belur, and Balavantha Rao, Arsikere, explaining reasons for absence.

Also D. O. letter from the Executive Engineer, in the matter.

Recorded.

1. Proceedings of the last meeting—

Resolution.—Recorded.

2. Budget estimates for the year 1925-26—

The following resolutions of the Finance Committee were considered one by one and adopted with the following modifications:—

RESOLUTIONS OF THE FINANCE COMMITTEE.

1. Budget proposals for 1925-26—

Resolution.—The proposals of the Vice-President are adopted.

The following proposals of the Vice-President are approved:—

2. That a Vydyasala at a convenient centre be opened in the Hole-Narsipur Taluk at a monthly cost of Rs. 25 plus 15 plus 6 or Rs. 46 and the expenditure be met from District Funds till the Taluk Board Funds can be made available for the purpose.

3. That a Vydyasala be opened at Ponnathapur or Kundur at a monthly cost of Rs. 25 made plus 15 plus 6 the cost being met out of District Funds till the Taluk Board Funds can be available for the purpose.

4. That 6 extra midwives be appointed 1 for Javagal, 1 for Gandasi, 1 for Nuggihalli, 1 for Bylahalli, 1 for Nittur and 1 for Hole-Narsipur and be attached to Vydyasalas as a temporary measure for one year, the cost being borne equally by District and Taluk funds, respectively.

5. That a sum of Rs. 1,000 be expended in purchasing stock of Ayurvedic medicines for distribution among the Vydyasalas in consultation with Lt.-Col. Murti, Madras, the cost being met from District Funds and Taluk Funds in equal proportions.

6. That the Arsikere-Huliyar road be taken over by the Board along with the grants for annual and special repairs and the said repairs be completed expeditiously as this procedure is rendered absolutely essential by the extreme slow progress shown by the Public Works Department and the loss the Board is put to by being not able to open a toll-gate on the said road and also the inevitable want of economy caused by the mixing up of annual and special repair grants for a series of years by the Public Works Department.

7. That having regard to the lapses and surrenders annually caused to be made by the Public Works Department, the items of works shown under (A) P. W. be executed by the Board itself with extra establishment, if necessary, the charges for the special establishment not to exceed the establishment and tools and plant charges.

8. Having regard to the increasing volume of works under (B) P. W. that a highly qualified Sanitary Inspector or a P. W. D. qualified subordinate be appointed as Reserve Sanitary Inspector.

9. That two clerks on Rs. 30 and 20 per month, respectively, be appointed for a period of six months to sort and destroy as per Government Orders the records of the District and Taluk Boards which are bundled up unsorted for a period of over twenty years.

10. Having regard to the re-organisation contemplated by Government in ministerial appointments in District Offices and having also regard to the fact that the officials of this Board and the Taluk Boards have not had their promotions which are legitimately due to them and which will have to be given to them if the work of the Board has to be managed efficiently, a sum of Rs. 480 be allotted for the purpose. The details to be settled and sanction for the same to be obtained in due course.

11. Having regard to the volume of correspondence which has increased cent per cent in course of two years, the stationery and contingent charges be raised from Rs. 100 to Rs. 150 and Rs. 60 to Rs. 120, respectively, per year.

12. With a view to augment the resources of the Board, toll gates at Sathehalla bridge in Konanur-Frazerpet road, at Bhairapur and at the bridge in Alur-Kundur road and at Tirupathihalli-Ramenahalli and Halkur in Arsikere-Huliyar road be opened. The Board has expended considerable sums of money to improve these roads.

13. Having regard to the fact that the Hassan Free Reading Room and Library is an institution of District importance, a grant of Rs. 200 per annum be given to it, on condition that a representative of the District Board is taken on the Board of Management to see to the efficient working of the institution.

14. That the present system of auditing of accounts being imperfect, the Government be requested to issue instructions to the Comptroller to audit the receipt and expenditure side of not merely the Board but also the various departments and local bodies with which the Board has got financial relations.

15. That the Government be requested to direct the Hole-Narsipur Municipality to pay up the cost of the establishment charges incurred by the midwife debited to District Funds till now and to pay in future the expenditure incurred in this behalf by the various taluk headquarters municipalities including Hole-Narsipur, as is being done at Hassan.

16. That the Municipalities of Arsikere, Hole-Narsipur, Alur and Hassan having been permitted to levy tolls on carts, etc., congregating on shandy days, in spite of the fact that the bulk of the roads both within and outside these Municipal areas are Local Fund roads and that the shandies are mostly held on such roads and road margins, Government be requested to apportion a portion of their income to the District Funds.

17. That a District cadre of Compounders and Midwives be formed so as to minimise the expenditure on the travelling allowances and that the transfers be effected within the District after consultation with the District Board.

18. That Government be requested to empower the President and Vice-President, District Board, to look into and scrutinise the expenditure incurred by the P. W. D., Medical and Veterinary Departments *re* the items of works for which funds are provided by the Board.

19. That two Auditors be elected to scrutinise the District Fund Accounts and Taluk Fund Accounts, respectively.

20. Proposition of Mr. Nagappaiah and ten other District Board Members *re*: enhancing the rate of halting allowances to District Board Members to Rs. 3 per day instead of Re. 1 which is being drawn now.

Resolution.—The Committee regret that it cannot recommend the enhanced rates.

21. Mr. Nagappaiah's propositions;—(1) *Re* the necessity of two Native Vydyasalas to Hole-Narsipur Taluk as there is only one Local Fund Dispensary at Hole-Narsipur. (2) Sanction of Rs. 500 for repairing the road from Hole-Narsipur to Bagaval. (3) Sanction of Rs. 500 for opening a road from Hole-Narsipur to Ichanahalli.

Resolution.—The Taluk Board funds do not permit more provision being made than what has already been proposed by the Vice-President.

22. Alur Taluk Board President's No. 494, dated 25th February 1925, *re* the sanction of starting fund to Thogaranahalli Village Panchayet.

Resolution.—This may be done as an advance.

23. Letter dated 6th December 1924, from the Mysore Planters' Association anent increasing the mileage allotment to the road between Hosur-Halasulige road.

Resolution.—The enhanced grant may be sanctioned.

24. District Medical Officer's No. 5517, dated 15th May 1925, anent constructing a compound wall to the Local Fund Dispensary at Belur.

Resolution.—This may be deferred.

25. Deputy Commissioner's D. O. No. 74-24, dated 28th January 1925, anent funds required for the British Leper Relief Association.

Resolution.—A consolidated sum of Rs. 250, both on behalf of the District and Tuluk Boards be given as contribution for the fund.

26. Executive Engineer's No. 987, dated 1st December 1924, anent providing extra allotment of mileage rate for two more furlongs in the Biccode-Arehalli road.

Resolution.—A reference may be made to the Planters' Association.

27. Arsikere Municipal Council President's No. 207, dated 6th October 1924, anent payment of half of the income from the Arsikere toll-gate to the credit of the Arsikere Municipality.

Resolution.—This is neither equitable, nor as per Government Orders. The Committee regrets it cannot accede to the request made.

I. RESOLUTIONS OF THE DISTRICT BOARD.

District Fund Budget Estimates.

(*i*) *Re* resolution No. 13, it was discussed, put to vote and lost, 7 members voting for and 9 against, the rest being neutral.

(*ii*) *Re* resolution No. 15, it was resolved that the Government may be requested to kindly order that the cost incurred on midwives and their establishment in

Municipal areas may be apportioned between the Municipal Councils and the local bodies, due regard being paid to the income of the Municipal Council concerned, as well as the population and requirements of the locality together with the other attendant circumstances, if any.

(*iii*) *Re* resolution No. 16, the Municipal Councils concerned may be consulted and their opinions obtained in the first instance.

(*iv*) *Re* resolution No. 18, as the District Medical Officer and the Executive Engineer are unavoidably absent, and the Veterinary Officer is not a member of the Board, this subject is deferred so that the matter may be discussed with advantage from all standpoints in their presence.

(*v*) *Re* resolution No. 22, it was resolved that a sum of Rs. 100 may be granted as starting fund to the said Village Panchayet as was done in the case of other Village Panchayets in the District, out of District Funds.

(*vi*) *Re* resolution No. 26, it was resolved that the extra allotment asked for may be given and paid to the contractor for the time being in charge of the Arehalli-Biccode road.

(*vii*) The proposals contained in resolutions Nos. 6 and 7 of the Finance Committee were deferred to the next meeting of the District Board, owing to the inability of the Executive Engineer to be present at the meeting to-day.

The draft District Fund Budget presented by the Finance Committee, is approved in other respects.

Note.—(1) Resolution No. 17 of the Finance Committee was opposed by Mr. Malali Venkata Ramaiah, but on being put to vote, the opposition was lost, and the resolution of the Finance Committee carried.

(2) As regards the proposed allotment of Rs. 4,000 for 1925-26, as against that of Rs. 2,500 for 1924-25, on the expenditure side, for the travelling allowance of the establishments of the District Board including the same to the President and Vice-President of the District Board, Mr. K. T. Seshaiya proposed that the allotment be reduced to Rs. 2,500 only and he was seconded by Mr. Kondi Srinivasachar. After some discussion, the proposal to reduce the allotment was put to vote and lost.

II. *Re* TALUK FUND BUDGET ESTIMATES.

The draft budgets prepared by the Finance Committee are also approved with the following modifications:—

(*i*) The provision in the draft budget for Arehalli-Tholalu road in the Belur Taluk Fund budget may be taken up for consideration provided the promised contribution is recovered and the road work is approved by the Board.

(*ii*) An additional provision of Rs. 200 for contribution to Belur Municipal Council out of Belur Taluk Funds may be made and the same paid up for the repairs of the Mantap in the Vishnusamudra Tank.

(*iii*) A sum of Rs. 300 may be allotted out of the Taluk Funds of Manjarabad Taluk for improving the Balegadde-Kogarvalli road in that Taluk.

III. *Re* BUDGET ESTIMATES OF VILLAGE PANCHAYETS.

The statement of estimates of receipts and disbursements for the Village Panchayets is also approved.

3. (*a*) Senior Surgeon's letter No. C. 2603, dated 23rd April 1925, *re* Female Dispensary and Maternity at Hole-Narsipur, (*b*) Hole-Narsipur Municipal Council President's No. Mis. 258, dated 22nd May 1925, forwarding a copy of the Municipal Council's resolution agreeing to pay a quota of Rs. 1,200 for the opening of a Maternity and Female Dispensary at Hole-Narsipur. (*c*) Letter No. L. 8227-28—Med., dated 15th May 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, in the matter.

Resolution.—The Board are agreeable to bear their quota of expenditure, deducting the Government share of cost and the cost of Rs. 1,200, which the Hole-Narsipur Municipal Council has already agreed to bear.

4. Deputy Commissioner's letter No. D1. 211 of 1924-25, dated 15th April 1925, forwarding for discussion a list of local subjects brought for discussion on 7th April 1925, at the District Meeting of Representative Assembly Members held for selecting subjects to be sent up for the budget session of 1925.

Messrs. H. Borannah and Mahadevappa, Hassan.

(1) A Collegiate High School may be established at Hassan.

Mr. Mahadevappa is absent. Mr. Borannah urged the necessity for a Collegiate High School in Hassan.

Resolution.—Having regard to the growing strength, improved condition of the Hassan High School, climatic conditions of the place and the fact that such a school serves the distant malnad areas as well, the Board are of opinion that

Hassan High School may be immediately raised to the standard of a Collegiate High School, with a view to raising it to an Intermediate College eventually. The attention of Government may also be invited to the resolution of the Board already passed in this respect on 7th September 1924.

The majority are also of opinion that the concentration of Collegiate High Schools or Intermediate Colleges at Bangalore and Mysore Cities is not in the interests of the advancement of Education in the State.

Messrs. Ramanna, Giddegowda and Venkatasamaiah, Hole-Narsipur.

(2) A High School may be opened at Hole-Narsipur as it is an important trade centre.

The question was discussed at some length. Seven Members voted in favour of the proposition and none against it.

Resolution.—The Board resolved in favour of the proposition.

(3) As the present Girls' School building at Hole-Narsipur is insanitary, a new building may be constructed on a suitable site.

Resolution.—The District Board is of opinion that a suitable building is necessary and must be constructed without loss of time.

(4) The scale of pay of the Head Master, Middle School, Hole-Narsipur, may be raised in view of the large number of students attending the school.

After some discussion and the statement of the District Inspector of Education, that if the strength of the school justified the increasing of the scale in respect of this school, the same would be done as a matter of course, the mover Mr. Ramanna withdrew the subject.

(5) The Flag Station at Hole-Narsipur town opened as a temporary measure be made permanent as there is sufficient income.

Resolution.—The Board are of opinion that the Flag Station may be made permanent as the income has more than justified its being made permanent and it is of very great convenience to the general public.

(6) The Laxminarasimhaswami temple at Hole-Narsipur may be repaired at the cost of Government, as there is not sufficient income from the temple.

Resolution.—As the temple is stated to have no funds to its credit, the Board are of opinion that Government may be pleased to have the temple repaired out of Government funds.

(7) The Uttaradi Mutt at Hole-Narsipur is in a dilapidated condition and that as Government appear to give an annual grant, the agent may be directed to execute the necessary repairs and make arrangements for the teaching of Sanskrit.

Resolution.—The Board are in full sympathy with this proposition.

(8) Hangramuddanahalli, Krishnarajpete Taluk, Doddahalli, Hole-Narsipur Taluk.

Of the two Inam villages endowed to the Sri Pattabhi Ramaswami temple at Hole-Narsipur, the former (Hangaramuddanahalli) is in Krishnarajpete Taluk and that it may be transferred to Hole-Narsipur Taluk in the interest of proper administration.

Resolution.—As Hangaramuddanahalli is adjacent to the border of Hole-Narsipur Taluk, the Board are entirely in favour of this proposition.

(9) Education cess proposals.

Resolution.—The recommendations of the Education Sub-Committee are approved with the following addition :—

A Primary School to be opened at Banawasi near Gorur in the Kattaya hobli of the Hassan Taluk as Mr. B. Devegowda, District Board and Taluk Board Member has undertaken to get constructed a building for the school free of rent or cost in a sanitary place to be selected by the Department.

The Education Sub-Committee's Resolutions as amended run as follows :—

1. Letter No. C. 7293 of 1923-24, dated 30th June 1924, from the Inspector-General of Education, calling for proposals in the matter of utilisation of the balance of cess realisations in the Hassan District.

Resolved that 15 new schools may be started.

Hassan Taluk.

1. Melgode.
2. Hiriganahalli.
3. Jodi Krishnapura.
4. Sathenahalli.
5. Banawasi.
6. Kenchatvalli.

Manjarabad Taluk.—
1. Harihalli.

Belur Taluk.—
1. Mathigatta.
2. Bennur.

Arsikere Taluk.
1. Mudodi.
2. Belgumba.

Channarayapatna Taluk.—
1. Jinnenahalli.
2. Jamboru.
3. Karadevu.

Hole-Narsipur Taluk.—
1. Malali.

Alur Sub-Taluk.—
1. Hasaganur.

2. Programme of building works.

Resolved that the following school building works may be taken :—

		Rs.
1.	Keralapura	3,000
2.	Kenkere	1,500
3.	Nallur	2,000
4.	Mosle	1,500
5.	Palya	1,500
6.	Gandasi	3,000
7.	Chikkadalur	3,000
8.	Bylahalli	1,000
9.	Halekote	1,500
10.	Sasalapura	1,500
11.	Kanakatte	1,500
12.	Halebid	1,500
13.	Sukravarsanthe	1,500
	Total	24,000

3. Inspector-General's letter No. C. 2135—24-25, dated 14th March 1925, proposing the transfer of the Primary School from Lakkur to Nagarahalli.

Resolution.—The Assistant Inspector says that there is no necessity now.

4. Inspector-General's letter No. D2-Dis. 6030—24-25, dated 14th April 1925, proposing an extra hand on Rs. 15 a month to the school at Nittur as the attendance is high.

Resolution.—Resolved that one extra hand may be given for Nittur on Rs. 15.

5. Sericulture Development in the District.—

(*a*) The Committee approves the resolutions passed on 6th February 1925, and recommends that 5 schools be started from the beginning of the next official year, by the Superintendent of Sericulture in consultation with the Vice-President, District Board.

(*b*) That Rs. 2,500 be set apart for this purpose in the cess budget estimates.

(*c*) The Superintendent be requested to take suitable steps to incorporate this practical instruction in the approved list of subjects for elementary schools and also to correspond and make arrangements for departmental co-operation.

Next Meeting of the Board.—Eighth August 1925, 12 noon.

N. S. NANJUNDIAH,
President,
District Board, Hassan.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification No. H. C. 325 (Rev.) 1924-25, dated 6th July 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation of 1918 and with the approval of Government, the following Village Panchayets in the Sorab Taluk, are reconstituted for a period of three years commencing from 1st July 1925 :—

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
ULVI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.	
1. Mr. Nadiga Bhaskara Rao	1. The Patel of the village
2. ,, Chennabasiya	2. Mr. Nadiga Subba Rao
3. ,, Chennappa Gowda	
THAVANANDI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.	
1. Mr. Arera Subbanna	1. Mr. Kammara Mariya
2. ,, Basappa, Patel	2. ,, Holemallana Dyava
3. ,, Vadagala Rama	
4. ,, Thyavagodu Ninga	
5. ,, Babu Rao	
ANAVATTI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.	
1. Mr. Balekai Chennabasappa	1. The Patel of the village
2. ,, Pharid Sab	2. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of the Local Fund Dispensary, Anavatti
3. ,, Virupakshappa	3. Mr. Dargi Thirukappa
4. ,, Maddi Venkobachar	
5. ,, Srinivasa Rao	
6. ,, Ramaiya	

AGASANAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Malgundada Basappa
2. ,, Kariappana Basappa
3. ,, Thattur Chinnappa
4. ,, Nagappa Gowda
5. ,, Chowthi Veerabhadrappa

Nominated Members.

1. The Patel of the village
2. Mr. Padmanna

UDRI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Nadiga Ganesha Rao
2. ,, Gavali Mallarappa
3. ,, Basappa Wadiyar, Patel
4. ,, Shivashankarappa
5. ,, Subbanna
6. ,, Shankarappa

1. Mr. Nagendrappa
2. ,, Dyava
3. ,, Basavannappa

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

KADUR DISTRICT BOARD.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEETING OF THE KADUR DISTRICT BOARD, CONVENED ON THE 23RD JUNE 1925.

Present ... 20 | Absent ... 8
Vacant ... 2

1. Read Local Subjects of the Representative Assembly :—

1. Sinking of wells at Kalasapur on the site selected by the Deputy Commissioner, may be taken on hand as early as possible. (By Mr. B. Kesavayya.)

Necessary action has been already taken in this matter.

2. Opening of an A.-V. School for Girls at Birur. (By Mr. N. M. Sivalingappayya.)

The Inspector-General of Education may be addressed in the matter.

3. Opening of an Hospital or Vaidyasala to serve Yegati and Bidare hoblies. (By Mr. N. M. Sivalingappayya.)

The matter may be referred to the Taluk Board for proposals.

4. The establishment of a toll-gate near Kaimara at Mudgere. (By Mr. Rangarajayya.)

The Board are not in favour of the establishment of a toll-gate near the Kaimara at Mudgere.

2. Read letter No. H. C. 455—24-25, dated 15th May 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, forwarding a copy of Local and Legislative Secretary's No. 7024-31—Ml. 145-24-3, dated 3rd April 1925, and calling for proposals regarding the revision of the scale of pay of the appointments under Local Bodies.

The President will obtain the views of the Presidents of the other District Boards and Deputy Commissioners when this matter will be taken up for consideration.

3. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 119—24-25, recommending that the scale of pay of Local Fund Clerk's post be raised from Rs. 25 to Rs. 30 from 1st July 1925.

Deferred for the present until the whole scheme is recast.

4. Read D. O. letter No. G. C. 37-5, dated 2nd May 1925, from the Senior Surgeon, inviting the opinion of the District Board in the matter of providing Sub-Assistant Surgeons with rent free quarters.

Resolved by majority that the Board agrees to the proposal that Sub-Assistant Surgeons should be provided with free quarters.

5. Read letter No. L. 7919-34—San. 13-24-4, dated 7th May 1925, from the Secretary, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to furnish the opinion of the District Board in the matter of compilation of Vital Statistics.

The Board are not in favour of any change in the existing arrangement. They have however, no objection to sending the returns to the District Medical Officer instead of to the Sanitary Commissioner and to the Chief Sanitary Inspector checking the work of registration of Vital Statistics.

6. Read letter dated 9th May 1925, from Mr. Arthur Durham of Angadi Estate, Mudgere Taluk, in regard to the repairs of the Angadi-Devavrunda road.

Mr. Durham may be informed that as the conditions on which the road was proposed to be undertaken and maintained are not fulfilled, the Board have decided not to take up this road at least for the present. He may also be informed that the Board are not under an obligation to make roads for the benefit of particular estates.

7. Read letter No. G. C. 377-53 of 21-22, dated 7th May 1925, from the Senior Surgeon, inviting the views of the Board regarding the site for the construction of a Combined Dispensary and Maternity at Tarikere, and the views of the Tarikere Municipal Council thereon.

The Dispensary may be built on the site selected by the Municipal Council.

8. (1) Read Government Order No. 8268-77—San. 12-23-9, dated 18th May 1925, directing that the whole cost of medicines and appliances except that of Anti-Plague Serum supplied to the Chief Sanitary Inspector be entirely borne by the District Board.

Recorded.

(2) Read letter Nos. 5277, 5276, 5278 all, dated 27th May 1925, from the Superintendent, Medical Stores, Bangalore, demanding for payment of bills in respect of medicines, etc., supplied to the Chief Sanitary Inspector.

Sanctioned.

9. Read letter No. 262, dated 22nd December 1924, from the Munsiff of Chikmagalur, forwarding attachment warrant and requesting to remit to the Court a sum of Rs. 105-4-0 from out of the amount due to judgement debtor, the late Mr. C. S. Venkata Rao, Contractor, for sinking a well at Niluvagalu in the Koppa Taluk.

May be done.

10. Read extract from the Tour Notes of the Officiating Dewan, regarding the opening of a Dispensary at Lingadahalli, if the people contributed towards the construction of the buildings.

Deferred until a reply from the Taluk Board regarding the contribution is received.

11. Read application, dated 30th May 1925, from the Honorary Secretary of the Koppa Branch of the Koppa Medical Fund, applying for the grant-in-aid for another year from 1st August 1924 and President's letter No. L. B. 120—24-25, dated 5th June 1925, to Secretary, Local and Legislative Departments, recommending in anticipation of the approval of the District Board the continuance of the grant-in-aid for another year from 1st August 1924, as desired by the Senior Surgeon and recommended by the District Medical Officer.

Approved.

12. Read Koppa Taluk Board President's No. 817, dated 13th May 1925, forwarding for sanction a reappropriation statement in respect of certain items of expenditure.

Sanctioned.

13. Read petition dated 6th June 1925, from Yajaman Rambhatta of Halmattur, Koppa Taluk, requesting to arrange for bi-weekly visits to Bhandigadi by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon of Hariharpur to render Medical aid.

The Board are not infavour of this proposal.

14. Read Narasimharajapura Taluk Board President's No. 835—24-25, dated 28th May 1925, forwarding the opinion of the Municipal Council agreeing to contribute Rs. 10 for opening the Unani Dispensary at Narasimharajapura, and the opinion of the Taluk Board thereon praying for a grant of Rs. 10 per mensem from the District Board.

The Board are not infavour of opening a dispensary on the proposed terms.

15. Read letter No. 8218-23, dated 1-24-37, dated 15th May 1925, from the Secretary Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding an extract of Sanitary Commissioner's letter No. 626-4, dated 31st March 1925, suggesting the supply of medicine chests to the Chief Sanitary Inspector at the cost of the Board and requesting to move the District Board to provide if they consider necessary funds for the supply of medicines to the Chief Sanitary Inspector. (Cost of a chest being Rs. 235-10-0).

The Chief Sanitary Inspector who is a Sub-Assistant Surgeon may be provided with a Medicine Chest the cost thereof being met out of the funds provided for the purpose in the next year's Budget.

16. Read letter dated 8th June 1925, from Mr. E. W. Fowke, President, Mysore Planters' Association, requesting to arrange for the bi-weekly visits of Kalasa Doctor to Hirebyle or for the opening of a Dispensary at the place.

In view of their present financial condition the Board are not in favour of opening a dispensary at Hirebyle or arranging for the bi-weekly visits of the Kalasa Sub-Assistant Surgeon to that place.

17. Read Comptroller's Memo No. 108—W. A. D., dated 29th April 1925, objecting to the payment of Rs. 92-6-8 to the District Board towards the adjustment of the advance made by the District Board for payment of scholarship to train midwife under the Malnad Improvement Scheme during 1922-23.

An application may be made to Government for the reappropriation.

18. Read letter No. L. 8577—L. B. 63-24-22, dated 4th June 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, intimating that it is not possible at present for Government to take over any of the District Fund Roads for maintenance by State Funds as proposed by the District Board and that the Government had no objection for the increase of the mileage allotment if funds can be made available for the purpose by the District Board.

The Government may again be moved to reconsider the matter as the Board is spending a disproportionately large amount on the maintenance of roads and to sanction the allotment applied for either from the State Funds or the Malnad Improvement Funds.

19. Read memo No. 8574-81—L. B. 124-24-2, dated 3rd June 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding a copy of the resolution passed at the Belgam Karnataka Ayurveda Sammelana on 25th December 1924, suggesting the opening of Charitable Ayurvedic Dispensary for the use of the poor.

Recorded. The Sammelana may be informed that four such Dispensaries have been already opened in this District.

20. (*a*) Travelling allowance bills of the Vice-President, Kadur District Board, for April and May 1925.

May be passed.

(*b*) Travelling allowance bill of the establishment, Kadur District Board, for June 1923. (Audit Objection No. 6.)

May be sanctioned.

21. Read report No. L. F. 895—24-25, dated 16th June 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Koppa, recommending the establishment of a cattle pound at Chavalmane, Hariharpur hobli as proposed by the Taluk Board and Report dated 14th June 1925, from the Patel of Chavalmane village offering a building for the use of the proposed cattle pound.

A cattle pound may be opened at Chavalmane as proposed by the Taluk Board.

22. Read report No. L. F. 750—24-25, dated 24th April 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Koppa, recommending the payment of Rs. 80 to Mr. Honnayya Heggade towards the cost of the boat supplied for use at Nemmar in 1918-19.

Deferred till the next meeting.

23. Read District Medical Officer's No. 4640, dated 16th June 1925, recommending the transfer of the Dispensary at Balur from its present place either to Balur village or to Niduvale.

The inhabitants of Balur and Niduvale may be asked if they are prepared to construct a building for the dispensary.

24. Mudgere Taluk Board President's No. 1067, dated 8th June 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Mudgere Municipal Council proposing to take over of the Local Musafirkhana for maintenance from 1st July 1925.

Approved, the services of care-taker will be accordingly transferred to the Municipal Council from 1st July 1925.

25. Read letter No. C. 1632-15, dated 8—11th June 1925, from the Senior Surgeon, in Mysore, Bangalore, requesting for the transfer of the entire allotment made in the District Board Budget for the maintenance of Local Fund Dispensaries to the Medical Head irrespective of the actual expenditure incurred thereon by the Department.

The Board are not in favour of the proposed departure from the existing practice. They will pay their full quota as ascertained from the actual expenditure incurred in the District. The Board consider that the Comptroller is always in a position to determine the exact amount payable by the Board.

26. Read letter No. C. 512—L. B. 24-25, dated 15—17th June 1925, from the President, District Board, Shimoga forwarding an extract from the Proceedings of the District Conference held at Shimoga suggesting the opening of a road from Hulikere in Tirthahalli Taluk to Hariharpur in the Koppa Taluk.

Referred to the Taluk Board for consideration.

27. Read letter No. 4255, dated 28th May 1925, from the District Medical Officer, Kadur District, forwarding an extract from the remarks made by the Deputy Commissioner in the Visitors' book of Koppa Dispensary suggesting the construction of an in-patient ward at Koppa.

An in-patient ward may be constructed at Koppa.

28. Read No. 1550—T. A. D. B., dated 13th June 1925, from the Comptroller in Mysore, demanding for a lumpsum contribution of Rs. 150 fixed per annum towards the maintenance charges of the Veterinary Dispensary at Mudgere irrespective of the period the Institution existed. (The Dispensary was opened on 2nd October 1924 while the contribution is demanded for the whole year from 1st July 1924.)

The Board object to the language of the objection slip in question and resolve that Government may be moved to ask the Comptroller to recover only the proportionate charges for the year.

29. Read President's Note proposing the entertainment of an additional establishment consisting of a Clerk on Rs. 40 and a peon on Rs. 11 from 1st July 1925.

May be deferred until the Budget is sanctioned.

30. Read Narasimharajapura Taluk Board President's No. L. B. 859—24-25, dated *nil* submitting for sanction a deviation statement relating to the well work at Settikoppa. (Malnad Improvement work.)

May be sanctioned.

31. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. L. B. 177—24-25, dated 22nd June 1925, submitting for sanction a reappropriation statement for the excess expenditure of the Taluk Board for 1924-25.

A sum of Rs. 32 is sanctioned.

32. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. L. B. 154—23-24, recommendi the constitution of a Village Panchayet at Kartikere.

Deferred for the present.

33. Read District Medical Officer's letter No. 4648, dated 19th June 1925, forwardir the report from the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Sringeri, regarding his visit to Kigga.

The Board are not in favour of the proposal.

34. *List of estimates sanctioned by the President in anticipation of Boar approval.*

		Rs.	a.	p.
1.	Repairing Midwife's quarters at Chikmagalur	100	0	0
2.	Repairs to III class travellers' bungalow at Kemmannagundi	151	0	0
3.	Construction of a cattle pound at Sakrepatna from the Panchayet Funds	890	0	0
4.	Repairing the III class travellers' bungalow at Sakrepatna	47	8	9
5.	Repairing the III class travellers' bungalow at Birur ...	37	12	0
6.	Do the musafirkhana at Sakrepatna ...	311	0	0

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

Estimates for sanction.

1.	Constructing of a cattle pound at Handi, Chikmagalur Taulk	442	0	0
2.	Improving the road between Maddikere and Chipparagutti in the Mudgere Taluk under the Village Improvement Scheme, the Patel having agreed to contribute a moiety of the cost by labour	138	0	0
3.	Sinking a well at Voderahalli, Kadur Taluk. The people having contributed their quota by labour	790	0	0
4.	Bill for the District Fund quota towards the repairs of the Veterinary Hospital at Chikmagalur	45	4	0
5.	Sinking a drinking water well for Panchamas of Arehalli, Kadur Taluk	620	0	0

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

Malnad Improvement.

1.	Repairing the Malnad Improvement Hospital building at Lakkavalli, Tarikere Taluk	170	0	0
2.	Revised estimate for sinking a well in the Mohamadans quarters at Banakal village, Mudgere Taluk. (The Original estimate sanctioned in 1918 being for Rs. 800) ...	1,016	0	0
3.	Repairing Sollebyle water works.	472	0	0
4.	Revised estimate together with a deviation statement and final bill for Rs. 718-10-0 relating to the well work at Bilagadde, Koppa Taluk, for Panchamas	718	10	0

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

35. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. L. B. 164—24-25, dated 20th May 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Taluk Board recommending that the grant to the Hindu Vaidyasala at Chikmagalur be increased by an additional sum of Rs. 25 in view of its usefulness to the public.

Resolved that Government may be moved to sanction a contribution of Rs. 25 per mensem to the Ayurvedic Dispensary at Chikmagalur from the Taluk Board Funds as recommended by the Taluk Board to supplement the present grant.

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
President.

CHITALDRUG TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice dated 23rd June 1925.

Notice is hereby given to the inhabitants of the Chitaldrug Town Municipality that the Municipal Council desire to modify as follows the Schedule of taxes on motor cars and motor buses.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the modifications may, within one month from the date of this notice, send his objections in writing to the Municipal Council.

SCHEDULE OF TAXES A.

Serial No.	Name of tax	Class of property liable	Amount for which classes liable, etc.	Present	Proposed	Exemption	Time at which taxes are payable
				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
II.	Taxes on vehicles and animals kept for use within the Municipal limits.	All animals and vehicles kept for use within the Municipal limits and described in the next column.	5. Motor car, each	3 0 0	8 0 0	Same as heretofore.	two equal instalments in advance in ly and January
			6. Motor bus, each	..	12 0 0		

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JULY 23, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 337—*Ml.* 14-25-2, *dated* 15*th July* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and with reference to Government Notification No. L, 4639—Ml. 57-24-257, dated 31st December 1924, reconstituting the City Municipal Council, Mysore, it is hereby notified that Mr. T. Thambiran, B.A. Superintendent, Government Central Panchama Institute, Mysore, is appointed as a Municipal Councillor, Mysore City Municipal Council *vice* Mr. S. Dorairaj, resigned.

No. L. 408—*L. B.* 9-24-129, *dated* 17*th July* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules issued with Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-1, dated 13th July 1918, as amended by Notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated 11th November 1921, the term of the existing Village Panchayets of Settikere, Yelnadu and Kenkeri in the Chiknayakanhalli Taluk, Tumkur District, is extended up to the end of August 1925, pending their reconstitution.

No. L. 415—*L. B.* 54-25-6, *dated* 17*th July* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules, 1918, the term of the following Village Panchayets in the Tumkur Taluk, is extended up to the end of August 1925, pending their reconstitution :—

1. Kyatsandra
2. Bellavi
3. Hebbur
4. Gulur
5. Honnudike
6. Kolala
7. Seethakal
8. Urdagere
9. Chickthottalakere
10. Kora

No. L. 417—*L. B.* 54-25-5, *dated* 17*th July* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules, 1918, the term of the following Village Panchayets in the Maddagiri Taluk, is extended up to 6th August 1925, pending their reconstitution :—

1. Kodigenahalli
2. Kadagathur
3. Doddamalur
4. Ittigedibbanahalli
5. Midagesi
6. Dodderi
7. Byala
8. Kodalapura

By Order,
T. K. SOMESWARA IYER,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

SANITARY BOARD, KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 6TH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE KOLAR GOLD FIELDS SANI BOARD FOR THE YEAR 1924-25 HELD ON FRIDAY THE 19TH JUNE 1925 IN SANITARY BOARD OFFICE, CHAMPION REEFS, AT 3-30 P.M.

Members.

Present ... 17. | Absent ... 1.

1. Proceedings of the 5th Ordinary Meeting held on 17th April 1925.
Resolution.—Confirmed.

* * * * *

3. List of public works sanctioned in April and May 1925.
Resolution—Sanctioned.

* * * * *

7. Travelling Allowance Bill of the Vice-President for the month of April 1925 amo ing to Rs. 10-3-0.
Resolution.—Passed.

8. i. Application dated 1st May 1925, from Mr. V. Vedamamuni Pastor M. Luthern Mission of Marikuppam, praying for the grant of land measuring 150' x 150' the Andersonpet Shandy for the construction of a Lecture Hall for the uplift of the depre classes.

ii. Medical Officer's of Health recommendation No. L. R. 645, dated 15th May 1 for the grant of land free of rent to the extent not exceeding 300 square yards on cer conditions.
Resolution.—Deferred.

9. Memo No. 441, dated 30th May 1925, from the Medical Officer of Health reques to address Government for extending the period of compulsory Vaccination for another years from the 10th September 1925 on which date the period sanctioned expires.
Resolution.—A recommendation may be made as proposed.

10. *i.* Estimate amounting to Rs. 170 for giving water connection to Sri Prasa Lakshmi Venkataramanaswami Temple, Robertsonpet received from the Executive Engin Water Supply Division, with his No. 1826, dated 22nd May 1925.

ii. Medical Officer's of Health No. 884, dated 1st June 1925, stating that the tem authorities desire the pipe connection being given at the cost of the Board and the recur charges of water consumption being also borne by the Board.
Resolution—Deferred.

11. Travelling Allowance Bill of Mr. T. Subramanya Iyer, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, teriological Laboratory, for the months of February and May 1925, amounting to Rs. 3- for each journey to Bethamangala which is beyond jurisdiction.
Resolution.—Passed.

12. Re-appropriation statement for the transfer of funds from one head to another.
Resolution.—Sanctioned.

13. Proposal for the revision of House and Mohatarfa Taxes in Robertsonpet and the villages in the Sanitary Board area.
Resolution—A Sub-Committee consisting of the Vice-President as Chairman, Medical Officer of Health and Mr. Narasinga Rao, with the Amildar of B ringpet as co-opted member may be appointed to investigate the propo made in the Vice-President's memo and submit recommendations before 15th of August 1925.

* * * * *

15. Proposed by Mr. Ramegowda that the following resolution be passed congra lating Rajamantradhurina Sir A. R. Banerji, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., Dewan of Mysore, on Knighthood conferred on him by His Majesty the King Emperor.

"This Board offers its congratulations to Rajamantradhurina Sir A. R. Banerji, C C.I.E., I.C.S., Dewan of Mysore, on the Knighthood conferred on him by His Majesty King Emperor, and prays for his long life and prosperity."
Resolution.—Passed.

16. Resolved also that the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board offer their congrat tions to Mr. K. P. Puttanna Chetty, C.I.E., on the high distinction of Knighthood confe on him by His Majesty the King Emperor.
Resolution.—Passed.

17. On the proposal of Mr. Pritchard, Superintendent of Police, it was resolved a monthly allowance of Rs. 4 be sanctioned for the Head Clerk of his Office who ha attend to the work of registration of Hackney Carriages on the Fields.
Resolution.—Passed.

S. HIRIANNAIYA,
President.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 10th July 1925.

Under Section 21 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules of 1918, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Sira Taluk, shall be reconstituted as follows for a period of three years from the date of publication of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette.*

1. BUKKAPATNA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Doddakallegowda
2. „ Yellappa Setty
3. „ Chickamadudi Basappa
4. „ Doddaguna Chennabasappa
5. „ Sannamalliah
6. „ Venkatapathiah

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Venkataramiah, Shanbhog
8. „ Madodappa

Ex-officio Member.

9. Mr. Sannakallegowda, Patel

2. KALLEMBELLA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Chikkabode Gowda
2. „ Seenappa, Shanbhog
3. „ Govindappa, Shanbhog
4. „ Kame Gowda
5. „ Kamegowdana Marulegowda
6. „ Marulegowda

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Mudiyanna
8. „ Chikka Halegowda

Ex-officio Member.

9. Mr. Marulegowda, Patel

3. BARAGUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members

1. Mr. Thimmappiah
2. „ Narashimiah
3. „ Sanjeevaiah
4. „ Hanumantha Rau
5. „ Siddiah
6. „ Doddiah

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Govindappa
8. „ Mahamad Sab

Ex-officio Member.

9. Mr. Dodda Karegowda, Patel

4. BEVINAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Ramanna
2. „ Parasajjera Govindappa
3. „ Sanna Balappa
4. „ Hatty Thimmegowda
5. „ Rangiah Setty
6. „ Kambanna

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Annayappa, Shanbhog
8. „ Ammannaiah Setty

Ex-officio Member.

9. Mr. Karnagegowda, Patel.

5. TARUR VILLAGE PACHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Rudregowda
2. „ Uddanda Setty
3. „ Halemane Chikveerappa
4. „ Sale Venkatramiah
5. „ Chickgowdappa
6. „ Lingappa

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Seebi Narashimiah
8. „ Thathanna.

Ex-officio Member.

9. Mr. Rudregowda, Patel.

6. KOTTA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Muddarangappa
2. „ Vodo Lingappa
3. „ Guddatha Rangappa
4. „ Basavalingappa
5. „ Veeregowda
6. „ Maregowda

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Puttarangappa
8. „ Rangegowda.

Ex-officio Member.

9. Mr. Narayana Gowda, Patel

7. HALENAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Bogappa	7. Mr. Venkatramiah
2. ,, Syed Hussain	8. ,, Veeranna
3. ,, Puttiah	
4. ,, Rangasamanna	
5. ,, Nagappa	
6. ,, Chickgowdappa	

Ex-officio Member.

9. Mr. Javaregowda, Patel

Notification dated 10th July 1925.

Under Section 21 of the Village Panchayets Election Rules of 1918, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Gubbi Taluk, shall be reconstituted as follows for a period of three years from the date of publication of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette.*

1. BIDARE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Venkatasubbiah	7. Mr. Karalappa
2. ,, Pacchappa	8. ,, Yeera Shakuniah
3. ,, Venkataramiah	
4. ,, Rajappa	
5. ,, Thammayya	
6. ,, Adiraja Setty	

Ex-officio Member.

9. Mr. Venkatramiah, Patel.

2. CHELUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Butcarappa *alias* Lakshminarashimiah.	7. Mr. Hanjanalu Lakshminarashimiah
2. ,, Ramakrishniah	8. ,, M. Kariyappa
3. ,, Lakshminarashimiah	
4. ,, Sreenivasiah	
5. ,, Bhaskara Setty	
6. ,, Kempegowda	

Ex-offico Member.

9. Mr. Venkate Gowda, Patel

3 KADABA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Doddegowda	7. Mr. H. S. Chokkanna Iyengar
2. ,, Nanjundiah	8. ,, Kempachar
3. ,, Venkatramiah	
4. ,, Puttanniah	
5. ,, Appajayya	
6. ,, Venkatanarasimhachar	

Ex-officio Members.

9. Mr. Hutchveeregowda, Patel

4. KALLUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Venkatasubbiah	7. Mr. Sivaruddriah
2. ,, Beedimane Chikkanna	8. ,, Muddalingegowda
3. ,, Yejman Jogi Bettayya	
4. ,, Sahukar Siddaramiah	
5. ,, Siddamalliah	
6. ,, Venkatanarasbimiah	

Ex-officio Member.

9. Mr. Veeregowda, Patel.

5. CHITANAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. C. R. Subba Rau	7. Mr. Mohadeen Sab
2. ,, Dasappa Setty	8. ,, Thimmiah
3. ,, Shesagiri Iyer	
4. ,, Venkatramiah	
5. ,, Ramakrishna Setty	
6. ,, Ranganna	

Ex-officio Member.

9. C. K. Rangayya, Patel.

Notification dated 10th July 1925.

Under Section 21 of the Village Panchayets Election Rules of 1918, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Turuvekere Sub-Taluk, shall be reconstituted as follows for a period of three years from the date of publication of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette* :—

1. MAYASANDRA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. D. Venkatarama Iyengar.	7. Mr. Sheik Ibrahim.
2. „ B. Boriah.	8. „ Dharani Setty.
3. „ Narasidevariah.	
4. „ Galige Gowda.	
5. „ H. Nanjappa.	
6. „ M. Krishnappa.	

Ex-officio Members.

9. Mr. K. Kesavachar, Patel.

2. MAVINKERE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Mudde Gowda.	5. Mr. Bore Gowda.
2. „ Ninge Gowda.	6. „ Kada Sidde Gowda.
3. „ Siddalinge Gowda.	
4. „ Puttasamy Setty.	

Ex-officio Members.

7. Mr. Kenche Gowda, Patel.

3. TANDAGA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Venkataramana Iyer.	5. Mr. Sheik Hussain.
2. „ Honnappa Setty.	6. „ Puttanniah.
3. „ Thirumaliah, Shanbhog.	
4. „ Padmarajiah.	

Ex-officio Members.

7. Mr. Lakke Gowda, Patel.

MD. ZAHIRUDDIN MEOCI,
Deputy Commissioner.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DISTRICT BOARD OF MYSORE, PASSED AT A MEETING HELD AT 1 P.M. ON SATURDAY, THE 11TH JULY 1925.

Present.

A. V. Ramanathan, Esq., B.A., Deputy Commissioner (President).

Members.

Present 40. | *Absent* 7.

Deferred subjects.

1. Correspondence relating to the continuance or otherwise of the Rest House in Mandya in charge of the Taluk Board in consideration of its present dilapidated condition.

Resolution.—The Board is not in favour of taking over this building.

2. Government Notification No. 2927 dated 27th March 1925 publishing for general information the "District Board Bill" and "Village Panchayet Bill".

Resolution.—(*a*) That the exclusive control of Revenue Officers over Village Panchayets should be treated as transitory during the organisation period and that the Panchayets must be subordinated and correlated to the District Board within a period of 5 years.

(*b*) That the Taluk Boards should continue in future also (23 against 14).

(*c*) That 92 (*b*) of the Mysore District Board Bill be omitted as it is derogatory to the prestige of the District Board (22 against 11).

3. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Seringapatam for renting a building at Rs. 8 per mensem for locating the Taluk Board Office.

Resolution.—Deferred.

4. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mysore (1) for shifting the present vaidyasala at Maragowdanahalli to Yelwal (2) increasing the present allowance of the Pandit from Rs. 15 to Rs. 25 to meet the cost of drugs, etc.

Resolution.—(1) Deferred.

(2) The allowance may be raised to Rs. 20 per mensem.

5. Correspondence relating to the holding of a weekly shandy at Heggur or Menasikyatanahalli village (Inam) in the T.-Narsipur Taluk.

Resolution.—The District Board sanction the holding of a weekly shandy at Menasikyatanahalli village (Inam) in the T.-Narsipur Taluk on Mondays, on the following conditions.

(1) That a suitable site acceptable to the President of the Taluk Board of T.-Narsipur is provided by the Inamdar.

(2) That arrangements to the satisfaction of the District Board are made for sanitation, conservancy and water supply to the shandy.

(3) That all shandy fees levied shall be credited to the District Board.

6. Letter No. 306 dated 8th April 1925 from the President, Town Municipal Council of Nanjangud, regarding contributing from District Funds one-third of the estimated cost of Rs. 5,000 for constructing a compound wall around the Local Fund Dispensary at Nanjangud.

Resolution.—Deferred for the next year.

ORDINARY SUBJECTS.

I. Proceedings of the last District Board Meeting.

Resolution.—Recorded.

2. Utilisation of the provision of Rs. 2,500 provided for Sericultural Improvement in the current year's budget.

Resolved that the scheme proposed by the Superintendent of Sericulture be approved.

3. Letter No. H. C. 650—24-25, dated 11th May 1925 from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, forwarding for disposal by the District Board, the following local subjects classified as such at the district preliminary meeting on 7th April 1925.

Name of member and constituency.	Subject-matter in brief.
(1) Messrs. K. Linge Gowda and S. Thimme Gowda, Krishnarajapete.	Pray that the project of constructing a bridge at Akkihebbal over the river Hemavati be taken up early.

Resolution.—Deferred for consideration in 1926-27.

(2) Mr. Y. Sreenivasa Iyengar, Yelandur.	Prays that Santhemarahalli be connected with Chamarajanagar by a railway line. This will be convenient to the public and also a source of income to the Government.

Resolution.—The District Board are not in favour of considering this project until the present line is completed.

4. Letter No. H. C. 650—24-25, dated 11th May 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, forwarding for the opinion of the District Board, the following local subjects classified as such at the district preliminary meeting.

Name of member and constituency.	*Subject-matter in brief.* GANGAVADI PROJECT.
(1) Messrs. S. C. Malliah and M. C. Linge Gowda Mandya (Rural).	Pray that the Gangavadi Project Work in Lokapavani valley for the benefit of the northern portions of Mandya Taluk be taken up early.

Resloution.—The Executive Engineer's opinion may be called for.

(2) Messrs. B. Siddlainga Setty and B. Chennappa.	The proposed increase rates of assessment after resurvey and classification in old Yedatore Taluk may be reduced considerably as the raiyats could not get the usual yield from the lands and are unable to pay at the increased rates.

Resolution.—The District Board of Mysore recommend that in view of the handicap of the old Yedatore Taluk at present in respect of agricultural facilities and low out- turn, the recent resettlement rates be not brought into operation until 1929-30.

(3) Mr. H. R. T. Rajagopala Mudaliar, Hunsur.	It is requested that the services of a Lady Sub-Assistant Surgeon may be given to the town of Hunsur.

Resolution.—A female dispensary for Hunsur will be provided for in the budget for 1926-27.

5. Letter No. L. 7024-31—Ml. 145-24-3, dated 3rd April 1925, from the Secretary to the Government, Local and Legislative Departments regarding proposal for the revision of the scale of pay of appointments under Local Bodies.

Resoluton.—Taluk Boards of Gundlupet, Heggaddevankote, Malvalli and Nagamangala, Mandya and T.-Narsipur will have one clerk on Rs. 25 and one mutchi on Rs. 15 and one peon on Rs. 12 and those of the other taluks. a clerk on Rs. 30, a mutchi on Rs. 15 and a peon on Rs. 12. The permanent attenders getting more than Rs. 15 being given the difference as Personal Allowance.

In the District Board Office, the peon's pay may be raised from Rs. 11 to Rs. 12.

6. Letter No. Fl. 5954, dated 4th May 1925, from the Financial Secretary to the Government, stating that the Debenture Bonds of the Nanjangud-Chamarajanar Railway Loan may be treated as "Trust Fund Securities" and accepted in lieu of cash for Security Deposits taking only the current market value, not exceeding face value for purposes of Security Deposits.

Resolution.—Recorded.

7. Correspondence ending with this office letter No. C. 1760—L. B. 24-25, dated 19th June 1925, to the Secretary to the Government, Local and Legislative Departments, regarding the terms on which the Railway Department will work the Nanjangud-Chamarajanagar Railway on its completion, the working of branch line and debitting the cost of renewals and replacements to Capital and Revenue Accounts.

Resoution.—Recorded.

8. President's recommendation to Government regarding the retention of the services of the temporary Well Overseer and his peon for a further period of one year from 1st July 1925.

Government Order No. L. 9240-42—L. B. 4-23-34, dated 30th June 1925, sanctioning the retention of the services of the Well Overseer and his peon for a further period of one year.

Resolution.—Recorded.

9. Estimates received from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division and countersigned in anticipation of the approval of the District Board

(1) Estimate for Rs. 150 for repairing the arched-bridge in 8/4 of Gundlupet-Chamrajanagar Road received with his No. 1540-3, dated 22nd May 1925.

(2) Estimate for Rs. 170 for special repairs to Local Fund Dispensary at Heggaddevankote received with his No. 1412, dated 29th April 1925.

(3) Estimate for Rs. 400 for dismantling the "Dead House" and rebuilding the same outside the new extension of T.-Narsipur received with his No. 1535, dated 21st May 1925.

(4) Estimate for Rs. 1,195, for constructing a tunnel at 6/2 of Hunsur-Vedatore Road received with his No. 1541, dated 21st May 1925.

(5) Estimate for Rs. 6,490, for constructing a slab tunnel of 10 vents across the Kannahalli Halla at 7/68 of Mysore-Bangalore Road received with his No. 1536, dated 21st May 1925.

Resolution.—Recorded.

10. Correspondence ending with letter No. 361, dated 7th May 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, regarding the number of toll-gates in existence and proposed to be newly opened on State and District Fund Roads.

Resolution.—Recorded.

11. D. O. Letter No. H. 28—C., dated 2nd—3rd July 1925, from the Director of Industries and Commerce, informing that Weaving Demonstrator Mr. Annaiya, has been posted to the Mysore District.

Resolution.—Recorded.

12. Government Order No. I. C. 7545-64—A. & E. 191-23-10, dated 7th May 1925 directing that in future, the department which grants the several kinds of loans such as Dairy Farm Loan, Fruit Cultivation Loan, Sericultural Loan, etc., must maintain the account, relating to them.

Resolution.—Recorded.

13. Letter No. L. 7919-34—Sany. 13-24-4, dated 7th May 1925, from the Secretary to the Government, Local and Legislative Departments, inviting the opinion of the District Board, regarding the suggestions of the Sanitary Commissioner in the matter of the investigation of vital statistics.

Resolution.—The District Board has no objection to the direct transmission of copies of statements, but if the term 'directly under the Chief Sanitary Inspector' implies that the Chief Sanitary Inspector can punish the Sanitary Inspector direct, this cannot be allowed. All punishment must be awarded by the Taluk or District Board Presidents.

14. Letter No. L. 8218-23—L. B. 1-24-37, dated 15th May 1925, from the Secretary to the Government, Local and Legislative Departments, regarding providing funds if considered necessary for the supply of medicine chests to the Chief Sanitary Inspector.

Resolution.—The Board is not in favour of providing medicine chest to the Local Chief Sanitary Inspector as he is not a trained medical man.

15. Letter No. L. 8574-81—L. B. 124-24-2, dated May 1925, from the Secretary to the Government, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding for information the resolution No. IV passed in Belgam at the Karnataka Ayurvedic Sammelana on 24th and 25th December 1924 regarding Municipalities and District Local Boards having at their respective places a charitable Ayurvedic Dispensary for the use of the poor.

Resolution.—The Board is already maintaining such dispensaries.

16. This office letter No. C. 2146—L. B. 24-25, dated the 25th April 1925, to the Government, requesting that the work of constructing the bridges across the Cauvery and Kapini may be proceeded with without further delay and Memo No. L. 9037, dated 25th June 1925, received from the Government in reply.

Resolution.—Recorded. The Board requests that the works may be expedited. The Board is willing to provide from its closing balance the funds required for the works during the current year.

17.(*a*) Government Order No. L. 8203-4—L. B. 86-24-4, dated the 15th May 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, sanctioning the resolution of the District Board for an outlay of Rs. 500 for opening nurseries at Mysore and Melkote.

(*b*) Memo No. Mis. 52, dated 9th July 1925, from the District Forest Officer, Mysore, furnishing proposals for the utilisation of the grant of Rs. 500, provided for raising nurseries at Mysore and Melkote.

(*c*) Letter No. Mis. 53, dated 9th July 1925, from the District Forest Officer, Mysore, forwarding for countersignature, two estimates, one for Rs. 212 and the other for Rs. 281-12-0, for extending the nursery on the Chamundi Hills and opening new nurseries at Melkote.

Resolution.—(*a*) Recorded.

(*b*) and (*c*) Approved.

18. Letter No. C. 268, dated 5—6th April 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, regarding increasing the mileage allotment of Hunsur-Begur Road in Heggaddevankote Taluk from Rs. 75 to Rs. 200 per mile as there is a heavy bus service between 18—23 miles of this road.

Resolution.—The mileage allotment will be increased to Rs. 200 from 1925-26 for 4½ miles between Thumbsoge and Heggaddevankote.

19. (*a*) Government Order No. L. 9058-65—L. B. 66-24-7, dated 26th June 1925, sanctioning the levy of Education Cess.

(*b*) Appointment of a Committee for drawing up programme of work for the next year regarding the utilisation of the Education Cess in respect of Primary and Middle School Education.

Resolution.—(*a*) Recorded.

(*b*) The Vice-President,
The District Inspector of Education (Chairman),
Mr. M. S. Krishnaswamy Rao,
" H. C. Dasappa,
" M. C. Lakshmipathaiya,

will form the Educational Committee for consideration of the proposals of the Taluk Boards and correlate them with the proposals of the department.

20. Correspondence ending with Local and Legislative Secretary's D. O. No. L. 6564, dated 12th March 1925, calling for a report regarding the clearance of Lantana within half a mile radius of village sites.

Resolution.—The District Board is willing to allot Rs. 1,000 during the current year, for a scheme of grant-in-aid to pay one-third of the cost of removing Lantana and prickly pear growing within a radius of half a mile from the village sites, the villagers doing work to the extent of one-third of the cost and the Government contributing the other third.

21. Report No. L. F. 911, dated 6th June 1925, from the President, Taluk Board of Nanjangud, forwarding for sanction the proposal of the Taluk Board, for repairing the Basavanapura-Moodahalli Road at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,190, the cost being borne by the Taluk and District Board in equal proportions.

Resolution.—The District Board is aggreeable to pay half the cost, after the estimate is scrutinised by the Executive Engineer and sanctioned by the Government. The work to be executed by the Taluk Board.

22. The following refund bills for sanction as the claims are more than two years' old.

1. Refund bill for Rs. 150 in favour of B. Puttegowda of Amble Jeerahalli, Nagamangala Taluk. (This has been paid in anticipation of Board's approval.)
2. Refund bill for Rs. 5 in favour of Cheluva of Kuppavalli, Krishnarajpete Taluk.
3. Refund bill for Rs. 15 from the President, Municipal Council of Melkote on account of the cost of country medicines which is debitable to District Funds.
4. Refund bill for Rs. 2 in favour of Chenanka, being the refund of the fine imposed upon him under the Village Sanitary Rules.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

23. Correspondence relating to the acquisition of S. No. 97. (dry) of Gamnahalli village, Arakere hobli, Seringapatam Taluk, for the use of Bestars.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

24. The following T. A. bills received for sanction.

(1) T. A. Bill of Mr. K. Venkataswamaiyer, District Board Member, for the months of June and August 1922 and April 1923, the claim being more than two years old.

(2) T. A. Bill of M. Venkata Rao, Reserve Sanitary Inspector for April 1925, for having halted for more than ten days at Melkote in connection with Vairamudi Jatra.

(3) T. A. Bill of Abdul Aziz Sheriff, Reserve Sanitary Inspector, for the months of October and November 1923, for having halted for more than ten day at Heggaddevankote in connection with special duty at Karapur.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

25. T. A. Bill for Rs. 2-11-1, of the Local Fund Clerk of the Nanjangud Taluk Board for January 1919.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

26. Retention of the services of the temporary Railway Clerk for a further period of three months from 1st July 1925, for work in connection with the Railway Loan and Education Cess proposals.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

27. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mandya for paying a house rent of Re. 1 per mensem to the midwife at Basaral.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

28. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nanjangud in the matter of introducing Compulsory Vaccination into villages with a population of 500 and above.

Resolution.—The extention of the principle to villages is accepted and is recommended to the Government. Each village or set of villages will be separately reported to the Government.

29. Petition of Putta Madaiya (Panchama) of Kodi-ugani village, praying for a scholarship for undergoing training in carpentry in Chamarajendra Technical Institute, Mysore.

Resolution.—A scholarship not exceeding Rs. 10 per mensem may be sanctioned from the District Funds for this candidate for a period of 10 months.

30. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nanjangud for changing the weekly shandy day in the village of Hadinaru, Nanjangud Taluk from Monday to Friday.

Resolution.—Approved.

31. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Seringapatam for opening a Native Vaidyasala at Lakshmisagara on a monthly allowance of Rs. 10 from the Taluk Funds.

Resolution.—Approved.

32. The District Board Vice-President's memo regarding the payment of an allowance to one Panchama Vaidya Dasaiya for keeping a Vaidyasala at Doddaholagri, Mysore City.

Resolution.—The District Medical Officer's opinion may be taken.

33. Correspondence ending with Chamrajnagar Taluk Board President's No. 420, dated 17th April 1925, regarding an estimate for Rs. 1,060 for planting trees in Santhemarahalli market maidan and providing protection for planted trees.

Resolution.—Resolution No. 2 of the 8th November 1924, is adhered to for the present.

34. Letter No. 5190, dated 19th June 1925, from the Deputy Director of Agriculture regarding granting two scholarships to applicants belonging to the Mysore District, for undergoing training in Sri Krishnarajendra Vyavasaya Dharma Patasala, Chikkanahalli.

Resolution.—Two scholarships of the value of Rs. 12 per mensem each are sanctioned the scholars being selected from Mysore District students by the Department.

35. Official Memorandum No. O. M. 265, dated 27th June 1925, from the Director of Industries and Commerce, stating that a sum of Rs. 75,000 has been provided by Government for the grant of Takavi Loans for industries for the year 1925-26.

Resolution.—Recorded and circulated to all Taluk Boards for information.

36. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Seringapatam for deputing one student on a monthly stipend of Rs. 10 from its fund to undergo training in Sericulture with effect from 1st July 1925.

Resolution.—Sanctioned from the Taluk Funds.

37. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Seringapatam, for constructing a dispensary building at Melkote, the District Board and the Government bearing two-thirds and one-third.

Resolution.—The District Board will bear half the cost, if Government will bear the other half.

38. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Seringapatam for constructing a musafirkhana with a well at Melkote, the estimated cost of the musafirkhana and well being Rs. 4,687 and Rs. 675 respectively.

Resolution.—Deferred for consideration next year.

39. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Krishnarajapete for constructing a road from Chinkurli to Kannambadi at an estimated cost of Rs. 500.

Resolution.—A complete scheme may be called for.

40. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nanjangud for opening vaidyasalas at Hadinaru, Devanur and Kowlande, during the current year.

Resolution.—The appointment of two vaidyas, one at Hadinaru and the other at Devanur on a monthly allowance of Rs. 10 each from Taluk Funds is sanctioned.

41. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nanjangud for increasing the allowance of the native pandit of Kalale from Rs. 20 to Rs. 25.

Resolution.—The Board is not in favour of the proposal.

42. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nanjangud for constructing a Taluk Board Office at an estimated cost of Rs. 5,500.

Resolution.—Such a building may be deferred for the present.

43. Formation of the undermentioned Committees:—

(1) Railway Committee.
(2) District Economic Development Committee.
(3) Committee for framing bye-laws for the control and management of ferries in the District:—

Resolution.—(1) The Sub-Division Officer, Nanjangud.
The Vice-President (Convenor).
Mr. B. K. Ramakrishnayya.
" E. Krishnappa.
" T. Venkataswamaiya.

(2) The Vice-President (Convenor).
Mr. A. K. Yegnanarana Iyer.
" K. T. Kadaba.
" M. S. Lakshmipathaiya.
" M. S. Devojee Rao.
" Siddalinga Devaru.
" M. C. Linge Gowda.
" Chowda Setty.

(3) The Rules Committee may also propose these bye-laws. Mr. H. C. Dasappa will be added to the Rules Committee.

44. Correspondence relating to the Extension of Belavadi village, Mysore Taluk.

Resolution.—Deferred.

45. Read and recorded the Government orders and other communications.

46. Date of next meeting—12th September 1925.

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
President.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 14th July 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, the Thogaranahalli Village Panchayet in the Alur Sub-Taluk will be reconstituted as noted below, with effect from 12th August 1925.

ELECTED MEMBERS.

(1) Mr. Basavegowda, son of Lakkegowda
(2) " Marigowda, son of Chennegowda
(3) " Pattabhiramaiya, son of Ramakrishnaiya

Nominated members will be notified separately

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification No. H. C. 325—(Rev.) 24-25, dated 12th July 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation of 1918 and the rules framed thereunder, and with the approval of Government, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Sorab Taluk, are reconstituted for a period of three years from the dates noted against each :—

1. HECHE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1st July 1925.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Thippanna	1. Mr. Huvanna
2. " Mallarappa, Patel	2. " Kariyanna
3. " Shantappa	3. " Siddanna
4. " Giddanna	
5. " Basappa	
6. " Ramanna	

2. GUDAVI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1st July 1925.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Sivarudrappa Gowda	1. Mr. Sivappa Patel
2. „ Galabhe Mallarappa	2. „ Erasetti
3. „ Channabasappa Gowda	
4. „ Annaji Gowda	
5. „ Basappa, Patel	

CHANDRAGUTTI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

27th July 1925.

Elected Members	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Sonagar Huchappa	1. Mr. Seshagiri Rao
2. „ Gurunathabhatta	2. „ Baba Sab
3. „ Nadig Krishnappa	
4. „ Nadig Swami Rao	
5. „ Mari Rao	

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 4TH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE DISTRICT BOARD, SHIMOGA, HELD ON MONDAY THE 29TH JUNE 1925, AT 1 P.M., IN THE TOWN HALL AT SHIMOGA.

	Official Members.	*Non-official Members.*
Present ...	... 6	17
Absent ...	... 1	12

1. Result of the sale of right to collect tolls at the several District Fund Toll Gates during 1925-26 :—

		Rs.
i.	Bhadravati	1,651
ii.	Channagiri	2,112
iii.	Sulekere	461
iv.	Saulanga	5,553
v.	Hulginkoppa	3,055
vi.	Ulvi	2,705
vii.	Badadabyle	780
viii.	Agasanahalli	1,000
ix.	Laxmipur	730
	Total ...	18,047

Resolution.—Confirmed.

2. Read Government Order No. L. 8337—L. B. 566-24-10, dated 28th May 1925, sanctioning the opening of a temporary toll gate during jatra time at Chandragutty, Sorab Taluk.

Resolution.—Recorded with the recommendation that the realisations from this toll gate should be solely utilised for improving the Sorab-Chandragutty Road in the first instance and for providing water facilities for pilgrims.

3. Read letter No. L. 7919-34—Sany. 13-24-4, dated 7th May 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments forwarding for opinion of the District Board an unofficial note from the Sanitary Commissioner making certain suggestions in the matter of investigation of vital statistics.

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject be referred to a Sub-Committe consisting of the Sub-Division Officers of Sagar and Tirthahalli, Mr. Rama Rao Bapat, Vice-President, Taluk Board, Sagar, the District Medical Officer with the Vice-President of the District Board as convenor, with a request that their opinion be submitted for consideration at the next meeting.

4. Read D. O. No. G. C. 37-5, dated 2nd May 1925, from the Senior Surgeon with the Government calling for the opinion of the Local Bodies in the matter of paying the house rent to all Sub-Assistant Surgeons' quarters at all places where there are no free quarters provided, etc.

Resolution.—Resolved that in places where there are quarters constructed at the cost of the Government and Local Bodies, such quarters may be made rent free and in places where there are no Government quarters, the Taluk Boards and Municipalities in urban areas in equal proportion, and Taluk Boards in rural areas, may sanction a house rent of Rs. 5.

5. Letter No. 521, dated 14th April 1925, from the Honorary Secretary to the Central itute for the Deaf and Blind, Mysore, stating that with reference to the admission of ppa (blind boy) to the Institution, the District Board will have to pay Rs. 100 per

annum for every student besides the annual contribution of Rs. 100 towards the upkeep of the Institution.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that enquiries may be made whether the applicant possesses any means of livelihood or relatives who can bear his expenses.

6. Read letter No L. 8641—L. B. 122-24-2, dated 6th June 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments requesting to obtain the resolution of the District Board for introducing the following conditions in the existing rules relating to the collection of tolls as suggested by the President :—

(i) There will be no composition by the District Board from persons owning motor buses plying for hire, but the Board may compound with the owners of other conveyances particularly those of Agriculturists living within the limits of the villages in which toll-gates have been established.

(ii) No toll will be levied on carts, etc., passing along the same toll-gate within 24 hours computing from sunrise to sunrise if a toll has once been collected. The motor buses plying for hire passing through two or more toll-gates on the same day computing from sunrise to sunrise will have to pay toll at each toll-gate.

Resolution.—Resolved that the conditions introduced in the sale notification of the toll-gates may be approved with the addition of following note to make the point clear :—

"No toll shall be levied afresh on any cart, etc., excepting motor buses passing along the toll-gate, if within a period of 24 hours computing from sunrise to sunrise a toll has been collected thereon at a toll-gate of the District Board."

7. Read letter No. G. 19, dated 4th June 1925, from the Superintendent of Post Offices, Mysore Division, forwarding extract of para 5 from D. O. letter dated 2nd June 1925 to the R. W. Thomson, Esq., Bar.-at-Law, Postmaster-General, Madras regarding the levy of revised tolls on motors carrying Royal Mails.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Postal Superintendent be informed that as the toll-gates have already been sold this year and that as the financial condition of the Board is not satisfactory, the Board regret that they cannot show any concession *re* the levy of tolls on motor cars carrying Royal Mails with passengers.

8. Read memo No. L. 8664, dated 6th June 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments forwarding a copy of letter addressed to the Senior Surgeon stating that the recommendation of the District Board to maintain the Megravalli Dispensary from Malnad Improvement Funds cannot be sanctioned and it should continue to be maintained out of Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—Recorded.

9. Read letter No. 3789, dated 4th June 1925, from the Superintendent of Sericulture in Mysore intimating that if the District Board could spare about 500 rupees he is willing to co-operate with the District Board in connection with the expansion of Sericulture in the District.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be dropped for the present.

10. Read memo No. O. C. 899—24-25, dated the 1st June 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga, forwarding for the consideration of the District Board a copy of letter from the District Medical Officer regarding the advisability of constructing an Epidemic Diseases Hospital at Shimoga, the cost of the building being met partly by Government and partly by the District Board and the Town Municipality.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter may lie over till full information regarding the cost, both initial and recurring, is received from the District Medical Officer and in the meanwhile, the Municipality be requested to intimate the steps they have been taking in this matter.

11. Read memo No. H. C. 156—24-25, dated 24th February 1925, from the Sub-Division Officer, Sagar, recommending that the Talaguppa Model House which is in a dilapidated condition may be given away for an upset price fixed by an officer of the Department of Public Works Department after inspection or sold away in auction, etc.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

12. Read report No. 1945, dated 22nd May 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, requesting permission to utilise from the closing balance, a sum of Rs. 30 towards the cost of printing 350 copies of the Compulsory Vaccination Bye-laws.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

13. Read report No. 1992, dated the 26th May 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri forwarding a copy of the resolution of the Taluk Board, recommending the acquisition of 2 acres and 2½ guntas out of Survey No. 39 of Yekkegundi Village Extension, the cost of acquisition being met out of Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

14. Read report No. 1070, dated 14th May 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Tirthahalli, submitting for sanction out of District Funds (as the taluk boards have hardly any surplus) an estimate for Rs. 720 for constructing a musafirkhana at Mandagadde.

Resolution.—Resolved that the President be requested to submit a revised estimate providing Mangalore tiles for the roofing.

15. Read report No. 624, dated 4th April 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Kumsi, submitting for sanction the recommendation of the Board to pay Rs. 10 per month of the sweeper of the Ayanur market, might be met out of the Taluk Board Funds instead of Ayanur Village Panchayet's Funds as is being done now, as the realisations from the market collection are credited to the former.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

16. Continuance of the services of the District Board Railway Accountant for another year.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

17. The following subjects of local character sent to the District Board for disposal after discussion at the Preliminary Meeting of the Representative Assembly Members held at Shimoga on the 7th April 1925:—

(*a*) The opening of Local Fund Dispensary at Basavapatna in the Channagiri Taluk. (By Mr. Basettappa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that this proposition may be considered when the finances of the Board improve.

(*b*) Special repairs to roads in Malnad-Maidan parts owing to the frequent running of motor cars and busses and recent floods and maintenance of local fund roads. (By Messrs. B. Gopalachar, T. Ramanna, G. V. Rangappa and U. Srinivasa Udupa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that as mileage cess has been levied on motor busses, the special repairs may be attended to the badly affected bits of the District Board roads.

(*c*) Early construction of Shimoga-Arasalu Railway.

Resolution.—Resolved that a recommendation be made to the Government in the matter.

(*d*) Abolition of Railway Cess. Interest on the Railway Debenture Bonds may be made equal to the rate of interest that is being paid on Government Loans. (By Messrs. Dalavai Basalingappa, Kali Gundappa, Gajanur Chennappa Setty and Nadig Aswatha Rao.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the Railway Cess cannot be abolished and that a recommendation be made to the Government to raise the rate of interest to 6¼ per cent on Railway Debenture Bonds as previously resolved by the Board.

(*e*) Construction of a bridge across the river Varada near Chandragutti and Hasavihalli. (By Messrs. Nadig Lakshmana Rao and Nadig Bhaskara Rao.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the Executive Engineer be requested to order an estimate to be prepared for the construction of a foot bridge across the Varada river near Chandragutti and forward the same for the consideration of the Board.

(*f*) Construction of bridges across the Sulekere-Kodihalli near Hosur and also across the halla on Thyavanige-Davangere road. (By Mr. Nallakudure Halappa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that these bridges may be undertaken as funds permit one after the other.

(*g*) Certain alteration may be made in the interest warrant to endorse the payment in favour of another party by the owner of bonds may be made. (Mr. Nadig Aswatha Rao.)

Resolution.—Resolved that as the present rules allow facilities to endorse the payment of interest warrant in favour of any person, no further alteration is called for.

(*h*) Opening of Telegraph Offices at Taluk Headquarters of Sorab, Shikarpur and Nyamati and Honnali. (By Messrs. Nadig Lakshmana Rao and Nadig Bhaskara Rao.)

Resolution.—Resolved that a recommendation be made to the Government in the matter through the Director of Industries and Commerce.

(*i*) The introduction of Village Improvement Scheme. (By Messrs. Nadig Lakshmana Rao and Nadig Bhaskara Rao.)

Resolution.—As the Village Improvement Scheme is already in force, no further action is necessary.

(*j*) Grant of travelling allowance to members attending the meeting for discussion of local subjects that are referred to the District Board. (By Messrs. Nadig Lakshmana Rao, Nadig Bhaskara Rao, B. Gopalachar and T. Ramanna.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the Board are of opinion that the Representative Assembly Members attending the meetings of the District Board for discussing the local subjects referred to the Board for disposal or opinion are entitled to travelling allowance and that the same may be paid out of State Funds.

(*k*) Creating more facilities in the existing in-patient wards of Local Fund Dispensaries by appointing an additional ward boy and nurse and increasing the special supply of medicine and the construction of in-patient wards where they do not exist.

Resolution.—Resolved that this subject may be noted for consideration.

(*l*) Opening of a High School at Sagar. (By Messrs. Dalvai and Gajanur Chennappa Setty.)

Resolution.—Resolved that if a sum of at least Rs. 10,000 be called from public subscriptions towards the cost of constructing school building, the subject will be referred to the Government for favourable consideration.

(*m*) Introduction of compulsory education in Malnad parts of villages. (By Mr. N. Srinivasa Udupa).

Resolution.—May be recommended to the Inspector-General of Education.

(*n*) Establishment of a Panchama Boarding Home at Shimoga. (By Mr. Dumm Panchaksharappa.)

Resolution.—May be recommended to the Inspector-General of Education.

(*o*) Early opening of a High School at Tirthahalli. (By Messrs. B. Gopala Char and T. Ramanna.)

Resolution.—Resolved that as the Government have been pleased to open the High School at Tirthahalli this year, the thanks of the Board and the Representative Assembly Members be conveyed to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore.

(*p*) Mr. B. Gopala Char proposed and seconded by Mr. Srinivasa Dikshit and carried *nemcon* that the thanks of the Dasara Representatives be conveyed to the President of the Board (Mr. A. K. Syed Taj Peeran, B.A.,) for the keen interest evinced and action taken by him in getting the establishment of the High School at Tirthahalli this year alone.

18. B. LOCAL SUBJECTS FORWARDED FOR OPINION OF THE DISTRICT BOARD.

(*a*) Barawardars may be permitted to appoint competent gumastas to look after their works on their own responsibility. (By Messrs. Veerabhadrappa and Nadig Aswatha Rao.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*b*) Appointment of literate Patels for the villages. (By Mr. G. P. Rangappa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*c*) Increase of potgi to Shanbhogs and Patels. (By Messrs. Nadig Lakshmana Rao and Nadig Bhaskara Rao.)

Resolution.— Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*d*) Water facilities for wet cultivation. If irrigation facilities by means of channels cannot be had under the important rivers, water may be made available for wet cultivation by means of pumps, etc. (By Mr. Rangappa, Patel, Gollarahalli.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*e*) Lopping of avenue trees, etc., proper arrangements may be made to systematically lop off over-hanging branches of avenue trees on roads. (By Mr. H. S. Venkatappa Gowda.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*f*) Introduction of Malnad Raiyats' Privileges Rules into Anavatti Hobli of Sorab Taluk. (By Mr. Chandrasekarappa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that a recommendation may be made to the Government.

(*g*) Repairs to Major and Minor tanks in the Sorab Taluk.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be recommended to Deputy Commissioner.

(*h*) Empowering the Special Second Grade Magistrate, Sagar, to try First Class cases. (By Messrs. Dalvai Basalingappa, Gajanur Chennappa Setty and Kale Gundappa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that a recommendation be made to the Government.

(*i*) Grant of permission to license holders to shoot in the State Forest for the protection of their crops.

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*j*) Appointment of Moktheyars. (By Mr. Siddabasappa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*k*) Introduction of Breach of Contract Act to Maidan Taluks. (By Mr. N. Gurulingappa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*l*) Removal of restriction in the grant of gun licenses, etc., under the Arms Regulation. (By Mr. Puttamallappa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*m*) Sufficient State Fund Grant may be sanctioned for the repairs of Chandrasala and the Car of Sri Ranganatha Swami at Sorab and repairs to the Car of Sri Renukamba at Chandragutty from State Funds as the funds at the credit of the Institutions are too inadequate. (By Messrs. Nadig Laxmana Rao and Nadig Bhaskara Rao.)

Resolution.—Resolved that a recommendation be made to the Muzrai Commissioner.

(*n*) Free grant of timber by Government for the repairs of ancient Muzrai temples etc. (By Mr. Chandrasekarappa.)

Resolution.—As there is provision in the rules no further action is called for.

(*o*) Leasing out Devadaya Inam wet lands for a number of years, *i.e.*, 15 to 20 years, (By Messrs. H. S. Venkatappa Gowda and Gopalachar.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*p*) Leasing out Devadaya Inam Bagayat lands permanently for cultivation. (By Mr. T. Ramanna.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*q*) Repairs to minor Muzrai temples.—Instead of making the Vahivatdars, pay a small reserve fund, they should be made responsible for the proper maintenance of the temples, etc. (By Mr. Nadig Aswatha Rao.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*r*) All school buildings may be constructed without recovering any contribution from the raiyats and in the interest of the development of Education of Malnad students, education may be made free to all the students (By Mr. H. S. Venkatappa Gowda).

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*s*) Government may be pleased to provide boarding facilities to students belonging to Lingayat and Jain communities in the Deaf and Dumb School at Mysore, as provision has been made for only Brahmins and other Hindus. (By Mr. Dummi Panchaksharappa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*t*) Extension of A. V. School at Sorab and construction of building for Primary Girls' School. (By Messrs. B. Gopalachar and T. Ramanna.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the proposal may be included in the programme of Education Cess Budget.

(*u*) Appointment of trained school masters for the primary schools in the Malnad Taluks. (by Messrs. B. Gopalachar and T. Ramanna.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*v*) Introduction of books containing sanitary and hygiene principles into all Education Institutions. (By Messrs. Dalvai Basalingappa, Kale Gundappa and G. Chennappa Setty.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*w*) Unused Stamp Papers.—A person may be allowed to make use of the unused stamp papers purchased by him some time back, at a subsequent time when he has to make use of the stamp paper of higher denominations. (By Messrs. S. Siddabasappa and Nadig Aswatha Rao.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*x*) Taking of thumb impressions of purchasers of general stamp papers. (By Mr. Siddabasappa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*y*) Reduction of fees of Sub-Registrars for private attendance. (By Messrs. U. Laxmana Rao and N. Bhaskara Rao.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*z*) Loans at concession rates of interest may be granted to traders on obtaining proper securities, (By Messrs. Dalavai Basalingappa, Kale Gundappa and G. Chennappasetty.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

(*aa*) Waggons facilities for arecanut merchants at the Railway Stations. (By Mr. D. Panchaksharappa)

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject may be sent back to the Deputy Commissioner, requesting that as it is of a general nature, the movers may be directed to bring it before the Representative Assembly.

19. C. Subjects that were discussed at the District Conference held in April 1925, and referred to the District Board for disposal.

(*i*) Opening a new road from Siralkoppa to Chikkerur, (By Mr. Srinivasa Dikshit.)

Resolution.—Resolved that an estimate be got prepared by the Special Sub-Overseer and the cost be met out of the Malnad Improvement Grant and Taluk Board Funds.

(*ii*) Formation of the Ayanur-Siragere road. (By Kumsi Sub-Taluk Conference.)

Resolution.—Resolved that an estimate be obtained and then the allotment be made out of the Malnad Improvement grant for the work.

(*iii*) Construction of a new musafirkhana near the new Taluk Office, Kumsi. (By the Kumsi Sub-Taluk Conference.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the reply of the Taluk Board be awaited in the revised estimate which has been forwarded for their opinion.

(*iv*) Opening of a road from Kamaraghatta to Sasuvehalli and on to Rampur. (By Messrs. N. Siddappa and Shankarappa.)

Resolution.—Resolved that this road may be worked out under the Village Improvement Scheme.

(*v*) Construction of musafirkhana at Chandragutty. (By Mr. Guruve Gowda.)

Resolution.—Resolved that a musafirkhana at Chandragutty is very necessary and that a building at a cost of Rs. 3,000 be constructed out of the temple funds and Taluk Board Funds in equal proportions.

(*vi*) A road from Hilikere in Tirthahalli Taluk to Hariharpur in Koppa Taluk, *via* Basavani. (By Mr. Gopalachar.)

Resolution.—Resolved that this subject may be noted for consideration.

(*vii*) Grant of Rs. 20 a month by the District Board to the School Council of the Collegiate High School, Shimoga, to supplement the collection of Poor Fund. (By Mr. S. Sitaramaiya, Advocate.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the Board regret that they cannot sanction this amount.

(*viii*) Popularisation of the Boy Scout Movement by the District Board. (By Messrs. H. Narasimhaiya, K. H. Ramayya and Venkatasubba Sastry.)

Resolution.—Resolved that steps should be taken to popularize the movement by inviting the Director of Boys' Scouts and is possible to hold a District Rally in this district and that a sub-committee consisting of the Vice-President as convener, Mr. S. Sitharamaiya, Sub-Division Officer, Tirthahalli, Mr. C. Laxman Rao, Sub-Division Officer, Sagar, Mr. G. Anantha Rao, District Inspector of Education, Mr. H. Narasimhaiya, Mr. Sherkan Jamand Khutbul-lu-mulk, with powers to add, be formed. The Rally as far as possible be held before Dasara.

ix. Sinking drinking water wells at Kallurkatte :—

Resolution.—Resolved that more wells be sanctioned if there be necessity.

x. For encouraging weaving industry in the district, the District Board may requested to give two scholarships of Rs. 5 each for one year to persons to undergo training in the Weaving Factory at Shimoga. (By Mr. A. Ananthaiya.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the President and the Vice-President be requsted to inspect the factory and give their opinon in the matter.

20. Read letter No. 16689, dated 13th June 1925, from the Chief Engineer in Mysore, Bangalore, stating that the estimate for Rs. 1,730 for reconstruction of the bridge in 1/2 of

Shimoga-Narasimharajpura road, may be taken up by the District Board themselves as the damages caused may be due to motor traffic rather than the effect of floods of last year.

Resolution.—Resolved that as the Board is of opinion that the damages caused to the bridge are not due to motor traffic, but to the effects of extraordinary floods of last year the reconstruction of the bridge may be undertaken by the Government, in view of the fact that the finances of the Board are not in a satisfactory condition.

30. Read Memo No. O. C. 954—24-25, dated 12th June 1925, from the Sub-Division Officer, Sagar, recommending the acquisition of a portion of land out of survey number 103 of Anavatti village for purpose of village extension the cost thereof being met out of village Panchayat Funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

31. Read petition dated 3rd June 1925, from the Proprietor, Channagiri Motor Service, representing that in addition to the fee of 1½ pies per mile already recovered from him for running the motor bus on Shimoga-Bhadravati-Channagiri-Holalkere road, the toll gate contractors at Bhadravati and Channagiri levy toll at both the gates on the same day illegally and requesting therefore that the extra amount recovered from him may be refunded, etc.

Resolution.—Resolved that the proprietor be directed to furnish details *re*; journeys performed the same day paying toll at both the gates supported by vouchers for the consideration of the Board.

32. Read letter No. 2138, dated 11th June 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, requesting to furnish the opinion of the District Board whether they are agreeable to meet the cost of improvement to the Middle School at Shikarpur (Rs. 1,800) and the Girl's School at Haliyur (Shikarpur Rs. 470) out of the cess funds in the district during the next year.

Resolution.—Resolved that this may be included in the Cess Budget.

33. Read report No. 577, dated 14th June 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Sorab, submitting copy of the resolution of the Taluk Board recommending that a loan of Rs. 1,000 repayable in three years in equal instalments may be sanctioned out of the closing balance of Taluk Board Funds to Alekal Subba Rao of Sorab for improving the sandalwood and ivory carving industry at Sorab on the security of 3 Shimoga District Board Railway debentures of Rs. 500 each.

Resolution.—Resolved that this cannot be granted out of Taluk Board Funds and that a recommendation be made to the Director of Industries and Commerce.

34. Read letter No. H. 1912, dated the 20th April 1925, from the Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore, requesting to obtain the consent of the District Board for the continuance of the services of the Weaving Demonstator for another year attached to the Weaving Factory started by Mr. H. C. Devarappa.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Board regret that they cannot bear the expenses of retaining the services of the Demonstrator for another year.

35. Desirability of transferring the Sakrebyle 3rd Class Travellers' Bungalow to the Forest Department so that it may be maintained by the Department as a Forest Lodge.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Conservator of Forests in Mysore be requested to take over the Travellers' Bungalow with furniture to the Forest Department.

36. Read letter No. H. 2433, dated 26th June 1925, from the Director of Industries and Commerce, forwarding for adjustment a bill for Rs. 600 being a moiety of the cost of a shaping machine purchased for the District Workshop at Shimoga.

Resoltuion.—This may be brought at the next meeting with the connected papers.

37. Read application dated 28th June 1925, from K. Ranganatha Rao, Shimoga praying for Agricultural Scholarship from the District Board for training in the Hebbal School.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
President.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 504—*Ml.* 21-25-2, *dated* 22*nd July* 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, it is hereby notified that the term of the Town Municipal Council of Birur in the Kadur District, re-constituted as per Government Notification No. L. 1904—Ml. 50-22-2, dated 24th August 1922, is extended up to the end of October 1925 pending completion of election proceedings and re-constitution of the Council.

No. L. 534—*Ml.* 69-25-2, *dated* 24*th July* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. S. Rama Rao, as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Shikarpur, is approved.

No. L. 541—*L. B.* 58-25-3, *dated* 24*th July* 1925.

Under Rule 3 of the rules under the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, issued with Government Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. 54-18-1, dated 18th December 1918, Government are pleased to extend the term of the existing Taluk Board of Shikarpur in the Shimoga District till the end of September 1925, pending its reconstitution.

No. L. 577—*Ml.* 56-24-317, *dated* 25*h July* 1925.

Under Rule (1) of the rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. 4999—Ml. 45-18-4, dated the 30th September 1918, Government are pleased to approve of the election of Mr. B. Kesavaiya as President of the Town Municipal Council, Chikmagalur.

No. L. 579—*Ml.* 56-24-318, *dated* 25*th July* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. A. Gopalakrishna Naik, as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Chikmagalur, is approved.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

No. 38.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 16TH MAY 1925, AT 5 P.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present 21. | Absent 9.

Ordinary Subjects.

17. Consideration of the petitions received from the inhabitants of the Bangalore City, protesting against the proposed enhancement of water tax, vacant site tax and tolls and proposed levy of fresh taxes on hotels, coffee clubs, cinemas, theatres, etc., for financing the improved City Water Supply.

There were about 100 ratepayers present at the meeting, when these petitions were taken into consideration.

At the outset, the President brought to the notice of the Council, that a petition from some of the ratepayers of the Third Division, bearing about 35 signatures, asking for the postponement of the consideration of the subject to the 23rd instant was found in the petition box. After reading the petition, it was resolved that it might be recorded.

Mr. G. Paramasiviah opened the discussion by explaining in Kanarese, the recommendations of the Special Sub-Committee appointed by the Council on 16th February 1925 to consider ways and means of financing the scheme of improving the Water Supply, Bangalore City and the several resolutions of the Council on these recommendations of the Committee. He said that as the petitions received did not disclose any constructive proposals, except some incorrect statements and inconsistent arguments of a general nature, they might all be submitted to Government as required under the rules. He added that Mr. B. L. Byanna had been a member of the Sub-Committee and had signed its report without indicating any dissent whatever from it and that it was strange to find him as an organiser of the so-called protest meetings.

Mr. Belur Sreenivasiengar said that so far as he had consulted the tax-payers, he was convinced that they welcomed the measures proposed by the Municipal Council, that one or two persons with the ulterior object of personally attacking him, were spreading all sorts of mischievous rumours against the proposal and that although he was an elected member from the 2nd Division, he knew nothing about the so-called protest meetings held there and that no credence need be attached to these meetings, which did not represent the citizens most of whom have absolutely no objection to the measures proposed by the Municipality.

Mr. B. L. Byanna said that the consideration of the objection petitions might be postponed as he desired to read all the petitions. This was seconded by Mr. V. Venkatesiah.

Messrs. R. Subbarama Chetty and C. N. Narasinga Rao said that the petitions covered almost the same general ground, *viz.*, that the control of the Water Supply should continue to vest in Government, that Government must bear the entire charges of improvements etc., and that taxes should not be raised. They also remarked that a few of the petitions might be read out and the question disposed of.

Mr. G. Paramasiviah observed that it was not fair to deprive the tax-payers who had mustered strongly from the different divisions of the City from acquainting them with the details of the scheme and that since Mr. B. L. Byanna took a leading part in the so-called protest meetings with his friend Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon, he should be taken to be aware of the contents of the petitions more than any one else and on that account, the consideration of the subject should not be postponed.

On hearing these arguments, Mr. V. Venkatesiah, who had seconded Mr. B. L. Byanna's motion, withdrew his support from it and it was accordingly declared lost for want of a seconder.

Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon requested that the petition of the Basavanagudi people and the petitions received from the Ulsoorpet and Second Divisions, might be read in full to know the views of the petitioner. This request was acceded to, as Messrs. B. L. Byanna and W. H. Hanumanthappa also made the same request.

The President remarked that all the petitions had been circulated among the members of the Council. When questioned by the President, Messrs. R. Gopalaswamy Iyer, W. H. Hanumanthappa and B. Abdur Rahmon said that they had all read the petitions. The above said petitions were then read in *extenso*. Messrs. R. Gopalswami Iyer, W. H. Hanumanthappa and B. Abdur Rahmon took part in the discussions. The Council found that the objections preferred in the said petitions were all alike.

Mr. G. Parmasiviah then proposed and Mr. Belur Sreenivasiengar seconded the following proposition:—

Resolution.—"Resolved that, as in the opinion of the Council, the petitions and protests do not disclose any definite proposals, either to amend or alter the proposed changes in the system of taxation adumbrated in the resolutions of this Council at their meetings held on

the 26th February 1925 and 7th March 1925, the Council accordingly hereby confirm the same, without any modification and submit the same to Government under Section 60 of the Municipal Regulation with all the relative papers, including the petitions and protests received and the notices and rules issued by the Council in this behalf."

Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia proposed the following amendment which was seconded by Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar:—

"In consideration of the petitions from the public protesting against the levy of new taxes in the City Municipality of Bangalore City, the Council after due consideration decide to raise a loan of only 5 lakhs of rupees and that of the many taxes proposed, the raising of the water tax be dropped and the rest to be supplemented by Government.

Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao spoke at length on this amendment and said *inter alia* that its adoption would mean modifying the Council's original well considered and well knit scheme, such tinkering with it would necessitate a republication of the revised scheme in the *Gazette*" under the law and that this would mean loss of time and further inconve- the citizens, whose hardships in regard to water were already great.

resident thereupon made an elaborate speech in Kanarese, explaining the entire gard to Water Supply in Bangalore City from its first inception and pointed out t was in the interest of the people themselves that immediate action should natter. He said they might, if they so chose, abandon the proposed scheme, ith it as proposed by Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia, as it would mean, thought out scheme, prepared after mature consideration of the whole posi- referred to certain incorrect statements made in some of the petitions that een raised and the water tax had been increased to 5 per cent, etc., and inds of the taxpayers present in these and other allied matters.

tax payers, a respectable old person, rushed into the meeting and explained als of the Council were fair and just and that the people welcomed the

t ruled that such interruptions were against the rules and that perfect aintained by the public attending the Council Meeting.

Ha numanthappa read Section 74 of the Municipal Regulation, which em ment to impose taxes and remarked that he supported Mr. M. Ramachan- a's amendment.

Hayavadana Rao, with the permission of the President, pointed out the futility ment and made an impressive speech quoting several authorities. He said that nt w ermitted to take action under Section 74, the Council would have been upe as D and it would, under the Law, be debarred from altering the impo- by Government, whereas he pointed out, if the Council proceeded under and its proposals were accepted by Government, it was open to the Council to mend the taxes proposed, whenever they chose and make fresh amendments to them.

G. Siddaveerappa observed that a few persons were spreading misleading rumours the citizens and their conduct was reprehensible.

he President besought the Council not to introduce heat, but to consider the subject in a peaceful and cool manner

Mr. P. Subbarama Chetty questioned whether it was a fact that the Warter Supply was a gift from the Royal House as stated by one or two members.

The President replied that there was nothing in the record to substantiate this statment.

Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao traced the history of Water Works and said that it was an incorrect statement. He also said that there was nothing in the voluminous records pertaining to the Water Supply question to substantiate this statement. The scheme now proposed by the Council, was he said, identical in character with that originally proposed by Sir K. Seshadri Iyer, the father of the City Water Supply Scheme.

Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia, after hearing these several speeches made, was convinced of the futility of his amendment and withdrew it, with the permission of the Council.

Mr. D. Venkatramiah then proposed and Mr. S. Venkatar gaiengar seconded Mr. G. Paramasiviah's proposition be put to vote, as the matter as been suffici cussed and it was nearly 9-30 P. M.

Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon remarked that the proposition of Mr. G. Parama further discussed. He said that Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia's amen long debated and that without further discussion, Mr. G. Parmasiviah's not be put to vote.

The President desired to know the opinion of the Council Mr. G. Paramasiviah should be further discussed or put to vote. Venkatramiah was put as an independent motion to the vote 'For' and 6 'Against.'

Messrs. B. L. Byanna and B. Abdur Rahmon demanded a poll, which was allowed by the President. The following eleven Councillors voted 'For.':—

1. The President, 2. Mr. D. Venkataramiah, 3. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 4. Mr. P. M. Basappa, 5. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, 6. Mr. S. Venkataranga Iyengar, 7. Mr. N. V. Kalyanpur, 8. Mr. G. Muniyappa, 9. Mr. Belur Sreenivasiengar, 10. Mr. G. Paramasiviah and 11. Mr. M. C. Chicknanjundappa.

The following voted 'Against':—1. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, 2. Mr. B. L. Byanna, 3. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, 4. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa, 5. Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon, and 6. Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia.

The proposition of Mr. G. Paramasiviah was once again read and put to vote by the President and declared carried *nem con.*

No. 39.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL C BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 23RD MAY 1925, AT 8 A.M. COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... ... 21 | Absent ...

Subject No. 1.—Letter No. L. 8358—Ml. 127-23-7, dated 20th May Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, calling for fu tion in the matter of taking over the maintenance and operation of the Wate 1st July 1925.

The subject was discussed at great length and the following resolutions p C. Hayavadana Rao and seconded by Mr. Belur Sreenivasiengar were add voting 'For' and none against.

Resolutions.

1. Resolved that the Council do affirm their resolutions, dated 7th Ma ing to which they are to take over the maintenance of the City Water Wo 1926 or from such date as the Government will hand over the works to after completing the improved scheme embodied in their said resolutions

2. Resolved that the Council do inform Government that unless scheme referred to above is completed and put through and handed over it would not be feasible to take over the maintenance of the works.

3. Resolved that the attention of the Government be drawn to said resolutions of the Council agreeing to take over the maintenane of the comple from 1st July 1926 or from such later date as the works are actually handed over d pleted are entirely in accordance with the Special Committee's recommendations, d July 1920, *viz.*, that the Council should take over the maintenance of the works a expiry of six years from that date, *i.e.*, as from 1st July 1926, which had been accep the Council on 6th November 1920, ratified by them in their resolution dated 6th Dece ber 1922 and communicated to Government by the then President of the Council in his letter dated 6th March 1924.

4. Resolved that Government be further informed with reference to their present letter (No. L. 8358—Ml. 127-23-7, dated 20th May 1925) that the Council reaffirm their previous resolution to take over the maintenance of the works as and from 1st July 1926, within which date they request the Government to complete the improved Water Supply Scheme and hand over the same to the Council. The Council further intimate to Government that they will in the meantime work out a scheme for providing maintenance and operation charges, both from the resulting gains from an improved Water Supply Scheme, from retrenchment of general expenditure, now incurred by it on the works and other heads of a general nature and from income derived under the improved resources of the Council. Government be also informed that the question of providing for the maintenance of Water Supply can only be worked out by the Council as soon as the Public Works Department ked out a self-supporting scheme and have put it into operation and handed it over ncil, as this will enable the Council to exactly know what charges it will actually in this connection and provide for it from their funds. Govrnment be further y have advisedly omitted the workig out of the maintenance charges s impossible for them to gauge what the actual maintenance charges ks *fait accompli* and whether on the basis of the maintenance charges ompletion, the scheme will prove, as required by the Special Com- by Government in their order on the Special Committee's report g one.

* * *

No. 40.

EXTRACTS FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SUNDAY THE 24TH MAY 1925, AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 19. | Absent ... 11.

Ordinary Subjects.

* * * *

10. Government Order No. P. W. 2996-71 of the 4th April 1925, recording the capital and revenue accounts for the year 1923-24 on the Chamarajendra Water Works, Bangalore City.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that the Council do request the Government, in view of the new scheme of improved Water-Supply submitted by the Municipal Council for the approval of the Government, that the total deficit inclusive of direct, indirect and interest charges to the end of the year 1923-24, amounting to Rs. 69,16,526, be completely borne by Government, as per past correspondence with the Council in the matter during a period extending over 30 years.

* * * *

20. Letter No. P. 4829-46, (2) Prisons 79-23-2 of 11th March 1925, from the Secretary, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting that the Municipal Council may take steps to start an Association for providing facilities to discharged prisoners.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Council do record with sympathy the proposal of starting a Prisoners' Aid Society for the Mysore State.

Resolved also that steps be taken to get into touch with the Madras Prisoners' Aid Society and get all necessary information about the manner in which that society has been started and the way in which the same is being worked and financed from year to year including all literature that may be available; that on receipt of the same, the subject may again be brought up before the Council with a suitable scheme for founding an Association of the kind in the State.

* * * *

34. Reconsideration of the resolution of the Municipal Council in the matter of bearing full charges of the pay of the Health Officer from the Municipal Funds.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Council do bear the full charges on account of the pay of the present Health Officer.

* * * *

No. 41.

PROCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE HELD ON TUESDAY THE 26TH MAY 1925, AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 16 | Absent ... 14.

Subjects.

1. The President read to the Council, the proceedings of a meeting of the Mysore Co-operatiove Propogandist Institute, Bangalore, held on the 25th instant in the hall of the New Vegetable Market under the presidency of Rajakarya Prasakta Rao Bahadur Mr. M. Shama Rao, for the purpose of starting a Co-operative Society for small traders of Bangalore City and particularly of the New Market and recommended for the favourable consideration of the Council the request of the institute for the grant of a room in the New Market free of rent for locating the Society.

Resolution.—Resolved that one room be given free of rent for one year for the present for the purpose.

2. Continuance of the working of tolls by departmental agency for another year from 1st July 1925, with the sanctioned establishment.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

* * * *

5. Desirability of working the market collections departmentally.

Messrs. G. Paramasiviah, Belur Sreenivasiengar, S. N. M. Razvi and C. Hayavadana Rao spoke at length on the several advantages to be derived from working the market collections by departmental agency.

Messrs. G. Siddaveerappa and G. Muniyappa said that as the construction works of the New Market were yet incomplete and as the market was open on all sides, it would be better if the collection of market fees was leased out for another year.

Resolution.—(1) The question was then put to vote and it was resolved that the market fees be collected departmentally for one year for the present from 1st July 1925.

ten voting 'For' and 2 'Against'.

(2) It was further resolved that the following establishment be sanctioned for the purpose:—

1. One Mutsaddi on Rs. 35 a month.
2. Three peons on Rs. 10—1—12 a month.
3. Allowance to the Market Inspector Rs. 15 a month.
4. Printing charges, etc., Rs. 20 a month or, Rs. 100 a month.

* * * *

No. 42.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON THE 27TH JUNE 1925, AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... ... 25 | Absent 5

The President brought to the notice of the Council, the sad untimely and unexpected death of Desabhandu C. R. Das, Mayor of the Calcutta Corporation, which is a great loss to India, as a whole and said that a resolution be passed expressing condolence.

Messrs. D. Venkataramiah, Belur Sreenivasiengar and C. Hayavadana Rao, spoke in support of the motion proposed by the President.

The Council then passed the following resolution unanimously, all the Councillors standing:—

1. "Resolved that the Bangalore City Municipal Council do place on record their profound respect for the ardent patriotism, achievements and noble self-sacrifice of the late Desabhandu C. R. Das, Mayor of Calcutta and their deep sense of sorrow at the loss the country has suffered in his sad and untimely death on the 16th June 1925, at Darjling, and hereby convey to the bereaved members of his family, their sincere and heartfelt sympathy and condolence.

Resolved that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Corporation of Calcutta and to the family of the deceased.

Resolved further that as a mark of respect, the Council do adjourn without proceeding to transact any other business."

2. Mr. D. Venkataramaiya then proposed and Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao, seconded that as a mark of respect to the memory of the late Desabhandu C. R. Das, all the Municipal Schools and Aided Institutions be closed on Wednesday the 1st July 1925. This was carried unanimously.

No. 43.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON MONDAY THE 29TH JUNE 1925, AT 5 P.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... ... 24 | Absent 6

Proceedings of the Council Meetings held on 26th May 1925 and 27th June 1925, were read and recorded.

Urgent Subjects.

1. Presidents's note dated 29th June 1925, proposing a modification of the resolution of the Council No. 5, dated 26th May 1925, regarding the establishment required for collecting the gate fees at the Central Vegetable Market departmentally from 1st July 1925.

Resolution.—Mr. Belur Sreenivasiengar proposed and Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva seconded that the President's note read above be accepted in *toto*, that one Mutsaddy on Rs. 25 per month and six peons on Rs. 10—1—12 each per month be entertained, that the Market Inspector and the Market Sergeant be given an allowance of Rs. 10 and 5 each per month respectively and that necessary expenditure be incurred for printing tickets and other charges of non-recurring nature. This was carried unanimously.

* * * *

22. Memo No. 3690, dated 26th May 1925, from the Health Officer, recommending for permission being given to bury the parents of one Chickveerabhadria *alias* Gundappa, who has applied for same, in the Mutt built by his ancestors in the garden portion of Survey No. 8, Ranganathapur village.

Resolution.—Resolved that the permission asked for be given as a special case with the proviso, that the Mutt should not be converted into a family burial ground and that no further burials shall be permitted there. Voting 22 'For' and 1 'Against'.

MOHAMED ABBAS KHAN,
Honorary President.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE FIRST ORDINARY MEETING (DURING 1925-26) OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE, HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE ON SATURDAY THE 18TH JULY 1925 AT 8 A.M.

Present 6. *Absent* 3.

I. Proceedings of the 14th ordinary meeting (during 1924-25) held on 20th June 1925.

Confirmed.

* * * * *

VII. Municipal Engineer's Note, dated 7th July 1925, regarding the establishment required during 1925-26 for maintenance of avenues at a cost of Rs. 3,500.

Approved.

VIII. Estimate for Rs. 388, being the moiety of the cost of hospital compound added on for widening the road south of Krishnarajendra Hospital.

Sanctioned.

IX. Estimate for Rs. 35 for supplying a cast iron fountain with stand, statue and pan for being fixed in the Peoples' Park.

Sanctioned.

X. Estimate for Rs. 40 for repairing and improving the compound wall by the side of Karmanthara place below Doddakere.

Sanctioned.

XI. Estimate for Rs. 131 for putting up a screen wall for closing the conservancy lane by the side of Mr. Venkata Rao's house in the Clock Tower Square.

Sanctioned.

XII. Estimate for Rs. 344 for improving Santhepet road.

Sanctioned.

XIII. Payment of compensation for the portion of property No. (55) in Block 44, Devaraja Mohalla, acquired for a conservancy lane.

The estimated cost, Rs. 50, may be paid to the owner.

XIV. Scheme for the acquisition of Malayaladamma's Temple in Block 60, 62, 63, Krishnaraja Mohalla.

May be submitted for sanction. Draft letter to Government is approved.

XV. Scheme for the acquisition of properties required for improving the junction of travellers' bungalow and rampart wall roads.

May be submitted for sanction.

Draft letter to Government is approved.

XVI. Acquisition of the following survey lands of Mysore Village included in the sewage Farm area :—

Survey No.	Extent. A.	g.	Survey No.	Extent. A.	g.
236	1	3	233	2	39
240	1	8	230	1	0
234	0	7	229	1	26

Approved.

XVII. Letter No. 1,170, dated 24th June 1925, from the Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja, recommending the recovery of the amount outstanding against Mr. K. Venkatarangiah on account of Model House No. 31 in Narasimharaja Mohalla in monthly instalments of Rs. 12-8-0.

Also, letter No. 53, dated 8th July 1925, from the Superintendent, Government House, Mysore, recommending that the amount outstanding against Mr. T. Narayana Rao on account of Model House No. 33 in Narasimharaja Mohalla may be recovered in monthly instalments of Rs. 12.

Resolved that Government may be requested to extend the period for payment to six years, instead of four years, fixed in Government Order No. L. 6578-9—Ml. 157-21-7, dated 10th May 1922. The cases in question may be disposed of in accordance with the orders that Government may pass in the matter.

XVIII. Application registered No. 523, dated 25th June 1925, from Mr. K. Narayanaswamy for the Trust land and house to the south of his house in Block 74, Fort Mohalla.

Trust House No. (4) 923, Block 72, Fort Mohalla may be sold at the price paid for it by the Board.

XIX. Application, dated 14th April 1925, from Mr. Dallali Siddappa for 6′ of Trust land in the rear of his house in Block 45, Devaraja Mohalla.

The applicant may be allowed to enclose the lane, (bit No. 28 in Block No. 45, Devaraja Mohalla) without prejudice to the rights and ownership of the Trust Board over the land.

XX. Petition registered No. L. 2, dated 4th July 1925, from Mr. Venkatadasappa for license to build a temple on the site reserved for the purpose in Chamundi Extension.

The Chairman may examine the plan of proposed temple and dispose of the application after satisfying himself as to the ability of the parties to construct the building, and obtaining necessary Mutchalika.

XXI. Appointment of a Record-keeper on Rs. 40 per month for the office, and the continuance of the Revenue Accountant on Rs. 55 a month for another year from 1st July 1925.

Letter No. 2255, dated 27th June 1925, addressed to Government in the matter is approved.

XXII. Petition registered No. P. 876, dated 20th June 1925, from Ganavisarada Sangeetha Vidwan Mr. B. Krishnappa, requesting that 23 windows and 3 doors not used for the construction of the Sri Ramamandiram may be taken back by the Board, from whom they were purchased, and their cost adjusted.

Considering the special circumstances of the case, the materials may be taken back, and the cost adjusted.

XXIII. Writing off from accounts half the cost of the following missing articles for which Mr. M. Simhadriah, late Head Draftsman of the office is held responsible.

	Rs.	a.	p.
1 Box wood foot rule	2	4	0
1 Instrument box, II class	45	0	0
2 Vulcanite set square 45° and 50°	8	0	0
1 Claw hammer	2	0	0
Total ...	57	4	0

Approved.

XXIV. Petition registered No. P. 35, dated 10th July 1925, from Mr. A. Sathar Sait, regarding the amount outstanding against his uncle, Mr. Buddu Sait on account of site No. 1 and bit No. 3, in Block No. 27, Lashkar Mohalla.

Balance as per books may be remitted, as the principal and a substantial sum for interest have been received.

* * * * *

XXVI. Statement showing bits of land sold during the month of June 1925.

Ratified.

* * * * *

XXIX. Huzur Secretary's D. O. letter No. 9, dated 6th July 1925, regarding a strip of land near Chamundi Vihar.

The proposal may be agreed to on condition that the land is given back, if required for Board's purposes.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 20th July 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the undermentioned persons have been nominated as members of the several Village Panchayets noted against them in the Hole-Narsipur Taluk during the term of their present re-constitution with effect from this date:—

1. KANNAMBADI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. Sivegowda *bin* Nanjundiah, Patel.
(2) „ Kapanipathiah *bin* Nanjundiah, Shanbhog.
(3) „ Puttachari *bin* Venkatachari, (Goldsmith).

2. TATANAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. Siddegowda *bin* Boralingegowda, Patel.
(2) „ Varadachar *bin* Narasimhachar, Shanbhog.
(3) „ Budan Saib *bin* Kasim Saib.

3. DODDABYAGATHAVALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

(1) Mr. Rangegowda *bin* Chikkegowda, Patel.
(2) „ Krishnarao *bin* Javarayappa.
(3) „ Dyava *bin* Dyava (Panchama).

Notification dated 24th July 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Arsikere Taluk are reconstituted as noted against them, with effect from the dates noted against each :—

1st August 1925.

1. Murundi Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Basavaiya, son of Mallaiya, Landholder
   2. „ Madia, son of Gurappa do
   3. „ Lingegowda, son of Basavalingegowda, Landholder
   4. „ Venkatagiriyappa, son of Nanjappa do
   5. „ Yalegowda, son of Junjaiya, Landholder
2. Dodda Metikurke Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Putturamiah, son of Mani Ramanna, Landholder
   2. „ Gudu Sab, son of Hussain Sab do
   3. „ Putturamiah, son of Basavalingegowda do
   4. „ Koppal Mallappa, son of Nanjanna do
   5. „ H. Nanjegowda, son of Kuduraiya do
3. Rampur Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Ninganna, son of Nanjanna, Landholder
   2. „ Maruliah, son of Sannaramanna, Landholder
   3. „ Kadasiddi Sannaramiah, son of Ramajjiah, Landholder
   4. „ Thimmanna, son of Nanjanna, Landholder
   5. „ Horegana Kyata, son of Honga
4. Kamasamudra Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Kalappa, son of Nanjappa, Landholder
   2. „ Kallaiya, son of Kallaiya do
   3. „ Mariyanna, son of Basavaiya do
   4. „ Siddegowda, son of Ningegowda, Landholder
   5. „ Shankarasetti, son of Shankarasetti do
5. Kenkere Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Maralu Siddappa, son of Tirumalegowda, Landholder
   2. „ Krishnappa, son of Surappa, Landholder
   3. „ Kallaiya, son of Pallakki do
   4. „ Sannaramegowda, son of Dasegowda, Landholder
   5. „ Honnakalasegowda, son of Thippanna do
   6. „ Byregowda, son of Subbegowda, Landholder
6. Agunda Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Veerachari, son of Basavachari, Landholder
   2. „ Puttashankaregowda, son of Shankaralingiah, Landholder
   3. „ Mallanna, son of Mallasetti, Landholder
   4. „ Kadaregowda, son of Thimmegowda, Landholder
   5. „ Thimmegowda, son of Thimmaiya do
7. Madalu Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Dasappa, son of Sannadasappa, Landholder
   2. „ Veerabasappasetti, son of Linganasetti, Landholder
   3. „ Siddalingasetti, son of Kallasetti, Landholder
   4. „ Gurunanjegowda, son of Sivananjegowda, Landholder
   5. „ Pattegowda, son of Ningegowda, Landholder
8. Kittanakere Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Jamal Sab, son of Karim Sab, Landholder
   2. „ Gopaliya, son of Garudiah do
   3. „ Sivalingasetti, son of Siddabasetti do
   4. „ Chennaveeregowda, son of Sadegowda, Landholder
   5. „ Hutchanna, son of Siddanna, Landholder
9. Nerlige Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Basavegowda, son of Karibasavegowda, Landholder
   2. „ Varadanaika, son of Hutcha Kanchikanaik, Landholder
   3. „ Kariyanaika, son of Kotiganaika, Landholder
   4. „ Hokalegowda, son of Maribasavegowda, Landholder
   5. „ Malligowda, son of Gurumallaiya, Landholder

1st August 1925.

10. Kolgunda Village Panchayet—
    1. Mr. Maralusiddappa, son of Ramanna, Landholder
    2. ,, Krishna Iyengar, son of Tirumalachar, Landholder
    3. ,, Thimmasetti, son of Dasasetti, Landholder
    4. ,, Nanjappa, son of Girigowda do
    5. ,, Kategowda, son of Karegowda do
11. Bendekere Village Panchayet—
    1. Mr. Siddaiya, son of Chennaiya, Landholder
    2. ,, Gavisiddegowda, son of Sannasiddegowda, Landholder
    3. ,, Basavegowda, son of Melegowda, Landholder
    4. ,, Girigowda, son of Honnegowda do
    5. ,, Dodda Ningegowda, son of Chikkegowda, Landholder
12. Kondavagil Village Panchayet—
    1. Mr. Naganna, son of Chennappa, Landholder
    2. ,, Byranna, son of Byranna do
    3. ,, Siddaramasetti, son of Mariyappa, Landholder
    4. ,, Joganna, son of Byrappa, Landholder
    5. ,, Girigowda, son of Nanjanna do
13. Kuruvanka Village Panchayet—
    1. Mr. Siddaiya, son of Basavaiya, Landholder
    2. ,, Thimmasetti, son of Javarasetti, Landholder
    3. ,, Sannasiddegowda, son of Byregowda, Landholder
    4. ,, Sannaharuvegowda, son of Nanjegowda do
    5. ,, Siddegowda, son of Doddegowda do
14. Thondiganahalli Village Panchayet—
    1. Mr. Hanumanthiah, son of Giriyappa, Landholder
    2. ,, Basavegowda, son of Karigowda do
    3. ,, Gurappa, son of Venkatappa, Landholder
    4. ,, Mallaiya, son of Tholmallappa do
    5. ,, Mallaiya, son of Kariyappa do

9th August 1925.

15. Mudadi Village Panchayet—
    1. Mr. Venkannaiya, son of Venkataramiah, Landholder
    2. ,, Rudraiya, son of Chikka, Landholder
    3. ,, Bheemanaika son of Bheemanaika, Landholder
    4. ,, Sannappaiya, son of Siddegowda do
    5. ,, Javaregowda, son of Kadegowda do

Note.—The names of nominated members will be separately published.

K. MALLARAJ URS,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*
(in charge).

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 23rd July 1925.

Under the rules framed under Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, Patel Govindappa is elected as Chairman of the Madivala Village Panchayet, Vemgal hobli, Kolar Taluk.

C. RAMACHANDRA RAO,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 604—*Ml.* 17-25-3, *dated 27th July* 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, the Government are pleased to extend the term of the Minor Municipal Council, Srinivaspur, till the end of July 1925 pending orders on its reconstitution.

No. L. 595—L. B. 9-25-2, dated 27th July 1925.

Under Rule 1 (*a*) and 1 (*b*) and Rule 3 of Section I of the Rules relating to the constitution of the Kolar Gold Field Sanitary Board, published under Government Notification No. L. 7846—Ml. 156-21-21, dated 2nd April 1924, it is hereby notified that the following gentlemen are appointed as the non-official members of the said Board for the year 1925-26 :—

Under Rule I (*a*) *and Rule* (3).

1. Dr. J. D. O'Donnel, Chief Medical and Sanitary Officer, Kolar Gold Field Hospital, Champion Reefs.
2. Mr. W. T. M. Pritchard, Superintendent, Mysore Gold Mining Company, Limited, Marikuppam.
3. Mr. C. F. Heathcote, Superintendent, Champion Reef Gold Mines of India, Limited, Champion Reefs.
4. Mr. H. M. A. Cooke, Superintendent, Oorgaum Gold Mining Company of India, Limited.
5. Mr. W. T. Hudson, Superintendent, Nandydroog Mines, Limited (on leave), Mr. G. L. I. Taylor, (Acting).
6. Mr. Lt. Col. C. N. Keith, Superintendent, Balaghat Gold Mines, Limited, Coromandel (on leave), Mr. A. H. Keene (Acting).
7. Mr. Ralph Nye, Executive Member, Messrs. John Taylor and Sons' Committee, Oorgaum (on leave), Mr. W. R. Crocker (Acting).

Under Rule I (*b*) *clauses* (*i*), (*ii*) *and* (*iii*).

1. Robertsonpet.	1.	Mr. M. Narasinga Rao, Pleader, Robertsonpet.
	2.	„ O. V. Rajagopal, Contractor, Robertsonpet.
2. Andersonpet.	3.	„ K. Poosamy, Contractor, Andersonpet.
3. Rural area.	4.	„ K. Ramegowda, Patel, Kamasandra village.

By Order,

T. K. SOMESWARA IYER,

For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 6, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 626—*Ml.* 67-25-2, *dated* 29*th July* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the Election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. H. Borannah as President of the Hassan Town Municipal Council is aprroved.

No. L. 644—*L. B.* 58-25-6, *dated* 30*th July* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Rules for the Election of Members of Village Panchayets issued with Notification No. 959— L. B. 6-18-2, dated 13th July 1918 and amended by Notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated 11th November 1921, Government are pleased to extend the term of the existing marginally noted Village Panchayets in the Nagar Taluk in the Shimoga District till the end of July 1925 pending the issue of orders re-constituting the said Panchayets.

1. Nagar.
2. Arasalu.
3. Humcha

No. L. 646—*L. B.* 57-25-2, *dated* 30*th July* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules of 1918, the term of the following Village Panchayets in the Koppa Taluk is extended up to 1st September 1925, pending their reconstitution:—

1. Nemmar.
2. Hariharpur.
3. Bhandigadi.

No. L. 649—*L. B.* 56-25-8, *dated* 30*th July* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules, 1918, the term of the Jambur Village Panchayet in the Channarayapatna Taluk is extended up to the 15th August 1925 pending its reconstitution.

No. L. 651—*L. B.* 44-25-29, *dated* 30*th July* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Mysore Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of 6 acres of land out of Survey No. 1 of Malalgadde Village, Sorab Taluk, declared in Government Notification No. L. 8722—L. B. 53-23-24, dated the 1st May 1924, as required for the extention of the village site.

No. L. 672—Ml. 17-25-4, dated 30th July 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the Rules framed thereunder, the Municipal Councipal of Srinivaspur in the Kolar District shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st August 1925:—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. S. Ramappa.
2. „ Muddukrishnappa.
3. „ Subbasastri.
4. „ Adike Nanjappa.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors.*

1. Mr. Syed Abdul Bori Sab.
2. „ Segu Muddiah.
3. „ Munishami Bale.
4. „ Haji Abdul Gaffoor Sab.
5. „ Sonnappa.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio.

1. The Amildar of Srinivaspur (President).
2. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon of Srinivaspur.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 27th July 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the undermentioned gentlemen have been nominated as members of the several Village Panchayets noted against each in the Arsikere Taluk, during the term of their present reconstitution with effect from this date:—

1. Abbanaghatta Village Panchayet—
   1. The Revenue Patel of the village
   2. The Shekdar of the hobli
2. Talalur Village Panchayet—
   1. The Patel of the village
   2. Mr. Giriyappa, son of Rangiya, Landholder
3. Arkere Village Panchayet—
   1. The Patel of the village
   2. Mr. Mudlagiriyappa, son of Thimmarayappa
4. Javagal Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Keshavamurti, son of Cheluvaraya, Landholder
   2. Vaidyan of the Native Dispensary
   3. Patel of the village
5. Bandur Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Nanjegowda, son of Nanjegowda
   2. The Patel of the village
6. Halkur Village Panchayet—
   1. The Patel of the village
   2. Mr. Subbaraya, son of Ramanna, Shanbhog
   3. Mr. Maralusiddappa, son of Gurumanjappa Setti
7. Chikhalkur Village Panchayet—
   1. The Patel of the village
   2. The Shekdar of the hobli
8. Hirisadarahalli Village Panchayet—
   1. The Patel of the village
   2. Mr. Siddaramegowda, son of Haralegowda, Landholder
9. Narsipur Village Panchayet—
   1. The Patel of the village
   2. Mr. Muniyanna, son of Muniyappa
10. Kanakatte Village Panchayet—
    1. The Patel of the village
    2. The Shanbhog of the village
11. Gandasi Village Panchayet—
    1. The Patel of the village
    2. The Shekdar of the hobli
    3. Mr. Venkatappa, son of Muniyanna, Landholder

12. Chagachagere Village Panchayet—
    1. The Patel of the village
    2. The Shekdar of the Gandasi hobli
13. Kudukundi Village Panchayet—
    1. The Patel of the village
    2. The Shekdar of the Gandasi hobli
14. Bagespur Village Panchayet—
    1. The Patel of the village
    2. The Shekdar of the Gandasi hobli

R. NANASAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification No. H. C. 325—Rev. 24-25, dated 25th July 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulations of 1918, and the Rules framed thereunder, and with the approval of Government, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Sorab Taluk, are reconstituted for a period of three years from the dates noted against each :—

THATTUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET. 14TH SEPTEMBER 1925.

Elected Members	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Sreekantaiya Gowda	1. The Patel of the village
2. ,, Kallikone Basappa	2. Mr. Rajakhansab
3. ,, Appu Rao	3. ,, Veerabhadrappa
4. ,, Seerehalli Khandappa	
5. ,, Voddar Ramanna	
6. ,, Sonagar Guddappa	

2. HIRECHAVATHI VILLAGE PANCHAYET. 14TH SEPTEMBER 1925.

1. Mr. Gopala Rao	1. The Patel of the village
2. ,, Konappa	2. Mr. Khalif Madarsna
3. ,, Veerabhadrappagowda	
4. ,, Tembi Venkata Rao	
5. ,, Kachavi Javarayanna	

3. MOODI VILLAGE PANCHAYET. 14TH SEPTEMBER 1925.

1. Mr. Sajjanara Channabasappa	1. The Patel of the village
2. ,, Dyappa Vadeyar	2. Mr. Sajjanara Basavanyappa
3. ,, Sali Sivalingappa	
4. ,, Chennamallappa	
5. ,, Thotappana Chennabasappa	

4. KUBATUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET. 27TH JULY 1925.

1. Mr. Basavantappa Gowda	1. The Patel of the village
2. ,, Rama Rao	2. Mr. Manchanna, Sarekoppa
3. ,, Ujjappa	3. ,, Gujarappa Hanumadas
4. ,, Dyava Rao	
5. ,, Thammasetti Lingappa	
6. ,, Thirukappa	

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification No. L. B. 661—24-25, dated 25th—27th July 1925.

Under Rule 21 of the Rules framed under Section 62 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulations of 1918, published under Government Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated 13th July 1918, the Village Panchayets of Banakal and Gonibeed in the Mudgere Taluk shall be reconstituted as hereunder for a period of three years with effect from 1st August 1925 :—

BANAKAL PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Manje Gowda, Mande Patel	1. Mr. Anne Gowda
2. ,, Dyave Gowda, Banakal	2. ,, Malle Gowda
3. ,, Bava Beri, Merchant	3. ,, Hussein Sab
4. ,, Davood Sab, Merchant	
5 ,, Byregowda, Patel	
6. ,, Khaji Hussein Sab	

GONIBEED PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Sheik Alli Saheb	1. Mr. Annappachari
2. „ G. H. Mahomedalli Saheb	2. „ Ramakrishnayya
3. „ Mahomed Imam Sab, Kasigebyle	
4. „ Dyavappa Gowda, Chinniga	
5. „ Chennabasappa Setti	

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Notification, dated 13th July 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation and the Rules framed thereunder, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Chitaldrug District are reconstituted for a period of three years from 15th July 1925 :—

I. CHITALDRUG TALUK.

1. DODDASIDDAVVANAHALLI.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Nadiga Sitharamappa	1. Patel (*ex-officio*)
2. „ Jeera Solbanna	2. Mr. Shankarappa
3. „ Chikkavvala Kariappa	3. „ Tadamane Rangachar.
4. „ Nevvar Mallappa	
5. „ Dwaranal Lingappa	
6. „ Nadiga Appiah	

2. GODABANAHAL.

1. Mr. Kencha Kallappa	1. Patel (*ex-officio*)
2. „ Gowdra Lingappa	2. Mr. Anantha Rao
3. „ Gonchgar Rudrappa	
4. „ Mayachari Gangadharappa	
5. „ Chigaterappa	

3. JAMPANNANAIKANAKOTE.

1. Mr. Byadarahalli Rudrappa	1. Patel (*ex-officio*)
2. „ Shanbhog Ramanna	2. Mr. Dharani Thippe Rudrappa
3. „ Sanna Rangappa, Patel	3. „ Sannakkala Mallappa
4. „ Patnasetty Murigappa	
5. „ Sankarappala Siddappa	
6. „ Uttrappa	

4. GUDDADARANGAVVANAHALLI.

1. Mr. Shanbhog Bhima Rao	1. Patel (*ex-officio*)
2. „ Nallapothala Hanumanthappa *bin* Dodda Bhimiah.	2. Mr. Naikar Kolloorappa
3. „ Padla Hanumanthappa	3. „ Side Kariappa
4. „ Uravakondi Sivalingappa	
5. „ Palleda Murigeppa	

5. HIREGUNTANUR.

1. Mr. Sahukar Ujjanappa	1. Patel (*ex-officio*)
2. „ Sahukar Siddavirappa	2. Mr. K. Thimmiah
3. „ Patel Doddabasappa	3. „ Vysyara Bhimappa
4. „ Shanbhog Venkataramanappa	
5. „ Ankalappa Dodda Siddappa	
6. „ Shanbhog Khande Rao	

6. BHIMASAMUDRA.

1. Mr. Thotada Channabasappa	1. Patel (*ex-officio*)
2. „ Thotada Eswarappa	2. Mr. Gunderi Mallappa
3. „ Alagavadi Basappa	
4. „ Eswarappa, Patel of Thurebail	
5. „ Meesara Basappa	

7. HULLUR.

1. Mr. Kurubara Kariappa	1. Patel (*ex-officio*)
2. „ Yale Gurupadappa	2. Mr. Hanumanthappa
3. „ Doddananjappala Adivappa	
4. „ Edigara Guthyappa	
5. „ Doddananjappala Byrappa	

8. SINGAPURA.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Hittalumane Parvathappa	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Apparasanahalli Parvathappa	2. Mr. Sanjiva Rao
3. ,, Nulenur Kenchavirappa	
4. ,, Hanchinamane Rudrappa	
5. ,, Durgada Kenchappa	

9. THURUVANUR.

1. Mr. G. Kallappa	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Gowdara Iyanna	2. Patel of Kadabanakatte majre (*Ex-officio*).
3. ,, Shanbhog Hanumanthappa	3. Bullianna Krishnappa
4. ,, Gowdara Eranna	
5. ,, Sainikar Krishnappa	
6. ,, Pandrapalli Hanumappa	

10. CHIKKONDANAHALLI.

1. Mr. Gowdara Rudriah	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Salem Thippiah *bin* Kenganna	2. Mr. Venkataramiah
3. ,, Pattari Chandrappa	3. ,, Moorra Giriappa
4. ,, Kamaraddi Rudrappa	
5. ,, Lakkasetti Subbiah	
6. ,, Thimmadasi Rudrappa	

11. BELAGHATTA.

1. Mr. Poppalu Sanjivappa	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Muva Thimmiah	2. Mr. Venkataramiah
3. ,, Kandi Goravarthi Sanna Polanna.	3. ,, Moorra Giriappa
4. ,, Gowdra Doddakoneppa	
5. ,, Danthlu Naranappa	
6. ,, Aswathi Krishnappa	

12. BHARMASAGARA.

1. Mr. Bhima Jois	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Gundappa	2. Mr. Kondavvana Kotrappa
3. ,, Shanbhog Bhima Rao	3. ,, Vaisyara Veerabhadrappa
4. ,, Anaji Siddalingappa	
5. ,, Vaisyara Palappa	
6. ,, Sahukar Mallappa Doddamane	

13. SIRIGERE.

1. Mr. Gangajji Basappa	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Kari Narappa	2. Mr. Bhimasena Rao
3. ,, Shanbhog Shamanna	3. ,, Virappa
4. ,, Parasappala Basappa	
5. ,, Sigehalli Basappa	
6. ,, Marulappala Siddappa	

14. KOGUNDE.

1. Mr. Ajjappala Basappa	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Sahukar Gurusantappa	2. Mr. Ooramundina Channabasappa
3. ,, Chandragollada Basappa	
4. ,, Muddapurada Danappa	
5. ,, Jagalur Kallappa	

15. BAHADURGHATTA.

1. Mr. Gowdara Adivappa	1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Aiyagala Gurusiddappa	2. Mr. Puradappala Rudrappa
3. ,, Bhangeera Nanjappa	
4. ,, Sagarakatte Hanumappa	
5. ,, Hanumanthappa *bin* Duggappa	

II. CHALLAKERE TALUK.

1. RAMAJOGIHALLI.

1. Mr. Pamalapoti Polanna	1. Mr. Rudrappa, Patel
2. ,, Bimandi Iyappa	2. ,, Yanganna
3. ,, Mara Krishnappa	3. ,, Puttappa, Shanbhog
4. ,, Hanumantappa	
5. ,, Pamalpoti Thippiah	
6. ,, Bhimayya	

2. MIRASABIHALLI.

Elected members.	*Nominated members.*
1. Mr. K. Bhima Rao	1. Mr. Doddappa, Patel
2. „ Uddappa	2. „ Hanumantappa
3. „ Ramappa	
4. „ Kyatappa	
5. „ Hanumantappa	

3. HIREHALLI.

1. Mr. Dibbadahalli Thimmanna	1. Mr. Byanna, Patel
2. „ Rokkada Thippanna	2. „ Kalyanappana Rudriah
3. „ Chelumappa	3. „ Udari Eranna
4. „ Sivanappa	
5. „ Krishnappa, Shanbhog	
6. „ Hattaina Sooriah	

4. THIMMAPPAINAHALLI.

1. Mr. Angadi Basappa	1. Mr. Tippeswami, Patel
2. „ Diddebagalu Thippiah	2. „ Nagappa Managi
3. „ Siva Rudrappa	
4. „ Gapalappa, Shanbhog	
5. „ Dodda Rudrappa	

5. PARASURAMPUR.

1. Mr. Matada Mariappa	1. Mr. Doddappa, Patel
2. „ Tuppada Chalumappa	2. „ Venkatanaranappa, Shanbhog
3. „ Kagada Venkatanaranappa	3. „ Byranna
4. „ Gowdara Nanjundappa	
5. „ Chakke Fhakruddin Sab	
6. „ Tuppada Mallappa	

III. HARIHAR SUB-TALUK.

1. HALIVANA.

1. Mr. Mukappala Kariappa	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. „ Matada Basaiya	2. Mr. Shanbhog Giridhara Rao
3. „ Sannakariyappala Ramappa	3. „ Raja Sabi
4. „ Kammara Kalappa	
5. „ Angadi Siddalingappa	
6. „ Badagi Nagappa	

2. HARALAHALLI.

1. Mr. Patel Hanumantappa	1. Mr. Bhagavanta Rao, Shanbhog
2. „ Budi Hanumappa	2. „ Akkasale Basappa
3. „ Seekappa	
4. „ Abdul Gani Khan Sab	
5. „ Virabasappa	

3. KOKKANUR.

1. Mr. Chennagiri Hanumantappa	1. Mr. Shanbhog Nagesa Rao (Ex-officio)
2. „ Dasara Dodda Hanumappa	2. „ Vaisyara Seenappa
3. „ Basalingappa	3. „ Agasara Dasa
4. „ Angadi Chennappa	
5. „ Vaisyara Nanjappa	
6. „ Bhojappala Hanumegowda	

4. SIRIGERE.

1. Mr. Teloger Sargaruppa	1. Patel Halappa (Ex-officio)
2. „ Basettappa, Malladara	2. Mr. Vaisyara Hanumantappa
3. „ Halappa Magodu	3. „ Ramanna Dandlidar
4. „ Sivappa, Heggere	
5. „ Vaisyara Nanjappa	
6. „ Bhojappala Hanumegowda	

5. SARATHI.

1. Mr. B. Rudrappa	1. Mr. Keevadappala Hanuma
2. „ Dundyappa, Gowdara	2. „ Patel Hanumanthappa (Ex-officio).
3. „ Malakayya Ayyagala	3. „ Shanbhog Sanjiva Rao
4. „ Chennabasappa, Gowdara	
5. „ Thimmappiah, K	

6. KONDAJJI.

1. Mr. Sivappa, Patel	1. Mr. Bhimasena Rao, Shanbhog
2. „ Javali Gurupadappa	2. „ Kallera Bhima
3. „ Bhimappa Antaravalli	3. „ Hanuma Shaksundi
4. „ Gowdara Siddalingappa	
5. „ Vaderahalli, Patel Muniappa	

7. BHANUVALLI.

Elected members.	*Nominated members.*
1. Mr. Basavanagowdaru	1. Mr. Halappa, Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Channabasappa Badavi	2. ,, Bhima Kumti
3. ,, Basappa Badavi	3. ,, Mogdum Sab
4. ,, Rudrappa Onkari	
5. ,, Venkappa Vaisyara	

8. BELLUDI.

1. Mr. Mallappa, Nitapalli	1. Mr. Patel Bhimappa (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Muniappa Yalavatti	2. ,, Bharmanna
3. ,, Patel Basalingappa	
4. ,, Ganapathiappa Vaisyara	
5. ,, Nagappa Akkasale	
6. ,, Bhimappa Bagalur	
7. ,, Abdul Rokhmia Sab	

IV. JAGALUR TALUK.

1. BILCHODU.

1. Mr. Patel Hanumantappa	1. Mr. Patel Kenchappa
2. ,, Shanbhog Shama Rao	2. ,, Vader Siddiah
3. ,, Setra Karivirappa	3. ,, Khaji Sahib
4. ,, Anche Hanumantappa	
5. ,, Didgi Rangappa	
6. ,, Sahukar Channabasappa	

2. ASAGODU.

1. Mr. Karpanna *alias* Mugappa	1. Mr. Patel Gurupadappa
2. ,, Shanbhog Subba Rao	2. ,, Erappa bin Kallappa
3. ,, Muttihalli Ningappa	3. ,, Virabhadrappa
4. ,, Karegowdara Halappa	
5. ,, Mallappa Nibagur	
6. ,, Basappa Basavanal	

3. PALLAGHATTA.

1. Mr. Honnur Sabi	1, Mr. Appajappa, Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Siddappa	2. ,, Hirappa Sahukar
3. ,, Danappa	3. ,, Siddappa
4. ,, Shanbhog Bhimasenappa	
5. ,, Matada Viriah	
6. ,, Bilchod Matada Maheswariah	

4. SOKKE.

1. Mr. Kolkar Bhimappa	1. Patel of Sokke (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Hanumappa Lakkappala	2. Patel of Erlakatte
3. ,, Karivirappa Setra	3. Mr. Siddappa Machikere
4. ,, Kallappa, Jagalur	
5. ,, Bhimappa Aldahalli	
6. ,, Adavappa Setra	

5. GADIMAKUNTE.

1. Mr. Kenchanna Gowda	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Linganna Gowda	2. Mr. Channabasappa
3. ,, Hanumappa	
4. ,, Rudrappa	
5. ,, Kotrappa Iyagala	

6. BIDERAKERE.

1. Mr. Basappa Chindanahalli	1. Patel of Biderkere
2. ,, Mahadevappa Chindanahalli	2. Patel of Nibagur
3. ,, Kallappa Patel	3. Mr. Sidramappa Sondur
4. ,, Rudrappa Chikkapurada	
5. ,, Nagappa Gonchigar	
6. ,, Mahadevappa Karegowdara	

7. KALLEDEVARPURA.

1. Mr. Kallappa, Mustoor	1. Patel of Kalledevarpura
2. ,, Nanjappa, Patnasetty	2. Mr. Adavappa
3. ,, Sannakallappa	3. ,, Channabasappa, Chennabasavalla
4. ,, Siddalingappa Baligar	
5. ,, Revanna Matada	
6. ,, Basappa Nadigara	

V. DAVANGERE TALUK.

1. ALUR.

Elected members.	*Nominated members.*
1. Mr. Matada Basalingiah	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Gurulingappa Patel	2. Mr. Badagi Bharmappa
3. ,, Rachia	3. ,, Kammar Thimmappa
4. ,, Fakrudin Sab	
5. ,, Channappa	
6. ,, Kurki Siddalingappa	

2. ANAJI.

1. Mr. Jadiappa	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Sivalingappa	2. Mr. Settara Kotrappa
3. ,, Hanumanta Rao, Shanbhog	
4. ,, Khaji Imam Sab	
5. ,, K. Narappa	

3. HEMMANABETHUR.

1. Mr. Belludi Virappa	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Sirasthalli Sikharappa	2. Mr. Naikara Hanumappa
3. ,, Gowdra Sikharappa	
4. ,, Hansi Channabasappa	
5. ,, Gowdra Mallappa	

4. HALUVARTHI.

1. Mr. Pranesha Rao, Shanbhog	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Thimmasettappa	2. Mr. Kotrappala Siddappa
3. ,, Kariappa	

5. ANAGODU.

1. Mr. Virabasappa	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Badagi Doddasiddappa	2. Mr. Angadi Halappa
3. ,, Budan Sab	
4. ,, Khader Sab	
5. ,, Honnur Sab	

6. KEREYAGALAHALLI.

1. Mr. Dodda Kalappa	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Huchangidurgada Rudrappa	2. Mr. Hucha Hanumappa
3. ,, Siddappa *alias* Siddabasappa	

7. DODDA BATHI.

1. Mr. Matada Mahanthiah	1, Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Kannappala Siddappa	2. Mr. Kurubiyagala Siddappa
3. ,, Pujari Rudrappa	
4. ,, Savirappa	
5. ,, Belludi Siddappa	

8. KADLABAL.

1. Mr. K. Srinivasa Rao	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Channabasaviah	2. Mr. Karegowdara Bhimappa
3. ,, Srinivasachar	

9. BETHUR.

1. Mr. Madhva Rao, Shanbhog	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Basavalingappa	2. Mr. Basavanahal Mahadevappa
3. ,, G. Sangappa	3. ,, Halligowdara Channappa
4. ,, Panduranga Rao	
5. ,, S. Siddalingappa	
6. ,, Hucha Rao	

10. AVERGERE.

1. Mr. Mahadevappa	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Javali Kotrappa	2. Mr. Kurubara Siddappa
3. ,, Kotgi Basettappa	
4. ,, Gowdara Kariappa	
5. ,, Agasara Dyamanna	

11. KABBUR.

1. Mr. Mandalur Mahadevappa	1. Patel (Ex-officio)
2. ,, Kalyanappa	2. Mr. Agasale Rudrappa
3. ,, Kulambi Halappa	

12. NARAGANAHALLI.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. N. Thippaiah
2. ,, Patel Channabasappa
3. ,, Matada Sangiah
4. ,, Ramagiri Marulappa
5. ,, Matada Channaveeriah

Nominated Members.

1. Patel Basappa (*Ex-officio*)
2. Mr. Shanbhog Seshagiri Rao

13. KODAGANUR.

1. Mr. Venkata Rao Babar
2. ,, Senkarappa
3. ,, Virabasappa
4. ,, Hanumantha Rao, Sinde
5. ,, Ramachar
6. ,, Murigappa Maganahalli

1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. Mr. Vysyara Malasettappa
3. ,, Lambani Pakeerappa

14. NALKUNDA.

1. Mr. Nadiga Basappa
2. ,, Matada Halappa
3. ,, Navilehalu Kariappa
4. ,, Muruda Basappana Halappa
5. ,, Thoppenahalli Virappa

1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. Mr. Uppar Rangappa

15. KANDAGAL.

1. Mr. K. M. Basappaiya
2. ,, G. Eswarappa
3. ,, Gowda Mallappa
4. ,, S. Puttuvirappa
5. ,, Bandihole Halappa
6. ,, M. Doddabasappa

1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. Mr. Muddappala Veerappa
3. ,, Pinjar Hassan Sabi

16. MALALKERE.

1. Mr. H. Kotrappa
2. ,, Santhaviriah
3. ,, Sasalu Ramappa
4. ,, K. Mahadevappa
5. ,, Guddada Mallappa

1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. Mr. S. Sanjiviah

17. HADADI.

1. Mr. Pattari Eswarappa
2. ,, Arkachari Virappa
3. ,, Vaisyara Kristappa
4. ,, Bajji Viriah
5. ,, Karethavi Basappa
6. ,, Vaisyara Bhimasenappa

1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. Mr. Sammerayara Giriappa
3. ,, Shanbhog Subba Rao

18. LOKIKERE.

1. Mr. L. Srinivasa Rao
2. ,, L. Mallari Rao
3. ,, S. M. Virabhadriah
4. ,, V. M. Sivappiah
5. ,, Karegowdara Bhimappa
6. ,, Fakruddin Sab

1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. Mr. Vaisyara Benakappa
3. ,, Kammar Thimmanna

19. MUDIHADADI.

1. Mr. M. Mahadeviah
2. ,, Fakirappa
3. ,, Bani Virabasappa

1. Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. Mr. Bajji Bharamappa

VI. HOSDRUGA TALUK.

1. SRI RAMPURA.

1. Mr. Tirukai Setty
2. ,, Muddurangiah Setty
3. ,, Kalachari
4. ,, Abdul Aziz Sab
5. ,, Abdul Vahab Sab
6. ,, Ramaswami Setty

1. Mr. Delli Kariappa
2. ,, Patel Gaviappa
3. ,, Shanbhog Narasappa

2. HEGGERI.

1. Mr. Siddarame Gowda
2. ,, Ramegowda
3. ,, Dyvarayappa
4. ,, Lakkirangana Horakerappa
5. ,, Anandappa
6. ,, H. Kempayya

1. Patel Thimmegowda (*Ex-officio*)
2. Mr. Shamanna, Shanbhog
3. ,, Rangappa

3. BELAGOOR.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Sahukar Channabasappa	1. Patel Rudrappa (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Gati Puji Siddiah	2. Mr. Thimmappa, Shanbhog
3. ,, Kampani Mallappa	3. ,, Aswathanaranaiya
4. ,, Gati Puji Venkatappa	
5. ,, Vendor K. Krishnappa	
6. ,, Devendrappa	

4. BALLALASAMUDRA.

1. Mr. P. T. Subbiah Naidu	1. Mr. Nanjundappa, Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Lingiah Naidu, Chitrahalli	2. ,, Bhandi Thimmiah Naidu
3. ,, Muthyalaiya Naidu	
4. ,, Mathodi Gurappa Naidu	
5. ,, Nanjiah Naidu	

5. ALAGHATTA.

1. Mr. Gaddathiah	1. Mr. Chennabasiah, Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Sivagangiah	2. ,, Kada Siddappa
3. ,, T. Chennabasappa	
4. ,, B. Marulappa	
5. ,, G. Sambanna	

6. KAREHALLI.

1. Mr. Subbanna	1. Mr. Chikkanna Lingegowda, Patel (*Ex-officio*).
2. ,, Rangappa	2. ,, Kada Siddappa.
3. ,, Doddaiya Dasihalli	
4. ,, Kariyappa	
5. ,, Dodda Hanumiah	

7. MATHODU.

1. Mr. Dasappa	1. Mr. Patel Bandi Gowda (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Rudrappa	2. ,, Sesha Bhattaru
3. ,, Linga Bhattaru	3. ,, Thimmappa, Shanbhog
4. ,, Donnappa	
5. ,, Gurusiddappa Naik	
6. ,, Dodrudrappa	

8. JANAKAL.

1. Mr. Gunderi Mallappa	1. Mr. Hutchappa, Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Pota Naik	2. ,, Myavar Jabbar Sab
3. ,, Bharmagiri Thimmappa	3. ,, Shanbhog Surappa
4. ,, Gowda Kariyappa	
5. ,, Angadi Mohadin Khan	
6. ,, Talyada Sivalingappala Kalappa	

9. MADADAKERE.

1. Mr. Kariyappa	1. Mr. Kollurappa
2. ,, Chittiah	2. ,, Patel Rangappa (*Ex-officio*)
3. ,, Gudu Sab	
4. ,, Horkarappa	
5. ,, Karavirappa	

10. BAGOOR.

1. Mr. Hanumanthappa	1. Mr. Nadiga Shamanna, Patel
2. ,, Govindappa	2. ,, Srinivasa Rao
3. ,, Banappa	3. ,, Ahamad Sahib
4. ,, Chennamallappa	
5. ,, Naragundada Ramanna	
6. ,, Sarodappa	

11. HERUR.

1. Mr. Thammiah	1. Mr. Thimmiah, Patel (*Ex-officio*)
2. ,, Dodda Rangappa	2. ,, Lakkappa Gowda
3. ,, Kalappa	

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEETING OF THE CHITALDRUG DISTRICT BOARD HELD AT CHITALDRUG ON 29TH JUNE 1925.

Members.

Present	... 32.	Absent	... 2.

Resolved that the cordial and respectful congratulations of the District Board be conveyed to Sir Albion Rajkumar Banerji, Dewan of Mysore, on the distinction of Knighthood conferred upon him recently by the Government of India.

2. (*a*) Read draft budget estimates of the Chitaldrug District Board for the year 1925-26.
Resolution.—Considered and passed.

(*b*) Read draft budget estimates of the Taluk Boards for 1925-26.
Resolution.—Considered and passed.

3. Read statement showing the expenses incurred in connection with the District Conference and Exhibition held in April 1925.
Resolution.—The expenses are sanctioned as a special case on this occasion.

4. Read memo No. 183, dated 18th May 1925, from the Deputy Commissioners, Chitaldrug District, calling for proposals for the revision of the establishment of the District Board Office and the office note proposing that the pay of the Head Clerk may be fixed at Rs. 57-4-77 and 1 Accountant on Rs. 30 and 1 Record keeper on Rs. 25, may be newly entertained for the efficient discharge of work in the office.
Resolution.—The proposals may be recommended to be sanctioned.

5. Read letter No. L. 7919-34—San. 13-24-4, dated 7th May 1925, calling for the opinion of the District Board in the matter of placing all the Sanitary Inspectors directly under the Chief Sanitary Inspector and the latter under the District Medical Officer for purpose of the scrutiny and compilation of vital statisticss.
Resolution.—The present practice may continue, but the compiled figures of vital statistics may be sent to the Sanitary Commissioner through the District Medical Officer; it is not necessary that the Chief Sanitary Inspectors should be made a subordinate of the District Medical Officer for this purpose.

6. Read the official memorandum No. L. 7841 a—L. B. 21-24-19, dated 2nd May 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding for remarks, the petition received from certain resident of Talavatti village, Hiriyur Taluk, protesting against the project to connect Iyamangala and Harti by a direct road and suggesting the construction of a road from Iyamangala to Yeraballi and also read the President's reply sent to Government in the matter.
Resolution.—The District Board are of the opinion that the sanctioned project of a road from Iyamangala to Harti may be stopped for the present till the spot is inspected by the President and the raiyats' representations are fully considered and the matter is placed again before the District Board.

7. Read letter No. 43, dated 15th December 1924, from the President, Davangere Municipality, forwarding for sanction an estimate amounting to Rs. 2,873 for repairing the road on the Davangere Tank bund, the municipal council having agreed to bear one-third of the cost.
Resolved that the District Board are willing to bear half the estimated cost of Rs. 2,873, and that the work may be undertaken by the Davangere Municipality

8. Read Hiriyur Municipal President's No. 211, dated 23rd May 1925, forwarding an estimate amounting to Rs. 998 for the construction of a compound wall to the Local Fund Dispensary at Hiriyur, the Municipal Council having agreed to bear one-third of the estimated cost.
Resolved that the work is necessary and that the District Board are willing to bear their quota of one-third cost of the work and that the Government may be requested to sanction the remaining one-third cost from State Funds.

9. Read letter No. 13266--7, dated 7—14th April 1925, from the Superintendent of the Veterinary Department, forwarding an estimate amounting to Rs. 11,384 for the construction of a Veterinary Hospital building at Chitaldrug and enquiring whether the District Board is prepared to pay its one-third quota, *viz.*, Rs. 3,795.-
Resolved that the opinion of the Chitaldrug Municipal Council in the matter may be ascertained as there is already a building in use for the purpose and that body may be requested to state what quota they are able to pay for the work in case it is undertaken.

13. Read G. O. No. L. 2318-19—L. B. 8-24-6, dated 15th September 1924, sanctioning the continuance of the services of the Blaster employed under the ruarl water-supply scheme till the end of June 1925 and the consideration of the question of further retention of his services.
Resolution.—The services of the Blaster may be continued for another period of one year from 1st July 1925.

11. Read Harihar Taluk Board President's No. 297, dated 29th April 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Taluk Board recommending the enhancement of the pay of the caretaker of the travelleres' bungalow at Malebennur from Rs. 7 to Rs. 9.
Resolution.—The increase proposed may be sanctioned.

12. Read Harihar Taluk Board President's report No. 130, dated 5th December 1924, forwarding a bill for Rs. 19-10 0 being the total cost of glass stoppered bottles and other articles supplied to the Taluk Board from the Medical Stores during 1919-20.
Resolution.—The amount may be paid.

13. Read the application of one D. Siddiah, Yelanadu, Hiriyur Taluk, praying for a scholarship of Rs. 25 per month to enable him to undergo training in Sericulture at Bangalore for a period of one year.

Resolved that a scholarship of Rs. 20 (twenty) may be sanctioned to the applicant after the President satisfies himself by inquiry that the applicant is eligible.

14. Read Chitaldrug Division Executive Engineer's No. 96, dated 17—18th April 1925, forwarding an estimate amounting to Rs. 227 for repairs to the travellers' bungalow at Hangal.

Resolution.—May be sanctioned and the work may be entrusted to the Public Works Department for execution.

15. Consideration of the question of demanding necessary contribution from the Hiriyur Municipality, towards the maintenance charges of the Local Fund Dispensary at Hiriyur, the charges now being met wholly from District Funds.

Resolution.—The Board is of the opinion that the Local Fund Dispensary at Hiriyur need not have any special treatment and that the District Board should bear only its usual quota of expenditure in this connection.

16. Read the records relating to the acquisition of lands for village extension in the following villages :—

Taluk	Village	S. No.	Extent required	Cost how to be met
1. Chitaldrug ..	Musandikal ..	48	3—25	District Funds.
2. Do ..	Godabanhal ..	276	1— 0	Village Panchayat Fund.
3. Do ..	Dyamavvanahalli ..	182	5— 0	District Funds.
4. Harihar ..	Bilasanur ..	22	10— 0	District Funds.
		24	8— 0	
		25	7— 0	
5. Do ..	Kadenaikanhalli ..	66	2— 0	District Funds.
6. Davangere ..	Hedli ..	48	5— 5	District Funds.
		53	1— 7	
		54	1—12	
7. Do ..	Kokkavada ..	36	7—14	District Funds.
		38	12—29	
8. Do ..	Alur ..	85	3—11	Village Panchayat Funds.
9. Do ..	Pavada Rangavanahalli ..	1	1—20	District Funds.
10. Hiriyur Taluk ..	Guilhal ..	1—2	4—20	District Funds.
11. Holalkere ..	Maladihalli ..	1—1 &	1—20 &	District Funds.
			1—14	
		1—2	1—33	

Resolution.—The acquisitions proposed are sanctioned and the District Board are willing to bear the acquisition charges.

17. Read Davangere Sub-Division Officer's Yadi No. S. C. 188, dated 22nd June 1925, recommending that the contractor of Harihar-Harpanahalli toll-gate for 1924-25 may be granted some relief.

Resolved that a remission to the extent of Rs. 450 may be sanctioned.

18. Read the application of the contractor of the Harihar-Harpanahalli Road toll-gate praying that the cesses levied on the toll amount for the year 1924-25 may be refunded to him.

Resolution.—The cesses collected may be refunded.

19. Read letter from the Inspector-General of Education, enquiring whether the construction of a compound wall and latrine to the Gosha School at Hiriyur at a cost of Rs. 480 be met from cess funds.

Resolution.—The cost of the work, Rs. 480 may be met out of cess funds.

20. Read Harihar Deputy Amildar's Report No. 376, dated 28th June 1925, *re* the sale of right to collect toll on Harihar-Harpanahalli Road for the year 1925-26.

Resolved:—The tender of Mr. H. Channabasavia, for the Harihar-Harpanahalli toll-gate for the year 1925-26 for the sum of Rs. 1,751 may be accepted and the original sale be cancelled.

21. Read Chitaldrug Division Executive Engineer's No. 139, dated 6th June 1925, forwarding for countersignature a fresh plan and estimate amounting to Rs 11,000 for the construction of a Local Fund Dispensary building at Hosdrug.

Resolved that the fresh plan and estimate of the Hosdruga Local Fund Dispensary for the sum of Rs. 11,000 may be countersigned by the President and the Government requested the sanction the estimate at an early date; the amount of contribution due by the District Board may be paid after the estimate is sanctioned.

22. Date of the next meeting. (To be fixed in due course.)

S. VENKATARANGAM,
President, District Board.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 834—*L. B.* 54-25-13, *dated 6th August* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules, the term of the following Village Panchayets in the Koratagere Sub-Taluk is extended up to the 1st of September 1925, pending their reconstitution :—

1. Rampura
2. Holavanahalli
3. Thovinkere
4. Agrahara
5. Hulikunte
6. Doddasaggere
7. Theetha

No. L. 836—*L. B.* 54-25-11, *dated 6th August* 1925.

Under Rule 3 of the Local Board Rules issued under Notification No. R. 755—L. B. 54-18-1, dated 18th December 1918, the term of the Gubbi Taluk Board is extended up to the end of September 1925, pending its reconstitution.

No. L. 838—*L. B.* 54-25-12, *dated 6th August* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules 1918, the term of the following Village Panchayets in the Gubbi Taluk is, pending their reconstitution, extended up to the end of September 1925 :—

1. Hagalvadi
2. Hosahalli
3. Nittur
4. Muganayakanakotay

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

OFFICE OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE.

Miscellaneous No. 328—33, *dated* 30*th July* 1925.

Notice is hereby given under Section 62 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906, to the inhabitants of the Bangalore City Municipality, that the Municipal Council shall impose the following enhanced taxes and toll, sanctioned by Government in their Order No. L. 509-512—Ml. 127-23-13, dated 22nd—23rd July 1925, with effect from the dates noted against them :—

Name of tax	Existing rate	Sanctioned rate	Date from which to be levied
1. Water tax.—			
(a) On buildings	3% on their rental value.	4½% on their rental value.	1st October 1925
(b) On vacant sites	3/5% of the building tax.	1% of the building tax.	Do
(c) On buildings used as shops and mandies	1% on the rental value.	3% on the rental value.	Do
2. Tax on vacant sites.—	4 annas per 100 sq. yds.	8 annas per 100 sq. yds.	Do
3. Toll on vehicles and animals.—			
(1) On every jutka or cart drawn by men, bulls, bullocks, horses, asses or mules (laden)	2 annas	4 annas	1st September 1925
(2) Do do (unladen) ..	1 anna	2 ,,	Do
(3) On every motor car	4 annas	8 ,,	Do
(4) Do motor cycle	2 ,,	4 ,,	Do
(5) Do Jinriksha	2 ,,	4 ,,	Do
(6) Do bicycle or tricycle ..	1 anna	2 ,,	Do

J. V. MASCARENHAS,
Offg. *Municipal Commissioner.*

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification, dated 3*rd August* 1925.

Under Section 21 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules of 1918, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Koratagere Sub-Taluk, shall be reconstituted for a period of three years from the date of publication of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette.*

1. HOLAVANAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Mahomed Abdul Rub.
2. ,, S. Naranachar
3. ,, Sheshaiyengar
4. ,, Mutya Bheemachar
5. ,, Tirumale Sreenivasachar
6. ,, Mirmahadi Hussain

Ex-officio Members.

7. Mr. Hanumiah, Patel

2. RAMPURA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Hampanniah
2. ,, Matada Veerappa
3. ,, Rajanna
4. ,, Matada Puttabasaviah
5. ,, Sajjanara Gangappa
6. ,, Settra Veerasettappa
7. ,, Yejman Lakshmaiya

8. Mr. Seetharamiah, Patel

3. HULIKUNTE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Veerebhadriah
2. ,, Chikkegowdara Malliah
3. ,, Angadi Malliah
4. ,, Kakimallegowda
5. ,, Angadi Chikkanna

6. Mr. Hanumanthegowda, Patel

4. AGRAHARA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Sreekantaradhya
2. ,, Sivasankararadhya
3. ,, Nidumamuddappa
4. ,, Chinnajetty
5. ,, Venkatarayappa

6. Mr. Komararadhya, Patel

5. THOVINKERE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Ex-officio Members.*
1. Mr. T. Hanumanthiah	7. Mr. Chikkanaika, Patel
2. „ Naranappa	
3. „ Muddaveeriah	
4. „ Kassimsab	
5. „ Rachiah	
6. „ Sreenivasiah	

Note.—The names of nominated members will be separately published.

Notification, dated 3rd August 1925.

Under Section 21 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules of 1918, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Kunigal Taluk, shall be reconstituted for a period of three years from the date of publication of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette*:—

1. YELIYUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Ex-officio Members.*
1. Mr. Naranachar	7. Mr. Appau Gowda, Patel
2. „ Revanna Setty	
3. „ Nanjunda Setty	
4. „ Honniah	
5. „ Veerannagowda	
6. „ Babusab	

2. NAGASANDRA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Kalle Lingiah	7. Mr. Lingegowda, Patel
2. „ Naranappa	
3. „ Hariyappa	
4. „ Mangi Venkategowda	
5. „ Veerabhadra Setty	
6. „ Venkiah Setty	

3. HULIYURDURGA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Khaji Sheik Mohadeen Sab	7. Mr. Gowru Honniah, Patel
2. „ H. Honnappa	
3. „ Srinivasiah	
4. „ Chikka Channa Setty	
5. „ Siddalinga Setty	
6. „ Narasimha Setty	

4. UJJANI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Komariah	7. Mr. Hutchegowda, Patel
2. „ Veerabhadriah	
3. „ Govindaraju	
4. „ Sampigowda	
5. „ Chaluvegowda	
6. „ Kende Hutchegowda	

5. NIDASALE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Venkatakrishnappa	7. Mr. Hombegowda, Patel
2. „ Girimalla Setty	
3. „ Siddanna Setty	
4. „ Chikegowdana Boregowda	
5. „ Motegowda *alias* Chennegowda	
6. „ Chikthimmegowdana Rangegowda.	

6. AMRATHUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Hutchiah Setty	7. Patel
2. „ Doddathimmegowda	
3. „ Mahamad Peer Sab	
4. „ Laxminarasimiah	
5. „ G. Ramaswamy Iyer	
6. „ D. Ranga Setty	

7. GUNNAGERE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Papiah	6. Mr. Hutchegowda, Patel
2. „ Gowdiah	
3. „ Budansab	
4. „ Rangiah	
5. „ Chikkegowda	

Note.—The names of nominated members will be separately published.

N. SUNDARARAJAIENGAR,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. C. 2295—L. B. 24-25, dated 2nd August 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, VI of 1918 and Rule 21 of the Village Panchayets Election Rules of 1918, the Village Panchayets noted hereunder are constituted as follows for a term of three years with effect from 1st August 1925. The nominations have been sanctioned in Government Order No. L. 707—L. B. 55-24-7, dated the 31st July 1925.

KRISHNARAJPETE TALUK.

1. MADHUVINAKODI.

Eelected under Section 49 (2) (a).	*Nominated under Section 49 (2) (b).*
1. Mr. K. Siddegowda	1. Mr. Shanbhog Sreekantaiya.
2. „ Javaliangadi Rangasetty	2. „ Patel Appajigowda (*Ex-officio*)
3. „ Mulemane Boregowda	3. „ Peer Khan
4. „ Shanbhog Venkatasubbaiya	
5. „ Ramanaidu	
6. „ Mulemane Dyavegowda	

2. AKKIHEBBAL.

1. Mr. Hebbaruvaiah	1. Mr. Shanbhog Narasimha Murthy
2. „ B. Krishnappa	2. „ Patel Lingegowda (*Ex-officio*)
3. „ Chidambara Rao	3. „ Abdulla Beig
4. „ A. Ramajois	
5. „ A. N. Ramachendriah	
6. „ A. Subba Rao	

3. SINDHAGHATTA.

1. Mr. Khadarpatcha Sahib	1. Mr. Shanbhhog Gundappa
2. „ Shanbhog Venkataramaiah, Milavahalli Pirkha.	2. „ Patel Boregowda (*Ex-officio*)
3. „ Kalegowda	3. „ Boregowdara Dyavegowda
4. „ Abdul Mathem	
5. „ Abdul Aziz	
6. „ Mallappa Setty	

4. AGRAHARABACHAHALLI.

1. Mr. Narayana Sastry	1. Mr. Shanbhog Subbaiya
2. „ Channegowda *bin* Dyavegowda	2. „ Patel Siddegowda (*Ex-officio*)
3. „ Siddegowda *bin* Boregowda	
4. „ Thimmegowda *bin* Govindagowda.	
5. „ Thmmaiah *alias* Maigowda.	

5. AGALE.

1. Mr. Dalana Boregowdara Subbegowda.	1. Mr. Patel Kodigowda (*Ex-officio*)
2. „ Marilingegowdara Siddalingegowda.	2. „ Shanbhog Narasimha Iyengar
3. „ Janardhan Iyengar	
4. „ Kalegowdara Siddalingegowda	
5. „ Kodigowdara Boregowda	

6. SANTHEBACHAHALLI.

1. Mr. Sanna Boregowdara Puttegowda	1. Mr. Patel Sangappasetty (*Ex-officio*)
2. „ Gurubasava Chetty	2. „ Mahamad Hussain, Contractor
3. „ Bhadrasetty	3. „ Venkatanarasaiah, Retired Head Master.
4. „ M. Madaiah	
5. „ Venkataramana Jois	
6. „ Channappa Setty	

MALVALLI TALUK.

1. HALAGUR.

1. Mr. Thippa Jois	1. Mr. Sankaranarnappa
2. „ Chikkamadappa	2. „ Abdul Razack Sab
3. „ Mallappa	3. „ Parappa
4. „ Thimmegowda	4. „ Bogegowda (Patel *Ex-officio*)
5. „ Doddamayigowda	
6. „ Janardanagowda	
7. „ Chikkasubbaiah	
8. „ Subbanna	

2. DHANAGUR.

Elected under Section 49 (2) (*a*).

1. Mr. Shafee Beig Sab
2. „ Abdulla Khadar Sab
3. „ Abdul Vahab Sab
4. „ Jeeyauddin Sab
5. „ Venkataramaiah

Nominated under Section 49 (2) (*b*).

1. Mr. Adam Beig Sab
2. „ Puttasubbaiya (Patel *Ex-officio*)

3. LINGAPATNA.

1. Mr. Thammannagowda
2. „ Kumbegowda
3. „ Kempegowda
4. „ Parusettaru
5. „ Channa Chari
6. „ Dyava Setty

1. Mr. Kamari Siddasetty
2. „ Boregowda
3. „ Lingegowda (Patel *Ex-officio*)

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Erratum, dated 30*th July* 1925.

In this office notification published on page 450 of Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette* dated 9th July 1925 notifying the names of elected members of the Doddabyagathavalli Village Panchayet, please read Mr. Srinivasiengar, son of Krishnappa as Mr. Srinivasaiya, son of Krishnappa.

Notification, dated 4*th August* 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Alur Sub-Taluk are reconstituted as noted against each, with effect from 1st September 1925:—

Elected Members.

Kiragadalu V. P.—

(1) Mr. Marigowda S/O Basavegowda.
(2) „ Doddegowda S/O Mallegowda.
(3) „ Honnegowda S/O Kalegowda.
(4) „ Thimmappaiya S/O Chikkaiya.
(5) „ Eranna S/O Kalegowda.

Kanatur V. P.—

(1) Mr. Nanjegowda S/O Doddegowda.
(2) „ Venkataramaiya S/O Puttannaiya.
(3) „ Dyavegowda S/O Marigowda.

NOTE—Nominated members will be published separately.

K. MALLARAJ URS,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 20, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 888—*L. B.* 41-25-20, *dated* 10*th August* 1925.

Government are pleased to withdraw from acquisition of 14 guntas of land out of 35 guntas, of Survey No. 168 of the Yenagahalli village in the Chamrajnagar Taluk, sanctioned in Government Order No. R. 116-7—L. R. 44-21-22, dated 7th July 1922 and declared in Notification No. R. 118—L. R. 44-21-24, dated 7th July 1922, as required for extension of the village site, as it is no longer required for this purpose.

No. L. 909—*Ml.* 68-25-3, *dated* 10*th August* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the Election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6341—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. N. Banappa, as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Sivane, is approved.

No. L. 915—*L. B.* 53-25-4, *dated* 10*th August* 1925.

Under Rule 3 of the Rules under the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, issued with Notification No. R. 7550—L. B. 54-18-1, dated 18th December 1918, Government are pleased to extend the term of the existing Taluk Board of Kolar Taluk, reconstituted in Government Notification No. L. 1939—L. B. 29-22-15, dated 24th August 1922, till the end of November 1925, pending the reconstitution of the Board.

No. L. 949—*L. B.* 55-25-13, *dated* 11*th August* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules issued with Notification No. L. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated the 13th July 1918 as amended by notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated the 11th November 1921, the term of the following three Village Panchayets in the Krishnarajpete Taluk is extended up to the end of September 1925, pending their reconstitution.

1. Hosahalalu.
2. Bukinkere, and
3. Chinkurli.

No. L. 1014—*L. B.* 9-24-133, *dated* 13*th* *August* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules, 1918, the term of the Belvadi Village Panchayet in the Arkalgud Taluk is, pending its reconstitution extended till the end of December 1925.

No. L. 1083—*L. B.* 52-25-16, *dated* 15*th* *August* 1925.

Under Rule 3 of the rules issued with Government Notification No. R. 7559—L. B. 54-15-1, dated the 18th December 1918, Government are pleased to direct that the term of all the existing Taluk Boards in the State except that of the Taluk Boards of Seringapatam and Nagamangala in the Mysore District, be extended by six months from the date of the expiry of the term in each cese.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

OFFICE OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE.

Miscellaneous No. 328—33, *dated* 30*th* *July* 1925.

Notice is hereby given under Section 62 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906, to the inhabitants of the Bangalore City Municipality, that the Municipal Council shall impose the following enhanced taxes and toll, sanctioned by Government in their Order No. L. 509-512—Ml. 127-23-13, dated 22nd—23rd July 1925, with effect from the dates noted against them :—

Name of tax	Existing rate	Sanctioned rate	Date from which to be levied
1. Water tax.—			
(a) On buildings	3% on their rental value.	4½% on their rental value.	1st October 1925
(b) On vacant sites	3/5% of the building tax.	1% of the building tax.	Do
(c) On buildings used as shops and mandies	1% on the rental value.	3% on the rental value.	Do
2. Tax on vacant sites	4 annas per 100 sq. yds.	8 annas per 100 sq. yds.	Do
3. Toll on vehicles and animals.—			
(1) On every jutka or cart drawn by men, bulls, bullocks, horses, asses or mules (laden)	2 annas	4 annas	1st September 1925
(2) Do do (unladen) ..	1 anna	2 ,,	Do
(3) On every motor car	4 annas	8 ,,	Do
(4) Do Motor cycle	2 ,,	4 ,,	Do
(5) Do Jinriksha	2 ,,	4 ,,	Do
(6) Do Bicycle or tricycle ..	1 anna	2 ,,	Do

J. V. MASCARENHAS,
Offg. *Municipal Commissioner.*

No. I.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 4TH JULY 1925, AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 20. | Absent ... 10.

Before proceeding with the business on the agenda, the President placed before the meeting a comparative statement of Municipal collections during 1923-24 and 1924-25, which showed a net increase of about Rs. 16,500 in 1924-25.

2. The President then informed the Council that from the 1st July 1925, the collection of gate fees and ground rent at the New General Market was being worked departmentally as resolved by the Council and that the collections of these three days were quite encouraging and justified the action of the Council in this matter.

3. The President then brought to the notice of the Council that the loading and unloading of bamboos, etc., on the Hoskote Road causes much obstruction to traffic and to pedestrians, that the Executive had already taken action in this direction and that it was necessary to strengthen their hands by a resolution of the Council on the subject and invited the opinion of the Councillors. The question was discussed from several standpoints and it was considered better that the subject was brought up at the next meeting so that the Councillors might come with considered opinions.

* * * *

5. Election of members for the Managing Committee for the official year 1925-06 :—

Resolution.—The following members were elected as members of the Managing Committee for 1925-26 :—

1. Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthy Mudaliar, B.A., 2. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, B.A., B.L., 3. Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao, 4. Mr. G. Muniyappa, 5. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa, 6. Mr. G. Siddaveerappa, 7. Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer, 8. Mr. S. N. N. Razvi, and 9. Mr. B. L. Byanna.

Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, was then unanimously elected as Chairman of the Committee

* * * *

Ordinary subjects continued from the Council Meeting dated 29th June 1925.

23. Control of Primary Hindustani Boys' and Girls' Schools to vest in the Municipal Council, as recommended by the Education Committee.

Several members took part in the discussion of this subject. Mr. D. Venkataramaiya, Chairman of the Education Committee, explained at great length, the necessity of taking over the control of these schools by the Municipality from the Education Department. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao and some others wanted to know what arrangements would be made for conducting inspection of the Girls' Schools since the Gosha system did not easily permit of inspection of these schools. Mr. Razvi suggested the nomination of a muslim member on the Education Committee. Mr. Abdul Rahmon opposed the proposal. Mr. D. Venkataramaiya, replied that the usual inspection of the girls' schools by the Urdu Inspectress appointed by Government will continue as heretofore and that problems concerning the housing of the schools, equipments, carting arrangements, regular attendance of mistresses and girls and various other things conducive to the developments of schools will have to be attended to by the Education Committee and the Municipal Inspecting Officer without prejudice to the Gosha system. The President explained the numerous short-comings and drawbacks in the schools which have come to the notice of himself, Chairman of the Education Committee and the Inspecting Officer during their inspection rounds of the City Schools and the disadvantages to which they are now subjected to. He suggested that the election of a muslim member on the Education Committee will be kept in view in the next election and that in the meanwhile there was no objection for any muslim member to co-opt with the Education Committee. Mr. D. Venkataramaiya further stated that the question was fully considered in all its aspects by the Education Committee and proposed the following proposition which was seconded by Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao with a cogent speech. The resolution was put to vote and declared, carried by 17 against 1.

Resolution.—Resolved that the control over the Primary Hindustani Boys' and Girls' Schools vest in the Municipal Council and that necessary steps be taken to take over the control from the Education Department as early as possible.

Messrs. Abdul Rahmon and Hanumanthappa demanded a poll, which was allowed by the President.

The following voted 'For' the resolution.—1. The President, 2. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 3. Mr. D. Venkataramaiya, 4. Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva, 5. Mr. S. Venkataranga Iyengar, 6. Mr. N. V. Kalyanpur, 7. Mr. C. Paramasiviah, 8. Mr. H. C. Chiknanjundappa, 9. Mr. S. N. N. Razvi, 10. Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer, 11. Mr. V. Venkatesiah, 12. Mr. G. Muniyappa, 13. Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthi Mudaliar, 14. Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao, 15. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, 16. Mr. C. Siddaveerappa, and 17. Mr. B. L. Byanna.

The following voted "Against" the resolution:—

1. Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon

* * * *

29. Opinion of the Municipal Education Committee, dated 7th May 1925, stating that the working hours of all the Primary Schools in Bangalore City, be fixed from 7-30 A.M. to 10-30 A.M. and from 3 P.M. to 5 P.M.

Resolution.—Resolved that all the Primary Schools under the control of the Municipal Council be held from 11 A.M. to 5 P.M., with an interval of one hour and the arrangement be introduced forthwith.

x x x x

33. Letter No. 1942 of 28th May 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education, requesting for the payment of Rs. 1,664 for a strip of land measuring 12 feet wide out of the land acquired by the Education Department for the Model A. H. School in Police Road, required by the Municipality for opening a lane thereon.

Resolution.—Resolved that the acquisition of the land having been made for the benefit of the Education Department at its own cost and the necessity of the lane having been felt by that department as conducive to its benefit for various reasons, the Council regret that it cannot pay the amount asked for.

No. 2.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 18TH JULY 1925, AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present .. ... 22 | Absent 8

Before proceeding with the business of the day, the President read to the Councillors, a letter dated 17th instant, from the Honorary Secretary of the Civic and Social Progress Association, Bangalore City, enlisting the sympathy of the Councillors of the City Municipality, in the cause of maternity and child welfare in the Bangalore City and stating that the Civil and Military Station Municipality is conferring immense benefits onthe people by a similar organisation and requesting the Councillors to undertake a visit to the Municipal creche and other centres run by that Municipality at an early date.

It was then agreed that all the Councillors be kindly requested to meet at the City Vegetable Market at 8 A.M. on Friday the 24th instant and thence proceed to the Civil and Military Station.

2. A statement of collections of assessed taxes during 1924-25 was read for the information of the Councillors.

3. Proceedings of the meetings dated 29th June 1925 and 4th July 1925 were read and recorded.

4. An interpellation of Mr. B. L. Byanna regarding the acceptance of the tender of Nyathappa Reddy for the construction of zinc sheet stalls in the New Market was answered.

* * * * *

D4. Disposal of tenders for the construction of dwarf walls and gateways at the south-west corner of the New Market.

Resolution.—Five contractors had submitted their tenders for this work. Of these, the tender of Mr. S. Puttanna was rejected as being no tender at all since he merely quoted "20 per cent less than the lowest tender." Of the remaining four tenders, the tender of Mr. B. C. Ramaiah for Rs. 2,380 being the lowest was accepted.

* * * *

10. Consideration of the question of putting a stop to the loading and unloading of bamboos, etc., by the merchants on the Hoskota road with a view to avoid accidents to traffic and pedestrians on that road.

Resolution.—Read copies of letters Nos. 5172, dated 11th June 1925 and 5374, dated 30th June 1925, addressed by the Municipal Commissioner to the Deputy Commissioner and District Magistrate, Bangalore District, and the latter's reply No. J. O. 1142, dated 13th July 1925, as also letter dated 19th May 1925, addressed to the Municipal Commissioner by Mr. K. V. Anantharaman, B.A., Revenue Secretary to Government. While approving of the action taken by the Municipal Commissioner in this behalf, it is resolved that the loading and unloading of bamboos and timber on the Hoskota road and on the lane connecting the Avenue road with the Hoskota road as demarcated by Municipal drains and the depositing of the abovesaid articles on the roads and drains referred to from the Avenue road and right up to the New Jutka stand as shown in blue pencil in the sketch prepared by the Special Engineer for this purpose be completely stopped immediately and that the Deputy Commissioner and the District Magistrate, Bangalore District, be requested to take such effective steps in this connection as he may deem fit and proper in order to avoid risk of accidents to property and to life and limb and to afford adequate facilities for the heavy vehicular and pedestrian traffic passing through these roads.

* * * *

14. Letter No. L. 309—Ml. 22-24-33, dated 13th July 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to obtain, at an early date, the views of the Municipal Council to raise the pay of the Office Manager, Mr. M. Govinda Rao, B.A., B.L., to Rs. 200 in consideration of his long service of 22 years and educational qualifications and to empower him to sign all papers the drafts of which have been passed by the Commissioner and to attend to such of the ordinary routine duties as may be entrusted to him by the Commissioner.

Resolution.—Resolved unanimously that the pay of the Office Manager, Mr. M. Govinda Rao, B.A., B.L., be increased to Rs. 200 a month from 1st July 1925, in consideration of his long service of 22 years and of his good work and educational qualifications. Resolved further that he will be empowered to sign all papers, the drafts of which have been passed by the Municipal Commissioner and to attend to such of the ordinary routine duties as may be entrusted to him by the Municipal Commissioner.

15. Letter dated 3rd July 1925, from Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao, Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following proposition.—

"This Council is of opinion that the recent Government Order published in the Mysore Gazette, that the Lal-Bagh in Bangalore will be closed to the public at 6 P.M. in the months of October, November and December and at 7 P.M. in other months of the year, works great hardship and practically makes the Lal-Bagh useless to the public to whom it is intended and further requests the Government to kindly restore the previous hours of closing the Lal-Bagh at 8 P.M. only."

Resolution.—While approving of the resolution unanimously, it was resolved that a reference be made to Government in this connection and that the Superintendent, Government Gardens, be also addressed on this subject.

16. Docket No. 1974, dated 20th June 1925, from the Special Engineer, City Improvement Works, Bangalore, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 6,212 for working the towers of Market Frontage departmentally as per resolution of the Council dated 23rd May 1925.

Resolution.—After a full discussion of the subject, the following proposition proposed by Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao and seconded by Mr. M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia, was carried unanimously.

"Resolved that with reference to the petition dated 4th March 1925 of Mr. S. Puttanna, Contractor, a notice be issued to him to the effect that he should execute the work at the rates specified in his agreement with the Municipality in this behalf and finish the same within three months from the date of notice and in default of his communicating his approval to the same within fifteen days from the receipt of the notice, the contract would be cancelled and he would be liable for all damages that the Municipality might be put to in this behalf."

17. Municipal Commissioner's memo dated 4th July 1925, suggesting the levy of a rate of Rs. 0-0-6 as ground rent in the City Vegetable Market in the case of a few petty dealers.

Resolution.—Approved.

No. 3.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 25TH JULY 1925, AT 8 A.M., IN THE CHAMBER.

Present ... ... 22 | Absent 8

Before the proceedings of the day began, the President brought to the notice of the Council that Government have passed orders on the proposals of the Council in the matter of the Improvements to the Water Supply, Bangalore City, and explained salient points thereof and said that a Special Meeting of the Council would be convened very soon for the consideration of the Government Order. With the unanimous approval of the Council, the Special Meeting was fixed for Thursday the 30th July 1925, at 5 P.M.

Letter dated 25th July 1925, from Mr. S. Venkataranga Iyengar, Malleswaram Division, requesting that owing to a religious engagement he might be excused from attending this day's meeting, was read and recorded.

Continuation of the subjects on the printed Agenda for 18th July 1925.

18. Letter No. M. T. 4686, dated 4--5th June 1925, from the Superintendent, Bangalore Power and Lighting, forwarding two estimates for Rs. 412 and 816 for giving telephone connections to the residences of the Honorary President in Arcot Sreenivasachar Street and of the Municipal Commissioner in Basavanagudi, respectively.

Resolution.—The Council unanimously approve of the two estimates for Rs. 412 and Rs. 816 for giving telephone connections to the residences of the Honorary President and the Municipal Commissioner, respectively, being sanctioned.

22. Letter No. R. D. S. 49—54-24, dated 24th, June 1925, from the President, Municipal Commission, Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, suggesting the introduction of metal holders for fixing Licenses for private vehicles in the City also.

Resolution.—Mr. Belur Srinivasa Iyengar proposed and Mr. J. R. Isaac seconded that the suggestion made by the President, Civil and Military Station Municipality, be approved and that the colors of the License to be fixed inside the holder be different from that of the Civil and Military Station Municipality for the purpose of identification. This was carried unanimously.

23. Opinion of the Managing Committee of June 1925, *re* printing M. A .M. and B. M. forms, etc., in the local printing press.

Resolution.—Resolved that the forms required for use in the Municipality be got printed in private press and that tenders be called for the same.

39. Government Order No. E. 7335-8--Edn. 99-24-8, dated 24th June 1925, directing that the travelling allowance bills of teachers, transferred to the Bangalore City Municipality, be countersigned by the Municipal Commissioner, Bangalore City Municipality, as the

countersignature of the non-official Chairman of the Municipal Education Committee will not be sufficient under Article 461 of the Mysore Service Regulation.

Resolution.—Recorded.

Proceedings of the Council Meeting held on 25th July 1925.

40. (1) Letter No. L. 3556—Ml. 76-24-30, dated 28th May 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, stating that the grant of a perpetual lease of a piece of land on the Mysore Road to the Mahomedan Community for holding "Namaj" twice a year and for building the 'Idga' thereon cannot be sanctioned.

Resolution.—Recorded.

(2) Also petition dated 6th July 1925, from the members of the Mahomedan Community, with its enclosures, (District Magistrate's Order) requesting that the site referred to in the above Government Order may be given to the Mahomedan Community for performing their 'Id Namaj' twice a year, as a free grant or at a nominal price of Rs. 50.

This petition was considered by the Council along with another petition received on the 17th July 1925, from some members of the Mahomedan Community urging that the grant prayed for should not be made.

Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar in a lucid and impressive speech traced the history relating to the facts which led the majority of the Mussalmans of the City of Bangalore to perform their 'Id Namaj' in a place different from the Idga in Chamarajpet for the past 14 years on a private land belonging to the late Mr. Bullappa between the Mysore Road Ookad and the City Tile Factory and referred to the orders of the Additional District Magistrate passed so long ago as 30th November 1911 in this connection and stated that after the death of Mr. Bullappa, the said land had passed into the hands of other persons, that therefore the petitioners had been driven to the necessity of finding another land for the performance of their 'Id Namaj' and that accordingly it is the bounden duty of the Municipal Council to find for the petitioners an appropriate place for the purpose. He proposed that the land shewn in the sketch and approved by the City Improvement Committee and also by this Council on the previous occasion be given to the Central Mahomedan Association on behalf of the petitioners as applied for by them as a free grant for the construction of the 'Idga' and 'Id Namaj' twice a year. He further stated that the site now chosen is at a distance of about a mile from the Chamarajpet Extension and at a longer distance from the City than the late Mr. Bullappa's land on which Namaj was being performed for the past 14 years and there could absolutely be no objection of any kind for the grant of the site in question.

Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao seconded the proposition and reserved his remarks.

Messrs. C. K. Hutchappa, C. N. Narasinga Rao and B. N. Vijayadeva spoke in support of the proposition and stated that as the representatives of tax-payers it was their duty to create facilities for the performance of religious ceremonies by a large section of the Muslim Community, who, as is well known, are performing 'Id Namaj' in a separte place during the last 14 years. Mr. C. K. Hutchappa further stated that in Cantonment 'Id Namaj' was being performed in half-a-dozen places and in the City itself at 5 different places.

Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer said that the land asked for by the petitioners was not properly defined, that its extent was not specified and that for definite information on all these points the subject may be referred to the City Improvement Committee in the first instant and the Central Mahomedan Association consulted meanwhile in the matter.

The President pointed out that a sketch specifying the exact area of land proposed to be given and showing the situation of the land had already been prepared and the City Improvement Committee had also inspected the same. That being so, the President asked Mr. Gopalaswami Iyer to state if he was opposing the motion.

Mr. Gopalaswami Iyer replied that he was not opposing it but on the other hand he wanted to place the resolution on a definite basis. He added that he was for making the grant and that in the name of the the Central Mahomedan Association only, but he wanted, he said, its Committee's letter in the matter.

Messrs. S. N. M. Razvi and B. L. Byanna also spoke in favour of the grant of the site. The former suggested that the land might be given for a nominal price of Rs. 50. This suggestion he however soon after withdrew and stated that it was absolutely necessary, to allot a site to the petitioners and others who are performing their 'Id Namaj' separately for more than 14 years.

Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, who had reserved his remarks, said that the Hindus were noted for their tolerance of religious spirit among all communities, that every community was free to offer its prayers wherever it liked without infringing on the rights of others and as such, it was the paramount duty of the Council to find a suitable place for the petitioners for the performance of their 'Id Namaj' and strongly seconded the proposition for a free grant of the land applied for. The order of the District Magistrate of Bangalore passed 14 years ago, with the avowed object of preventing a likely breach of the public peace, was conclusive as to the absolute necessity for a separate site for the petitioners for offering their 'Id' prayers. It was, he said, the duty of the Council in such circumstances to offer all the facilities possible for the petitioners to offer their religious prayers peacefully in the manner

they liked best. To coerce a large community to offer prayers at a particular place was bound to lead to undesirable consequences. He said, he was for an absolute free grant for the purpose. He further said that the Municipal Executive would consult the Central Mahomedan Association and do the needful and that the consideration of this subject need not be put off on that account.

Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar replied to some of the remarks contained in the protest petition read by Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer and said that the petitioners would be justified in raising a protest if their privileges and rights had been threatened and if there was any proposal to trespass on the Chamarajpet Idga or to remove and usurp the functions of the Imam at that Idga. How futile and malicious it was: to attempt to coerce others to go to a particular place for 'Namaj' against their religious conscience. He said that although the site in question is far away from the City, still they knew with what amount of ease and peace thousands of Mussalmans marched to that site to perform their Namaj twice recently with the permission of the Municipal Commissioner. The site is a remote place, besides being rocky, and so there could be no reasonable objection to its grant.

It was then resolved as follows:—

Resolution.—"Resolved unanimously that the land behind the Muslim cemetery as shown in the sketch prepared by the Municipal Engineer and approved of by the City Improvement Committee and also by this Council on a previous occasion, be given free of cost to the Central Mahomedan Association on behalf of the Mahomedan Community for the construction of an Idga and for the performance of 'Id Namaj' twice a year, no other place being available anywhere near about for the purpose."

No. 4.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SPECIAL MEETING OF THE COUNCIL HELD ON 30TH JULY 1925.

Present 21. | *Absent* 9.

Subject.—Consideration of Government Order No. L. 509-512—Ml. 127-23-13, dated 22nd July 1925, in the matter of the improvements to the Water Supply, Bangalore City. (Printed copies of the order were already furnished to all the Municipal Councillors.)

After reading certain portions of the Government Order and after some discussion as to its scope and application, the following resolutions were passed :—

1. Resolved that the Government's outright grant of one-third of the total estimated cost of the scheme, as set down in Para 10 (2) of their Order No. 509-512—Ml. 127-23-13, dated 22nd July 1925, be gratefully accepted and the thanks of the Council be conveyed to Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, for the same, as well as for advancing the requisite loan to the Council.

2. The following resolution proposed by Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar and seconded by Mr. J. R. Isaac, was carried unanimously.—

"Resolved further that the Council do provide for the Sinking Fund and Interest charges on the sanctioned Water Works Loan from their current revenues, accruing due as per scheme of additional taxes to be levied and enhancement of certain existing taxes and tolls and house connection charges already specified."

3. Resolved unanimously that the Chief Engineer to the Government of Mysore be requested to make provision in the Budget for the current year (1925-26) for installing 1,000 additional metres in the City at an early date as may be practicable.

4. Resolved unanimously that the question of preparing the bye-laws required in connection with the imposition of new taxes sanctioned by Government in Para 8 of their order dated 22nd July 1925 be referred to the Bye-Law Committee, the Committee submitting the same within ten days from this date.

5. Resolved also that the Government be requested to limit for the purpose of convenient calculation, the contribution from Municipal cash revenue, to Rs. 75,000, Government being respectfully assured that this limit is demanded not with a view to save the balance of Rs. 25,000 required to make up the minimum of Rs. 1 lakh prescribed by them in para 10 (2) of their order dated 22nd July 1925, but with the sole desire of making the scheme of ways and means outlined in Annexure (*a*) to their Resolution a conveniently workable one.

The resolution was put to vote and carried. Voting 9 'for' and 2 'Against'.

MAHOMED ABBAS KHAN,
Honorary President.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER, KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 7th August 1925.

The terms of the existing constitution of the undermentioned Village Panchayets of Mulbagal Taluk are extended from 8th June 1925 to end of October 1925.

1. Kappalamadagu
2. Byrakur
3. Rajendrahalli
4. Gudipalli
5. Nangli
6. Tayalur
7. Avani
8. Agara
9. Uttanur

Notification dated 8th August 1925.

Under Section 21 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules of 1918, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Sidlaghatta Taluk, shall be reconstituted as follows for a period of three years from 5th August 1925.

1. PALICHERLU VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Surappa	(6) Mr. Nanjundappa *Ex-officio Member.*
2. ,, Subbanna	(7) ,, Devireddi, Patel
3. ,, Narayanachari	
4. ,, Srinivasaiya	
5. ,, Krishnappa	

2. BURUDAGUNTE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Kondappa	(6) Mr. Chikka Venkatasami *Ex-officio Member.*
2. ,, Lakshmappa	(7) ,, Ghouse Khan, Patel
3. ,, Melagiri Ramaiya	
4. ,, Setti Nagappa	
5. ,, Abdul Rahiman	

3. CHILKALNERPU VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Vasanthappa	6. Mr. Usman Sab *Ex-officio Member.*
2. ,, Hanumantharayappa	7. ,, Subbareddi, Patel
3. ,, Sanjivappa	
4. ,, Malapati Nareppa	
5. ,, Thippa Setty	

4. ANEMADAGU VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Munisamireddi	6. Mr. Subbaiya *Ex-officio Member.*
2. ,, Srinivasa Rao	7. ,, Venkatasamireddi, Patel
3. ,, Vyasarayappa	
4. ,, Appiasamiah	
5. ,, Narasimhaiya	

5. MALAMACHENAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Aswathappa	6. Mr. Deevan Sabi *Ex-officio Member.*
2. ,, B. Devappa	7. ,, Byatarayagowda, Patel
3. ,, G. Sonnappa	
4. ,, K. Sonnappa	
5. ,, Teli Naranappa	

6. JANGAMKOTE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Veerabhadrappa Setty	7. Mr. Khaji Mahamed Madar Sabi
2. ,, Basettappa	8. ,, Devanahalli Nanjappa *Ex-officio Member.*
3. ,, Aswatha Naranappa	9. ,, Venkategowda, Patel
4. ,, J. H. Narasimhamurthi	
5. ,, J. Venkata Subbaiya	
6. ,, Setti Venkatasubbiaiya	

7. SADALI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Palyada Narasappa	7. Mr. Subbarayappa
2. ,, Srikantappa	8. ,, Chikka Chowdappa *Ex-officio Member.*
3. ,, Appurayappa	9. ,, Avalareddi, Patel
4. ,, Gangadharappa	
5. ,, Pagadal Peddanna	
6. ,, G. Nanjundappa	

8. MELUR-RAGIMAKALAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Channaveerabhadrappa	7. Mr. Ramanna
2. ,, Sugatur Chikka Muniyappa	8. ,, Pillappa *Ex-officio Member.*
3. ,, Dodda Veerappa	9. ,, Kempegowda, Patel
4. ,, Chikka Subbarayappa	
5. ,, Kalappa	
6. ,, B. Appianna	

RAGIMAKALAHALLI DIVISION.

10. Mr. C. Thammanna	12. Mr. Jotbi Nagarada Nanjappa
11. ,, M. Thammanna	

Notification, dated 10th August 1925.

Under Section 49 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the following Village Panchayets of Goribidnur Taluk are reconstituted as follows :—

1. MINAKANAGURKI.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Kondappa *bin* Chowdappa
2. „ Thodda Chowda Setti *bin* Gangadharappa.
3. „ Muniswamappa *bin* Thimmappa
4. „ Mylaganahalli Venkataswami Gowda *bin* Thodda Venkatanna.
5. „ Veeranna *bin* Nanjappa
6. „ Nanjappa *bin* Nagappa.

Nominated Members.

1. Mr. Patel Sonnalingegowda
2. „ Imam Sab *bin* Nabi Sab
3. „ Venkatarayappa *bin* Subbarayappa.

2. MANCHENAHALLI.

1. Mr. Kalam Dodda Narayana Setti *bin* Nanjundaiya.
2. „ Kangondi Chikka Thimmaiya *bin* Nyavappa.
3. „ Fakruddin Sab *bin* Mahomed Hussain.
4. „ Hothina Narasimhaiya *bin* Venkataramanappa.
5. „ Vasudevamurthi *bin* Venkatasubbaiya.
6. „ Yelamari Subbaiya *bin* Nanjundaiya.

1. Mr. M. Narain Rao *bin* Ramakrishnappa.
2. „ Venkatapathiya
3. The patel of the village

3. TARIDHAL.

1. Mr. Ramabhatta bin Lakshminarasimhabhatta.
2. „ Nanjundaiya *bin* Narasappa
3. „ Holvadi Dasappa *bin* Venkatashamaiya.
4. „ Yejaman Siddappa *bin* Muddanna.
5. „ Nanje Gowda *bin* Narasegowda

1. Mr. Shanbhog Venkataramanappa
2. The patel of the village

4. GANGASANDRA.

1. Mr. K. Venkataramappa *bin* Venkatanna.
2. „ Shanbhog Ramappa *bin* Hanumanthappa.
3. „ Sonnathki Venkataramanappa *bin* Thimmaiya.
4. „ Naranappa bin Nanjaiya
5. „ Sookam Nanjundaiya Setti *bin* Gundaiya Setti.
6. „ Badikeppanavara Gangappa *bin* Karethimmaiya.

1. Mr. Patel Rame Gowda
2. Mr. Venkataramanappa *bin* Krishnappa
3. „ Nanjundagiriappa *bin* Mariappa

5. HUDUGUR.

1. Mr. Chowdappa
2. „ Sivapuram Venkatappa
3. „ Ammannaiya
4. „ Angajali Hanumanthappa
5. „ Kallur Ramareddi
6. „ Yalagiri Narasimhareddi.

1. Village patel
2. Mr. Darji Shama Rao *bin* Papanna
3. „ Makhum Sab *bin* Farid Sab

6. MYALYA.

1. Mr. Gommadi Nanjappa
2. „ Singamsetti Appaiya
3. „ Kesava Rao
4. „ Sarvara Khan Saheb
5. „ Sanjeevappa
6. „ Velipi Thippanna

1. Village patel
2. Mr. Narayanareddi
3. „ Shanbhog Gopalappa

7. UPPARAHALLI.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Hanumantha Gowda *bin* Thimmaraya Gowda.	1. Mr. Shanbhog Subba Rao
2. „ Venkatasamaiya *bin* Venkappa	2. The patel of Upparahalli
3. „ Kempanna *bin* Thammanna	3. The patel of Halehalli
4. „ Koti Channappa *bin* Honnappa	
5. „ Mallappa *bin* Veeramallappa	
6. „ Shanbhog Narasapya *bin* Nanjundiah.	

Notification dated 12th August 1925.

Under Section 48 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, the following Village Panchayets of Malur Taluk have been reconstituted as follows from 15th August 1925 for a period of three years:—

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. TYAKAL.	
1. Mr. Sampangirama Setti	6. Mr. Patel Venkataramanachetti
2. „ Sattar Beig	7. „ Nanjundiah
3. „ Thimmappa Chetty	
4. „ Sreekanta Sastri	
5. „ Muniswamappa, Hosavakkalu	
2. BANAHALLI.	
1. Mr. Venkataramanappa	6. Mr. Venkanna
2. „ Subbanna	7. „ Patel Lachme Gowda
3. „ Rachatachari	
4. „ Subbarayappa	
5. „ Venumala Muniappa	
3. HALADENAHALLI.	
1. Mr. Narana Gowda	6. Mr. Patel Itale Gowda
2. „ Sugreeva Gowda	7. „ Oommar Sab
3. „ Ramappa	
4. „ Kasim Sab	
5. „ Hulkur Venkataramanappa	
4. SIVARAPATNA.	
1. Mr. Thimmasettiappa	6. Mr. Patel Byche Gowda.
2. „ Hayath Sab	7. „ Shanbhog Venkatagiriappa
3. „ Venkataramasetti	
4. „ Rama Rao	
5. „ Ramasandra Muniappa	
5. SANTEHALLI.	
1. Mr. Marilingayya	4. Mr. Patel Venkatasami Gowda
2. „ Chabu Sabi	5. „ Shanbhog Ramaiengar
3. „ Muniswami	
6. RAJENAHALLI.	
1. Mr. Chikkanaranappa	6. Mr. Basavachari
2. „ Rudrappa	7. „ Chickamade Gowda
3. „ Nanjundappa	
4. „ Idiga Muniappa	
5. „ Archaka Ramaswamaiya	
7. KUDENUR.	
1. Mr. Komarasetti	6. Mr. Muniappa, Patel
2. „ Beraki Channappa	7. „ Rajaiengar
3. „ Venkatarama Setti	
4. „ Nanjappa	
5. „ Venkatachelaiengar	
8. LAKKUR.	
1. Mr. Naranappa	11. Mr. Patel Muniswamiah
2. „ Sampangiramiah	12. „ Shanbhog Ramiah
3. „ Badagi Muniswamiah	
4. „ Reddi Hanumanthappa	
5. „ Achayya Chetty	
6. „ Venkatasubbiah	
7. „ Sethumadhavachar	
8. „ Kader Navaz Khan	
9. „ Vobanna Muniswamappa	
10. „ Appayyachari	

9. NARASAPUR.

1. Mr. N. S. Narayana Rao
2. ,, Raghavendra Rao
3. ,, Muniswamichari
4. ,, Desasetti Mallaiya
5. ,, Padmanabhaiya
6. ,, Setti Ramaswamiya
7. ,, G. Narayanaswami
8. ,, Patel Venkatagiriappa
9. Mr. Parthasarathi (Panchama)
10. ,, Masud Khan
11. ,, Aranagiriappa
12. ,, Mallappa (Gowdalike)

S. HIRIYANNAIYA,
Deputy Commissioner.

SIDLAGHATTA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

The following draft bye-laws framed by the Sidlaghatta Municipal Council, under Sections 46 and 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906, as amended by the Regulation of 1911, are published for the information of the public.

2. Any resident within the area of the Sidlaghatta Municipality who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft bye-laws should communicate to the President, Sidlaghatta Town Municipality, within one month from the date of this notification.

Bye-laws relating to Dangerous and Offensive Trades in the town of Sidlaghatta under Section 48 (1) (*b*) III *and Section* 151 *of the Municipal Regulation,* VII *of* 1906.

I

1. The bye-laws are called "the dangerous and offensive trade bye-laws."
2. In these bye-laws unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—
   (*a*) Dangerous trade means the business of storing for sale—
   (*a*) (1) Firewood.
   (2) Hay, straw or any dried fodder for cattle.
   (3) Coal, charcoal.
   (*b*) Or storing for sale—
   (4) Kerosene oil in godowns.
   (5) Petroleum in godowns.
   (6) Kerosene oil in tanks.
   (7) Petroleum in tanks.
   (8) Gun-powder, blastering-powder, fire-works (including patakees, etc.)
   (9) Bamboos, poles, rafters, reapers, scantling and mats.
   (10) Stone-blasting.
   (11) Calcium carbide in bulk.
   (12) Cotton.
   (*b*) Offensive trade means the business of :—
   (1) Boiling or storing offal, blood, bones or rags.
   (2) Storing hides, horns and skins tanning.
   (3) Dyeing.
   (4) Washing or drying of wool or hair.
   (5) Making or manufacturing of tiles, pottery or other earthenware or lime.
   (6) Making or manufacturing of bricks.
   (7) Manufacturing oil by boiling.
   (8) Using any place as cartstand.
   (9) Using any place as smithy.
   (10) Stone quarrying.
   (*c*) "Manager" means the person under whose authority or control or for whose benefit a dangerous or offensive trade is carried on whether such person is the proprietor of the business or the agent in charge thereof.

3. The manager of every place used for the purpose of a dangerous or offensive trade as defined in clause 2 above shall not use it as such without obtaining the license from the President therefor. The license so granted shall expire on the 30th June of the official year during which it was issued. But the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid the period of currency, shall, whether application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

4. The fees leviable on licenses to carry on dangerous or offensive trades shall be as follows :—

(*a*) For each class of business Rs. 2 per annum.
(*b*) For each class of business Rs. 2 per annum.

N.B.—In the case of hand made bricks the license fee shall be Rs. 5 for a kiln of 100,000 bricks or a fraction thereof.

5. No such license will be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for the trade to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or restoring to the neighbourhood

6. Every Manager shall keep the place licensed for the purpose open between 7 A.M. and 10 A.M. and 3 P.M. and 5-30 P.M. for inspection by the President, Vice-President, Sanitary Inspector or Maistry or a Police Inspector and he shall afford every facility for such inspection.

7. Every such Manager shall be bound to furnish to the President, or Vice-President, whenever called upon to do so. Such statistics as to show the quantity of goods received, stored, manufactured, sold or exported by him.

8. In the case of dangerous trades:—

(*i*) Every Manager shall so store his goods as to admit of free ingress or egress for the removal of the goods for quenching a fire, if any.

(*ii*) He shall not cause or suffer any cover made of cumbustible material to be erected or placed over or adjoining any such goods.

(*iii*) He shall at all times keeps the premises clean and dry to the satisfaction of the President or the Vice-President.

(*iv*) He shall not allow smoking or the introduction of fire or open light into the premises mentioned in bye-law 2 (*a*) and he shall always store sufficient quantity of water and sand to quench the fire, if any.

(*v*) He shall carry out his trade in such a way as not to make his premises a source of danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

(*vi*) He shall comply with any requisition from the President or the Vice-President contained in a notice for the total or partial removal from the premises of the aforesaid goods, or the removal of any other cumbustible materials not intended for sale or for rectifying an error or omission in attending to the above provisions.

9. In the case of offensive trades as defined in bye-law 2 (*b*):—

(*i*) Every Manager shall confine his trade to be carried on strictly in the place shown in the license.

(*ii*) He shall cause all materials received for the purpose of his trade to be stored when not required for immediate use in such a manner as to prevent the emission of noxious or injurious effluvia therefrom.

(iii) He shall adopt the best practicable means of rendering innocuous all vapours emitted during the process of the trade either by proper ventilation or other suitable means.

(iv) He shall keep the floor of the premises in good order and repair so as to prevent the absorption of any liquid filth or refuse or any noxious or injurious matter which may fall or be deposited upon.

(v) He shall provide the premises with proper drains and shall always keep them in good order.

(vi) He shall cause the premises to be cleaned at the close of every working day.

(vii) He shall not allow any refuse or waste matters not intended for any further process of the trade, which are likely to be a source of danger or nuisance to be deposited in or around the premises, but shall have them removed daily to a place approved by the President or the Vice-President especially for the purpose.

(viii) He shall adopt such other precautions as are necessary to minimise the danger or nuisance to the public from the use to which such premises are put.

(ix) He shall comply with any requisitions from the President or the Vice-President contained in a notice for rectifying any error or omission in attending to the above provisions and for promoting the health of the persons employed in such trades.

(x) The President shall have power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for dangerous or offensive trade whenever he deems such a course necessary in the interests of the convenience and safety of the public generally or of the persons inhabiting or resorting to the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

(xi) The license to be granted for dangerous and offensive trades shall be in the following form and shall be subject to such conditions as noted therein.

SIDLAGHATTA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

License to carry on dangerous and offensive trades.

No.....

Date ..... Fees rupees.....

License No.....

Granted under the provisions of the Bye-laws under Section 48 (1) (*b*) (iii) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, subject to the undermentioned conditions.

To.....

For.....

At premises No..... in .....Division for the year ending 30th June 192 .

.....

President,
Sidlaghatta Town Municipality.

Conditions.

(1) The license shall be in force for a period of one year. It shall expire on the 30th June of the year for which it was granted, but the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid, the period of its currency shall whether the application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

(2) The license is not transferable.

(3) The licensee shall strictly obey all rules and bye-laws of the Municipality in this behalf.

(4) Any breach of such rules or bye-laws will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license and the prosecution of the offender under section 152 (3) of the Municipal Regulation of 1906.

President,
Sidlaghatta Town Municipality.

II.

Bye-laws relating to Bakery or Sweetmeat Shops, Hotels or Eating Houses in the Town of Sidlaghatta under section 48 (1) (c) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

Bakery or Sweetmeat Shops.

1. Bakery or sweetmeat shop includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the baking of bread or preparation of sweets or other eatables for sale.

Any person who shall appear, act or behave as the person in charge of a bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be deemed and taken to be the keeper or manager thereof.

2. All premises used as bakeries and sweetmeat shops shall satisfy the following conditions :—

(*a*) An adequate supply of water shall be kept in the premises.

(*b*) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for a bakery or sweetmeat shop.

(*c*) The premises shall have a sufficient supply of water for the purpose of thoroughly washing and cleaning such premises.

3. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean.

4. The flour, sugar, ghee, water and other materials used in the manufacturing of bread and sweetmeat shall be good and wholesome. There shall be a separate store room or receptacle for flour and sugar and no sugar or flour shall be left lying on the floor or against the wall in any part of bakery or sweetmeat shop.

5. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition.

6. No person suffering from a contagious or infectious or a loathsome disease, or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in a bakery or a sweetmeat shop and all kneaders engaged in kneading shall wear white clean linen or cotton aprons to cover entirely the front part of the body from neck to knees.

7. No person shall soil the kneading table in any way.

8. No person shall transport for sale bread or sweetmeat from any one place to any other place except in a closed vehicle or a closed basket, tin or other receptacle. Every such vehicle, basket, tin or other receptacle shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and no person shall commit any act which may tend to render any bread or sweetmeat which is being transported dirty or unwholesome.

9. All papers and leaves used for wrapping bread, sweets, etc., shall be cleaned and stored in a clean rack.

10. Bread, sweets, etc., shall be stored and kept for sale with all reasonable precautions against contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

11. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

12. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

Bye-laws regarding Hotels or Eating houses framed under Section 48 (1) (*c*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

1. An eating house or hotel includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhall and confectionery or refreshments including chappaties, rice cakes, tea, coffee, etc., are prepared and kept for sale.

The Proprietor or any person in charge of any eating house or hotel shall be taken to be the keeper thereof.

2. All eating houses and hotels shall satisfy the following conditions:—

(a) All premises used as such shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose.

(b) The water used in the premises for drinking purposes shall be from an approved source and shall be kept clean and free from floating impurities in a suitable and covered clean receptable placed in a clean place, a foot above the ground level.

(c) Kitchen and bath rooms shall be well-ventilated and provided with proper smoke vents, so that smoke may not pervade into other dwelling houses. All rooms in eating houses shall be well-lighted and ventilated.

3. The proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any other place but the dining halls.

4. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in the cooking or for keeping foodstuffs shall have a continual lining of tin, and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food, pastry sweetmeats, confectionery or preserved, dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

5. No foodstuff of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises, which is stale, unwholesome, offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption.

6. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night soil covered with ashes or earth and removed daily.

7. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean, shall be employed in an eating house.

8. All premises and all cooked and uncooked foodstuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, the Vice-President, the Sub-Assistant Surgeon or the Officer authorised on their behalf.

9. All cases of dangerous infectious disease such as cholera, plague, eruptive fevers such as small-pox chicken-pox, measles and fevers of more than seven days' duration shall be notified to the Vice-President forthwith.

10. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

11. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

Bye-laws regarding the manufacture of the Aerated water framed under Section 48 (1) (c) of the Municipal Regulation, 1906.

1. The water used for the manufacture of ærated water shall be from any approved source.

2. (a) The water must be filtered before use.

(b) The filtering vessels and materials shall be sterilized at such times and in such manner as the President, Vice-President or Sub-Assistant Surgeon may direct.

3. All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed iron vessels and be treated before use with Permanganate of Potassium in such manner as the President or the Vice-President or the Sub-Assistant Surgeon may direct.

4. The room in which ærated water is manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair; the walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be limeæwashed at least once in three months.

5. The water used for the manufacture of ærated water shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessel not approved of by the President or the Vice-President or the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

6. Carts employed for the carriage of water shall be kept on the premises, shall have the designation of the factory painted on the barrel and shall at all times be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness.

7. The premises and all appliances used in the manufacture shall be clean and open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President, the Vice-President, the Sub-Assistant Surgeon or any other Municipal officer.

8. No ærated waters of any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without having a proper label on each bottle, giving full name and address of the manufacturer.

9. It shall be lawful for the President, Vice-President, the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, the Municipal Sanitary maistry or any Municipal officer authorised by the President or the Vice-President to enter into any place used for the manufacture or sale of ærated waters at any time, when such place is open and to inspect or to take a sample bottle of any kind of ærated

waters which are there manufactured or kept for sale. Such samples shall be forthwith forwarded to the Government Chemical Examiner and Bacteriologist and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

10. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

11. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

III.

Bye-laws for enforcing information concerning the occurrence of, and for prevention of the spread of epidemic diseases amongst (1) men and (2) animals, framed under Section 48(1) (i) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

I. (1) Every head of family, parent, guardian, or nearest relative or owner or occupier or caretaker of a house or dwelling place shall, on his becoming cognizant of the occurrence of plague, cholera, small-pox or influenza in such house or dwelling place, whether among the members of the house or among persons who have come from other places, immediately give information of the fact either personally or in writing to any officer of the Municipality not below the rank of Sanitary Maistry or to the nearest Police Station, who shall without the least delay report the matter to the Vice-President.

Every medical person who treats, or becomes cognizant of the existence of, any infectious disease in any private or public dwelling other than a public hospital, shall give information of the same with the least possible delay to the said authority. Any person violating this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(2) Any person authorised by the President or Vice-President in this behalf, may on the advice of a duly qualified medical officer not below the rank of a Sub-Assistant Surgeon, at any time without notice or after giving such notice of his intention as shall in the circumstances appear to him to be reasonable, inspect any place in which any such infectious disease is suspected to exist and take such measures as he shall think fit to prevent the spread of such disease beyond such place and may remove from such a house or dwelling place, persons suffering from infectious disease and persons in contact with such persons without proper lodging or accommodation or who are lodged in a building occupied by more than one family, to any hospital or place set apart for their due care and treatment provided no compulsion is used in this behalf on any account.

(3) The person so authorised shall take steps to cause such house or dwelling place to be temporarily vacated and forthwith disinfected or otherwise cleansed in the manner prescribed by such medical officer.

(4) No house or other building situated within the Municipal limits shall be let to or permitted to be occupied by any person whom the owner or occupier thereof knows or has reason to believe to be suffering from any such disease dangerous to public health at the time of such letting or permitting, without certificate from the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, as to the sanitary condition of such house or dwelling place and as to the suitability of accommodation therein for the reception of such patient, and no person shall let a building or part thereof, in which he knows or has reason to know that a person has been suffering from any such disease without first having such building or part thereof disinfected to the satisfaction of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

Any person infringing this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

II. (1) On the occurrence of any case of anthrax or glanders or rinderpest or any disease affecting horses, cattle, sheep or goats, notice of the same shall be given by the owner or caretaker of the affected animal, on his becoming cognizant of such disease either personally or in writing to the Veterinary Inspector, or Veterinary Dispensary, Chintamani, or to the Sanitary Maistry of the Town; the latter will without delay report the matter to the Veterinary Inspector and to the Vice-President.

(2) The Veterinary Inspector shall, on receiving information of the existence of any such disease, make necessary enquiries, and if he is satisfied that the removal or segregation of the affected animal is necessary, require the owners to remove within a reasonable time, such animal to any institution maintained by the Municipality, for its due care and treatment, or to keep it at such place as may be approved of by him. On a report from the Veterinary Inspector that the destruction of any animal is necessary by reason of its suffering from such disease, the animal may be destroyed with the consent of the owner.

(3) Every place which is occupied by an animal suffering from such disease, and everything which may have come into contact with such animal whilst so suffering shall be immediately cleansed and disinfected at the cost of the Municipality in such manner as may be required by the Veterinary Inspector and if any such thing is in the opinion of that officer, not susceptible of efficient disinfection, he shall require it to be destroyed, provided that for all articles so destroyed such compensation shall be paid as the President or the Vice-President may, after necessary enquiry, consider reasonable.

4. No stall or building occupied by an animal suffering form such disease, shall be re-occupied until at least seven days after it has been so disinfected.

(5) Whoever without reasonable excuse fails to remove any animal when required to do so under bye-law No. 2 or infringes the provisions of bye-laws 1 and 4 shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(6) Any dog found straying in any public street or place without a collar and apparently ownerless may be destroyed by any person so authorised by the President or Vice-President in that behalf.

Bye-laws under Sections 48 (1) (L) of the Mysore Municipal Regulations.

FOR PROTECTING WATER.

No person shall bathe or wash or cleanse or caused to be washed or cleansed his body or that of another or any vehicle, carriage, or cart or any animal or anything whatsoever in the Drinking Water Tank, *viz.*, the Honda in the Municipal Garden.

2. No person shall fish with nets, or rod or otherwise contaminate water in the said honda.

3. Persons infringing the above rules shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20 for each offence committed.

Section 48 (N).

Sanitation and conservancy.

1. No rubbish mentioned in section 127 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited except in Municipal bins.

2. Tiles, garden sweepings, branches of trees and thatch and night soil shall not be deposited in Municipal bin.

3. Sullage, urine, etc., shall not be discharged into roadside gutters without the special sanction of the President or Vice-President.

4. Any person who shall be guilty of a a breach of any of the bye-laws shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. No person shall dry any bratties or cowdung cakes on the external walks of houses or yards or compound walls and any one infringing this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. *Latrines.*—Any person easing himself either in the vicinity of or outside or in any part of any public latrines other than in the trench made for the purpose shall be liable, on conviction before any Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first time and one rupee for the second time and two rupees for each succeeding offences.

7. Persons affected with loathsome or infections disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale of any articles of food and drink either in markets or bazaars of the town, under a penalty on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence.

8. All persons holding houses or vacant sites within the Municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channels in and about their premises free from obstruction, to remove all evident causes of malaria and everywhere to discontinue as a hedge the use of prickly pear, else milk hedge, pear, etc., and to destroy these later where at present existing. They shall also have their premises kept neat and tidy and free from rank vegetation. They shall not store manure. All persons, who after due notice from the President or Vice-President has been given, fail to comply with the provisions of this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

Section 48 (O).

Regulating the disposal of carcasses of dead animals.

1. Every person within whose premises any animal may die, shall, within twelve hours after his death, either remove the carcass at his own expense without cutting it up or opening it to such place as may be set apart by the Municipality for the reception of such carcasses or report its death to the Sanitary Maistry of the town and in such latter case, shall pay to the said Sanitary Maistry the expense of removing the carcass at such a rate as the President or Vice-President from time to time determines.

Any breach of this bye-law will, on conviction before a Magistrate, subject the offender to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

Section 48 (P).

Deposit of goods or materials temporarily on land vested in the Municipal Council.

1. No person shall deposit any goods or materials on any street, drain, a queduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council without the written permission of the President or Vice-President.

2. The amount chargeable for the deposit of goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council shall be calculated at the rate of one anna per month per superficial yard of the area occupied and shall be payable in advance

3. If the owner of any goods or materials deposited on any street or place open to the traffic of foot-passengers or vehicles fails to make suitable arrangements for guarding against danger to traffic, the President or Vice-President shall cause a notice to be served on him to make such arrangements within 24 hours after receipt of the notice and on his failure to comply with the notice, the President or Vice-President shall enclose a bill of cost for carrying out the work at the owner's expense. The arrangements to be made shall be clearly and definitely specified in the notice.

4. If within 24 hours after receipt of the said notice, the owner fails to make the arrangements so specified or to show sufficient cause why such arrangements should not be made, the Sanitary Maistry in charge shall forthwith make the arrangements specified in the notice and recover the cost of the same from the owner according to the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation. The owner shall have an opportunity within seven days after receipt of the bill to show cause to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President that the arrangements made were unnecessary.

5. The following is the scale of fees for obstructions and encroachments of different kinds:—

(a) The awnings 3 pies per square yard per month.

(b) The fees for obstructions shall be charged at the scale mentioned above and such charges shall be recoverable in the manner prescribed in the Regulation for the recovery of consolidated rates.

6. Any person who takes out a license for a certain area and subsequently occupies a greater area without taking out a license for the excess so occupied, shall be liable to pay such excess area an amount calculated at the rate of one anna per month per superficial yard of the area so occupied. The default of payment renders the cancellation of the license. The amount shall be recoverable by the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation IX.

Regarding the erection of buildings.

BUILDINGS.

7. Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the town of Sidlaghatta shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President.

Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of land on which the structure is proposed to be built drawn to scale of not less than 10 feet to an inch showing:—

(a) The position of the building and appurtenant out-buildings to be erected on the land.

(b) The area to be occupied by the building and out-building on the land.

(c) The names (if any) or description of the adjacent road, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings, and

2. The plan required to be produced under Section 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation shall be in duplicate and drawn to a scale of not less than 10 feet to an inch.

It shall show in sections and elevations, the plan of the ground floor and of each other floor, if any; the depth and thickness of the foundations; the height and thickness of the plinth and wall above the plinth; the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the roof.

The aforesaid plan shall further show the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side drain of the street or road which the building faces or if there be no such side drain with reference to the central line of the street or road. The licenses and the plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the Municipal authorities.

3. No foundation of new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals, or the filthy or offensive matter until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President or shall in their opinion have become innocous.

4. No pit shall be excavated in the sites alloted for building dwelling houses.

5. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, pricklypear or by objectionable plant, or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

6. No new building shall be erected by any person the foundation of the wall of which along the road is less than 3 (three) feet from the side drain.

7. The level of the plinth or basement of any building shall not be less than a foot and half above the ground level.

8 The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground floor of the building proposed to be erected should rest on the soiled ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete, or upon some solid and sufficient substructure as a foundation.

Provided that where solid rock is met with at or near the surface of the site of such building, *i.e.*, within three feet of the level of the base of the wall, the footings may be omitted, if the surface of the rock be properly cleaned and stopped or gagged to receive the first course of masonry.

The minimum height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof shall not be less than seven feet from the floor to the ceiling and the rooms shall be well ventilated.

9. The eaves of buildings, sun shades to window, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

10. The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the outer edge of the side drain of the road.

Constructions of Privies or Latrines.

11. Every place other than a water closet or bath room situated within any house building or enclosure, and habitually used for the purpose of calls of nature or for keeping human excreta shall be considered to be a privy or latrine within the meaning of this bye-law.

12. Every person who shall erect a new building shall, in connection with such buildings as chattram or agraharam and tenements, etc., construct such number of privies and in such manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the President or Vice-President.

13. A person who shall construct a new privy, whether in connection with a building or not shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved of by the President or Vice-President.

14. Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 100 on conviction before a Magistrate as provided in the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Sections 95 and 96.

By-laws *re* the vacant building sites under Section 48(w).

(1) It shall be competent for the President or the Vice-President, to declare that any vacant land within the Municipal limits is fit for use as a building site and to call upon the owner or if the owner cannot be ascertained or found, the person in possession of the site or where any doubt or uncertainty exists as to the ownership or possession, by persons interested in such site to erect and complete a building upon it within a period fixed by the President or, Vice-President not exceeding six months provided however, that in cases in which the President or Vice-President may deem fit and proper, that may insist upon him to keep the site at least clean though he is not in a position to erect the building. Failure to do so after the notice being served, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5

Re the sale of vacant building sites by the Municipality by a public auction or otherwise under Section 48(w).

1. It shall be competent for the President or Vice-President with the sanction of Government to dispose of the vacant building sites vested in the Municipal Council by public auction or otherwise on receipt of applications.

2. The President or Vice-President shall reserve to themselves the right of refusing any application without assigning any reason therefor.

3. No site shall be granted to anybody who does not want the same for *bona-fide* purposes of building a house.

4. All sales shall be subject to the confirmation of the Municipal Council.

5. The applicant within six months from the date of the grant of the site shall collect the building materials on the site and within one year shall complete the building.

6. If the applicant fails to complete the building within the time fixed, the site will be liable to be resumed, the purchaser forfeiting all claim for compensation.

7. The buildings are to be substantial structers with a presentable frontage and necessary arrangements made for conservancy purposes in the rear as per bye-laws No. 7.

8. No transfer of any site will become valid unless and until it has been sanctioned and recognized by the President or Vice-President.

Other matters relating to Municipal Administration, Section 48 (*W*).

1. Whoever without the permission in writing of the President or Vice-President destroys any Municipal property or any tree, plucks any fruit or flower in any municipal garden, road or other property or whoever cuts or roots up grass so as to damage the sides or embankment of any municipal road or whoever makes a public thoroughfare of any municipal garden or property not intended for such a purpose, will on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

2. Horses shall not to be trained or broken in on the public streets. No furious riding is allowed thereon. Any one infringing this bye-law will, on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

3. Any occupier or owner of a house neglecting to enclose his compound yard with a wall or fence of such material as may be approved of by the President or Vice-President or neglecting to repair any fallen wall or gate pillar or to cope the compound wall within one month after a notice has been served on him, shall on conviction, be liable to a penaly not exceeding Rs. 20.

4. Any owner of a piece of vacant land who fails to enclose the same, with a compound wall or fence of such material as the President or Vice-President may approve of within one month after a notice has been served upon him, shall on conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. Any person who vends or hawks meat, or any kind of fish in the street of the Town of Sidlaghatta shall, on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. Whoever copes firewood on any public street or road, so as to damage the street or road or so as to cause danger, inconvenience to the public, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

7. All vehicles of any description should have lighted lamps :—

(*i*) Whoever drives a vehicle of any description on any road within municipal limits between the hours of 7 P.M. and 4 A.M. without having a lighted lantern shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 provided that heavy goods carts, proceeding at a walking pace may be provided with one lighted lantern to be hung from the centre of the cart.

(*ii*) Whoever drives any goods cart drawn by bullocks within municipal limits shall proceed with a walking pace and the bullocks shall be bridled with rope of sufficient strength to admit of the drivers having perfect control over there, any breach of these directions shall render the offender liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(*iii*) Whoever lets cows, bullocks, asses, goats and tatus, etc., to stray in public road without having a perfect control over them shall be punished with a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(*iv*) Whoever rides any bicycle, motor bicycle or motor car on the public road without a bell or horn or without proper lights between the hours of 7 P.M. and 4 A.M. shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(*v*) All bicycles, motor bicycles, motor cars shall run within the limits of the municipality at the rate of 6 miles or 8 miles an hour only. Breach of this direction shall render the offender liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(*vi*) Whoever rides on any bicycle with another sitting on the bar or on any part of the bicycle shall be prosecuted with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

8. Whoever lets off fireworks or engages in any game in such a manner as to cause or likely to cause danger for persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood or risk of injury to property shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

9. Any person who affixes any posting bill, playcard or other paper or means of advertisement against or upon any Government or Municipal building, wall, board, fence, or pole without the consent of the officer in charge thereof or without such consent as aforesaid writes upon, soils, defaces, or makes any such building, wall, board, fence, or pole with chalk or paint or in any other way whatsoever shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

Market Bye-law.

1. No place within the limits of Sidlaghatta Municipality shall be used as a market for the sale of fruits or vegetables, excepting the public markets mentioned in bye-law 2 below, provided that the President shall have power to license private markets for the sale of fruit or vegetables in such other places as he may think fit for the purposes and withdraw such licenses.

2. The following are the places that may be used as public market under the above clause :—

(1) *For vegetables and Fruits.*—

(1) The Municipal Market opposite to Sri Gopalaswami Temple.

(2) For fuel :—South of Gurumurthiah's Chattram.

3. The President may let the use of any shop or stall or sitting in the public market for a period of twalve months either by auction or by prescribing a monthly rent subject to such conditions as may seem necessary and subject to the payment of such rent as the Municipal Council may determine.

4. Every stall-holder shall before taking possession of the stall, deposit in advance a sum not less than the rent of two months and shall pay on or before the 5th of each succeeding month, the rent of the preceding month to the person authorised by the President, to collect such rents.

5. Every stall-holder who fails to pay the prescribed rent shall be liable to be evicted from the stall.

6. No stall shall be sublet without the sanction of the President.

7. All stalls shall be kept clean and tidy and shall be made accessible for inspection by the President or the Vice-President or authorised duly authorised by them.

8. All payments of rents shall be noted in the rent receipt in the annexed form A, which shall be presented at the time of payment by the stall-holder.

9. No goods shall be brought into the markets except such as are intended for sale and except on payment of such gate-fees as may be prescribed by the Council in this behalf.

10. The scale of gate-fees leviable shall be as noted below:—

1.	For a basket or bag of vegetables	0	0	3
2.	Do fruit of all sorts	0	0	6
3.	For a cart-load of vegetables	0	4	0
4.	Do for fruits	0	4	0
5.	Do other articles	0	4	0
6.	Do for fuel	0	2	0

These fees shall be levied at the Sidlaghatta Town Market.

11. No projections of any kind from stalls or sittings shall be allowed. All such projections are liable to be removed by the Municipal servants.

12. The tenant or occupier of any stall or sitting in the Market or servant of such tenant or occupier shall not cause or allow any goods, provisions or articles to be deposited or exposed for sale on or upon such stall or sitting in such manner that, goods, provisions or articles or any part thereof shall project beyond the line of such stall or sitting.

13. All prepared eatables and all foodstuffs that are consumed without being cooked shall be exposed well protected from flies and dust.

14. No person suffering from any infectious or loathsome disease shall be permitted to be a vendor in the market.

15. All seals, weights and measures used by the vendors in the market shall be clean and true to the standard.

16. Smoking, spitting the juice of pan-supari, throwing fruit-peel or pieces of vegetables in the market or committing nuisances are forbidden.

17. No one shall sell or expose for sale in the public market, vegetables, eatables and food-stuffs that are consumed without being cooked which shall have been rejected as being unfit for human food by the authority competent in this behalf under Section 142 of the Municipal Regulation. Whoever sells or attempts to sell any articles so rejected will render himself liable to action under Section 142 of the Regulation whoever contravenes bye-laws 8, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to pay a fine extending to Rs. 50.

18. Whoever obstructs any Municipal servants, or any officer in the performance of his duties in the market shall incur the penalty provided in Section 186 of the Indian Penal Code.

19. The person who opens or uses a private market or shops for the sale of fruits or vegetables without obtaining a license therefor or is guilty of a breach of bye-law No. 3 shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to pay a fine extending to Rs. 50 and to a further fine which may extend to Rs 5 for every day after such conviction during which he continues to so use it.

Note.—In these bye-laws "a private market" shall mean a group of four or more shops situated contiguous to each other and owned by one and the same person.

20. The following shall be the fee to be paid for the license referred to in the above clause.

1. For opening a private market for the sale of fruit or vegetable at Rs. 3 per annum for each shop or stall in the market.

2. For the sale of fruit or vegetables in retail shops at Rs. 6 per annum.

21. Every such license shall expire on the 30th June in each year. It shall be granted only in the following form:—

.....is hereby licensed to keep a $\frac{\text{Shop}}{\text{Market}}$ to sell or expose for sale.....

at No. ..... in ..... streets in .....

Division of Sidlaghatta Town.

This license shall be subject to the following conditions:—

(1) That the President, Vice-President or Sanitary Maistry or other officer authorised by the President shall at all times have free access to the $\frac{\text{Shop}}{\text{Market}}$ for Municipal purposes and that this license shall be produced when demanded by any such officer.

(2) That the licensee shall not sell or offer for sale anything in violation of any rule or bye-law for the time being in force or anything not covered by this license or anything that is not whole some as human food.

(3) That he shall keep his premises clean and shall use the standard scales and weights.

(4) That this license shall be liable to be suspended or withdrawn when there is a breach of any of these conditions.

FORM A.

SIDLAGHATTA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Name of market.....
Name of stall No. ....
Name of occupier .....

Month for which rent is due	Amount of rent	Date of payment	Signature of receiving official	Remarks

Bye-laws regarding registration of births and deaths framed under Section 48 (g) of the Municipal Regulation.

1. A register shall be kept of births and deaths in the town and for this purpose a Sub-Registrar of births and deaths shall be appointed.

The Municipal Office shall for the present be the Office of Registry and the Patel be the Sub-Registrar. A notice written both in English and in Kanarese and attached to a conspicous part of the building shall notify this fact to the public.

2. All births and deaths shall be registered in books in the forms given in the appended schedule and these books shall be presented in the Municipal Office.

3. The Sub-Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and every death which occurs within the Municipality and shall register as soon as conveniently may be after the event without fee or reward the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the said schedule touching every such birth and death, as the case may be, which has not been already registered.

4. All such entries shall be made consecutively from the begining to the end of the book.

5. The father or mother or other male relative of every child born within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of the father, mother and other male relative, the medical attendant or midwife who was present at, or in attendance, shall within one week next after the day of every such birth, give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known, and registered, touching the birth of such child.

6. Some near relative present at the death or in attendance during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building (or if the occupier be the person who has died). Some person living in the building in which such death has occurred, shall within 24 (twenty-four) hours give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar, according to the best of his or her knowledge, and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered, touching the death of every person.

7. In the case of births and deaths in any public institution it shall be the duty of the officer or person in charge to give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar, the information required under bye-laws 5 and 6 touching such births and deaths.

8. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedule. Printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office, with all Municipal Councillors, Sanitary Maistry, Patels and Shanbhogs of Sidlaghatta Municipality.

9. On a notice received at the Office of the Registry, the Sanitary Maistry shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the accuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice and after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against particular entry in the register in token of having performed such inspection.

10. Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who had died within the Municipality shall, whenever required furnish the Sub-Registrar or other person authorised in his behalf such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

11. Any person whose duty it is to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who neglets or refuse to give such information or gives false information shall be liable (on conviction before a Magistrate) to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

12. All extracts from registers of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Council and the fees payable for these shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

13. Extracts from the register of births, may if required by the informant, be given to him free of cost by the Sub-Registrar.

Definitions.

"Occupier" includes the keeper, Master, Matron, Superintendent or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or seperate apartments are immediately held, or his agent.

"Public institution" includes prison, lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution which is under the management of the public body officer or person.

The term "still birth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

Report of births in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of.....192

Date and hour of birth	Nationality or caste	Born alive	Still born	Sex		Where born, locality, name of street, etc.	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice is sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address.

Report of deaths in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of.....192 .

Name and surname of the deceased in Kanareee	Occupation or calling	Place of residence	Where death occurred	Door number	Age			Nationality or caste	Sex	Date of death	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Name of doctor, hakim or vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

*Here if the cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomittings, diarrhœa and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Informant's name and address.

Register of births in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of.....192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Father's name	Mother's name	Residence	Father's occupation	Caste	Sex		Date of birth	Name of the child, if any	Name of the informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
							Male	Female							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Register of deaths in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of..... .192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Name of deceased	Father's name	Residence at the time of death	Age	Sex		Caste	Occupation	Date of death	Cause of death	Name of informant	Residence of the informant	Signature of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

K. V. JAGANNATHACHARY,
President.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 8th August 1925.

Under Section 21 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules of 1918, the Village Panchayet of Dandinsivara in the Gubbi Taluk shall be reconstituted for a period of three years from the date of publication of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette.*

I. DANDINSIVARA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. D. Seetharamiah
2. „ Venkatramaniah
3. „ Gangadhariah
4. „ Adavisetty
5. „ S. Muddegowda
6. „ D. V. Rangappa

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Budansab
8. „ Hosur Siddiah

Ex-officio Member.

9. Mr. Siddalingegowda, Patel

Notification dated 8th August 1925.

Under Section 21 of the Village Panchayets Election Rules of 1918, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Pavagada Taluk, shall be reconstituted for a period of three (3) years from the date of publication of this notification in the *Mysore Gazette.*

1. BYADANOOR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Kesavareddi
2. „ Kolala Doddabasappa
3. „ Seetharamiah
4. „ Seshagiri Sastry
5. „ Vaisyara Puttaiya
6. „ Chickkananjundappa

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Budansab
8. „ Narashimachar
9. „ Vaisyara Papaiya

2. ARSIKERE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Giregowda
2. „ Doddagiregowda
3. „ Sivalingappa
4. „ Ajjegowdara Muddappa
5. „ Gonchikar Veerabhadrappa
6. „ Sankarappa
7. Mr. Kumbar Lingappa
8. „ Beedi Earappa
9. „ Chikkappaiya

3. PALUVALLY VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Kodandaramappa
2. „ Doggapaty Govindappa
3. „ Talanki Naranappa
4. „ Doddappannaiya
5. „ Venkappa
6. Mr. Badesab
7. „ Lakshmappa

4. GUMGATTA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Shroff Girumallappa
2. „ Venkatramanappa
3. „ Subbasastry
4. „ Thimmappa
5. „ Ramarao
6. „ Narashimmappa
7. Mr. Chicknanjundiah
8. „ Naranappa
9. „ Devangam Anjanappa

5. HOSKOTE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Hanumantha Rao
2. „ Chickkahanumantha Rao
3. „ Malagalu Nullappa
4. „ Setti Rathappa
5. „ Dodda Krishnaiya
6. „ Nagalmadike Ramaiya

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Chennegowda
8. „ Syed Imamsab
9. „ Subbasastry

6. KONDETHIMMANAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Naranappa
2. „ Doddarangegowda
3. „ Doddangappa
4. „ Kasthurilingappa
5. „ Subbaraju
6. Mr. Siddegowda
7. „ Kallumariappa

Notification dated 9th August 1925.

Under Section 21 of the Village Panchayat Election Rules of 1918, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Gubbi Taluk shall be reconstituted for a period of three years from the date of publication of this notification, in the *Mysore Gazette*.

1. MUGANAYAKANKOTE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Siddaranjappa Setty
2. „ Narayanmurti Setty
3. „ Ramaswamy Setty
4. „ Siddaveera Setty
5. „ Ooparna Setty
6. „ Kenchanna

Ex-officio Members.

7. Mr. Siddamalle Gowda, Patel

2. NITTUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Channabasaviah
2. „ Basettappa
3. „ Narasima Setty
4. „ Nangappa Setti
5. „ B. Channabasaviah
6. „ Venkataramanaiya
7. The Patel

Note.—The names of the nominated members will be published separately.

Notification dated 12th August 1925.

Under Section 21 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules of 1918, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Maddagiri Taluk shall be reconstituted for a period of three years from the date of publication of this Notification in the *Mysore Gazette*.

Elected and Ex-officio members.

1. KODIGENAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.
   1. Mr. Sanjeevarau.
   2. „ Achanna
   3. „ Nagappa
   4. „ Lakkareddi
   5. „ Gangappa
   6. „ K. S. Krishnappa
   7. „ Thimmarasiah, Patel
2. KADAGATTHUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.
   1. Mr. Basareddi
   2. „ Ramareddi
   3. „ Pulamathy Nanjundiah
   4. „ Mugada Sanjeeviah
   5. „ Mahamed Peersab
   6. „ Krishna Rao
   7. „ Venkatachaliah, Patel
3. DODDAMALUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.
   1. Mr. Appanniah
   2. „ Nappa
   3. „ Thimmappa
   4. „ Nananiah
   5. „ Sanjeevappa
   6. „ S. Nagappa
   7. „ Nanasegowda, Patel
4. IKADIBNAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.
   1. Mr. Thimmareddi
   2. „ Imamsab
   3. „ Doddaveerabhadrappa.
   4. „ Hanumanthiah (Uyala)
   5. „ Siddareddi
   6. „ Hanumanthiah

Elected and Exofficio members.

5. VILLAGE PANCHAYET OF MIDGESI.
   1. Mr. Doddavenkatappa
   2. „ Puttaveerabhadrappa
   3. „ Nagesarao
   4. „ Syedsab
   5. „ Sreeramadasappa
   6. „ Chickveerabhadrappa
   7. „ Chickhonnegowda, Patel
6. DODDERI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.
   1. Mr. Kanivegowda
   2. „ Ballegowda
   3. „ Kodegowda
   4. „ Ramanna
   5. „ Rudriah
   6. „ Hanumanthappa
   7. „ Lingegowda
7. BYALYA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.
   1. Mr. Aswathiah
   2. „ Lingiah
   3. „ Venkatasamiah
   4. „ Sanjeeviah
   5. „ Matada Sanjeevappa
   6. „ Sankariah
   7. „ Nanjundappa.
8. KODLAPUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.
   1. Mr. Veeranna
   2. „ Balliah
   3. „ Laxminarasappa
   4. „ Gopanna
   5. „ Ramachandrappa
   6. „ Siddalingiah

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 8th August 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, the following gentlemen have been appointed by nomination as members of the several Village Panchayets in the Channarayapatna Taluk, as noted agaist each during the term of their present reconstitution with effect from 1st July 1925.

1. Anekere Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Hariyappa, son of Krishnappa, Patel
   2. ,, Puttashetti, son of Yalakkishetty
2. Dindagur Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Nanjegowda, son of Mariyappagowda, Patel
   2. ,, Krishnappa, son of Chowdiah, Shanbhog
3. Nuggihalli Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Kambada Narasimhegowda, son of Chennegowda, Patel
   2. ,, Muddasetti, son of Ramashetti
   3. ,, Chennappasetti, son of Gurumallappa Setti
   4. ,, Gujjegowda, son of Gujjegowda
4. Hirisave Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Chowdegowda, son of Sivananjegowda
   2. ,, Suryanarayanappa, son of Shamaiya
   3. ,, Sangaiyasetti, son of Basavaiyasetti
   4. ,, Lalasaib
5. Bagur Village Panchayet—
   1. Mr. Thimmegowda, son of Honnegowda, Patel
   2. ,, Hutchaveerashetti, son of Rudrasetti
   3. ,, Narasimhasetti, son of Cheluvasetti
   4. ,, Kalegowda, son of Thopa

Notification dated 10th August 1925.

Under the rules issued with Government Order No. 1048—L. B. 6-18-3, dated 16th July 1918, for the election of Chairmen of Village Panchayets, it is hereby notified that Mr. Hottegowdara, Dyavegowda has been declared elected as Chairman of the Yemasandi Village Panchayet in the Belur Taluk during the term of its present constitution.

R. NANASWAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner,

DISTRICT BOARD, HASSAN.

Memorandum dated 7th August 1925.

Errata to the proceedings of the Hassan District Board Meeting held on 27th June 1925. Resolution No. 5 (1) (2).

5. (1) (2) That the Primary Schools at Chikkadalur or Dudda, Yeliyur and Halli-Mysore be converted into Incomplete Middle Schools.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE FIRST ORDINARY MEETING OF THE HASSAN DISTRICT BOARD, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 8TH AUGUST 1925.

Ex-officio members 4. | Non-officials 28.

Absent 7.

The Superintendent of Industries, Mysore Division, the Superintendent, Government Industrial School, and the Agricultural Inspector, were also present.

Mr. G. K. D. Vajranabhiah, has written a letter pleading inability to attend the meeting owing to illness.

The District Board of Hassan offers its hearty congratulations to RAJAMANTRADHURINA SIR A. R. BANERJI, M.A., Kt., C.S.I., C.I.E., Dewan of Mysore, on the Knighthood graciously conferred upon him by His Majesty the King Emperor.

* * * *

8. Revenue Secretary's Letter No. I. C. 5756—A. & E. 225-24-4, dated 20th February 1925, enquiring whether the District Board is willing to contribute their quota towards the cost of levelling the site on which the Veterinary Hospital is being built at Saklespur.

Resolution.—Mr. H. Basavegowda having already expressed his unwillingness to receive any contribution on this account from the District Board, of which he is a member, it is requested that Government may be pleased to ask the Municipal Council of Saklespur to act up to its former resolution and keep to the promise made in the matter, or arrange for funds in any other suitable manner.

9. Local and Legislative Secretary's letter No. L. 7919-34—Sany. 13-24-4, dated 7th May 1925, forwarding an extract from the unofficial note No. C. 678, dated 1st April 1925, of the Sanitary Commissioner making certain suggestions in the matter of the investigation of vital statistics and calling for the opinion of the Board.

Resolution.—The Board is not in favour of the suggestions made, as it is opposed to the very principles of Local Self-Government. No difficulty of the kind has been met with in this district. The District Medical Officers may be instructed to co-operate to the fullest extent with the Local Boards and the Revenue Officers may also be iustructed likewise in the matter.

10. Local and Legislative Secretary's letter No. L. 8218-23—L. B. 1-24-37, dated 15th May 1925, forwarding an extract from the unofficial note No. C. 626-4, dated 31st March 1925, of the Sanitary Commissioner, *re* supply of medicine chests to the Chief Sanitary Inspector.

Resolution.—Resolutions of Taluk Boards also considered. The Board is not in favour of the medicine chests being supplied to the Chief Sanitary Inspectors as it will lead to many inconvenient results to the prejudice of their legitimate duites regarding sanitation, etc.

11. Local and Legislative Secretary's letter No. L. 8574-81—L. B. 124-24-2, dated May 1925, forwarding the resolution No. IV, passed in Belgaum Karnataka Ayurvedic Sammelana on 24th and 25th December 1924, anent having a charitable Ayurvedic Dispensary for the use of the poor, by the Municipalities and District Local Boards.

Resolution.—Recorded.

Such Institutions are on the increase year after year in this District.

12. Proposed bills *re* the District Boards, Village Panchayets and Municipal Councils.

Resolution.—A Committee consisting of the following gentlemen ; will study the bills in detail and give their report before 25th instant for consideration at the next meeting of the Board which is fixed for 29th August 1925.

1. Mr. S. Venkatesaiya (Convener)	6. Mr. Mahadevappa
2. „ R. Surappa	7. „ Govindasetti
3. „ K. T. Seshaiya	8. „ Mohamed Raza
4. „ B. C. Anantharamiengar	9. „ B. Nanjegowda
5. „ N. Nagappaiah	

13. Live Stock Expert's No. 2204-11, dated 31st March 1924, regarding the sale of one year old Amritmahal bull calves to raiyats, the District Board bearing the other half and asking for a programme in the matter.

Resolution.—Resolutions of Taluk Boards also considered. The Board will be glad to help the raiyats if they come forward with applications for help, but it is pointed out that bulls selected by each raiyat should be made available to him and that its suitability should be guaranteed by the Department, as the members have some misgivings in the matter about the option to choose and the suitability of the animals supplied.

14. *Re* bulls supplied to Veterinary Institutions of this district.

Resolution.—As regards the bulls now supplied to the Veterinary Institutions in this district, it is observed that all the three are practically useless and do not serve any good purpose. The attention of the Department may be invited to this matter.

15. Sericultural Superintendent's letter No. 3172, dated 14th April 1925, requesting that the stipend at Rs. 6 sanctioned to the raiyats' sons for undergoing training in sericulture in Hole-Narsipur may be raised to Rs. 10 as the amount is inadequate for supporting oneself at the place.

Resolution.—The Board are not at present inclined to increase the grant.

16. Letter No. 1277, dated 28th January 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education, anent handing over the travellers' bungalow at Arkalgud to the Education Department and the resolution of the Taluk Board.

Resolution.—The Board will be glad to hand over the building if the Department will construct another travellers' bungalow with a well and out-houses in another place that may be selected by the Board.

17. Official Memorandum No. C. 5782—24-25, dated 16th May 1925, of the Inspector General of Education, anent utilising the accumulated savings from Education cess for equipment for the existing schools.

Resolution.—The Board is not in favour of allotting a lumpsum of Rs. 20,000 as suggested. The Board will be glad to provide funds for expenditure for the required equipment in schools started out of cess funds in the District out of the allotment of 10 per cent of the cess realisations earmarked for the purpose.

18. Senior Surgeon's letter No. C. 2123-8, dated 25th May 1925, anent the initial equipment and the maintenance of the Maternity at Saklespur.

(a) Proposed by Mr. Malali Venkataramaiah, that as the Maternity building in Saklespur was completed nearly two years ago, the District Board may agree to bear its quota of expenditure and Government may be requested to kindly arrange for the institution being opened without loss of time, it being borne in mind that the District Board has already contributed its quota of cost towards the construction of the building.

Seconded by Mr. H. Basavegowda. The proposition being put to vote, Mr. E. W. Rutherford alone voted in favour of the proposition. Thirteen members voted against the proposition. The others remained neutral. Mr. B. Nanjegowda states now that he did not understand the point when votes were taken at first, and now says he votes for the proposition.

(b) Mr. Surappa proposes that in conformity with the previous resolution of the Board, Government may be requested to relieve the local bodies from the payment of any contribution, and open the Maternity forthwith out of State Funds or Malnad Improvement Funds, having regard to the heavy expenditure needed for the Maternity and the low financial condition of the Board and its other commitments.

Seconded by Mr. B. C. Anantaramiengar. Twenty voted for and none against it.

Resolution.—(a) The proposition is lost, the majority having voted against it.
(b) This proposition is carried.

19. Government Order No. L. 8294-5—L. B. 82-24-10, dated 19th May 1925, recording with certain observations the report of the Ramanathapur Cattle Show, held during December 1924, and calling for a report of the decision of the District Board regarding the apportionment of the balance of Rs. 407-7-0.

Resolution.—Recorded.

The previous resolution of the Board dated 29th September 1920, may be acted upon and effect given to it.

20. Sanitary Commissioner's letter No. C. 812-2, dated 28th May 1925, in the matter of outbreak of cholera during the current year and to take all precautionary measures to guard against the outbreak of the epidemic. (b) Deputy Commissioner's letter No. L. S. G. 718-24, dated 30th May 1925, on the same subject.

Resolution.—Recorded.

Needful steps have been taken in the matter.

21. Memo No. L. S. G. 596-24, dated 11th May 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Hassan District, forwarding copy of letter N. P. 6229—E. C., dated 4th May 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, enclosing a petition of Mr. B. K. Venkatachar, Late Itinerant Lecturer of the Hassan District, praying for the grant of a pension to him for having served in the Economic Department, for about six years.

Resolution.—Having regard to his old age, his having been taken away from the Missionary service after a service of 27 and odd years, there, and his approved service for seven years and odd, in the Economic Department and in the District Board, the Board recommends that a bonus of Rs. 250 may be paid to him as a special case.

22. Deputy Commissioner's memo No. Gl. 25294, dated 27th April 1925, *re* revision of time-table on Mysore Railways from 1st September 1925.

Resolution.—As different members have different views about the question, they will send up their views individually and they will be compiled and forwarded to the Railway authorities.

23. Letter No. G 203-22, dated 10th June 1925, from the Traffic Manager, Mysore Railways, anent providing further facilities to the town station-building at Hole-Narsipur.

Resolution.—The station must be made permanent and further facilities are immediately necessary. The Railway Department will kindly view the question with sympathy, as postponement of such conveniences is not desirable.

24. Letter No. L. 7714—Med. 59-23-22, dated 29th April 1925, of the Local and Legislative Secretary, approving of the draft deed of gift to be executed by Mr. Maralusiddappa of Halkur and requesting to induce the donor to bear the charges of registration, etc.

Resolution.—The attention of the Government may be invited to Notification No. R. 8591—St. 21-19-1, dated 31st January 1920, and Government may be requested to extend the same exemption to free gifts and endowments to Local Boards or Government for public or charitable purposes. The present case may also be treated likewise and exemption granted, with a view to encourage such charitable gifts and endowments.

25. Letter No. L. 537—Ml. 121-24-6, dated 24th July 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to intimate the grounds of objection of the District Board for the holding of a cattle show at Konanur as there is an interval of four days between the closing of the jatra at Ramanathapur and the opening of the one at Konanur.

Resolution.—Deferred till the next meeting.

26. Senior Surgeon's letter No. C. 37, dated 2nd May 1925, *re* giving house-rent to the Sub-Assistant Surgeons where free quarters have not been provided to them.

(*b*) Deputy Commissioner's D. O. No. L. S. G. 37-5, dated 2nd May 1925, on the same subject.

Resolution.—The finances of the Board do not permit such allowances being given.

27. Hassan Division Executive Engineer's letter No. 502, dated 29th May 1925 forwarding re-appropriation and surrender of amount in respect of works.

Resolution.—The statement is approved except as regards Aglahatti bridge the cost of which has to be borne by Government, this being a flood damage work.

28. Letter No. Ml. 75-90, dated 8th July 1925, from the Director of Industries and Commerce, forwarding copy of official memorandum No. 6, dated 8th July 1925, addressed to Superintendents of Industries, anent efficient working of the minor industries in the State.

Resolution.—Recorded.

The programme now proposed to be given by the Superintendent of Industries may be obtained early.

29. District Medical Officer's letter No. 362, dated 26th July 1925, recommending for a well in the Dispensary compound at Yeslurpet on account of water scarcity during summer, etc.

Resolution.—A well may be sunk, as it is very necessary. The Department may be consulted in the meanwhile about its bearing a portion of the cost. The Village Panchayet of Yeslurpet may also be consulted, an estimate being obtained in the meanwhile.

30. Harnahalli Municipal President's No. 679, dated 27th April 1925, requesting for the payment of half the allowance at least, to the Sub-Assistant Surgeon of Arsikere, for weekly visits to Harnahalli.

Resolution.—The Board regret they cannot make any grant as requested.

31. Agricultural Assistant Director's letter No. 7199, dated 12th April 1925, requesting to show concession to meet the loss of Rs. 500 sanctioned by the Department in selling sunn-hemp seed, etc.

Resolution.—Deferred to the next meeting, as detailed particulars are necessary.

32. Question of approaching Government with a request that the District Board of Hassan may be allowed the privilege of electing its own non-official President.

Mr. Malali Venkataramaiah proposes that the existing system of the President being nominated by Government may continue for the reason that Deputy Commissioner and the nominated President may work in co-operation with each other.

Revd. Father Meyniel, seconds this proposition.

The proposition was put to vote and none voted for it except the proposer and the seconder.

The majority of the other members voted in favour of the privilege of election being granted to this Board, some being neutral.

Resolution.—The proposition to approach Government with a request that this Board may be given the privilege of electing its own President was carried.

33. Proposals anent purchase of two tents for the use of the Board.

Resolution.—One tent may be purchased for the present.

34. Purchase of two volumes of Eumley's Public Health at a cost of Rs. 65-10-0 each for the use of the Board.

Resolution.—This is sanctioned and the books may be purchased.

35. Payment of Travelling allowance due to District Board and Taluk Board members for journeys made by them to and fro on the day on which they attend the meeting instead of on the day of the next meeting as at present.

Resolution.—The matter may be recommended to Government for sanction. The practice sanctioned in the case of travelling allowances paid to Legislative Council and Representative Assembly members may be made applicable to District Board members also for attending meetings of the Boards, as it will avoid delay and lighten the work in the office besides enabling the obtaining of stamped receipts, which cannot be done, when such allowances are remitted by money orders.

36. (*a*) Mr. K. Thammaiah's letter requesting that the sum of Rs. 13-12-0 recovered from him towards income-tax on debenture bonds may be repaid to him and stating that the said bonds may be made free from income-tax.

(*b*). Comptroller's circular in the matter.

Resolution.—A reference may be made to the Comptroller inviting his attention to Government Order No. Fl. 1010—I. T. 48-22-25, dated 14th August 1923, and requesting the issue of instructions to refund the income-tax levied to the respective parties.

37. Records connected with the encroachment of the Government land by Thimmegowda *alias* Kennia of Doddamagge village.

Resolution.—Deferred, as further particulars are required.

38. Holding of District and Taluk Conferences during the year.

Resolution.—Deferred till the next meeting.

39. Travelling allowance bills of two members of the Board claiming travelling allowance for the journeys performed by them to Hirisave and Sravanabelgola in March 1925, in connection with the foundation stone laying ceremony to the Hirisave Dispensary and the opening of the musafirkhana at Sravanabelagola.

Resolution.—The Board do not approve of the claim and are unable to sanction the payment.

40. District Inspector of Education's Letter No. 19—4, dated 2nd July 1925, forwarding for opinion in the matter of transferring the provision of Rs. 17-4-0 of the Primary School at Karehalli in the Channarayapatna Taluk to Belugumba in the Arsikere Taluk.

Resolution.—Deferred as the District Inspector of Education is absent.

41. (*a*) Proposition of Mr. Manjiah, *re* giving Financial help from the District Board to the raiyats of Kabbinagere village, Hirisave hobli, due to a great loss sustained by accidental fire. (*b*) To recommend to Government for the remission of the kandayam due by them.

Resolution.—Deferred as the member is *now* absent.

42. Letter of Mr. Nagappiah, District Board Member, anent engaging a rented house, for the female dispensary to be opened at Hole-Narsipur.

Resolution.—Suitable building may be provided for opening the institution forthwith until Mr. Ramaswamaiah's buildings be constructed. Government may be requested to kindly sanction the institution very early.

43. Hassan Taluk Board President's No. 1662, dated 1st May 1925, forwarding Taluk Board Resolution recommending for a reward of Rs. 5 to Vaccinator Thimmegowda of Salgame Range for his good work.

Resolution.—The Board's appreciation is recorded but the reward in money is not approved as it will be creating an inconvenient precedent.

44. Hassan Taluk Board President's Report No. 1866, dated 17th June 1925, forwarding for confirmation records connected with the sale of right to levy market fees in the Jagaravalli santhe and the note of the Vice-President, District Board, about the suspension of the levy of fees in the shandy, the income being too low, till fees are levied in the adjoining shandies of the Channarayapatna Taluk.

Resolution.—The collection of fees in this market may be suspended for this year for reasons stated by the Vice-President, District Board.

45. Hassan District Board President's No. 54, dated 7th July 1925, forwarding records connected with the retirement of the care-taker of the Chikkamallenahalli musafirkhana.

Resolution.—The designation may be changed as "Care-taker" and bonus or gratuity of Rs. 100 may be given.

46. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's Report No. 974-24, dated 21st March 1925, recommending the payment of the Malnad allowance to Taluk Board Attenders.

Resolution.—This will be referred to the Finance Committee for consideration in the first instance.

47. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's No. 1279-24, dated 21st June 1925, recommending the opening of a Malnad Improvement Dispensary at Ballu. (b) Petitions of the villagers in the matter.

Resolution—Deferred pending receipt of reply as to the number of institutions that are sanctioned for this District for this year.

48. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's Report No. 1178, dated 16th May 1925, anent holding the santhe in the Byagadihalli on Mondays instead of Wednesdays.

Resolution.—This may be done and a recommendation may be made to Government to change the day of the week as suggested.

49. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's Report No. 1024, dated 10th April 1925, forwarding Taluk Board resolution recommending to levy shop rent, etc., in santhes such as Sukravarsanthe, Hethur and Hanbal.

Resolution.—This may be recommended to Government.

50. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's Report No. 1069, dated 23rd April 1925, anent granting Maliad allowances to Travellers' Bungalow care-takers.

Resolution.—This may be referred to Finance Committee.

51. Belur Taluk Board President's No. 992, dated 7th April 1925, forwarding for sanction remission records relating to the Halebid Panchayet for the arrears of Rs. 83-4-0 that are irrecoverable.

Resolution.—The remission proposed is approved.

52. Belur Taluk Board President's Report No. 1762, dated 30th June 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Taluk Board, anent establishment of a cattle-pound at Sanivarsanthe.

Resolution.—This may be recommended to Government for sanction.

53. Arsikere Taluk Board President's Report No. 1495, dated 8th April 1925, forwarding records connected with the acquisition of Survey No. 448 and 313 of Kenkere village for village extension and the District Board Vice-President's note thereon.

Resolution.—The proposed acquisition is approved.

54. Channarayapatna Taluk Board President's Report No. 968, dated 19th June 1925, forwarding the Taluk Board resolution in the matter of maintaining the road between Anathi and Tiptur. (b) District Board Vice-President's note in the matter.

Resolution.—Deferred to the next meeting, as an inspection of the locality by the Executive Engineer is also necessary.

55. Hole-Narsipur Taluk Board President's Report No. 339, dated 14th April 1925, anent entertaining a separate midwife to the Taluk Board.

Resolution.—The question may be taken up after the receipt of the sanctioned budget from Government.

56. Arkalgud Taluk Board President's Report No. 530, dated 28th November 1924 forwarding the resolution of the Taluk Board anent granting fifteen days' privilege leave to the Native Vydyans in year.

Resolution.—This proposal may be recommended to Government for favour of sanction.

57. Arkalgud Taluk Board President's Report No. 1380-24, dated 4th May 1925, anent remission of Rs. 300 being the portion of arrears due from Narasimhachar of Mallarajapatna, Contractor of Ramanathapur ferry.

Resolution.—Deferred till next meeting, as further particulars are necessary and they may be obtained by that time.

58. Alur Taluk Board President's Report No. 609, dated 14th April 1925, anent refund of the amount of Rs 9-6-0, recovered from the late Srinivasiengar in connection with the delay in recovering the arrears of the amount due from the Appagodanahalli ferry contractor as the Government have since in their Order No. L. 6507—L. B. 32-24-14, dated 9th March 1925, ordered that the arrears of amount due by the ferry contractor be written off the account.

Resolution.—The refund proposed is approved.

59. Acquisition records of Mudodi and Gandasi in the Arsikere Taluk and Anekere in the Channarayapatna Taluk.

Resolution.—The proposed acquisition is approved.

60. Application of B. N. Kesaviengar, praying that he may be sent for training in the Vaccine Institute granting him a stipend from the District Board.

Resolution.—The application cannot be granted, as there is no demand at present for Vaccinators in this District.

61. Application of Shatsringi Srinivasamurtyachar of Hole-Narsipur praying for an agricultural scholarship.

Resolution.—The scholarship asked for cannot be granted.

62. The Government may be requested to empower the President and Vice-President, District Board, to look into and scrutinise the expenditure incurred by the Public Works Department, Medical and Veterinary Departments, the items of works for which funds are provided by the Board.

Resolution.—Deferred to next meeting.

63. That the Arsikere-Huliyar road be taken over by the Board along with the grants for annual and special repairs and the said repairs be completed expeditiously as this procedure is rendered absolutely essential by the extreme slow progress shown by the Public Works Department and the loss the Board is put to by being not able to open a toll-gate on the said road and also the inevitable want of economy caused by mixing up of annual and special repair grants for a series of years by the Public Works Department.

Resolution.—Deferred to next meeting.

64. That having regard to the lapses and surrenders annually caused to be made by the Public Works Department, the items of works under A. P. W. be executed by the Board itself with extra establishment, if necessary, the charges for the special establishment not to exceed the establishment and tools and plant charges.

Resolution.—Deferred to next meeting.

65. Estimates sanctioned in anticipation of Board's approval.

		Amount. Rs.
1.	Estimate for sinking a well at Chowrikoppal for sudras ...	850
2.	Do do do for Christians ...	680
3.	Do do Magge, Manjarabad Taluk ...	960
4.	Do for repairing the musafirkhana at Halebid ...	73
5.	Do for improving the road from Ambuga Railway Station to Hassan-Arkalgud road *via* Perumanahalli ...	384
6.	Do from Mallipatna-Konanur road towards Sanivarsanthe	140
7.	Do for sinking a well at Gandasi	999
8.	Do for constructing a tunnel over the halla across the country road from Yelwal-Hassan road to Kannambadi	230
9.	Do for completing the well at Ganigarahosahalli, Hassan Taluk	125
10.	Revised estimate for a Panchama well at Dodda Baganahalli ...	499
11.	Estimate for repairing the Agasarabeedi at Grama ...	140
12.	Estimate for deepening a well at Chikkagenigere	300
13.	Do sinking a well for Panchamas at Gadenahalli ...	976
14.	Revised estimate for the Panchama well at Karle ...	408
15.	Estimate for repairing the Vydyasala at Grama	75
16.	Do for improving the roads at Halebid	355
17.	Do for deepening the well at Kantarajapura ...	90
18.	Revised estimate for repairing the damaged tunnel at Lakkur...	113
19.	Estimate for sinking a well at Arehalli near the travellers' bungalow	726

Resolution.—Approved.

66. Estimates to be sanctioned.

1.	Sinking a well at Nakanahalli, Channarayapatna Taluk ...	353
2.	Constructing a native kitchen to musafirkhana at Channarayapatna	935
3.	Sinking a draw well near the shandy at Dudda	1,500
4.	Do at Bendekere, Arsikere Taluk ...	739
5.	Do for Panchamas at Bisalahalli	678
6.	Do near the musafirkhana at Channarayapatna	858
7.	Improving the out-houses of the musafirkhana at Hirisave ...	531
8.	Sinking a draw well for Panchamas at Hosahalli... ...	450
9.	Improving the musafirkhana at Kenchammana-Hoskote ...	265
10.	Estimate for constructing a musafirkhana at Ramanathapur...	12,700
11.	Do do a Local Fund Dispensary building at Hirisave	12,677

Resolution.—The estimates are sanctioned.

Next meeting of the Board—29th August 1925 at 12 noon.

N. S. NANJUNDIAH,
President.

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification L. B. 62—25-26, *dated 8th August* 1925.

Under Rule 21 of the Rules framed under Section 62 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, No. VI of 1918, the undermentioned 3 Village Panchayets in the Kadur Taluk are reconstituted as hereunder for a period of three years from 3rd August 1925 :—

YELLAMBALASE.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Bhagavantha Rao.	1. Mr. Thimme Gowda.
2. ,, Hyder Sab.	2. ,, Pujari Ningaiya.
3. ,, Venkataramayya.	3. Patel of the village.
4. ,, Lakshminaranappa.	
5. ,, Gurve Nanjappa.	
6. ,, Marulappa.	

MATHIGHATTA.

1. Mr. Kamsagarayya.	1. Patel of the village.
2. ,, Rudrayya.	2. Mr. Krishnappa, Shanbhog.
3. ,, Basavalingappa.	
4. ,, Nanlappa.	
5. ,, Yellappa.	

GARJE.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Mallegowda.	1. Patel of the village.
2. „ Mupania.	2. Mr. Thimmanna *bin* Siddaramanna.
3. „ Manappa.	
4. „ Hussein Sab.	
5. „ Marulappa.	

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, and the Rules framed thereunder, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in Chitaldrug District, Molakalmuru Taluk are reconstituted for a period of three years from the 31st July 1925:—

MOLAKALMURU TALUK.

(1) RAMPUR.

Eelected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Hanumi Sanna Thimmappa.	1. Mr. Chennappa, Patel (*Ex-officio*).
2. „ Giddanna Gowdara.	2. „ Ganigara Muniyappa.
3. „ Holesine Hanumantappa.	3. „ Gadde Viranna.
4. „ Dodda Gangappa.	
5. „ M. Basappaiah.	
6. „ Imam Hussain Sab.	

DEVASAMUDRA

1. Mr. Shanbhog Channappa.	1. Mr. Sangappa, Patel (*Ex-officio*).
2. „ Singri Dodda Venkappa.	2. „ Khaji Abdul Gaffur Sab.
3. „ Karnataka Somappa.	3. „ Poojara Gowdaru.
4. „ Valpa Dongappa.	
5. „ Malagi Mariyappa.	
6. „ K. Muddappa.	

NAGASAMUDRA.

1. Mr. Rudrappa.	1. Mr. Siddavirappa, Patel, (*Ex-officio*)
2. „ Patel Virabhadrappa.	2. „ Pandu Ranga Rao.
3. „ Nanni Sab.	3. „ Akkasale Nagappa.
4. „ Jayanti Venkataramanappa.	
5. „ Joladarasi Hussain Sab.	
6. „ Sura Yegappa.	

BOMMAGONDANKERE.

1. Mr. Bhari Maddannappa,	1. Mr. Bhimanna, Patel, (*Ex-officio*).
2. „ Bhari Doddabasappa.	2. „ Kammar Hanumantappa.
3. „ Vaisyana Virabhadrappa.	3. „ Gonchagar Basappa.
4. „ H. Harapanniah.	
5. „ Murigappanavara Basappa.	
6. „ Shanbhog Puttanna.	

KONASAGARA.

1. Mr. Bisineem Muddappa.	1. Mr. Patel Ganga Naik (*Ex-officio*).
2. „ Kaneka Siddappa.	2. „ Shanbhog Raghappa.
3. „ Patel Hapa Naik.	3. „ Bisineem Channabasappa.
4. „ Kurubara Gurappa.	
5. „ Chippegara Gundappa.	
6. „ Buddarahatti Baganna.	

S. VENKATARANGAM
Deputy Commissioner.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 10th August 1925.

Under the Rules issued with Government Order No. 1048—L. B. 6-18-3, dated 16th July 1918, it is hereby notified that Mr. K. Krishnappa has been declared elected as Chairman of the Halebid Village Pahchayet in the Belur Taluk during the term of its present constitution.

R. NANASWAMY RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, AUGUST 27, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 1230—*Ml.* 57-24-365, *dated 24th August* 1925.

Under Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*i*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and in continuation of Government Notification No. L. 9050—Ml. 57-24-390, dated the 26th June 1925, reconstituting the Town Municipal Council of Davangere in the Chitaldrug District for a term of three years from 1st July 1925, Government are pleased to appoint Mr. Ramalingappa as a nominated member of the said Municipal Council.

No. L 1235—*Ml.* 1-24-45, *dated 24th August* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from acquisition of the undermentioned properties, declared for acquisition under Government Notification No. L. 6688—Ml. 1-20-73, dated the 13th May 1922, as required for the improvements in the Fort, Bangalore City, as they are not required for the purpose:—

Door No.	28, C	Street, Fort, Bangalore City	VII Division.
Do	4, D	do	do
Do	17, C	do	do
Do	13, C	do	do
Do	12, C	do	do
Do	18, B	do	do
Do	1 & 2, D	do	do
Do	17 & 18	do	do
Do	20	do	do
Do	34	do	do
Do	33	do	do
Do	11 & 12, E	do	do
Do	5/1, F	do	do

No L. 1162—L. B. 56-25-14, dated 19th August 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Village Panchayet Election Rules of 1918, the term of the Village Panchayets in the Alur Sub-Taluk, as noted below, is extended till the end of August 1925 :—

(1) Kiragadlu. | (2) Kanatur.

No. L 1143—L. B. 58-25-7, dated 19th August 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the rules for the election of Members of Village Panchayets issued with Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated 13th July 1918, and amended by Notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated 11th November 1921, Government are pleased to extend the term of the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Kumsi Sub-Taluk till the reconstitution is formally notified.

1. Harnahalli. | 3. Dyavinakere.
2. Mandaghatta. | 4. Balekoppa.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

No. 5.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON WEDNESDAY THE 5TH AUGUST 1925 AT 5 P.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 23 | Absent ... 7

Subjects.

1. Further consideration of the Government Order No. L. 509-512—Ml. 127-23-13, dated 22nd July 1925, on the Scheme of Water-supply, Bangalore City.

2. Also certain draft resolutions proposed by the President.

Letter, dated 5th August 1925, from Mr. J. R. Issac, Municipal Councillor, stating that he is unable to be present at this meeting, was read and recorded.

Before the proceedings began, the President brought to the notice of the Council that three petitions had been handed to him just then, purporting to be from certain rate-payers requesting that this meeting of the Municipal Council might be adjourned for a month, as they wanted to hold a public protest meeting and submit a petition to His Highness the Maharaja in the matter. The President observed that the petitions may be simply recorded as the petitioners had no *locus standi* in regard to the adjournment of a Council meeting. This was agreed to by the Council.

Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao proposed and Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar seconded that the whole house do go into a Committee and consider the draft resolutions proposed by the President, as such a course would enable the Councillors to speak more than once and facilitate free discussion of the whole question. Messrs. S. N. Sitarama Rao and C. Hayavadana Rao spoke in support of this proposition and it was resolved unanimously that the whole house do go into a Committee under Rule 27 of the rules relating to the conduct of business.

Proceedings in Committee.

Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao said that he had drawn up a scheme, which if approved would enable the Council to work out the proposed scheme without enhancing the water tax from 3 to 4½ per cent and placed before the Committee, the following resolutions :—

"Resolved that in view of the outright grant by the Government of three and one-third lakhs and three-fourths of a lakh by the Municipality, the loan to be discharged amounts to six lakhs and the same can be discharged without having recourse to an increased water-rate from three to four and a half per cent, the same be not levied at present."

The President pointed out that the Government had passed orders approving of the whole scheme, submitted by the Council after mature and long deliberation; that it was not open for the Council to go back on its original proposals; that the enhancement of water tax had already become an accomplished fact and that all that remained was action under Section 62 of the Municipal Regulation. Under that section they had already published notices in local newspapers, specifying the date from which the enhanced taxes would be levied and therefore it would not be in order to reconsider the question at this stage. He however permitted discussion to elicit the views of other members. Messrs. G. B. Raghavendrachar and S. N. M. Razvi supported the contention of the mover of the proposition, while Messrs. G. Paramasivaiah, C. Hayavadana Rao and V. A. Krishnamurthy Mudaliar opposed the proposition as *ultra vires*. Messrs. P. Subbarama Chetty, M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia

and R. Gopalaswami Iyer also took part in the discussion. Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar said that under Section 47 of the Municipal Regulation, the Council had the power to suspend, reduce or abolish any tax and that apart from the merits of the present case, it was not correct to say that the question of abolishing the tax cannot be considered at this stage. The President pointed out that the section referred to "Existing Taxes" and not those which were about to be imposed under Section 62 of the Municipal Regulation from 1st October 1925.

Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao pointed out that Section 47 had no application to the present case as all necessary action under Sections 59 and 62 of the Municipal Regulation had been taken and that it was not open at this stage to the Council to go back on its original well-considered resolutions, which had been duly approved by the Government and notified in the papers.

As Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao wanted a ruling from the Chair on the point, the President ruled that the point raised by Mr. Narasinga Rao was out of order and that further discussion thereon could not be allowed under the rules.

Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao then took up the question of maintenance charges and stated that the Council had not committed itself to any policy and therefore the question of maintenance charges would have to be considered after the improvements are effected and control over water works transferred to the Municipality. There was accordingly no need in his opinion to make any provision for this purpose as suggested in the draft resolutions of the President. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar supported his view. The President said that this point had been discussed over and over again and the whole scheme as sanctioned by Government is subject to the one condition that the Municipal Council would bear completely the maintenance charges. He traced over again the history of this question since the year 1920 and the subsequent developments it underwent and read the resolutions adopted by this Council from time to time and invited the attention of members particularly to those resolutions passed by the Council on the 7th March and 20th May 1925. On this Mr. Narasinga Rao withdrew his objection.

Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao next pointed out that the depreciation charges proposed were exorbitant, that there was no reason why the present generation should be penalized to favour the posterity and suggested the deletion of the sum of Rs. 41,000 and odd. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao pointed out the futility of the proposal and emphasised the fact that nowhere a work of this nature sought to be maintained perpetually without providing for adequate depreciation charges. He further remarked that because the scheme of Sir K. Seshadri Iyer, which provided the maintenance for depreciation fund, was not adhered to, the Council had been now landed into difficulties.

On this Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao modified his proposal and urged for the provision of only Rs. 20,000 instead of Rs. 41,000 and odd.

Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao further dwelt on the subject and stated that the amount now provided was at a low rate and that it was unbusinesslike to reduce it any further. Mr. G. Paramasiviah observed that whatever amount may be available as surplus would be put into the Depreciation Fund. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao did not press the point further. But he however observed that the amount of Rs. 2,17,000 mentioned in the budget under the head "Maintenance Charges," included 'Depreciation'. To this, the President replied that the savings accruing from all such items would go to the Municipal Treasury.

Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar, pointed out in a forcible speech that as regards control over the water works, the Government were going back on their declared policy as communicated to the Municipal Council from time to time and it was necessary that the control must vest in the Municipality. But considering the circumstances explained in the Government Order under discussion, he emphatically urged that at least the City portion of the distribution part of the works should be transferred to the Municipality. The Committee approved of this suggestion.

The draft resolutions proposed by the President were next discussed in detail and were unanimously approved by the Committee, with the addition of the following resolution :—

> "Resolved also that Government be requested to transfer the City portion of the distribution of the Water Works, to the Bangalore City Municipal Council as and from 1st July 1926 or from the date on which the new improvements are effected and notified to the Council."

The Council then resumed its sittings as Council and unanimously confirmed all the resolutions adopted by the Committee which are detailed below :—

1. Resolved that the Council do adopt and submit for the acceptance of Government the scheme appended herewith as Annexure (A), showing the ways and means for complying with the two conditions (*b*) and (*c*) mentioned by Government in their Order dated 22nd July para 10 (2).
2. Resolved further Government be requested to issue early their orders referred to in para 12 of their Order dated 22nd July 1925, in terms of the proposals already submitted.

3. Resolved further that as regards bearing the maintenance charges of the works from 1st July 1926, Government be respectfully informed that in view of what they state in para 13 of their above quoted Order, dated 22nd July 1925, that Government do pay one-third of the maintenance charges and the Council find from their own revenues the other two-thirds as and from the date of the new Water Works Scheme is put into operation or from 1st July 1926, within which date they earnestly request that the new scheme to be put into operation, the works being pushed through meantime with that end in view.

4. Resolved also that Government be requested to transfer the City portion of the distribution of the Water Works to the Bangalore City Municipal Council as and from 1st July 1926 or from the date on which the new improvements are actually effected and notified to the Council.

5. Resolved also that Government be informed that the Council appreciate fully the present position as regards the transfer of management of the Water Works to the Municipal Council and, in view of what they state, Government be requested to meet as detailed in Resolution 3 above, one-third of the annual maintenance charges, inasmuch as the management will actually vest in them as heretofore and the establishment and over-head charges are too heavy for the Council to bear at least in the immediate present.

6. Resolved also that Government be respectfully requested to pass very early orders on all the matters now submitted to them, so that the City may be assured of an improved supply of water before 1st January 1926.

ANNEXURE A.

Sinking Fund for an interest on Rs. 6 lakhs loan :—

Scheme as required by Government in para 10 (2) (*d*) of their Order, dated 22nd July 1925.

	Rs.
Total sum required	10 lakhs
Government grant	$3\frac{1}{3}$,,
Balance	$6\frac{2}{3}$ lakhs
Municipal grant from cash reserve	$\frac{2}{3}$,,
Loan required	6 lakhs

Taking the loan to be for Rs. 6 lakhs and taking also for granted that the period of the loan is 30 years, and that the payment is to be annual and the agreed rate of interest at 5 per cent per annum, the amount to be paid into the Sinking Fund yearly will be Rs. 9,060. (See Annexure B.)

The total payment would be as follows :—

	Rs.
Thirty payments into Sinking Fund at Rs. 9,060 per annum	2,71,800
Thirty payments of interest at 5 per cent on Rs. 6 lakhs at Rs. 30,000 per annum ...	9,00,000
Total ...	11,71,800
The new heads and revised heads of taxation and the revised house connection charges will, it is expected, yield Rs. 96,000 per annum ...	96,000
Under the scheme the excess water charges would be re-transferred to the Council, which at present amount to	44,000
The amount now paid out of current revenues under the head of water supply and maintenance charges. (P. 9 of the Municipal Budget Estimates, 1925-26.)	52,000
Total ...	1,92,000
Additional revenue from remunerative works as per (Annexure C)	30,000
Savings from new water works under electric charges and water charges paid to C. & M. Station ...	45,000
Additional income from unmetered 3,200 houses to be metered out, 1,000 houses per annum, in a period of 3 years, provisions being made for the same ...	50,000
Total ...	3,17,000

This total revenue may thus be allocated to :—(1) The Sinking Fund, (2) Interest on Loan Advanced, (3) Depreciation on works, (4) Maintenance charges, and (5) Minor renewals and Sundry repairs.

	Rs.
To Sinking Fund as above	9,060
To interest on loan as above	30,000
To Depreciation Fund. (At 2½ per cent on Rs. 3¼ lakhs and at 5 per cent on Rs. 6,60,000)	2,41,275
To maintenance charges in full on present scale. (See Mysore State Budget Estimates for 1925-26, Page 58.) ...	2,17,000
To minor renewals and Sundry repairs fund	15,000
Total ...	3,12,335
Rounding off ...	3,13,000

The anticipated revenue being Rs. 3,17,000 and the expenditure being as above Rs. 3,13,000, there will be available balance of Rs. 4,000 under this head.

The Sinking Fund is proposed to be maintained at the Bank of Mysore, Ltd., Bangalore, with whom special arrangements as to maintenance of Fund, the interest, rate to be allowed on it, etc., will be arranged for by the Council.

The interest will be paid to Government annually on 1st October of each year through the same Bank together with the payment into the Sinking Fund on the same date, the new scheme of taxation coming into force, under the Law, on 1st October 1925.

ANNEXURE B.

Sinking Fund Table. (Yearly Payment.)

No. of years over which loan extends	No. of payments to sinking Fund	Amount of interest received from Sinking Fund yearly		
		5 per cent	5½ per cent	6 per cent
25	25	·0210	·0196	·0182
30	30	·0151	·0138	·0126

ANNEXURE C.

Additional Revenues from Remunerative Works.

1.	Proposed Setu Rao's Street Shops. (Rent.)	Rs. 400 x 12 or	... 4,800
2.	Market Rear Stalls. (Rent.) (Under construction.)	Rs. 300 x 12 or	... 3,600
3.	Proposed Grain Bazaar. (Rent.)	Rs. 400 x 12 or	... 4,800
4.	Proposed shops on the site of the present Mutton Market.	Rs. 1,000 x 12 or	... 12,000
5.	Market Departmental collections (as per actuals)		... 7,000
		Total	... 32,000

MAHOMED ABBAS KHAN,
Honorary President.

SIDLAGHATTA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

The following draft bye-laws framed by the Sidlaghatta Municipal Council, under Sections 46 and 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906, as amended by the Regulation of 1911, are published for the information of the public.

2. Any resident within the area of the Sidlaghatta Municipality who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft bye-laws should communicate to the President, Sidlaghatta Town Municipality, within one month from the date of this notification.

Bye-laws relating to Dangerous and Offensive Trades in the town of Sidlaghatta under Section 48 (1) (*b*) III *and Section* 151 *of the Municipal Regulation*, VII *of* 1906.

I

1. The bye-laws are called "the dangerous and offensive trade bye-laws."

2. In these bye-laws unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*a*) Dangerous trade means the business of storing for sale—

(*a*). (1) Firewood.
(2) Hay, straw or any dried fodder for cattle.
(3) Coal, charcoal.

(*b*) Or storing for sale—

(4) Kerosene oil in godowns.
(5) Petroleum in godowns.
(6) Kerosene oil in tanks.
(7) Petroleum in tanks.
(8) Gun-powder, blastering-powder, fire-works (including patakees, etc.)
(9) Bamboos, poles, rafters, reapers, scantling and mats.
(10) Stone-blasting.
(11) Calcium carbide in bulk.
(12) Cotton.

(*b*) Offensive trade means the business of :—

(1) Boiling or storing offal, blood, bones or rags.
(2) Storing hides, horns and skins tanning.
(3) Dyeing.
(4) Washing or drying of wool or hair.
(5) Making or manufacturing of tiles, pottery or other earthenware or lime.
(6) Making or manufacturing of bricks.
(7) Manufacturing oil by boiling.
(8) Using any place as cartstand.
(9) Using any place as smithy.
(10) Stone quarrying.

(*c*) "Manager" means the person under whose authority or control or for whose benefit a dangerous or offensive trade is carried on whether such person is the proprietor of the business or the agent in charge thereof.

3. The manager of every place used for the purpose of a dangerous or offensive trade as defined in clause 2 above shall not use it as such without obtaining the license from the President therefor. The license so granted shall expire on the 30th June of the official year during which it was issued. But the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid the period of currency, shall, whether application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

4. The fees leviable on licenses to carry on dangerous or offensive trades shall be as follows :—

(*a*) For each class of business Rs. 2 per annum.
(*b*) For each class of business Rs. 2 per annum.

N.B.—In the case of hand made bricks the license fee shall be Rs. 5 for a kiln of 100,000 bricks or a fraction thereof.

5. No such license will be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for the trade to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or restoring to the neighbourhood.

6. Every Manager shall keep the place licensed for the purpose open between 7 A.M. and 10 A.M. and 3 P.M. and 5-30 P.M. for inspection by the President, Vice-President, Sanitary Inspector or Maistry or a Police Inspector and he shall afford every facility for such inspection.

7. Every such Manager shall be bound to furnish to the President, or Vice-President, whenever called upon to do so. Such statistics as to show the quantity of goods received, stored, manufactured, sold or exported by him.

8. In the case of dangerous trades :—

(*i*) Every Manager shall so store his goods as to admit of free ingress or egress for the removal of the goods for quenching a fire, if any.

(*ii*) He shall not cause or suffer any cover made of cumbustible material to be erected or placed over or adjoining any such goods.

(*iii*) He shall at all times keeps the premises clean and dry to the satisfaction of the President or the Vice-President.

(*iv*) He shall not allow smoking or the introduction of fire or open light into the premises mentioned in bye-law 2 (*a*) and he shall always store sufficient quantity of water and sand to quench the fire, if any.

(*v*) He shall carry out his trade in such a way as not to make his premises a source of danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

(*vi*) He shall comply with any requisition from the President or the Vice-President contained in a notice for the total or partial removal from the premises of the aforesaid goods or the removal of any other cumbustible materials not intended for sale or for rectifying an error or omission in attending to the above provisions.

9. In the case of offensive trades as defined in bye-law 2 (*b*) :—

(*i*) Every Manager shall confine his trade to be carried on strictly in the place shown in the license.

(*ii*) He shall cause all materials received for the purpose of his trade to be stored when not required for immediate use in such a manner as to prevent the emission of noxious or injurious effluvia therefrom.

(iii) He shall adopt the best practicable means of rendering innocuous all vapours emitted during the process of the trade either by proper ventilation or other suitable means.

(iv) He shall keep the floor of the premises in good order and repair so as to prevent the absorption of any liquid filth or refuse or any noxious or injurious matter which may fall or be deposited upon.

(v) He shall provide the premises with proper drains and shall always keep them in good order.

(vi) He shall cause the premises to be cleaned at the close of every working day.

(vii) He shall not allow any refuse or waste matters not intended for any further process of the trade, which are likely to be a source of danger or nuisance to be deposited in or around the premises, but shall have them removed daily to a place approved by the President or the Vice-President especially for the purpose.

(viii) He shall adopt such other precautions as are necessary to minimise the danger or nuisance to the public from the use to which such premises are put.

(ix) He shall comply with any requisitions from the President or the Vice-President contained in a notice for rectifying any error or omission in attending to the above provisions and for promoting the health of the persons employed in such trades.

(x) The President shall have power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for dangerous or offensive trade whenever he deems such a course necessary in the interests of the convenience and safety of the public generally or of the persons inhabiting or resorting to the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

(xi) The license to be granted for dangerous and offensive trades shall be in the following form and shall be subject to such conditions as noted therein.

SIDLAGHATTA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

License to carry on dangerous and offensive trades.

No.....

Date ..... Fees rupees.....

License No.....

Granted under the provisions of the Bye-laws under Section 48 (1) (*b*) (iii) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, subject to the undermentioned conditions.

To.....

For.....

At premises No..... in .....Division for the year ending 30th June 192 .

.....

President,
Sidlaghatta Town Municipality.

Conditions.

(1) The license shall be in force for a period of one year. It shall expire on the 30th June of the year for which it was granted, but the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid, the period of its currency shall whether the application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

(2) The license is not transferable.

(3) The licensee shall strictly obey all rules and bye-laws of the Municipality in this behalf.

(4) Any breach of such rules or bye-laws will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license and the prosecution of the offender under section 152 (3) of the Municipal Regulation of 1906.

President,
Sidlaghatta Town Municipality.

II.

Bye-laws relating to Bakery or Sweetmeat Shops, Hotels or Eating Houses in the Town of Sidlaghatta under section 48 (1) (c) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

Bakery or Sweetmeat Shops.

1. Bakery or sweetmeat shop includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the baking of bread or preparation of sweets or other eatables for sale.

Any person who shall appear, act or behave as the person in charge of a bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be deemed and taken to be the keeper or manager thereof.

2. All premises used as bakeries and sweetmeat shops shall satisfy the following conditions :—

(*a*) An adequate supply of water shall be kept in the premises.

(*b*) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for a bakery or sweetmeat shop.

(*c*) The premises shall have a sufficient supply of water for the purpose of thoroughly washing and cleaning such premises.

3. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean.

4. The flour, sugar, ghee, water and other materials used in the manufacturing of bread and sweetmeat shall be good and wholesome. There shall be a separate store room or receptacle for flour and sugar and no sugar or flour shall be left lying on the floor or against the wall in any part of bakery or sweetmeat shop.

5. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition.

6. No person suffering from a contagious or infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in a bakery or a sweetmeat shop and all kneaders engaged in kneading shall wear white clean linen or cotton aprons to cover entirely the front part of the body from neck to knees.

7. No person shall soil the kneading table in any way.

8. No person shall transport for sale bread or sweetmeat from any one place to any other place except in a closed vehicle or a closed basket, tin or other receptacle. Every such vehicle, basket, tin or other receptacle shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and no person shall commit any act which may tend to render any bread or sweetmeat which is being transported dirty or unwholesome.

9. All papers and leaves used for wrapping bread, sweets, etc., shall be cleaned and stored in a clean rack.

10. Bread, sweets, etc., shall be stored and kept for sale with all reasonable precautions against contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

11. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

12. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

Bye-laws regarding Hotels or Eating houses framed under Section 48 (1) (*c*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

1. An eating house or hotel includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhall and confectionery or refreshments including chappaties, rice cakes, tea, coffee, etc., are prepared and kept for sale.

The Proprietor or any person in charge of any eating house or hotel shall be taken to be the keeper thereof.

2. All eating houses and hotels shall satisfy the following conditions:—

(a) All premises used as such shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose.

(b) The water used in the premises for drinking purposes shall be from an approved source and shall be kept clean and free from floating impurities in a suitable and covered clean receptable placed in a clean place, a foot above the ground level.

(c) Kitchen and bath rooms shall be well-ventilated and provided with proper smoke vents, so that smoke may not pervade into other dwelling houses. All rooms in eating houses shall be well-lighted and ventilated.

3. The proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any other place but the dining halls.

4. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in the cooking or for keeping foodstuffs shall have a continual lining of tin, and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food, pastry sweetmeats, confectionery or preserved, dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

5. No foodstuff of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises, which is stale, unwholesome, offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption.

6. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night soil covered with ashes or earth and removed daily.

7. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean, shall be employed in an eating house.

8. All premises and all cooked and uncooked foodstuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, the Vice-President, the Sub-Assistant Surgeon or the Officer authorised on their behalf.

9. All cases of dangerous infectious disease such as cholera, plague, eruptive fevers such as small-pox chicken-pox, measles and fevers of more than seven days' duration shall be notified to the Vice-President forthwith.

10. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

11. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

Bye-laws regarding the manufacture of the Aerated water framed under Section 48 (1) (c) of the Municipal Regulation, 1906.

1. The water used for the manufacture of ærated water shall be from any approved source.

2. (a) The water must be filtered before use.

(b) The filtering vessels and materials shall be sterilized at such times and in such manner as the President, Vice-President or Sub-Assistant Surgeon may direct.

3. All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed iron vessels and be treated before use with Permanganate of Potassium in such manner as the President or the Vice-President or the Sub-Assistant Surgeon may direct.

4. The room in which ærated water is manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair; the walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be limeæwashed at least once in three months.

5. The water used for the manufacture of ærated water shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessel not approved of by the President or the Vice-President or the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

6. Carts employed for the carriage of water shall be kept on the premises, shall have the designation of the factory painted on the barrel and shall at all times be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness.

7. The premises and all appliances used in the manufacture shall be clean and open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President, the Vice-President, the Sub-Assistant Surgeon or any other Municipal officer.

8. No ærated waters of any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without having a proper label on each bottle, giving full name and address of the manufacturer.

9. It shall be lawful for the President, Vice-President, the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, the Municipal Sanitary maistry or any Municipal officer authorised by the President or the Vice-President to enter into any place used for the manufacture or sale of ærated waters at any time, when such place is open and to inspect or to take a sample bottle of any kind of ærated

waters which are there manufactured or kept for sale. Such samples shall be forthwith forwarded to the Government Chemical Examiner and Bacteriologist and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

10. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

11. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

III.

Bye-laws for enforcing information concerning the occurrence of, and for prevention of the spread of epidemic diseases amongst (1) men and (2) animals, framed under Section 48(1) (i) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

I. (1) Every head of family, parent, guardian, or nearest relative or owner or occupier or caretaker of a house or dwelling place shall, on his becoming cognizant of the occurrence of plague, cholera, small-pox or influenza in such house or dwelling place, whether among the members of the house or among persons who have come from other places, immediately give information of the fact either personally or in writing to any officer of the Municipality not below the rank of Sanitary Maistry or to the nearest Police Station, who shall without the least delay report the matter to the Vice-President.

Every medical person who treats, or becomes cognizant of the existence of, any infectious disease in any private or public dwelling other than a public hospital, shall give information of the same with the least possible delay to the said authority. Any person violating this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(2) Any person authorised by the President or Vice-President in this behalf, may on the advice of a duly qualified medical officer not below the rank of a Sub-Assistant Surgeon, at any time without notice or after giving such notice of his intention as shall in the circumstances appear to him to be reasonable, inspect any place in which any such infectious disease is suspected to exist and take such measures as he shall think fit to prevent the spread of such disease beyond such place and may remove from such a house or dwelling place, persons suffering from infectious disease and persons in contact with such persons without proper lodging or accommodation or who are lodged in a building occupied by more than one family, to any hospital or place set apart for their due care and treatment provided no compulsion is used in this behalf on any account.

(3) The person so authorised shall take steps to cause such house or dwelling place to be temporarily vacated and forthwith disinfected or otherwise cleansed in the manner prescribed by such medical officer.

(4) No house or other building situated within the Municipal limits shall be let to or permitted to be occupied by any person whom the owner or occupier thereof knows or has reason to believe to be suffering from any such disease dangerous to public health at the time of such letting or permitting, without certificate from the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, as to the sanitary condition of such house or dwelling place and as to the suitability of accommodation therein for the reception of such patient, and no person shall let a building or part thereof, in which he knows or has reason to know that a person has been suffering from any such disease without first having such building or part thereof disinfected to the satisfaction of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

Any person infringing this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

II. (1) On the occurrence of any case of anthrax or glanders or rinderpest or any disease affecting horses, cattle, sheep or goats, notice of the same shall be given by the owner or caretaker of the affected animal, on his becoming cognizant of such disease either personally or in writing to the Veterinary Inspector, or Veterinary Dispensary, Chintamani, or to the Sanitary Maistry of the Town; the latter will without delay report the matter to the Veterinary Inspector and to the Vice-President.

(2) The Veterinary Inspector shall, on receiving information of the existence of any such disease, make necessary enquiries, and if he is satisfied that the removal or segregation of the affected animal is necessary, require the owners to remove within a reasonable time, such animal to any institution maintained by the Municipality, for its due care and treatment, or to keep it at such place as may be approved of by him. On a report from the Veterinary Inspector that the destruction of any animal is necessary by reason of its suffering from such disease, the animal may be destroyed with the consent of the owner.

(3) Every place which is occupied by an animal suffering from such disease, and everything which may have come into contact with such animal whilst so suffering shall be immediately cleansed and disinfected at the cost of the Municipality in such manner as may be required by the Veterinary Inspector and if any such thing is in the opinion of that officer, not susceptible of efficient disinfection, he shall require it to be destroyed, provided that for all articles so destroyed such compensation shall be paid as the President or the Vice-

4. No stall or building occupied by an animal suffering form such disease, shall be re-occupied until at least seven days after it has been so disinfected.

(5) Whoever without reasonable excuse fails to remove any animal when required to do so under bye-law No. 2 or infringes the provisions of bye-laws 1 and 4 shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(6) Any dog found straying in any public street or place without a collar and apparently ownerless may be destroyed by any person so authorised by the President or Vice-President in that behalf.

Bye-laws under Sections 48 (1) (L) of the Mysore Municipal Regulations.

FOR PROTECTING WATER.

No person shall bathe or wash or cleanse or caused to be washed or cleansed his body or that of another or any vehicle, carriage, or cart or any animal or anything whatsoever in the Drinking Water Tank, *viz.*, the Honda in the Municipal Garden.

2. No person shall fish with nets, or rod or otherwise contaminate water in the said honda.

3. Persons infringing the above rules shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20 for each offence committed.

Section 48 (N).

Sanitation and conservancy.

1. No rubbish mentioned in section 127 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited except in Municipal bins.

2. Tiles, garden sweepings, branches of trees and thatch and night soil shall not be deposited in Municipal bins.

3. Sullage, urine, etc., shall not be discharged into roadside gutters without the special sanction of the President or Vice-President.

4. Any person who shall be guilty of a a breach of any of the bye-laws shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not excceeding Rs. 20.

5. No person shall dry any bratties or cowdung cakes on the external walks of houses or yards or compound walls and any one infringing this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. *Latrines.*—Any person easing himself either in the vicinity of or outside or in any part of any public latrines other than in the trench made for the purpose shall be liable, on conviction before any Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first time and one rupee for the second time and two rupees for each succeeding offences.

7. Persons affected with loathsome or infections disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale of any articles of food and drink either in markets or bazaars of the town, under a penalty on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence.

8. All persons holding houses or vacant sites within the Municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channels in and about their premises free from obstruction, to remove all evident causes of malaria and everywhere to discontinue as a hedge the use of prickly pear, else milk hedge, pear, etc., and to destroy these later where at present existing. They shall also have their premises kept neat and tidy and free from rank vegetation. They shall not store manure. All persons, who after due notice from the President or Vice-President has been given, fail to comply with the provisions of this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

Section 48 (O).

Regulating the disposal of carcasses of dead animals.

1. Every person within whose premises any animal may die, shall, within twelve hours after his death, either remove the carcass at his own expense without cutting it up or opening it to such place as may be set apart by the Municipality for the reception of such carcasses or report its death to the Sanitary Maistry of the town and in such latter case, shall pay to the said Sanitary Maistry the expense of removing the carcass at such a rate as the President or Vice-President from time to time determines.

Any breach of this bye-law will, on conviction before a Magistrate, subject the offender to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

Section 48 (P).

Deposit of goods or materials temporarily on land vested in the Municipal Council.

1. No person shall deposit any goods or materials on any street, drain, a queduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council without the written permission of the President or Vice-President.

2. The amount chargeable for the deposit of goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council shall be calculated at the rate of one anna per month per superficial yard of the area occupied and shall be payable in advance

3. If the owner of any goods or materials deposited on any street or place open to the traffic of foot-passengers or vehicles fails to make suitable arrangements for guarding against danger to traffic, the President or Vice-President shall cause a notice to be served on him to make such arrangements within 24 hours after receipt of the notice and on his failure to comply with the notice, the President or Vice-President shall enclose a bill of cost for carrying out the work at the owner's expense. The arrangements to be made shall be clearly and definitely specified in the notice.

4. If within 24 hours after receipt of the said notice, the owner fails to make the arrangements so specified or to show sufficient cause why such arrangements should not be made, the Sanitary Maistry in charge shall forthwith make the arrangements specified in the notice and recover the cost of the same from the owner according to the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation. The owner shall have an opportunity within seven days after receipt of the bill to show cause to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President that the arrangements made were unnecessary.

5. The following is the scale of fees for obstructions and encroachments of different kinds:—

(*a*) The awnings 3 pies per square yard per month.

(*b*) The fees for obstructions shall be charged at the scale mentioned above and such charges shall be recoverable in the manner prescribed in the Regulation for the recovery of consolidated rate.

6. Any person who takes out a license for a certain area and subsequently occupies a greater area without taking out a license for the excess so occupied, shall be liable to pay such excess area an amount calculated at the rate of one anna per month per superficial yard of the area so occupied. The default of payment renders the cancellation of the license. The amount shall be recoverable by the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation IX.

Regarding the erection of buildings.

BUILDINGS.

7. Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the town of Sidlaghatta shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President.

Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of land on which the structure is proposed to be built drawn to scale of not less than 10 feet to an inch showing:—

(*a*) The position of the building and appurtenant out-buildings to be erected on the land.

(*b*) The area to be occupied by the building and out-building on the land.

(*c*) The names (if any) or description of the adjacent road, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings, and

2. The plan required to be produced under Section 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation shall be in duplicate and drawn to a scale of not less than 10 feet to an inch.

It shall show in sections and elevations, the plan of the ground floor and of each other floor, if any; the depth and thickness of the foundations; the height and thickness of the plinth and wall above the plinth; the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the roof.

The aforesaid plan shall further show the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side drain of the street or road which the building faces or if there be no such side drain with reference to the central line of the street or road. The licenses and the plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the Municipal authorities.

3. No foundation of new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals, or the filthy or offensive matter until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President or shall in their opinion have become innocous.

4. No pit shall be excavated in the sites alloted for building dwelling houses.

5. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, pricklypear or by objectionable plant, or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

6. No new building shall be erected by any person the foundation of the wall of which along the road is less than 3 (three) feet from the side drain.

7. The level of the plinth or basement of any building shall not be less than a foot and half above the ground level.

8 The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground floor of the building proposed to be erected should rest on the soiled ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete, or upon some solid and sufficient substructure as a foundation.

Provided that where solid rock is met with at or near the surface of the site of such building, *i.e.*, within three feet of the level of the base of the wall, the footings may be omitted, if the surface of the rock be properly cleaned and stopped or gagged to receive the first course of masonry.

The minimum height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof shall not be less than seven feet from the floor to the ceiling and the rooms shall be well ventilated.

9. The eaves of buildings, sun shades to window, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

10. The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the outer edge of the side drain of the road.

Constructions of Privies or Latrines.

11. Every place, other than a water closet or bath room situated within any house building or enclosure, and habitually used for the purpose of calls of nature or for keeping human excreta shall be considered to be a privy or latrine within the meaning of this bye-law.

12. Every person who shall erect a new building shall, in connection with such buildings as chattram or agraharam and tenements, etc., construct such number of privies and in such manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the President or Vice-President.

13. A person who shall construct a new privy, whether in connection with a building or not shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved of by the President or Vice-President.

14. Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 100 on conviction before a Magistrate as provided in the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Sections 95 and 96.

Bye-laws *re* the vacant building sites under Section 48(w).

(1) It shall be competent for the President or the Vice-President, to declare that any vacant land within the Municipal limits is fit for use as a building site and to call upon the owner or if the owner cannot be ascertained or found, the person in possession of the site or where any doubt or uncertainty exists as to the ownership or possession, by persons interested in such site to erect and complete a building upon it within a period fixed by the President or Vice-President not exceeding six months provided however, that in cases in which the President or Vice-President may deem fit and proper, that may insist upon him to keep the site at least clean though he is not in a position to erect the building. Failure to do so after the notice being served, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5

Re the sale of vacant building sites by the Municipality by a public auction or otherwise under Section 48(w).

1. It shall be competent for the President or Vice-President with the sanction of Government to dispose of the vacant building sites vested in the Municipal Council by public auction or otherwise on receipt of applications.

2. The President or Vice-President shall reserve to themselves the right of refusing any application without assigning any reason therefor.

3. No site shall be granted to anybody who does not want the same for *bona-fide* purposes of building a house.

4. All sales shall be subject to the confirmation of the Municipal Council.

5. The applicant within six months from the date of the grant of the site shall collect the building materials on the site and within one year shall complete the building.

6. If the applicant fails to complete the building within the time fixed, the site will be liable to be resumed, the purchaser forfeiting all claim for compensation.

7. The buildings are to be substantial structers with a presentable frontage and necessary arrangements made for conservancy purposes in the rear as per bye-laws No. 7.

8. No transfer of any site will become valid unless and until it has been sanctioned and recognized by the President or Vice-President.

Other matters relating to Municipal Administration, Section 48 (*W*).

1. Whoever without the permission in writing of the President or Vice-President destroys any Municipal property or any tree, plucks any fruit or flower in any municipal garden, road or other property or whoever cuts or roots up grass so as to damage the sides or embankment of any municipal road or whoever makes a public thoroughfare of any municipal garden or property not intended for such a purpose, will on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

2. Horses shall not to be trained or broken in on the public streets. No furious riding is allowed thereon. Any one infringing this bye-law will, on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

3. Any occupier or owner of a house neglecting to enclose his compound yard with a wall or fence of such material as may be approved of by the President or Vice-President or neglecting to repair any fallen wall or gate pillar or to cope the compound wall within one month after a notice has been served on him, shall on conviction, be liable to a penaly not exceeding Rs. 20.

4. Any owner of a piece of vacant land who fails to enclose the same, with a compound wall or fence of such material as the President or Vice-President may approve of within one month after a notice has been served upon him, shall on conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. Any person who vends or hawks meat, or any kind of fish in the street of the Town of Sidlaghatta shall, on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. Whoever ropes firewood on any public street or road, so as to damage the street or road or so as to cause danger, inconvenience to the public, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

7. All vehicles of any description should have lighted lamps :—

(*i*) Whoever drives a vehicle of any description on any road within municipal limits between the hours of 7 P.M. and 4 A.M. without having a lighted lantern shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 provided that heavy goods carts, proceeding at a walking pace may be provided with one lighted lantern to be hung from the centre of the cart.

(*ii*) Whoever drives any goods cart drawn by bullocks within municipal limits shall proceed with a walking pace and the bullocks shall be bridled with rope of sufficient strength to admit of the drivers having perfect control over there, any breach of these directions shall render the offender liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(*iii*) Whoever lets cows, bullocks, asses, goats and tatus, etc., to stray in public road without having a perfect control over them shall be punished with a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(*iv*) Whoever rides any bicycle, motor bicycle or motor car on the public road without a bell or horn or without proper lights between the hours of 7 P.M. and 4 A.M. shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(*v*) All bicycles, motor bicycles, motor cars shall run within the limits of the municipality at the rate of 6 miles or 8 miles an hour only. Breach of this direction shall render the offender liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(*vi*) Whoever rides on any bicycle with another sitting on the bar or on any part of the bicycle shall be prosecuted with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

8. Whoever lets off fireworks or engages in any game in such a manner as to cause or likely to cause danger for persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood or risk of injury to property shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

9. Any person who affixes any posting bill, playcard or other paper or means of advertisement against or upon any Government or Municipal building, wall, board, fence, or pole without the consent of the officer in charge thereof or without such consent as aforesaid writes upon, soils, defaces, or makes any such building, wall, board, fence, or pole with chalk or paint or in any other way whatsoever shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

Market Bye-law.

1. No place within the limits of Sidlaghatta Municipality shall be used as a market for the sale of fruits or vegetables, excepting the public markets mentioned in bye-law 2 below, provided that the President shall have power to license private markets for the sale of fruit or vegetables in such other places as he may think fit for the purposes and withdraw such licenses.

2. The following are the places that may be used as public market under the above clause :—

(1) *For vegetables and Fruits.*—

(1) The Municipal Market opposite to Sri Gopalaswami Temple.

(2) For fuel :—South of Gurumurthiah's Chattram.

3. The President may let the use of any shop or stall or sitting in the public market for a period of twalve months either by auction or by prescribing a monthly rent subject to such conditions as may seem necessary and subject to the payment of such rent as the Municipal Council may determine.

4. Every stall-holder shall before taking possession of the stall, deposit in advance a sum not less than the rent of two months and shall pay on or before the 5th of each succeeding month, the rent of the preceding month to the person authorised by the President, to collect such rents.

5. Every stall-holder who fails to pay the prescribed rent shall be liable to be evicted from the stall.

6. No stall shall be sublet without the sanction of the President.

7. All stalls shall be kept clean and tidy and shall be made accessible for inspection by the President or the Vice-President or authorised duly authorised by them.

8. All payments of rents shall be noted in the rent receipt in the annexed form A, which shall be presented at the time of payment by the stall-holder.

9. No goods shall be brought into the markets except such as are intended for sale and except on payment of such gate-fees as may be prescribed by the Council in this behalf.

10. The scale of gate-fees leviable shall be as noted below:—

1.	For a basket or a bag of vegetables	0	0	3
2.	Do fruit of all sorts	0	0	6
3.	For a cart-load of vegetables	0	4	0
4.	Do for fruits	0	4	0
5.	Do other articles	0	4	0
6.	Do for fuel	0	2	0

These fees shall be levied at the Sidlaghatta Town Market.

11. No projections of any kind from stalls or sittings shall be allowed. All such projections are liable to be removed by the Municipal servants.

12. The tenant or occupier of any stall or sitting in the Market or servant of such tenant or occupier shall not cause or allow any goods, provisions or articles to be deposited or exposed for sale on or upon such stall or sitting in such manner that, goods, provisions or articles or any part thereof shall project beyond the line of such stall or sitting.

13. All prepared eatables and all foodstuffs that are consumed without being cooked shall be exposed well protected from flies and dust.

14. No person suffering from any infectious or loathsome disease shall be permitted to be a vendor in the market.

15. All seals, weights and measures used by the vendors in the market shall be clean and true to the standard.

16. Smoking, spitting the juice of pan-supari, throwing fruit-peel or pieces of vegetables in the market or committing nuisances are forbidden.

17. No one shall sell or expose for sale in the public market, vegetables, eatables and food-stuffs that are consumed without being cooked which shall have been rejected as being unfit for human food by the authority competent in this behalf under Section 142 of the Municipal Regulation. Whoever sells or attempts to sell any articles so rejected will render himself liable to action under Section 142 of the Regulation whoever contravenes bye-laws 8, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to pay a fine extending to Rs. 50.

18. Whoever obstructs any Municipal servants, or any officer in the performance of his duties in the market shall incur the penalty provided in Section 186 of the Indian Penal Code.

19. The person who opens or uses a private market or shops for the sale of fruits or vegetables without obtaining a license therefor or is guilty of a breach of bye-law No. 3 shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to pay a fine extending to Rs. 50 and to a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which he continues to so use it.

Note.—In these bye-laws "a private market" shall mean a group of four or more shops situated contiguous to each other and owned by one and the same person.

20. The following shall be the fee to be paid for the license referred to in the above clause.

1. For opening a private market for the sale of fruit or vegetable at Rs. 3 per annum for each shop or stall in the market.

2. For the sale of fruit or vegetables in retail shops at Rs. 6 per annum.

21. Every such license shall expire on the 30th June in each year. It shall be granted only in the following form:—

.....is hereby licensed to keep a $\frac{\text{Shop}}{\text{Market}}$ to sell or expose for sale..... at No. ..... in .... streets in ..... Division of Sidlaghatta Town.

This license shall be subject to the following conditions:—

(1) That the President, Vice-President or Sanitary Maistry or other officer authorised by the President shall at all times have free access to the $\frac{\text{Shop}}{\text{Market}}$ for Municipal purposes and that this license shall be produced when demanded by any such officer.

(2) That the licensee shall not sell or offer for sale anything in violation of any rule or bye-law for the time being in force or anything not covered by this license or anything that is not whole some as human food.

(3) That he shall keep his premises clean and shall use the standard scales and weights.

(4) That this license shall be liable to be suspended or withdrawn when there is a breach of any of these conditions.

FORM A.

SIDLAGHATTA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Name of market .....
Name of stall No. .....
Name of occupier .....

Month for which rent is due	Amount of rent	Date of payment	Signature of receiving official	Remarks

Bye-laws regarding registration of births and deaths framed under Section 48 (g) of the Municipal Regulation.

1. A register shall be kept of births and deaths in the town and for this purpose a Sub-Registrar of births and deaths shall be appointed.

The Municipal Office shall for the present be the Office of Registry and the Patel be the Sub-Registrar. A notice written both in English and in Kanarese and attached to a conspicous part of the building shall notify this fact to the public.

2. All births and deaths shall be registered in books in the forms given in the appended schedule and these books shall be presented in the Municipal Office.

3. The Sub-Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and every death which occurs within the Municipality and shall register as soon as conveniently may be after the event without fee or reward the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the said schedule touching every such birth and death, as the case may be, which has not been already registered.

4. All such entries shall be made consecutively from the begining to the end of the book.

5. The father or mother or other male relative of every child born within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of the father, mother and other male relative, the medical attendant or midwife who was present at, or in attendance, shall within one week next after the day of every such birth, give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known, and registered, touching the birth of such child.

6. Some near relative present at the death or in attendance during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building (or if the occupier be the person who has died). Some person living in the building in which such death has occurred, shall within 24 (twenty-four) hours give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered, touching the death of every person.

7. In the case of births and deaths in any public institution it shall be the duty of the officer or person in charge to give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar, the information required under bye-laws 5 and 6 touching such births and deaths.

8. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedule. Printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office, with all Municipal Councillors, Sanitary Maistry, Patels and Shanbhogs of Sidlaghatta Municipality.

9. On a notice received at the Office of the Registry, the Sanitary Maistry shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the accuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice and after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against particular entry in the register in token of having performed such inspection.

10. Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who had died within the Municipality shall, whenever required furnish the Sub-Registrar or other person authorised in his behalf such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

11. Any person whose duty it is to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who neglets or refuse to give such information or gives false information shall be liable (on conviction before a Magistrate) to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

12. All extracts from registers of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Council and the fees payable for these shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

13. Extracts from the register of births, may if required by the informant, be given to him free of cost by the Sub-Registrar.

Definitions.

"Occupier" includes the keeper, Master, Matron, Superintendent or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or seperate apartments are immediately held, or his agent.

"Public institution" includes prison, lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution which is under the management of the public body officer or person.

The term "still birth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

Report of births in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of.....192

Date and hour of birth	Nationality or caste	Born alive	Still born	Sex		Where born, locality, name of street, etc.	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice is sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address.

Report of deaths in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of.....192

Name and surname of the deceased in Kanarese	Occupation or calling	Place of residence	Where death occurred	Door number	Age			Nationality or caste	Sex	Date of death	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Name of doctor, hakim or vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

*Here if the cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomittings, diarrhœa and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Informant's name and address.

Register of births in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of.....192

Serial number	Date of registration	Father's name	Mother's name	Residence	Father's occupation	Caste	Sex		Date of birth	Name of the child, if any	Name of the informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
							Male	Female							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Register of deaths in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of.....192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Name of deceased	Father's name	Residence at the time of death	Age	Sex		Caste	Occupation	Date of death	Cause of death	Name of informant	Residence of the informant	Signature of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2		4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

K. V. JAGANNATHACHARY,
President.

OFFICE OF THE PRESIDENT, SANITARY BOARD, KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 1ST ORDINARY MEETING OF THE KOLAR GOLD FIELDS SANITARY BOARD FOR THE YEAR 1925-26, HELD ON FRIDAY, THE 21ST AUGUST 1925, IN THE SANITARY BOARD OFFICE, CHAMPION REEFS, AT 3-30 P.M.

Members.

Present ... 15 Absent ... 3.

Read letter dated 20th August 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, President, regretting his inability to attend the meeting this day.

Read letter dated 21st August 1925, from Mr. W. T. M. Pritchard, Mysore Gold Mining Co., Ltd., regretting his inability to attend the meeting this day.

1. The Board place on record their appreciation of the services of Mr. S. Hiriannaiya to the Sanitary Board, Kolar Gold Fields, and express their regret at his departure from the Kolar District.

Proposed by Dr. J. D. O'Donnell, seconded by Mr. Cooke and carried *nemcon.*

1. (*a*) Proceedings of the 6th Ordinary Meeting of 1924-25, held on 19th June 1925.

Resolution.—Confirmed.

* * *

5. (*i*) Deferred subject No. 8, of last meeting *re* the application of Mr. V. Vedamuni Pastor, M. I. S. Lutheran Mission of Marikuppam, praying for the grant of land measuring 150′ x 150′ near Anderson pet Shandy for the construction of a Lecture Hall for the uplift of the depressed classes.

(*ii*) Recommendation No L. R. 645, from the Medical Officer of Health, dated 15th May 1925, for the grant of land free of rent to the extent not exceeding 300 square yards on certain conditions.

Resolution.—The application could not be entertained as it does not seem to have come from the Head of the Luthern Mission on the Gold Fields.

6. Deferred subject No. 10 of the last meeting *re* the estimate for Rs. 170 for giving water connection to Sri Prasanna Lakshmi Venkateswaraswamy Temple at Robertsonpet.

Resolution.—The Board could not bear the cost of the installation, but will give water free if the temple authorities pay for the pipe connection.

7. Letter from Mr. K. Ramegowda, requesting sanction of his travelling allowance for attending Board's Meeting.

Resolution.—May be recommended to Government.

8. District Medical Officer's No. 374, dated 18th June 1925, in the matter of free supply of water to the extent of free allowance admissible under the Government Order, to the Sub-Assistant Surgeon attached to the General Dispensary at Champion Reefs.

Resolution.—A free supply up to 2,400 gallons a month is sanctioned.

9. (*i*) Revision of House and Mohatarfa Taxes in Robertsonpet Town (Subject No. 13 of last meeting).

(*ii*) Proceedings of the Sub-Committee held on 17th August 1925.

Resolution.—The proposition may be deferred till the next ordinary meeting of the Board to enable the members to consider it.

* * *

17. List of works which remained incomplete at the end of last year 1924-25.

Resolution.—The works may be completed this year.

18. Question of writing off from the accounts 68 one-rupee tickets which were found missing in Robertsonpet Market.

Resolution.—The balance may be reduced by Rs. 68 and the number of tickets also reduced by 68.

19. Travelling Allowance Bill of Vice-President for the month of June 1925 for Rs. 8.-

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

20. Kolar Sub-Division Officer's No. 114-18, dated 21st July 1925, in the matter of election of members from among the non-official members of the Sanitary Board for the Excise Licensing Board.

Resolution.—The Board elect Dr. J. D-O'Donnell and Mr. O. V. Rajagopal to represent the Board on the Excise Licensing Board.

21. Memo. No. 2975—24-25, dated 28th July 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar, requesting to place a sum of Rs. 300 towards the acquisition of 2 acres of S. No. 77 of Peddapalli village which is being used as burial ground.

Resolution.—The proposition may be deferred pending the receipt of full records.

22. Letter No. 43, dated 10th August 1925, from the Medical Officer of Health, requesting sanction for a provision of Rs. 200 for the purchase of Anti-Diphtheritic serum.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

23. Letter No. 723, dated the 13th August 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Kolar Division, enquiring if the present dilapidated building intended for the Matron attached to the Maternity Hospital may be demolished and a new one erected in its place.

Resolution.—The Board has no objection to the building being demolished and rebuilt, provided the Board is not asked to contribute anything.

24. (*i*) Application of Mr. Lazarus, confectioner, Robertsonpet, praying that the rent of Rs. 5 fixed by the Board for the temporary lease of the vacant land in front of his shop may be reduced to Rs. 3 per annum.

(*ii*) Medical Officer of Health's recommendation No. L. R. 193, dated 13th August 1925, that the land may be given at an annual ground rent of Rs. 3 on the same conditions as Messrs. Devasigamani Modaliar and Recoupchand.

Resolution—The rate fixed could not be modified.

25. Memorial from Mr. M. Narasinga Rao and other residents and rate-payers of Sanitary Board area praying among other things for certain facilities in the administration of the Board.

Resolution.—The matter may be deferred till the next meeting.

S. ABDUL WAJID,
Vice-President.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules issued thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. Abdul Rahiman Saib has been declared elected as Chairman of the Arehalli Village Panchayet in the Belur Taluk during the term of its present reconstitution.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules framed thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. Santamallegowda, Patel, has been declared elected as Chairman of the Bennur Village Panchayet, during the term of its present reconstitution.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules issued thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. H. Mallasetti has been declared elected as Chairman of the Basavapatna Village Panchayet in the Arkalgud Taluk during the term of its present reconstitution.

Notification.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, it is hereby notified that the Grama Village Panchayet in the Hassan Taluk is reconstituted as follows with effect from 1st September:—

Elected Members.—

(1) Mr. Rangegowda son of Sivananjegowda.
(2) ,, G. Ramaswamaiya son of Jannaiya.
(3) ,, D. Alasingrachar son of Srinivasiengar.
(4) ,, Lakkappa son of Lakkegowda.
(5) ,, Venkatachar son of Tirunarna Iyengar.
(6) ,, Nanjappa *alias* Tagappa son of Lakka Naik.
(7) ,, Manjaiya son of Chennegowda.
(8) ,, Adirajaiya son of Padmarajaiya.

Notification.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, it is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been nominated as members of the several Village Panchayets noted against each in the Arsikere Taluk during the term of their present reconstitution :—

(1) Murundi, Village Panchayet.—
  (1) The Patel of the village.
  (2) Mr. Nanjappa son of Venkatasubbaiya, Landholder.

(2) Doddametikurke, Village Panchayet.—
  (1) The Patel of the village.
  (2) The Shanbhog of the village.

(3) Rampur Village Panchayet.—
  (1) The Revenue Patel of the village.
  (2) The Police Patel of the village.

(4) Kamasamudra Village Panchayet.—
  (1) The Patel of the village.
  (2) The Shanbhog of the village.

(5) Kenkere Village Panchayet.—
  (1) The Police Patel of the village.
  (2) The Shanbhog of the village.
  (3) Mr. Nanjappa son of Javara (Panchama).

(6) Aggunda Village Panchayet.—
  (1) Mr. Santamallaiya son of Chennaveeraiya, Landholder.

(7) Madalu Village Panchayet.—
  (1) Mr. Basavaiya son of Rudraiya, Landholder.
  (2) The Revenue Patel of the village.

(8) Kittanakere Village Panchayet.—
  (1) The Shanbhog of the village.
  (2) The Patel of the village.

(9) Nerlige Village Panchayet.—
  (1) The Patel of the village.
  (2) Mr. Kesavaiya son of Krishnappa, Landholder.

(10) Kolagunda Village Panchayet.—
  (1) Mr. Honnappa son of Lingappaiya, Landholder.
  (2) The Patel of the village.

(11) Bendekere Village Panchayet.—
  (1) The Patel of the village.

(12) Kondivagilu Village Panchayet.—
  (1) Mr. Kalahastachar son of Doddachar, Landholder.
  (2) The Patel of the village.

(13) Kuruvanka Village Panchayet.—
  (1) Mr. Ananthaiya son of Venkataramanappa, Landholder.
  (2) The Patel of the village.

(14) Thondiganahalli Village Panchayet.—
  (1) The Patel of the village.
  (2) The Shanbhog of the village.

(15) Mududi Village Panchayet.—
  (1) The Patel of the village.
  (2) The Shekdar of the Gandasi hobli.

R. NANASAMY RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

OFFICE OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE.

Miscellaneous No. 328—33, *dated* 30*th July* 1925.

Notice is hereby given under Section 62 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906, to the inhabitants of the Bangalore City Municipality, that the Municipal Council shall impose the following enhanced taxes and toll, sanctioned by Government in their Order No. L. 509-512—Ml. 127-23-13, dated 22nd—23rd July 1925, with effect from the dates noted against them :—

Name of tax	Existing rate	Sanctioned rate	Date from which to be levied
Water tax.—			
(a) On buildings	3% on their rental value.	4½% on their rental value.	1st October 1925
(b) On vacant sites	3/5% of the building tax.	1% of the building tax.	Do
(c) On buildings used as shops and mandies	1% on the rental value.	3% on the rental value.	Do
2. Tax on vacant sites	4 annas per 100 sq. yds.	8 annas per 100 sq. yds.	Do
3. Toll on vehicles and animals.—			
(1) On every jatka or cart drawn by men, bulls, bullocks, horses, asses or mules (laden).	2 annas	4 annas	1st September 1925
(2) Do do (unladen) ..	1 anna	2 ,,	Do
(3) On every motor car	4 annas	8 ,,	Do
(4) Do Motor cycle	2 ,,	4 ,,	Do
(5) Do Jinriksha	2 ,,	4 ,,	Do
(6) Do Bicycle or tricycle ..	1 anna	2 ,,	Do

J. V. MASCARENHAS,
Offg. *Municipal Commissioner.*

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 3, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 1448—*L. B.* 41-25-29, *dated* 29*th August* 1925.

Government are pleased to withdraw from acquisition Survey No. 183 of Somanahalli village, Malvalli Taluk, sanctioned in Government Order No. L. 3676-7—L. B. 41-24-79, dated 17th November 1924, and declared in No. L. 3678—L. B. 41-24-80, dated 17th November 1924, as required for forming a new village as it is no longer required for the purpose for which it was originally sanctioned.

No. L. 1566—*Ml.* 16-25-16, *dated* 31*st August* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the rules framed thereunder, the Town Municipal Council of Channapatna in the Bangalore District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 1st September 1925.—

A. Section 10 (1) (*a*) *Elected Councillors*—

1. Mr. F. M. Abdul Quddus.
2. „ C. N. Ramachandra Rao.
3. „ L. C Sreenivasaiah.
4. „ P. Muttaiah.
5. „ P. R. Basavarajaiah.
6. „ V. Dasappa.
7. „ K. Ramakrishnareddi.
8. „ Shroff Annaiah.

B. Section 10 (*a*) (*b*) (1) *Nominated Councillors*—

1. Mr. Rammoomia.
2. „ Mahomed Khasim Khan.
3. „ Daulat Nanjunda Setti.
4. „ Doddaiya.
5. „ Dasegowda.

C. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio—

1. The Amildar, Channapatna Taluk—President.
2. The Senior Medical Officer at Channapatna.
3. The Senior Public Works Officer in charge of the Channapatna Taluk.

No. L. 1508—*Ml.* 18-25-3, *dated* 31*st August* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Rev. David Arthur Rees, Wesleyan Mission, Tumkur, is appointed a Municipal Councillor of the Tumkur Town Municipal Council, in place of Rev. A. Brockbank who resigned his seat on the Council.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice, dated 27*th August* 1925.

BYE-ELECTION.

It is hereby notified for the information of the Public that a bye-election according to the City Municipal Election Rules of 1919, will be held to fill up a vacancy of a Municipal Councillor in III Manavarthpete, Division at the time and place shown in the subjoined table. All persons eligible to vote in that division whose names are included in the list of voters published in the *Mysore Gazette* of the 24th April 1924, 1st May 1924, 31st July 1924 and in the supplemental list published in the City Municipal Office, on 26th August 1925, are requested to attend and vote.

The attention of candidates intending to stand for the Councillorship is invited to Rule 14(1) of the Election Rules of 1919. The nomination paper alluded to in the said rule should be delivered to the Municipal Commissioner at the City Municipal Office during office hours. Public holidays excepted, at least *ten days before the date fixed for election.*

Number of Division	Number of Councillors to be elected	Date of election	Hours of election	Place	Polling Officer
III Manavarthpete Division.	One	Monday, 21st September 1925	7 30 A.M. to 11-30 A.M. and 3 P.M. to 6 P.M.	Government Girls' School, Chikpet.	The Municipal Engineer and the Health Officer.

Notice, dated 26*th August* 1925.

The following revised draft bye-laws framed by the Bangalore City Municipal Council under Sections 48 (1) *n, p, q, s, t* and *u* of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906, are published for the information of the public. They will completely supersede the existing bye-laws :—

2. Any inhabitant of the Bangalore City Municipality, who has any objections or suggestions to make in respect of the proposed draft bye-laws, may within one month from the date of the publication of this notice, send his objections or suggestions in writing to the Municipal Commissioner, City Municipal Council, Bangalore.

DRAFT BYE-LAWS UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*p*).

LEVY OF FEES UNDER SECTION 70.

(*Re* Structures, etc.)

1. (*a*) *Deposit of goods or materials temporarily on land vested in the Municipal Council*

1. No person shall deposit any goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council, as contemplated under Sections 122 and 125 of the Municipal Regulation, without the written permission of the Municipal Commissioner.

2. The amount chargeable for the deposit of goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council, shall be calculated at the rate of one anna per month per square foot of the area occupied and shall be payable in advance.

3. If the owner of any goods or materials deposited on any street, or place open to the traffic of foot passengers or vehicles, fails to make suitable arrangements for guarding against danger to traffic, the Municipal Commissioner shall cause a notice to be served on him to make such arrangements within 24 hours after receipt of the notice and on his failure to comply with the notice, the Municipal Commissioner shall enclose a bill of costs for carrying out the work at the owner's expense. The arrangements to be made shall be clearly and definitely specified in the notice.

4 If within 24 hours after receipt of the said notice, the owner fails to make the arrangements so specified or to show sufficient cause why such arrangements should not be made, the Municipal Public Works Department Overseer, in charge, shall forthwith make the arrangements specified in the notice and recover the cost of the same from the owner according to the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation. The owner shall have an opportunity, within seven days after receipt of the bill, to show cause to the satisfaction of the Municipal Commissioner that the arrangements made were unnecessary.

5. The following is the scale of fees for obstructions and encroachments of different kinds:—

(a) For awnings—two annas per square foot per month.

(b) For temporary archways across roads—rupee one per day for each arch on each road.

(c) The fees for obstructions shall be charged at the scales mentioned above and such charges shall be recoverable in the manner prescribed in the Regulation for the recovery of consolidated rates.

(b) *Occupation of public streets for vending fruits, etc.*

6. In such streets or public roads as may be specified and in such parts of the same as may be set apart by the Municipality, a fee of 6 annas per month or quarter of an anna per day shall be levied for the temporary occupation of a public street for the sale of articles, *e.g.*, vegetables, fruits, silk and cotton goods or ware, beetle-leaf, head loads of firewood, etc., provided that the Municipal Commissioner may allow the temporary occupation of public streets as not to inconvenience the public and may order the levy of a fee not exceeding 4 annas per square yard per month.

7. Any person who takes out a license for a certain area and subsequently occupies a greater area without taking out a license for the excess so occupied, shall be liable to pay for such excess area an amount calculated at the rate of ten annas per month per superficial foot of the area so occupied. This amount shall be recoverable by the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

2. *Regarding the erection of pandals or other temporary structures on public streets.*

8. No pandals or other temporary structures for marriage or other purposes shall be erected in any street, lane or public thoroughfare, without the written permission from the Municipal Commissioner. On receipt of application for permission to put up such structures, specifying the situation, size and other particulars, licenses will be issued by the Municipal Commissioner, if he sees no objection thereto, on such conditions as he may think necessary to provide for the public convenience and safety and on payment of the following fees:—

For a pandal, 6 feet broad by 12 feet long or not exceeding 72 square feet	None
For a pandal, exceeding 72 square feet and not exceeding 150 square feet	8 annas
For every additional 150 square feet or portion thereof... ...	8 ,,

Provided that no pandal shall occupy more than $\frac{1}{3}$ of the breadth of the road in which the pandal is put up.

(a) No pandal shall ordinarily be allowed to stand for more than fifteen days. An extension of time may be granted on payment of one-half the original fee, but not so as to exceed a month from the commencement.

(b) If on the expiration of the time allowed in the license, or the period granted in extension thereto on special application the person that puts up the structure does not remove it, the Municipal Commissioner shall issue a notice to the defaulter for its removal within such time as may be fixed by him in each case; at the end of which time, he may have it removed, and the cost of such removal shall be recoverable from the defaulter as a Municipal demand.

(c) Any breach of this bye-law will, on conviction, subject the offender to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 for the first offence and Rs. 10 for each subsequent offence.

(d) Provided that in the case of pandals intended for purposes of charity or public utility, permission may be granted free of charge.

3. *Regarding the projections over public streets.*

9. (a) No weather-board, sun-shade, shop-board or any other projection, shall be allowed in any street which is less than 20 feet in width.

(b) In streets which are not less than 20 feet in width, permission may be granted for the putting up of weather-boards, sun-shades, shop-boards, etc., not exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet in breadth.

10. In streets which are more than 30 feet wide, the weather-boards, sun-shades, shop-boards, etc., may be not more than 3 feet in width.

11. The weather-boards, etc., shall always be of non-inflammable material, like zinc sheets.

12. The fees for weather-boards, etc., for every half-year payable in advance shall be as follows:—

One rupee for every weather-board, etc., not exceeding $2\frac{1}{2}$ feet in width and 10 feet in length or fraction thereof.

Two rupees for every weather-board, etc., not exceeding 3 feet in width and 10 feet in length or fraction thereof.

13. "The weather-boards, sun-shades, etc., shall not be less than 8 feet high from the plinth of the building or surface of the streets."

DRAFT BYE-LAWS UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*n, p, q and r.*)

BUILDING BYE-LAWS.

1. (*a*) *Notice to be given.*—Before beginning to erect or re-erect any building, the person intending to erect or re-erect, within the meaning of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, any such building, in the City of Bangalore, shall give to the Municipal Commissioner a notice, according to the form prescribed, in writing of his intention.

(*b*) The power of sanctioning or refusing to sanction such building, shall be exercised by the Municipal Commissioner.

2. *Plans to be furnished.*—Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan in duplicate of the land on which the structure is proposed to be built, drawn to a scale of not less than 20 feet to an inch, showing—

(*a*) the position, nature and use of all existing buildings thereon, and of the proposed building, and all appurtenant out-buildings;

(*b*) the area to be occupied by the building and out-buildings on the land;

(*c*) the position of latrines or privies, and the proposed method of drainage;

(*d*) the names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings;

(*e*) the number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the land is situated; and

(*f*) where the building proposed to be erected abuts a road, the breadth of such road as measured between the outer edges of the drain, if any, and the line of buildings on both sides.

Provided that in the case of buildings of less than Rs. 500, in value, it shall be sufficient for the site plan to show, to the satisfaction of the Municipal Commissioner, without scale, the size of the proposed building and its position on the land, together with the position of the land with reference to adjacent buildings or lands.

3. The plan required to be produced under Section 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, shall be in duplicate and drawn to a scale of not less than 8 feet to an inch, showing—

(*a*) the plan of the ground floor and of each other floor, if any, with sections and elevations on the same scale;

(*b*) the levels of the foundation and lowest floor or plinths, with reference to the level at the centre of the adjacent roads or streets, and level of the site;

(*c*) the depth and thickness of foundations;

(*d*) the height and thickness of the plinth or basement walls, and of the walls above the plinth;

(*e*) the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the roof;

(*f*) the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side drain of the street or road which the building faces or if there be no such side-drain, with reference to the central line of the street or road.

The license and the approved plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the Municipal authorities.

Provided that in the case of buildings of less than Rs. 500 in value, it shall be sufficient to show in writing to the satisfaction of the Municipal Commissioner, the levels at which the foundation and lowest floor are proposed to be laid.

4. The plan of every building of more than Rs. 500, in value, shall be accompanied by a specification showing the nature and description of the materials to be used in the construction of the various parts thereof, including the dimensions of all beams, bressemers, posts, pillars and columns.

5. *Prohibition of certain sites.*—No foundation of a new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals, or other filthy or offensive matter, until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the Health Officer or shall in his opinion, have become innocuous.

6. *Buildings not to be erected on a Municipal drain.*—No building shall be erected over a Municipal drain.

7. *Location of the building.*—In no new building shall the foundation of the external wall along the street be located less than 1½ feet from the edge of the street including the drain.

8. *Foundation of walls.*—The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground-floor of the building proposed to be erected should rest on the solid ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete, or upon some solid and sufficient substructure as a foundation.

Provided that where a solid rock is met with at or near the surface of the site of such building, *i.e.*, within 3 feet of the level of the base of the wall, the footings may be omitted if the surface of the rock be properly cleaned and stepped or jagged to receive the first course of masonry.

9. *Plinth.*—The height of the plinth shall, in the case of buildings which are to be built nearer to a street, be not less than 1½ feet above the level of the street on which it abuts, and in the case of buildings which are to be built farther to a street, it shall not be below such height as may be fixed by the Municipal Commissioner.

10. *Insertion of damp-proof courses.*—In the case of buildings which in the opinion of the Municipal Commissioner of the Municipal Council are likely to be damp on account of the high level of the sub-soil water in the site, if the Municipal Commissioner deems it necessary, damp-proof courses which shall consist of stone slabs laid in cement, vitrified bricks or any other durable material impervious to moisture shall be laid between the foot of the walls of the ground floor and the top of basement which shall be above the level of the adjoining ground.

11. *Chimney.*—Every person erecting a chimney, shall so construct it that the upper outlet shall be at least 4 feet above the roof of the house.

12. (*a*) *Height and area of the room.*—The minimum height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building, except a room in the roof thereof, shall be not less than 8 feet from the floor to the ceiling.

(*b*) The room in the roof shall have an average height of 7 feet from the floor to the ceiling.

(*c*) The ground area of a dwelling room shall not be less than 50 square feet; and no room shall be built which is less than 30 sqare feet in superficial area.

Explanation. 1.—A dwelling room is one which may be used for sleeping purposes by human beings.

Explanation 2.—A partition wall not more than 4 feet high in a room, shall not be considered to divide that room so as to make it into two rooms.

13. *Ventilation.*—Every such room shall be provided with ventilation by means of doors and windows, which open directly on to external air-spaces not less than two and half feet in width and which have an aggregate area of openings not less than one-tenth of the superficial area of that side of the room, which faces an open space.

He shall also endeavour to provide openings in his room so as to provide a current of air whenever desirable, and see that an opening for foul air is always kept near the top of the room.

14. *Height of the building.*—No person erecting a building, which abuts on a street shall so construct it that any point of it is at a height greater than twice the width of the street immediately in front of it, including open spaces, if any; provided that nothing in this bye-law shall debar any person from re-constructing any building which had stood within two years on the same site, on the model of and with the same dimensions as, the original building.

15. *Aerial projections.*—No person who builds, alters or adds to a building within the meaning of Section 96 of the Municipal Regulation, shall project ærially, beyond the limits of his site, any part of his building, temporary or permanent, so as to make it encroach upon or overhang any Municipal road, or lane, or the margin thereof, or any other Municipal land except to the extent to which permission may expressly be granted by the Municipal Commissioner.

16. All water spouts to drain roof or other water, shall be led down to the ground touching the wall, and shall not be so constructed as to discharge water to the inconvenience or annoyance of the passers by, or to the damage of the Municipal property.

17. No shutters of stables or other buildings shall be so constructed as to project on Municipal land when left open.

18. *Inspection.*—For the purpose of facilitating the inspection, the following shall be the recognised stages in the creation of any building:—

(1) Digging for the foundation.
(2) Filling in the foundation and raising the basement walls.
(3) Superstructure.
(4) All subsequent work.

19. All Officers of Health Department of and above the grade of Sanitary Inspectors and all Officers of the Municipal Public Works Department of and above the grade of Sub-Overseers, shall be competent to inspect buildings under construction at all reasonable hours during the day and where a license has been granted, to satisfy themselves that the work under progress is in conformity with the terms of the license and not contrary to the existing bye-laws.

20. *Drainage to be provided in certain case.*—In localities where facilities for drainage and daily conservancy have not been created on account of such localities not having been taken up for laying them out into house sites, no dwelling houses shall be constructed unless sufficient facilities for drainage and daily conservancy are provided by the owner of the land to the satisfaction of the Municipal Commissioner.

21. *Area of site built upon.*—As a rule, on all sites measuring 100′ x 100′ or more, no more than half the site shall be built upon. In all other cases, no more than two-thirds of the site shall be built upon. In the case of sites and houses abutting upon the roads here-under

specified, the Municipal Commissioner may in his discretion allow a larger extent than half or two-thirds to be built upon. Houses shall not ordinarily be built contiguous to each other, except when the breadth of the site is less than 40 feet. Wherever practicable, a minimum clear space as fixed by the President Municipal Commissioner shall be left between every two houses. The minimum in no case shall be less than 5′ wide.

22. *Huts, sheds or ranges.*—Every person who shall erect huts or sheds or ranges or blocks of huts or sheds, whether the same are to be used as dwellings or stables, or for any other purpose, shall, if the Municipal Commissioner so requires, build the same—

(*a*) so that they may stand in regular lines with a free passage or way in front of and between every two lines of such width as the Municipal Commissioner may direct for ventilation and for fecilitating scavenging;

(*b*) with such and so many privies, latrines, or urinals and such means of drainage as the Municipal Commissioner may require; and

(c) at such a level as will suffice for the means of drainage required by the Municipal Commissioner.

23. *Prohibition of mud walls.*—Within the city limits no wall of any building shall, except with the permission of the Municipal Commissioner, be made of mud alone.

24. *Building plot to be levelled.*—The building plot of every building shall be levelled in such manner that rain water may rapidly drain off into a water course or Municipal drain.

25. *General.*—No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, prickly-pear or other objectionable plant, or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

26. No pits shall be excavated in the sites alloted for building dwelling houses.

27. Every house shall have a decent frontage and no perishable or inflammable materials shall be used for construction. Houses shall not be built contiguous to each other.

28. No person shall construct over a privy, new or old, any room or structure of any description except another privy, or a bathing place or bath room.

29. If any person has any doubt or difficulty as to the true intent or meaning of any matter connected with these rules or the requirements thereof, he may, before giving notice in writing, of his intention to erect or re-erect any building, apply to the Municipal Engineer, who shall, upon receipt of such application, give the said person within a week such information as in circumstances may be necessary.

30. If it appears to the Municipal Commissioner, that any bye-law relating to new buildings, has been contravened in any way, it will be open to him to issue a notice in writing, requiring the owner of the building to set right or to conform to the terms of the license granted to him within a reasonable time, specified in such a notice.

Such person shall, within the time specified in such notice, comply with the several requirements thereof, so far as such requirements relate to matters in respect of which the erection of such building may be in contravention of any such bye-law.

31. *Notice of completion of buildings.*—Every person who shall erect a building shall, within one month after the completion of the erection of such building, deliver or send, or cause to be delivered or sent, to the Municipal Commissioner, at his office, notice in writing of the completion of the erection of such building.

32. A permission to build granted under these bye-laws shall become inoperative if the construction has not been commenced within one year of the date of such permission.

33. *Special conditions to individual cases.*—Notwithstanding anything contained in these bye-laws, it shall be within the discretion of the Municipality to attach special conditions to individual cases, provided that they are not inconsistent with the provisions of the Regulation.

34. *Penalty.*—Every person, who commits any breach of bye-laws Nos. 1 (*a*), 5, 6, 7, 8 9, 10, 11, 12, 13 14, 15, 16, 17, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 200.

35. Whenever under any of the foregoing bye-laws the doing or the omitting of doing a thing or the validity of anything, depends upon sanction, permission, approval, order direction, requisition, notice or satisfaction of the Municipal Commissioner, a written document signed by the Municipal Commissioner, or by any Municipal Officer to whom the Municipal Commissioner may have delegated his powers, duties or functions in that behalf purporting to convey or set forth his sanction, permission, approval, order, direction, requisition, notice or satisfaction, shall be sufficient *prima facie* evidence of such sanction, permission, approval, order, direction, requisition, notice or satisfaction.

BYE-LAWS UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (t).

(*a*) CONSTRUCTION OF PRIVIES OR LATRINES.

36. Every place, other than a water-closet or bath-room, situated within any house, building or enclosure and habitually used for the purpose of nature or for keeping human excreta, shall be considered to be a privy or latrine within the meaning of this bye-law.

37. Every person who shall erect a new building shall, in connection with such buildings as chattram, agraharams and tenements etc., construct such number of privies and in

such manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the Municipal Commissioner or the Health Officer.

Provided the number of privies, shall not, in each case, be less than two, one for males and another for females.

38. A person who shall construct a new privy, whether in connection with a building or not, shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved of by the Municipal Commissioner.

39. The floor of every latrine shall be made of cement or of asphalt or of bastard asphalt or of stone slabs pointed with asphalt or bastard asphalt and laid on a bed of concrete, three inches thick, and shall be so sloped, drained and constructed as to carry away the fluid with facility into the latrine drain.

40. Every latrine shall be provided with a seat so made as to compell the excreta to fall entirely into a suitable pan or receptacle of sufficient capacity placed beneath it.

41. The walls and other masonry of the building shall be of stone in chunam mortar and plastered with cement of half inch in thickness, from the floor level up to the height of two feet above the seat level.

42. Every latrine shall be provided with a separate entrance, if required by the Municipal Commissioner, or the Health Officer, for the entry of scavengers for the purposes of conservancy.

43. Every latrine shall be provided with a U shaped cemented drain sufficienly large, well laid and watertight to prevent its contents from overflowing or stagnating or soaking into the ground. Such drains shall terminate with an iron pipe so that the contents of the drain may fall directly into a receptacle or a municipal drain.

44. All such drains shall be so constructed as to discharge their contents in a proper manner—

(1) into a municipal drain approved by the $\frac{\text{President}}{\text{Municipal Commissioner}}$ or the Health Officer.

(2) into a movable receptacle or bucket kept in the cistern constructed at the extremity of the drain as shown in the design.

(*b*) *Cesspools.*

45. Every person who shall construct a cesspool in connection with a privy, shall construct such cesspool in such a manner, and in such a position, as to afford ready means of access, to such cesspool, for the purpose of cleansing such cesspool and of removing the contents thereof, and in such a manner and in such a position as to admit of the contents of such cesspool being removed therefrom, and from the premises, to which such cesspool may belong without being carried through any dwelling house or public building, or any building in which any person may be or may be intended to be employed in any manufacture, trade, or business.

46. Every person who shall construct such cesspool, shall construct the same upon such site or in such manner and with such materials only as shall be approved of by the Municipal Commissioner.

47. He shall construct such cesspool in such a manner, that it shall have a capacity of not less than ten cubic feet, and in any case, where there are more than three seats in the privy, in such a manner that it shall have a capacity of not less than three cubic feet for every seat in such privy.

48. (*a*) Whoever contravenes any of the provisions of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees.

(*b*) No privy, built without the permission of the Municipality and contrary to any of the provisions of these bye-laws, shall be allowed to be brought into use.

(*c*) Whoever shall bring into use such privy or privies, shall be punished with fine, which may extend to rupees fifty for each privy and shall be liable to pay a fine of rupee one per privy per day that he continues to use such privy or privies on receipt of the order of the Municipality to discontinue its or their use.

FORM A.

To

The Municipal Commissioner,
City Municipal Council,
Bangalore.

I.....hereby give you notice that I intend (to erect on vacant site No.....in block.....of.....Division) or (to $\frac{\text{re-erect}}{\text{add to}}$ the existing building bearing Municipal Door No.....in block.....of.....Division).

2. I enclose the following records :—

(1) A copy of title deed.

(2) A site plan No..... (not smaller than twenty feet to one inch), giving the following particulars :—

(a) The position, nature and use of all existing buildings thereon, and of the proposed building, and all appurtenant out-buildings ;

(b) The position of latrines or privies, and the proposed method of drainage ;

(c) The names (if any) or description of the adjacent roads, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings ;

(d) The number of the lot and the name or number of the block and street or road in which the land is situated ; and

(e) Where the building proposed to be erected abuts a road, the breadth of such road as measured between the outer edges of the drain if any, and the line of buildings on both sides.

(3) Detail plan Nos..... (not smaller than eight feet to one inch) showing :—

(a) Plan of ground floor.

(b) Plans of first floor and succeeding floors, if any.

(c) One cross section at least.

(d) Front elevation.

3. I append the following information.

(1) The annual Municipal tax ...	.....Rs.
(2) Total area of the site ...	.....sq. ft.
(3) Total area of existing and proposed building.	.....sq. ft.
(4) Total maximum height of the building above the centre of road or street abutting the proposed building.	.....ft.
(5) Width of such street or road at the extreme ends of the building.	.....ft.
(6) Level of site at its lowest ...	.....ft. above the road level / below the road level abutting it.
(7) Nature of foundation ...	Made up soil / Natural soil
(8) Height of basement or plinth above road or street level.	.....ft.
(9) Material to be used in foundation and walls.	.....
(10) Material to be used for frame and covering the roof.	.....
(11) Height of invest of drain of latrine above the Municipal drain, if it abuts.	.....ft.
(12) Height of invest of drain of bath room above the Municipal drain, if it abuts.	.....ft.

(13) Height of invest of kitchen drain above the Municipal drain, if it abuts.	.....ft.
(14) If cesspool, height of the walls enclosing it above the level of the nearest Municipal drain.	.....ft.

Signed.....
Dated .....

N.B.—This form will be supplied by the Municipality, on payment of *six pies* only.

BYE-LAWS UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (u).

(DETERMINING INFORMATION AND PLANS TO BE REQUIRED UNDER SECTION 91, IN RESPECT OF NEW STREETS.)

1. Every person who shall give notice to the Municipality under Section 91, shall give such notice in Form A, accompanied by such plans and documents as are referred to therein and fully filled in, in accordance with the instructions thereon and cause such notice to be delivered to the $\frac{\text{President}}{\text{Commissioner}}$ within the office hours.

2. Every plan and section submitted with a notice under Section 91, shall be in duplicate and shall be drawn to a scale of twenty-five feet to an inch.

FORM A.

NOTICE UNDER THE MUNICIPAL REGULATION VII OF 1906.

To the Bangalore City Municipality.

I .....of.....hereby give you notice that I intend to lay out or make new street in..... .....in accordance with the plans and sections hereto appended, showing the intended level, means of drainage, direction and width of each such street.

I append a ground plan marked, showing how the proposed streets lie in relation to the nearest public streets on each side.

As regards method of construction, I propose to follow the Municipality's standard specification No.....with the following modifications:—

As regards means of drainage, I propose to follow the Municipality's standard specification No.....with the following modifications:—

Signed.....
Dated.....

M. G. KRISHNASWAMI RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

HASSAN DISTRICT BOARD.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECOND ORDINARY MEETING OF THE HASSAN DISTRICT BOARD HELD ON SATURDAY THE 29TH AUGUST 1925.

Present.

Ex-officio members	... 5	Non-officials	 29

Absent 5.

Note.—The District Inspector of Schools attended the meeting after 3 P.M. after his subject had been disposed of:—

Read letters from Rev. Father P. Meyniel and Mr. G. Ahamed Pacha Sahib of Hirihasade, pleading inconvenience to attend the meeting.

1. Proceedings of the last meeting.

Resolution.—Recorded.

2. Proposed bills of the District Board, Municipal Council and Village Panchayets, and the proceedings of the Committee, appointed for the purpose.

Read report of the Special Committee appointed to consider the bills. The Committee has considered only the District Boards bill and the Village Panchayets bill, for want of time to consider the Bill to further amend the Municipal Regulation.

The subject was discussed in detail from various standpoints.

REPORT OF THE SUB-COMMITTEE APPOINTED BY THE DISTRICT BOARD OF HASSAN TO CONSIDER AND REPORT ON THE MYSORE DISTRICT BOARDS BILL, VILLAGE PANCHAYETS BILL AND BILL TO AMEND THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

Your Committee beg to report that they have considered the Bills referred to them. The time allowed has been all too short for a detailed examination of the provisions clause by clause, nor do we believe it would be of any advantage in view of our total disagreement with the fundamental principles underlying the measures. Nor have we found it possible within the time at our disposal to examine the Bill to further amend the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906. We will proceed to state our views about the Panchayets Bill and the District Boards Bill confining our attention to some of their salient features.

It is observed in the statement of objects and reasons to the District Boards Bill that it is framed in pursuance of the policy of the 'further development' of Local Boards in the State. After a diligent search through the clauses of the two bills we have failed to find any provision whatever which could fairly justify such a description. On the one hand the District Board is deprived of all interest and influence in rural development by the villages being taken out of their jurisdiction as the urban areas are already excluded. The rural areas removed from the jurisdiction of the Boards are placed under the practically uncontrolled and really irresponsible authority of the Amildars and the official hierarchy. On the other hand the District Boards themselves within the pale of the work still left to them are made a subordinate agency under the control and supervision of the Deputy Commissioner. The Deputy Commissioner is further empowered to make inspections. In a moment of forgetful generosity, Local Boards were invested with a semblance of non-official character by the appointment of non-official Presidents and Vice-Presidents. Though working still under the shadow of the supervisory authority of the Deputy Commissioner and denied direct access to Government (contrary to the existing law as we hold), the non-official agencies got into touch with people, and the rural population showed a tendency to look up to the District Boards for the amelioration of their condition and the provision of the necessaries of modern civilised existence. The rural areas therefore must instantly be removed from their jurisdiction and the District Boards must be made to realise that they are not to be trusted except under the jealous eye of the paid servants of the Crown whose prestige as the 'Fathers of the people' must be maintained at all costs. We do not wish to make ourselves responsible for the statement that these motives have been visualised by Government in this manner or that they are the sole motives. But the consequences are plain.

We note that the powers of the Deputy Commissioner are strengthened and augmented. We object particularly to his power of inspection and undefined supervision. We do not believe that Local Boards can properly be developed unless emancipated from the control of local officers who imagine in every measure an invasion of their authority or a challenge to their prestige.

The District Board ought to have direct access to Government and should look to them as the sole superior authority. This is not to say that Government should not seek advice from their officers. But it should not concern the local boards. Ordinarily official experience and influence should both be made available to the District Board by the nomination of officers as members. We see no objection to the nomination of the Deputy Commissioner himself as an ordinary member. We are not unconscious that we will provoke the horror of the serious and the contempt of the lighter-hearted folk. We are convinced however that a Deputy Commissioner deserving to occupy that exalted office would enhance his influence, prestige and power for good by mixing with the people and joining in service as one of them. The proposal about the nomination of other officers will not provoke to resliency. We think in particular that all Sub-Division Officers should be members and the District Boards should also be empowered to request Amildars also to attend and advise about their taluks. These are particularly necessary in view of the abolition of Taluk Boards.

We notice a confusion that has introduced minor matters that might be relegated to rules into the body of the bill. We note as a symptom of the profound distrust of the non-official subjects of His Highness the Maharaja shown by the bill in the provision that meetings should not be held out of headquarters, as if the non-official members have generally a tendency to look upon their powers as affording splendid opportunities for making travelling allowances and batta. We note also the provisions about the restriction of the meetings and the detailed and drastic provisions providing against the possibility of meetings not being held.

Turning to Finance, admittedly the Boards will be mulcted of part of their income which by the way will be partly utilised for the provision of new salaried subordinates to the Revenue authorities. We will revert to this later, as while it may cripple the District Boards it cannot benefit the villages. We can find no provision to augment the income of District Boards. There is no hint of any assistance from State Funds. On the contrary

we find a provision which can only be described as confiscatory. The taluk boards derived their funds from the District Boards. On their abolition however, their balances will not necessarily revert to the District Boards. The District Boards had the privilege of providing against the deficits of Taluk Boards by grants, but where the taluk boards, whether by benefiting by such generosity or otherwise, have a balance, such balance is under sectoin 63 at the disposal of Government for assignment to the village fund—the useful reservoir from which the number of public servants may be augmented. Some years ago the Local Funds General was abolished and the amount to the credit of the fund was distributed among the District Boards. Some Boards had carefully husbanded their resources and held some respectable balances. Government at once cast their eyes on these balances and directed that at least a part of these savings should be spent as directed by them. The merits of the objects for which Government proposed to utilise these amounts are irrelevant. They are a clear invasion of the lawful rights of the District Boards over funds vested in them. A request for authoritative legal opinion being obtained on the point has been ignored. These incidents are a clear warning to local bodies that if by savings they make any provision for future projects, or, for any other reason, live within their income, their savings may not be theirs in time of need. Such things are a direct incitement to improvidence. We hold that funds derived from District Boards must revert to them and that all proposals to divert them are in their nature and essence confiscatory.

We do not think it necessary to dwell on other relevant topics though we have not overlooked them. For instance, we may refer to the Economic Development work which has been made an 'obligatory' function of local bodies. It no doubt provided a convenient formula to effect change. But the manner this 'obligatory' function has been attended to by the Local Bodies and the silent tolerance extended to this state of affairs by the Government require no commentary. There is however one provision in the District Board Regulation of which we heartily approve. We refer to the introduction of the principle of direct election to the Local Boards. We are glad to have been able to single out at least one topic for commendation.

We do not think, as already indicated, that it is wise policy to remove rural areas from the jurisdiction of the local bodies. The history of the Village Improvement Scheme in Mysore is not without its lessons. The scheme was conceived in the spirit that the self interest of the villagers should be appealed to and that every response should be generously recognised and proved to be profitable. The execution of works was left to the villagers. When thay showed results, they benefitted to the extent of half the costs being met from public funds. The result of this purposeful encouragement given by a patriotic administration was, as all the world knows, lakhs and lakhs of rupees worth of public works executed by the villagers themselves. In particular, thousands of aided elementary schools sprang up feeding the Middle Schools. It is often the fashion to laugh at these humble efforts by pointing out the number of cases in which the recurring contributions by the villagers were not collected or their subsequent languishing conditions. But the thousands of school houses that dot the country side and the increase by thousands within a few years in the number of entrants to the Lower Secondary Examination are a irrefutable proof of the genuine enthusiasm of the rural population for all projects calculated to enure to their advantage. The public grants were withheld and the springs of hope dried up. There is no measure of Government within the past several years which appears to us to be more deplorable than this unhappy denial of assistance to the rural population willing and anxious to help itself. Even yet, the spirit of self-help in the rural population is not quite dead and may be revived by State aid. We need not dwell on the thousands of miles of village roads and other works of public utility which fell into decay owing to the lack of a sympathetic policy. We are concerned to emphasise our view that it was not lack of official supervision and control (for there are still as many officers as ever) but the lack of sympathy and assistance that really led to the decay of this most hopeful movement.

We fear that under the influence of some petty official subordinate of the Amildar there can be no hope of revival. He cannot have the time to visit all the villages frequently and regularly. What little of self-reliance and self-help may yet be left in the villagers may clearly be foreseen to be liable to be crushed out of existence under the 'guidance and supervision' of hierarchy. On the other hand we claim that in spite of crippled finances the District Boards have done something to improve village sanitation and so on and particularly in the provision of drinking water wells.

If the District Boards had been given funds with which to encourage self-help and an adequate staff for propaganda and supervision, there was really no limit to their sphere of usefulness. The true and only explanation of lack of progress in villages is lack of funds. Give us the grants the Government was accustomed to make for Village Improvement and the staff that was maintained for the distribution of grants (Economic Superintendents, etc.,)

and we promise results. We do not believe that even then every village can be roused. We think a Central Non-Official Agency under the District Board and working with adequats funds may achieve much. We do not think that a purely official agency of petty servante under overworked Amildars can do anything. Why, ever since the Rendition, aspreviously, the Amildars and the whole official organisation had full liberty, authority and funds for achieving Rural Improvement. What have they done during nearly half a century? Why should the Boards be deprived of the funds and the opportunity without even a fair trial?

We note the elaborate provisions of checks and balances about the work of the Panchayets. Villages cannot be improved by elaborate provisions about budget procedure. They can only be improved by material sympathy in the shape of grants. We think that in dealing with Committees drawn from communities mainly illiterate, elaboration of rules and bye-laws must necessarily defeat the end in view. Rules and Regulations must be as few and simple as possible while grants should be as generous as possible.

We should also like to observe in passing that one of the causes contributing to the present languishing condition of the Panchayets is that Village Officers do not prepare assessment lists and collect taxes. Unless this duty is cast on them, it will never be easy to collect funds. To say that a special staff may be employed is no solution, as, if whole-time officials, their pay may not always be covered by the collections, or if paid on a commission basis the profits would be too insignificant to attract any one; but as an addition to the emoluments of village officials it might not be unattractive. The labour would not add materially to the collection work of the Patel as he can collect this with land revenue. To the Shanbhog also the additional work though noteworthy would not be embarrassing. The intimate local knowledge of these officials would be not merely useful but seems to be indispensable.

It is said with a show of practical generosity that Rs. 2,51,000 will be available for village improvements. It will be taken from poor Peter. It is not stated how much of it will be consumed in the pay of establishments. It is most probable that no substantial balance will be left after establishment charges are met.

We will examine it from another angle and see how it works. The sum of Rs. 2,51,000 distributed among 19,252 inhabited and becharak villages gives an average of about Rs. 13-6-0 per village per annum. This, minus establishment charges, is the munificent financial provision that is to bring in the rural millennium. Thus, we hold that, while the proposal may cripple the District Boards, they cannot materially advance rural improvements. We firmly believe that the intimate knowledge and sympathy of local public men working in the District Boards and with such adequate staff as each Board may from time to time determine, coupled with grants from State funds, which we consider a vital necessity, can alone offer any hope of revival. Small committees in villages elected by warring factions and at the mercy of officers who are necessarily here one day and far away the next cannot possibly work. The officers may not be there when their work is assessed. In a small committee lacking the solvent of members, differences are necessarily accentuated, and each side would naturally seek to thrive with the sympathy of whoever is in authority. Local leaders of public opinion acting always in meetings and in the full blaze of day must necessarily avoid factions and naturally try to heal differences.

We are emphatically of opinion that neither of these measures are calculated to "develop Local Self-Government". They are designed to tighten the official grip on Local Bodies and to officialise rural administration. We think that the spirit of the times calls for measures democratising the Local Bodies and extending their autonomy and not, as projected, *progress backwards.*

Sd. S. VENKATESAIYA. (*Convenor.*)
" K. T. SESHAIYA.
" N. NAGAPPAIAH.
" B. C. ANANTARAMIENGAR.
" B. NANJEGOWDA.
" R. SURAPPA.

Resolution.—(*a*) The report of the Committee is adopted by the Board.

(*b*) The Board appreciates the work of the Special Committee and conveys its thanks to the members thereof for the same.

(*c*) It is further resolved that the income accruing from the sale of vacant sites, fisheries, amroi and hulbanni in villages should be granted to Village Panchayet Funds and the management, preservation and improvement of gomal lands as well as the option of licensing and location of excise shops should be entrused to the Village Panchayets, under the existing Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, VI of 1918.

(*d*) The Board further resolved that the Legislative Council Member from this District may be requested to place the views of the District Board before the Legislative Council at its next meeting.

3. Letter No. L. 537—Ml. 121-24-6, dated 24th July 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to intimate the grounds of objection of the District Board for the holding of a cattle-show at Konanur as there is an

interval of four days between the closing of the jatra at Ramanathapur and the opening of the one at Konanur.

Resolution.—Owing to the close proximity of the two places to each other, the shortness of the interval between the Ramanathapur show and the one proposed for Konanur and the consequent inconveniences in respect of sanitation, public health, safety and the risk of minimising the importance of the show at Ramanathpur, and other reasons, the Board emphatically reaffirm their former resolution.

4. FINANCE COMMITTEE'S RESOLUTIONS PASSED AT THEIR BUDGET MEETING.

(*a*) The Government may be requested to empower the President and Vice-President, District Board to look into and scrutinise the expenditure incurred by the Public Works Department, Medical and Veterinary Departments, *re* the items of work for which funds are provided by the Board.

(*b*) That the Arsikere-Huliyar road be taken over by the Board along with the grants for annual and special repairs, be completed expeditiously as this procedure is rendered absolutely essential by the extreme slow progress shown by the Public Works Department and the loss the Board is put to by being not able to open a toll gate on the said road and also the inevitable want of economy caused by the mixing up of an annual special repair grants for a series of years by the Public Works Department.

(*c*) That having regard to the lapses and surrenders annually caused to be made by the Public Works Department, the items of works under A. P. W. be executed by the Board itself with extra establishment if necessary, the charges for the special establishment, not to exceed the establishment and tools and plant charges.

(*a*) The subject was discussed at a great length. The following amended resolution was proposed by Mr. S. Venkatesaiya, and accepted by the Chairman of the Finance Committee, Mr. H. V. Rangaswami, Vice-President :—

"That Government be requested to pass orders directing the various Departments that undertake and execute works for and on behalf of the District Board to furnish to the District Board such details and particularly of accounts and progress of works or otherwise and generally to furnish to the District Board all such information as may from time to time be desired in relation to work and other matters for which the District Board makes financial provisions or in which the District Board is otherwise interested."

Resolution.—(*a*) This proposition was unanimously accepted by the Board.

(*b*) The Executive Engineer was not present at the Finance Committee meeting when this resolution was passed. It was stated that an outlay of Rs. 11,000 and odd has been incurred and that metal collected remains unspread and unconsolidated for want of rains and want of labour. As the Executive Engineer reiterates that he will do his best to expedite the work, the proposition is withdrawn.

(*c*) The Executive Engineer was not present at the Finance Committee meeting when this resolution was passed. After discussion, the proposition was withdrawn by the Vice-President who is the Chairman of the Finance Committee, in view of the statement made by the Executive Engineer and his assurances in the matter.

5. (*a*) G. O. No. L. 1119-22—Med. 23-24-7, dated 18—20th August 1925, directing that half the cost of equipment and maintenance of the maternity hospital at Saklespur should be charged to the Malnad Improvemet grant of the current year and future years, and and that other half may be borne in the proportion of two-thirds and one-third by the District Board and the Municipal Council of Saklespur respectively.

(*b*) Senior Surgeon's letter No. C. 2123-16, dated 10th August 1925, in the matter of contributing the cost for initial equipment.

Resolution.—(*a*) Recorded.

(*b*) As regards the cost of initial equipment proposed by the Senior Surgeon, the District Board will pay two-thirds of half the amount asked for, in the light of the said Government Order. The Senior Surgeon should be requested to arrange for the immediate opening of the Maternity Hospital without further loss of time.

6. District Magistrate's letter No. E. G. L. P. 195-25, dated 25th August 1925, about granting of permit to Mr. R. Krishnaswami Naidu to ply a motor bus for hire between Saklespur and Mudgere, *via* Hanbal.

Read correspondence on the subject between the District Magistrate, the Executive Engineer and the President, District Board.

Resolution.—The Board is of opinion that in the interests of developing traffic in the District, more especially *local traffic*, licenses for plying of passenger busses may be freely given.

7. Question of requesting Government to give grants for the improvements of Local

Fund Roads in the District.

Resolution.—Detailed proposals may be obtained from the Executive Engineer, and the Finance Committee, as to the requirements, so that definite proposals may be submitted to Government for consideration.

8. D. O. No. 2606, dated 17th August 1925, from the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, in the matter of opening a Veterinary Dispensary at Hole-Narsipur.

Resolution.—Government must be requested to kindly sanction the dispensary for Hole-Narsipur without postponing it.

9. Disbursement of the pay of Mr. G. S. Alasingrachar for the period he worked as Public Health Inspector under the Board.

Resolution.—The pay and allowance of this incumbent (*i.e.*, Rs. 50 plus 10) for one month during which he worked may be paid.

10. District Inspector of Education's letter No. 19—24, dated 2nd July 1925, forwarding for opinion in the matter of transferring the provision of Rs. 17-4-0 of the Primary School at Karehalli in the Channarayapatna Taluk to Belgumba in the Arsikere Taluk.

Resolution.—Deferred till the next meeting as the District Inspector of Education is again absent.

11. Holding of District and Taluk Conferences during the current year.

(*a*) *Re*: Taluk Conferences, 11 voted for and 8 against it, the rest being neutral.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Taluk Conferences be held during the current year.

(*b*) *Re*: District Conference. Fifteen voted for, and none against the holding of the District Conference.

Resolution.—Resolved that the District Conference be also held this year as usual.

12. Agricultural Assistant Director's letter No. 7199, dated 12th April 1925, requesting to show some concession to meet the loss of Rs. 500 sustained by the Department in selling sun hemp seeds, etc.

Resolution.—Deferred, as the detailed information asked for has not been furnished by the Department.

13. Deepening and constructing the well at Madihalli, in the Nuggihalli hobli, Channarayapatna Taluk and District Board Vice-President's note thereon, and the advance of Rs. 200 granted to the contractor.

Resolution.—This is approved.

14. Payment of leave allowance of Rs. 86 to late Vaccinator K. Mahadoji Rao.

Resolution.—The payment of Rs. 86 out of District funds is sanctioned.

15. Hole-Narsipur Taluk Board President's No. 57, dated 18th August 1925, requiring sanction to entertain a scavenger on Rs. 2 per mensem for cleaning the latrine in the musafirkhana compound at Hole-Narsipur.

Resolution.—This may be done and the proposal is approved, the cost being debited to Taluk Funds.

16. Estimates to be sanctioned.—

		Rs.
1.	Repairing the cattle pound at Salgame ...	70
2.	Do do Grama	60

Resolution.—These are sanctioned.

17. (*a*) G. O. No. L. 974-86—L. B. 50-25-1, dated 12th August 1925, distributing among the several districts, the provision of Rs. 50,000 for drinking water wells, and allotting a sum of Rs. 6,000 for this District.

(*b*) G. O. No. L. 1257-8—L. B. 5-25-3, dated 25th August 1925, sanctioning the entertainment of a peon on Rs. 6 per mensem to the musafirkhana at Kunder in the Alur Sub-Taluk.

Resolution.—Recorded.

Next meeting of the Board—12 noon—Saturday the 24th of October 1925.

N. S. NANJUNDIAH,
President.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules issued thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. M. Mylaraiah has been declared elected as Chairman of the Belagod Village Panchayet in the Belur Taluk during the term of its present constitution.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules issued thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. Saganaaik, has been declared elected as Chairman of the Ibbedu Village Panchayet, in the Belur Taluk, during the term of its present constitution.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation and the rules issued thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. Patel, Basavegowda, has been declared elected as Chairman of the Narnapur Village Panchayet in the Belur Taluk during the term of its present constitution.

Notification, dated 23rd August 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, it is hereby notified that Mr. M. Venkataramaiya has been declared elected as a member of the Belagode Village Panchayet during the term of its present constitution *vice* Mr. Shanbhog Subba Rao, deceased.

Notification.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, it is hereby notified that the Jambur Village Panchayet in the Channarayapatna Taluk is reconstituted as follows with effect from 15th August 1925 :—

Elected members.

1. Mr. Venkata Ramanaiya, son of Surappa, Landholder and Shanbhog.
2. ,, Nagappa, son of Venkataramanaiya, Landholder
3. ,, Sivananja, son of Honnaiya, Landholder.
4. ,, Ere Gowda, son of Eregowda, Patel.
5. ,, Lakshmipathiah, son of Venkatasubbabhatta, Landholder.

Nominated members will be notified separately.

Notification dated 13th August 1925.

Under the election rules issued with Government Order No. 1048—L. B. 6-18-3, dated 16th July 1918, it is hereby notified that Mr. Shanbhog Mallappaiya has been declared elected as Chairman of the Rajansiriyur Village Panchayet in the Belur Taluk during the term of its present reconstitution.

K. MALLARAJ URS,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification No. L. B. 60—25-26, dated 24th August 1925.

Under Rule 21 of the Rules framed under Section 62 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation No. VI of 1918, the undermentioned two Village Panchayets in the Chikmagalur Taluk are reconstituted as hereunder for a period of three years from the 22nd August 1925 :—

(1) MARLE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Rame Gowda *bin* Chikkarama Gowda.	1. Mr. Dodda Basave Gowda *bin* Kanive Gowda, Patel of the village.
2. ,, Thamme Gowda *bin* Linge Gowda.	2. ,, Shanbhog Venkata Rao *bin* Venkatasubbayya.
3. ,, Chande Gowda *bin* Dodde Gowda.	3. ,, Putte Gowda *bin* Mari Gowda.
4. ,, Krishnappa *bin* Lakshmipathibhatta.	
5. ,, Malle Gowda *bin* Rudre Gowda.	
6. ,, Akbar Sab *bin* Unmar Sab.	

(2) AMBALE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Manjayya *bin* Thimmarasayya.	1. Mr. Patel Seetaramayya *bin* Subba Rao.
2. ,, Chennabasave Gowda *bin* Some Gowda.	2. ,, Chennabasave Gowda *bin* Huli Gowda.
3. ,, Ramachar *bin* Kalachar.	3. ,, Venkatanaranappa *bin* Appajaiya.
4. ,, Chikke Gowda *bin* Chikke Gowda.	
5. ,, Gale Gowda *bin* Sidde Gowda.	
6. ,, Sidde Gowda *bin* Kanke Gowdana Sidde Gowda.	

Notification, No. L. B. 66—25-26, dated 27th August 1925.

Under Rule 21 of the Rules framed under Section 62 of the Mysore Local Borads and Village Panchayet Regulation, VI of 1918, it is hereby notified that the undermentioned three Village Panchayets in the Koppa Taluk shall constitute as follows for a period of three years from 1st September 1925 :—

1. NEMMAR PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Seshagiriyappa	1. Mr. Bapusabi
2. ,, Lakshminarayan Bhatta	2. ,, Chendayya Heggade (Patel)
3. ,, Linganna Heggade	
4. ,, Shingappayya	
5. ,, Rama Rao	

2. HARIHARPURA PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. J. Shama Jois	1. Mr. K. O. Ismail Sab
2. ,, Shanbhog Manjappa	2. ,, Naganaik (Patel)
3. ,, H. S. Krishnappa	
4. ,, K. Rama Jois	
5. ,, H. Shankaranarayan Upadhya	

3. BHANDIGADI PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Imam Sab	1. Mr. Shanbhog Nagappaiya
2. ,, Shivalingappa Setty	2. ,, Nagappa, (Tailor)
3. ,, Veerappa Setty, Patel	
4. ,, Mahomed Hussein Sab	

SIDLAGHATTA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

The following draft bye-laws framed by the Sidlaghatta Municipal Council, under Sections 46 and 48 of the Municipal Regulation of 1906, as amended by the Regulation of 1911, are published for the information of the public.

2. Any resident within the area of the Sidlaghatta Municipality who has any objection or suggestion with respect to the draft bye-laws should communicate to the President, Sidlaghatta Town Municipality, within one month from the date of this notification.

Bye-laws relating to Dangerous and Offensive Trades in the town of Sidlaghatta under Section 48 (1) (*b*) III *and Section* 151 *of the Municipal Regulation,* VII *of* 1906.

I

1. The bye-laws are called "the dangerous and offensive trade bye-laws."
2. In these bye-laws unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,—

(*a*) Dangerous trade means the business of storing for sale—

(*a*) (1) Firewood.
(2) Hay, straw or any dried fodder for cattle.
(3) Coal, charcoal.

(*b*) Or storing for sale—

(4) Kerosene oil in godowns.
(5) Petroleum in godowns.
(6) Kerosene oil in tanks.
(7) Petroleum in tanks.
(8) Gun-powder, blastering-powder, fire-works (including patakees, etc.)
(9) Bamboos, poles, rafters, reapers, scantling and mats.
(10) Stone-blasting.
(11) Calcium carbide in bulk.
(12) Cotton.

(*b*) Offensive trade means the business of :—

(1) Boiling or storing offal, blood, bones or rags.
(2) Storing hides, horns and skins tanning.
(3) Dyeing.
(4) Washing or drying of wool or hair.
(5) Making or manufacturing of tiles, pottery or other earthenware or lime.
(6) Making or manufacturing of bricks.
(7) Manufacturing oil by boiling.
(8) Using any place as cartstand.
(9) Using any place as smithy.
(10) Stone quarrying.

(*c*) "Manager" means the person under whose authority or control or for whose benefit a dangerous or offensive trade is carried on whether such person is the proprietor of the business or the agent in charge thereof.

3. The manager of every place used for the purpose of a dangerous or offensive trade as defined in clause 2 above shall not use it as such without obtaining the license from the President therefor. The license so granted shall expire on the 30th June of the official year during which it was issued. But the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid the period of currency, shall, whether application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

4. The fees leviable on licenses to carry on dangerous or offensive trades shall be as follows :—

(*a*) For each class of business Rs. 2 per annum.
(*b*) For each class of business Rs. 2 per annum.

N.B.—In the case of hand made bricks the license fee shall be Rs. 5 for a kiln of 100,000 bricks or a fraction thereof.

5. No such license will be granted unless the place intended for the purpose is suitable for the trade to be carried on there without the likelihood of causing any danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or restoring to the neighbourhood.

6. Every Manager shall keep the place licensed for the purpose open between 7 A.M. and 10 A.M. and 3 P.M. and 5-30 P.M. for inspection by the President, Vice-President, Sanitary Inspector or Maistry or a Police Inspector and he shall afford every facility for such inspection.

7. Every such Manager shall be bound to furnish to the President, or Vice-President, whenever called upon to do so. Such statistics as to show the quantity of goods received, stored, manufactured, sold or exported by him.

8. In the case of dangerous trades :—

(*i*) Every Manager shall so store his goods as to admit of free ingress or egress for the removal of the goods for quenching a fire, if any.

(*ii*) He shall not cause or suffer any cover made of cumbustible material to be erected or placed over or adjoining any such goods.

(*iii*) He shall at all times keeps the premises clean and dry to the satisfaction of the President or the Vice-President.

(*iv*) He shall not allow smoking or the introduction of fire or open light into the premises mentioned in bye-law 2 (*a*) and he shall always store sufficient quantity of water and sand to quench the fire, if any.

(*v*) He shall carry out his trade in such a way as not to make his premises a source of danger or nuisance to the persons residing in or resorting to the neighbourhood.

(*vi*) He shall comply with any requisition from the President or the Vice-President contained in a notice for the total or partial removal from the premises of the aforesaid goods or the removal of any other cumbustible materials not intended for sale or for rectifying an error or omission in attending to the above provisions.

9. In the case of offensive trades as defined in bye-law 2 (*b*) :—

(*i*) Every Manager shall confine his trade to be carried on strictly in the place shown in the license.

(*ii*) He shall cause all materials received for the purpose of his trade to be stored when not required for immediate use in such a manner as to prevent the emission of noxious or injurious effluvia therefrom.

(iii) He shall adopt the best practicable means of rendering innocuous all vapours emitted during the process of the trade either by proper ventilation or other suitable means.

(iv) He shall keep the floor of the premises in good order and repair so as to prevent the absorption of any liquid filth or refuse or any noxious or injurious matter which may fall or be deposited upon.

(v) He shall provide the premises with proper drains and shall always keep them in good order.

(vi) He shall cause the premises to be cleaned at the close of every working day.

(vii) He shall not allow any refuse or waste matters not intended for any further process of the trade, which are likely to be a source of danger or nuisance to be deposited in or around the premises, but shall have them removed daily to a place approved by the President or the Vice-President especially for the purpose.

(viii) He shall adopt such other precautions as are necessary to minimise the danger or nuisance to the public from the use to which such premises are put.

(ix) He shall comply with any requisitions from the President or the Vice-President contained in a notice for rectifying any error or omission in attending to the above provisions and for promoting the health of the persons employed in such trades.

(x) The President shall have power to suspend or withdraw a license granted for dangerous or offensive trade whenever he deems such a course necessary in the interests of the convenience and safety of the public generally or of the persons inhabiting or resorting to the neighbourhood of the premises covered by such license or whenever the conditions of a license are not obeyed.

(xi) The license to be granted for dangerous and offensive trades shall be in the following form and shall be subject to such conditions as noted therein.

SIDLAGHATTA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

License to carry on dangerous and offensive trades.

No.....

Date ..... Fees rupees.....

License No.....

Granted under the provisions of the Bye-laws under Section 48 (1) (*b*) (iii) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, subject to the undermentioned conditions.

To.....

For.....

At premises No..... in .....Division for the year ending 30th June 192 .

.....

President,
Sidlaghatta Town Municipality.

Conditions.

(1) The license shall be in force for a period of one year. It shall expire on the 30th June of the year for which it was granted, but the currency of a license may be renewed previous to its expiration and on payment of a second fee, provided always that where a renewal is applied for as aforesaid, the period of its currency shall whether the application is eventually granted or refused, be deemed to include the interval during which the application was pending disposal.

(2) The license is not transferable.

(3) The licensee shall strictly obey all rules and bye-laws of the Municipality in this behalf.

(4) Any breach of such rules or bye-laws will entail the suspension or withdrawal of the license and the prosecution of the offender under section 152 (3) of the Municipal Regulation of 1906.

President,
Sidlaghatta Town Municipality.

II.

Bye-laws relating to Bakery or Sweetmeat Shops, Hotels or Eating Houses in the Town of Sidlaghatta under section 48 (1) (c) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

Bakery or Sweetmeat Shops.

1. Bakery or sweetmeat shop includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the baking of bread or preparation of sweets or other eatables for sale.

Any person who shall appear, act or behave as the person in charge of a bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be deemed and taken to be the keeper or manager thereof.

2. All premises used as bakeries and sweetmeat shops shall satisfy the following conditions :—

(*a*) An adequate supply of water shall be kept in the premises.

(*b*) The premises shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for a bakery or sweetmeat shop.

(*c*) The premises shall have a sufficient supply of water for the purpose of thoroughly washing and cleaning such premises.

3. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean.

4. The flour, sugar, ghee, water and other materials used in the manufacturing of bread and sweetmeat shall be good and wholesome. There shall be a separate store room or receptacle for flour and sugar and no sugar or flour shall be left lying on the floor or against the wall in any part of bakery or sweetmeat shop.

5. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition.

6. No person suffering from a contagious or infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be employed in a bakery or a sweetmeat shop and all kneaders engaged in kneading shall wear white clean linen or cotton aprons to cover entirely the front part of the body from neck to knees.

7. No person shall soil the kneading table in any way.

8. No person shall transport for sale bread or sweetmeat from any one place to any other place except in a closed vehicle or a closed basket, tin or other receptacle. Every such vehicle, basket, tin or other receptacle shall at all times be kept thoroughly clean and no person shall commit any act which may tend to render any bread or sweetmeat which is being transported dirty or unwholesome.

9. All papers and leaves used for wrapping bread, sweets, etc., shall be cleaned and stored in a clean rack.

10. Bread, sweets, etc., shall be stored and kept for sale with all reasonable precautions against contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

11. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

12. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

Bye-laws regarding Hotels or Eating houses framed under Section 48 (1) (*c*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

1. An eating house or hotel includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhall and confectionery or refreshments including chappaties, rice cakes, tea, coffee, etc., are prepared and kept for sale.

The Proprietor or any person in charge of any eating house or hotel shall be taken to be the keeper thereof.

2. All eating houses and hotels shall satisfy the following conditions:—

(a) All premises used as such shall be sufficiently spacious and suitable for the purpose.

(b) The water used in the premises for drinking purposes shall be from an approved source and shall be kept clean and free from floating impurities in a suitable and covered clean receptable placed in a clean place, a foot above the ground level.

(c) Kitchen and bath rooms shall be well-ventilated and provided with proper smoke vents, so that smoke may not pervade into other dwelling houses. All rooms in eating houses shall be well-lighted and ventilated.

3. The proprietor or the person in charge shall not allow persons to dine in any other place but the dining halls.

4. All utensils and other furniture shall be kept clean and all metallic vessels used in the cooking or for keeping foodstuffs shall have a continual lining of tin, and no lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose. All reasonable precautions shall be taken to preserve cooked food, pastry sweetmeats, confectionery or preserved, dried or cut fruit intended for human consumption from contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

5. No foodstuff of any sort shall be stored or exposed for sale in the premises, which is stale, unwholesome, offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption.

6. All refuse and dirt in and about the premises shall be swept off and the drains well flushed and the premises at all times maintained in a clean and tidy condition. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation and the latrine shall be kept clean and the night soil covered with ashes or earth and removed daily.

7. No person suffering from a contagious or an infectious or a loathsome disease or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean, shall be employed in an eating house.

8. All premises and all cooked and uncooked foodstuffs and vessels shall at all times be open to inspection by the President, the Vice-President, the Sub-Assistant Surgeon or the Officer authorised on their behalf.

9. All cases of dangerous infectious disease such as cholera, plague, eruptive fevers such as small-pox chicken-pox, measles and fevers of more than seven days' duration shall be notified to the Vice-President forthwith.

10. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the offender liable, on conviction, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues, provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

11. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

Bye-laws regarding the manufacture of the Aerated water framed under Section 48,(1) (c). of the Municipal Regulation, 1906.

1. The water used for the manufacture of ærated water shall be from any approved source.

2. (a) The water must be filtered before use.

(b) The filtering vessels and materials shall be sterilized at such times and in such manner as the President, Vice-President or Sub-Assistant Surgeon may direct.

3. All water to be used for washing bottles shall be stored in closed iron vessels and be treated before use with Permanganate of Potassium in such manner as the President or the Vice-President or the Sub-Assistant Surgeon may direct.

4. The room in which ærated water is manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept clean and in good repair; the walls shall be plastered with mortar and shall be limeæwashed at least once in three months.

5. The water used for the manufacture of ærated water shall be pure and shall not be carried in massacks or in any other vessel not approved of by the President or the Vice-President or the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

6. Carts employed for the carriage of water shall be kept on the premises, shall have the designation of the factory painted on the barrel and shall at all times be kept in a state of scrupulous cleanliness.

7. The premises and all appliances used in the manufacture shall be clean and open to inspection at all reasonable times by the President, the Vice-President, the Sub-Assistant Surgeon or any other Municipal officer.

8. No ærated waters of any kind shall be issued from the manufactory without having a proper label on each bottle, giving full name and address of the manufacturer.

9. It shall be lawful for the President, Vice-President, the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, the Municipal Sanitary maistry or any Municipal officer authorised by the President or the Vice-President to enter into any place used for the manufacture or sale of ærated waters at any time, when such place is open and to inspect or to take a sample bottle of any kind of ærated

waters which are there manufactured or kept for sale. Such samples shall be forthwith forwarded to the Government Chemical Examiner and Bacteriologist and if a certificate from him states that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

10. Any infringement of any of the above bye-laws shall render the proprietor or the person in charge of the place liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 and to a further fine not exceeding Rs. 2 for every day after such conviction during which such infringement continues; provided that the total amount the fine shall not exceed Rs. 100.

11. The President or the Vice-President may at his discretion cancel the license for persistent infringement of the above bye-laws.

III.

Bye-laws for enforcing information concerning the occurrence of, and for prevention of the spread of epidemic diseases amongst (1) men and (2) animals, framed under Section 48(1) (i) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation of 1906.

I. (1) Every head of family, parent, guardian, or nearest relative or owner or occupier or caretaker of a house or dwelling place shall, on his becoming cognizant of the occurrence of plague, cholera, small-pox or influenza in such house or dwelling place, whether among the members of the house or among persons who have come from other places, immediately give information of the fact either personally or in writing to any officer of the Municipality not below the rank of Sanitary Maistry or to the nearest Police Station, who shall without the least delay report the matter to the Vice-President.

Every medical person who treats, or becomes cognizant of the existence of, any infectious disease in any private or public dwelling other than a public hospital, shall give information of the same with the least possible delay to the said authority. Any person violating this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(2) Any person authorised by the President or Vice-President in this behalf, may on the advice of a duly qualified medical officer not below the rank of a Sub-Assistant Surgeon, at any time without notice or after giving such notice of his intention as shall in the circumstances appear to him to be reasonable, inspect any place in which any such infectious disease is suspected to exist and take such measures as he shall think fit to prevent the spread of such disease beyond such place and may remove from such a house or dwelling place, persons suffering from infectious disease and persons in contact with such persons without proper lodging or accommodation or who are lodged in a building occupied by more than one family, to any hospital or place set apart for their due care and treatment provided no compulsion is used in this behalf on any account.

(3) The person so authorised shall take steps to cause such house or dwelling place to be temporarily vacated and forthwith disinfected or otherwise cleansed in the manner prescribed by such medical officer.

(4) No house or other building situated within the Municipal limits shall be let to or permitted to be occupied by any person whom the owner or occupier thereof knows or has reason to believe to be suffering from any such disease dangerous to public health at the time of such letting or permitting, without certificate from the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, as to the sanitary condition of such house or dwelling place and as to the suitability of accommodation therein for the reception of such patient, and no person shall let a building or part thereof, in which he knows or has reason to know that a person has been suffering from any such disease without first having such building or part thereof disinfected to the satisfaction of the Sub-Assistant Surgeon.

Any person infringing this bye-law without reasonable excuse shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

II. (1) On the occurrence of any case of anthrax or glanders or rinderpest or any disease affecting horses, cattle, sheep or goats, notice of the same shall be given by the owner or caretaker of the affected animal, on his becoming cognizant of such disease either personally or in writing to the Veterinary Inspector, or Veterinary Dispensary, Chintamani, or to the Sanitary Maistry of the Town; the latter will without delay report the matter to the Veterinary Inspector and to the Vice-President.

(2) The Veterinary Inspector shall, on receiving information of the existence of any such disease, make necessary enquiries, and if he is satisfied that the removal or segregation of the affected animal is necessary, require the owners to remove within a reasonable time, such animal to any institution maintained by the Municipality, for its due care and treatment, or to keep it at such place as may be approved of by him. On a report from the Veterinary Inspector that the destruction of any animal is necessary by reason of its suffering from such disease, the animal may be destroyed with the consent of the owner.

(3) Every place which is occupied by an animal suffering from such disease, and everything which may have come into contact with such animal whilst so suffering shall be immediately cleansed and disinfected at the cost of the Municipality in such manner as may be required by the Veterinary Inspector and if any such thing is in the opinion of that officer, not susceptible of efficient disinfection, he shall require it to be destroyed, provided that for all articles so destroyed such compensation shall be paid as the President or the Vice-President may, after necessary enquiry, consider reasonable.

4. No stall or building occupied by an animal suffering form such disease, shall be re-occupied until at least seven days after it has been so disinfected.

(5) Whoever without reasonable excuse fails to remove any animal when required to do so under bye-law No. 2 or infringes the provisions of bye-laws 1 and 4 shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(6) Any dog found straying in any public street or place without a collar and apparently ownerless may be destroyed by any person so authorised by the President or Vice-President in that behalf.

Bye-laws under Sections 48 (1) (L) of the Mysore Municipal Regulations.

FOR PROTECTING WATER.

No person shall bathe or wash or cleanse or caused to be washed or cleansed his body or that of another or any vehicle, carriage, or cart or any animal or anything whatsoever in the Drinking Water Tank, *viz.*, the Honda in the Municipal Garden.

2. No person shall fish with nets, or rod or otherwise contaminate water in the said honda.

3. Persons infringing the above rules shall be liable on conviction to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20 for each offence committed.

Section 48 (N).

Sanitation and conservancy.

1. No rubbish mentioned in section 127 of the Municipal Regulation shall be deposited except in Municipal bins.

2. Tiles, garden sweepings, branches of trees and thatch and night soil shall not be deposited in Municipal bins.

3. Sullage, urine, etc., shall not be discharged into roadside gutters without the special sanction of the President or Vice-President.

4. Any person who shall be guilty of a a breach of any of the bye-laws shall, on conviction, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. No person shall dry any bratties or cowdung cakes on the external walks of houses or yards or compound walls and any one infringing this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. *Latrines.*—Any person easing himself either in the vicinity of or outside or in any part of any public latrines other than in the trench made for the purpose shall be liable, on conviction before any Magistrate, to a penalty not exceeding half a rupee for the first time and one rupee for the second time and two rupees for each succeeding offences.

7. Persons affected with loathsome or infections disease are prohibited from vending or exposing for sale of any articles of food and drink either in markets or bazaars of the town, under a penalty on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding one rupee for each offence.

8. All persons holding houses or vacant sites within the Municipal limits are required to keep all drains and water channels in and about their premises free from obstruction, to remove all evident causes of malaria and everywhere to discontinue as a hedge the use of prickly pear, else milk hedge, pear, etc., and to destroy these later where at present existing. They shall also have their premises kept neat and tidy and free from rank vegetation. They shall not store manure. All persons, who after due notice from the President or Vice-President has been given, fail to comply with the provisions of this bye-law shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, subject themselves to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

Section 48 (O).

Regulating the disposal of carcasses of dead animals.

1. Every person within whose premises any animal may die, shall, within twelve hours after his death, either remove the carcass at his own expense without cutting it up or opening it to such place as may be set apart by the Municipality for the reception of such carcasses or report its death to the Sanitary Maistry of the town and in such latter case, shall pay to the said Sanitary Maistry the expense of removing the carcass at such a rate as the President or Vice-President from time to time determines.

Any breach of this bye-law will, on conviction before a Magistrate, subject the offender to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

Section 48 (P).

Deposit of goods or materials temporarily on land vested in the Municipal Council.

1. No person shall deposit any goods or materials on any street, drain, a queduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council without the written permission of the President or Vice-President.

2. The amount chargeable for the deposit of goods or materials on any street, drain, aqueduct or other land vested in the Municipal Council shall be calculated at the rate of one anna per month per superficial yard of the area occupied and shall be payable in advance

3. If the owner of any goods or materials deposited on any street or place open to the traffic of foot-passengers or vehicles fails to make suitable arrangements for guarding against danger to traffic, the President or Vice-President shall cause a notice to be served on him to make such arrangements within 24 hours after receipt of the notice and on his failure to comply with the notice, the President or Vice-President shall enclose a bill of cost for carrying out the work at the owner's expense. The arrangements to be made shall be clearly and definitely specified in the notice.

4. If within 24 hours after receipt of the said notice, the owner fails to make the arrangements so specified or to show sufficient cause why such arrangements should not be made, the Sanitary Ma:stry in charge shall forthwith make the arrangements specified in the notice and recover the cost of the same from the owner according to the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation. The owner shall have an opportunity within seven days after receipt of the bill to show cause to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President that the arrangements made were unnecessary.

5. The following is the scale of fees for obstructions and encroachments of different kinds:—

(a) The awnings 3 pies per square yard per month.

(b) The fees for obstructions shall be charged at the scale mentioned above and such charges shall be recoverable in the manner prescribed in the Regulation for the recovery of consolidated rates.

6. Any person who takes out a license for a certain area and subsequently occupies a greater area without taking out a license for the excess so occupied, shall be liable to pay such excess area an amount calculated at the rate of one anna per month per superficial yard of the area so occupied. The default of payment renders the cancellation of the license. The amount shall be recoverable by the procedure laid down in Section 82 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation IX.

Regarding the erection of buildings.

BUILDINGS.

7. Every person intending to erect or re-erect within the meaning of Sections 92 to 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation No. VII of 1906, any building in the town of Sidlaghatta shall give notice in writing of his intention to the President or Vice-President.

Such notice shall be accompanied with a site plan of land on which the structure is proposed to be built drawn to scale of not less than 10 feet to an inch showing:—

(a) The position of the building and appurtenant out-buildings to be erected on the land.

(b) The area to be occupied by the building and out-building on the land.

(c) The names (if any) or description of the adjacent road, streets, bridges, culverts or buildings, and

2. The plan required to be produced under Section 96 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation shall be in duplicate and drawn to a scale of not less than 10 feet to an inch.

It shall show in sections and elevations, the plan of the ground floor and of each other floor, if any; the depth and thickness of the foundations; the height and thickness of the plinth and wall above the plinth; the thickness of the floor or floors and the dimensions and structure of the roof.

The aforesaid plan shall further show the position of the line or frontage of the proposed building with reference to the adjacent side drain of the street or road which the building faces or if there be no such side drain with reference to the central line of the street or road. The licenses and the plan shall always be available on the spot for inspection by the Municipal authorities.

3. No foundation of new building intended for human occupation shall be constructed on a site which has been filled up with or used as a place for depositing excrementitious matter or the carcasses of dead animals, or the filthy or offensive matter until such matter shall have been properly removed to the satisfaction of the President or Vice-President or shall in their opinion have become innocous.

4. No pit shall be excavated in the sites alloted for building dwelling houses.

5. No building site shall be surrounded by a hedge of lantana, aloe, pricklypear or by objectionable plant, or by a fence of barbed iron wire.

6. No new building shall be erected by any person the foundation of the wall of which along the road is less than 3 (three) feet from the side drain.

7. The level of the plinth or basement of any building shall not be less than a foot and half above the ground level.

8 The footings of the walls and the posts of the ground floor of the building proposed to be erected should rest on the soiled ground or upon a sufficient thickness of concrete, or upon some solid and sufficient substructure as a foundation.

Provided that where solid rock is met with at or near the surface of the site of such building, *i.e.*, within three feet of the level of the base of the wall, the footings may be omitted, if the surface of the rock be properly cleaned and stopped or gagged to receive the first course of masonry.

The minimum height of every room intended to be inhabited in a building except a room in the roof shall not be less than seven feet from the floor to the ceiling and the rooms shall be well ventilated.

9. The eaves of buildings, sun shades to window, water spouts to drain roof water shall not project beyond the side street drain adjoining the house and the spouts shall be led down to the ground.

10. The steps to get up the plinth from the road shall not project beyond the outer edge of the side drain of the road.

Constructions of Privies or Latrines.

11. Every place, other than a water closet or bath room situated within any house building or enclosure, and habitually used for the purpose of calls of nature or for keeping human excreta shall be considered to be a privy or latrine within the meaning of this bye-law.

12. Every person who shall erect a new building shall, in connection with such buildings as chattram or agraharam and tenements, etc., construct such number of privies and in such manner as shall be prescribed in each case by the President or Vice-President.

13. A person who shall construct a new privy, whether in connection with a building or not shall construct such privy upon such site or in such position and manner only as shall be approved of by the President or Vice-President.

14. Every person who shall commit any breach of any of the foregoing bye-laws shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 100 on conviction before a Magistrate as provided in the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Sections 95 and 96.

Bye-laws *re* the vacant building sites under Section 48(w).

(1) It shall be competent for the President or the Vice-President, to declare that any vacant land within the Municipal limits is fit for use as a building site and to call upon the owner or if the owner cannot be ascertained or found, the person in possession of the site or where any doubt or uncertainty exists as to the ownership or possession, by persons interested in such site to erect and complete a building upon it within a period fixed by the President or Vice-President not exceeding six months provided, however, that in cases in which the President or Vice-President may deem fit and proper, that may insist upon him to keep the site at least clean though he is not in a position to erect the building. Failure to do so after the notice being served, shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5

Re the sale of vacant building sites by the Municipality by a public auction or otherwise under Section 48(w).

1. It shall be competent for the President or Vice-President with the sanction of Government to dispose of the vacant building sites vested in the Municipal Council by public auction or otherwise on receipt of applications.

2. The President or Vice-President shall reserve to themselves the right of refusing any application without assigning any reason therefor.

3. No site shall be granted to anybody who does not want the same for *bona-fide* purposes of building a house.

4. All sales shall be subject to the confirmation of the Municipal Council.

5. The applicant within six months from the date of the grant of the site shall collect the building materials on the site and within one year shall complete the building.

6. If the applicant fails to complete the building within the time fixed, the site will be liable to be resumed, the purchaser forfeiting all claim for compensation.

7. The buildings are to be substantial structers with a presentable frontage and necessary arrangements made for conservancy purposes in the rear as per bye-laws No. 7.

8. No transfer of any site will become valid unless and until it has been sanctioned and recognized by the President or Vice-President.

Other matters relating to Municipal Administration, Section 48 (*W*).

1. Whoever without the permission in writing of the President or Vice-President destroys any Municipal property or any tree, plucks any fruit or flower in any municipal garden, road or other property or whoever cuts or roots up grass so as to damage the sides or embankment of any municipal road or whoever makes a public thoroughfare of any municipal garden or property not intended for such a purpose, will on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

2. Horses shall not to be trained or broken in on the public streets. No furious riding is allowed thereon. Any one infringing this bye-law will, on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

3. Any occupier or owner of a house neglecting to enclose his compound yard with a wall or fence of such material as may be approved of by the President or Vice-President or neglecting to repair any fallen wall or gate pillar or to cope the compound wall within one month after a notice has been served on him, shall on conviction, be liable to a penaly not exceeding Rs. 20.

4. Any owner of a piece of vacant land who fails to enclose the same, with a compound wall or fence of such material as the President or Vice-President may approve of within one month after a notice has been served upon him, shall on conviction, be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

5. Any person who vends or hawks meat, or any kind of fish in the street of the Town of Sidlaghatta shall, on conviction be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 20.

6. Whoever copes firewood on any public street or road, so as to damage the street or road or so as to cause danger, inconvenience to the public, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

7. All vehicles of any description should have lighted lamps :—

(*i*) Whoever drives a vehicle of any description on any road within municipal limits between the hours of 7 P.M. and 4 A.M. without having a lighted lantern shall be liable to a penalty not exceeding Rs. 5 provided that heavy goods carts, proceeding at a walking pace may be provided with one lighted lantern to be hung from the centre of the cart.

(*ii*) Whoever drives any goods cart drawn by bullocks within municipal limits shall proceed with a walking pace and the bullocks shall be bridled with rope of sufficient strength to admit of the drivers having perfect control over there, any breach of these directions shall render the offender liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(*iii*) Whoever lets cows, bullocks, asses, goats and tatus, etc., to stray in public road without having a perfect control over them shall be punished with a fine not exceeding Rs. 5.

(*iv*) Whoever rides any bicycle, motor bicycle or motor car on the public road without a bell or horn or without proper lights between the hours of 7 P.M. and 4 A.M. shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(*v*) All bicycles, motor bicycles, motor cars shall run within the limits of the municipality at the rate of 6 miles or 8 miles an hour only. Breach of this direction shall render the offender liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(*vi*) Whoever rides on any bicycle with another sitting on the bar or on any part of the bicycle shall be prosecuted with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

8. Whoever lets off fireworks or engages in any game in such a manner as to cause or likely to cause danger for persons passing by or dwelling or working in the neighbourhood or risk of injury to property shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

9. Any person who affixes any posting bill, playcard or other paper or means of advertisement against or upon any Government or Municipal building, wall, board, fence, or pole without the consent of the officer in charge thereof or without such consent as aforesaid writes upon, soils, defaces, or makes any such building, wall, board, fence, or pole with chalk or paint or in any other way whatsoever shall be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 20.

Market Bye-law.

1. No place within the limits of Sidlaghatta Municipality shall be used as a market for the sale of fruits or vegetables, excepting the public markets mentioned in bye-law 2 below, provided that the President shall have power to license private markets for the sale of fruit or vegetables in such other places as he may think fit for the purposes and withdraw such licenses.

2. The following are the places that may be used as public market under the above clause :—

(1) *For vegetables and Fruits.*—

(1) The Municipal Market opposite to Sri Gopalaswami Temple.

(2) For fuel :—South of Gurumurthiah's Chattram.

3. The President may let the use of any shop or stall or sitting in the public market for a period of twelve months either by auction or by prescribing a monthly rent subject to such conditions as may seem necessary and subject to the payment of such rent as the Municipal Council may determine.

4. Every stall-holder shall before taking possession of the stall, deposit in advance a sum not less than the rent of two months and shall pay on or before the 5th of each succeeding month, the rent of the preceding month to the person authorised by the President, to collect such rents.

5. Every stall-holder who fails to pay the prescribed rent shall be liable to be evicted from the stall.

6. No stall shall be sublet without the sanction of the President.

7. All stalls shall be kept clean and tidy and shall be made accessible for inspection by the President or the Vice-President or authorised duly authorised by them.

8. All payments of rents shall be noted in the rent receipt in the annexed form A, which shall be presented at the time of payment by the stall-holder.

9. No goods shall be brought into the markets except such as are intended for sale and except on payment of such gate-fees as may be prescribed by the Council in this behalf.

10. The scale of gate-fees leviable shall be as noted below:—

1.	For a basket or a bag of vegetables	0	0	3
2.	Do fruit of all sorts	0	0	6
3.	For a cart-load of vegetables	0	4	0
4.	Do for fruits	0	4	0
5.	Do other articles	0	4	0
6.	Do for fuel	0	2	0

These fees shall be levied at the Sidlaghatta Town Market.

11. No projections of any kind from stalls or sittings shall be allowed. All such projections are liable to be removed by the Municipal servants.

12. The tenant or occupier of any stall or sitting in the Market or servant of such tenant or occupier shall not cause or allow any goods, provisions or articles to be deposited or exposed for sale on or upon such stall or sitting in such manner that, goods, provisions or articles or any part thereof shall project beyond the line of such stall or sitting.

13. All prepared eatables and all foodstuffs that are consumed without being cooked shall be exposed well protected from flies and dust.

14. No person suffering from any infectious or loathsome disease shall be permitted to be a vendor in the market.

15. All seals, weights and measures used by the vendors in the market shall be clean and true to the standard.

16. Smoking, spitting the juice of pan-supari, throwing fruit-peel or pieces of vegetables in the market or committing nuisances are forbidden.

17. No one shall sell or expose for sale in the public market, vegetables, eatables and food-stuffs that are consumed without being cooked which shall have been rejected as being unfit for human food by the authority competent in this behalf under Section 142 of the Municipal Regulation. Whoever sells or attempts to sell any articles so rejected will render himself liable to action under Section 142 of the Regulation whoever contravenes bye-laws 8, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17 and 18 shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to pay a fine extending to Rs. 50.

18. Whoever obstructs any Municipal servants, or any officer in the performance of his duties in the market shall incur the penalty provided in Section 186 of the Indian Penal Code.

19. The person who opens or uses a private market or shops for the sale of fruits or vegetables without obtaining a license therefor or is guilty of a breach of bye-law No. 3 shall on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to pay a fine extending to Rs. 50 and to a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for every day after such conviction during which he continues to so use it.

Note.—In these bye-laws "a private market" shall mean a group of four or more shops situated contiguous to each other and owned by one and the same person.

20. The following shall be the fee to be paid for the license referred to in the above clause.

1. For opening a private market for the sale of fruit or vegetable at Rs. 3 per annum for each shop or stall in the market.

2. For the sale of fruit or vegetables in retail shops at Rs. 6 per annum.

21. Every such license shall expire on the 30th June in each year. It shall be granted only in the following form:—

.....is hereby licensed to keep a $\frac{\text{Shop}}{\text{Market}}$ to sell or expose for sale..... at No. ..... in .... streets in .... Division of Sidlaghatta Town.

This license shall be subject to the following conditions:—

(1) That the President, Vice-President or Sanitary Maistry or other officer authorised by the President shall at all times have free access to the $\frac{\text{Shop}}{\text{Market}}$ for Municipal purposes and that this license shall be produced when demanded by any such officer.

(2) That the licensee shall not sell or offer for sale anything in violation of any rule or bye-law for the time being in force or anything not covered by this license or anything that is not whole some as human food.

(3) That he shall keep his premises clean and shall use the standard scales and weights.

(4) That this license shall be liable to be suspended or withdrawn when there is a breach of any of these conditions.

FORM A.

SIDLAGHATTA TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Name of market.....
Name of stall No. .....
Name of occupier .....

Month for which rent is due	Amount of rent	Date of payment	Signature of receiving official	Remarks

Bye-laws regarding registration of births and deaths framed under Section 48 (g) of the Municipal Regulation.

1. A register shall be kept of births and deaths in the town and for this purpose a Sub-Registrar of births and deaths shall be appointed.

The Municipal Office shall for the present be the Office of Registry and the Patel be the Sub-Registrar. A notice written both in English and in Kanarese and attached to a conspicous part of the building shall notify this fact to the public.

2. All births and deaths shall be registered in books in the forms given in the appended schedule and these books shall be presented in the Municipal Office.

3. The Sub-Registrar shall inform himself carefully of every birth and every death which occurs within the Municipality and shall register as soon as conveniently may be after the event without fee or reward the particulars required to be registered according to the forms in the said schedule touching every such birth and death, as the case may be, which has not been already registered.

4. All such entries shall be made consecutively from the begining to the end of the book.

5. The father or mother or other male relative of every child born within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of the father, mother and other male relative, the medical attendant or midwife who was present at, or in attendance, shall within one week next after the day of every such birth, give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known, and registered, touching the birth of such child.

6. Some near relative present at the death or in attendance during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in the case of death, illness, inability or default of all such persons, the occupier of the building (or if the occupier be the person who has died). Some person living in the building in which such death has occurred, shall within 24 (twenty-four) hours give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar, according to the best of his or her knowledge, and belief, information of the several particulars hereby required to be known and registered, touching the death of every person.

7. In the case of births and deaths in any public institution it shall be the duty of the officer or person in charge to give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar, the information required under bye-laws 5 and 6 touching such births and deaths.

....8....It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedule. Printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office, with all Municipal Councillors, Sanitary Maistry, Patels and Shanbhogs of Sidlaghatta Municipality.

9. On a notice received at the Office of the Registry, the Sanitary Maistry shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the accuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice and after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against particular entry in the register in token of having performed such inspection.

10. Every person who conducts or performs the funeral ceremonies of any person who had died within the Municipality shall, whenever required furnish the Sub-Registrar or other person authorised in his behalf such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

11. Any person whose duty it is to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who neglets or refuse to give such information or gives false information shall be liable (on conviction before a Magistrate) to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

12. All extracts from registers of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the seal of the Council and the fees payable for these shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

13. Extracts from the register of births, may if required by the informant, be given to him free of cost by the Sub-Registrar.

Definitions.

"Occupier" includes the keeper, Master, Matron, Superintendent or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or seperate apartments are immediately held, or his agent.

"Public institution" includes prison, lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution which is under the management of the public body officer or person.

The term "still birth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

Report of births in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of.....192

Date and hour of birth	Nationality or caste	Born alive	Still born	Sex		Where born, locality, name of street, etc.	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice is sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address.

Report of deaths in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of.....192

Name and surname of the deceased in Kannarese	Occupation or calling	Place of residence	Where death occurred	Door number	Age			Nationality or caste	Sex	Date of death	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Name of doctor, hakim or vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

*Here if the cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomittings, diarrhœa and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Informant's name and address.

Register of births in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of.....192

Serial number	Date of registration	Father's name	Mother's name	Residence	Father's occupation	Caste	Sex		Date of birth	Name of the child, if any	Name of the informant	Residence of the informant	Signature or mark of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
							Male	Female							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16

Register of deaths in the Municipality of Sidlaghatta during the month of..... .192 .

Serial number	Date of registration	Name of deceased	Father's name	Residence at the time of death	Age	Sex		Caste	Occupation	Date of death	Cause of death	Name of informant	Residence of the informant	Signature of the informant	Signature of the Sub-Registrar	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

K. V. JAGANNATHACHARY,
President.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 1580—*L. B.* 41-25-37, *dated 3rd September* 1925.

Government are pleased to withdraw from acquisition of Survey No. 100—2 measuring 3 acres and 4 guntas in the Kunagal village of the Hunsur Taluk, sanctioned in Government Order No. L. 262—L. B. 112-20-2, dated 15th July 1921, and declared in Notification No. 263—L. B. 112-20-3, dated 15th July 1921, as required for providing a burial ground in the same village as it is no longer required for the purpose.

No. L. 1611—*Ml.* 70-25-4, *dated 3rd September* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. M. Virappa as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Mayakonda, is approved.

No. L. 1626—*L. B.* 19-25-2, *dated 3rd September* 1925.

Under Rules 6 (1) and (7) of the Rules under the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation 1918, Government are pleased to nominate the following gentlemen as members of the Taluk Board of Chikballapur in the vacancies noted against each :—

(1) Mr. Posettihalli Venkategowda *vice* Mr. D. Venkatarayappa hereby removed for his absence from the local area for more than six consecutive months.

(2) Mr. H. Subba Rao, Pleader and Landholder *vice* Mr. C. Narayanaswami Chetty, deceased.

No. L. 1631—*Ml.* 1-24-46, *dated 3rd September* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the undermentioned properties declared in Government Notification No. L. 7274—Ml. 1-21-5, dated the 10th June 1922 as required

for opening a conservancy lane joining Gajje Basett Lane with Arlepet III Division, Bangalore City.

1.	Portion of door No. 4, Basavegowdanagalli, Arlepet.		
2.	Do	31, 32 and 33,	Arlepet.
3.	Do	34	do
4.	Do	38	do
5.	Do	49	do
6.	Vacant land		do

No. L. 1808—*L. B.* 54-25-19, *dated 7th September* 1925.

Under Rule 22 of the Rules for the election of Members of Village Panchayets issued with Notification No. 959—L. B. 6-18-2, dated the 13th July 1918 and amended by Notification No. L. 2700—L. B. 34-21-2, dated the 11th November 1921, Government are pleased to extend up to 1st March 1926, the term of all Village Panchayets whose term will expire before that date, if they have not already been fully reconstituted and notified by the Deputy Commissioners.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

OFFICE OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER, BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. O. C. 2014—24-25, *dated 26th August* 1925.

Mr. Munisamappa is declared elected as a Member of Koppa Village Panchayet, Anekal Taluk, *vice* Mr. Marashettappa, deceased.

Notification No. O. C. 2014—24-25, *dated* 31*st August* 1925.

The term of the Taluk Boards, Bangalore District, having been extended by Government for a period of six months from 1st August 1925, the question of electing an Inamdar member to the Bangalore District Board, and of representation of the several Associations on the Bangalore District Board, will be dropped for the present.

MIR. SAFDER HUSSAIN,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification, dated 28th August 1925.

Under Section 49 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the following Village Panchayets of Goribidnur Taluk have been reconstituted as follows :—

1. HAMPASANDRA.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Venkatapathappa *bin* Ramanna	6. Mr. Patel Venkatarame Gowda
2. ,, Jwalnappa *bin* Rajanna	7. ,, Doddamane Mallayya *bin* Mallappa.
3. ,, Ira Dasappa *bin* Dasappa	
4. ,, Venkatappa *bin* Dasappa	
5. ,, Rangappa *bin* Nallappa	

2. NAMAGONDLU.

1. Mr. Madhava Rao *bin* Raghuvendra Rao.	7. Mr. Patel Hutche Gowda
2. ,, Karibasappa *bin* Nanjundappa	8. ,, Hanumantha Reddi *bin* Adeppa.
3. ,, Siddappa *bin* Musalappa	
4. ,, Vadagur Dodda Adeppa *bin* Channappa.	
5. ,, Bysa Ramaiya *bin* Kitchaiya	
6. ,, Jalari Reddi *bin* Avalappa Reddi	

3. RAMAPURA.

1. Mr. Jwalappa *bin* Bommanna	6. The Patel of the village
2. ,, Santharajappa *bin* Veerappa	7. Mr. Vaisyara Subbaiya *bin* Adeppa
3. ,, Putteppa *bin* Brahmappa	
4. ,, Rangappa *bin* Reddeppa	
5. ,, Venkatarayappa *bin* Krishnappa	

4. IDAGORE.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Papayya Setti *bin* Lakshmaiya
2. „ Nagakumaraiya
3. „ Venkataramanappa *bin* Hanumanthappa.
4. „ Thotapi Chowdappa *bin* Mallappa
5. „ Channabasaiya *bin* Doddamalliah
6. „ Adimurthiya *bin* Suraiya

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Pherid Sab *bin* Phathu Sab
8. „ Doddapanna *bin* Kodappa
9. The Patel of the village

5. KURUDI.

1. Mr. Shamachar *bin* Narasimhachar
2. „ Lingappa *bin* Siddappa
3. „ Doddamallappa *bin* Odomallappa
4. „ Sanjeevaiya *bin* Adeppa
5. „ Gowriya *bin* Channappa
6. „ Dharmappa *bin* Brahmappa
7. The Patel of the village
8. Mr. Nayakara Nanjappa *bin* Vobalappa.
9. „ Shanbhog Sundara Rao

6. DODDAKURUGODU.

1. Mr. Shanbhog Venkatarayappa of Gowdasandra.
2. „ Raja Aswathaiya Setti
3. „ Naga Reddi
4. „ Hunsanahalli Thimmaiya
5. „ Mahomed Pacha Sab
6. „ Nanjundappa
7. Mr. Patel Srinivasa Rao
8. Patel Papayya of Kadirenahalli
9. Mr. Shanbhog Venkatarayappa Doddakurugodu.

7. CHANDANDUR.

1. Mr. Pir Sab *bin* Hussein Sab
2. „ Chikkaramaiya *bin* Vobalappa
3. „ Govindappa *bin* Doddathimayya
4. „ Subbanna *bin* Karemallappa
5. „ Sanjivaiya *bin* Anjanappa
6. Mr. Patel Narasappa
7. „ Shanbhog Narasappa

Notification, dated 28th August 1925.

Under Section 49 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation the following Village Panchayets of Kolar Taluk have been reconstituted as follows :—

1. VAKKALERI.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Markanda Gowda *bin* Venkatarama Gowda.
2. „ Kuthandahalli Ramappa *bin* Nanjundappa.
3. „ Sivaramaiya Setti *bin* Appanna Setti.
4. „ Sivarada Nagappa *bin* Kullappa
5. „ Shanbhog Somiah *bin* Nanjundappa.
6. „ Kuthandahalli Muniappa *bin* Sonnappa.

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Gangapur Munivenkatappa
8. „ Chiruvelu Ramaiya
9. „ Mastan Sab

2. PETACHAMANAHALLI.

1. Mr. Padmasala Konappa
2. „ Sonnappa *bin* Muneappa
3. „ Patel Chowde Gowda
4. „ Chowdapppa Gangappanavaru
5. „ Doddanagappa
6. Mr. Kakrulla Sab
7. „ Shanbhog Rayappa

3. CHANNASANDRA.

1. Mr. Kuragal Nanjappa
2. „ Doddappaiya
3. „ Thogatar Ramaiya
4. „ Budan Sab
5. „ Kadirappanavara Appaiya
6. Mr. Hanumanthappa
7. „ Madhavarayappa

4. KURUGAL.

1. Mr. Bala Lingappa
2. „ Shanbhog Ramanna
3. „ Putta Rachaiya
4. „ Malle Gowda
5. „ Revanna Setti
6. Mr. Mahomed Sab
7. „ Bestha Dasappa

Notification dated 4th September 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the following Village Panchayets of Chintamani Taluk are reconstituted as follows :—

1. MURUGAMALLE.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Shanbhog Veerabhadrappa bin Veerappa.
2. ,, Kareem Khan Sab bin Saheb Khan.
3. ,, Krishna Sastri bin Purushothama Sastri.
4. ,, Boggaram Suryanaraniah bin Kondappa.
5. ,, Shanbhog Venkataramiah bin Venkatesish.
6. ,, Chinnana alias Naranappa bin Ramaswami.

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Ramappa bin Ramadasappa
8 ,, Shama Rao Chaman bin Bapu Rao.
1. Mr. Patel Muniswamireddi bin Ramanna (Ex-officio).

2. YEGAVAKOTE.

1. Mr. Shanbhog Surappa bin Naranappa.
2. ,, Shanbhog Shamanna bin Thippanna.
3. ,, Shanbhog Srinivasiah bin Lakshminarasappa.
4. Mr. Chinur Subbiah bin Venkataramiah.
5. ,, Ramalingappa, Patel bin Seetharamappa (Ex-officio).

3. IRGAMPALLI.

1. Mr. Kandakur Subbarayappa bin Ramiah.
2. ,, Subbarayappa bin Narahariappa
3. ,, Alur Srikantasastri bin Krishnappa.
4. ,, Mitta Subbiah bin Venkataswami
5. ,, Shanbhog Lakshminaranappa bin Konappa.
6. Mr. Thapha Chikkarama bin Bangonu.
7. ,, Konappareddi, Patel bin Chikkasubbareddi (Ex-officio).

4. MUNGANAHALLI.

1. Mr. Mogali Lakshminaraniah bin Venkataramiah.
2. ,, Mogali Venkatarayappa bin Venkataramiah.
3. ,, Shanbhog Narasinga Rao bin Pappaiya.
4. ,, Kopparam Venkatarayappa bin Annayya.
5. ,, Gudeppa bin Venkatanna
6. Mr. Siddappa Sastri bin Gurumurthi Sastri.
7. ,, Venkatareddi bin Munireddi (Ex-officio.)

5. YENUMALAPADI.

1. Mr. Shanbhog Krishnappa bin Bheema Rao.
2. ,, B. Papanna bin Konappa
3. ,, Ramachandrappa bin Nareppa
4. ,, Shanbhog Narasappa bin Narasingappa.
5. ,, Challa Venkatarayappa bin Seetharamiah.
6. Mr. Bojana Chakri Sab bin Fakruddin Sab.
7. ,, Komariah Patel bin Gundappa (Ex-officio.)

6. ULUVADI.

1. Mr. Battalahalli Appajireddi bin Sonne Gowda.
2. ,, Hirinyapalli Byrappa bin Sonnappa.
3. ,, Mara Venkataswami bin Marappa.
4. ,, Shanbhog Venkatarayappa bin Naranappa.
5. ,, Unikallu Hanumanthappa bin Rama.
6. Mr. Doddavenkataramanachar bin Seshachar.
7. ,, Munisamireddi Patel bin Appaji Reddi (Ex-officio).

7. MADIKERE.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Appinaika bin Dasanaika
2. „ Ranganaika bin Narasappa
3. „ Byrappa bin Muniappa
4. „ Appajappa bin Venkataramareddi
5. „ Muddappa bin Sothareddi

Nominated Members

6. Mr. Sonnappa bin Kempareddi
7. „ Veerareddi, Patel bin Subbareddi (Ex-officio).

8. KALLUHALLI.

1. Mr. Gopala Rao bin Krishna Rao
2. „ Sampangiramiah bin Kenchiah
3. „ Gowdanavara Doddappa bin Doddappa.
4. „ Latheef Khan Sab bin Esuff Khan Sab.
5. „ Dasappa bin Achiah
6. „ Ramakrishnappa bin Narahari Sastri.
7. Mr. Aswathanaranappa, Shanbhog.
8. „ Venkataramana Gowda
9. „ Gopala Gowda, Patel (Ex-officio).

9. KATHARIGUPPA.

1. Mr. Gurram Chikka Venkatappa bin Hutchappa.
2. „ Shanbhog Gowarappa bin Seenappa.
3. „ Bevinamarada Munisami bin Seenappa.
4. „ Thippanahalli Venkatasami bin Buddappa.
5. „ Shanbhog Subbrayappa bin Appajappa
6. Mr. Annappa bin Venkatarayappa
7. „ Sonnappa, Patel bin Venkatappa (Ex-officio).

10. KONAPPALLI.

1. Mr. Chikasubbareddi bin Byrareddi
2. „ Shanbhog Lakshmiah bin Venkatarayappa.
3. „ Subbareddi bin Thippareddi
4. „ Sonnamagari Venkatarayappa bin Munigowda.
5. „ Naranappa bin Krishnappa
6. Mr. Sonar Venkataramanappa bin Erappa.
7. „ Subbareddi, Patel bin Munireddi (Ex-officio).

11. DODDAGANJUR.

1. Mr. Ramaswami Naidu bin Ganginaidu.
2. „ Muddarajappa bin Rachappa
3. „ Kota Chikka Venkatappa bin Nanjundiah.
4. „ Satavaji Poley bin Gangaji Poley
5. „ Doddappajireddi bin Chikamunisamiah.
6. Mr. Shanbhog Subba Rao bin Nanjundiah.
7. „ Shamanna, Patel bin Gangadharabhatta (Ex-officio).

12. ANUR.

1. Mr. Archika Sankarappa bin Veerappa.
2. „ Segu Krishnaiah Setti bin Nanjundiah.
3. „ A. T. R. Ramakrishna Rao bin Ramanna.
4. „ Ramasastri bin Shamanna
5. „ Kasim Sab bin Mohadeen Sab
6. Mr. Kumbara Nagappa bin Channappa.
7. „ Lakshminaranappa, Patel bin Sankarappa (Ex-officio).

13. KAIVARA.

1. Mr. Shanbhog Nanjundiah bin Krishnappa.
2. „ Gangavarm Appajiah bin Ramiah.
3. „ Gangavarm Krishnappa bin Gurappa.
4. „ Ghousekhan Sab, Retired Shekdar.
5. „ Krishnaswamiah bin Lingappa
6. „ Changappa bin Yerrappa
7. Mr. Sonar Rudrappa bin Giddiah
8. „ Narayana bin Venkataramana
9. „ Najagowda, Patel bin Bachegowda (Ex-officio).

14. TALAGAVARA.

Elected Members

1. Mr. Thimmiah bin Channappa
2. „ Kolla Naraniah bin Munswamiah.
3. „ Akuthota Muniswamiah bin Thamanna.

Nominated Members

4. Mr. Shanbhog Ramchandrappa bin Subbanna.
5. „ Dasigowda, Patel bin Kempathimmiah (*Ex-officio*).

Notification, dated 4th September 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the following Village Panchayets of Srinivaspur Taluk have been reconstituted as follows :—

1. YELDUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Meda Sanjiviah bin Ramaiya.
2. „ Makam Chickvenkataramaiya bin Muneppa.
3. „ Syed Yeesoof Sab, bin Syed Rasool.
4. „ Kodadavadi Rangappa bin Ramanna.
5. „ Koorakala Govindappa bin Avalappa.
6. „ Narayana Gopalappa bin Venkatappa.

Nominated Members.

7. Mr. Somasundaraiah, bin Bhaskariah
8. The Patel of the village (Nanja Reddi bin Ramareddi).
9. Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan Sab, bin Mahamad Khan.

2. ADDAGAL VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Syed. Hyder Sab, bin Syed Alli.
2. „ Appajappa, bin Chalamappa.
3. „ Panchala Ramappa, bin Venkata-Ramanna.
4. „ Abdulla Sab, bin Mohadin Sab
5. „ Karim Sab, bin Malangsab.
6. The Patel of the village (Mr. Venkatareddi, bin Venkatareddi).
7. Mr. Seenappa, bin Suryanarayanappa

3. DALASANUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Ramaiya Setty, bin Gurappa Setty.
2. „ Shama Iyengar, bin Ramaswami Iyengar,.
3. „ Venkataramana Gowda, bin Thammegowda.
4. „ Rudrappa, bin Kasaiya.
5. „ Davood Sab, bin Hassan Sab
6. The Patel of the village (Mr. Venkatesa Gowda bin Bhadre Gowda).
7. Mr. Vedachalaiah, bin Venkataramanappa.

4. YERUKALVE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Panchangam Nanjappa, bin Seshappa.
2. „ Kattamachi Ramaiya Setty, bin Surappa Setty.
3. „ Gandhodi Ramaswami Setty, bin Venkatasami.
4. „ Mohadin Khan, bin Hyder Khan
5. „ Ayyannagari Byrappa, bin Marappa.
6. The Patel of the village (Mr. Abdul Khadar bin, Abdul Rahiman Sab)
7. Mr. Adeppa, bin Nanjappa.

5. GOWNPALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Appajappa, bin Gopanna
2. „ Makam Konappa, bin Ramaiya
3. „ Panchalam Narayanachari, bin Venkataramanachari.
4. „ Gows Sabi, bin Hassan Sab.
5. „ Madhi Hayath Sab, bin Rahimankhan.
6. The Patel of the village (Mr. G. Narayana Rao bin Venkataramaiya).
7. Mr. G. Nanjappa, bin Suryanaranappa.

6. RONUR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. B Krishnappa, bin Venkatasamappa.
2. „ Venkataramaiah, bin Nanjappa
3. „ Govinda Rao, bin Babu Rao.
4. „ Appajappa, bin Papaiah.
5. „ Mahamad Haji Sab bin Maha-
6. The Patel of the village (Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan).
7. Mr. Shankarappa, bin Jayappa.

7, NAMBIHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.

1. Mr. Ramaswami Chetty, bin Balla Pilliah.
2. ,, Munivenkatappa Setty, bin Lakshmaiya.
3. ,, Muniswami Setty, bin Venkatappa.
4. ,, Subbiah, bin Subbiah
5. ,, Ramanna, bin Apponappa

Nominated Members.

6. The Patel of the village (Narayanappa bin Byanna).
7. Mr. Subbarayappa, bin Sivaramayya

8. THODIGAL VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Suryanarayanayya, bin Venkataramayya.
2. ,, Munisubbiah, bin Shankarappa
3. ,, Venkatasamiah, bin Subbachari
4. ,, Gulam Mahamood Sab, bin Mahamad Hassan Sab
5. ,, Narasni Papanna, bin Dodda Appanna.
6. ,, Narayana Narasimhayya, bin Naranappa.
7. The Patel of the village (Mr. Abdul Gafoor Barid) bin Mahamed Barid).
8. Mr. Syed Mohadin Pasha, bin Mahamed Bareed.
9. ,, Narayanachar, bin Kastoorachar

S. HIRIANNAIYA.
Deputy Commissioner.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 2ND ORDINARY MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE, HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE ON FRIDAY THE 21ST AUGUST 1925, AT 8 A.M.

Present 6. | Absent 3.

I. Proceedings of the 1st ordinary meeting held on 18th July 1925. Confirmed.

* * * * *

VII. Letter No. 14, dated 14th July 1925, from the Curator, Parks and Gardens, Mysore, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 500 being the cost of establishment for maintaining the Fort Maidan and roads for the year 1925-26.

The establishment may be kept till end of September 1925 and then discontinued, the Garden Department being requested to make other arrangements.

VIII. Letter No. O. C. 68—25-26, dated 8th July 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, recommending the payment of an allowance of Rs. 10 per month to the City Sheikdar, in view of the extra work devolving on him on account of cases for recovery of sums due to Trust Board under House Building Loans referred to the Revenue Department.

An amount equal to 5 per cent of the actual amount collected in any month may be paid to Shekdar.

IX. Free grant of site No. 292 Block 6, Chamundi Extension for the construction of a temple.

Mutchalika executed in respect of the site is approved.

X. Free grant of site No. 32 (Part) Block 21-22, Lashkar Mohalla for the construction of a temple for Adi Dravidas.

The site may be granted free of cost on conditions specified in the Mutchalika.

XI. Application R. No. P. 529 dated 11th April 1925 from the residents of Budududike Extension for a site for the construction of Ambabhavaniamma's Temple.

Site No. 33 in Budududike Extension may be given free on usual conditions specified in the Mutchalika.

XII. Application R. No. L. 29 dated 11th August 1925, from Mr. Ahamad Sha for license to construct a Mangalore tiled building on the land opposite to Bhakthivilas in Yelwal Road.

The applicant may be allowed to put up over the graves a suitable covering as per design approved by the Chairman, but no building for residential or other purposes should be allowed.

XIII. Letter R. No. 154 dated 11th August 1925, from Janopakarakartha T. R. Anandaraya Mudaliar, Jahagirdar of Sivasamudram, agreeing to part with his building on the Railway Station Road, adjoining the Moslem Hostel for a sum of Rs. 3,100.

The house may be purchased for this amount by mutual agreement. After setting back the road, the rest of the site may be offered in the first instance to the Education Department for being added on to the Mahomedan Hostel Building, if the department pays proportionate cost of acquisition.

XIV. Tenders received for the supply of stationery articles required for office use during 1925-26.

The tenders may be disposed of by Chairman.

XV. Acquisition by mutual agreement of property No. 332, opposite Seringapatam Toll-gate from Mr. Syedgows.

May be acquired by mutual agreement at Rs. 800 (Materials free).

XVI. Application Reg. No. S. 43, dated 8th August 1925 from Mr. C. R. Krishna Rao, Head Draftsman of the Trust Board Office for site No. 57, Block 7, Chamundi Extension.

May be sold at four annas per square yard.

XVII. Estimate for Rs. 1,415 for improving the Trust Board Stores by constructing a compound wall to the east.

Approved.

XVIII. Estimate for Rs. 1,217 for laying 7" stoneware pipe line in the conservancy lane behind Mr. Ramajetty's house in Chamundi Extension.

The work may be taken up later on.

XIX. Estimate for Rs. 740 for laying 7" sewer sub-main behind Mr. P. Sitaramiah's house in Block 80-2-83, No. IV drainage area.

Sanctioned.

XX. Estimate for Rs. 460 for laying pipe sewers for connecting the sewage of the houses of Mr. Chikkanna and others in Block 76, No. IV drainage area.

Approved.

XXI. Estimate for Rs. 727 being the cost of improving the new road to south of Parade Ground.

Approved.

XXII. Proposal to execute certain urgent works in connection with the "laying out of Lakshmipuram Extension," at a cost of about Rs. 1,000, over the Budget provision of Rs. 1,500.

The proposals contained in the Note to metal the road, etc., are approved.

XXIII. Statement showing bits of land sold during the month of July 1925.

Approved.

XXV. Sale of materials of the undermentioned properties acquired by the Board, to the owners thereof at an upset price equal to five per cent of the compensation amount.

Plan No.	Door No.	Name of person to whom sold	Amount of compensation awarded for the property	At what per cent	Amount
1	2	3	4	5	6
		Fort and Krishnaraja (Block 80-2-83).			Rs. a. p.
			Rs.		
116	1007-9 front portion.	Gurusanthamma ...	1,000	5%	50 0 0
116	(Back portion).	Gurusanthamma and Gowramma.	1,366	Do	68 5 0
216	1505	Doddalingiah and Nanjundiah.	460	Do	23 0 0
115	1005-6	Venkatamma ...	1,955	10%	195 8 0
378	1940	Jaharabee, daughter of Mahomed Khan.	500	5%	25 0 0
		Mandi Mohalla (Block 10).			
Site	No. 26	Srinivasachar ...	357	Do	17 13 7

Approved.

XXVI. Application, dated 12th August 1925 from Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah for site in Vani Vilasa Road.

The question of the best means of utilising this site could be considered after completion of the market. In the meantime, the vacant land in question cannot be promised to any one.

XXVIII. Programme of acquisition work for the year 1925-26.

The programme may be revised, and circulated on lines settled at the meeting.

XXX. Acquisition of the properties Nos. (4) 705, (5) 706 and (6) 707 in Block 71, Nazarbad Mohalla.

May be acquired by mutual agreement.

XXXI. Application register No. P. 178, dated 28th January 1925, from Boriah, Dafedar of the Trust Board Office, for two sites in Bakshi Basappaji Urs' Garden Extension.

Site No. 88 in Bakshi Basappaji Urs' Garden Extension may be granted at eight annas a square yard.

XXXII. Estimate for Rs. 3,330 for fixing sanitary fittings including drainage arrangements to the Municipal Office building, received from the Executive Engineer, Special Water Supply Construction Division.

Approved.

XXXIII. Estimate for Rs. 6,861 for installing 130 electric lights and 5 fans to the Municipal Office building.

Cost may be reduced to Rs. 4,000 by omitting lights and fixtures not absolutely necessary.

XXXIV. Application Reg. No. S. 50, dated 13th August 1925, from Mr. B. Raje Urs for the land adjoining Sasimaradia's temple on Chamaraja road for being added on to the temple.

May be sold at rupee one per square yard. Compound wall to be properly built as per approved plan.

XXXV. Allotment of site No. 61 in Jalapuri Extension to Thimmiah, son of Venkata at annas two per square yard.

Approved.

XXXVI. Letter dated 18th August 1925, from the General Manager on tour of the Oliver Type-writer Agency regarding the equipment for the Trust Board and Municipal Record Rooms with steel shelves.

The Trust Board Record Room may be got fitted up with steel shelves at a cost not exceeding Rs. 1,000.

XXXVII. Estimates for Rs. 7,147 and 6,935 for improving Kannegowdanakoppal.

Koppal Lingegowda's street may be formed and provided with drain. The construction of the collecting main drain, and acquisition work as per programme may be proceeded with.

XXXVIII. Government Order No. L. 411-14—Ml. 24-24-14, dated 17th July 1925, sanctioning three months' privilege leave to Mr. M. A. Srinivasachari and posting Mr. Y. Ramaswamy to his place.

Also letter No. 114, dated 23rd July 1925 to Government, reporting that Mr. B. Thirumalachar, Municipal Engineer, will be in charge of the duties of Trust Board Engineer, until Mr. Y. Ramaswamy joins duty.

Approved. The Municipal Engineer during his temporary charge of this office may be given the consolidated allowance of Rs. 100 per mensem sanctioned for the Assistant Engineer, Trust Board, in Government Order No. L. 411-14—Ml. 24-24-14, dated 17th July 1925.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, it is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been nominated as members of the Thogaranahalli Village Panchayet in the Alur Sub-Taluk during the term of its present constitution :—

(1) Mr. Lakkasetti, son of Chikkasetti.
(2) ,, Lingegowda, son of Kallegowda, Patel.

Notification dated 29th August 1925.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, it is hereby notified that Mr. Dyavappanahalli Dyavegowda has been declared elected as Chairman of the Chatchathalli Village Panchayet in the Belur Taluk during the term of its present constitution.

Notification.

In this office notification dated 8th August 1925, published on page 541 of Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 20th August 1925, for Mr. Gujjegowda, son of Gujjegowda read "Mr. Gujjegowda, son of Narasimhegowda" among the nominated members of the Nuggihalli Village Panchayet in the Channarayapatna Taluk.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulati is hereby notified that Mr. Siddegowda, has been declared elected as Chairman Hanike Village Panchayet, Belur Taluk, during the term of its present reconstitution.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulatio hereby notified that Mr. Channegowda, has been declared elected as Chairman Govisomanahalli Village Panchayet, Belur Taluk, during the term of its present reconsti

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulatio hereby notified that Mr. Nirvanigowda, Patel, has been declared elected as Chairman Madaghatta Village Panchayet, Belur Taluk, during the term of its present reconstitu

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulati is hereby notified that the undermentioned members have been declared elect Chairmen of the Several Village Panchayets noted against each in the Arkalgud during the term of their present constitution.

(1) D[illegible]magge Village Panchayet.		Mr.	B. Ramaswamiengar.
(2) [illegible]pur	do	,,	Vendor Kesavaiya.
[illegible]nanathpur	do	,,	Devaki Narayanabhatt.
(4) Marur	do	,,	Ramanna.
(5) Hulikal	do	,,	R. Sampathiengar.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regu it is hereby notified that the undermentioned Village Panchayets, which were recons in July 1925, having failed to elect their chairman, the gentlemen noted against e them are appointed by nomination as chairmen of the respective Village Panchayets the term of their present constitution:—

1. Karagada Village Panchayet.		Mr.	Subbaraya, Shanbhog.
2. Tholalu	do	,,	Basetti, Coffee Planter.
3. Hebbalu	do	,,	Puttaiya.
4. Matighatta	do	,,	Mallappaiya, Shanbhog.
5. Sanenahalli	do	,,	Birajjegowda.
6. Kodihalli	do	,,	Lingannaiya.
7. Chattanahalli	do	,,	Ramegowda.
8. Adagur	do	,,	Patel Eregowda.

R. NANASWAMI RA
Deputy Commissio

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE FIRST ORDINARY MEETING OF THE DISTRICT BOARD, SH DURING 1925-26, HELD ON FRIDAY THE 28TH AUGUST 1925, AT 1 P.M., IN TOWN HALL.

Members.

Present ... 25 | Absent ... 11 | Total ... 36

4. Review on the Vital Statistics for the half-year ending 30th June 1925.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that the number of deaths, might exceeded the births in consequence of the after effects of the abnormal which caused sickness in the malnad parts.

5. Opinion of the Sub-Committee (Appendix A) appointed for furnishing propo the matter of placing the Sanitary Inspectors under the control of the Chief Sanitary Ins and the latter under the District Medical Officer for purposes of scrutiny and co tion of the Vital Statistics.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that the recommendation of the Committee, be adopted and a reply sent to the Sanitary Commissioner, lines suggested by the Sub-Committee.

6. Letter No. 243—B 76, dated the 27th July 1925, from the Amrut Mahal Su tendent, stating that there is no objection to the breeding bull supplied to Patel Linga Kotemallur, being used for agricultural purposes if approved by the District Board.

Resolution.—Resolved that as the payment has been made and the quota of the has been refunded, the party may use the bull for his own purposes.

7. Memo No. 116, dated the 2nd July 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Shimoga District, for the consideration of the District Board, regarding the construction of a tunnel over Thumbinakatte road in the Municipal area out of the District Board Funds, so as to avoid the rush of Thunga Bhadra water on the road in Honnali Town.

Resolution.—Resolved that the subject be referred to the Sub-Division Officer, with a request to inspect the place and submit a detailed report for the consideration of the Board.

8. Correspondence ending with Memo No. 802, dated the 22nd July 1925, from the District Medical Officer, recommending the enhancement of pay of the water man of the Kantebennur Local Fund Dispensary.

Resolution.—Resolved that pending further report from the District Medical Officer, an increment of one rupee per month be sanctioned.

9. Application dated the 1st July 1925, from V. S. Bhoopalan, Student in the Central Sericulture Institute, Mysore, for a scholarship.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Board regret that the request cannot be sanctioned.

10. Following communication from the Sub-Division Officer, Sagar, recommending the acquisition of lands for village extension, etc., out of the Taluk Board Funds.

Number and date	Taluk	Village	Survey No.	Extent	
			S. No.	A.	g.
(a) O. C. 1176—24-25, dated 27th June 1925.	Sorab ..	Bennagere	62	25	31
(b) H. C. 337—24-25, dated 27th June 1925.	Do ..	Ulvi	2	2	33
(c) O. C. 1115—24-25, dated 27th June 1925	Do ..	Balekoppa	3	10	0

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

11. Report No. 752, dated the 11th May 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Shimoga, regarding the payment of arrears of travelling allowance (Rs. 300) due to the Taluk Board Vice-President, from December 1921 to September 1922 (at the rate of Rs. 30 per month already passed by the District Board, in their meeting held on 9th June 1923).

Resolution.—Resolved that Rs. 200 be paid out of the opening balance at the credit of the Taluk Board and the balance be met from reappropriation during the current year.

12. Contribution from the District and Taluk Boards, towards the expenses in connection with the holding of the Scout Rally at Shimoga, in the month of September 1925.

Also reports of the Presidents of the following Taluk Boards, submitting for sanction the resolution of the respective Boards, contributing their mite out of their funds for holding the State Rally :—

	Rs.
Shimoga	100
Sorab	150
Sagar	50
Kumsi	60
Channagiri	100

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 300 be sanctioned from the funds of the District Board, towards the cost of the Rally.

The recommendations of the Taluk Boards also be sanctioned.

13. Letter No. H. 2433, dated the 26th June 1925, from the Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore, forwarding for adjustment a bill for Rs. 600, being a moiety of the cost of a shaping machine purchased for the District Workshop at Shimoga. (Deferred subject.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the attention of the Director be invited to resolution No. 20 passed by the Board at their meeting held on the 5th December 1924; and it was further resolved that the moiety of cost for purchasing a shaping machine amounting to Rs. 600, be sanctioned with the observation that the Director should have consulted the Board before purchasing the machine after receiving the resolution passed by the District Conference as it was the Conference and not the District Board, that passed the resolution bringing to his notice the urgency of having a shaping machine in the workshop.

17. Letter No. 230, dated the 10th August 1925, from the District Forest Officer, Bhadravathi Division, stating that as suggested, the Third Class Travellers' Bungalow at Jmblebyle may be transferred to the Forest Department for being used as an inspection lodge by that Department.

Resolution.—Resolved that the building with the furniture be handed over to the Forest Department for maintaining it as inspection lodge.

18. Petition dated the 15th August 1925, from Mr. Syed Ishak, Hakim, Shimoga, praying for the grant of a loan of Rs. 500 to enable him to prepare some of the patent medicines.

Resolution.—Resolved that the application be forwarded to the Director of Industries and Commerce for favour of taking needful action.

19. Subject proposed by Mr. B. Rama Rao, Member, Sagar :—

With reference to the proposed bills published with Government Notification No. 702, dated the 8th August 1925, regarding the District Boards, Village Panchayets and Municipal Councils, a Sub-Committee consisting of the members to be agreed upon may be formed to study the bills in detail and give their report before a date to be fixed and the report be taken up for consideration at the next meeting of the District Board.

Resolution.—Resolved that a Sub-Committee consisting of the following gentlemen be appointed to go into the question and submit their views on the Bill before the next meeting of the Board which will be held on or about the 22nd September 1925 :—

1. Mr. C. Subba Rao, Vice-President (Convener).
2. „ B. Rama Rao, Pleader, Sagar.
3. „ A. Ananthaiya, Pleader, Shimoga.
4. „ S. Sitharamiya, Sub-Division Officer, Tirthahalli Sub-Division.
5. „ H. Sundaram Iyer, Shimoga.

20. Subject proposed by Mr. H. Sundaram Iyer, Member, Shimoga :—

That if the holders of the Shimoga District Board Railway Debentures deceased, interest on these bonds may be paid to their legal representative or representatives without insisting the production of a Succession Certificate, provided that the District Magistrate or the President of the District Board certifies to his or their right after a summary enquiry as in the case of Mysore State Loan Bonds.

Resolution.—Resolved that the reply of the Government to the letter addressed by the President on the subject may be awaited.

Resolution.—Deferred as the member is absent.

22. Report No. 123, dated the 13th August 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Kumsi, submitting for sanction, the resolution of the Taluk Board, that the extra amount of Rs. 640 in excess of the budget allotment of Rs. 1,000 required for constructing two blocks of market stalls at Ayanur may be met out of the closing balance of the Taluk Board.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

23. Report No. 116, dated the 13th August 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Kumsi, stating that with regard to the construction of the Musafirkhana at Kumsi, the Taluk Board cannot pay more than Rs. 500 out of its funds and that therefore the balance of Rs. 1,225 required for the building may be paid out of District Funds.

Resolution.—Deferred for want of funds.

24. Report No. 106, dated the 12th August 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Kumsi, forwarding for sanction a bill for commission and refund feeding charges due to the Patel of Haranahalli, for the months of July and August 1923.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

25. Petition dated the 25th July 1925, from the Members of the Sri Sarada Gudigar Socitey, Sagar, submitting for obtaining sanction of Government a set of rules to be observed by the Sandalwood Carvers in general with a view to stop the illicit use of sandalwood.

Resolution.—Resolved that the petition be referred to the Deputy Commissioner, for disposal.

26. Construction of a Musafirkhana at Nyamti.

Resolution.—Resolved that a Musafirkhana at a cost of Rs. 3,000 be constructed at Nyamati and that a sum of Rs. 2,000 including the amount realised by the sale of the old Musafirkhana be sanctioned and the Municipality be requested to contribute a sum of Rs. 1,000.

27. Desirability of framing bye-laws for the control of hotels in rural areas.

Resolution.—Resolved that a Sub-Committee consisting of the following members be appointed to frame bye-laws :—

1. Mr. C. Subba Rao, Vice-President (Convener).
2. „ A. Ananthaiya, Pleader, Shimoga.
3. „ S. Sitharamaiya, Sub-Division Officer, Tirthahalli.
4. „ H. Narasimhaiya, Advocate, Shimoga.

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
President, District Board, Shimoga.

APPENDIX 'A'.

Proceedings of the Meeting of the Sub-Committee appointed by the District Board, for urnishing proposals in the matter of placing the Sanitary Inspectors directly under the

Chief Sanitary Inspector and the latter under the District Medical Officer for purposes of scrutiny and compilation of Vital Statistics, held in the Town Hall on Thursday the 27th August 1925 at 4-30 P.M.

Resolution.—Resolved that for purposes of scrutiny and compilation of Vital Statistics, it is inexpedient to make the Taluk Sanitary Inspectors subordinate to the Chief Sanitary Inspector and the latter to the District Medical Officer and resolved further that the existing practice may continue but that Government may direct the District Medical Officer to review the statement of Vital Statistics a copy of which will be sent to him by the District Board and to offer suggestions in initiating special investigation and adopt practical remedial measures.

C. SUBBA RAO,
Convener.

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification No. dated 3rd September 1925.

Under Rule 21 of the rules framed under Section 62 of the Mysore Local Borads and Village Panchayet Regulation, No. VI of 1918, the undermentioned three Village Panchayets in the Chikmagalur Taluk are reconstituted as hereunder for a period of three years from 22nd August 1925 :—

1. KALASAPURA.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Gundappa *alias* Mallappayya *bin* Seetharamayya.	1. Mr. Lakshmana Rao *bin* Subba Rao
2. ,, Channa Basave Gowda *bin* Range Gowda.	2. ,, Hussein Sab *bin* Imam Sab
3. ,, Matada Krishnappa *bin* Narasimha Sastry.	3. ,, Beere Gowda *bin* Julali Gowda
4. ,, Dalave Gowda *bin* Beere Gowda	
5. ,, Chikka Range Gowda *bin* Mari Gowda.	
6. ,, Kariappa *bin* Thimme Gowda.	

2. HIREGOWJA.

1. Mr. Yarehalli *bin* Sanna Hanumayya	1. Mr. Siddalinge Gowda, Patel
2. ,, Basave Gowda *bin* Siddalingappa	2. ,, Thimmarasayya, Shanbhog
3. ,, Mallappayya *bin* Gurumallayya	
4. ,, Basappa *bin* Ramanna	
5. ,, Kalayya *bin* Parvathayya	

3. SINDAGERE.

1. Mr. Siddabasave Gowda *bin* Bomme Gowda.	1. Mr. Yella Setty *bin* Nanjasetty
2. ,, Annappa *bin* Muddanna	2. ,, Lingannayya *bin* Seetharamayya (Shanbhog).
3. ,, Rangasetty *bin* Gudda Setty	
4. ,, Mari Gowda *bin* Dolle Gowda	
5. ,, Sreekante Gowda *bin* Shivananje Gowda, Patel.	

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

THE CENTRAL FLOOD RELIEF COMMITTEE.

MYSORE STATE.

The following statement showing the amount of collections and expenditure incurred by the Central Flood Relief Committee in the Mysore State and the District Flood Relief Committees in connection with the Flood Relief Operations in the State corrected up to 1st August 1925, is published for general information:—

District	Public contribution in the District	Contribution by Local Bodies, grant sanctioned by the Central Flood Relief Committee and contributions by other Districts	Total amount available in the District	Relief given		Amount remaining unutilised on 1st August 1925	Remarks
				No. of persons	Amount		
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
Mysore ...	13,743 3 3	54,845 0 0	68,588 3 3	1,901	46,937 11 6	21,650 7 9	*Donation to other Districts. †Remitted to Central Flood Relief Committee.
Shimoga ...	2,941 9 6	14,048 4 6	16,989 14 0	906	13,226 2 0	3,763 12 0	
Hassan ...	8,050 11 3	5,580 0 0	13,630 11 3	168	1,740 0 0	2,390 11 3	
					*9,500 0 0		
Kadur ...	2,122 2 0	4,362 8 0	6,484 10 0	109	1,023 8 0	5,461 2 0	
Chitaldrug ...	2,365 15 11	3,551 4 0	5,917 3 11	143	1,531 0 0	4,095 15 11	
						† 290 4 0	
Total ...	29,223 9 11	82,387 0 6	111,610 10 5	3,227	73,958 5 6	37,362 0 11	

Balance remaining at the credit of the Central Flood Relief Committee on 8th August 1925. 34,306 13 10

Total amount remaining unutilised. 71,668 14 9

B. K. Garudachar,
K. V. Anantaraman,
Joint Secretaries,
Central Flood Relief Committee.
Bangalore.

K. P. PUTTANNA CHETTY,
Vice-President.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 17, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 1957—*Ml.* 66-25-6, *dated* 11*th September* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Veerabhadrappa as Vice-President of the Periyapatna Municipal Council, Mysore District is approved.

No. L. 1959—*Ml.* 70-25-5, *dated* 11*th September* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Jodidar Srinivasachar as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Hosdurga, is approved.

No. L. 1990—*Ml.* 67-25-6, *dated* 12*th September* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. K. Narasimhamurti as Vice-President of the Konanur Municipal Council, Hassan District, is approved.

No. L. 2022—*Ml.* 67-25-8, *dated* 12*th September* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. K. Narasimhaiya as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Hole-Narsipur, is approved.

No. L. 2045—*Ml.* 69-25-8, *dated* 14*th September* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the electien of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. H. Seshagiri Rao, B.A., LL.B., as Vice-President of the Sagar Municipal Council, Shimoga District, is approved.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. D. 1 Dis. 66 —25-26, dated 7th September 1925.

In pursuance of Government Order No. R. 3185-6—L. R. 14-24-7, dated 22nd November 1924, sanctioning the constitution of a Tank Panchayet at Jigani, Anekal Taluk, the undermentioned gentlemen are appointed members of the Tank Panchayet for a term of three years with effect from the date of notification :—

Nominated.

(1) The Patel, Jigani village (Chairman).
(2) The Shanbhog, Jigani village.

Elected.

(3) Mr. K. Munivenkatappa.
(4) ,, M. Muniappa.
(5) ,, Byanna.
(6) ,, Annayyappa.

B. VENKOBA RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

ERRATUM I.

For "Puttanniah Elected Member Kadaba Village Panchayet" occurring in Notification, dated 10th July 1925, published at page 475 of Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 23rd July 1925 reconstituting Kadaba Village Panchayet, *Read* "Puttananjasetty."

ERRATUM II.

For " Mr. Doddappaniah elected member Paluvally Village Panchayet,

Mr. Shroff Girimallappa	do	Gumghatta	do
,, Malagalu Nullappa	do	Hoskote	do
,, Setti Ramappa	do	do	do
,, Subbarau	do	Kondethimnahally	do

"occurring in Notification, dated 8th August 1925, published at pages 539 and 540 of Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 20th August 1925, reconstituting Village Panchayets of Paluvally, Gumghatta, Hoskote and Kondethimnahally, *Read* " Mr. Doddappiah
Mr. Shroff Ginnellappa
Mr. Malagalu Mallappa
Mr. Setty Ramanappa
Mr. Seebirau."

N. SUNDARARAJA IYENGAR,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notification No. C. 2295—L. B. 24-25, dated 10th September 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, VI of 1918 and Rule 21 of Village Panchayets Election Rules of 1918, the Village Panchayets noted hereunder are constituted as follows for a term of three years with effect from 1st August 1925. The nominations have been sanctioned in G. O. No. L. 1599—L. B. 55-25-17, dated 3rd September 1925.

MYSORE TALUK.

SOLLEPURA.

Elected under Section 49 (2) (*a*).	*Nominated under Section* 49 (2) (*b*).
1. Mr. Shanbhog Srikantiah	1. Mr. Puttamadappa
2. ,, Venkatappa	2. ,, Chamundappa
3. ,, Lingappa, Schoolmaster	3. ,, Puttamalliaya, Patel, (*Ex-officio*).
4. ,, Basahallihundi Puttabasaviah	
5. ,, Hommana Marigowda	
6. ,, Manchachari	

VAJAMANGALA.

1. Mr. Kunta Madiah	1. Mr. Veerappa, Patel, *Ex-officio*
2. ,, Savandiah	2. ,, Narasimhamurthy, Shanbhog
3. ,, Kempa Setty	3. ,, Nanjedevaru
4. ,, Javaniah	
5. ,, Sivaniah	
6. ,, Hutchaveera Setty	

YELWALA.

1. Mr. Abdul Khadar	1. Mr. Thagadoore Gowda
2. ,, Sampath Iyengar	2. ,, Mari Gowda
3. ,, Venkatarangiengar	3. ,, Bore Gowda
4. ,, Channake Gowda	
5. ,, Channankiah	
6. ,, Linga Boyi	

DHANAGAHALLI.

Elected under Section 49 (2) (a)	*Nominated under Section 49 (2) (b)*
1. Mr. Rangachari	1. Mr. Nagappa, Shanbhog
2. ,, Kenche Gowda	2. ,, Malliah (Maji Patel)
3. ,, Maji Patel Basavegowda	3. ,, Basavegowda, Patel, Ex-officio
4. ,, Basavanayka	
5. ,, Kempegowda	
6. ,, Thammadi Veeriah	

DURA.

1. Mr. Marianna	1. Mr. Patel Puttánna
2. ,, Puttachary	2. ,, Kempanna
3. ,, Ganganna Setty	3. ,, Basavasetty
4. ,, Keelanahatti Linganna	4. ,, Abdul Rub
5. ,, Appajiah	
6. ,, Venkatagiriyappa	

HAROHALLI.

1. Mr. Depegowda	1. Mr. Dasegowda, Patel, Ex-officio
2. ,, Police Javaregowda	2. ,, Manchegowda *alias* Karianna
3. ,, R. Deviah	3. ,, Sidda *alias* Gosai
4. ,, Malegowdana Thimmegowda	
5. ,, Chikkahyda	
6. ,, Kempegowdana Javaregowda	

NAGANAHALLI.

1. Mr. Sivananjegowda	1. Mr. Subbanna, Shanbhog
2. ,, B. Siddegowda	2. ,, Chaluvegowda, Patel, Ex-officio
3. ,, Thimmegowda, son of Bundegowda.	3. ,, Nanjegowda
4. ,, Mugappa	
5. ,, Boregowda	

KYATHAMANAHALLI.

1. Mr. Kari Javariah	1. Mr. Subbaraya, Shanbhog
2. ,, Puttaswamy	2. The Village Patel (Ex-officio)
3. ,, Muddegowda	3. Mr. Ghandada Madiah
4. ,, Marihonna Mada	
5. ,, Muttana Ranga	
6. ,, Sappe Mancha	

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, it is hereby notified that the undermentioned gentlemen have been declared elected as Chairmen of the Village Panchayets noted against each in the Hole-Narsipur Taluk during the term of their present constitution:—

1. Doddabyagathavalli Village Panchayet. Mr. H. S. Krishna Rao.
2. Tatanahalli do ,, Siddegowda, Patel.
3. Kannambadi do ,, Kapanipathiah, Shanbhog.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, it is hereby notified that Mr. Santhamalle Gowda has been declared elected as Chairman of the Yeslur Village Panchayet, Manjarabad Taluk, during the term of its present constitution.

Notification.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, it is hereby notified that Mr. Ramanna, has been declared elected as Chairman of the Marur Village Panchayet in the Arkalgud Taluk, during the term of its present constitution.

Notification.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, the undermentioned persons have been nominated as additional members of the Village Panchayets noted against each in the Arsikere Taluk, during the term of their present reconstitution:—

1. Aggunda Village Panchayet. The Patel of the village.
2. Bendekere Village Panchayet Mr. Khalandar Sab, son of Valli Sab Landholder.

K. MALLARAJ URS,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

Notification dated 9—11*th September* 1925.

18. Review of Vital Statistics for the half-year ending June 1925.

Resolution.—Recorded.

The review may be sent up. The death rate is alarming and effective steps must be taken to investigate the causes. The matter requires close study and the adoption of remedial measures.

The Board is of opinion that a Hookworm and Malaria campaign should be arranged by Government forthwith. A sum of at least Rs. 20,000 being since set apart for the purpose. If this disparity between births and deaths should continue, the consequence would be most deplorable. A comparison of census figures also discloses the gradual excess of deaths over births in this district and this calls for immediate studied attention.

H. V. RANGASWAMI,
In charge President.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification No. H. C. 325—*Rev.* 24-25, *dated* 11*th September* 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation of 1918, and the rules framed thereunder, and with the approval of Government, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Nagar Taluk are reconstituted for a period of three years.

1. NAGAR VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. C. Vamana Rao	1. The Patel of the village
2. ,, N. Srinivasa Udapa	2. The Sub-Assistant Surgeon in charge of Local Fund Dispensary, Nagar
3. ,, C. Venkata Rao	3. Mr. Nadig Subba Rao
4. ,, Vardi Thotappa Setti	
5. ,, J. Ananthaiya	
6. ,, N. Nagendra Bhatta	

2. ARASALU VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Shanbhog Balappa	1. The Patel of the village
2. ,, Benavalli Rudrappa	2. Mr. Shanbhog Ranga Rao
3. ,, Desikachar	

3. HUMCHA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Kargal Nanjappa	1. The Patel of the village
2. ,, Chennappa Setti	2. Mr. Bavu Beri *alias* Koil Beri
3. ,, Annaiya Gowda	
4. ,, Shanbhog Seshagiriappa	
5. ,, Surya Jois	
6. ,, Dharmasamrajyendraru	

R. TIRUNARANIENGAR,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 24, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 1ST SPECIAL MEETING OF THE DISTRICT BOARD, BANGALORE DISTRICT, HELD ON 28TH AUGUST 1925.

Present 30 | Absent 18

1. Read the resolution of the District Board at the Special Meeting held on the 14th February 1925, regarding the imposition of the Railway cess for opening Rail from Bangalore to Hosur for confirmation of the Board as per Section 24(b) of the Local Board and Village Panchayet Regulation, VI of 1918:—

Resolution.—Mr. A. Hayes proposes "that this Board is of opinion that the levy of Railway cess at 3 pies per rupee is quite necessary for a period of five years only to finance this Railway project and resolves that the levy of the same be recommended to Government." This was seconded by Mr. Rao Saheb B. Venkataswami Naidu. Carried unanimously.

2. Petitions from Mr. Venkata Krishnayya and others of Maralavadi to the Secretary to Government of Mysore, Local and Legislative Departments, and to the President, District Board, in the matter of protesting the levy of Railway cess, and the petition of Mr. Karnick Krishna Murthy Rao to Government.

Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer proposed that the resolution of the previous meeting be confirmed. Mr. Niligiri Sanjeeviah seconded. This was supported by Messrs. A. Hayes and Rao Saheb Chenniah.

Resolution.—Resolved that the previous resolution of the Board be confirmed.

This was put to vote, and hands that had been lifted were counted. Nineteen were counted as for, excluding the President and Vice-President, and six against, and as there were some that had not lifted their hands, the members were asked to stand for counting, as the number of members present were 30. At this moment Mr. M. Karnick Krishnamurthy Rao became excited and demanded a poll, which was seconded by Mr. D. S. Hanumantha Rao. The poll was taken and the following members were for:—

Messrs. (1) Alf. Hayes, (2) Anantasubba Rao, (3) S. K. Narasimhayya, (4) B. Sreenivasa Iyengar, (5) G. Subba Rao, (6) Lakshmayya, (7) B. M. Munishamappa, (8) Desada Yejman Basappa, (9) Venkataramana Gowda, (10) M. S. Mallari Rao, (11) Baji Rao Sindhe, (12) S. D. Dasappa, (13) Seenappa, (14) Hanume Gowda, (15) Syed Abdul Rasheed, (16) Rao Saheb B. Venkataswami Naidu, (17) Rao Saheb Channiah, (18) Niligiri Sanjeevaiya, (19) B. Oosman Khan, (20) B. Abdur Rahmon, (21) R. Gopalaswami Iyer.

They were twenty-one.

And the members that were against were as follows :—

Messrs. (1) M. Karnick Krishnamurthi Rao, (2) D. S. Hanumantha Rao, (3) Veeregowda, (4) T. Ramachandra Rao, (5) M. Rangaswamy Iyengar, (6) B. Mallappa, (7) Kenchegowda.

They were seven.

Mr. Narahariah was neutral and Messrs. Alampalli Adinarayanaiya and Gopalaswami Iyer were not in the hall when poll was taken, though Mr. Gopalaswami Iyer was present when hands were lifted and counted.

2. Regarding the petition of Mr. Karnick Krishnamurthi Rao—

Resolution.—

Resolved that the petition of Mr. M. Karnick Krishnamurthi Rao direct to Government as a member of District Board was irregular.

This was put to vote.

Sixteen voted for and three against.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 1ST ORDINARY MEETING OF THE DISTRICT BOARD, BANGALORE DISTRICT, HELD ON THE 29TH AND 30TH AUGUST 1925.

29TH AUGUST 1925.

Present 34 | Absent 14.

30TH AUGUST 1925.

Present 16 | Absent 32

Before commencing the Proceedings of the day, the President made reference to the demise of Deshabandhu C. R. Das and Sir Surendranath Banerji, and moved the following resolution :—

"This District Board assembled to-day resolved that this meeting do place on record their profound sorrow at the deaths of Deshabandhu C. R. Das and Sir Surendranath Banerji in appreciation of their valuable services in the cause of India."

This was passed all the members standing. Then Mr. S. N. M. Razvi proposed that the meeting may be adjourned for five minutes. Accordingly it was adjourned.

1. Read Proceedings of the last meeting.

At the time of recording the Proceedings of the last meeting, Mr. S. N. M. Razvi brought to the notice of the Board that the names of the members of the Finance Committee elected in the last meeting are not published along with the names of the tellers.

Members elected:—Messrs. 1. A. Hayes, 2. B. Srinivasa Iyengar, 3. Niligiri Sanjeevayya, 4. S. Srikantayya, 5. R. Gopalaswamy Iyer, 6. S. N. M. Razvi.

The tellers were :—1. Mr. S. Sreenivasa Iyer, Executive Engineer and 2. Mr. Varadaiengar, District Medical Officer.

DEFERRED SUBJECTS.

2. Read draft bye-laws under Section 38 (f) and (h) of the Local Board and Village Panchayet Regulation with the resolution of the Finance Committee.

Committee Resolution.—"As the Civil and Military Station Collector informs that there are no Sanitary Rules or Bye-laws framed for the villages in that limit, and as the Sanitary Rules in force at present meet present requirements, the question of framing fresh rules be deferred till the reforms pending *re* Local Boards and Panchayets Rules are passed."

Resolution.—Resolved that the resolution of the Finance Committee be adopted.

Mr. B. Oosman Khan dissented.

3. Read G. O. No 4542-4—Edn. 32-24, dated 30th January 1925, sanctioning the proposal of the Inspector-General of Education regarding the non-recurring expenditure of Rs. 4,330 being debited to the accumulated savings under Education Cess Fund at the credit of the District Fund.

Resolution.—Resolved that the amount be paid from the accumulated amount of cess.

4. Read report No. 204, dated 5th January 1925, from the President, Kankanhalli Taluk Board, requesting sanction for keeping the Surplus Fund of the Taluk Board in the Savings Bank.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

5. Read report No. 277, dated 16th March 1925 from the President, Kankanhalli Taluk Board, requesting sanction for payment of Rs. 50 out of the Taluk Board Funds to the Free Reading Room at Kankanhalli.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

6. Read report No. 290, dated 19th—23rd March 1925, from the President Kankanhalli Taluk Board, with Municipal resolutions showing the proportion in which the pay of the Sanitary Inspector has to be met by the Taluk Board and the Municipal Council, *i.e.*, two-thirds and one-third, respectively.

Resolution.— Sanctioned.

7. Read report No. 245, dated 2nd May 1925, from the President, Kankanhalli Taluk Board, requesting sanction for payment of Rs. 5 to Harohalli Pandit, more than the original grant.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

8. Read report No. 174, dated 5th April 1925, from the President, Dodballapur Taluk Board, *re* the repair of the cross-road from Dodballapur to connect Kolar-Sompur road with the District Board President's inspection note thereon.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

9. Read report No. 153, dated 11th February 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Dodballapur, *re* the recoupment of imprest.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be referred to the Finance Committee.

10. Read report No. 226, dated nil from the President, Dodballapur, regarding the payment of Rs. 100 to the Public Reading Room at Dodballapur out of Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—After discussion, Mr. B. Oosman Khan proposed that Rs. 50 be subscribed. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi seconded. Then it was resolved that Rs. 50 be paid for the purchase of books.

11. Read report No. 289, dated 28th February 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, forwarding for sanction a refund bill for Rs. 25-5-0 due to Abdul Karim Sab, being the sale proceeds of his horse.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

12. Read report No. 288, dated 1st March 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board forwarding for sanction a refund bill for Rs. 5 due to Nanjappa being the deposit amount for having taken contract for removing manure at Attibele Panchayet, for 1923-24.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

13. Read report No. 307, dated 7th March 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, requesting sanction for establishment of Vaidyasalas at Attibele and Jigani at a cost not exceeding Rs. 40 each, the cost being met in the proportion of one-third and two-thirds from the Village Panchayet and Taluk Board Funds, respectivety.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

14. Read report No. 320, dated 18th March 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, requesting sanction to enforce Compulsory Vaccination Regulation at Attibele.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be recommended to Government.

15. Read report No. 336, dated 26th April 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, requesting that portions of certain survey numbers as noted in the margin at Huskur may be acquired for making road from Hebbagodi to Huskur.

123	133	138
124	134	(Inam)
125	136	&
——	137	139
1		

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

16. Read report No. 335, dated 26th April 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, requesting sanction for mileage allotment at Rs. 50 per mile for the maintenance of Taluk Board roads about 16 miles.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

17. Read report No. 345, dated 2nd May 1925, from the President, Devanhalli, requesting sanction for payment of Rs. 5 more than the original grant to Vodigenahalli Pandit.

Resolution.—Sanctioned from July 1925.

18. Read report No. 236, dated 16th April 1925, from the President, Devanhalli Taluk Board, requesting sanction for the entertainment of a peon temporarily on Rs. 10 to the Sanitary Inspector until Government sanction a permanent peon.

Resolution.—Resolved that the entertainment of a peon be sanctioned for four months, on the condition of showing satisfactory collection of arrears from the Panchayets.

19. Read report No. 261, dated 6th April 1925, from the President, Nelamangala Taluk Board, requesting that permission may be granted for carrying out the road work from Dodbele Railway Station to Tyamagondlu by the Civil Department instead of by the Public Works Department, as establishment, tools and plant charges at the rate of 18 per cent amounting to Rs. 918 has to be paid, etc.

Resolution.—Resolved that the work be done by Public Works Department and that the establishment, tools and plant charges be paid.

20. Read report No. 84, dated 5th September 1924, from the President, Bangalore Taluk Board, forwarding for sanction an estimate for Rs. 993 for repairing Krishnarajapur-Whitefield road and the Executive Engineer's letter No. 2358, dated 14—15th May 1925, with a fresh estimate for Rs. 1,000 after scrutiny, the amount being met out of the Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

21. Read petition of Mr. S. G. Musthafa, Unani Hakim, Jali Mohalla in the Bangalore City, praying that a grant-in-aid of at least Rs. 30 per month may be granted out of District Board Funds.

Resolution.—Resolved that a grant of Rs. 15 be paid. Eighteen voted for and 1 against.

22. Read petition of Mr. B. L. Byanna, dated 30th March 1925, praying for reconsideration of this office Order No. N. Dis. 149—24-25, dated 7th November 1924, about the refund of sale proceeds of his horse impounded in the cattle-pound at Jigani.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

23. Read proposals of Messrs. V. Lakshmana Rao and B. S. Raghunatha Rao about Motor Service in this district.

Resolution.—Resolved that as the Government have already passed rules in this connection, the application be recorded.

24. Read Yadi No. O. C. 2970—22-23, dated 30th April 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore, in the matter of acquisition of lands in Survey Nos. 88/1, 88/2, 85/2 and 84 at Hulimavu.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

25. Read letter No. L. 7919-34—San. 13-23-4, dated 7th May 1925, from the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Local and Legislative Departments, calling for the opinion of the District Board on the suggestions of the Sanitary Commissioner in the matter of investigation of Vital Statistics.

Resolution.—Resolved that it is not possible to accept suggestions made in the letter. The present system to continue.

26. (*b*) Yadi No. 260, dated 3rd April 1925, from the Municipal President of Anekal with Municipal Council resolution stating that there are no suitable buildings for Hindustani Boys' and Girls' Schools at Anekal; that the Education Department may take the Anjuman building not completed and have it completed at their cost; that the amount spent for its completion may be considered as having been advanced to the owner; that the same may be adjusted in the shape of rent and that the said schools may be held in that building.

Resolution of the Committee.—Resolved that the amount required to complete the Anjuman building at Anekal may be advanced on the understanding that the advance amount to be recovered from the rent and to be credited towards the cess funds, the responsibility of recovery devolving upon the Education Department.

Resolution.—Resolved that the recommendation of the Committee be approved and a reasonable rent deducting the interest on the amount invested at 5 per cent be paid.

(*c*) Report No. 337, dated 26th April 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, stating that the Education authorities may be recommended to introduce shoe-making in the Panchama School at Anekal.

Resolution of the Committee.—Referred to the Education Department.

Resolution.—Resolved that the recommendation of the Committee be approved.

(*d*) Report No. 341, dated 26th April 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, stating that Government School has not yet been established at Hebbagodi village though the Taluk and District Boards sanctioned a school out of cess amount, and requesting that a recommendation be made to the authorities to establish a school there.

Resolution of the Committee.—Referred to the Education Department.

Resolution.—Resolved that the recommendation of the Committee be approved.

(*e*) Report No. 340, dated 26th April 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, with Taluk Board resolution, requesting that Anekal Town may be made as Lower Secondary Centre.

Resolution of the Committee.—Referred to the Education Department.

Resolution.—Resolved that the recommendation of the Committee be approved.

(*f*) Report No. 343, dated 26th April 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, requesting that the Education Department may be requested to sanction some allowance to a sweeper to remove rubbish, etc., in the schools sanctioned by the District Board.

Resolution of the Committee.—Resolved that the question may be referred to the Inspector-General of Education for consideration as already recommended by the District Board, the cost to be met out of savings.

Resolution.—Resolved that the recommendation of the Committee be approved.

(*g*) Report No. 342, dated 25th April 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, with the Board resolution, requesting that the buildings at Huskur where Boys' and Girls' Schools have been located may be purchased at a cost of Rs. 600.

Resolution of the Committee.—Referred to the Education Department.

Resolution.—Resolved that the recommendation of the Committee be approved.

27. Read proposal of Mr. Niligiri Sanjiviah, that the major portion of the District Board Funds is paid for the maintenance of their roads, but yet the control is not with the Board, and so it is desirable that the Government may be requested to permit the Board to have their own Engineering Establishment.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be deferred until the new constitution comes into existence.

ORDINARY SUBJECTS.

1. Read letter No. L. 6815—L. B. 74-24-21, dated 26th March 1925, from the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Local and Legislative Departments, in the matter of improvement of Sasalu Road in Doddballapur Taluk with Taluk Board resolution.

Resolution.—Resolved that the resolution of the Taluk Board be sanctioned.

2. Read letter No. 4945—L. B., dated 12th January 1925, from the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Local and Legislative Departments, in the matter of constructing a bridge over Arkavati River with the resolution of the Taluk Board.

Resolution.—Resolved that a Bridge is necessary.

3. Read letter No. 2255, dated 25th April 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, regarding the special repair estimate for the Channapatna-Halagur Road, etc.

Resolution.—Resolved that the previous resolution of the Board be carried out. Mr. B. Oosman Khan dissented.

4. Read letter No. 108, dated 6—16th July 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, *re* the estimate for Rs. 6,350 for restoring the breached Hoskote-Sulebele Road and restoring Yannakunti tank R. No. 171 of Hoskote Taluk.

Resolution.—Sanctioned Rs. 2,350.

5. Read letter dated 17th July 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, Bangalore District Sericultural Conference, forwarding copies of resolutions passed at the Finance Committee and the Reception Committee of the said Conference furnishing accounts for the receipt of Rs. 712-12-0, and stating that the Conference report has yet to be printed and it is estimated that the cost will be about Rs. 150 and requests that the District Board may pay a portion of the expenditure for printing the report.

After discussion, Mr. Nilgiri Sanjeevayya proposed that a sum of Rs. 25 be paid to the printing of the report. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi seconded. Five voted for and 8 against.

6. Read letter No. Per. A 38—23-24, dated the 26th May 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore for resolution of the District Board on the Irrigation Cess Budget Estimate for 1925-26.

Recorded with the following remarks.—"The Board observed that the income of Rs. 800 Rs. 23 and Rs. 47 shown against Channapatna, Closepet, Kankanhalli seem to be very low when taking the wet area into consideration. It is further observed that the opening balance of each taluk as per Budget Rules has not been furnished; and that the programmes sent up by the Amildars do not seem to have been included in the statement. The Board is of opinion that the programmes sent up by the Amildars with the Taluk Board resolution may as far as possible be adhered to."

7. Read Memo No. Hc. 584, dated the 30th January 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore, in the matter of contribution of the Leprosy Relief Campaign Funds.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be referred to Finance Committee.

8. Read correspondence ending with report No. 554, dated 25th June 1925, in the matter of acquiring the plot shown in the plan in Survey No. 121 in Malurpatna village.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

9. Read report No. 338, dated 26th April 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, *re* the payment of balance of Rs. 1,123-14-1, being the Local Cess due to his taluk as observed by the local auditors.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be referred to Finance Committee.

10. Read report No. 339, dated 26th April 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, in the matter of paying the balance of Rs. 50 as starting fund to Koppa Village Panchayet.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be referred to Finance Committee.

11. Read report No. 23, dated 23rd July 1925, from the President, Nelamangala, with the Taluk Board resolution, recommending for the grant of Rs. 5 as contribution to Tyamagondlu Vaidyasala.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

12. Read report No. 384, dated 9th June 1925, from the President, Kankanhalli Taluk Board, in the matter of acquiring Survey No. 53 in Anchosahalli village for village extension.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

13. Read report No. 44, dated "nil" from the President, Magadi Taluk Board, *re* the refund of Rs. 7-10-0 to Hanumanthayya being the sale proceeds of his she buffaloes.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

14. Read extract from the Proceedings of the Finance Committee meeting held on the 13th June 1925 in the matter of revision of the Head Office Establishment.

Proposals of the Committee.—Head Clerk Rs. 65—5—85, Deputy Clerk Rs. 50—3—65, 3rd Clerk 40—2½—60, 4th Clerk 35—2½—40, 5th Clerk Rs. 30—1—35, 6th Clerk, 25—1—30.

Resolution of the Committee.—The corrected scale be adopted.

Resolution.—Resolved that the revision as proposed by the Committee be adopted and further resolved that an additional clerk on Rs. 35—2½—40 is also to be entertained along with the establishment recommended by the Finance Committee, and that the pay of the Duffadar and Mutchi be raised to Rs. 17 and 18 respectively, and that the pay of the peons one to Rs. 15 and the other to Rs 13. The Scheme to come in force from 1st July 1925.

15. Read letter No. Dis. B. 292, dated 22nd October 1924, from the Senior Surgeon in the matter of adjustment of Rs. 471-14-0 as a special case being the cost of certain articles to Local Fund Dispensaries in the district.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be referred to Finance Committee.

Additional Subjects.

1. Read letter No. 2140, dated the 13th June 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, in the matter of purchasing the London Mission Girls' School building at Dommasandra for Rs. 200, with Finance Committee resolution thereon.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

2. Read D. O. No. 11, dated 13th July 1925, from the President, Devanhalli Taluk Board, report No. 20, dated 21st July 1925, from the Nelamangala Taluk Board President, and also report No. 7, dated 19th July 1925, from the Dodballapur Taluk Board President, requesting sanction for incurring expenditure of Rs. 100, 100 and 150 respectively out of Taluk Board Funds in connection with the Dewan's Tour in this district and which were sanctioned in anticipation of Boards' approval together with an extract from the Proceedings of the Finance Committee meeting held on the 15th August 1925, sanctioning the said expenditure.

After discussion, Mr. Nilgiri Sanjeevayya, proposed that no expenditure be sanctioned as it was incurred without previous sanction. Mr. D. S. Hanumantha Rao seconded.

This was put to vote. Three voted for and thirteen against

Then Mr. S. N. M. Razvi proposed that a reference be made to Government for sanctioning the expenditure. Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer seconded. This was put to vote. One voted for and three against.

Resolution.—Resolved that a reference be made to Government for sanctioning the amount already spent.

3. Read report No. 406, dated 23rd May 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, forwarding for sanction a refund bill for Rs. 5, in favour of one Appayya, being the security given by him for manure contract for 1917-18

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

4. Read the Proceedings of the Education Committee meeting held on the 28th August 1925 on the following subjects :—

(*a*) Petition of Mohamedan residents of Santhapur, Magadi Taluk, praying that the Urdu School, established from 1st September 1924, at their cost may kindly be taken over to the Education Department as Government Institution.

Resolution of the Committee.—"May be referred to the Urdu District Inspector of Schools for opinion with details."

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

(*b*) Letter No. 2962, dated 24th April 1925, from the District Inspector of Schools in the matter of supplying furniture to Halasur School, Kankanhalli Taluk.

Resolution of the Committee.—"An endorsement may be given that the department will make the provision."

Resolution.—Approved.

(*c*) Petition of residents of Muppadighatta, praying for the transfer of Schoolmaster Mr. K. V. Sreenivasa Rao, from their village as his stay there is troublesome to them.

Resolution of the Committee.—"Refer to the Education Department.

Resolution.—Approved.

(*d*) Letter No. 85, dated 10th June 1925, from the Head Master, Hindustani Boys' School of Solur, requesting that a building may kindly be constructed for the school as at present, it is holding in a Mantap.

Resolution of the Committee.—"Necessary; may be referred to the department to make arrangements for taking up the building by re-appropriation."

Resolution.—Approved. Work to be expedited.

(*e*) Petition dated 22nd May 1925, from the School Committee members and others of Dodmaralavadi, Kankanhalli Taluk, praying that Compulsory Education System may be introduced in that village and also the Taluk Board President's No. 113, dated 22nd July 1925, in the matter.

Committee Resolution.—"An endorsement may be given that the matter has been deferred.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be recommended to Education Department.

(*f*) Report No. 398, dated 22nd June 1925, from the President, Hoskote Taluk Board in the matter of constructing a school building at Hasigala and Devangundi.

Resolution of the Committee.—"Building may be given to Hasigala in preference to Devangundi."

Resolution.—Approved.

(*g*) Memo No. 3358, dated 17th June 1925, from the District Inspector of Schools, requesting that the opinion of the District Board, may be obtained in the matter of interchanging of scales between the Primary Schools, Seekote and Nagavara in the Bangalore Taluk.

Resolution of the Committee.—"May be sanctioned."

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

(*h*) Letter No. C. 7250 of 24-25, dated 19th June 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, stating that a class in weaving in the Boys' Middle School at Anekal, will be more useful than one in agriculture, sanctioned in G. O. No. E. 671-2—Edn. 42-23-17, dated 19th August 1924, and that a class in Girls' School at Anekal, in any of the following subjects:—1. Sowing, etc.

Resolution of the Committee.—"May be done. The proposal to have P. I. Class for sewing, etc., is also approved."

Resolution.—Approved.

(*i*) Letter No. 7465-6—1148, dated 20th June 1925, in the matter of giving a Panchama School to Sathanur, Kankanhalli Taluk, by transferring the superfluous provision from the Panchama School at Attibele, Anekal Taluk.

Resolution of the Committee.—"May be done."

Resolution.—Approved.

(*j*) Report No. 42, dated 29th July 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, requesting that Compulsory Education System may be introduced at Mayisandra village.

Resolution of the Committee.—"May be informed that the matter is under consideration."

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be recommended to Education Department.

(*k*) Petition of residents of Nagavara, Channapatna Taluk, praying that an Incomplete Middle School may be established there.

Resolution of the Committee.—"May be referred to the department with the observation that if the strength is large a 3rd teacher may be given with a view to train up students for the Kannada Lower Secondary Examination."

Resolution.—Approved.

(*l*) Report No. 25, dated 27th July 1925, from the President, Kankanhalli Taluk Board, in the matter of extension of school building at Somanahalli.

Resolution of the Committee.—"May be referred to the Education Department."

Resolution.—Approved.

(*m*) Report No. 120, dated 27th July 1925, from the President, Kankanhalli in the matter of extension of school building at Dodmaralavadi.

Resolution of the Committee.—"May be referred to department."

Resolution.—Approved.

(*n*) Letter No. 194, dated 7th August 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, praying that the Primary School building at Hebbal may be improved by removing the pillars and present roof covered with slabs and providing Mangalore tiles at a cost of Rs. 775.

Resolution of the Committee.—"Sanctioned, provided the cost be met by reappropriation."

Resolution.—Approved.

(*o*) Memo No. 506, dated 10th August 1925, from the District Inspector of Schools, Bangalore, recommending that the Middle School at Dodbelevangala may be located at Dod Hejaji where a better building and more accommodation is available.

Resolution of the Committee.—"May be done. The arrangement as suggested by the department is approved."

Resolution.—Approved.

(*p*) Letter No. 5, dated 14th August 1925, from the Head Master, Hindi Primary Boys' School at Muthasagara, Magadi Taluk, stating that the present school building is in a dangerous condition and that the new building has not as yet been furnished and praying that the new school may be got completed at a very early date.

Resolution of the Committee.—"May be referred to the department for expediting the work."

Resolution.—Approved.

(*q*) Letter No. 111, dated 20th July 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, in the matter of constructing a building for Hindustani Boys' School at Hoskote in the compound of the Local Middle School.

Resolution of the Committee.—"A building is necessary for Hoskote also."

Resolution.—Approved.

(r) Report No. 287, dated 4th June 1925, from the President, Devanhalli Taluk Board, *re* the revised estimate for Rs. 1,086 for constructing a school building at Balepur.

Resolution of the Committee.—" May be referred to Inspector-General of Education."

Resolution.—Approved.

(s) Letter No. 2140, dated 13th June 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education *re* the purchase of London Mission Girls' School building at Dommasandra.

Resolution of the Committee.—" May be purchased."

Resolution.—Approved.

Next meeting to be held during the last week of October 1925.

B. ABDUR RAHMON,
President.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 31ST (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 27TH JUNE 1925, AT 7-30 A.M.

Members.

Present ... ... 21 — Absent 9

340. Before proceeding with the business on the agenda, Mr. H. C. Dasappa asked permission to move the following resolution which was seconded by Mr. P. Seetharamiah and unanimously adopted:—

That this Municipal Council desires to express its sense of great loss at the sad and sudden demise of Deshabandhu Chitta Ranjan Das, Mayor of Calcutta and one of the greatest Sons of India, and conveys its sincere condolences to Mrs. C. R. Das and others, members of the bereaved family.

341. Proceedings of the meetings held on the 30th May and 6th June 1925.

Confirmed.

* * * * *

344. Proceedings of the following Committees for May 1925 :—

1. Managing Committee
2. Health Committee
3. Town Hall Committee
4. Market Committee
5. Bye-law Committee

Confirmed. Resolved that the Town Hall Committee's Resolution No. II (3), dated 14th May 1925, regarding the additional room proposed to be given for the use of the Literary Union be further considered by the Council after circulation of all the connected papers.

* * * * *

350. Government Proceedings No. L. 8723-6—Ml. 34-24-53, dated 8th June 1925, directing that out of the cost of Rs. 1,700 of realigning the compound wall of the Krishnarajendra Hospital, Mysore, Rs. 388 be met by the Trust Board and the balance by the City Municipal Council, Mysore, debiting the same to the Devaraj Market Extension Scheme.

Resolved that representation be made to Government that if the cost of realigning the compound wall of Krishnarajendra Hospital, cannot be met by the Public Works Department, the Trust Board may take over the expenditure incurred, as it is not in any case debitable to Municipal Funds.

* * * * *

352. Municipal Engineer's Memo No. 340, dated 17th April 1925, requesting for the increase of his allowance from Rs. 50 to Rs. 100 a month.

The Council regret that it cannot recommend the increase of allowance asked for in the present condition of the Municipal finances.

353. Extending the term of the loan of the services of Mr. B. Krishna Murthy Rao, Manager, Municipal Office for a further period of three years from 17th May 1925 and his confirmation as Manager on the sanctioned scale of pay, *viz.*, Rs. 70—10—100 from the date of his assuming charge.

Resolved that Mr. B. Krishna Murthy Rao be confirmed and his term extended by two years, from the date of his assuming charge of his duties in the Municipality, *viz.*, 17th November 1924.

354. Adjustment from Municipal Funds of Rs. 316-9-4 advanced in connection with the Viceregal Reception.

Approved.

355. Managing Committee's Resolution No. V, dated 26th May 1925, *re* the irrecoverable arrears of rent amounting to Rs. 1,301-15-3 to be written off the Devaraj and Mandi Market accounts.

Resolved that the arrears be written off after further enquiry.

* * * * *

357. Memo, dated 20th June 1925 in the matter of giving small rewards (not exceeding the amount of fines that may be imposed for possession of unlicensed motor vehicles, bicycles and tricycles) to the Police Officers who detect cases of non-registration and successfully prosecute the offenders under the bye-laws framed under Section 48 (1), clause (*jj*) of the Municipal Regulation.

Approved.

358. Entertainment of additional Kalihath Gangs at an annual cost of about Rs. 4,000.

Approved.

359. Note, dated 25th June 1925 regarding the entertainment of additional pipe line establishment.

Resolved that the undermentioned additional establishment be entertained with effect from 1st July 1925 :—

1. Sub-Overseer (substantive pay plus Rs. 10 cycle, allowance).
6. Gangmen on Rs. 9 each, Rs. 54.

N. MADHAVA RAU,
President.

No. 6.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 15TH AUGUST 1925 AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 20 — Absent ... 10.

At the outset, the President brought to the notice of the Councillors the sad demise of Sir Surendranath Banerjee at Calcutta and moved the following resolution :—

"Resolved that this Council do place on record their sense of profound regret at the death of Sir Surendranath Banerjee, the eminent Indian leader and the great memorable services rendered by him to the cause of reform in India especially in the field of Local Self-Government."

Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar in seconding it said that he associated himself with the President and paid a glowing tribute to the services and qualities of head and heart of Sir Surendranath Banerjee and read an extract from the "Hindu," dated 11th August 1925, containing a resolution moved at a special meeting of the Calcutta Corporation on 10th August 1925.

The Council then passed the resolution unanimously, all the Councillors and others standing.

Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, then proposed that copies of the resolution be sent to the Corporation of Calcutta and to the members of the late Sir Surendranath Banerjee. This was carried unanimously.

2. The President then read to the Council a letter, dated 14th August 1925, from Mr. B. K. Garudachar, Municipal Councillor, stating that as he could not attend the Municipal meetings, it might be considered as his resignation and requesting the Commissioner to place it before Council, with apologies for not resigning earlier. The President pointed out that strictly speaking, the letter should have been addressed to the President under Section (2) of the amended Municipal Regulation, IV of 1923, and wish to know the opinion of the Councillors on the point. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, said that it was only a legal defect which might possibly render the bye-election to be held in this connection invalid and suggested that it would be better if the letter is addressed to the President according to the Regulation.

Messrs. Belur Srinivasiengar, S. N. M. Razvi, B. Abdur Rahmon, B. L. Byanna and V. Venkatesaiya took part in the discussion and finally it was agreed that the house might be divided regarding the acceptance of the letter of resignation. When votes were taken, ten voted for accepting the letter and two for not accepting it. So the letter of resignation was accepted.

3. Typed copies of answers to certain interpellations of Messrs B. L. Byanna and G. Muniyappa were distributed to the Councillors.

4. The Proceedings of the meetings held on 18th July 1925, 25th July 1925, 30th July 1925 and 5th August 1925, were read and recorded. At the suggestion of Mr. B. L. Byanna and with the approval of the Council, the following was added to the proceedings on item No. 40 of the agenda of the Council meeting held on 25th July 1925, regarding the grant of land onthe Mysore Road to "Idiga" :—" Mr. B. L. Byanna, supported the proposal for the free grant of the site."

* * * *

13. Opinion of the City Improvement Committee, dated 16th July 1925, approving of the planting of Avenue trees on the Hoskote Road, at a cost of Rs. 1,540.

Resolution.—Approved.

14. Opinion of the City Improvement Committee meeting, dated 16th July 1925, recommending the leasing of the land required by Messrs. Shaw Wallace & Co., Agents, Tank Storage Co., Ltd., Madras to construct a road from their storage tank to join the Magadi

Road, at an annual rent of Rs. 60 and subject to the payment of the cost of a tree that will have to be cut off, also the cost of constructing a culvert.

Resolution.—Approved.

15. Opinion of the City Improvement Committee meeting, dated 16th July 1925, directing the removal of the two smithy sheds in the New Market and the allotment of sites to the north-east of the slaughter house for smithy at one rupee per square yard or at a rental of rupees three per month.

Mr. B. L. Byanna, said that though he was a party to the resolution of the City Improvement Committee meeting, dated 16th July 1925, yet subsequently he had to change his opinion regarding the suitability of the place selected for smithies, as the place was water-logged and malarial.

Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon also spoke to the same effect and proposed that before coming to a decision, the whole Council do inspect the place and decide and that therefore the subject might be deferred. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar supported him.

Messrs. C. Hayavadana Rao, G. Paramasiviah and others opposed the motion on the ground that the Council had already inspected the locality on 15th August 1923 and selected the very identical place as being most suitable for locating smithies and read to the Council the minutes of the proceedings. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao further said that the persons doing that business had themselves no objection to locate their smithies there, as they have expressed their willingness to do so and that therefore there was no further necessity for the Council to inspect the place.

The proposition of Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon, which was seconded by Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar, was put to vote and lost as seven voted 'For' and eight 'Against' it.

Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar proposed and Mr. S. Venkataranga Iyengar seconded that the opinion of the City Improvement Committee be approved *in toto*.

Messrs. P. Subbarama Chetty and S. N. M. Razvi, suggested that the proposition might be split up into two parts, one for directing the removal of the two smithy sheds in the New Market and the other for allotting the sites to the north-east of the slaughterhouse. This suggestion did not receive support.

Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon proposed and Mr. B. L. Byanna seconded the following amendment:—

That the words "the removal of the two smithy sheds in the New Market and the allotment of sites Nos. 51 and 52 as per endorsement of the Municipal Commissioner," be substituted for the words "the removal of the two smithy sheds in the New Market and the allotment of sites to the north-east of the slaughterhouse for smithy."

Messrs. Belur Sreenivasiengar, C. Hayavadhana Rao and G. Paramasiviah said that the proposed amendment is a direct negative and cannot be accepted as an amendment and that it must be ruled out of order by the President.

The Municipal Commissioner stated that it was true that site Nos. 51 and 52 in the Bamboo Bazaar had been offered to the owners of smithy shops in the market some time ago at Rs. 2 per square yard, but they refused to accept the offer stating that the price must be reduced to one rupee or the sites given at a monthly rent of rupees three each. Meanwhile, the Bamboo merchants petitioned through their advocates that the location of the smithies in the locality which was earmarked for bamboo and timber trade would be a source of risk and danger to their trade. Hence the present locality has been selected in conformity with the resolution of the Municipal Council passed two years ago and that no other place suitable is available for the purpose closeby and that the price of one rupee per square yard or a monthly rent of rupees three has been fixed agreeably to the wishes of smithy shop-keepers.

Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa said that under Section 26, clause 10 of the Municipal Regulation, even this question of giving a ruling must be decided by the Council by a majority of votes and not by the President.

The President said that under clause (5) of the rules regulating the conduct of business of Council meetings, it was for the President to decide all such questions and ruled that the amendment proposed by Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon was out of order and could not be accepted.

Resolution.—The proposition of Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar seconded by Mr. S. Venkataranga Iyengar that the opinion of the City Improvement Committee be accepted *in toto* was then put to vote and carried, 10 voting for and 8 against it.

Messrs. B. L. Byanna and S. N. M. Razvi demanded a poll.

The following voted 'For':—1. The President, 2. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, 3. Mr. V. A. Krishnamurthy Mudaliar, 4. Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar, 5. Mr. S. Venkataranga Iyengar, 6. Mr. G. Paramasiviah, 7. Mr. N. V. Kalyanpur, 8. Mr. C. K. Hutchappa, 9. Mr. M. C. Chiknanjundappa and 10. Mr. B. N. Vijayadeva.

The following voted 'Against':—1. Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon, 2. Mr. B. L. Byanna, 3. Mr. Ramachandra Rao Sindia, 4. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi, 5. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar

6. Mr. W. H. Hanumanthappa, 7. Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao and 8. Mr. V. Venkatesaiya

The meeting was then adjourned to Friday the 21st August 1925 at 5 P.M.

No. 7.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON FRIDAY THE 21ST AUGUST 1925, AT 5 P.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 20 | Absent ... 9

Vacant 1.

Letters, dated 20th August 1925, from Messrs. P. Subbarama Chetty, and S. N. M. Razvi, stating their inability to attend this meeting on account of private engagements, were read and recorded.

2. The President then read a letter, dated 20th August 1925, from Mr. B. V. Krishniengar, Municipal Councillor, from Madras, stating that he would have to stay at Madras for over two months more on account of his wife's serious illness and that he would not be able to attend the Council meetings till the end of October 1925 and requesting that the permission of the Council be obtained for his absence.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Council do grant him leave till the end of October 1925, as desired.

* * * *

The remaining subjects on the printed agenda were then taken up.

16. Petitions from the Kalasees residing in Kalasipalya, praying for the grant of sites in Goripalya at upset price in consideration of their houses having been acquired by the Municipality and the opinion of the City Improvement Committee, dated 1st April 1925, approving of the alignment of sites in Goripalya and the sale of these sites in public auction.

Resolution.—Resolved that in the case of 14 Kalasees, whose houses in Ammachowdripalya were acquired several years ago, the sites in Goripalya be given to them at upset price and that the remaining sites be sold in public auction, as resolved by the City Improvement Committee and that the Municipal Commissioner be authorised to take necessary steps in this direction.

17. Opinion of the Health Committee, dated 18th June 1925 (on the proposition of Mr. P. M. Basappa), approving of the Health Officer's memo, dated 16th March 1925 to increase the number of urinals in the City and to adopt the system of collection and prompt removal by a fast conveyance for which purpose four single bullock carts at a cost of Rs. 200 each and a recurring expenditure of Rs. 60 a month to feed the bullocks is necessary, the scheme to be tried first in the old City.

Resolution.—The scheme recommended by the Health Committee is approved temporarily for a period of three months from 1st September 1925, after which date a report should be submitted by the Health Officer as to its working for the information of the Council.

18. Opinion of the Health Committee, dated 25th May 1925, recommending the appointment of an additional Compounder for the Malleswaram Dispensary.

Resolution.—The appointment of an additional compounder for the Malleswaram Dispensary is approved.

* * * *

22. Honorary President's memo, dated 15th July 1925, suggesting that a daily charge ranging from Re. 0-0-6 to Re. 0-1-0, according to the area occupied may be levied from persons keeping petty shops on the road margin of the Bazaar Street in the Malleswaram Extension and that the right of collecting such fees may be sold by auction.

Resolution.—Approved.

23. Honorary President's memo, dated 15th July 1925, suggesting the removal of the cooly huts about 200 in number built by the Tamilian coolies on the private land close to the bungalows of Messrs. C. V. Narasimha Iyengar and Belur Srinivasa Iyengar, behind the western compound wall of the Central Jail.

Resolution.—Mr. G. Paramasiviah proposed that the huts should be removed at once. Mr. G. B. Raghavendrachar suggested that the coolies be given an opportunity to rebuild their huts on sanitary principles. Mr. Belur Srinivasa Iyengar said that the land on which the huts are put up is agricultural land under the jurisdiction of the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, that the owners of this land get a rent of about Rs. 60 per month from these coolies and yet they do not care to provide them with any facilities and that therefore the landlords be asked to put up huts for these coolies on sanitary principles Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon suggested that some other piece of land be selected before these huts are removed. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao agreed with

Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon and said that the file relating to the construction of huts for the scavenging staff may be put up and the subject deferred. The subject was accordingly deferred for submission of a definite scheme by October next.

* * * * *

26. Question of the grant of privilege leave to Mrs. A. Stafford, Lady Health Visitor and the acceptance of her resignation.

Resolution.—Resolved that the resignation of Mrs. A. Stafford, Lady Health Visitor, be accepted and that as opined by the Comptroller, no privilege leave can be granted under the provisions of the Mysore Service Regulations.

27. Correspondence ending with letter, dated 29th July 1925, from Mr. S. Puttanna, Contractor, City Market, in connection with the execution of an agreement for the construction of the Market Towers.

Resolution.—The following proposition proposed by Mr. Belur Srinivasaiengar and seconded by Mr. B. N. [illegible] was carried unanimously.

"Resolved unanimously that the [illegible] of the complete tower work of the City Market Frontage Works, including the i[illegible]ame works for each tower and its complete roofing be entrusted to Mr. S. Puttanna, the contractor of the same, the total amount to be disbursed to him for all the iron frame works required in this connection as per the proposal of the Chief Engineer in the matter, and the roofing complete being Rs. 6,410 as per the contractor's own rates, worked out and verified by the Special Engineer in his letter No.1974, dated 20th June 1925 to the Municipal Commissioner, the total excess on the sanctioned estimate for the item being Rs. 3,290.

28. Shifting of the Municipal Dispensary at Chamarajpet from its present building in the IV Road to Mr. C. Madhava Rao's house in the same road at a rent of Rs. 50 per mensem, of which Rs. 5 will have to be paid by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon. Also petition, dated 20th August 1925, from Mr. S. Thimmappiah, owner of the building in which the Dispensary is at present located offering to reduce the rent of his building from Rs. 55 to Rs. 50 per month on a fresh lease of five years, if the dispensary continues to be located in the present building.

Resolution.—Mr. Belur Srinivasa Iyengar, proposed and Mr. S. Venkataranga Iyengar, seconded that the dispensary be continued in the present building on the terms offered by the landlord Mr. Thimmappiah, *viz.*, that the rent be reduced to Rs. 50 a month from 1st September 1925 of which Rs. 5 will be paid by the Sub-Assistant Surgeon as heretofore and that a fresh lease for five years be entered into from 1st September 1925, the landlord agreeing to effect necessary improvements.

* * * * *

31. Letter No. 995—L.A. D., dated 12th June 1925, from the Comptroller to the Government, stating that owing to the magnitude of the transactions of this Municipality and for reasons stated therein, he cannot introduce concurrent audit until all the arrears are cleared.

Resolution.—The Municipal Commissioner suggested that a reference might be made to Government to request the Comptroller to have a test audit made of the accounts up to 30th June 1925 by the staff of the Comptroller's Office and a detailed concurrent audit of accounts from 1st July 1925 be taken up as soon as possible. This was approved unanimously.

33. Confirmation of auction sale of the right of grazing on the "Orr's Pond" for 1925-26.

Resolution.—Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon and Mr. B. L. Byanna suggested that this matter should be settled with reference to the papers relating to the ownership of the pond. Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao said that the Council ought not to go into the question of ownership as that is a matter to be settled in a Civil Court and that the present question merely related to the continuation of the sale of the right of grazing near the pond. The Municipal Commissioner explained that even if the owner establishes his title to the pond in a Civil Court, he would be entitled to get Rs. 25, *i.e.*, the amount realised by the sale of the grazing and that therefore the confirmation of the sale need not be put off on that account.

The question was put to vote. Twelve voted for the confirmation of the sale and two against it.

The sale was accordingly confirmed.

36. Letter, dated 7th July 1925 from Mr. B. L. Byanna, Municipal Councillor, proposing to move the following proposition :—

"This Council resolves that a statement showing the resolutions of the Municipal Council pending disposal at the beginning of every month be prepared and submitted before the Council every month for their information, also showing the stage at which each resolution stands."

Resolution.—Resolved that a half-yearly statement be prepared and placed before Council.

37. Granting of permission to allow temporarily Jutkas to stand on the margin of road to Kalasipalya by the side of the compound wall of Doddanna's Hall.

Resolution.—Resolved that the permission be granted as a temporary measure.

38. Removal of charitable fountain from the Market Circus to the New Jutka and Bullock Stand as decided by the City Improvement Committee at their meeting of the 10th July 1925.

Resolution.—Approved.

41. Opinion of the Managing Committee, dated 14th August 1925, recommending that the cost of registration of the agreements to be executed by the hire-purchasers of the houses in the Poor House Block, Basavangudi, be waived, as they have to pay the amount agreed upon in monthly instalments for 20 years.

Resolution.—The recommendation of the Managing Committee is sanctioned. The cost of registration of the agreements will be met from the Municipal Funds.

MOHAMED ABBAS KHAN,
Honorary President.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 2193—*Ml.* 68-25-4, *dated* 20*th September* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. B. Rangarajaiya, as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Mudgere, is approved.

No. L. 2177—*Ml.* 22-25-6, *dated* 20*th September* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. Thudiki Ramanna Gowda is elected a Municipal Councillor of the Tirthahalli Minor, Municipal Council in place of Mr. Sheik Ali Byari, resigned.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 2276—Ml. 7-25-2, dated 24th September 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of Survey Nos. 354 and 467 of Chamarajnagar village, declared for acquisition in Notification No. R. 12,667—Ml. 8-20-23, dated the 13th May 1921 as required for the extension of Chamarajnagar Town.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

No. 8.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 12TH SEPTEMBER 1925, AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 18 | Absent ... 10

Vacant 2.

I. The Proceedings of the Council meetings, dated 15th August 1925 and 21st August 1925 were read and recorded.

II. *Water Supply.*—Before the Proceedings began, the President explained to the Council the very grave situation staring us in the face regarding the supply of water owing to the rapid fall of the Hessarghatta Tank level and read to the Council the two communications Nos. 370, dated 4th September 1925, and 392, dated 8th September 1925, received from the

Executive Engineer, Water Supply Division, on the subject and the notice issued by the Municipal Commissioner, requesting the public to exercise economy in the use of tap water, which was intended mainly for domestic purposes. He further said that he had seen the Chief Engineer twice in this connection and suggested to him measures to tide over the situation.

2. At the request of the President, the Range Officer, Mr. M. L. Narasimha Iyengar then explained the present situation.

3. Messrs. G. B. Raghavendrachar, C. K. Hutchappa, S. N. M. Razvi, Belur Srinivasiengar, R. Gopalaswamy Iyer, B. Abdur Rahmon, C. Hayavadana Rao, C. N. Narasinga Rao, B. L. Byanna and others complained about the difficulty of water felt by the people in their respective Divisions and requested that necessary steps be adopted to give relief to the people.

4. Thereupon the Range Officer said that it was very desirable and necessary that a few more taps should be opened in low levels at places to be fixed by the Councillors in all the Divisions of the City so that water may be made available at least at those taps during specified hours of the day with a view to creating facilities to those living in higher levels to which water would not reach. A programme was then drawn up by the Range Officer for the inspection of the several Divisions with the Municipal Commissioner and the Councillors.

5. It was further observed that the use of water for gardening purposes should be effectively stopped as it is within the common knowledge of all that much water is being wasted in this direction and that the Water Works Department be requested to take prompt steps in the matter. To this all Municipal Councillors agreed.

6. The Council then unanimously passed the following resolution :—

"Resolved that on account of the very grave situation of water supply in the Hessarghatta Tank, on account of the failure of the monsoon so far and the limited quantity of water available in the tank, the Executive Engineer, Water Supply Division be requested to stop at once all water used for gardening and other non-domestic purposes for which the pipe water is now ordinarily used and that no relaxation in this respect should be permitted."

III. The interpellations of Messrs. B L. Byanna, S. N. M. Razvi and B. Abdur Rahmon were read and answered.

IV. *Urgent Subject.*—

Municipal Commissioner's note, dated 20th August 1925, regarding the levy of enhanced water rate on vacant sites, sanctioned by Government in their Order, dated 22nd July 1925.

Municipal Commissioner's Note.

In para 8 B (*a*) of the Government Order, dated 22nd July 1925, on the Water Supply Scheme, the Government in ordering the enhancement of water tax say that the water tax is enhanced "From 3/5 per cent to 1 per cent of the building tax in respect of vacant sites" That this is not correct will be clear from the following considerations :—

The present water rate on vacant sites is "3/5 of the building tax" and not "3/5 per cent" which is a very infinitesimal amount and the water tax which is actually collected on vacant sites is 3/5 of the tax on them, *i.e.*, if 4 annas in the vacant site tax on 100 square yards, the water tax on that extent of vacant site is 3/5 of 4 annas or 2 annas 5 pies. By some mistake, the words "per cent" have crept in the Council resolution on the subject and therefore also in the Government Order. If it is the intention of the Council that the water tax on vacant sites should be increased from 3/5 to 1 or in other words that the water tax should be equivalent to the vacant site tax, then the words "per cent" occurring in both the places should be deleted. But if the Council considers that as by enhancement of the vacant site tax from 4 annas to 8 annas per 100 square yards, the water tax also is automatically increased from 2 annas 5 pies to 4 annas 10 pies and that any further increase of water tax in this respect is not desirable, then the words "from 3/5 per cent to 1 per cent of the building tax in the case of vacant sites" should be deleted.

M. G. KRISHNASWMY RAO.

Resolution.—Resolved that as it is the intention of the Council that the water tax on vacant sites should be equivalent to the vacant site tax, the words "per cent" occurring after "3/5" and "1" in resolution No. 2 D. (*iii*) Raising of the Water Rate of the Council meeting, dated 7th March 1925 be deleted, which would in effect mean that the water rate on vacant site be made equal to the vacant site tax itself and that necessary correction be required to be made in the Government Order No. L. 509-512—Ml. 127-23-13 dated 22nd July 1925, para 8 B (*a*).

* * *

10. Government Order No. L. 1196-7—Ml. 22-24-37, dated 20th August 1925, sanctioning with effect from 10th August 1925, an increase of pay to Mr. M. Govinda

Rao, B.A., B.L., the present Office Manager to Rs. 200 per mensem and authorising him to sign fair copies of papers, the drafts of which have been approved by the Municipal Commissioner.

Resolution.—Recorded.

* * *

15. Opinion of the Bye-law Committee, dated 20th May 1925, approving the following suggestions of Mr. P. M. Basappa, Municipal Councillor in his letter, dated 20th February 1925 :—

(*a*) That all pleasure cars be uniformly taxed at the rate of Rs. 25 and all tiny (or cycle) cars at Rs. 18 per year.

Resolution.—(*a*) Resolved unanimously that all pleasure cars be uniformally taxed at Rs. 36 a year and all tiny (or cycle) cars at Rs. 20 a year.

(*b*) That the tax on all motor busses be levied between Rs. 40 and Rs. 70 in proportion to the carrying capacity of 8 to 32 passengers.

(*c*) That a tax of Rs. 80 be levied on all motor waggons.

Resolution.—(*b*) and (*c*). Deferred.

17. Letter No. St. 379, dated 13th April 1925, from the Secretary, Municipal Education Committee, forwarding the resolution of the Education Committee meeting held on 6th April 1925 in the matter of starting a primary school, in Chamarajpet West, as prayed for by the residents of that locality.

Resolution.—Approved.

* * *

19. Letter No. 42, dated 13th August 1925, from the Secretary, Municipal Education Committee, proposing that 15 additional teachers may be entertained forthwith as the existing primary schools, are understaffed and the number of pupils seeking admission is increasing.

Resolution.—Approved.

21. Correspondence ending with letter No. St. 602, dated 15th August 1925, from the Organising Scout Commissioner, the Boy Scouts of Mysore, Bangalore, forwarding a copy of resolution passed by the Executive Committee, Boy Scouts of Mysore, requesting that a contribution of at least Rs. 750 be made for the construction and equipment of the boat house, proposed to be built at the Kempambudhi Tank.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

25. Opinion of the Municipal City Improvement Committee, dated 14th August 1925, suggesting that steps may be taken to remove the temple in the triangular piece of land in front of the Gubbi Theatre, except the portion of the temple forming Sanctum Sanctorum.

Resolution.—Approved.

26. Opinion of the City Improvement Committee, dated 27th August 1925 approving the acquisition of certain properties to the north of the present Mutton Market and the old Bonded Warehouse on the Mysore Road for the construction of a new Mutton and Fish Market.

Resolution.—Approved.

28. Letter No. 280, dated 31st August 1925 from the Special Engineer, City Improvement Works, submitting an estimate for Rs. 4,564 for constructing a parapet wall 2 feet high along the berm of the Markrt Circus to receive ornamental railings.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

30. Municipal Commissioner's memo, dated 29th August 1925, stating that the term of Mr. C. Vijayarangam Naidu, L.C.E., Special Engineer, City Improvement Works, expires on 10th October 1925, with a statement of works, on hand.

Resolution.—The following resolution was proposed by Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar and seconded by Mr. B. L. Byanna and supported by Mr. C. N. Narasinga Rao.

"Resolved that the service of Mr. C. Vijayarangum Naidu, Special Engineer, City Improvement Works, be not renewed on and after the 10th October 1925, when it terminates under Government Order No L. 2257-60—Ml. 161-21-6 dated 19—20th September 1923, and that the Municipal Commissioner be requested to place before the Council meeting suitable proposals for carrying through the improvement works with an adequate subordinate staff under the Municipal Executive Engineer or otherwise."

The proposition was put to vote and carried unanimously.

34. Letter No. 287, dated 2nd September 1925, from the Special Engineer, City Improvement Works, Bangalore, forwarding for sanction an estimate for Rs. 1,092 for constructing a plat-form for "Band Stand" in the middle of the southern edge of the Market Circus.

Resolution.— Sanctioned.

35. Letter No. 284, dated 2nd September 1925, from the Special Engineer, City Improvement Works, Bangalore, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 4,685 for erecting an ornamental railing on the southern berm of the Market Circus.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

40. Memo No. 554, dated 3rd September 1925, from the Municipal Engineer, submitting for sanction an estimate for Rs. 1,149 for planting avenue trees on the Mysore Road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

Before the meeting dispersed, the President said that he heard with great regret that the Hon'ble Diwan Bahadur L. D. Swamikannu Pillay, M.A., B.L., President of the Legislative Assembly, Madras, died on the 11th September 1925 and proposed that this house do record their sorrow at this unhappy event.

This was carried unanimously.

MOHAMED ABBAS KHAN,
Honorary President.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 1ST (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 8TH AUGUST 1925, AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present	27	Absent	3

* * * * *

1. Proceedings of the meeting held on the 27th June 1925.
Confirmed.

* * * * *

4. Proceedings of the following committee for June 1925 :—
   i. Managing Committee.
   ii. Health Committee.
   iii. Town Hall Committee.
   iv. Market Committee.
   v. Bye-law Committee
   vi. Schools Committee.

Regarding (i) Mr. C. Narasimhiah suggested and Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar seconded that the Managing Committee minutes should not be confirmed as the meetings were held at 4-30 P.M. instead of at 5 P.M. as resolved by the Managing Committee. Mr. C. Narasimiah stated that he had brought this to the notice of the President who disclaimed any authority to interfere with the hours of business of the Managing Committee. The letters exchanged in this connection were read. The Chairman of the Committee and others said that there was no such resolution or understanding and although minutes were not circulated they were recorded and confirmed at each successive meetings. Poll was demanded by Mr. P. Seetharamiah and seconded by Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar and votes were taken for confirming the minutes of the Managing Committee.

For.	*Against.*
Mr. Tippu Sultan Alli Khan	Mr. C. Narasimiah
Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah	,, P. Seetharamiah
Mr. M. C. Thammiah	,, S. Srikantachari
,, T. Thampiran	,, M, Ramaswamy
,, K. Dhanakotichetty	,, M. Venkatakrishniah
,, M. P. Bhogiah	,, B. K. Ramakrishniah
,, Mahomed Gouse Peer	,, P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar
,, H. C, Dasappa	
,, U. R. Lingoji Rao	

The following members *refrained from voting* :—

Mr. Y. Virupakshiah	Mr. A. Krishna Rao
,, M. K. Madhava Rao Powar	,, M. Narayanaswamy
,, Mahomed Sait	,, T. Basavaraj Urs.
Rev, E. S. Edwards	,, M. Madappa

As regards Schhol Committee proceedings about school hours, Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar wanted his letter to be read out, but the Council resolved to deal with the matter separately at the next meeting.

The proceedings of other committees were recorded.

* * * * *

11. Continuance of the Baramarga establishment for a further period of one year from 1st July 1925.

Resolved that the period of this establishment be extended for three months till the end of September 1925.

12. Read Health Committee's Resolution No. 2, dated 29th June 1925, regarding additional conservancy establishment.

Resolved that the following additional conservancy Establishment be sanctioned.

1. Sanitary Overseer on Rs. 20 plus 5 per month
2. Three peons on Rs. 10 each per month
3. Fifteen sweepers on Rs. 9 ,,
4. One night soil cart on Rs. 5 ,,
5. Four rubbish carts.

13. Read draft bye-laws (for sale of meat intended for human consumption) as revised by the Bye-law Committee, in accordance with letter No. L. 6077—Ml. 61-24-56, dated 17th February 1925, received from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments.

Resolved that the draft bye-laws as revised by the Bye-law Committee be approved and that the same is published.

14. Read letter No. 11696, dated 25th June 1925, from the Agent, Mysore Railways, Mysore, in the matter of the acquisition from the Mysore City Municipality of the land required for the Mysore Station Yard.

Resolved that the Railway Department be requested to buy the whole plot including the building or at any rate the grounds to the north of the building as otherwise, the value of the property might be impaired. In the former case, payment of the value in two or three instalments might be negotiated.

* * * * *

16. Note dated 8th July 1925, regarding the introduction of a better type of vehicles in the Mysore City.

Resolved that the arrangements proposed in President's Memo, dated 8th July 1925 be approved and the thanks of the Council conveyed to the Palace Stables Department for their initiative and kind co-operation. The Hackney Carriage Inspector should see that the bye-laws in respect of public conveyances are strictly enforced and the Bye-law Committee be requested to revise the table of fares.

17. Application dated 1st July 1925, from C. Raghavendra Rao, Municipal Shekdar (on leave) in the matter of altering his date of birth (2nd November 1872) as entered in his Service Register to that (26th August 1871) shown in his Life Insurance Policy.

Resolved that the proposed alteration in the date of the birth of the official be approved.

18. Letter dated 1st July 1925, from the Vice-President, Khaddar Co-operative Society, Limited, Mysore, for the grant, free of rent, of a shop in the front portion of the Devaraj Market.

Resolved that the matter be referred to the Market Committee for giving a shop to the Co-operative Society at a nominal rent for not more than one year, if the committee are satisfied that propoganda rather than profit earning is the main object of the Society.

19. Municipai Councillor Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar's proposition and interpellation.

Proposition.—

"That the triangular plot of site situated between the two roads (road leading to Chamundi Extension in continuation of Narainsastry Road on the one leading to the Sandal Oil Factory) be reserved to the Municipality, fenced and converted into a Park."

Resolved that the matter be referred to the Trust Board.

Interpellation.—

"Will the President be pleased to state what action has been taken to acquire a portion of the compound of Mr. M. L. Vasudeviah's house (Krishnaraja Mohalla) to extend the conservancy lane from Kasipathi Sastry's Laya towards east to Soppinakola Street Road; and if already acquired why should not necessary action be taken to extend the conservancy lane as early as possible?"

The President replied that this was a question dealt with by the Trust Board, and gave the information asked for.

20. Read letter No. 985—L. A. D., dated 8th June 1925, from the Comptroller to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore in regard to the introduction of pre-audit of the accounts of the Mysore City Municipality, tentatively for a period of one year.

Resolved that the introduction of pre-audit be approved, but work bills might continue to be sent to the Managing Committee before audit. If delay in passing such bills is anticipated, the President may in his discretion order part payment of bills to contractors in advance.

* * * *

22. Estimates for annual repairs of the undermentioned roads:—

1. Benki Nawab Road (Mochi Ghat Road to Bara Imam Road) Rs. 600.

Sanctioned.

2. Travellers' Bungalow Road (from the junction of Old Seringapatam Road to Anjaneya Temple Street, Erangere) Rs. 700.

Sanctioned.

3. Lansdowne Bazaar road (from Lakshmi Vilas Road to Market Square) Rs. 900.

Sanctioned. Further resolved that the cross road through the bazaar buildings be included.

4. Bangalore-Mysore Road (from Government House Road circle to Hyder gunta Road circle) Rs. 1,000.

Sanctioned.

5. Doddapetta Road (from Clock Tower Square up to Kaveripatnam Subrayachetty's house) Rs. 1,000.

Sanctioned.

6. Kalamma Temple Road (from Hospital Road to Bara Imam Road) Rs. 1,125.

Approved. Supplemental estimate for the remaining portion of the road may be prepared and submitted for sanction.

7. Bangalore-Nilgiri Road (between Nanjangud Ookad and boundary section) Rs. 1,200.

Sanctioned.

8. Elwal Road Rs. 2,000.

Sanctioned.

23. Estimate of the probable cost of re-coating Race Course Road (from Dally Avenue towards Boulivard Circle) Rs. 900.

Resolved that the reduced estimate for Rs. 450 for improving the road be passed.

24. Estimate for re-coating with metal the Anegondi Ursu Road (from the junction of Sayyaji Rao Road to Bara Imam Road) Rs. 900.

Sanctioned.

25. Estimate for metalling Pindargeri Road (between Manantody Road and Viceroy Road) Rs. 1,315.

Sanctioned.

* * * *

37. Notes and statistics relating to the beggar problem in the City.

Resolved that a Committee consisting of the following members with the Health Officer as the convenor be constituted to investigate the problem and formulate proposals in the matter of establishing an asylum for decrepit beggars :—

1. Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar.
2. Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah.
3. Mr. M. Ramaswamy.
4. Mr. M. Venkatakrishniah.
5. „ Mahomed Gouse Peer.

38. Continuance of the temporary establishment entertained in connection with the revision of assessment till the end of August 1925.

Sanctioned.

39. Estimate for Rs. 1,200 for repairing Bangalore-Nilgiri Road from the Hardinge Circle up to the junction of Nazarbad Road and from Barr Lines towards Ookads.

Sanctioned.

40. Note dated 17th July 1925, regarding the appointment of a full time Inspecting Officer for Municipal Schools, Mysore City, and letter No. 295 of 25-26, dated 17th July 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore on the subject.

Resolved that the Inspector-General of Education, be requested to lend the services of an Assistant Inspector, tentatively for a period of one year for the efficient supervision of Municipal Schools, preferably an Inspector who is acquainted with Hindustani.

* * * *

42. Municipal Councillor Mr. M. Ramaswamy's proposition :—

(1) "Owing to the absence of bathing ghats and other similar washing facilities to the public throughout the City, the Municipal Council will be pleased to get the feeders of Doddakere improved and keep the tank in good condition for the use of the public and this would enhance the beauty of the City in addition.

Resolved that a Committee consisting of the following members with the Municipal Engineer as convenor be appointed to consider the question in detail and send up proposals :—

1. Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah.
2. Mr. M. Ramaswamy.
3. Mr. M. Narayanaswamy.

(2) The Municipal Council will be pleased to get the bridge in Vani Vilas Road widened and the breadth of the road also increased on the same spot in line with the existing breadth of the road.

Resolved that the estimate for this work for Rs. 1,000 submitted by the Municipal Engineer be sanctioned.

(3) As several manholes in the City are fixed on a higher level than the roads, the Municipal Council will be pleased to make suitable arrangements to see that all such manholes be refixed to the level of the roads.

Approved. The work should be taken up on each road as it is taken up for re-metalling.

* * * *

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECOND (ADJOURNED) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON MONDAY THE 10TH AUGUST 1925 AT 5-30 P.M.

Members.

Present	... 24	Absent	... 6

* * * *

43. *Water Supply Maintenance Charges*:—

Read letter No. Fl. 179, dated 11th July 1925, from the Financial Secretary to the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, stating that it was not feasible to comply with the suggestion of the Municipal Council to reduce the rate for power charged to the Vani Vilas Water Works and requesting the Municipal Council to point out means of defraying the expenditure from their resources.

As the charges in question cannot be met from the existing income of the Municipality and as any enhancement of taxation would be inopportune, the Council resolve to request the Government that the deficit in the working expenses, due to the present high rates for power, be treated as grant-in-aid to the Water Works as heretofore.

44. The following proposition was moved by Mr. M. Ramaswamy and seconded by Mr. P. Seetharamiah:—

"Owing to the existence of the defective system of storm water drainage in many parts of the City, several important roads and streets are cut away by heavy rains every year and as such, the Municipal Council, will be pleased to get the storm water drainage improved in the City immediately, considering the heavy loss the Municipality sustains every year".

Resolved that the Trust Board be requested to prepare a comprehensive scheme for each drainage area and set apart a sum of Rs. 10,000, for this purpose in the Trust Board every year.

45. Arrears of pay of Syed Gouse, Shekdar, for the months of February, March and April 1923, while he was on leave.

Sanctioned.

46. Considered application, dated 24th July 1925, from Messrs. D. A. Khan brothers, requesting that tax due on 12 bicycles kept by them for hire may be compounded under Section 71 (3) of the Municipal Regulation.

Resolved that the list of all cycle dealers in need of similar concession might be prepared and placed before the Council, so that the matter may be dealt with in a comprehensive way.

47. Considered the following proposition moved by Mr. B. K. Ramakrishniah and seconded by Mr. P. Seetharamiah.

"That the enhancement in the rental value of properties recently made in several Mohallas in the City, increasing the property tax payable for the year 1925-26, be set aside in the cases of properties occupied entirely by their owners, in view of the decided fall in the prices of properties all over the City, and that the enhancement in the cases of properties rented wholly, or in part, be in proportion to rise, if any, in the rent since last revision, but so as not be exceed in any case 12½ per cent to the standing valuation".

In the course of discussion, it was pointed out by some Councillors that as the assessment lists had not been prepared by the assessing officer after personal inspection in every case and as the public notice under Section 64 of the Municipal Regulation had been published only in the Municipal and Octroi Offices and not in other public buildings or in newspapers and as the Managing Committee had not been duly constituted for the year 1925-26, its decisions on objection petitions heard subsequent to 1st July 1925, might be open to objection.

The President pointed out that there was no legal provision requiring the assessing officer to personally inspect every property, that such inspection was neither feasible nor usual, that the legal requirements in respect both of the preparation of the list and of its publication under Section 64, had been fully satisfied and that if there might be omissions or mistakes, as was inevitable, they could be corrected by the Managing Committee, while hearing the objections of assessees.

In any case, it was pointed that it was not open to the Council without framing rules to that effect with the approval of Government or perhaps even obtaining fresh legislation to adopt different methods for assessing houses occupied by owners and those let to tenants and that no arbitrary limit could be imposed to the amount of enhancement in the rental valuation of any property.

Discussions had not been closed and the meeting was therefore adjourned to 5 P.M., on Monday the 17th instant.

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EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE THIRD (ADJOURNED) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON MONDAY THE 17TH AUGUST 1925, AT 5 P.M.

Members.

Present ... 27 | Absent ... 3

* * *

47. (Continued) :—

The President drew attention to the fact that the discussions regarding revised assessment had not been followed the lines of the proposition of Mr. B. K. Ramakrishniah, which was then before the meeting and that other issues such as the sufficiency of the public notice, the competency of the Managing Committee to dispose of the objections after 1st July 1925 etc., had been raised. It was suggested that these latter issues could be more conveniently discussed in connection with the ratepayers' petition which was also on the agenda. With the consent of the Council Mr. B. K. Ramakrishniah agreed to withdraw his proposition.

Mr. A. Krishna Rao, then moved and Mr. P. Seetharamiah seconded the following proposition :—

"Resolved that in view of the complaints of many rate payers that revision of assessment effected now has not been done equitably and further in view of the fact that the procedure adopted to do the same has been irregular and against the provisions of law, the present revision of assessment be set aside."

Mr. C. Narasimhaia and Mr. M. Venkatakrishniah, spoke in support of the proposition while Messrs. H. C. Dasappa, Mahomed Sait, K. Dhanakotichetty, Y. Virupakshiah and Rev. E. S. Edwards spoke against it.

The discussions on the motion had not concluded and the two following propositions ent in by Mr. H. C. Dasappa. on the same subject could not be considered through want of me and the matter was adjourned to Thursday 20th August 1925, at 5 P.M.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 4TH (ADJOURNED) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON THURSDAY THE 20TH AUGUST 1925 AT 5 P.M.

Members.

Present 28 | Absent 2.

The President opened the proceedings with the remark that the views of most of the members had been considerably modified in the light of the discusssions on the question of revision of assessment. The original proposal to give relief in different ways to houses occupied by owners and those occupied by tenants had been abandoned. Objections to the legal competency of those employed for carrying out the revision had been also withdrawn. The discussions in the later stages had brought to light two points in respect of which it was perhaps possible to assert that the requirements of the Regulation had not been literally fulfilled.

Firstly, although public notices had been issued under Section 64 of the Regulation and individual notices under Section 65, there was no evidence on record to show that the second public notice under Section 65 had also been issued. In the second place, although it had been the practice from a long time for each Managing Committee to function until the next one was appointed, exception might perhaps be taken to the validity of the decisions passed in July 1925 by the Managing Committee appointed for the official year 1924-25. Neither of these ommissions could possibly effect the merits of the re-assessment, but if it was even remotely possible that they could be made the ground for challenging its legality, it was desirable to cure these defects while there was yet time for doing so. The President therefore suggested that the Council might agree to the issue of a public notice under Section 65 and appoint a special officer with the consent of Government to dispose of the objections expeditiously.

Messrs. A. Krishna Rao, P. Seetharamiah, S. P. Rajagopalachar, Rev. E. S. Edward and B. K. Ramakrishniah were agreeable to these proposals, but suggested that when a public notice was issued under Section 65, another under Section 64 also might as well be re-issued

and that the re-publication of the list might be deferred for 15 days so as to give an opportunity to the Mohalla Councillors to propose any amendment (by way of enhancement or reduction) that they might consider necessary and also for the assessing officer to correct any clerical or other errors that might be discovered by further scrutiny. Messrs. Mahomed Sait, H. C. Dasappa, Y. Virupakshiah and K. Dhanakotichetty, while generally agreeing with the proposals, considered it unnecessary to re-publish the lists under Section 64 as this formality had already been complied with. In their opinion, as the re-examination of the list might create opportunities for enhancing the tax in some cases, they thought it inexpedient in the interests of ratepayers to go behind the published lists.

Draft resolutions embodying these slightly different views were considered and the Council finally passed the following proposition which was moved by Mr. B. K. Ramakrishniah and seconded by Mr. M. Ramaswamy. Fifteen Councillors voted for and two against the proposition, the rest being neutral :—

"This Council resolves as no public notice as required by Section 65 has been issued and as the sufficiency of the notice under Section 64 is doubted, to re-publish the lists after issuing sufficient notice under Section 64 and 65; and that ten days' time may be given before publication of the lists to correct any errors that may be pointed out by Councillors in respect of their Mohallas or that may be discovered by further scrutiny by the assessing officer."

"The Council further resolves to delegate the powers of the Managing Committee under Section 65 to an officer of Government to be nominated with the approval of Government."

"The Council also resolves that the public notice referred to above be published as follows :—"

1. Municipal Office,
2. Town Hall,
3. Public Library,
4. Post Office,
5. In newspapers, *viz.*,
   (*i*). Mysore Star,
   (*ii*). Vritttanta Patrika,
   (*iii*). Sampadabhyudaya.
6. By Tom Tom.

Constitution of Committees.

48. The several Committees of the Municipal Council were re-constituted as follows for the year 1925-26 :—

Managing Committee.

1. The President (Chairman).
2. Mr. P. Seetharamaih.
3. ,, Mahamed Gouse Peer.
4. ,, V. Thiruvengada Mudaliar.
5. ,, S. Srikantachar.
6. Mr. H. C. Dasappa.
7. ,, Mahamed Sait.
8. Dharmaprakasa, Mr. D. Banumiah.
9. Mr. Turuvekere Basavaraj Urs.

Health Committee.

1. The Health Officer (Convenor).
2. Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar.
3. ,, N. Setwaji Rao.
4. Mr. M. P. Bhogiah.
5. ,, Turuvekere Basavaraj Urs.
6. ,, M. C. Thammiah.

Schools Committee.

1. Vice-President (Chairman).
2. Mr. M. Venkatakrishniah.
3. ,, Mahamed Sait.
4. ,, V. Tiruvengada Mudaliar.
5. ,, C. Narasimhiah.
6. Dharmaprakasa, Mr. D. Banumiah.
7. Mr. M. Ramaswamy.
8. Mr. Mahamed Gouse Peer.
9. ,, T. Tampirran.
10. ,, P. S. Ramaswamy Iyengar.
11. ,, Rev. E. S. Edwards.
12. Assistant Inspector of Urdu Schools.
13. The Attendance Officer.

Bye-Laws Committee.

1. The President (Chairman).
2. Mr. A. Krishna Rao.
3. Mr. H. C. Dasappa,

Town Hall and Market Committees.

Town Hall.

1. The Chief Officer (Chairman).
2. Mr. H. C. Dasappa.
3. ,, V. Thiruvengada Mudaliar.
4. ,, M. Venkatakrishniah.
5. ,, Mahamed Gouse Peer.

Market.

1. The President (Chairman).
2. Dharmaprakasa, Mr. D. Banumiah.
3. Mr, Mahomed Sait.
4. ,, P. Seetharamiah.
5. Khan Bahadur, Mr. P. Pallonji.

Audit Committee.

To be brought at next meeting.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 5TH (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 29TH AUGUST 1925 AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present 27 | Absent 3

Some of the members suggested that it would be better if the Agenda which is generally in English, is translated into Kanarese and Kanarese copies sent to the members.

Resolved that Kanarese copies of Agenda should also be prepared and sent to such of the members as desire the same.

49. Proceedings of the following Committees for the month of July 1925.

1. Managing Committee.
2. Town Hall Committee.

Resolved that the Proceedings of the several committees in July 1925 be sent for confirmation or other action to the newly constituted Committees for 1925-26.

* * * *

51. Letter No. 2, dated 15th August 1925, form Mr. T. Srinivasa Iyengar, Pandit, Old Woodyard, Karnatic Dispensary, praying for a free cycle badge in view of the nature of his work.

Resolved that a cycle badge be given to Pandit Mr. T. Srinivasa Iyengar.

* * * *

54. Estimate of the probable cost of decorating Fort, Curzon Park, Banii Mantap, etc., during the Dasara festivities—Rs. 909.

Resolved that the estimate be approved.

55. Government Order No. L. 568-71—Ml. 154-24-7, dated 15th July 1925, observing that the Deaf and Dumb Institution, Mysore not being a religious or charitable one, is not entitled to free supply of water and is therefore liable to pay excess water charges.

Resolved that in respect of this institution, the actual consumption and free allowance of water be ascertained.

56. Notes of joint inspection of the Health Officer with the Superintendent of the Vani Vilas Water Works, Mysore, dated 13th July 1925, *re* the selection of places where urinals are required.

Resolved that two urinals be constructed during the current year, one near the Wesleyan Mission Girls' School and the other near Lansdowne Bazaar and that necessary estimates be prepared and placed before the Council.

* * * *

61. Read Government Order No. L. 660-64—Ml. 160-24-34, dated 30th July 1925, *re* the Budget estimates of the Municipal Council for 1925-26.

Recorded. The further information called for by the Government will be furnished by the President.

62. Chief Officer's Memo *re* the entertainment of an additional staff consisting of two peons on Rs. 10 each and 3 sweepers on Rs. 9 each to look after the cleanliness of the Devaraj Market.

Resolved that the additional establishment be sanctioned.

63. Estimates for re-coating the following roads :—

1. Karohatti Road (in front of Karohatty from Chamaraj Road to Talur Mutt Street and near boundary).
   Sanctioned. Further resolved that an estimate for shifting the tunnel be submitted for sanction.
2. Deevatige Street—(from Manantody Road to Chamundi Extension) Rs. 900.
   Sanctioned.
3. Road below Doddakere, (between Shankaralaya and Chammal Mutt Garden).
   Sanctioned. Further resolved that cross drains with stone slabs be provided for the overflow of water from the bund.
4. Dewan's Road—(between Vani Vilas Road and Chamaraj Road) Rs. 600.
   Sanctioned.

64. Town Hall Committee's Resolution No. II (3), dated 14th May 1925, regarding an additional room proposed to be given for the use of the Literary Union in Town Hall.

Approved. Further resolved that the Secretary of the Union be requested to consider the advisability of making the reading room free and open to the public.

* * * *

66. (*a*) The following proposition sent by 15 Municipal Councillors :—

1. That Resolution No. dated regarding the retirement of Mr. G. Krishna Rao, late Octroi Daroga be considered.

2. That the said Mr. G. Krishna Rao be retired on full pension in view of the long service rendered by him to the City Municipality.

Resolved that the papers be circulated confidentially among the Councillors, and the matter brought in the ordinary meeting of October 1925.

66. (*b*) Interpellation by Mr. U. R. Lingoji Rao, Municipal Councillor :—

The result of audit of Octroi accounts for the period of two years prior to the retirement of Mr. G. Krishna Rao, Octroi Daroga.

The report of the audit clerk together with notes of Audit Committee in respect of the accounts pertaining to the above period be placed before the Council at the next meeting.

Resolved that the papers be circulated confidentially among the Councillors, and the matter brought in the ordinary meeting of October 1925.

67. The following proposition from sixteen councillors *re* the reconsideration and final disposal of the application of Mr. C. Ramachandra Setty, late Octroi Daroga :—

"That the undersigned Councillors request you to be so good as to place the application of Mr. C. Ramachandra Setty, late Octroi Daroga of Mysore, with the previous records connected therewith in the next council meeting which takes place on the 29th instant for the consideration and final disposal thereof."

Resolved that the subject be brought at the October meeting.

* * *

71. Memo regarding an additional allotment of Rs. 6,000 under the head "refunds," as the budget provision of Rs. 2,000 has already exceeded.

Resolved that the additional allotment of Rs. 6,000 asked for be sanctioned.

72. Continuance of the temporary establishment entertained in connection with the revision of assessment till the end of December 1925.

Sanctioned.

* * *

75. Town Hall Committee's Resolution No. VII, dated 24th August 1925, *re* the placing of a room in the eastern wing of the Town Hall (ground floor) at the disposal of the Scouts' Association.

Sanctioned.

* * *

78. Estimate for re-coating with metal Bade, Makhan Road (continuation of Kalamma Temple Road) section from Bade, Makhan to Seringapatam Ookad—Rs. 1,170.

Sanctioned.

79. Town Hall Committee's Resolution No. V, dated 24th May 1925, sanctioning the estimate for Rs. 570 for repairing gallery in Town Hall.

Sanctioned.

* * *

83. Applications from the following cycle shop keepers that the tax due on the cycles kept by them for hire may be compounded under Section 71(3) of the Municipal Regulation :—

1.	Mr. Syed Mahomed ...	... 6 cycles
2.	,, S. Syed Mahomed ...	... 6 ,,
3.	,, Mahomed Ghouse Sahib	... 6 ,,
4.	Messrs. Mahomed Salar & Sons	... 15 ,,
5.	,, D. A. Khan & Brothers...	... 12 ,,
6.	,, Chikkaramasetty and others	... 10 ,,

Resolved that in the case of *bona fide* dealers, the bicycle tax be compounded for a sum equivalent to 50 per cent of the total amount chargeable at ordinary rates and distinctive badges be provided for identification.

* * *

85. Constitution of Audit Committee for 1925-26 (deferred subject).

Resolved that the Audit Committee be constituted as follows :—

1. Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar (Convenor).
2. ,, M. Narayanaswamy.
3. ,, T. Thampiran, B.A.

86. Read letter No. P. 1194-200—Prisons, dated 22nd August 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments *re* the Prisoners' Aid Society.

Resolved that the following members be requested to represent the Municipal Council on the Joint Committee appointed with the consent of the District Board.

1. Rev. E. S. Edwards.
2. Mr. P. S. Ramaswamy Iyengar.
3. ,, M. Ramaswamy.

87. Proceedings of the meetings held on the 8th, 10th, 17th and 20th August 1925.

Confirmed with certain verbal alterations.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 3RD ORDINARY MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE, HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE, ON FRIDAY THE 18TH SEPTEMBER 1925 AT 8 A.M.

Present 7 | Absent 2

I. Proceedings of the second ordinary meeting held on 21st August 1925.
Confirmed.

* x x x x

V. Programme of acquisition work for the year 1925-26.
Approved.

VI. Estimate for Rs. 1,110 for improving the Race Course Road from Daly Avenue towards Boulevard Circle.
Approved.

VII. Modified estimate for Rs. 727 for improving the new road to the south of Parade-ground.
Approved.

VIII. Modified estimates for Rs. 11,895 for improving Subbarayanakere.
Approved.

IX. Petition dated 7th September 1925, from Mr. Syed Karim, Muzavar, Babayana Makhan in Lashkar Mohalla, stating that he is not prepared to part with property No. (107) in Block 24, for which Rs. 92 is awarded as compensation.
The petitioner may be asked to state how the petitioner proposes to utilise the land, and how he ensures its being kept in a sanitary condition.

X. Statement showing bits of land sold during the month of August 1925.
Approved.

XIII. Petition dated 12th August 1925, from Mr. C. Dodjavarappa, requesting permission to construct houses on Survey No. 192 of Mysore Village (Chamundi Extension) and stating that he is willing to give up the portions required for opening roads and lanes free of cost.
The petitioner may be asked to state definitely what help he requires from the Trust Board and to explain clearly how he will provide for watersupply and drainage.

XV. Estimate for Rs. 145 for carrying drainage articles from Double Overseer's Lodge to Trust Board Stores, chargeable to "tools and plants."
Approved.

XVI. Acquisition of properties Nos. (4)705, (5)706, and (6)707 in Block 71, Nazarbad Mohalla.
May be notified for acquisition.

XVII. Petition dated 10th September 1925, from Dafedar Boriah of the Trust Board Office for reduction in the rate of annas 8 per square yard fixed for site No. 88, Bakshi Basappaji Urs Garden Extension.
Rate may be reduced to four annas per square yard.

XVIII. Estimate for Rs. 80 for cutting and forming road in Weavers' Lines.
May be sanctioned.

XX. Acquisition of property No. 72 in Block 77, Krishnaraja Mohalla by mutual agreement for widening Soppinakola lane.
Approved.

XXI. Letter dated 10th September 1925, from Rev. G. W. Sawday for 2 or 3 sites opposite the School Building in Doddaholagere for the construction of Teachers' Quarters.
Sites Nos. 202 and 203 may be sold at 2 annas per square yard.

XXII. Establishment required for the maintenance of the Fort Maidan and roads for the year 1925-26.
May be retained till the end of December 1925.

XXIII. Resumption of vacant sites in Bakshi Basappaji Urs Garden Extension.
The owners of the vacant sites may be given six months' time, to enclose the sites by a compound wall and a further period of six months to complete construction of houses.

XXIV. Resolved that a sum of Rs. 300 be sanctioned for the purchase of books, journals, etc., on town planning, house building and other allied subjects, and also for the purchase of Models.

XXV. Mr. Mahomed Sait pointed out that the sites on Old Travellers' Bungalow Road have not all been disposed of and those which have been sold have not been built upon.
Resolved that the question of utilisation of these sites should be brought up at the next meeting.

XXVI. Resolved that the papers *re* Dodpet improvement be circulated and some definite scheme worked out on economical lines.

Messrs. D'Cruz, Mahomed Sait and Dhanakoti Setty promised to co-operate with the Trust Board Engineer and Health Officer in the matter.

XXVII. The Board consider it necessary to continue the dwarf compound wall at the junction of Dodpet Road with rampart wall road and desire that an estimate be prepared for the purpose.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SPECIAL MEETINGS OF THE KOLAR GOLD FIELDS SANITARY BOARD HELD ON FRIDAY THE 18TH SEPTEMBER 1925, AT 3-30 P.M., IN THE SANITARY BOARD OFFICE, CHAMPION REEFS.

1925-26.

MEMBERS.

Present ... 12 — Absent ... 6

Read letters from the President and Messrs. C. F. Heathcote and K. Poosamy and W. R. Crocker and telephone message from Mr. Y. N. Krishnamurthy, District Medical Officer stating that they will not be able to attend the meeting to-day.

1. Draft Administration Report for the year 1924-25.

Resolution.—The draft report is adopted with the observation that the collections of Mohatarfa and House Taxes by the Revenue authorities are very poor and that the Deputy Commissioner, Kolar may be requested to take early action for the collection of these arrears and their credit to the Funds of the Sanitary Board.

2. To consider the proposal of the Chief Judge in the matter of shifting the Munsiff's Court at Robertsonpet to Sanitary Board Office at Champion Reefs.

Resolution—The Board is not in favour of the Munsiff's Court being held in their office building.

3. Memo No. 190, dated 17th September 1925, from the Superintendent, Bethamangala Water Works asking for opinion in the matter of giving water connection to the new building in the Roman Catholic Church Compound at Champion Reefs, at the cost of the church.

Resolution.—The reference may be sent to the Chief Medical Officer.

S. ABDUL WAJID,
Vice-President.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification No. H. C. 325—24-25, dated 29th September 1925.

Under Sections 49 and 50 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation of 1918 and with the approval of Government, the undermentioned Village Panchayets in the Kumsi Sub-Taluk are re-constituted for a period of three years.

HARANAHALLI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected Members.	*Nominated Members.*
1. Mr. Gajanur Chennappa	1. Mr. Rudrappa, Patel
2. ,, Javali Gurubasappa	2. ,, Imam Sab.
3. ,, Nadig Ranga Rao	3. ,, Jogappa
4. ,, Shroff Guru Rao	
5. ,, Dummi Murigappa	
6. ,, Durugada Bhimanna	

II. MANDAGATTA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Karibasappa Gowda	1. Mr. Basappa, Patel of the village
2. ,, Muddali Karibasappa	2. ,, Mudenur Siddalingappa
3. ,, Shivappa, Chinnikatte	

III. DYAVINAKERE VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Parameshwarappa	1. Mr. K. Hutcha Rao, Patel
2. ,, Budhivantha Basappa	2. ,, Kammar Halappa
3. ,, Ujjappa	

IV. BALEKOPPA VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Chennabasappa	1. Mr. Lakshminaranappa, Patel
2. ,, Purada Halappa	2. ,, Pujari Ramaiya
3. ,, Kunduranna	

R. TIRUNARANIENGAR,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

egistered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 15, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 2480—*Ml.* 22-25, *dated 7th October* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. Matada rgaiah, is elected a Municipal Councillor in the Channagiri Municipality in place of . C. Y. jundiah, resigned.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE.

No. 9.

OCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON TUESDAY THE 22ND SEPTEMBER 1925, AT 5 P.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Councillors.

Present ...	... 15	Absent ...	... 13
	Vacant ... 2.		

Subject.—Declaring the results of the Bye-Election of the (iii) Manavarthapet Division, d on 21st September 1925.

Messrs. B. L. Byanna and G. Muniyappa were appointed tellers. The voting papers re scrutinized, with the result that out of 271 votes that were registered, 270 votes were orded in favour of Mr. Hoskote Bhadrappa, the only candidate that was nominated for ction and the remaining one vote was invalid.

Mr. Hoskote Bhadrappa, having thus secured more than the minimum number of votes required under the rules, is declared duly elected.

MAHOMED ABBAS KHAN,
Honorary President.

MYSORE DISTRICT BOARD.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DISTRICT BOARD OF MYSORE PASSED AT A MEETING HELD AT 1 P.M. ON SATURDAY THE 12TH SEPTEMBER 1925.

Members.

Present ... ... 42 | Absent 5

DEFERRED SUBJECTS.

1. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Seringapatam for renting a building at Rs. 8 per mensem for locating the Taluk Board Office.

Resolution.—Deferred until the Coronation Committee of Seringapatam formally hand over the building to the District Board with a request for completion and maintenance.

2. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mysore for shifting the present Vaidyasala at Maragowdanahalli to Yelwal.

Resolution.—In the opinion of the District Board, it is not desirable to shift the Vaidyasala.

ORDINARY SUBJECTS.

3. Proceedings of the last District Board Meeting.

Resolution.—Confirmed.

4. Letter No. H. C. 61—24-25, dated the 29th August 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, forwarding for opinion or disposal of the District Board a list of local subjects classified as such at the District Preliminary Meeting held on the 15th August 1925.

Movers.	*Subject.*
(1) Messrs. G. Mallannah and Mahamad Sait, Mysore.	That Telephone system may be introduced into the Mysore City as the City has grown in area and importance.

Resolution.—It is desirable to have a public Telephone service in Mysore City.

(2) Mr. S. Krishnaswamy Rao, Mysore.	That the Additional Sub-Judge's Court at Mysore may be continued for at least two years more.

Resolution.—The Board consider the continuance of this Court for two years necessary in the public interests.

(3) Messrs. Bale Siddalinga Setty and B. Chennappa, Yedatore.	That the system of collecting tolls on the Yedatore Bridge may be caused to be discontinued as the cost of the construction of the Bridge has been recouped.

Resolution.—The Board are of opinion that if the accounts show that the cost of the Bridge has already been recouped, the further levy of the toll should be discontinued.

(4) Mr. H. N. Raghavendra Rao, Hunsur.	It is requested that the work of constructing a bridge in Periapatna-Bettadapura road may be expedited.

Resolution.—The Board resolve on the construction of a suitable causeway as early as possible.

(5) Mr. H. R. T. Rajagopala Mudaliar, Hunsur.	There is a rapid growth of Lantana in Hunsur Taluk and its speedy destruction is requested.

Resolution.—The Board is of opinion that for the present it is enough if further action is taken according to resolution 20 recorded by the District Board at their meeting on 11th July 1925.

(6) Mr. H. R. T. Rajagopala Mudaliar, Hunsur.	That Hunsur and Heggaddevankote Taluks may be brought under the Malnad Improvement System.

Resolution.—Deferred.

(7) Messrs. S. Deviah and Annegowda, Seringapatam Taluk.	That a complete Middle School may be opened at Kyatanahalli, which has a population of 3,400 in the Seringapatam Taluk.

Resolution.—Referred to the Education Sub-Committee.

(8) Messrs. S. Deviah and Annegowda, Seringapatam Taluk.	That the road from the French Rocks Railway Station to the North Bank of the Krishnaraja Sagara Works *via* Kyatanahalli be improved and the bridge across the Chikka Devaraja Channel be repaired.

Resolution.—A report may be obtained from the Taluk Board of Seringapatam as regards the road.

Repairs to the bridge are necessary.

(9) Messrs. Venkatappa *alias* Chikkanna and Chikke Gowda, Malvalli.	That a waiting room may be constructed at the Hampapur Railway Station for the convenience of the 3rd class passengers.

Resolution.—This may be sent to the Railway Department as a desirable suggestion.

Movers.	*Subject.*
(10) Messrs. Venkatappa *alias* Chikkanna and Chikke Gowda, Malvalli Taluk.	Requests that.— (*i*) an in-patient ward may be constructed for the Hospital at Malvalli; (*ii*) a compound wall may be built for the Hospital at Malvalli; and (*iii*) the Musafirkhana at Malvalli may be converted into a first class Musafirkhana and provided with another room.

Resolution.—(*i*) The District Board notes that the Municipal Council is willing to bear its quota. The District Board is also willing to bear its quota. The Government be moved to sanction the construction of an in-patient ward at Malvalli. (*ii*) The Municipal Council's opinion will be awaited. (*iii*) The construction of a third block may be undertaken as early as convenient.

(11) Messrs. S. C. Malliah and M. C. Linge Gowda, Mandya.	That the Primary School at Somanahalli be converted into an Incomplete Middle School.

Resolution.—Referred to the Education Sub-Committee.

(12) Mr. Linge Gowda, Krishnarajpet.	That a road may be opened from the North Bank of Krishnarajasagara Works to join the High Road at Chinkurli for the use of the travelling public.

Resolution.—Referred to the Taluk Board of Krishnarajpete (*vide* District Board Regulation, 39, dated 11th July 1925).

(13) Mr. Linge Gowda, Krishnarajpete.	Prays that the construction work of Musafirkhana near the Railway Station at Akkihebbal may be expedited.

Resolution.—There is no necessity to construct one now.

5. (*a*) Letter No. R. S. 360, dated the 13th August 1925, from the Secretary to Government for Railways, intimating the terms on which the Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway would be worked on its completion and inviting the opinion of the District Board in the matter of the purchase of the Railway by Government in accordance with the conditions laid down in G. O. No. Fl. 4932-81—G. F. 163-13-1, dated the 22nd April 1914.

(*b*) Recommendation of the Railway Sub-Committee:—

Resolution.—The terms offered by the Government for the working of the line and the option of purchase are agreed to. They are as follows.

The Mysore Railways will work the line charging 65 per cent of the gross earnings for working expenses and 5 per cent for the use of Rolling stock, the other conditions remaining the same as in item (ix) of Appendix B to Volume I of the Administration Report of the Railways of India for 1920-21, the percentages being subject to revision after a period of 5 years. The Government will have the option of purchase under Clause VII of Annexure A to G. O. No. Fl. 4932-81—G. F. 163-13-1, dated the 22nd April 1914.

6. (*a*) Letter No. 907—Fl. dated 15th August 1925, from the Engineer-in-Chief, Mysore Railways, regarding debiting the Royalty charges in respect of the building materials quarried for the Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway construction from the Government lands to the Project Estimate.

(*b*) Recommendation of the Railway Sub-Committee in the matter.

Resolution.—The recommendation of the Railway Sub-Committee is approved and a representation will be made to the Government accordingly.

7. Recommendations of the Railway Sub-Committee *re* the opening of Railway Feeder Roads.

Resolution.—The opening of the undermentioned Railway Feeder Roads be referred to the Taluk Board of Chamrajnagar.

(1) Kuderu to Badanaguppe.
(2) Honganur to Saragur.
(3) Hondrabal to Chamrajnagar.
(4) Dasanur to Badanaguppe.

Referred to the Taluk Boards of Nanjangud and Chamrajnagar.

The improvements of these roads will be kept in view.

8. Letter No. O. C. 367—25-26, dated the 15th August 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, requesting the payment of Rs. 4,000 as stamp duty towards the debentures of Nanjangud Chamrajnagar Railway under Section 8 of the Stamp Regulation.

Resolution.—May be paid.

9. Letter No. 198, dated the 10th August 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Water Supply Division, requesting the payment of the balance of Rs. 21-9-7 towards the cost of additional tap provided near Manoranjan Mahal.

Resolution.—Passed.

10. Letter No. 711, dated 19th November 1924, from the Executive Engineer, Special Division, requesting the payment of the balance of Rs. 23-6-0 outstanding out of the bill for Rs. 98-6-0 towards the cost of repairing the Musafirkhana well on the Chamundi Hill.

Resolution.—Passed.

11. Government Order No. L. 974-861—L. B. 50-25-1, dated 12th August 1925, sanctioning allotments of funds for each District towards the cost of sinking Drinking Water Wells, the allotment for the Mysore District, being Rs. 5,000.

Resolution.—An additional allotment of Rs. 5,000 be applied for in view of the large expenditure involved and incurred in this District.

12. Letter No. G. C. 186-11, dated 6th August 1925, from the Senior Surgeon inviting the opinion of the District Board in the matter of paying Rs. 15 per mensem towards the rent of the house proposed for locating the Dispensary at Akkihebbal.

Letter No. L. 1288, dated 25th August 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary to Government in the same matter.

Resolution.—The Board is willing to pay the rent of Rs. 15 per mensem for the dispensary.

13. Communication dated 19th August 1925, from Sirdar M. Lakshmikanta Raje Urs, regarding (1) holding of the santhe at Manasikyatanahalli on Saturdays instead of on Mondays as resolved by the District Board, (2) the utilisation of the santhe fees by the Inamdar himself instead of crediting the same to the District Board Funds.

Resolution.—The Board does not see sufficient grounds to alter their resolution.

14. Proposal of the Heggaddevankote Taluk Board suggesting that Local Fund Dispensaries at Hampapur and Karapur are necessary and till funds are found for the purpose, Ayurvedic Vaidyasalas may be given for these places.

Resolution.—The District Board will sanction one vaidyasala at such place as the Taluk Board selects.

15. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Malvalli proposing that the matter of contributing by the District Board half the cost of appointing a Hakeem at Kiragaval and Vaidyas at Boppagowdanapura and Doddarasinakere may be reconsidered.

Resolution.—The Taluk Board may meet the entire cost as they have funds for the purpose.

16. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mysore for opening a Vaidyasala at Chetnahalli.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

17. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Malvalli for granting a monthly allowance of Rs. 5 to the Hakeem of Belakavadi,

Resolution.—Sanctioned from the Taluk Fund.

18. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mandya for opening Ayurvedic Vaidyasalas at Koppa and Basaral during 1925-26.

Resolution.—(*a*) Sanctioned.

(*b*) As a general rule passed pupils of the Mysore Ayurvedic School or those holding similar certificates should be employed whenever available.

19. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Seringapatam for opening a Vaidyasala at Nelamane.

Resolution.—(*a*) Sanctioned.

(*b*) As a general rule passed pupils of the Mysore Ayurvedic School or those holding similar certificates should be employed whenever available.

20. Nanjangud Taluk Board President's No. 483, dated 9th January 1925, proposing that the pay of the caretaker of the third class Traveller's Bungalow at Hediyala may be raised from Rs. 7 to Rs. 9.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

21. Proposal of the Mysore Taluk Board President for increasing the pay of the caretakers of Chatnahalli and Kadakola Travellers' Bungalows from Rs. 7 to Rs. 9 each.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

22. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mandya for the entertainment of a caretaker on Rs. 2 per mensem to look after the chavadi at Koppa.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

23. Proposal of the Krishnarajpete Taluk Board and Kikkeri Village Panchayet to levy fees at the shandies held at Thandekere and Kikkeri as per Government Order No. L. 3788-91—L. B. 132-21-27, dated the 21st November 1922.

Resolution.—The following rates are sanctioned.

Item.	*Rate.* Rs.	a.	p.
(1) Bullock cart	0	2	0
(2) Voddar cart	0	1	0
(3) Single bullock load	0	0	6
(4) Head load	0	0	3

24. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Krishnarajpete for opening an Agricultural Depot at Akkihebbal.

Resolution.—The Akkihebbal Village Panchayet may run a Depot by setting apart a sum of Rs. 250 as a fund for this purpose.

25. Mandya Taluk Board President's No. 195, dated 6th August 1925, regarding the adjustment of expenditure incurred excess of the budget allotment during 1922-23, under "Accommodation for travellers" as per audit objection statements.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

26. The undermentioned papers relating to the third class Travellers' Bungalow at Mysore :—

(*a*) G. O. No. G. 7629-70—G. M. 14-24-25, dated 1st April 1925, directing the reconversion of the old Travellers' Bungalow at Mysore into a third class Travellers' Bungalow.

(*b*) Proposal of the Mysore Taluk Board for the entertainment of a scavenger for this Travellers' Bungalow.

(*c*) Letter No. G. 1287—G. M. 176-25, dated 24th August 1925, from the Chief Secretary to the Government inviting the opinion of the District Board as to whether they would bear the cost of repairs of this bungalow.

(*d*) Correspondence ending with Mysore Taluk Board President's report No. 146, dated 29th August 1925, *re* an estimate for Rs. 456 for supplying electric lights to this bungalow.

Resolution.—The District Board regret that they do not see their way to maintain a Travellers' Bungalow in Mysore City.

27. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Krishnarajpete in the matter of the District Board taking over charge of the road constructed by Sowcar Mr. Padmaiya from Kikkeri to Sravanabelagola after it is properly formed.

Resolution.—(*a*) Approved.

(*b*) The Taluk Board may arrange for its annual maintenance from 1926-27.

(*c*) The District Board appreciates the generosity of Mr. Padmaiay and places on record their thanks for his generous work.

28. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mandya suggesting that one-half of the toll income levied at Nidasala by the Tumkur District Board on Maddur-Tumkur Road may be claimed by the District Board of Mysore and the income thus received utilised for the improvement of this road.

Resolution.—The District Board requests the Government to secure half the toll or to permit this Board to open a toll-gate on the Mysore side of the frontier subject to the condition that the payment of toll at one gate will free the traffic of payment at the other on the same day.

29. Correspondence relating to the acquisition of Survey No. 39 of Narchanahalli, Yedatore Taluk, for shifting the present Holageri of the place.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

30. Correspondence relating to the acquisition of Survey Nos. 652 and 653 for the extension of Kodagahalli village in the T.-Narsipur Taluk.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

31. Correspondence ending with Mysore Taluk Board President's No. H. C. 143 of 24-25, dated 9th September 1925, for acquiring a portion of Survey No. 89 for the extension of Belavadi village.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

32. Memo from the Sub-Division Officer, French Rocks, forwarding a mutchalika executed by Mr. Gangappa of Bellur agreeing to pay a further sum of Rs. 1,000 for the construction of an in-patients ward to the Local Fund Dispensary at Bellur and requesting that the Local Fund Dispensary and the ward may be named after him.

Also G. O. No. 1782-7—Med. 49-22-12, dated 7th September 1925, sanctioning construction of the dispensary building.

Resolution.—Recorded.

The thanks of the Board will be communicated to Mr. Gangappa for his generosity.

33. Mandya Taluk Board President's No. 1242, dated 19th March 1925, requesting sanction to the pound commission bills of the Nidaghatta cattle-pound for September, October and December 1922, as the claim is more than two years' old.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

34. Proposal of the Yedatore Taluk Board for continuing the services of the Special Sheikdar entertained by the Taluk Board for another year for the collection of the Village Panchayet's dues.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

35. Malvalli Municipal Council President's report No. 139 submitting the council's resolution agreeing to bear its quota of the cost for the construction of a ward to the Malvalli Dispensary for the convenience of the sick.

Resolution.—The District Board is also willing to bear its quota. The Government be moved to sanction the construction of an in-patient ward at Malvalli.

36. Review on the Vital Statistics for the half-year ending 30th June 1925.

Resolution.—Recorded.

The Board note with concern the increased mortality under "Malaria" and resolve that a special anti-malarial campaign be initiated.

37. G. O. No. L. 953-6—L. B. 77-25-2, dated 11th August 1925, passing orders in the matter of the utilisation of the sum of Rs. 2,500 provided in the District Board Budget for 1925-26, for Sericultural Works in the District.

Resolution.—(*a*) Recorded.

(*b*) The scholarships may be awarded by the President after scrutiny of the applications by the Economic Development Sub-Committee, applications being called for from candidates in the Mysore District.

38. Travelling allowance bill of the Sanitary Inspector of Seringapatam Taluk Board for April 1925, for halting at Melkote for more than 10 days in connection with special duty during the Vairamudi Jatra.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

39. Letter No. R. O. C. 2038 of 24-25, dated 28th August 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, requesting to be informed as to whether the District Board will bear the cost of maintenance of the Police Force to be entertained in connection with the Nanjangud-Chmarajnagar Railway Construction.

Resolution.—The protection of life and property and the preservation of the public peace is a charge on the Government revenues and the Board requests that the Government may kindly bear the expenditure.

40. (*a*) Letter No. B. B. Sl. 150-2002, dated 7—9th May 1925, from the Auditor, Mysore Railways, forwarding a detailed statement working upto Rs. 1,41,672-13-4, for the capital expenditure incurred on Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway construction before the present construction work was taken up.

(*b*) G. O. No. L. 4057-8—L. B. 129-22-24, dated 2nd December 1924, fixing the amount to be paid to Government by the District Board at rupees one lakh in respect of the old works for the above line in view of the deterioration in works.

Resolution.—A sum of Rs. 34,889-4-1 is included in the statement for land, which under item III of Annexure A to Government Order No. Fl. 4932-81—G. F. 163-13-1, dated 22nd April 1914, should be provided free of charge by the Government. A rebate to this extent should be claimed from the Government out of the one lakh paid in pursuance of the above Government Order.

41. Proceedings of the Education Committee regarding the utilisation of the cess amount.

Resolution.—General principles proposed by the Sub-Committee are approved, but no portion of the cess need be utilised for opening aided primary schools.

42. Proceedings of the Economic Development Committee in the matter of the utilisaation of the provision made for Economic Development work in the current year's District Board Budget.

Resolution.—All the proposals are deferred for submission of definite schemes.

43. Proceedings of the Rules Committee appointed for making Rules under Section 20 of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation of 1918 for the conduct of the District Board Meetings.

Resolution.—Approved with certain modifications. *Vide* Annexure 'A'.

44. Letter No. L. 1476—L. B. 31-25-8, dated 29th August 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary pointing out that the estimate sent for sanction for the construction of a Rest-House at Kotebetta in the Nagamangala Taluk is for Rs. 1,210 while the estimate approved by the District Board is for Rs. 1,100 and calling for a correct resolution of the Board.

Resolution.—The estimate for Rs. 1,210 is approved.

45. Letter No. L. 1594—L. B. 31-25-7, dated 3rd September 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary pointing out that the estimate for constructing a Rest-House at Bindiganavale, Nagamangala Taluk is for Rs. 1,100 as approved by the District Board while that sent for sanction is for 1,210 and calling for a correct resolution of the Board.

Resolution.—The estimate for Rs. 1,210 is approved.

46. Letter No. L. 1,511—L. B. 31-25-9, dated 31st August 1935, from the Local and Legislative Secretary, pointing out that the estimate as approved by the District Board for constructing a Rest-House at Hullamballi, Malvalli Taluk is for Rs. 4,500 while the estimate sent for sanction is for Rs. 2,440 and calling for a correct resolution of the Board.

Resolution.—The estimate for Rs. 2,440 is approved.

47. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nanjangud in the matter of contributing Rs. 5,000 from its closing balance towards the construction of a maternity building at Nanjangud, the building being named after the Taluk Board.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

48. Nanjangud Taluk Board President's Report No. 159, dated 30th August 1925, forwarding for sanction from District Funds an estimate for Rs. 378 for repairing the Suttur road.

Resolution.—Being a taluk interior communication, it is debitable to Taluk Fund.

49. Nanjangud Taluk Board President's No. 158, dated 30th August 1925, forwarding for sanction from District Funds an estimate for Rs. 375, for repairing the road leading to Nerle from the deviation of 4/10 of Nanjangud-Kowlande road.

Resolution.—*Vide* Resolution No. 48.

50. D. O., dated the 27th August 1925, from the Amildar of T.-Narsipur, regarding the posting of a Special Duty Sub-Assistant Surgeon and the opening of a temporary Hospital at Talakad during the ensuing Panchalinga Darsana Jatra.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

51. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Krishnarajpete in the matter of investing Rs. 1,000 out of the closing balance of Akkihebbal Village Panchayet.

Resolution.—Sanctioned. The Government may be moved to accord sanction to the same as the Regulation does not separately provide for it.

52. The undermentioned proposals of the Finance Committee :—

(1) Appointment of a temporary clerk on Rs. 30 per mensem for a period of four months for sorting the records of the District Board Office.

(2) Appointment of a peon on Rs. 10 per mensem for office work in addition to the existing two peons.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

53. Supply of lunch to the members attending the District Board meeting.

Resolution.—The Board adheres to its original resolution that the arrangement of providing lunch is more economical and makes for expedition in the conduct of business as it avoids prolongation of meetings to more than one day.

54. Special repair estimates for improving the undermentioned roads received with Mysore Division Executive Engineer's letter No. 380, dated 11th September 1925.

	Rs.
1. Mysore-Talakad-Sivasamudram road ...	... 4,970
2. Nanjangud-T.-Narsipur road ...	... 2,500
3. Seringapatam-Sosale-Sivasamudram road	... 6,000
4. T.-Narsipur-Chamrajnagar road ...	... 7,164
5. Bangalore-Mysore road *via* Kankanhalli	... 1,918

Resolution.—Sanctioned as all these roads are in need of permanent improvements.

55. Letter No. 370, dated 10th September 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding for needful action the undermentioned estimates.

	Rs.
(1) Special repairs of Madapur-Kaliyur road	... 4,265
(2) Special repairs of Mugur-Kollegal road	... 1,000

Resolution.—Sanctioned, half the cost being met from Taluk Fund and the other half from District Funds.

56. Letter No. L. 1,468, dated 29th August 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary stating that the proposal of Nanjangud Taluk Board for introducing the system of compulsory vaccination into villages with a population of 500 and above may await the issue of the Regulation in the matter.

Regulation No. VII of 1925, amending the Mysore Vaccination Regulation I of 1906.

Resolution.—Recorded.

57. T.-Narsipur Taluk Board President's Report No. 83, dated 5th August 1925, regarding estimates for Rs. 500 and Rs. 300 for sanitation and lighting charges during the ensuing Panchalinga Darsana Jatra at Talakad.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

58. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Krishnarajpete for the levy of a bridge cess at 3 pies per rupee on all items of revenue on which local cess is levied for a period of 10 years towards the cost of bridging the Hemavathi river both at Akkihebbal and Mandagere.

Resolution.—Referred back to the Taluk Board with reference to Section 26 (*b*) of the Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation of 1918.

59. Letter No. L. 1970—L. B. 89-25-2, dated the 11th September 1925, from the Secretary to Government for Railways communicating the orders of the Government in the matter of Railway Officers attending meetings of District Board.

Resolution.—Recorded.

60. Estimates received from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division for :—

	Rs.
(1) Constructing a high level road dam with 2 vents of 5 x 2 at 8/6 for Nagarle Addahalla on Nanjangud T.-Narsipur road ...	1,850
(2) Improving Yagatihalla causeway on Mandya-Naganangala road at 1/19 ...	2,600
(3) The special repairs of—	
(i) Kowlande-Kollegal road ...	1,985
(ii) Gundlupet-Chamrajnagar road ...	1,496
(iii) Hunsur-Begur road ...	1,000

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

61. The undermentioned subjects were read and deferred :—

(1) Letter No. 26, dated 29th—30th July 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding for the opinion of the District Board copy of Chief Engineer's Docket regarding the establishment of toll-gates on District Fund roads.

(2) Proposal of the Taluk Board of Krishnarajpete in the matter of taking over by the District Board for maintenance the portion of the road within this District from Kantarajapura to Channarayapatna by the villagers of Kantarajapura.

(3) D. O. letter No. 48, dated 10th September 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education stating that the proposal of the District Inspector regarding the utilisation of the cess amount are being scrutinised in his office and that the consideration of the question may be postponed for the next meeting of the Board.

62. Read and recorded the Government Orders and other communications.

63. Date of the next meeting of the District Board, (28th November 1925, at 1 P M.)

G. MALLANAH,
For President.

ANNEXURE A.

RULES FOR THE CONDUCT OF THE DISTRICT BOARD MEETINGS FRAMED UNDER SECTION 20 OF THE LOCAL BOARDS REGULATION OF 1918.

1. The members of the District Board may exercise the right of sending one resolution and two interpellations each for every District Board meeting.

2. Resolutions and interpellations as above should be sent so as to reach the District Board President's Office not later than 20 days before the date of meeting.

3. The president will select 12 of the Resolutions and 12 of the Interpellations for each meeting.

4. Papers connected with the Agenda of the District Board meeting will be made available to the members of the District Board Office with the approval of the President.

5. A member of the District Board may call the attention of the President to any neglect in the execution of the District Board Work, to any waste of the District Board property or to the wants of any locality within the District Board area and may suggest any improvements which may appear desirable.

6. A "Works Committee" be constituted as required in Rule 18 of the Rules issued with Government Notification No. 11758—L. B. 54-18-8, dated 15th March 1919.

ANNEXURE B.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE RAILWAY COMMITTEE MEETING HELD AT NANJANGUD ON WEDNESDAY THE 26TH AUGUST 1925.

Members.

Present ... 3 | Absent ... 2

1. Read correspondence ending with letter No. 907, dated 18th August 1925, from the Engineer-in-Chief in Mysore, *re*-debiting to the Railway Project estimate the royalty charges in respect of building materials quarried for the Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway line.

Resolution.—Considering that the Railway is a project which benefits the raiyats in the first instance, the Government be approached that the recovery of royalty of materials quarried for the construction of the Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway line may be kindly waived, especially as no provision has been made for this in the estimate and also in view of the provision in Rule (iii), Appendix A to G. O. No. Fl. 4932-81—G. F. 163-13-1, dated 22nd April 1914, prescribing rules for granting certain concessions when railway construction is undertaken.

2. Read letter No. R. S. 360, dated 13th August 1925 from the Railway Secretary to Government communicating the conditions under which the Railway Department would run the Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway after the line is completed and ascertaining the views of the District Board in the question of the right of purchase of the Railway as prescribed in the Government Order of 1914.

Resolution.—The terms offered by Government may be accepted.

In regard to last para of the Railway Secretary's letter, this Committee is of opinion that the District Board might allow the Government to purchase the railway on the terms specified in clauses VII and VIII of the Government Order, dated 22nd April 1914.

3. Opening of Railway Feeder roads.

Resolution.—The following Railway Feeders may be opened:—

1. From Kuderu to Badanaguppe.
2. Harave to Chamrajnagar.
3. Kagalawadi to Chamrajnagar.
4. Dasanur to Badanaguppe.
5. Dasanur to Ummatthur.

4. Date of the next Committee Meeting.—16th September 1925, at Chamrajnagar at 2 P.M.

S. N. APPANNIENGAR,
Chairman.

CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE.

No. 10.

PROCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON TUESDAY THE 22ND SEPTEMBER 1925 AT 5-15 P.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present 15. *Absent* 13.
Vacant 2.

Subject No. 1.—Memo No. 3324, dated 15th September 1925, from the Chief Engineer of Mysore forwarding for information copy of his letter No. 269, dated 15th September 1925, to the Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, regarding the improvement of water supply to the Bangalore City. Also letter No. 3474, dated 21st September 1925, from the Chief Engineer of Mysore stating that he inspected the Dod-Tumkur tank with the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore District, on the 18th September 1925 and that an estimate for Rs. 25,000 being the crop compensation that may have to be paid to the raiyats in case it is decided to breach that tank and to let down the supply to the Hessarghatta tank, has been prepared.

Resolution.—The following resolution proposed by Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao and seconded by Mr. S. N. Seetharama Rao was carried unanimously:—

Resolved that the two letters read above be recorded with the observation that the Chief Engineer be requested to state the period of time for which the supply would last if the Council agrees to pay for the portion of the water supplied to it from the tank in case the contingency for the same arises and that an early communication in the matter be called for from him to facilitate the disposal of the question. Resolved further that on receipt of the Chief Engineer's further communication, the Council will see their way to finally resolve on the payment of the contribution for the water to be supplied to this Municipality from the Dod-Tumkur tank.

Subject No. 2.—Estimates for the following works:—

(1) Estimate for Rs. 6,000 for metalling the widened portion of the Mysore Road from the 5th to 10th furlongs.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

(2) Estimate for Rs. 2,850 for kerbing and forming footpaths on the sites of the Mysore Road from the junction of the Agrahar Tank Bund Ookad towards east up to Barr Lines square.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

(3) Estimate for Rs. 1,925 for reforming Mysore Road from the Market Circus to the 1st main road of new Tharagupet.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

(4) Estimate for Rs. 830 providing kerbing with two footpaths one on each side of the Mysore Road from the Market Circus to the 1st main road of New Tharagupet.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

(5) Estimate for reforming the Kitchetty Chattram Road, 2nd and portions of 1st and 4th furlongs amounting to Rs. 1,200.

Resolution—Sanctioned.

(6) Estimate for reforming Aralepet Road, 3rd, 4th and a portion of 5th furlongs, (III)B Division, amounting to Rs. 1,125.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

(7) Estimate for reforming District Office Road 114 of 1st, 2nd, 3rd, 4th 5th, and 612 furlongs amounting to Rs. 2,500.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

(8) Estimate for reforming Gordon Avenue Road, 7th, 10th and 11th furlongs amount-

Subject No. 3.—Letter No. 297, dated 5th September 1925, from the Special Engineer, City Improvement Works, submitting for sanction an estimate for Rs. 3,646 for constructing the ornamental railings to the eastern and the western side of the Market Circus,

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

Subject No. 4.—Municipal Commissioner's Memo, dated 16th September 1925, submitting an allocation statement regarding the City Improvement Works, for the year 1925-26.

Resolution.—Approved.

Subject No. 5.—Draft rules for regulating the asking of interpellations in the Council Meetings.

Resolution.—The rules were read out one by one and it was resolved that they be approved.

(*Note.*—1. An amendment to rule No. 4 of which notice was given by Mr. B. L. Byanna was withdrawn by him at the meeting.

2. An amendment to rule No. 14 of which notice was given by Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon was considered though he was absent at the meeting, but it was lost.)

MAHOMED ABBAS KHAN,
Honorary President.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

Notification No. 1 *of* 1925-26.

Whereas it has appeared to the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Mysore, that by acquiring the undermentioned properties for the purpose noted against each of them further improvements can be made in the locality in which they are situated, it is hereby notified in accordance with Section 16 (1) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation, III of 1903, that the Board have resolved to acquire the said properties.

The plans and statements showing the extent of land, etc., required for the proposed improvements may be seen in the Chairman's Office located in the Rangacharlu Memorial Hall, Mysore, during office hours.

The following are the particulars of the properties to be acquired :—

Serial No.	Mohalla	Block No.	Plan No.	Door No.	Name of the owner and details of land	Boundaries				Remarks
						East	West	North	South	
1	Nazarbad Mohalla	71	4	705	Venkatappa— Land 42′ x 20′—93 square yards with structure thereon.	Lane ..	Palace land ..	Lane ..	Palace land ..	Insanitary
2		71	5	706	Ponnusamy Pillay— Land 24′ x 25′—67 square yards with structure thereon.	Lane and open land.	Do ..	Venkatappa's house.	Lane ..	
3		71	6	707	Mudalappa alias Kariyappa— Land 33′ x 30′ / 66′ x 51′ —484 square yards. with structure thereon.	Lane ..	Do ..	Palace land ..	Ponnusamy Pillay's house.	

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification No. H. C. 325 (*Rev.*) 24-25, *dated 3rd October* 1925.

Under Section 51 (a) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation of 1918, the following gentlemen have been declared elected as Chairmen of the respective Village Panchayets noted against their names in the Sorab Taluk of the Shimoga District.

Name of Chairman elected.	*Name of Village Panchayet.*
Mr. Nadig Bhaskara Rao	Ulavi.
„ Patel Mallarappa	Hetche.
„ Balekai Chennabasappa ...	Anavatti.
„ Patel Basappa	Tavanandi.

R. TIRUNARANIENGAR,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification No. L. B. 181—25-26, *dated* 10*th October* 1925.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that owing to a heavy landslip in the 8th furlong of the 11th mile in the Kalasa-Balehole-Magundi Road between Balehole and the Bhadra river, the said road will not be fit for through traffic of any kind till the end of January 1926.

C. SRINIVASA RAO,
For *President.*

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 2607—*Ml.* 64-25-10, *dated* 13*th October* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. S. Ramappa, as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Srinivaspur, is approved.

No. L. 2609—*Ml.* 64-25-9, *dated* 13*th October* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Yernool Venkatarayappa as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Chikballapur is approved.

No. L. 2634—*Ml.* 110-25-1, *dated* 13*th October* 1925.

Under Clause (c) of Sub-Section (2) of Section 23 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation 1906, as amended by Regulation V of 1918, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to introduce the following amendments in Rules 5 and 10 of the Rules issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925 to regulate the election of the President and the Vice-President of a Town or Minor Municipal Council:—

1. The following shall be substituted for Clause (c) of Rule 5, *viz.*,

"If there are only two candidates and both of them secure an equal number of votes, *the election of one of them shall be made by lot by the presiding authority of the meeting in such manner as the Municipal Council at such meeting shall decide.*"

2. The following shall be substituted for the last sentence of Clause (d) of Rule 5, *viz.*,

"If the two candidates left after the elimination secure an equal number of votes, the election of one of them shall be made in the manner indicated in Clause (c) *supra* as amended."

3. In Clause (1) of the said rule, after the word and figure "Rule (4)," the words "or when the election is made by lot under Clauses (c) and (d) *supra* as amended," shall be added.

4. The words "or in the event of two candidates securing an equal number of votes" after the words "approved by Government" in Rule 10 shall be deleted.

No. L. 2722--*Ml.* 70-25-13, *dated* 17*th October* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Malkappa as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Jagalur, is approved.

No. L. 2680--*Ml.* 70-25-11, *dated* 15*th October* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Hosamatada Chennappiah as Vice-President of the Harihar Municipal Council, Chitaldrug District, is approved.

No. L. 2686—*Ml.* 70-25-12, *dated* 15*th October* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Khaji Sammad Sahib as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Malebennur, Chitaldrug District, is approved.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

Notification No. 1 *of* 1925-26.

Whereas it has appeared to the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Mysore, that by acquiring the undermentioned properties for the purpose noted against each of them further improvements can be made in the locality in which they are situated, it is hereby notified in accordance with Section 16 (1) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation, III of 1903, that the Board have resolved to acquire the said properties.

The plans and statements showing the extent of land, etc., required for the proposed improvements may be seen in the Chairman's Office located in the Rangacharlu Memorial Hall, Mysore, during office hours.

The following are the particulars of the properties to be acquired :—

Serial No.	Mohalla	Block No.	Plan No.	Door No.	Name of the owner and details of land	Boundaries				Remarks
						East	West	North	South	
1	Nazarbad Mohalla	71	4	705	Venkatappa— Land 42' x 20'—93 square yards with structure thereon.	Lane ..	Palace land ..	Lane ..	Palace land ..	Insanitary
2		71	5	706	Ponnusamy Pillay— Land 24' x 25'—67 square yards with structure thereon.	Lane and open land.	Do ..	Venkatappa's house.	Lane ..	
3		71	6	707	Mudalappa alias Kariyappa— Land 33' x 30' } 66' x 51' } —484 square yards. with structure thereon.	Lane ..	Do ..	Palace land ..	Ponnusamy Pillay's house.	

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification No. L. B. 181—25-26, *dated* 10*th October* 1925.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that owing to a heavy landslip in the 8th furlong of the 11th mile in the Kalasa-Balehole-Magundi Road between Balehole and the Bhadra river, the said road will not be fit for through traffic of any kind till the end of January 1926.

C. SRINIVASA RAO,
For *President.*

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 2827—*Ml.* 70-25-14, *dated* 20*th October* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Y. M. Doddappa as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Davangere, is approved.

No. L. 2846—*Ml.* 13-25-10, *dated* 21*st October* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, and the rules issued thereunder, it is hereby notified that Mr. Hoskote Bhadrappa has been duly elected as Municipal Councillor of the III Division, Bangalore City Municipality, *vice* Mr. B. K. Garudachar, resigned.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

Notification No. 1 *of* 1925-26.

Whereas it has appeared to the Board of Trustees for the Improvement of the City of Mysore, that by acquiring the undermentioned properties for the purpose noted against each of them further improvements can be made in the locality in which they are situated, it is hereby notified in accordance with Section 16 (1) of the City of Mysore Improvement Regulation, III of 1903, that the Board have resolved to acquire the said properties.

The plans and statements showing the extent of land, etc., required for the proposed improvements may be seen in the Chairman's Office located in the Rangacharlu Memorial Hall, Mysore, during office hours.

The following are the particulars of the properties to be acquired :—

Serial No.	Mohalla	Block No.	Plan No.	Door No.	Name of the owner and details of land	Boundaries: East	West	North	South	Remarks
1	Nazarbad Mohalla	71	4	705	Venkatappa— Land 42′ x 20′—93 square yards with structure thereon.	Lane ..	Palace land ..	Lane ..	Palace land ..	Insanitary
2		71	5	706	Ponnusamy Pillay— Land 24′ x 25′—67 square yards with structure thereon.	Lane and open land.	Do ..	Venkatappa's house.	Lane ..	
3		71	6	707	Mudalappa alias Kariyappa— Land 33′ x 30′ / 66′ x 51′ —484 square yards, with structure thereon.	Lane	Do ..	Palace land ..	Ponnusamy Pillay's house.	

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Notification dated 19th October 1925.

Under Section 51 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, it is hereby notified that the following gentlemen have been declared elected as chairmen of the several Village Panchayets noted against each in the Arsikere Taluk during the term of their present constitution :—

1.	Mr. Venkatagiriyappa	Murundi	Village Panchayet.
2.	„ Rudrappa	Halkur	do
3.	The Shekdar of the Hobli	Gandasi	do
4.	Mr. Marulusiddappa	Kolgunda	do
5.	„ Siddaiah	Bendekere	do
6.	„ Thimmegowda	Kenkere	do
7.	„ Patel Siddaramegowda	Kuruvanka	do
8.	„ Venkatanaranappa	Kondavagil	do
9.	„ Byrappa	Aggunda	do
10.	„ Kalappa	Kamasamudra	do
11.	The Shekdar of the Hobli	Bageshpur	do
12.	Mr. Keshavamurthi	Javagal	do
13.	„ Giriyappa	Thalalur	do

R. NANASAMI RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

KADUR DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE FIRST MEETING OF THE KADUR DISTRICT BOARD CONVENED ON THE 21ST SEPTEMBER 1925.

Members.

Present ... 23 | Absent ... 7

1. Read extract from the Tour Notes of the Officiating Dewan suggesting the opening of a dispensary at Lingadahalli if the people contributed towards the construction of buildings. (Deferred at the last meeting).

Deferred till the residents of Lingadahalli donate buildings.

2. Read construction of the Railway from Kadur to Chikmagalur (explaining the result of the deputation by the Vice-President).

Resolved that the Government be moved again to put the Chikmagalur-Kadur Line on hand immediately as the Board have already expressed their willingness to contribute half the cost of the scheme, *viz.*, about Rs. 12 lakhs.

3. (*a*) Read letter No. 4996—L. B. 94-24-5, dated 15th January 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, suggesting that necessary provision be made in the Board's Budget for 1925-26 for the construction of a compound wall to the Local Fund Dispensary at Birur.

(*b*) Read Executive Engineer's letter No. 255, dated 29th April 1925, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 1,335 therefor.

(c) Read letter No. 1736 dated 1st June 1925 from the President, Birur Municipal Council intimating the resolution of the Municipality pleading their inability to contribute their quota of cost for its construction.

Resolved that the Board are willing to contribute their quota of the cost.

4. Read letter No. 8699-714—Sany. 18-24-7, dated 8th May 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, calling for the Board's opinion regarding the usefulness of the Chief Sanitary Inspectors.

The Present Chief Sanitary Inspector's work is satisfactory. The appointment may be continued.

5. Read Narasimharajapura Taluk Board President's No. 876, dated 8th June 1925, recommending the introduction of the Village Sanitation Rules into the Village Panchayets of Muthinakoppa, Nelagadde and Balehonnur.

This may be done.

7. Read Veterinary Superintendent's letter No. 156, dated 2nd July 1925, inviting the opinion of the District Board in regard to the views of the Tarikere Municipality to place the Municipal Office building for locating the Veterinary Dispensary if the District Board agreed to continue to pay the amount of house-rent to them as heretofore.

Deferred till next meeting.

8. Read Office Note in regard to the employment of Additional Staff urgently required for the office.

One clerk on Rs. 40 and one peon on Rs. 10 may be entertained for one year temporarily.

9. Read Mudgere Municipal President's No. 14, dated 7th July 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Municipal Council requesting that necessary repairs be requested to be executed by the District Board to the Musafirkhana building transferred to them from 1st July 1925 and Mudgere Taluk Board President's No. 26, dated 13th July 1925, reporting that the Musafirkhana building with the vessels thereof was made over to the Municipality on 1st July 1925.

The work of repairs is to be attended to by the Municipal Council.

10. Read Narasimharajapura Taluk Board President's No. 1, dated 7th July 1925, proposing that Mr. Bhistappa's private choultry near the Taluk Office at Narasimharajapura be taken over to the Taluk Board for maintenance and that the establishment and other articles of the old Musafirkhana (since made over to the Education Department) be transferred thereto.

The Municipal Councils have to maintain Musafirkhanas in their jurisdictions.

11. Read letter No. H. C. 455—24-25, dated 15th April 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Kadur District, forwarding Local and Legislative Secretary's letter No. 7024-31—Ml. 145-24-3, dated 3rd April 1925, and calling for the proposals of the District Board regarding the revision of the scale of pay of the appointments under Local Bodies and Local and Legislative Secretary's D. O. No. 1633-7, dated 3rd September 1925, thereon.

This subject will be taken after the revision of scale of pay of the Revenue Department now under consideration is effected.

12. Read Executive Engineer's memo No. 404, dated 17th July 1925, enquiring if the Board would contribute Rs. 100 per mile for maintenance of the Birur-Lingadahalli Road, the charge of which is proposed to be transferred from the Iron Works to the D. P. W. and Government Director's letter No. 422, dated 15th August 1925, intimating the transfer of the road to the D. P. W. from 10th August 1925.

The Board will continue to pay the contribution which they were hitherto paying to the Iron Works.

13. Read Sericultural Superintendent's letter No. 77, dated 13th July 1925, requesting to sanction a fee of Rs. 5 for each student for a period of 3 months (a sum of Rs. 30) for the practical training in filature proposed to be given to the two Stipendiaries sent by the Board.

Sanctioned.

14. Read application dated 22nd July 1925, from T. Chendrasekhara, a student in the Agricultural School at Hebbal, praying for the grant of a scholarship.

The prayer cannot be granted.

15. (1) Read Veterinary Superintendent's letter No. 13664, dated 20th April 1925, recommending to waive the house-rent demanded from the Veterinary Inspector at Mudgere for his occupation of a portion of the Dispensary building at Mudgere.

(2) Read Mudgere Municipal President's No. 35, dated 27th July 1925, intimating that the Municipal Council have, in consideration of the circumstances put forth by the Veterinary Superintendent proposed to reduce the rent from Rs. 6 to 4 a month chargeable to the Veterinary Inspector,

The Board cannot interfere in this matter.

16. Read Local and Legislative Secretary's letter No. L. 923—L. B. 33-24-9, dated 10th August 1925 enquiring whether the Board would pay a moiety of the cost of construction of the road from Hosaballi to Beranagod in the Chikmagalur Taluk and maintain it after the road is formed.

It will not be possible for the Board to find funds for this road as the work is expected to cost a very large amount. The Board are however prepared to maintain the proposed road if it is connected with a District Board Road.

17. Read Executive Engineer's memo No. 472, dated 27th August 1925, enquiring whether the Board would make available Rs. 1,000 this year for the completing the work of widening in the 8th mile of the Bababudan Hill Road which was started last year.

Sanctioned.

18. Read correspondence ending with Local and Legislative Secretary's No. 790—Med. 46-22-11, dated 5th August 1925, enquiring whether the Board are agreeable to bear their share of cost of constructing the new combined Dispensary building at Tarikere.

The Board will pay their share of the cost.

19. Read Senior Surgeon's letter No. G. C. 37-16, dated 23rd July 1925 enquiring whether quarters for Sub-Assistant Surgeons wherever constructed by Government be declared as rent free and whether the Board are agreeable to meet the house-rent up to a limit of Rs. 5 wherever they occupy private buildings and such rent being added on to the recurring charges of the dispensaries concerned.

The Board would like to know what will be the net recurring expenditure which will have to be incurred annually in the district.

20. Read Administration Report of the District Board for 1924-25.

Passed.

21. Read Transfer of the Bababudan Hill Road to the State Funds on account of its importance.

Resolved that the Government be moved to take up this road on account of its importance and of the difficulty of maintaining it by the District Board with their slender means.

22. Read Koppa Taluk Board President's No. 153, dated 10th September 1925, submitting an estimate for Rs. 1,100 for sinking a well at Kuppanamakki and recommending to waive the payment of contribution by the raiyats on account of their poverty.

The contribution to be paid by the raiyats may be waived.

* * * *

24. Read Deputy Commissioner's Memo No. O. C. 1595, dated 15th August 1925, forwarding Mudgere Municipal President's No. 280, dated 2nd June 1925, soliciting permission to employ a whole-time Sanitary Inspector exclusively for the Town and Mudgere Taluk Board President's No. L. B. 155, dated 2nd September 1925, stating that the present arrangement may be allowed to be continued as the Taluk Board would otherwise have to bear the entire cost of the Sanitary establishment out of its limited resources.

The Board have no objection to the Municipality employing a whole-time Sanitary Inspector for their work exclusively.

* * * *

26. Read Government Order No. L. 1705-7—San. 6-25-2, dated 4th September 1925, approving the shifting of Malnad Improvement Dispensary at Belur temporarily to Niduvale.

Recorded.

27. Read Senior Surgeon's D. O. Letter No. P. C. 128-8, dated 3rd September 1925, forwarding for the opinion of the Board copy of Mr. Javali Ganesha Rao's letter suggesting the shifting of the Belur Dispensary to the Javali Rest House.

The Board are not in favour of this proposal.

28. Read Mudgere Taluk Board resolution suggesting the permanent location of the Dispensary at Belur in Mr. Linge Gowda's buildings if he agrees to make them over to the department free of rent.

Will be considered if the bridge near Balur is re-constructed and free buildings given for dispensary, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Midwife and Compounder for at least five years.

29. Read resolution of the Chikmagalur Taluk Conference for the opening of a road from Kusavalakki sheds to Shanivara Santhe *via* Malalur.

Deferred till next meeting.

30. Read Sericultural Superintendent's Memo dated 10th September 1925, recommending the extension of the term of the two sericultural stipendiaries for another three months beyond the date of the expiry of their present term for practical training in filature.

Sanctioned.

31. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 10—23-24, dated 22nd May 1925, recommending the acquisition of 1 acre and 20 guntas out of Survey No. 462—3 in the hamlet of Thimmanahalli in the Marle Village for a building site for Panchamas and also to waive the payment of Rs. 47-14-0 being the assessment for 25 years.

The land may be acquired.

Chief Sanitary Inspector's Memo No. 182, dated 11th September 1925, reporting on its suitability.

32. Read Koppa Taluk Board President's No. L. F. 156, dated 10th September 1925, [illegible] of a Veterinary Dispensary at Haribarpur.

33. Read Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. L. B. 34, dated 10th September 1925, suggesting the construction of the cattle-pound at Vastara instead of at Somavarapet.

Approved.

34. Read letters, dated 14th August 1925 and 1st September 1925, from the Honorary Secretaries of the Koppa and Sollebyle Medical Funds, respectively, applying for the continuance of the Government grant to their respective institutions from 1st August 1925.

and

35. Read District Medical Officer's Memo No. 2, dated 13th September 1925, recommending the continuance of the grant to the two institutions in consideration of their useful work.

34 & 35. The grant may be continued.

36. Read Memo No. 962, dated 16th September 1925, from the District Medical Officer, Kadur District, forwarding for countersignature an indent for bedding and clothing required for the use of the Female Dispensary at Tarikere for 1925-26.

Sanctioned.

37. Read Kadur Taluk Board President's No. L. F. 147, dated 18th September 1925, submitting the resolution of the Taluk Board suggesting that the Presidents of Taluk Boards be empowered to sanction estimates for works up to a limit of Rs. 500.

The Board are not in favour of this proposal.

38. Estimates Sanctioned by the President in anticipation of Board's approval :—

District Board.

		Rs.
1.	Supplying a dug out boat to the Thunga River at Narve ...	85
2.	Widening the Bababudan Hill Road	653
3.	Metalling the slushy portions of the Bababudan Hill Road	1,930
4.	Urgent repairs to the Bababudan Hill Road effected during the visit of Her Highness the Maharani of Baroda ...	688

Approved.

Taluk Board.

		Rs.
1.	Repairs to the Musafirkhana at Lakkavalli	159
2.	Do Sakrepatna	45

Approved.

Malnad Improvement.

Construction of parapet walls to the wells at :—

1.	Bettagere	120
2.	Havvalli Horapet	151
3.	Kundur	238
4.	Deene	194
5.	Hulikere	300

Approved.

List of estimates for sanction :—

District Board

1.	Deepening the well at Chiknallur	500
2.	Sinking a well at Kuppanamakki	1,100

Sanctioned.

Taluk Board.

1.	Supplying a Jangal for Thunga River at Narve ...	378
2.	Repairs to roads in Lingadahalli Panchayet	466
3.	Do 3rd class travellers' bungalow at Lakkavalli ...	319
4.	Do cattle-pound at Lingadahalli	523
5.	Do Local Fund Dispensary at Tarikere, (Taluk Board to pay their quota of Rs. 40)	120

Sanctioned.

Malnad Improvement.

1.	Constructing a parapet wall to Chittavalli well ...	195
2.	Sinking a well at Devavruenda	942
3.	Repairing the water works at Sollebyle	400

Sanctioned.

39. Read District Medical Officer's letter No. 1008, dated 21st September 1925, recommending the immediate repairs for the dispensary buildings at Bukkambudhi and Malehonnur out of the Malnad Improvement Funds.

An estimate may be called for.

Date of next meeting, 23rd November 1925, at 1 P.M.

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
President.

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification No. L. B. 181—25-26, *dated* 10*th October* 1925.

It is hereby notified for the information of the public that owing to a heavy landslip in the 8th furlong of the 11th mile in the Kalasa-Balehole-Magundi Road between Balehole and the Bhadra river, the said road will not be fit for through traffic of any kind till the end of January 1926.

C. SRINIVASA RAO,
For *President.*

Notification No. L. B. 661—24-25, *dated* 22*nd*—23*rd October* 1925.

It is hereby notified that under Section 51 (A) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation of 1918, the following gentlemen have been declared duly elected as Chairmen of the respective Village Panchayets noted against their names in the Kadur District.

Taluk	Name of Panchayet	Name of Chairman
1. Chikmagalur ...	Kalasapura ...	Mr. Gundappa *alias* Mallappaiya
2. Chikmagalur ...	Marle ...	,, Venkata Rao, Shanbhog
3. Mudgere ...	Banakal ...	,, Dyave Gowda
4. Kadur ...	Yallambalase ...	,, Venkataramayya
5. Koppa ...	Hariharpura ...	,, Manjappa, Shanbhog
6. Koppa ...	Bhandigadi ...	,, Sivalingappa Setty

Notification No. L. B. 62—25-26, *dated* 22—23*d October* 1925.

Under Rule 21 of the Rules framed under Section 62 of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, VI of 1918, it is hereby notified that the undermentioned eight Village Panchayets in the Kadur Taluk shall constitute as follows for a period of three years from 3rd September 1925.

I. YAGATI VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

Elected.

1. Mr. Chandappa *bin* Nagappa
2. ,, Jadayappa *bin* Mallanna
3. ,, Halappa *bin* Naganna
4. ,, Papayya *bin* Malledevaru
5. ,, Subba Bhatta *bin* Rambhatta
6. ,, Lakshminaranappa *bin* Krishnappa

Nominated.

1. Mr. Nagappa *bin* Manje Gowda, Patel
2. ,, Venkatakrishnappa *bin* Surappa, Shanbhog
3. ,, Mohomed Hussan Sab

II. NIDAGATTA PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Lingarasayya *bin* Subbanna
2. ,, Malladevappa *bin* Sannamalla Setti
3. ,, B. Nanjayya *bin* Najanna
4. ,, Kan Siddappa *bin* Siddappa
5. ,, Bomme Gowda *bin* Sive Gowda
6. ,, R. Linganna *bin* Sidramanna

1. Mr. Nanje Gowda *bin* Putte Gowda Patel
2. ,, Naranappa *bin* Chikkannayya Shanbhog
3. ,, Thimme Gowda *bin* Sidde Gowda

III. PATNAGERE PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Veerathayya *bin* Nanjaiya
2. ,, Sree Rangaraja Bhattarchar *bin* Venkatabhatta Char
3. ,, Giriyappa Setty *bin* Durga Setty
4. ,, Auglikar Thimmayya *bin* Thimmayya
5. ,, Kenche Gowda *bin* Ranganna

1. Mr. Ramanna *bin* Puttayya, Patel
2. ,, R. Ranganna *bin* Ranganna

IV. HIRENALLUR PANCHAYET.

1. Mr. Sivarudrayya *bin* Channabasavayya
2. ,, Siddappa *bin* Kencharamanna
3. ,, Marulappa *bin* Mallappa
4. ,, Hanumappa *bin* Nanjappa
5. ,, Rajappa *bin* Kariyanna

1. Mr. Gire Gowda *bin* Basalinga Gowda, Patel
2. ,, Venkatagiriyappa *bin* Venkataramayya, Shanbhog

Elected-	*Nominated*
V. CHIKNALLUR PANCHAYET.	
1. Mr. Mallayya *bin* Mallappa	1. Mr. Patel Nanje Gowda *bin* Kalle Gowda
2. ,, Malige Kallappa *bin* Kale Gowda	2. ,, Venkatanaranappa *bin* Ramanna, Shanbhog
3. ,, Basappa *bin* Kalle Gowda	
4. ,, Bhoganna *bin* Madihallappa	
5. ,, Rudranna *bin* Ramanna	
VI. HIRIYUR PANCHAYET.	
1. Mr. Jade Mallappa *bin* Basanna	1. Mr. Mahadevappa *bin* Malle Gowda, Patel
2. ,, Settara Muddappa *bin* Sambanna	2. ,, Havallappa *bin* Thimmanna
3. ,, Adviappa *bin* Mallappa	3. ,, Kallappa *bin* Sambaiya
4. ,, Lakkappa *bin* Hutchanna	
5. ,, Donappa *bin* Mudianna	
6. ,, Ramanna *bin* Thimmanna	
VII. ASANDI PANCHAYET.	
1. Mr. Revana Siddappa *bin* Marule Gowda	1. Mr. Revana Siddappa *bin* Nagappa, Patel
2. ,, Appanna Gowda *bin* Siddalinga Gowda	2. ,, Moolemane Rudrappa *bin* Rudrappa
3. ,, Chendrasekharayya *bin* Krishnaappa	3. ,, Phaniappa *bin* Channappa
4. ,, Thimmayya *bin* Ranganna	
5. ,, Puradayyana Siddappa *bin* Basappa	
6. ,, Govindayyana Ranganna *bin* Hanumanna	
VIII. DEVANUR PANCHAYET.	
1. Mr. Ramanna *bin* Lakshmikanthayya, Shanbhog	1. Mr. Konke Gowda *bin* Konke Gowda, Patel
2. ,, Sampathiengar *bin* Venkatakrishna Iyengar	2. ,, Hayath Sab *bin* Esuff Sab
3. ,, Sankarasetty *bin* Sankarasetty	
4. ,, Puttachari *bin* Mallachari	
5. ,, Thimmappa Iyengar *bin* Thimmappa Iyengar	

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
Deputy Commissioner.

BELUR TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Dated 27th September 1925.

The following Bye-laws relating to the registration of births and deaths, in the Belur Town Municipality, under Section 48 G of the Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 are hereby published for the information of the public.

Any person who has any objection or suggestion to make with reference to these bye-laws, in the town of Belur is required to send the same in writing to the President of the Municipal Council within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice, in the *Mysore Gazette*. Any objection or suggestion that may be received after that date will not be taken into consideration.

Bye-laws relating to births and deaths under Section 48 G of the Municipal Regulation.

(1) Every birth and death within the Municipality shall be entered in special registers in the forms prescribed in the annexed schedules and preserved in the Municipal office.

(2) The entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of each book by the Sub-Registrar, who shall keep himself informed of all births and deaths, occurring within the Municipality. He shall not charge any fee nor accept any reward for registering the required particulars. The registers when completed shall be sent to Municipal office, where they shall be preserved.

(3) The Municipal office shall for the present be the office of Registry and the Sanitary Maistry be the Sub-Registrar. A notice written both in English and Kanarese attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify the facts to the public.

(4) The mother or father or other male relative of every child born within the Municipality (or in the case of deaths, illness, absence, or inability of these) and in all cases where a medical attendant or midwife has attended such birth, and in the case of births occurring in a public institution the officer or person in charge thereof, shall within one week thereafter, give or cause to be given to the Sub-Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars, that are required to be known and registered regarding the birth of such child.

(5) The nearest relative present at the death or attending during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality, or in the case of death, illness, inability or default of all such persons the occupier of that building or place in which such death has occurred, and in the case of person dying in a public institution, the officer or person in charge thereof, shall, within 48 hours, give or cause to be given in writing to the Sub-Registrar, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars that are required to be known and registered touching the death of such person.

(6) It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedules 3 and 4.

(7) On a notice being received at the office of Registry, the Sanitary Maistry, or other Municipal Officer deputed by the Municipal President, shall visit the locality and institute enquiries regarding the accuracy of the several particulars specified in such notice and after correcting any errors that may have been discovered, initial against the particular entry in the Register in token of having performed such inspection.

(8) Every person who performs or conducts the funeral ceremonies of any person who has died within the Municipality shall, whenever required, furnish the Sub-Registrar or other person authorised in this behalf, such information as he possesses as to the said several particulars.

(9) Any person who is bound to give information under the preceding paragraphs and who fails or neglects or refuses to do so, or gives false information shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

(10) No prosecution for the violation of these bye-laws will be instituted, without the written sanction of the President.

(11) Every person applying for a certified extract from the registers of births and deaths, shall pay for every such extract a fee of annas eight, and if the extracts required is for a year other than that in which the application is made, a search fee of annas (4) four shall be charged. Such extracts shall be certified by the President or Vice-President, and sealed with the seal of the Municipal Council.

Definitions.

"Occupier" includes, the Keeper, Master, Matron, Superintendent, or other officer in charge of every public institution and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings, includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or separate apartments are immediately held or his agent.

"Public institution" includes a Prison, Lock-up, Hospital, School, Barrack, any charitable or other institution, which is under the management of the public body, officer or person.

The term "Stillbirth" applies to a child born after the 28th week of gestation as dead or apparently dead and not called back to life.

SCHEDULE I.

Register of births in the Belur Town Municipality during the month of.....

1. Yearly No.
2. Monthly No.
3. Name, if any.
4. Nationality or caste.
5. Born alive.
6. Male.
7. Female.
8. Stillborn.
9. Name of father or mother.
10. Occupation of father.
11. Date of birth.
12. Date when registered.
13. Where born (street, door No.)
14. Informant's name and address.
15. Signature or mark.
16. Sub-Registrar's initials.
17. Remarks.

SCHEDULE II.

Register of deaths in the Belur Town Municipality during the month of.....

1. Yearly No.
2. Monthly No.
3. Name of deceased.
4. Nationality or caste.
5. Sex.
6. Age (years, months and days).

7. Occupation.
8. Cause of death.
9. Date of death.
10. Date when registered.
11. Residence at the time of death.
12. Informant's name, signature and address.
13. Signature of Sub-Registrar.
14. Remarks.

SCHEDULE III.

Report of births in the Belur Town Municipality during the month of.....

(*Vide* bye-law No. 6.)

1. Date and hour of birth.
2. Nationality or caste.
3. Sex, male or female.
4. Born alive.
5. Stillborn.
6. Where born (name of street, etc.).
7. Door No.
8. Father or mother's name and occupation.
9. Date on which notice is given.
10. Name of informant.
11. Address of informant.
12. Signature of informant.
13. Remarks.

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

SCHEDULE IV.

Report of deaths in the Belur Municipality during the month of.....

(*Vide* Bye-law No. 6).

1. Name and surname, if any, of the deceased.
2. Occupation or calling.
3. Place or residence.
4. When death occurred.
5. Door No., street, etc.
6. Age (years, months and days).
7. Sex (male or female).
8. Nationality or caste.
9. Date of death.
10. Cause of death (mention fever, cough, vomitting, etc.).
11. Date of registry.
12. Name of informant and the address.
13. When registered at the Municipal office.
14. Name of medical attendant (Doctor, Hakkim, etc.).
15. Signature of informant.
16. Remarks.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 48 hours after the occurrence of death.

K. VEDANTA IYENGAR,
President,
Municipal Council.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 3128—*Ml.* 63-25-2, *dated* 29*th October* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. C. N. Ramachandra Rao as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Channapatna is approved.

No. L. 3209—*Ml.* 21-25-4, *dated* 31*st October* 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the rules framed thereunder, the Town Municipal Council of Birur in the Kadur District shall be reconstituted, as follows for a term of three years, commencing from the 1st November 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1), (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. Kodihalli Mallappa.
2. „ Chandayyana Rudrappa.
3. „ B. R. Mallappacharu.
4. Mr. Hindalmane Nanjappa.
5. „ Kharadi Ramanna.
6. „ Sannangi Chennaiya.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (*i*) *Nominated Councillors.*

1. Mr. Mari Sankanna.
2. „ Khaji Mir Zainulabdin.
3. Mr. Rayasada Venkataramaiya.
4. Vacant.

C. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio.

1. The Amildar of Kadur Taluk (President).
2. The Medical Officer at Birur.

No. L. 3211—*Ml.* 17-25-10, *dated* 31*st October* 1925.

Under Sections, 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 and the rules framed thereunder, the Town Municipal Council of Chintamani in the Kolar District shall be reconstituted, as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 5th November 1925 :—

A. Section 10 (1), (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. Syed Ahamed Saheb.
2. „ S. Narayanasastry.
3. „ Nama Venkatappa.
4. „ M. Venkatarayappa.
5. Mr. Syed Abdul Rahiman Saheb.
6. „ Sidda Basavaradhya.
7. „ Karapakal Suriah.
8. „ Khaji Syed Khasim Saheb.

B. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (1) *Nominated Councillors.*

1. Mr. N. Srinivasa Rao, retired Amildar.
2. ,, Thimmarajiah.
3. ,, Adike Muninanjundappa.
4. ,, Anche Munivenkatappa.
5. ,, C. R. Venkatappa.

C. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio.

1. The Amildar of the Chintamani Taluk (President).
2. The Medical Officer in charge of the Local Fund Dispensary, Chintamani.
3. The Senior Officer of the Public Works Department of the Taluk.

No. L. 3234—*Ml.* 16-25-11, *dated 2nd November* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, the following gentlemen have been appointed as Municipal Councillors of the Anekal Municipal Council, in the vacancies noted against each :—

1. Mr. T. Thiruvengadiah, *vice* Mr. C. P. Abraham, resigned.
2. ,, Ramabhatta, *vice* Mr. Sarva Bhatta who lost his seat by continued absence under Section 15 (2) (*e*).

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Abstract Notification

The attention of the public is invited to the draft bye-laws framed by the Municipal Council of Belur *re* registration of vital statistics published on pages 660 to 662 of Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 29th October 1925, and it is hereby notified that any suggestions or objections to the draft bye-laws may be sent to this office or to the President of the Belur Municipal Council within thirty days from the date of publication of the draft bye-laws in the Gazette.

R. NANASAMY RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE THIRD ORDINARY MEETING OF THE HASSAN DISTRICT BOARD, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 24TH OCTOBER 1925.

Present.

H. V. Rangaswami, Esq., B.A., LL.B., Vice-President, District Board (in the Chair).

Members.

Ex-officio 5 | Non-officials 24

Absent 10.

Mr. K. T. Seshaiya's letter pleading inability to attend the meeting, was read and recorded

1. Proceedings of the last meeting.
Resolution.—Adopted.

2. Administration Report for the year 1924-25.
Resolution.—While adopting the Report, the Board desire to record the enthusiastic, sincere, and efficient services rendered to the Board by Mr. N. S. Nanjundiah, President and Mr. H. V. Rangaswami, Vice-President, and the Board further desires to offer their best thanks to them.
Proposed by Mr. M. Venkataramaiya and seconded by Mr. A. S. Nanjundappa and approved.

3. *Re* the reference to stop cattle from proceeding to Subrahmanya Jatra as the same has been cancelled by the Collector of South Canara.
The Board resolves :

(1) That the Government be approached by telegraphic communication to throw open the State Forests for free grazing to the thousands of cattle which have already congregated at the Ghats;
(2) To further request the Government to depute Veterinary Staff in sufficient numbers to give veterinary aid, *i.e.*, both preventive and curative; and
(3) To depute Medical Officers to look after the health of the people.

4. Deputy Commissioner's No. L. S. G. 563-24, dated 28th September 1925, calling for the views of the District Board as to whether they are agreeable to the proposal of declaring the Government quarters provided for Medical Officers free of rent.

Resolution.—The Board is of the following opinion :—

(*a*) Where there are buildings, suitable rents may be recovered and credited to the Bodies from whose funds the buildings were put up,

(*b*) that the Government with its ampler resources may give suitable allowances to the Sub-Assistant Surgeons, and

(*c*) that the Board cannot give any preferential treatment to Sub-Assistant Surgeons while ignoring its own subordinates like the Sanitary Inspectors, Compounders, Midwives, etc., and

(*d*) for the above reasons, the Board regrets its inability to accede to the proposals of the Senior Surgeon.

5. Letter No. 268, dated 15th October 1925, from the Superintendent of Industries, Mysore Division, forwarding plans and estimates for Rs. 13,000 and Rs. 5,000 for the proposed District Workshop building at Hassan.

Resolution.—Deferred as the Director of Industries and Commerce or his Assistant did not attend the meeting, to explain matters.

6. Executive Engineer's No. 817, dated 2nd September 1925, returning duly scrutinised the estimate for sinking a drinking water well near the musafirkhana at Sravanabelagola.

Resolution.—The estimate is approved and may be submitted to Government for sanction.

7. Hassan Division Executive Engineer's No. 194, dated 23rd—26th August 1925, forwarding the estimate for Rs. 3,692, for constructing a causeway across Iswarahallihalla in Palya-Belgode Road.

Resolution.—Deferred. In the meanwhile, the Executive Engineer and Vice-President, District Board, and Mr. E. W. Rutherford will consider the alternative scheme detailed by the Vice-President, District Board.

8. Executive Engineer's letter No. 791, dated 24th August 1925, forwarding a project amounting to Rs. 23,600 for constructing a bridge across the Budanoor stream near Kerlapur village.

Resolution.—The question of putting up a bridge across the Budanoor stream may be deferred till the Mandagere Bridge question is disposed of.

9. Executive Engineer's letter No. 925, dated 23rd September 1925, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 22,000 for opening a new road from Javagal to Harnahalli in Arsikere Taluk.

Resolution.—The estimate excepting the portion relating to the acquisition of lands is approved. The Chief Engineer to be requested to take up this road work and complete it early pending sanction of the State. The required amount to be made available from the surplus funds of the Taluk and District Boards.

Note.—The contributions paid up and promised by the villagers to be recovered and credited to the District Board.

10. Question of annexation of Bandimote road margin and bund of the channel, etc., for constructing a Maternity at Hole-Narsipur.

Reolution.—This addition to the site is very essential. References to be made to the Chief Engineer and the Special Officer, Krishnarajasagara Works, Bangalore.

11. Note by Mr. E. W. Rutherford, on Hook Worm Disease.

Resolution.—The best thanks of the Board to be given to Mr. Rutherford for the pamphlet on Hook Worm Disease. The pamphlet to be translated into Kannada and distributed broadcast.

12. Question of providing additional funds for Hole-Narsipur-Halli-Mysore Road.

Resolution.—The funds asked for are quite necessary. Estimates to be called for and funds provided from the District Funds.

13. Hassan Taluk Board President's No. 321, dated 5th September 1925, forwarding copy of the resolution of the Taluk Board recommending for the appointment of a midwife to the Grama Village Panchayet.

Rsolution.—A midwife out of the six provided for in the budget may be appointed to this and the neighbouring villages.

14. Manjarabad Taluk Board President's No. 1279-24, dated 21st June 1925, recommending the opening of M. I. Dispensary at Ballu. (*b*) Petitions of the villagers in the matter.

Resolution.—The Board is of opinion that Belagodu is better suited for the location of the dispensary and hence cannot recommend as prayed for. The Board is

further emphatically of opinion that the selection of Narve in Belur for the location of another M. I. Dispensary is absolutely unjustifiable and sheer waste of an institute and public funds. The Board reiterates that a dispensary near Marve in the Alur Sub-Taluk is an imperative necessity and the proposed dispensary at Narve may be transferred to Merve.

Note.—The Representatives of the Belur Taluk also admit that Narve village requires no medical institute as it is about 4 miles from Saklespur and Arehalli, each of which place has a medical institute.

15. Belur Taluk Board President's No. 1673, dated 24th June 1925, in the matter of providing wooden granary to the Thumbadevanahalli Grain Bank at a cost of Rs. 150 from the District Funds.

Resolution.—No funds can be made available.

16. Channarayapatna Taluk Board President's No. 255, dated 17th September 1925, recommending that the amount of Rs. 21-4-0 realised by the sale of the cattle at the Begur cattle pound for the repairs of Sri Venugopalaswami Temple of the place as the cattle belonged to the temple.

Resolution.—The amount of Rs. 21-4-0 may be refunded for the repairs to the temple.

17. Alur Taluk Board President's No. 221, dated 6th October 1925, forwarding a refund bill for Rs. 9-6-0 recovered from late Shekdar Srinivasiengar.

Resolution.—The amount may be refunded.

18. Alur Taluk Board President's No. 190, dated 20th September 1925, recommending that only one care-taker may be ordered to look after both the travellers' bungalow and musafirkhana at Palya thus making a savings of Rs. 7, (*b*) District Board Vice-President's note and the resolution of the District Board in the matter.

Resolution.—The proposal of the Taluk Board is approved.

19. Letter No. 7199, dated 12th April 1925, from the Assistant Director of Agriculture, requesting to show some concession to meet the loss of Rs. 500 sustained by the Department in selling sunn hemp seeds, etc.

Resolution.—The Board regrets that even in this meeting, the information called for has not been supplied and the Representative of the Department is not present to explain the reasons for this loss. The Board is not prepared to show any concession and the balance of amount due will have to be paid up.

20. Application of the Rudrapatna villagers praying for the hot weather supply in the channel.

Resolution.—The Board recommends that the Government may be pleased to sanction timely and full supply of water during summer as the land owners have been put to considerable loss these years either due to the damages done by excessive rain or failure of rain.

21. Propositions of Mr. M. Narasimhasastri, District Board member.

(*a*) Opening a dispensary for the villages situated in the south bank of Cauvery in the Ramanathpur Hobli.

(*b*) Dispensing with the services of two peons entertained for the rest house at Ramanathpur and for watching the Cauvery bank.

(*c*) Forming a committee to supervise the Santharpane to be conducted on Sapthami and Astami days during the car festival of Sri Subrahmanyaswami at Ramanathpur, instead of taluk officials.

Resolution.—(*a*) Resolved that the Malnad Improvement Vydasala at Belgode may be transferred to Gangoor village which is centrally situate or to any other village in the area.

(*b*) Referred to the Village Panchayet and Taluk Board for opinion.

(c) The subject to be referred to the Deputy Commissioner for disposal.

22. G. O. No. L. 2402-23—Sany. 4-25-21, dated 6th October 1925, directing that stock certificates be dispensed with in respect of supply of vaccine lymph.

Resolution.—Deferred for further consideration.

23. Hole-Narsipur Taluk Board President's No. 62, dated 21st August 1925, for repairing the musafirkhana at Alagodanahalli in the Hole-Narsipur Taluk together with the Taluk Board resolution stating that the building may be made over to villagers if they agree to maintain it, else this may be sold by public auction.

Resolution.—Resolved that the building to be retained and as per estimate restored. The estimate is sanctioned.

24. Deputy Commissioner's No. L. Dis. 340-25, dated 27th August 1925, in the matter of obstruction caused by carts on public roads and requesting to provide cart stands on high

ys (1) Bangalore-Mangalore Road, (2) Ballupet-Kenchammana-Hoskote Road, (3) Sak-pur-Hanbal Road and (4) Saklespur-Arehalli-Ballu Road.

Resolution.—Deferred.

25. Deputy Commissioner's No. D1. 183-25, dated 4th September 1925, forwarding for sideration at the District Board meeting, the list of local subjects brought forward for sideration at the District meeting of the Representative Assembly members, held on the h September 1925.

LOCAL SUBJECTS.

Mr. Narasimhagowda.—

1. That a Telegraph Office may be opened early at Arkalgud and Channarayapatna.
2. That the road from Hirisave to Nonavinkere is an important road for traffic and that it may be repaired and kept in good condition.

Mr. K. Ramanna.—

3. That the scale of pay of the Head Master, Middle School, Hole-Narsipur be suitably increased as the number of pupils is greater than either at Arkalgud or Saklespur.

Messrs. Maralusiddappa and Rudrappa.—

4. That as Arsikere is an important trade centre, a Maternity Hospital may be opened there.
5. (*a*) That the jurisdiction of the Range Sub-Inspector of Yeslurpet may be made to extend to Yeslurpet, Kenchamana-Hoskote and Byagadihalli and that he may be made independent of the Inspector.
   (*b*) That the Inspector at Saklespur have jurisdiction over Saklespur, Belgode, Marhanahalli and Hanbal.
6. That the portion of the road from Sravanabelagola to Mysore, *via* Kantarajapura in the Channarayapatna-Mysore Road up to the point where it deviates to Hole-Narsipur may be taken under Government control.

Resolution.—Deferred as the Dasara Representative Assembly members were not all present.

26. Letter No. 668-72, dated 12th September 1925, from the officer in-charge of Live ck Section, calling for the views of the Board on the proposed change in touring system breeding bulls, etc.

Resolution.—Deferred.

27. Revising the scale of the establishment of the District Board Office and entertain-t of the temporary establishment, as called for by the Government while sanctioning the get estimates in their No. L. 1515-22—L. B. 114-24-32, dated 31st August 1925.

Resol[illegible].—Deferred.

[illegible] pplication dated 17th October 1925, presented by Narasimhachar, Contractor [illegible] nathpur ferry, praying for the remission of Rs. 1,410 due by him, as he has sus-ed loss owing to the non-supply of boats, etc.

Resolution.—Deferred.

29. Sericultural Superintendent's No. 978, dated 24th September 1925, forwarding for urable consideration, the application of M. Mangapathy Naidu.

Resolution.—Deferred.

30. Letter No. 19-24, dated 2nd July 1925, from the District Inspector of Education, arding for opinion, the question of transferring the provision of Rs. 17-4-0 of the Primary ol at Karehalli to Belagumba in the Arsikere Taluk.

Resolution.—Withdrawn.

31. Estimates sanctioned in anticipation of Board's approval.

1. Repairing the cattle pound at Dudda for Rs. 95.
2. Repairing the Government drinking water well at Kanayakanahalli, Belur Taluk for Rs. 108.
3. Flooring with Cuddapah slabs the Halebid musafirknana for Rs. 210.
4. Improving Halli-Mysore Road from 1st mile 8th furlong up to 3rd mile, second section, for Rs. 457.

Resolution.—All these approved.

32. Estimates to be sanctioned.

1. Estimate for Rs. 225 for repairing the cattle pound at Siragavara in the Manjarabad Taluk.
2. Estimate for Rs. 1,125 for sinking and revetting a draw well at Kanave Byadarahalli, Hassan Taluk.
3. Estimate for Rs. 50 for improving the road from patel's house to the entrance of the village in Kuruvanka Village Panchayet, Arsikere Taluk.

4. Estimate for Rs. 910 for sinking a draw well at Medlari Koppal hamlet o Uppinahalli, Arsikere Taluk.
5. Estimate for Rs. 220 for improving the road from Doddamallenahalli to Anka pura, the amount sanctioned for improving the road from Kattaya t Kabbathi being appropriated for this work, as the latter work was no carried.
6. Estimate for Rs. 278 for improving the road from Kandali to Bylahal appropriating the amount sanctioned for improving the road from Kattay to Kabbathi.
7. Revised estimate for Rs. 1,206 for sinking a draw well near the Third Cla Travellers' Bungalow at Banawara, Arsikere Taluk.
8. Estimate for Rs. 108 for repairing the cattle pound at Bhartur in Alur Su Taluk.
9. Estimate for Rs. 129-8-0 for constructing a toll-gate house at Karehalli.
10. Estimate for Rs. 65 for repairing and re-roofing the first toll-gate house Karehalli.
11. Estimate for Rs. 53 for urgent repairs to the travellers' bungalow a Sukr varsanthe.
12. Special repair estimate for Rs. 1,216 of Arsikere-Hassan Road.
13. Estimate for Rs. 60 for repairing the cattle pound at Murundi-Arsik Taluk.
14. Estimate for Rs. 45 for repairing the cattle-pound at Kittanakere.
15. Do Rs. 150 do at Nerlige.
16. Do Rs. 38 do at Talalur.
17. Do Rs. 266 for improving the well at Bendekere.
18. Do Rs 143 for constructing a latrine to the t[illegible] bungalow Banawara.
19. Revised estimate for Rs. 1,265 for sinking a well at H[illegible]adanahalli.
20. Estimate for Rs. 1,050 for constructing an outhouse to the musafirkhana n the Civil Hospital at Hassan
21. Estimate for Rs. 1,020 for constructing an outhouse to the musafirkhana n the Railway Station at Hassan.
22. Exeuctive Engineer's No. , dated 24th September 1925, forwarding d scrutinised the estimate for Rs. 1,143 for sinking a well in the travell bungalow compound at Banawara.
23. Executive Engineer's No, 869, dated 24th September 1925, forwarding d scrutinised estimate for Rs. 618 for sinking a well in the musafirkh compound at Channarayapatna.
24. Executive Engineer's No. 827, dated 4th September 1925, forwarding estim for Rs. 123 and Rs. 44 for annual repairs of Local Fund Dispensary and M wive's quarters at Yeslurpet for countersignature and early return pla necessary funds at the disposal.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

25. Executive Engineer's No. 814, dated 31st August 1925, forwarding special re estimate for Channarayapatna-Hole-Narsipur-Kodlipet Road for Rs. 3,
(*b*) Do Hassan-Periyapatna-Cannanore Road for Rs. 7,479
(c) Do Arsikere-Channarayapatna Road for Rs. 2,349.
(*d*) Do Banawar-Sira Road for Rs. 14,834.

Resolution.—Deferred.

33. D. O. No. G. 335-25, dated 25th August 1925, from the Traffic Manager, My Railways, in the matter of opening out-agencies.

Resolution.—Recorded.

34. Deputy Commissioner's No. L. A. 9-24-25, dated 16th October 1925, forwar copy of G. O. No. L. 2390—L. B. 42-25-5, dated 6th October 1925, sanctioning the acc tion of two acres of Survey No. 83 of Sankihalli village, Javagal Hobli.

Resolution—Recorded.

The next meeting of the District Board to be held on 4th January 1926, 12 noon.

APPENDIX TO SUBJECT No. 11.

HOOKWORM DISEASE.....ANCHYLOSTIMIAS.

Its cause, Diagnosis, Treatment and Prevention.

1. *Q.*—What are Hookworms?

A.—They are small round worms, from one-third to three-fourths of an inch and about as thick as heavy sewing thread. They are usually grayish- but may be dark from ingested blood. The head is often hook-shaped. female is larger than male.

2. *Q.*—Where do Hookworms live?
A.—The adult Hookworms live in the bowels of the human beings. The young Hookworms live in the soil.

3. *Q.*—Do Hookworms cause any harm?
A.—Yes, much harm. Other worms live on the food taken by the host (human beings), but Hookworms bite the lining of the bowels, and suck the blood; at the same time, they inject poision into the system. They cause anchylostimias, a form of anæmia, very common in the Malnad, especially in malaria subjects who are infected with the worm.

4. *Q.*—What is Hookworm Disease?
A.—It is a disease that makes people week and ill, rendering them unable or unwilling to work; a disease that retards the growth of children, making them small for their age, poorly nourished, and delicate; a disease that kills yearly thousands of people that otherwise would have lived many years longer as useful citizens. The disease has existed for hundreds of years, but its treatment has been known only a few years. Thousands of people in all parts of the world, including India (and Hassan) have recently been treated for this disease, and one has only to see persons after treatment to realize its benefit. In certain cases, it is hard to know the persons are the same, from the life put into them after the worm has been got rid of.

5. *Q.*—Do many people have Hookworm Disease?
A.—Yes. It is very common and causes much misery, poverty and is one of the causes of de-population, owing to its effect of making people incapable of work, and thus they die from want of proper food earning capacity. It is believed that 75 to 95% of these countries, where the people walk about, with bare feet have their population infected with Hookworms. Often, every member of a family is infected, and frequently it has been found that all the children and teachers in a school are also infected. Adults as well as children harbour Hookworms. In fact, any one is liable to contract the disease, especially if they go about bare-footed.

6. *Q.*—How do people get the disease?
A.—(*a*) Usually by walking *bare-footed* on soil that has been polluted with infected human fæces.
(*b*) Some times by eating raw and uncooked food.
(*c*) Sometimes by drinking water containing the newly hatched worms.

7. *Q.*—How do the worms get into the soil?
A.—Adult Hookworms live in the human bowels and the females lay their eggs there. The *eggs cannot hatch in the human bowels*, but pass out on to the ground or wherever the 'calls of nature' are deposited. In the warm, damp and shaded soil, the eggs hatch into small minute worms in from 12 to 60 hours, depending on the climatic condition. These tiny invisible worms live in the soil, and on the leaves and grass where hatched. When adults, or children tread on this soil grass or leaves, they tread also on the little worms, which stick to the feet, and bore into the skin, causing a violent itching, known as "ground itch". The worms pass through the skin and then work their way to the bowels, where they grow to the adult age in about six weeks time and begin to lay eggs. Another possible cause of infection is the use of infected earth for sanitary purposes, *i.e.*, as toilet paper.

8. *Q.*—How do the worms get into food?
A.—The little worms may be on the vegetables or fruit that are grown on a dirty soil; or been left on it, or eaten off the ground, or from dirty plates, etc. *Food if grown in clean soil or well kept from filth or if it is cooked is quite safe.*

9. *Q.*—How do the worms get into water?
A.—They are washed from the soil, into unprotected wells, water holes, etc., and are swallowed when the water is drunk, but this mode of infection is small.

10. *Q.*—What is the most frequent way that one gets the disease?
A.—*The most frequent way of getting the disease is through the skin of the feet.*

11. *Q.*—Do Hookworms multiply in the bowels?
A.—No. Every single worm in the bowels has bored through the skin or been swallowed.

12. *Q.*—Do Hookworms mutliply in the ground?
A.—No. Every young worm on the ground is *hatched* from *an egg that has passed from the human bowels*; and unless this worn finds its way into the human bowels, it will die. (The above two facts give the reason, why, when all the

persons infected by Hookworms in any area, co-operate with the medical department, and get treated; it is possible to eliminate the disease from that area.)

13. *Q.*—How does one feel when one has Hookworm Disease?
A.—When the disease is mild, there is no appreciable symptoms, but even then, the worm has begun to start to sap the health out of a person. As the worms get a hold, the symptoms of disease increase and the person suffers from headache, diz-ziness, indigestion, weakness, and a feeling as if they cannot do work, or take the usual interest in life, that they did before they were infected; the skin and hair are often dry; the inner side of the eyelids are very pale; children do not grow, and cannot learn readily at school and have no inclination to play; they often have a strong desire to eat dirt, charcoal, ashes, raw rice, feather, etc., and other unusual things; adults often cannot work though they try and so may have to depend on others for food, etc. As the disease increases, the patient is often badly swollen and face puffy, or else very thin and the whole body emaciated.

14. *Q.*—Can one be treated for Hookworm?
A.—Yes. This is comparatively easy; and millions of people are treated yearly, now that they realize the treatment is so easy and the enormous benifit they get therefrom. It has been found that in areas where the whole infected population has to be treated, their wages, earning capacity has gone up at least 50 per cent as they feel more inclined to work, and the children to learn and grow up in good health, and the women to turn into better mothers.

15. *Q.*—How often should one take treatment?
A.—This should depend on the advice of a doctor who has knowledge of the present day treatment of the disease, as he can with the means at his command tell when one is free from the worms. As a general rule, three treatments will suffice. The medicine should be taken one day a week, for three weeks, though great benefit results from only one treatment, if disease is mild, and this may suffice to rid one of worms. Severe cases may require more treatment, in order to get the full benefit, treatments should be taken as long as the doctor advises.

16. *Q.*—Should those who have only a few worms and feel well and are able to do their day's work be treated?
A.—There are some good reasons why they should (*a*) when case is mild, the treatment is very successful and gives little inconvenience to a person, (*b*) if not soon treated, they will soon fall sick and treatment takes longer, and recoupment to health will be slower, (*c*) if not treated, they are a cause of spreading the worms to others and as likely as will infect the whole of their own family first.

17. *Q.*—If one is successfully treated, will they get the disease again?
A.—No, not if they take certain simple precaution.

18. *Q.*—What are meant by simple precautions?
A.—It must be realized that the worm cannot hatch its eggs in the human bowels, so, if the precaution is taken to use latrines, or pits, so that the eggs that may be passed out of the body are deposited in these, the young worms when hatched will be harmless, as they cannot then reach the surface of soil, and thus stick to the feet of other persons or get on food or be washed into wells or water. A simple laterine is a trench with loose earth on side, so that after a person has relieved nature, he kicks in some loose soil, and thus all fear of infection is prevented.

The introduction of some kind of footwear, is the best way to insure people against infection, especially in those countries where the majority of the population use the open soil for making their "calls of nature," and thus any one is liable when walking about with bare feet, to get infected by the young Hookworms attaching themselves to their feet. It should be very easy to popularise amongst people some kind of cheap shoe, made of any material, and after a time, the people would regard covering the feet as part of their dress, when outside their house, and thus one of the main causes of the disease would be prevented, if all adopted footwear. In India the adoption of footwear, would open industries in this article, that would add greatly to the wealth of the people irrespective of the reason of the introduction.

20. *Q.*—Why is it that Hookworm Disease has only lately been brought before the public?

A.—Because though it was studied before, by the medical authorities, the life history and treatment of the worm was not worked out. It has been found in the last few years that with treatment, the health of a whole population may be improved, and that where they were liable to be wiped out by other diseases, if they were infected by Hookworms, they now after treatment for the worm, so improve in health that they are able to better withstand these other diseases, and turn into more healthy subjects generally. In some ways, the discovery of treatment of this worm, is amongst the great achievement of medical science, and it remains for the general public to make use of it, and so add to their countries' welfare. Science had given the world a simple cure and shown how serious the effect of this disease is, and if any one has any doubt on the subject, I think an enquiry in any area where a lot of people are suffering from it will convince them, and if they get some of the cases treated, they will be surprised at the results, as much as the patients themselves generally are.

H. V. RANGASWAMI,
Vice-President, District Board,
(in the Chair).

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 3319—*Ml.* 65-25-8, *dated 4th November* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the Government are pleased to approve of the election of Mr. C. Krishna Rao as President of the Town Municipal Council, Tumkur.

No. L. 3321—*Ml.* 65-25-9, *dated 4th November* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. T. Guruchannabasavaiah as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Tumkur is approved.

No. L. 3267—*L. B.* 41-25-70, *dated 3rd November* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of Survey No. 65—2 (measuring 2 acres and 14 guntas) of Beechanahalli village, Heggaddevankote Taluk, declared for acquisition in Notification No. L. 76-77—L. B. 41-24-170, dated the 3rd July 1925 as required for locating the displaced population of the village, as it is now stated that it is not required for the purpose.

No. L. 3333—*L. B.* 9-25-4, *dated 6th November* 1925.

Under Rule 3 of Section 1 of the Rules relating to the Special Sanitation of the Kolar Gold Field Sanitary Board published with Notification No. 7075—L. B. 185-12-3, dated 22nd March 1916 as amended from time to time, Mr. A. F. Hosking is appointed as a non-official member of the Kolar Gold Field Sanitary Board during the temporary absence of Mr. C. F. Heathcote, Superintendent, Champion Reefs Gold Mining Company of India Ltd., on leave in Australia.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government
Local and Legislative Departments.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 6TH (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 12TH SEPTEMBER 1925 AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present ... 26 | Absent ... 4

* * * * *

89. Proceedings of the Council Meeting held on 29th August 1925.

Resolution.—Messrs. Virupakshiah and Mahomed Sait said that Resolution No. 64 should be recast so as to make it clear that the permission to the Literary Union to use an additional room was conditional on the Union throwing open the Reading Room for the free use of the public. Others were of opinion that the minutes as drafted were correct. Subject to the consideration of any amendment to this resolution that might be proposed, the minutes were confirmed.

90. Estimate for re-coating Manantody Road.

Resolution.—The President pointed out that the original estimate for Rs. 2,000 had been reduced to Rs. 1,145 by omitting one section of the road which was not in urgent need of repairs and the revised estimate for Rs. 1,145 was sanctioned.

91. Tenders for the construction of Vani Vilas Market.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be considered and reported upon by the Managing Committee.

92. Read letter No. L. 772—C. R. B. 6-25-1, dated 21st August 1925, from the Chief Secretary to Government, intimating that in respect of recruitment to Municipal service, it is proposed in the bill to amend the Municipal Regulation now under consideration to empower Government to frame rules in this behalf.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Council is not in favour of the proposed amendment of Section 46 of the Municipal Regulation as it would tend to deprive the Municipal Council of the full powers now vested in it to regulate the appointment of its employees.

93. Considered Municipal Engineer's report and estimate for Rs. 2,247 for excavating earthen drains in the Sewage Farm, Mysore.

Resolution.—Resolved that the number of plots which would be brought under cultivation by carrying out the proposed works be ascertained.

94. Read letter No. C. 423 of 1925-26, dated 24th August 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, requesting to communicate the views of the Council in the matter of their bearing a certain proportion of expenditure on Primary Education instead of a fixed contribution as at present.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be referred to the Special Education Officer in the first instance for report.

95. Town Hall Committee's Resolution No. III, dated 24th August 1925, sanctioning an additional peon on Rs. 10 per month for the Town Hall.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

96. Town Hall Committee's Resolution No. IV, dated 24th August 1925, *re* the tenders for the supply of furniture at a cost of Rs. 900.

Resolution.—Resolved that the quotations may be called for, for, steel spring chairs will be more substantial than wooden ones.

97. Town Hall Committee's Resolution No. IX, dated 9th July 1925, to the effect that accommodation may be allowed to the Muslim Club after the Health Office is finally shifted to the New Municipal Buildings.

Resolution—Resolved that information be obtained from the Secretary of the Muslim Club about the objects, constitution and membership of that organisation together with a copy of the latest rules.

98. Considered the letter, dated nil, from Mr. P. S. Ramaswamiengar, Municipal Councillor, giving his reasons in support of his original proposition about the holding of Primary Schools in the City in the mornings only.

Resolution.—Resolved that as decided by the School Committee no change be made in the school hours.

99. Considered Memo No. 179, dated 20th August 1925, from the Health Officer, recommending alteration of the date of birth of Sanitary Overseer, Natesha Mudaliar, for communication to the Secretary, Mysore State Life Insurance Committee.

Resolution.—Resolved that the alteration of date from 18th January 1893 to 17th January 1893 be approved.

100. Considered letter No. 11792, dated 24th August 1925, from the Superintendent, Power and Lighting, Mysore, requesting the grant of four cycle badges to the executive subordinates of his department in addition to the five already granted as per Council's Resolution No. 326, dated 6th June 1925.

Resolution.—Resolved that four additional cycle badges asked for might be given.

101. Representation from Mr. C. Basavalinga Chetty, Chief Sanitary Inspector, praying that three increments in his progressive appointment may be sanctioned to him for the period he held the post *sub pro tem* and also that the amount which is being deducted every month from his pay towards high price allowance already drawn may be refunded.

Resolution.—Resolved that the initial pay of Chief Sanitary Inspector be fixed at Rs. 87 with effect from the date of the appointment. Further resolved that Mr. Basavalinga Chetty be allowed periodical increments counting from the date of his confirmation, but not during the *sub pro tem* period.

102. Considered the application from Mr. Abdul Latif Sab, representing that the compensation awarded for his property is inadequate and that materials may be given to him free of cost or in the alternative at a concession upset price, as he is prepared to bear the dismantling charges.

Resolution.—Resolved that the materials might be given to the awardee at an upset price of 5 per cent of the compensation amount, subject to the condition that he would bear dismantling charges.

103. Representation from butchers of beef market that the enhanced rent on stalls levied by the contractor may be reduced to that paid by them in the previous year.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Council is not prepared to interfere with the disposal of shops by the contractor during the period of contract so long as the conditions thereof are fulfilled.

104. Considered the letter, dated 25th August 1925, from Mr. T. Thampiran, Municipal Councillor, enclosing with his recommendation an application from the residents of Dodda Holageri, praying for improvements to the water-supply, additional street lights, conservancy facilities, etc., and also his letter, dated 5th September 1925, containing recommendations regarding the above.

Resolution.—It was pointed out that the proposals were too general and that it would facilitate action if the exact places where water taps or lights were particularly needed could be specified.

As regards water-supply, the President said that the proposal for the construction of a storage tank to serve Dodda Holageri, weavers' line, etc., had been sanctioned by the Trust Board and was awaiting the approval of Government.

105. Considered letter dated 29th August 1925, from the Honorary Secretary of Sri Shakuntala Karnataka Nataka Sabha, Mysore, stating that the lease of the Town Hall continuously for one month during the Dasara season to an outside company is prejudicial to the interests of local companies and praying that his company may not be deprived of the concession enjoyed by it of staging dramas for three days during the season.

Resolution.—Resolved that the company be informed that their application cannot be complied with as the use of the Town Hall for one month from 9th September 1925 to 8th October 1925, has been otherwise disposed of.

106. Considered correspondence ending with the President's letter No. 656, dated 11th September 1925, to the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, about the appointment of Mr. T. G. Rama Iyer, B.A., City Magistrate, to dispose of objection petitions in connection with revision of assessment and the grant of an allowance of Rs. 100 per month to him during his employment on this work as recommended by the District Magistrate.

Resolution.—Subject to the consent of Government the Council approved of the delegation of the powers of the Managing Committee under Section 65 of the Municipal Regulation to Mr. T. G. Rama Iyer, and accepted the District Magistrate's recommendation regarding the allowance payable to the latter.

* * * *

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 7TH (SPECIAL) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 17TH OCTOBER 1925 AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present ...	... 20	Absent ...	... 10

107. Monthly accounts of the Mysore City Municipal Council for June 1925.

Resolution.—Recorded. The Audit Committee may be requested to audit accounts for July and August which may be placed before the Council with the Committee's remarks.

108. Market Committee's Resolution No. 1 of 27th August 1925, regarding the appointment of a wholetime sergeant, for the Devaraj Market.

Resolution.—Resolved that the appointment of a wholetime sergeant for the Devaraj Market be sanctioned temporarily for six months on a pay not exceeding Rs. 50 per month with free residence within the market premises.

109. Letter No. 267, dated 28th August 1925, from the Chairman, City Improvement Trust Board, recommending a bonus of Rs. 100 or 150, to Mr. C. R. Krishna Rao, Head Draughtsman of his office, for the services rendered by him to the Municipality in connection with the preparation of market schemes, plans and estimates.

Resolution.—A bonus of Rs. 100 is sanctioned.

* * * *

111. Letter No. L. 1510—Ml. 28-25-6, dated 31st August 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to obtain and furnish the views of the Council *re* the application of the rules issued by Government for the recruitment of all non-gazetted executive and clerical appointments including gazetted ones in the City Municipal Council.

Resolution.—A copy of rules referred to and all connected papers may be re-circulated with any other information required to elucidate the nature and acceptability of the proposals.

112. Memo for an additional allotment of Rs. 300 for vehicle badges as the budget provision of Rs. 200 is already exceeded.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

113. The following propositions from Mr. P. S. Ramaswami Iyengar, Municipal Councillor :—

1. Medical inspection of the pupils of all the Primary Schools in the City and of the buildings where such schools are held.

   Resolution.—Referred to School Committee.

2. All the Primary Schools in the City may be held in the mornings only, *viz.*, from 7-30 to 10-30.

   Resolution.—Already disposed of.

3. The followings roads may be repaired immediately as they are in a bad state of repairs :—

   i. Cheluvamba Agrahar Road.
   ii. Devamba Agrahar Road.
   iii. Kempananjamba Agrahar Road.
   iv. Thogare Street Road.

   Resolution.—Estimates for repair of Cheluvamba Agrahar (Rs. 700) and Kempananjamba Agrahar (Rs. 500) roads sanctioned.

   Note.—Repairs of Devamba Agrahar Road deferred till next year and an estimate for Rs. 300 for repairing Thogare Street Road (Bendikere Roads) has been sanctioned by the Managing Committee (*vide* Resolution No. VIII, dated 13th October 1925.)

114. Estimate for Rs. 3,153 for re-coating Railway Station Road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

115. Further action to be taken in respect of bye-laws approved in Government Proceedings No. 7623—Ml. 193-16-4, dated 30th May 1917 and brought into effect from 1st July 1925.

Resolution.—An advance of Rs. 1,000 is sanctioned for carrying out works of internal drainage which private house owners have neglected to execute, the cost incurred on such works being recovered from the house owners later on as per Section 107 of the Municipal Regulation.

116. Letter No. 62, dated 20th August 1925, from the Curator, Parks and Gardens, regarding the increment of Mr. Munisiddappa, Manager, Sewage Farm.

Resolution.—Resolved that the appointment of Manager having been given effect to from 1st March 1924, the claim for 1st increment from 1st March 1925 might be admitted.

* * * *

119 Memo No. 110, dated 7th September 1925, from the Municipal Engineer, recommending that Doddiah, Mali of Peoples' Park, who is getting Rs. 15 per month may be promoted to the grade of Rs. 20—1—25, in consideration of his good work.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

N. MADHAVA RAU,
President.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 4TH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE ON SATURDAY THE 24TH OCTOBER 1925 AT 8 A.M.

* * * *

I. Proceedings of the third ordinary meeting held on 18th September 1925.

Resolution.—Confirmed.

* * * *

III. Application, dated 3rd September 1925, from Mr. M. A. Shustry for a site in the vicinity of the College, free of cost for the construction of a hostel for the benefit of the Mahomedan students.

Resolution.—The applicant may be requested to name a few sites which would suit the requirements of the hostel, and the practicability of allotting any of them may then be examined.

IV. Estimate for Rs. 3,010 for completing the underground drainage system in Block No. 72, No. IV Drainage area.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

V. Estimate for Rs. 80 for continuing the cement concrete drain in Deevatige Road, Block No. 85, and covering over it.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

VI. Estimate for Rs. 895 for laying pipe sewers behind Vani Vilas Market in Block No. 77, No. IV Drainage area.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

VII. Estimate for Rs. 153 for constructing a masonry duct to protect the 2½" cast iron service main running along the foundation of the shops in Vani Vilas Road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

VIII. Petition registered No. S. 112, dated 24th September 1925, from Mr. Sultan Alikhan for the grant of one of the sites referred to therein, in consideration of the expenditure incurred by him in the litigation in respect of the acquisition of his house on Chamaraja Road (received from the Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja).

Resolution.—One of the sites on Travellers' Bungalow Road, to be resumed, may be offered at one rupee per square yard.

IX. Petition registered No. P. 301, dated 4th October 1925, from Mr. T. S. Siddappa, L.M. & S., President, Sankaravilasa Patasala Committee, Mysore, requesting the free grant of (1) a site for the construction of a school building and (2) the materials of the property acquired.

Resolution.—If all parties interested agree, the materials may be given on payment of cost at 5 per cent of the compensation amount. The question of granting site No. 85 in Block No. 64 may be considered after needful arrangements are completed for the construction of a building for the *bona fide* purposes of the Patasala by a duly constituted body authorised to administer the Institution.

X. Applications registered Nos. S. 73, dated 26th August 1925 and S. 113, dated 1st October 1925, from Messrs. Chikkanna and Narasimha Iyengar respectively for Trust land adjoining their houses.

Resolution.—The land may be divided between the applicants and granted at one rupee per square yard, on condition of keeping the land vacant.

XI. Petition registered No. 257, dated 16th September 1925, from Dharmaprakasa Mr. D. Banumiah, the purchaser of site No. 62, Block 60-63, Krishnaraja Mohalla, from Gangamma wife of Hanumiah, to whom the site had been originally allotted by the Board, stating that the site which is under resumption has been sold by him to one Marithayamma, and in turn hypothecated to him.

Resolution.—The conditions of the Mutchalika executed by the original allottee may be enforced.

XII. Allotment of the following sites in Block 3, Idga Extension :—

Site No. 154 to Mr. Venkatarajoo.
Site No. 155 to Mr. Hatti Rangiah.
Site No. 156 to Mr. Mahomed Sileman.
Site No. 157 to Mr. Bansiram.

Resolution.—May be allotted at four annas per square yard.

XIII. Allotment of bit No. 19, Block 69 B, Krishnaraja Mohalla to Mr. C. Narasimhiah, Huzur Bokkasa, Palace.

Also application dated 20th October 1925, from Mr. Puttiah for the same bit.

Resolution.—The corner may be rounded off, and the remaining bit of land given to Narasimhiah at two rupees per square yard on condition of keeping it open.

XIV. Petition, dated 9th October 1925, from Mr. Syed Nasirudin requesting that site No. 7, Block 5, Idga Extension offered to him at eight annas per square yard may be granted at four annas per square yard or any lower rate, if the site is low.

Resolution.—The rate may be reduced to four annas per square yard.

XV. Petition registered No. 276, dated 22nd September 1925, from Mr. Appoosetty requesting that the cost of Trust land, Rs. 194-12-6, included in his compound may be waived, in consideration of his having demolished at his cost his old house, notified for acquisition and re-built at a cost of 3 to 4 thousand rupees.

Resolution.—The amount of Rs. 194-12-6 outstanding in accounts against bits Nos. 42-43 in Block 78 may be waived.

XVI. Petition registered No. P. 260, dated 18th September 1925, from Thirumaleammal, stating that the sum of Rs. 49-8-0 outstanding against her on account of the cost of sites Nos. 35-36, Block 42-43, Nazarbad Mohalla may be waived, as it was granted to her in addition to the compensation awarded for her lands to the east of Chamundi Vihar acquired for the Palace Bandsmen Lines.

Resolution.—The sum of Rs. 49-8-0 outstanding in accounts may be waived.

XVII. Disposal of sites in Travellers' Bungalow Road.

Resolution.—Sites Nos. 5, 6, 7 and 13 may be resumed, and of these, site No 13 may be reserved and kept as vacant space.

* * * *

XXI. Estimate for Rs. 905 for improving Doddakere Tank, by preventing the flow of sewage into it.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

XXII. Tender of contractor, Mr. Munisamy for laying pipe sewers in Block No. 72.

Resolution.—Approved.

XXIII. Administration Report of the Mysore City Improvement Trust Board for the year 1924-25.

Resolution.—Approved.

* * * *

XXVIII. Petition registered No. 330, dated 15th October 1925, from Mr. Thejuramalala, requesting that the Trust land to the north of his house in Block 46, Devaraja Mohalla, may be added on to his house together with the property of Mr. Venkatasami notified for acquisition.

Resolution.—The acquisition of the notified property may be completed.

XXIX. Allotment of site No. 3, Block 93, Chamaraja Mohalla to Mr. K. Chandrasekhara Sastry, Palace Vidwan, Old Agrahar, Mysore.

Resolution.—The site cannot be given.

XXX. Application registered No. S. 105, dated 18th September 1925, from Mr. Kesviah, Artist for Trust land adjoining his house.

Resolution.—Bit No. 74, Block 7 may be sold at one rupee per square yard on usual conditions.

XXXI. Allotment of extra land to the owners of houses in southernmost line in Weavers' Lines, and the realignment of the conservancy lane at a cost of about Rs. 873.

Resolution.—Ten feet of land out of the conservancy lane may be given at eight annas per square yard to the respective house owners, on condition that they will build the compound wall to a height of 5 feet, and keep the land open. The cost of constructing compound wall and of shifting house connections to be deposited along with the price of the land.

XXXII. Letter Register No. S. 138, dated 19th October 1925, from Rev. G. W. Sawday for sites Nos. 201 and 204 in Doddaholagere.

Resolution.—May be sold at two annas per square yard.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

NOITCE.

No. D2. Dis. 219 *L. B.*—25-26, *dated 4th November* 1925.

The Third Class Travellers' Bungalows at Bannur and Mudakatore in the T.-Narsipur Taluk are closed to the public from the 1st to the 18th November 1925, as they are reserved for a special purpose in connection with the ensuing Panchalingadarsana Jatra at Talakad. The travellers' bungalow at Talakad is closed to the public from the 14th to 18th November 1925.

RAMANATHAN,
Eor *President,*
District Board.

HASSAN DISTRICT.

Abstract Notification.

The attention of the public is invited to the draft bye-laws framed by the Municipal Council of Belur *re* registration of vital statistics published on pages 660 to 662 of Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 29th October 1925, and it is hereby notified that any suggestions or objections to the draft bye-laws may be sent to this office or to the President of the Belur Municipal Council within thirty days from the date of publication of the draft bye-laws in the Gazette.

R. NANASAMY RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 3411—*Ml.* 21-25-6, *dated* 10*th November* 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. L. M. G. Vas, Coffee Planter, is appointed a Municipal Councillor on the Town Municipal Council of Chikmagalur, in place of Mr. A. M. Staggs, resigned.

No. L. 3415—*Ml.* 70-25-17, *dated* 10*th November* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Syed Mohiyuddin Hussain Sahib as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Chitaldrug, is approved.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification, dated 14*th November* 1925.

The right of collecting shop taxes during the Jatra of the Sri Subramanyaswami at Ghati in the Dodballapur Taluk which commences on 21st December 1925 will be sold in public auction by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division, or other officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner at 1 P.M., on 30th November 1925 at the Dodballapur Taluk Office.

The sale will be subject to the following conditions :—

(1) The contractor will be authorised to collect taxes at the rates noted below :—

(2) For every item collected the contractor will be required to issue a receipt in the form approved by the Sub-Division Officer. He must make his own arrangements to provide himself with a sufficient number of Receipt Books with counter-foils and these books should be ready for the Sub-Division Officer's inspection on or before the 10th December 1925.

(3) The officer conducting the sale is not bound to accept the highest or any bid.

(4) The person whose bid is finally accepted should deposit the sale amount at once and obtain a receipt from the sale conducting officer.

(5) The sale will be subject to the confirmation of the Deputy Commissioner.

Rates of Shop Taxes.

No.	Particulars of shops	I Class			II Class			III Class		
		Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Rice and other provisions shop ...	20	0	0	15	0	0	10	0	0
2	Cocoanut and plantain shop ...	5	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0
3	Oranges shop ...	5	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0
4	Plantain shop	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
5	Sweetmeats shop	10	0	0	7	0	0	5	0	0
6	Hotels	5	0	0	4	0	0	3	0	0
7	Coffee clubs	4	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0
8	Butcher's shop	8	0	0	5	0	0	3	0	0
9	Cloth shop	6	0	0	4	0	0	2	0	0
10	Blanket shop	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
11	Ironware shop	5	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0
12	Furniture shop	4	0	0	3	0	0	2	0	0
13	Bangle shop	2	0	0	1	0	0	...		
14	Perfumery shop	2	0	0	1	0	0	...		
15	Copper and brass vessels shop ...	6	0	0	4	0	0	...		
16	Alluminium vessels shop	4	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
17	Earthenware shop	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
1	Rice and other provisions shop ...	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
2	Sellers of silver and gold serpent images	...			..			0	8	0
3	Cocoanut and plaintain shop ...	2	0	0	1	0	0	...		
4	Oranges shop	1	0	0	...			...		
5	Flower sellers	...			0	4	0	...		
6	Beetle-leaves sellers	1	0	0	0	8	0	...		
7	Sellers of refreshments	...			...			0	8	0
8	Kadle puri sellers	1	0	0	0	8	0	...		
9	Groundnut sellers	1	0	0	0	8	0	...		
10	Vegetable sellers	..			0	8	0	...		
11	Pappayi fruit sellers	0	12	0	0	8	0	0	4	0
12	Sellers of supari and tobacco ...	1	0	0	0	8	0	...		
13	Bangle sellers	0	8	0	...			..		
14	Caps shop	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	8	0
15	Ironware shops	1	0	0	...			...		
16	Petty shops	2	0	0	1	0	0	0	8	0
17	Pictures and books shop	2	0	0	1	0	0	...		
18	Pestle shop	1	0	0	...			...		
19	Milk and curds sellers	...			...			0	8	0
20	Shoes shop	2	0	0	1	0	0	...		
21	Bed sheet sellers	1	0	0	0	8	0	...		
22	Yarn sellers	1	0	0	0	8	0	...		
23	Aerated water sellers	2	0	0	1	0	0	...		
	GAMES.									
1	Sleavsecope	3	0	0	2	0	0	1	0	0
2	Merry-go-round	5	0	0	...			...		
3	Ring play and dice play	3	0	0	...			...		
4	Dramatic Companies	10	0	0	...			...		
5	Circus Companies with Manager ...	10	0	0	...			...		
6	Do without Manager ...	5	0	0	...			...		
7	Rope sellers	At one anna per yard.								

Notification, dated 14th November 1925.

The right of levying fees on cattle, collecting at the ensuing Jatra of Sri Ghati Subrahmanyaswami temple in the Dodballapur Taluk, for the year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division or other officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner, at 12 noon on 30th November 1925, at the Dodballapur Taluk Office.

The sale will be subject to the following conditions:—

(1) The contractor will be authorised to collect fees at the rate of two annas per every head of cattle and one anna per each calf.

(2) For every item collected, the contractor will be required to issue a ticket in the form approved by the Sub-Division Officer. He must make his own arrangements to provide himself with a sufficient number of ticket books with counter-foils and these books should be ready for the Sub-Division Officer's inspection on or before the 10th December 1925.

(3) The officer conducting the sale is not bound to accept the highest or any bid. The sale will be subject to the confirmation of the Deputy Commissioner.

(4) The person whose bid is finally accepted, should deposit the sale amount at once and obtain a receipt from the sale conducting officer.

(5) The car festival will be celebrated on 21st December 1925.

M. P. VISWANATHA RAO,
For *Deputy Commissioner.*

No. 11.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

PROCEEDINGS OF A SPECIAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON THURSDAY THE 15TH OCTOBER 1925, AT 5 P.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Present ... 13 | Absent ... 15 | Vacant ... 2

1. Correspondence ending with letter No. 3935, dated 7th October 1925, from the Chief Engineer of Mysore, stating that the supply of water from Dod-Tumkur Tank when let down to the Hessarghatta tank will last for sixty days.

Resolution.—Recorded.

2. Memo No. 462, dated 23rd September 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Water Supply Division, forwarding for countersignature an estimate for Rs. 12,500 being the contribution to be paid by the City Municipality towards the crop compensation payable to the raiyats under Dod-Tumkur Tank.

Resolution.—Resolved that the estimate be countersigned and that the Chief Engineer be requested to obtain from the Deputy Commissioner information as to the data on which the estimate has been arrived at for the information of the Council at as early a date as possible.

3. (*i*) Letter No. 541, dated 12th October 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Water Supply Division, Bangalore, stating that the hours of water supply in the morning will be restricted from 6 A.M. to 10 A.M. instead of 6 to 11 A.M. and in the evenings the hours of supply will remain from 5 to 7 P.M. as at present.

(*ii*) Memo No. 4256, dated 14th October 1925, from the Chief Engineer in Mysore, Bangalore, proposing the reduction of the water consumption in the Bangalore City to 1,250,000 gallons per day.

(*iii*) Statement prepared by the Range Officer, Chamarajendra Water Works, showing that up to 15th October 1925, 111 taps in gardens were plugged and that further attempts are being made in the same direction.

(*iv*) Statement prepared by the Municipal Engineer, giving the description and location of 2,473 old wells in the City of Bangalore, from which supply of water can be arranged for and also the Commissioner's memo placing Overseer Mr. D. Shamanna, in exclusive charge of the work of effecting improvements to old wells.

Resolution.—1. The above four communications were read and recorded.

2. At the suggestion of the President, it was resolved unanimously that the Chief Engineer be requested to place the services of a suitable officer of the grade of an Assistant Engineer for a period of three months for assisting the Municipality actively in restoring and repairing old wells and sinking new wells wherever necessary and also for devising necessary measures for conserving the water supply of the City at its higher levels and for taking such other steps as may be necessary to meet the convenience of the general public in regard to the use of water for drinking and domestic purposes.

It was further resolved that sanction be accorded for an expenditure of Rs. 10,000 for preliminary expenses in connection with this well work.

4. Consideration of the Administration Report of the City Municipality for 1924-25.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Administration Report be adopted and that the same forwarded to Government with the record of an expression of thanks to the Municipal Executive for the efficient and satisfactory manner in which they have carried out the work of the Council in the past year, especially to the Municipal Commissioner who has been unsparing in his services to the City.

No. 12.

PROCEEDINGS OF ORDINARY GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGLORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 24TH OCTOBER 1925 AT 8 A.M. IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Members.

Present ... ... 19 | Absent 10

Vacant 1.

1. Letters from Messrs. P. Subbarama Chetty, C. N. Narasinga Rao, G. Paramasiviah and B. Abdur Rahmon, expressing their inability to attend the meeting were read and recorded.

2. * * * *

3. The interpellations of Mr. B. L. Byanna, enquiring the details of undisposed of resolutions since 1922 and the income derived from tolls during September 1924 and September 1925, were read and answered.

ORDINARY SUBJECTS.

3. Memo No. 546, dated 21st September 1925, from the Health Officer, submitting a note on Typhoid or Enteric fever.

Resolution.—Resolved that a brief summary of the Health Officer's note on Typhoid or Enteric fever read before the Council be made in Kanarese and Hindustani and printed copies thereof distributed for the information of the public.

* * * *

8. Letter No. I. C. 1793—A. E. 48-25-2, dated 12th September 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Revenue Department, stating that Government Order already passed with regard to the closing of the Lal-Bagh gates cannot be modified as the said Government Order was passed after full consideration of all the facts, and that it is in conformity with the practice reported to be prevailing elsewhere.

Resolution.—It was unanimously resolved that the letter be recorded and that a summary of discussion be submitted to Government, with a view that they may reconsider their order.

SUMMARY OF DISCUSSION.

1. Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar, in opening the debate, said that he regretted very much that the Government should have, with one stroke of the pen, struck off the unanimous resolution of the Council, requesting the Government to keep open the gates of the Lal-Bagh for an hour beyond the time fixed by Government, that this was one of a series of unanimous resolutions of the Council, which the Government have so ungenerously set at naught and that the reasons stated by Government for not giving heed to this particular resolution, which was passed entirely in the interests of public convenience did not appeal to the Council.

2. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao in supporting Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar, said that the only reason adduced by Government in support of closing the Lal-Bagh gates at 6 P.M. in certain months and at 7 P.M. during other months was that it was in conformity with the practice prevailing elsewhere, that so far as he was aware, this was not the case, that the Peoples' Park in Madras and the Government Gardens in Ootacamand are kept open all the twenty-four hours of the day and that a report of the proceedings be sent to Government for the reconsideration of their orders.

3. Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer spoke in support of the Government Order and said that for several reasons the Government were justified in issuing their order.

4. Mr. S. N. M. Razvi pointed out that gosha women and the labouring classes find time only after 6 in the evening to visit Lal-Bagh and that it is very necessary that the Lal-Bagh gates should be kept open at least for an hour beyond the time fixed by Government.

5. Mr. D. Venkataramiah said that it seemed to be the general opinion of the Council that the hours of keeping the Lal-Bagh open in the evening should be extended in the interests of the public and that Government might be respectfully informed that the Council do not intend to take a defiant attitude in the matter, but that the Council and the public would be thankful if the hours are extended.

* * * *

13. Correspondence ending with letter No. T. T. 80, dated 21st September 1925, from the Superintendent, Municipal Schools, Bangalore City, recommending that the grant to the London Mission Primary Boys' School, Bangalore, may be paid from 1st July 1924.

Resolution.—Resolved that the grant of Rs. 45 per mensem, sanctioned to the London Mission Primary Boys' School, be paid from 1st July 1924.

* * * *

15. Letter No. 362, dated 7th September 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education in Mysore, Bangalore, stating that Rs. 1,564 being the cost of acquisition of the land, measuring 12 feet wide, out of the land acquired by the Education Department for the Model Anglo-Hindustani School, on the Police Road, cannot be paid by the Education Department as the necessity for the lane was not felt by the Education Department and requesting that the amount may be paid early.

Resolution.—Resolved that half the cost be borne by the Municipality and the other half by the Education Department.

* * * * *

17. Opinion of the City Improvement Committee Meeting held on 5th September 1925, approving the exchange of the Municipal land in Old Kasai Road with that of Mr. Abdul Rahim Hajee Abdul Gaffur Sab on behalf of Kumbarpet Masjid required to be set back and the sale of Municipal land measuring 30 feet by 12 feet in the said road to Mr. K. Hajee Khader Bacha Saheb owner of the adjacent building at Rs. 5 per square yard.

Resolution.—Approved.

* * * * *

19. Memo No. 477, dated 4th September 1925, from the Health Officer, explaining the necessity for the appointment of two Lady Health Visitors on Rs. 75 plus Rs. 30 each per mensem instead of one and stating that the cost would be met from the provision made therefor in the current year's budget and requesting sanction to his proposal.

Resolution.—The necessity for these appointments was discussed at great length. Messrs. C. Hayavadana Rao, S. N. Seetharama Rao, M. Ramachandra Rao Sindia and G. Siddaveerappa and others were in favour of abolishing the appointment of the Lady Health Visitor, as the experience of the last three years showed that it served no useful purpose and that increasing the number of midwives would meet a real and urgent need of the citizens.

Messrs. Belur Srinivasiengar, S. N. M. Razvi and B. L. Byanna, spoke in favour of the continuance of the appointment of a Lady Health Visitor.

The Health Officer explained the necessity for two appointments of Lady Health Visitors and said that incidentally they would supervise the work of the midwives also.

Mr. D. Venkataramiah said that there was no difference of opinion as regards increasing the number of midwives and that it may be separately considered and that as regards the present question, he proposed an amendment that instead of two Lady Health Visitors on Rs. 75 plus 30 each per mensem, only one Lady Health Visitor fully qualified be appointed on a suitable salary, This was seconded by Mr. Belur Srinivasa Iyengar. With the consent of the House, this was treated as a substantive proposition and it was put to vote and 9 voted 'For' and 9 'Against' it, the presiding authority refraining from voting.

Messrs. Belur Srinivasiengar and B. L. Byanna demanded a poll, which was granted.

The following voted 'For':—Messrs. 1. D. Venkataramiah, 2. S. Venkataranga Iyengar, 3. N. V. Kalyanpur, 4. R. Gopalaswami Iyer, 5. Rev. W. H. Thorp, 6. S. N. M. Razvi, 7. V. Venkatesaiah, 8. B. L. Byanna and 9. Belur Srinivasiengar.

The following voted 'Against':—Messrs. 1. C. Hayavadana Rao, 2. H. Bhadrappa, 3. G. Muniyappa, 4. G. Siddaveerappa, 5. P. M. Basappa, 6. Ramachandra Rao Sindhe, 7. V. A. Krishnamurthy Mudaliar, 8. S. N. Sitharama Rao and 9. W. H. Hanumanthappa.

20. Disposal of tenders for the following works, on the Mysore Road :—

It was unanimously resolved,

(1) that the tender of Balappa for metalling the widened portion of the Mysore Road from 5th to 10th furlong for Rs. 5,941-4-5 be accepted ;

(2) that the tender of Giddappa for kerbing and forming foot paths on the sides of the Mysore Road from the junction of the Agrahar Tank Bund Ookad to the Barr Lines Square, for Rs. 2,408-4-0 be accepted :—

(3) that the tender of S. Venkatappa, for reforming Mysore Road from Market Circus to I Main Road, New Tharagupet for Rs. 1,828-12-0 be accepted ; and

(4) that the tender of B. N. Chennarayappa for providing kerbing with 2 footpaths from the Market Circus to the I Main Road of New Tharagupet for Rs. 830 be accepted.

Meeting adjourned to Saturday the 31st October 1925, at 8 A.M., for want of time.

No. 13.

PROCEEDINGS OF AN ADJOURNED GENERAL MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, BANGALORE, HELD ON SATURDAY THE 31ST OCTOBER 1925 AT 8 A.M., IN THE COUNCIL CHAMBER.

Members.

Present	... 20	Absent	... 9	Vacant	... 1

Before the usual proceedings began, Mr. C. Hayavadna Rao, brought to the notice of the Council the irreparable loss which the sister Municipality of the Civil and Military Station in particular and the public in general have sustained by the sad and untimely death of Rao Bahadur Mr. C. N. Suryanarayana Rao, the Vice-President of the Civil and Military Station Municipality, on the 28th instant, Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao paid a glowing tribute to his many good qualities of head and heart and said that the late Rao Bahadur Mr. C. N. Suryanarayana Rao, was connected with the Civil and Military Station Municipal Commission for a long term of over 20 years, that he was the first elected Vice-President of that Municipality, which post he held with success for nearly seven years, that he was an honourable and straight forward gentleman whom he had the pleasure to know for a long time, that he was a true sportsman in all what he said and did, that he held the foremost rank in the legal profession of the Civil and Military Station, that his speeches in the Council Chamber and in the Law Courts were marked with ability and thoroughness and that it would be in the fitness of things that this Council should record a vote of condolence. Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, further referred to the very touching remarks made by Mr. T. B. Russell, the President of the Civil and Military Station Municipal Commission at their last meeting.

Mr. Belur Srinivasiengar, associated himself with every word spoken by Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao and said that he was one of those that were present at the cremation ground and that the very large concourse of people of all communities that attended the cremation was a public testimony to the unequalled and unsurpassed popularity of the late Rao Bahadur Mr. C. N. Suryanarayana Rao and to the great respect and esteem in which he was held by all persons, high and low.

The following resolution then proposed by Mr. C. Hayavadana Rao, and seconded by Mr. B. L. Byanna was passed unanimously, all the Councillors, Visitors and Officers present standing:—

"1. Resolved that this Council do place on record their sense of sorrow at the sudden and untimely death of Rao Bahadur Mr. C. N. Suryanarayana Rao, Vice-President of the Civil and Military Station Municipality and the loss the Civil and Military Station Municipality has sustained in his death.

2. Resolved further that copies of this resolution be communicated to the Civil and Military Station Municipality and to the members of the family of the late Rao Bahadur Mr. C. N. Suryanarayana Rao."

The business of the day was then taken up.

22. Consideration of the draft bye-laws regulating structures and buildings, published in the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 3rd September 1925, together with an objection petition received in the matter.

Resolution.—The objections raised in the petition were considered and the Council resolved that no modifications were necessary and that the draft bye-laws be submitted to Government for approval.

* * * *

24. Opinion of the Municipal City Improvement Committee, dated 22nd September 1925, recommending the acquisition of a portion of property measuring 18½ feet by 16½ feet out of door No. 43 belonging to Mr. K. V. Kuppu Rao at the junction of Sethu Rao Street with Gundopanth Street, and of giving him in exchange Municipal land measuring 34 feet by 15½ feet on the north of the Gundopanth Street.

Resolution.—Approved.

25. Opinion of the Municipal City Improvement Committee, dated 22nd September 1925, stating that there is no objection to allow facing shops on both sides of the New Bamboo Bazaar Road.

Resolution.—Approved.

26. Opinion of the Municipal City Improvement Committee, dated 22nd September 1925, stating that the acquisition of site No. 14 in Ammachowdripalya, belonging to Mr. S. J. Edwards, as per resolution of the Municipal Council is not necessary and that he may be given back the same site and paid Rs. 40 towards the cost of demolition of the old house.

Resolution.—Approved.

27. Government Order No. 1088-93, dated 2nd October 1925, passing orders sanctioning the introduction of a flat rate of 4 annas on every house connection given and to be given and the increase of excess water charges.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that the Government be respectfully requested to sanction as a whole the well-considered resolutions of the Council pertaining to the augmentation of revenue in the matter of water-supply.

* * * * *

31. Election of a member for the Municipal Education Committee in place of Mr. J. R. Isaac, resigned.

The President brought to the notice of the Council that Mr. B. Abdur Rahmon had signified his willingness through a letter to stand for the Education Committee. Also Messrs. B. L. Byanna and Chiknanjundappa expressed their willingness. The result of voting which was conducted by ballot was as follows :—

	votes.
1. Mr. M. C. Chiknanjundappa	11
2. ,, B. L. Byanna	5
3. ,, B. Abdur Rahmon, B.A.	4

Resolution.—Mr. M. C. Chiknanjundappa was declared duly elected.

32. Election of a member and the appointment of a Chairman for the Health Committee in place of Mr. J. R. Isaac, resigned.

Messrs. S. N. Seetharama Rao and Hoskote Bhadrappa expressed their willingness to stand for election. Votes were recorded by ballot and the result was as noted below :—

	votes.
1. Mr. Hoskote Bhadrappa	12
2. ,, S. N. Seetharama Rao	8

Resolution.—Mr. Hoskote Bhadrappa was declared duly elected.

Mr. B. L. Byanna was then unanimously elected as Chairman of the Health Committee.

Meeting was then adjourned, as it was 11-30 A.M.

MOHAMED ABBAS KHAN,
Honorary President.

HASSAN TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice, dated 10th November 1925.

1. The public are hereby informed that it is proposed to hold a Cattle Show in the dry lands behind musafirkhana and santhemala at Hassan. The Show will commence on Sunday the 3rd January 1926 and close on the evening of Tuesday the 5th January 1926.

2. The Cattle Show is intended to give to the raiyats an idea of the several species of cattle breed in and beyond the Hassan District and thus to promote general improvement in the breed of cattle.

3. The several classes of cattle which will be admitted to the Show are given in the appendix and they will be kept separately according to whether they are for exhibition only or for both exhibition and sale.

4. Arrangements will be made to promote competition and to induce cattle owners to exhibit the best cattle available by awarding prizes. Those who desire to have special facilities for sale of cattle are requested to address the President, Hassan Town Municipality before the opening of the Show.

5. As per Government Proceedings No. 7007-24—L. B. 189-09-3, dated 22nd February 1911, minimum rate of fees at a uniform rate of one anna per head of cattle will be levied on all cattle admitted to the cattle close enclosure.

6. Required quantity of fodder will be made available for sale near the show enclosure.

7. Every animal admitted to the Show enclosure should be accompanied by a sufficient number of men to keep it under proper control.

8. Only cattle considered suitable will be allowed to compete in the Cattle Show for prizes.

9. No animal which has been awarded one prize will be allowed to compete for any other prize except for a special prize.

10. Working cattle may, at the option of the judges, be subjected to a practical test as to their power of draught, etc.

11. Admittance of competing cattle into the Show enclosure will be closed on the morning of the 4th January 1926.

12. All persons who become exhibitors of cattle will be held to have signified their consent and acceptance to the above conditions and to such other conditions which the Committee may hereafter prescribe.

APPENDIX.

I. Breeding bulls, 1st prize Rs. 10, 2nd prize Rs. 5, 3rd prize Rs. 3.
II. Bullocks (pairs)—
(a) Ploughing bullocks, 1st prize Rs. 6, 2nd prize Rs. 3.
(b) Draught bullocks, 1st prize Rs. 8, 2nd prize Rs. 4.
(c) Dawk bullocks, 1st prize Rs. 8, 2nd prize Rs. 4.
III. Single bullock, 1st prize Rs. 4.
IV. Cows, 1st prize Rs. 8, 2nd prize Rs. 4. Cows, small size, 1st prize Rs. 4, 2nd prize Rs. 2.
V. Calves, 1st prize Rs. 6, 2nd prize Rs. 3, 3rd prize Rs. 2.
VI. Buffaloes—
(a) She-buffalo, 1st prize Rs. 5.
(b) He-buffalo, 1st prize Rs. 5.
VII. Sheep—
(a) Rams, 1st prize Rs. 3, 2nd prize Rs. 2.
(b) Ewes, 1st prize Rs. 3, 2nd prize Rs. 2.
VIII. Goats—
(a) He-goats, 1st prize Rs. 3., 2nd prize Rs. 2.
(b) She-goats, 1st prize Rs. 3, 2nd prize Rs. 2.

Special Classes.

1. Rupees ten for the best animal in the Show.
2. A pair of Amrut Mahal bullocks, 1st prize Rs. 10, 2nd prize Rs. 6.
3. A pair of Hallikar bullocks, 1st prize Rs. 10, 2nd prize Rs. 6.
4. For the best calf borne to the District board breeding bull, 1st prize Rs. 5, 2nd prize Rs. 3.

Note.—Other special prizes may be awarded by the Committee, if found necessary.

H. BORANNAH,
President.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notification, dated 15th November 1925.

The right to collect tolls at the toll gate at Laxmipura with the sub-toll gate at Bennatti, in the Nagar Taluk during the remaining part of the official year, 1925-26 will be resold by public auction at the Taluk Office, Kallurkatte at 2 P.M. on Monday the 30th November 1925, by the Assistant Commissioner, Sagar Sub-Division subject to the conditions notified on pages from 172 to 176 in Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated the 2nd April 1925.

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
President, District Board.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 3490—Ml. 1-25-22, dated 14th November 1925.

(ERRATUM).

For property No. 317—312 belonging to Mallappa appearing in Government Notification No. L. 2348—Ml. 1-22-13, dated the 12th September 1922, declaring the acquisition of the said property along with others as required for opening a conservancy lane between Taluk Cutcherry Road and Santhaveerayya lane in the Bangalore City, substitute "properties Nos. 312 to 317 belonging to Mallappa."

No. L. 3492—Ml. 1-25-23, dated 14th November 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation No. VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from the acquisition of the undermentioned properties declared for acquisition in Government Notification No. L. 2345—Ml. 6-22-13, dated the 12th September 1922, as required for opening a conservancy lane between Taluk Cutcherry Road and Santhaveerayya lane, Bangalore City, as it is now stated that they are not required for the purpose.

Door No. 39/3 Taluk Cutcherry Road.
Door No. 38/3 Taluk Cutcherry Road.
Door No. 325/3 and 326/3 Taluk Cutcherry Road.
Door No. 318/3 Taluk Cutcherry Road.
Door No. 40/3 Taluk Cutcherry Road.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

SAGAR TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice, dated November 1925.

The following bye-laws regarding vaccination framed by the Sagar Town Municipal Council, under Rule 24 of the Rules framed under the Mysore Vaccination Regulation of 1906 within the limits of Sagar Town are hereby published. Any inhabitant objecting to the proposed bye-laws may within one month from the date of publication in the *Mysore Gazette*, send his objections in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Sagar.

1. The Town of Sagar will, for the purpose of vaccination, be treated as one circle.

2. The Local Fund Dispensary will be public vaccination depot.

3. The Assistant Surgeon of the male dispensary shall be the Superintendent of Vaccination.

4. The Local Medical Officer and the Sanitary Inspector who shall be trained in vaccination, if he is not already trained, shall be called vaccinators for the purpose of these bye-laws.

5. The Superintendent shall reside within the Municipal limits of the Sagar Town.

6. There shall be affixed at the depot a board showing in English and Kannada, the hours at which vaccination shall be done at the depot.

7. Vaccination shall ordinarily be done at the Vaccination Depot on all days except Sundays and other authorised public holidays between the hours of 8 to 10 in the morning.

8. The Superintendent or the Sanitary Inspector shall, if required, by the head of the household, vaccinate the members thereof at his residence on such days, as he may find it convenient to do so, provided that, during epidemics of small-pox or when an outbreak of the desease is impending, the Superintendent shall lose no time to vaccinate and re-vaccinate persons.

9. The Lady Medical Officer in charge of the female dispensary shall also vaccinate at their residence, free of charge, grown up girls and adult females, specially those observing the Ghosha system. Particulars of vaccination performed by her shall be furnished to the Superintendent, once a week.

10. The Superintendent shall be duly furnished by the President of the Municipality with the following information:—

10. (*a*) A list of houses and unprotected persons in each house.

(*b*) A list showing the number of immigrants into the town who have lived for longer than a month therein with in 10 days after the close of each quarter.

(*c*) A monthly statement of births during the month.

11. The Superintendent shall maintain a register showing every house with the name of the unprotected persons therein with a space for the addition from time to time for the fresh unprotected cases and with a column for entering the date and the result of the vaccination.

12. The Superintendent shall furnish before the 5th of each month, a monthly statement of vaccination to the Chief Sanitary Inspector and to the President of the Municipality.

13. The Superintendent shall bring to the notice of the President or Vice-President, any remissness of duty on the part of the head of a household calculated to impair the efficiency of the vaccination.

14. The Superintendent may grant certificates under Rules 6 and 9 of the Vaccination Rules.

15. The Patel, Shanbhog, Sanitary Inspector and other members of the Municipal Board shall render every help to the Superintendent in the discharge of his duty.

C. LAKSHMANA RAO,
President, Municipal Council.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 3644, —Ml. 13-25-14, dated 20th November 1925.

Under Section 18 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, Mr. M. Royan, Medical Practitioner, Bangalore, is appointed a Municipal Councillor of the Bangalore City Municipal Council, in place of Mr. J. R. Isaac, resigned.

No. L. 3558—Ml. 64-25-14, dated 17th November 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Sendi Anjanappa, as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Goribidnur, is approved.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECOND ORDINARY MEETING OF THE DISTRICT BOARD, BANGALORE DISTRICT, HELD ON THE 7TH AND 8TH NOVEMBER 1925.

7th November 1925.

Members.

Present		Absent	
District Board Members	38	District Board Members	9
Representative Assembly Members	5	Vacant	1
		Representative Assembly Members	4

8th November 1925.

20

1. Read proceedings of the last meeting.

Resolution.—Resolved that the words "became excited and" to be deleted from the proceedings of the special meeting dated 28th August 1925 on the objection taken by Mr. M. Karnick Krishna Murthy Rao, and confirmed.

18 voted for and 3 against.

2. Read Administration Report for 1924-25.

Resolution.—Resolved that it may be deferred for circulation among such local members as desire.

(*a*) Resolved that arrangements for lunch be made.

Proposed by Mr. A. Hayes and seconded by Mr. Nilgiri G. Sanjeevayya. Supported by Messrs. (1) B. Sreenivasa Iyengar, (2) R. Gopalaswamy Iyer, (3) Rao Bahadur B. V. Venkataswami Naidu and (4) Syed Nasiruddin Mohamood Razvi.

Resolution.—Carried.

DEFERRED SUBJECTS.

3. Read Yadi No. Oc. 3959, dated 28th July 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore, in the matter of repairing Chatram at Hoskote, recently handed over to Taluk Board.

Resolution.—Resolved that this may be referred to Taluk Board to find the source.

4. Read letter No. 2343, dated 22nd August 1925, from the Chief Engineer in Mysore, *re* the special repairs of Closepet-Magadi Road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

ORDINARY SUBJECTS.

1. Read letter No. Jc. 274, dated the 25th August 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner and the District Magistrate, furnishing information as to the number of permits issuing for plying motor buses after the introduction of the New Rules.

Mr. R. Gopalaswami Iyer proposed the following resolution.

Resolution.—Resolved to request the Government to kindly see that the Deputy Commissioner of the Bangalore District consults the President of the District Board as per rule 30 (1) of the Motor Vehicles Rules of No. P. 3015—L. 21-22-10, dated 11th December 1924, before granting licenses.

Seconded by Mr. Nilgiri G. Sanjeevayya.

Eighteen voted for and one against.

2. Read Memo No. 651, dated 29th August 1925, from the Superintendent, Sericulture, recommending that a Scholarship of Rs. 20 may be granted to Mr. C. J. Madwaraj, a Graduate (L. Ag.), tenable for 6 months for undergoing training in Rearing and Gardening in the Central Sericultural School at Mysore.

Resolution.—Resolved that it is not possible, as there are no funds.

3. (1) Read letter No. 1749—L. B. 1-25-8, dated 5th September 1925, from the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, forwarding, for re-submission with the Board resolution, the establishment travelling allowance bill for June 1925.

(2) Read travelling allowance bill of the establishment for September and October 1925, for journey performed out of jurisdiction.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

4. Read letter No. 457, dated 7—9th September 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, requesting that a sum of Rs. 1-2-9 being the charge for surveying a tunnel on Kankanhalli road from Closepet which was wrongly debited to Irrigation works, may be remitted.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

5. Read letter No. 475, dated 10—11th September 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, requesting that the charge of Rs. 100 for preparing a stone road-roller made in the Annual Repair estimate for Devanhalli-Venkatapur road for 1924-25, may be allowed, as half per cent charged for tools and plants is intended to provide for hire and depreciation charges of tools and plant.

Resolution.—Sanctioned with the understanding that the Executive Engineer should furnish the information as to how many such rollers belong to District Board.

6. Read letter dated 14th October 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, Central Silk Farm, Channapatna, requesting that the Board may kindly contribute at least Rs. 400 for the expenses of the Second Conference of the Sericulturists in December 1925.

Mr. R. Gopalaswamy Iyer proposed that a sum of Rs. 200 be paid towards the expenses of the Conference and Mr. B. Srinivasa Iyengar seconded the same.

Messrs. M. Karnick Krishna Murthy Rao and B. Oosman Khan were against and the remaining members were for.

Resolution.—Carried.

7. Read letter No. 881, dated 11th October 1925, from the Officer in charge, Channapatna Central Farm, requesting to be informed as to how many scholarships for training in Sericulture will be granted this year, when 5 scholarships were granted last year.

Resolution.—Resolved that 5 scholarships of Rs. 10 each be given for a period of 6 months.

8. Read letter No. Jc. 906—24-25, dated 21st September 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore, intimating the desire of Government that special repair estimate of Bangalore-Mysore road for Rs. 12,379 may be countersigned, as the road is an important one, with reply of this office thereon to the effect that the estimate has been countersigned and returned to the Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, subject to the approval of the Board.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

9. Read report No. 48, dated 18th August 1925, from the President, Magadi Taluk Board, *re* the well work at Someswaraswamy temple. (The Assistant Comptroller during his inspection has remarked that this work need not be sanctioned from District funds.)

Resolution.—Resolved that the estimate be referred to the Public Works Department for scrutiny and for a fresh estimate and the rates given in the estimate be given to all the items as provided in the estimate, and for extra depth reasonable rates to be given.

10. Report No. 123, dated 12th October 1925, requesting sanction for further continuance of peons to Sanitary Inspectors of Bangalore Taluk for collection of arrears.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

ADDITIONAL SUBJECTS.

* * * * *

2. Read letter No. 2551—L. B. 109-23-14, dated 12th October 1925, from the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding for report a petition dated 4th September 1925, representing that the proceedings of the District Board, Bangalore, at a Special Meeting held on the 28th August 1925, confirming their previous resolution, sanctioning the levy of Railway cess in this district is invalid and may not therefore be sactioned.

Resolution.—Resolved that when the proceedings of the Special Meeting held on 28th August 1925 was read for confirmation in the open meeting held on 7th November 1925, Mr. Karnick Krishna Murthy Rao who was present took objection only for the words, "became excited and" in the resolution and wanted the three words to be deleted. The remaining portion of the resolution and the full proceeding of the Special Meeting was unanimously approved and confirmed, and so his letter addressed to Government is *ultra vires*. Under the above circumstances the Board again affirm that their original resolution of the 28th August 1925 is quite in order.

The Board regrets once again for his action in corresponding direct to the Government on matters concerning the Board and for writing such information which bears no foundation.

Moved by Mr. S. N. M. Razvi.

Seconded by Mr. Niligiri G. Sanjeevayya.

This was put to vote, 17 voted for and 2 against.

Mr. B. Oosman Khan proposed that the matter may be deferred, as the petitioner Mr. M. Karnick Krishna Murthy Rao is not present.

This was seconded by Mr. Veeregowda, and put to vote. Three voted for and the others (sixteen) against.

3. Read letter No. L. 3148-64, dated 29th October 1925, from the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, Local and Legislative Departments, calling for opinion in the matter of cancelling all cattle fairs in the State during 1925-26 and prohibiting collection of cattle at different weekly shandies as proposed by the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department.

Resolution.—The Cattle Show in the areas where there is rinderpest need not be held. Jatras, if to be held, to be held only after consulting the Veterinary Department.

4. Report No. 69, dated 26th October 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Doddballapur, with Taluk Board resolution with a request that sanction to construct stalls at shandies may be accorded, the cost being met out of the closing balance.

Resolution.—Resolved that the estimate be called for.

5. Read Memo No. 5065, dated 2nd November 1925, from the Chief Engineer in Mysore, stating that a rough estimate for Rs. 31,100 for the opening of the road from Harohally to Maralavady has been sent to the Secretary, Public Works Department, and requesting that if the Board can find funds towards the construction of the road, what amount could be provided for every year commencing 1926-27.

Read the dissenting note of Mr. B. Oosman Khan and the Office Memo.

Resolution.—Resolved that the details of the estimate for Rs. 16,300 be called for from the Executive Engineer, Public Works Department, as per resolution dated 15th and 16th April 1924, and a road costing about Rs. 16,300 be opened, the Taluk Board paying Rs. 4,500 towards the cost.

6. Report No. 70, dated 20th September 1925, from the President, Kankanhalli Taluk Board, with the Taluk Board resolution with a request that Rs. 500 be made available out of District Board Funds for repairing the road from Doddalahalli to Sangam together with Memo No. C2. 1186, dated 10th October 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Bangalore.

Mr. S. N. M. Razvi proposed that a contribution of Rs. 300 be paid.

Mr. R. Gopalaswamy Iyer, seconded.

Resolution.—Carried.

7. Letter No. 744, dated 28—29th October 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Bangalore Division, forwarding for countersignature an estimate for Rs. 419 for the special repairs of Iglur-Gumlapur Road for 1925-26 and stating that that amount may be met out of Rs. 6,500 sanctioned for special repairs for 1925-26.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

8. Letter No. 8785-7, dated 23rd October 1925, from the Superintendent, Mysore Civil Veterinary Department, recommending that the gathering of cattle at cattle fair and weekly shandies should be discouraged for this year.

Resolution.—*Vide* resolution of Additional Subject No. 3.

EDUCATIONAL SUBJECTS.

9. Report No. 32, dated 1st September 1925, from the President, Closepet, with the Taluk Board resolution in the matter of introducing Industrial class at Hindustani School at Closepet.

Resolution.—Resolved that it be referred to Education Committee.

10. Letter No. 12, dated 4th September 1925, from the Attendance Officer, Anekal Town, with Committee's resolution in the matter of establishing a Book Depot in Government Middle School at Anekal.

Resolution.—Recommended to Education Department.

11. Letter No. 363, dated 7th September 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education, enquiring whether the Board is agreeable to improve the building wherein the Kannada and Urdu Boys' Schools are located at Hindignal at a cost of Rs. 2,400 as the building is in a dangerous condition.

Resolution.—Resolved that it be referred to Education Department to point out the source.

12. Report No. 7, dated 7th September 1925, from the Master of Konaghatta Primary School with Committee resolution to the effect that the School Master S. V. Thimmappa may not be disturbed from the place, with the report of the said Master S. V. Thimmappa.

Resolution.—Resolved that the matter be dropped as the District Inspector says that he is not disturbed.

13. Petition dated 6th September 1925, from Mr. Krishnayya and others of Maralawady, praying that Compulsory Education system may be introduced in both Maralawadies.

Resolution.—Resolved that this be referred to Education Committee.

* * * *

18. (1) Report No. 67, dated 28th September 1925, from the President, Nelamangala, with Taluk Board resolution to the effect that Industrial School is very necessary at Nelamangala.

(2) That the Taluk Board may be retained.

Resolution.—(1) Resolved that it be referred to Education Department.

(2) Deferred.

19. Petition of the residents of Hagalahally and Linga Gowda Doddy praying that the Primary School started at their own cost at Hagalahally may be converted into Government School, etc.

Resolution.—Resolved that it be referred to Education Department.

20. Letter No. 1597—191, dated 28—29th September 1925, from the District Inspector of Schools, enquiring whether there is any necessity for two Incomplete Middle Schools in such a close vicinity as Solur and Gudemaranahalli within a distance of about 2 miles, etc.

Resolution.—Resolved that the school at Solur be tried for a year.

21. Petition of Mr. T. F. Sheik Mohamed, etc., dated 7th October 1925, praying that Government grant may be sanctioned to Hindustani School at Dodtumkur which is being maintained by the villagers.

Resolution.—Resolved that this be referred to Education Department.

22. Letter No. 502, dated 8th October 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education, calling for the views of the District Board in the matter of improving the compound wall of Anglo-Hindustani School building at Channapatna at a cost of Rs. 870 from the Cess Funds.

Resolution.—Resolved that this be referred to Education Department to point out the source.

* * * *

24. Petition of the residents, Patel and Shanbhog of Byrasandra, dated 10th October 1925, praying that the Grant School at Byrasandra may be converted into Government School.

Resolution.—Resolved that it be referred to Education Department.

25. Report No. 139, dated 23rd October 1925, from the President, Anekal Taluk Board, with Panchayet Meeting Proceedings with a request that the Education Department may be requested to supply furniture, etc., to Koppa Village School.

Resolution.—Resolved that it be referred to Education Department.

26. Petition of the residents of Solekere, dated 18th October 1925, praying that a Government School may be established at Chicksolekere.

Resolution.—Resolved that it be referred to Education Department.

27. Petition of the Mohamedan residents of Satnur, dated 15th September 1925, praying that a building for Hindustani School may be constructed at Satnur, promising to pay Rs. 200 for the same.

Resolution.—Resolved that it be referred to Education Department. It is necessary.

28. Letter No. L. 1939—L. B. 1-25-10, from the Secretary to the Government of Mysore, requesting to obtain the resolution of the Board in the matter of return journey from Mysore by the Local Fund Head Clerk in October 1922.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

29. Report No. 83, dated 10th September 1925, from the President, Magadi Taluk Board, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 2,023 for putting a compound wall around the travellers' bungalow at Magadi, the cost being met out of the Taluk Board Funds and letter No. 611, dated 9—10th October 1925, from the Executive Engineer *re* the fixing up stone pillars for gateway of travellers' bungalow at Magadi at a cost of Rs. 210.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

30. Report No. 81, dated 9th September 1925, from the President, Magadi Taluk Board, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 5,360 for improving the road leading to Savandrug connecting from Closepet-Magadi road near Naikanapalya.

Resolution.—Sanctioned. If the amount is to be met from the District Funds, a toll-gate to be opened after getting the permission of Government.

Proposed by Mr. S. N. M. Razvi and seconded by Mr. Niligiri G. Sanjeevayya.

Resolution.—Carried.

The next meeting to be held on 8th and 9th December 1925, as there are a large number of subjects to be settled.

B. ABDUR RAHMON,
President,
District Board.

KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Notification.

It is hereby notified to the public that the Bye-laws framed by the Kolar Town Municipal Council under section 48 (1) (*c*) and (*k*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation and sanctioned by Government in their Proceedings No. L. 7435—Ml. 69-22-117, dated 18th April 1925, regarding the working of Hotels, Bakeries, Sweetmeat shops and places for manufacture and sale of ærated waters, and levy of Octroi, will be brought into force in the Kolar Town Municipality with effect from 1st January 1926.

A copy of the Bye-laws is appended hereto for information.

S. HIRIANNAIYA,
President.

BYE-LAWS FRAMED BY THE KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (c) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION AND SANCTIONED BY GOVERNMENT IN THEIR ORDER NO. L. 7435—ML. 69-22-117, DATED 18TH APRIL 1925.

Definitions.

1. A "Hotel" includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhall and confectionery, or refreshments including chappaties, rice-cakes, coffee, tea and such other articles of human food or drink are preared or kept for sale, but does not include a bakery or a sweetmeat shop or a place where ærated waters are manufactured or kept for sale.

2. A "Bakery" includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the baking of bread or manufacture of biscuits, cakes, buns and similar confectionery.

3. A "Sweetmeat" shop includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the preparation of sweets for sale.

4. Any person who shall appear, act or behave as the person in charge of the hotel, bakery or sweetmeat shop or an aerated water factory, shall for the purpose of these bye-laws, be deemed to be the "Keeper or Manager" thereof.

General.

5. No person shall expose or keep for sale any article intended for human consumption or drink over or alongside of any open drain or sewer.

6. No person who is suffering from any infectious or contageous disease or from leprosy or open sores or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be engaged in the sale or manufacture of articles of food or drink intended for human consumption.

7. No foodstuff of any sort which is stale, unwholesome or offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption shall be stored or exposed for sale.

8. All prepared articles of foodstuffs intended for human consumption should be so kept as to prevent contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

9. The building shall always be kept clean and tidy.

10. All refuse and dirt including used papers, leaf plates and leaf cups used for wrapping refreshments and other sweepings in and around the premises shall be stored in a place set apart for the purpose or thrown in the nearest Municipal dustbin.

Hotels, Bakeries and Sweetmeat shops.

11. The premises used for a hotel, bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be well ventilated.

12. The walls of every hotel, bakery or a sweetmeat shop shall be well plastered and made impervious to a height of at least four feet from the ground level.

13. The floors of the kitchen, dining and bath rooms of a hotel and the entire floor of the bakery or a sweetmeat shop shall be rendered impervious either by paving with stone or by chunam plastering or otherwise.

14. Water used for drinking purposes shall be kept clean and free from floating impurities in a suitable, clean, covered receptacle provided with a tap for drawing water on a seat raised at least a foot above the level of the floor.

15. All metallic vessels used in cooking or keeping foodstuffs shall have a continual lining of tin.

16. No lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose whatever in any hotel bakery or sweetmeat shop.

17. No person unconnected with the establishment shall be allowed access in a hotel to the kitchen or such part of the building where prepared food is kept for use.

18. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation in a hotel. The night soil shall be covered with ashes and removed daily.

19. The flour, sugar, ghee and other materials used in the manufacture of bread, biscuits, cakes, buns or sweetmeats or other similar confectionery shall be good and wholesome. Such materials shall be kept in a separate store-room or receptacle and shall not be kept lying on the floor ar against the wall in any part of the building.

20. All papers and leaves intended to be used for wrapping bread, sweets and other confectionery shall be clean and stored on a clean rack.

21. Bread, sweets and similar confectionery should not be kept on the floor either before or after they are baked or prepared, but shall always be kept on a clean raised platform.

22. No person shall transport for sale foodstuffs intended for human consumption from one place to another except in a clean closed receptacle.

23. No person shall commit any act which may tend to render any foodstuff which s being transported dirty or unwholesome.

Aerated Waters.

24. Water used for the manufacture of ærated waters shall be pure and must be obtained from a deep well.

25. Water used for washing or cleaning bottles shall also be pure.

26. The room in which ærated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept in good repair. The walls shall be well plastered with mortar and shall be limewashed at least once in three months. The floor shall be made impervious to water by either paving with stone or chunam-plastering or otherwise.

27. Aerated waters of any kind shall not be issued for sale without a proper label on each bottle giving the full name and address of the manufacturer.

28. It shall be lawful for the Presidenr, Vice-President, Medical or Sanitary Officer or the Sanitary Inspector of the Municipality to take a sample of any kind of ærated waters manufactured or kept for sale in any ærated water factory for the purpose of being sent forthwith to the Government Chemical Examiner or Bacteriologist for examination, and if he certifies that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

Miscellaneous.

29. The keeper or manager of every hotel, bakery, sweetmeat shop or an ærated water factory shall at all reasonable times allow access to the officers of the Municipal Council not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector to the premises for inspection.

Penalty.

30. Any infringement of any of the Bye-laws herein before contained shall render the keeper of the hotel, bakery, sweetmeat shop or ærated water factory liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

BYE-LAWS FRAMED BY THE KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (K) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION AND SANCTIONED BY GOVERNMENT IN THEIR PROCEEDINGS NO. L. 7435—ML. 69-22-117, DATED 18TH APRIL 1925.

1. The limits for the purpose of collecting octroi shall be the Municipal limits.

2. No article liable to octroi shall be brought within these limits except by one of the high roads described in Schedule No. I hereto annexed or by the Railway.

3. All persons bringing into or receiving from beyond the octroi limits of the town any such articles or conveyance, or package containing such articles shall stop such articles, conveyance or package at the Ookad to enable the octroi officer to inspect the same.

4. The octroi posts at which such conveyance or package or goods shall be liable to inspection shall be the ookads on the high roads prescribed in Schedule No. I, the Bonded Warehouse and the Town Railway Station including all its gates and the octroi office. Every person importing dutiable goods within the town shall report the fact at the first of such posts on the route by which they come. All officers of the Octroi Department not below the rank of a mutsaddi are authorised to inspect the contents of any conveyance or package under section 76 of the Municipal Regulation.

5. A table showing the octroi leviable shall be open to inspection of any person in the Municipal Office and a copy shall be supplied to any person requiring the same. Such tables shall also be affixed in a conspicuous place at every post or office at which octroi is levied.

6. When goods have been examined at the octroi post, a pass for such of the goods as are liable to octroi duty shall be furnished to the importer by the octroi mutsaddi. On receiving such pass, the importer shall forthwith bring the taxable goods to the octroi office provided that if the duty leviable thereon does not exceed eight annas, the octroi mutsaddi may levy the duty and certify on the pass the fact of such levy.

7. When goods are broguht to the octroi office, the duty payable thereon shall be calculated after weighment or counting by the officer in charge of the office and intimated to the importer or the person in charge of the goods who shall either pay the amount demanded, obtain a receipt for such payment and a permit for the removal of the goods or deposit the same in the Bonded Warehouse and obtain a receipt in the form appended in Schedule III. If the importer expresses or desires to re-export the goods at once, he shall be permitted to do so after issue of an export pass subjecting the goods to the escort of an octroi subordinate.

8. With a view to appraisement of the value of the goods, where the tax is assessed on value, the importer may be called upon to produce the invoice of the goods for the inspection of the officer in charge of the octroi office. If the officer in charge of the office suspects the genuineness of the invoice produced, he shall at once report the matter for the orders of the President or the Vice-President through his immediate official superior stating the grounds on which his suspicion is based and shall detain the goods in the bonded warehouse till orders are passed and forthwith issue a written notice to the importer to that effect. The officer to whom the report is so submitted shall forthwith examine the invoice, consider the report, pass orders as to the genuineness or otherwise of the invoice produced and inform the officer in charge of the octroi office of his decision. If the invoice is found spurious or if the importer fails or refuses to produce the invoice, the value of the goods shall be ascertained by the officer in charge of the octroi office at current rates and octroi levied accordingly.

9. With the previous approval of the President in each case, any wholesale importer may, on depositing as security such amount as may in each case be fixed by the President not being less than Rs. 100, be exempted from producing the goods imported by him for inspection at the octroi office, provided that he makes arrangements satisfactory to the President for the supply, periodically of correct and detailed accounts of all such goods and all particulars thereof as may be found by the President to be necessary for levying the duty thereon. Every such person shall be liable to the extent of his deposit for the payment of octroi on all goods which may have left his premises without octroi duty having been paid, provided that the President may at any time cancel such exemption by giving notice in writing to such persons and return to him the amount of his credit or may in any case require such person to produce any such goods for inspection at the octroi office.

10. The Municipal Council shall provide a bonded warehouse for the custody of goods which may be deposited under Bye-law No. 7.

11. The bonded warehouse shall be open for transaction of business from 7 A.M. to 6 P.M. daily except on Sunday and Holidays authorised by the President. Arrangements shall however be made by the officer in charge of the octroi office for dealing with perishable articles on such days.

12. Any importer depositing goods in the bonded warehouse shall give a declaration of the description, weight and quantity, and if necessary of the value of such goods in the form appended in Schedule II.

13. It is the duty of the depositor to obtain a receipt for the articles deposited by him and the octroi department is not responsible for any goods left at the premises and not covered by a receipt.

14. The receipt given by the octroi department for depositing goods shall be returned before taking the delivery of the articles to which it refers. Otherwise the officer in charge of the octroi office may refuse to deliver the articles until the person depositing the goods has given an indemnity to the satisfaction of the officer in charge of the octroi office.

15. If the depositor does not himself take delivery of the articles deposited, he must endorse on the receipt a request for delivery to the person to whom he wishes it to be made.

16. Any person who has deposited goods in the bonded-warehouse may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the warehouse or may export such goods covered by an export pass subject to the escort of an octroi subordinate or may, on paying the full duty thereon, import such goods into the town covered by a permit. For every export pass granted under this bye-law or bye-law No. 7 a fee of one anna shall be charged.

17. No goods shall be allowed to leave the bonded warehouse until storage fees have been paid thereon under the following rules:—

(i) Goods shall be allowed to remain 24 hours free of charge.

(ii) After that period rates as in the following schedule shall be charged for seven days.

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Tobacco per maund of 241 lbs. or part thereof ...	0	0	6	a day.
Tobacco stalks do do ..	0	0	3	"
Piece-goods per bale or bundle or case of 400 lbs. or over, or per bale, bundle or case of 6 doz. or over.	0	0	6	"
Do less than 400 lbs. or 6 doz. ...	0	0	3	"
Betel leaves for 1,000	0	0	3	"
Green cocoanuts per 100	0	0	3	"
Dry cocoanuts per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof	0	0	3	"
Oils per maund of 24 lbs. or portion there of ...	0	0	1	"
Kerosene oil per tin	0	0	1	"
Oil-seeds per 400 lbs. or portion thereof ...	0	0	3	"
Cigars or cigarettes per box of 50 or portion thereof	0	0	1	"
All other articles per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof.	0	0	3	"

(*iii*) Double these rates shall be charged after 7 days, provided that the President may in his discretion allow a reduction in or exemption from such penal rates.

(*iv*) The date of admission and removal shall reckon as one day and Sundays and close holidays shall not be taken into account in reckoning the date from which under each class shall be payable. When delay is caused by the inability of the officer in charge of the warehouse to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

18. The President may permit any wholesale dealer to occupy a room in the bonded warehouse for the storing of dutiable articles intended for sale to retail dealers and may make such rules regarding the occupation of such rooms as may from time to time be found necessary.

19. When goods stored by a whole sale dealer in the bonded warehouse under the above rules are issued on payment of duties, such allowance may be made on the original weight on account of material weight used in the packing or on account of reduction of weight owing to dryage or wastage as may from time to time be fixed by the President.

20. All perishable commodities remaining uncleared or unclaimed after 48 hours shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the bonded warehouse. All other goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than six months shall be sold in like manner provided that before selling such goods, notice of the fact shall be pasted for seven days at the bonded warehouse and at the Municipal Office and provided also that the goods shall be sold earlier when the storage fees are likely to exceed their values.

21. When any goods are sold under bye-law No. 20, the sale proceeds shall be credited to the Municipal funds after payment of duty and storage fees due in respect thereof provided that if the amount realised by the sale exceeds the amount so due, the balance shall be kept in deposit for one year and any claims for such balance received during that time shall be duly considered by the President. At the expiry of one year or after claims, if any, received during that period have been duly disposed of, the balance shall be credited to Municipal funds. No claims to refund shall be admitted after the said period of one year except by the special permission of the Council.

22. The Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to the goods deposited in the bonded warehouse while such goods are being passed into or out of the warehouse or while they remain therein or unless such damage is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the warehouse keeper or other person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

23. Any person may with the sanction of the President be permitted to use any place as a bonded warehouse on payment of the cost of such establishment and subject to such conditions as may in each case be fixed by the President.

Refunds.

24. On all articles on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported beyond octroi limits, refunds shall, subject to the following rules, be granted at the rates originally charged at the time of import provided that no refund shall be granted of any sum less than one rupee and unless such goods are exported within three months from the date of import.

25. Any person claiming refund under the above rules shall produce the above goods at the octroi office together with the original receipt for octroi duty paid thereon and application for refund prepared in triplicate in such form showing such particulars as the President may from time to time prescribe.

26. Any person who has been exempted under bye-law No. 9 from production of goods at the octroi office on import shall subject to the same conditions be exemepted from the production of goods to be exported.

27. The Officer in charge of the octroi office on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipts have been granted or the validity of the claim, shall deliver the other parts to the applicant.

28. All the goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under an export pass under bye-law No. 16 shall be produced by the exporter at the octroi station of exit.

29. The octroi subordinate in charge of the station of exit will satisfy himself that the goods produced as being covered by the duplicate pass correspond with the entries in the pass presented with them.

30. If the goods are being exported otherwise than by rail and if the consignment appears to be duly covered by the pass, he shall retain the duplicate pass and shall return the triplicate pass to the exporter or his agent after due endorsement of the particulars specified in such form as may be prescribed by the President. Otherwise, he shall retain both the duplicate and triplicate passes and shall report the circumstances forthwith for the orders of his immediate superior. If the goods are being exported under refund pass, he shall in either

case allow the consignment to proceed. If the goods are under an export pass and do not appear to agree with the particulars given therein, they shall be detained until the orders of his superior are received.

31. If the goods are for export by rail, the octroi subordinate in charge of station of exit shall retain the triplicate pass pending production of the railway receipt for the goods covered by the pass. Upon production of the railway receipt, if after due enquiry, the saip octroi subordinate is satisfied that the goods produced are covered by the pass and also by the railway receipt in question, he will then endorse on the duplicate and triplicate passes respectively, the number and the date of the railway receipt and will return the triplicate pass and the railway receipt to the person in charge of the goods, but he will retain the duplicate pass subject to disposal in the prescribed course of business.

32. In all cases in which refund is claimed, the triplicate pass duly endorsed as provided by Bye-law Nos. 30 and 31 respectively must be produced at the octroi office by the person seeking the refund and if after due check the officer in charge of the octroi office is satisfied that the refund of octroi covered by such pass is duly payable, he shall if the amount so payable does not exceed Rs. 2 forthwith pay the same to the person presenting the triplicate pass. If the amount to be refunded exceeds Rs. 2 or if the officer in charge of the octroi office sees any cause to refuse the payment of the sum claimed, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President.

33. *Smuggling.*—The President is empowered to award any person who gives any information leading to the detection of the offence of smuggling goods liable to octroi duty a reward not exceeding one half of the fine recovered and in special cases the full amount of the fine.

34. *Licenses.*—The Municipal Council may by its resolution require a license to be obtained for the sale of all or any article liable to octroi.

35. Such resolution of the Municipal Council shall be published within the Municipal limits at least one month before effect is given to it.

36. One month after the first publication of the resolution requiring the license to be obtained for the sale of the articles mentioned in such resolution it shall not be lawful for any person to sell, either wholesale or retail, such articles without a license.

37. A license fee of Rs. 5 for a wholesale dealer and Rs. 2 for a retail dealer shall be payable for every official year or part thereof.

38. A license shall be in force till the end of June following.

39. The conditions subject to which the licenses are granted shall be as in the forms appended.

40. It shall be competent for the President to grant, suspend, withhold, withdraw, or refuse licenses under the bye-laws.

41. It shall not be lawful for any person to import, keep, sell, or offer for sale the articles or article for which a license is required, after such license is refused, suspended withdrawn or cancelled.

42. *Miscellaneous.*—Importers of dutiable articles shall if called upon by a requisition, in writing signed by the President or the Vice-President within three months of such import account for the articles received by them by producing either a permit obtained in token of payment of octroi duty or an export pass in proof of having exported the whole or part of the articles so received or otherwise. In case of default to so account for them, the importer shall be liable to a penalty extending to ten times the octroi due on such goods or to Rs. 25 whichever is less and to payment of octroi duty on the articles unaccounted for.

43. Any person infringing any of these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and in case of continuing offences to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day during which such infringment continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 200.

SCHEDULE No. I.

Serial No.	Name of road	Ookad
1	Madras-Bangalore Road	Hospital Ookad.
2	Srinivaspur-Kolar Road	Ammavarapet Ookad.
3	Bangalore-Madras Road	Darga Ookad.
4	Bowringpet-Kolar Road	Town Ookad.

SCHEDULE No. II.

To

The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office.

Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the warehouse.—

1. Number.
2. Name of Depositor.
3. Description of articles deposited.
4. No. of packages or bales.
5. Distinguishing mark.
6. Weight. Maunds. Seers.
7. Quantity.
8. Value.
9. Remarks.

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries as made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of the bye-laws Nos. 13 to 17 and 19 to 21 relating to the deposit.

Witness.
Signature.
Address.

Depositor.
Signature.
Address.

SCHEDULE No. III.

Octroi Office.

Received for deposit the undermentioned goods from Mr .....

1. Number.
2. Receipt No.
3. Consignment number and date.
4. Goods deposit note number.....
5. Name of articles.....
6. Description of articles.....
7. Number of articles.....
8. Remarks.....

Date.

Octroi Manager,
Kolar Town.

WHOLESALE LICENSE (OCTROI).

Kolar Town Municipal Council.....
Name of License Holder.....
Residence.....
Name of Vendor.....

You are hereby authorised to vend.....within the Municipal Limits, Kolar, subject to the following conditions :—

i. That this license shall be only in force till the end of June and that it shal be hung up in a conspicuous part of the place of business.

ii. That the articles abovementioned shall not be introduced into the Municipal Limits without payment of the octroi due thereon.

iii. That all such articles stocked and stored in the premises or purchased and sold therein shall have either paid duty or purchased from a duly licensed vendor.

iv. That the said articles shall be stored and sold only in the licensed premises and any such article found in an unlicensed premises will be considered contraband and treated accordingly.

v. That the said premises shall be open for inspection of any octroi officer at any time during which it is open for business.

iv. That an account in such forms as may be prescribed of all such articles imported and disposed of either by sale within the town of Kolar or exported beyond the limits be maintained and a copy of such an account shall be submitted to the octroi office on or before the 15th of every month for verification.

vii. That this license shall not be transferable by sale, gift, mortgage or otherwise and that no person except such as is named herein shall have power to act under it.

viii. That this license shall be liable to cancellation for breach of any condition herein set forth or of the octroi bye-laws.

Dated.

President,
Town Municipal Council.

RETAIL LICENSE (OCTROI).

Name of License Holder.....
Residence.....
Name of Vendor.....
Door number of licensed premises.....

You are hereby authorised to store and vend subject to the provisions of this license the following articles in the premises mentioned above:—

Name of article.....

CONDITIONS.

i. That the said premises may be inspected by any octroi officer at any time in the manner prescribed by rules.

ii. That all the said articles in the said premises and purchased are sold therein shall have paid duty or shall have been purchased from a duly licensed vendor.

iii. That no such articles will be permitted to be stored or sold in any place other than the licensed premises and any such articles found in an unlicensed premises will be considered as contraband and treated accordingly.

iv. That this license shall only be in force till the end of June and that it shall be exhibited to any octroi officer when he shall lawfully call for the same.

v. That this license shall not be transferable by sale, gift mortgage or otherwise and that no person except as is mentioned herein shall have power to act under it.

vi. That the licensed holder shall within 15 days from the date of the issue of the license put up a sign board in a conspicuous part of the premises occupied by him with the following inscription legibly painted thereon in Kannada.

Number of license.....
Name.....
Licensed to sell (name of articles).....

vii. That an account of all stock purchased and sold shall be kept and that such account shall be open to inspection of any octroi officer not below the rank of a peon.

viii. That this license shall be liable to suspension for the breach of any of the conditions or of the Octroi Bye-laws.

Date.

President,
Town Municipal Council.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

Notice No. D2. Dis. 246—L. B. 25-26, dated 21st November 1925.

The third class travellers' bungalow at Attigulipura in the Chamrajnagar Taluk is closed to the public, from 23rd November to 5th December 1925.

G. NARAYANA RAO,
For *Deputy Commissioner and President, District Board.*

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD, MYSORE.

Dated 18th November 1925.

ALLOTMENT OF SITES BY THE TRUST BOARD.

The attention of the public is invited to the following condition among others under which, sites belonging to the Trust Board have been, and are being allotted to private people:—

"That on completion of the building on the site, and intimation thereof to the Chairman, he shall, on being satisfied that the building is constructed as per approved plan, grant a Title Deed in respect of the site. Till then, the site shall be the property of the Trust Board, and the allottee shall not have any right in the interim to sell, transfer by gift, hypothecate, mortgage or otherwise convey the site."

The public are hereby warned against accepting alienations of sites allotted by the Trust Board in the absence of Title Deeds vesting ownership in the allottees, and any such alienation will be entirely at the risk and loss of the parties concerned.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

KOLAR GOLD FIELDS.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 2ND ORDINARY MEETING OF THE KOLAR GOLD FIELD SANITARY BOARD, FOR THE YEAR 1925-26, HELD ON FRIDAY THE 23RD OCTOBER 1925 AT 3-30 P.M., IN THE SANITARY BOARD OFFICE AT CHAMPION-REEFS.

Members.

Present ... 13 | Absent ... 5

Read letters and messages from the following members, regretting their inability to attend the meeting to-day.

i. Mr. H. M. A. Cooke, Superintendent, Oorgaum Gold Mining Co. of India, Ltd., Oorgaum.

ii. Mr. W. T. Hudson, Superintendent, Nundidroog Mines, Ltd.

iii. Mr. Y. N. Krishna Murthi, District Medical Officer, Kolar Gold Fields.

1. Confirmation of the Proceedings of the 1st Ordinary Meeting and the Special Meeting, held on 21st August and 18th September 1925 respectively.

Resolution.—Confirmed.

3. List of works sanctioned in August and September 1925.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

5. Deferred Subject No. 25 of last ordinary meeting *re* the memorial from Mr. N. Narasinga Rao and other residents and ratepayers of Sanitary Board area, praying among other things for certain facilities in the administration of the Board.

Resolution.—(1) The election of the 4 non-official members, representing Robertsonpet, Andersonpet and the rural area may be recommended.

(2) As regards the separation of the offices of the Office of the Special Magistrate and *Ex-officio* Vice-President, the President remarked that as District Magistrate, he has noticed the undesirability of the Special Magistrate trying cases the institution of which he had sanctioned as Vice-President of the Sanitary Board and that he was prepared to recommend that this class of cases might hereafter be tried by the Munsiff Magistrate. This was agreed to.

(3) The proposal to abolish the post of Health Officer was withdrawn by Mr. Narasinga Rao, representing the signatories.

(4 & 5) Resolved that the question of supplying water to Andersonpet and Oorgaum and giving house connections in Robertsonpet and the question of constructing Bathing Ghats be investigated in consultation with the Water Works Department.

6. i. Deferred Subject No. 9 of last Ordinary Meeting in the matter of revision of House and Mohatarfa Taxes in Robertsonpet Town.

ii. Sub-Committee's proposal to levy (i) a rate on buildings at 5 per cent on the annual rental value, (ii) water rate at 3 per cant, (iii) lighting-tax at 1 per cent, (iv) at 2 annas for every 80 square yards as tax on vacant sites, and (v) to continue the existing shop-tax.

Resolution.—The recommendations of the Sub-Committee may be adopted.

7. Memo No. 74, dated 28th August 1925, from the Medical Officer of Health, requesting sanction to the purchase of disinfectants at a cost of Rs. 85.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

10. Letter No. L. 1622—L. B. 87-25-1, dated 3rd September 1925, from the Secretary, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding for opinion for the addition of a rule under Section 1 of the rules for special sanitation of the area under the administration of the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board, in regard to the removal of a member from the Sanitary Board in case of absence of a member other than an *ex-officio* member.

Resolution.—Deferred pending the orders on the recommendation for election.

11. Proposal of the Medical Officer of Health (No. 86, dated 2nd September 1925) to throw open Loganatha Mudaliar's Chattram in Oorgaum village to the public free of charge.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

12. Travelling Allowance Bill of the Special Magistrate for August amounting to Rs. 10-3-0.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

14. Memo No. 135, dated 6th October 1925, from the Medical Officer of Health, requesting sanction to purchase conservancy tools and plant at a cost of Rs. 180-8-0.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

15. Travelling Allowance Bill of Mr. Srirangachar, Laboratory, Sub-Assistant Surgeon, for September 1925, amounting to Rs. 3-12-0 for journeys to Bethamangala and back.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

16. Proposed retrenchment of establishment and other charges in the Sanitary Board.

Resolution.—The retrenchments proposed by the office may be adopted.

17. Proposition from Mr. K. Ramegowda for the election of eight members to the Sanitary Board by the tax payers instead of the four nominated members.

Resolution.—Withdrawn.

19. Market show, 1925.

Resolution.—No Market Show shall be held this year.

S. HIRIANNAIYA,
President.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECOND ORDINARY MEETING OF THE DISTRICT BOARD, SHIMOGA HELD ON WEDNESDAY THE 4TH NOVEMBER 1925, AT 1 P.M., IN THE COURT HALL OF THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER'S OFFICE, SHIMOGA.

Members.

Present	29	Absent ...	7
Total ..	36.		

Eighteen members of the Representative Assembly were also present to discuss the local subjects referred to the Board.

9. G. O. No. L. 1961-66—San. 10-21-42, dated the 11th September 1925, issuing orders on the Malnad Improvement Budget estimates for 1925-26. Also letter No. 2940-1, dated 23rd October 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to forward definite proposals for the utilisation of the allotment of Rs. 5,016 sanctioned for the current year for both "Water-Supply and improvement of Communication.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observation that the grant sanctioned for this district is in adequate and that an additional grant of at least Rs. 5,000 be sanctioned.

14. Letter No. L. 1969—San. 7-25-2, dated the 11th September 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to forward the resolution of the District Board, about their willingness to meet the share of the initial and recurring cost of Isolation Hospital at Shimoga.

Resolution.—The subject will be considered after the receipt of the estimates for the construction of the building from the Executive Engineer.

15. Letter No. H. 788 (A), dated 14th October 1925, from the Director of Industries and Commerce in Mysore, Bangalore, requesting to obtain sanction of the District Board to bear a moiety of the cost of tools and raw materials (estimated to cost Rs. 330) required for the equipment of the District Workshop, Shimoga.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 165 be sanctioned towards the cost of tools and the Director of Industries be requested to expedite the despatch of the promised audit report.

16. Memo No. H. C. 86—25-26, dated the 15th October 1925, from the Sub-Division Officer, Tirthahalli Sub-Division, furnishing his opinion regarding the construction of a tunnel on Honnali, Thumminakatte Road in Honnali Town out of District Funds.

Resolution.—Resolved that a moiety of cost namely Rs. 150 be sanctioned and that the Taluk Board be requested to contribute the balance.

17. Report No. H. C. 47, dated 9th September 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Shimoga, submitting for sanction an estimate for Rs. 9,450 for constructing a Musafirkhana at Bhadravati and the correspondence thereon, with Mr. S. Sitaramiya, Advocate, Shimoga.

Resolution.—Resolved that since the idea of constructing a third block has been given up by Mr. Sitaramaiya who prefers spending the promised amount on other charities, the estimate may be restricted to the construction of two blocks with a well costing about Rs. 6,000 in the centre and that the Bhadravati Municipality be requested to contribute Rs. 3,000 and the Taluk Board, Shimoga, Rs. 1,000 and the balance of Rs. 2,000 be sanctioned by this Board.

18. Report No. 67, dated 3rd August 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, requesting instruction (on the petition of the toll-gate contractor, Channagiri, in the matter of levy of toll on cattle belonging to the residents of Channagiri Town.

Resolution.—Resolved that the President be requested to submit a statement containing the names of the owners and the number of cattle possessed by them to the District Board who will then consider the desirability of waving the toll or compounding the same with the owners and that in the meanwhile the toll-gate Contractor should be asked not to levy any toll on such cattle as it is learnt that he has been collecting tolls within the municipal limits.

12. Report No. 95, dated 2nd September 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, suggesting the appointment of auditors for checking the accounts of the Village Panchayets, the cost being met from the funds of the respective Panchayets.

Resolution.—Resolved that instead of appointing auditors, accountants may be appointed fixing a time limit for the preparation of the several accounts to be

maintained in each Panchayet and that one accountant may be asked to look to the preparation of the accounts on an average of 10 to 12 Panchayets which should bear the cost of the accountant in proportion to their income. The remuneration of the accountant should not be less than Rs. 25.

20. Report No. 162, dated 1st October 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Channagiri, submitting a copy of the resolution of the Board, recommending that the arrears, from 1918-19 to 1923-24) of the Village Panchayets of 1. Pandavamatti, 2. Agarabannihatti and Chiradoni may be written off the accounts, etc., as they were not working during the period.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

21. Report No. 159, dated 1st October 1925, from the President, Taluk Board Channagiri, submitting an estimate for Rs. 600 for constructing steps to Sulekere Tank at the Travellers' Bungalow out of the closing balance of the Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—Approved.

22. Report No. 182, dated 28th August 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Shikarpur, submitting an estimate for Rs. 2,935 for constructing a building for the Veterinary Dispensary and stating that the Taluk Board and the Municipality have agreed to pay one-third of the cost each:

Resolution.—Resolved that the recommendation of the Taluk Board, be approved and that a recommendation be sent to Government to sanction the remaining one-third of the cost.

23. Report No. 63, dated 22nd October 1925, from the Chief Sanitary Inspector, stating that S. No. 127 and 128 of Nallur, proposed for shifting the houses of Panchamas are suited and unobjectionable and that therefore as recommended by the Taluk Board the lands may be acquired for the purpose.

Resolution.—The acquisition is sanctioned and the Village Panchayet will bear the cost of acquisition.

24. Report No. 199, dated 10th September 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Tirthahalli, submitting a copy of the resolution of the Board to the effect that for want of funds it is not possible to maintain the Local Fund Dispensary at Megaravalli out of Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—Resolved that as the financial condition of the Board is very unsatisfactory and the Board is not in a position to incur additional liabilities, the Government be requested once more to finance and to treat this Dispensary out of Malnad Improvement Funds as the Dispensary was a semi-itinerant Dispensary receiving grants out of that fund. It may not be possible to start all the Dispensaries sanctioned for this District during the year and that there may be savings under this head which can be utilised for this purpose.

25. Report No. 197, dated 10th September 1925, from the Taluk Board, Tirthahalli, submitting a copy of the resolution of the Board, for opening a Vidyasala at Kammaradi out of District Funds.

Resolution.—Deferred.

26. Report No. 282, dated the 18th October 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Kumsi, submitting for sanction arrear bill for Rs. 15 being the Malnad Allowance due to Taluk Board Vaccinator from December 1920 to February 1922 at one rupee per month, as the claim exceeds two years.

Resolution—Sanctioned.

27. Letter No. L. 1701—L. B. 23-24, dated 13th October 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, requesting to forward the resolution of the District Board for sanctioning the estimate for Rs. 1,335 for deepening the well at the Travellers' Bungalow at Umblebyle and to point out the source from which the expenditure is to be met.

Resolution.—As the property has been transferred to Forest Department the correspondence on the subject may be referred to that department.

28. Memo No. H. D. 284, dated 21st October 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Shimoga Division, returning after scrutiny an estimate for Rs. 1,500 for constructing a native kitchen to the Travellers' Bungalow at Anavatti, Sorab Taluk.

Resolution.—Sanctioned, the amount being met out of the closing balance of the Taluk Board.

29. Letter No. 3826—1277, dated the 30th October 1925, from the District Inspector of Education, Shimoga, requesting permission of the Board for transferring the house rent of Rs. 10 of the Kumsi Middle School to Haranahalli Incomplete Middle School.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

30. Report No. 229—25-26, from the President, Taluk Board, Sagar, requesting for an advance of Rs. 1,000 to the Taluk Board as there is hardly any cash balance in the accounts of the Board.

Resolution.—Resolved that a sum of Rs. 1,000 be advanced as a loan to this Board.

31. Subject sent from Messrs. B. Rama Rao and Rattehalli Puttappa of Sagar.

"Special repairs are urgently needed for the Bhimanakone Road which is in a very bad and dangerous condition. Since the Taluk Board has no funds, a sum of Rs. 500 may be granted either out of the District Funds or out of Malnad Improvement grant for special repairs to this road."

Resolution.—The estimate is sanctioned subject to the condition that if savings are effected under other heads as contemplated under para 7 of the G. O. No. L. 1961-66—San. 10-24-42, dated the 11th September 1925, and the same placed at the disposal of the Board.

32. Programme of holding the State Scout Rally at Shimoga, during Christmas in December 1925 on 25th, 26th and 27th as previously resolved. In view of the 25th and 26th being Christmas holidays the date of holding the Rally may be altered to 20th, 21st and 22nd December 1925.

Resolution.—Approved.

33. Opinion of the Sub-Committee appointed for framing bye-laws for the control of hotels and eating houses in the rural areas.

Resolution.—Deferred for the next meeting.

34. Opinion of the Sub-Committee appointed for furnishing views on the proposed Village Panchayet and District Board Bills.

Resolution.—Resolved that the period for the submitting of the opinion be extended by 15 days and that a special meeting of the Board will be held in the month of December 1925 for considering the same.

36. Transfer of provision of the Hindustani School at Ripponpet, Nagar Taluk, to Madaripalya in Shimoga Taluk, as the muslim population of the former is very meagre.

Resolution.—Resolved that the opinion of the Sub-Division Officer, Sagar, be awaited and a fresh school be opened at Madaripalya.

37. Letter No. 468, dated 3rd November 1925, from the Vice-President, Shimoga Town Municipality, requesting for increase of the pay of the Kotwal and peon of the Courplais Choultry from Rs. 11 and 9 to Rs. 15 and 11 respectively per month, so as to make the places more attractive to competent persons.

Resolution.—Deferred.

38. Letter No. Dr. 306, dated 31st October 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Shimoga, forwarding for obtaining sanction of the District Board to the following three estimates and also to allot funds liberally every year so that they may be fully worked out within five years.

		Rs.
Resolution.—1.	Special repair estimate of Shimoga-Sorab-Sirsi road (33 to 55 miles).	31,230
2.	Special repair estimate Siralkoppa-Hirekerur road (1 to 7 miles).	14,340
3.	Special repair estimate of Sagar-Siralkoppa road (11 to 23 miles).	21,430

Resolution.—Deferred.

39. An estimate for Rs. 600 received from the Chief Officer, Shimoga, on 3rd November 1925, for repairing the Courpalais Choultry, Shimoga.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

40. Letter No. H. C. 23-25—26, dated the 28th August 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, forwarding for opinion or disposal of the District Board a list of local subjects discussed at the District Preliminary Meeting held on the 15th August 1925.

Resolution.—Resolved that 59 subjects remaining to be disposed of should be taken up at the next meeting of the Board as the majority of the members express their inconvenience to stay here to-morrow.

41. Letter No. 436—438, dated the 28th October 1925, received from the Honorary Secretary, the Central Flood Relief Committee, Mysore State, forwarding the copy of the Proceedings of the Meeting of the Central Flood Relief Committee held on 23rd October 1925, requesting to surrender to the Central Committee, the surplus amount remaining with the District Flood Relief Committee.

Resolution.—Resolved that as the relief work is progressing the funds allotted to this district may be allowed to be spent in this district alone and that a copy of this resolution be forwarded to the Secretary, Central Flood Relief Committee, for submitting the same to that body.

42. Proposition from the members of the District Board.

"With reference to the Government Order not to incur any expenditure for lunch during the sittings of the District Board we wish to press the desirability of providing lunch during the sittings of the Board as before in view of the fact that the members have to sit for six hours at a stretch, it is but proper that for the disposal and discussion of subjects and to avoid inconvenience to the members that come from long distances. the expenditure for lunch may be continued and the Government may be requested not to interfere in this small matter which is generally within the discretion of the Board.

Resolution.—Resolved that the Government be requested to reconsider this order on this subject and will be pleased to kindly withdraw the restriction.

APPENDIX A.

No.	Name of mover	Subject	Resolution
1	Mr. Gurulingappa ..	Construction of bridge across Uppanirahalla.	Resolved that the question may be taken up when the funds are available and in the meanwhile the Executive Engineer be requested to get an estimate prepared and forwarded the same to the Board for taking further action.
2	Messrs. B. Gopalachar, Tudaki Ramanna and H. S. Venkatappagowda.	Construction of the bridge across the Munnur Halla in the Tirthahalli Taluk.	Resolved that the work be taken under the improvement of Inter Communication Scheme in Malnad.
3	Mr. N. Srinivasa Udapa, R. A. Member, Nagar Taluk.	Opening of a new road in the Nagar Taluk.	This is not possible for the present.
4	Mr. Gurulingappa ..	Construction of a bridge across Uddarahatti halla along the Shimoga-Honnali Road.	This may be considered when finances improve.
5	Messrs. Nadiga Bhaskara Rao, Nadiga Lakshmana Rao and Chendrasekharaiya, R. A. Members, Sorab Taluk.	Villagers of Ulavi to be exempted from the payment of toll-gate fee.	Resolved that the Sub-Division Officer be requested to submit a statement showing the number of carts in the village and the amount of toll paid by the owners of the carts.
6	Do ..	Opening of a new road in the Sorab Taluk.	Resolved that the Government be requested to provide funds under the improvements of Inter Communication Scheme in the Malnad and as it is learnt that survey has been made and estimate prepared, funds allotted at Rs. 5,000 per year for a period of three years.
7	Do ..	Construction of a bridge across the river Varada near Chendragutti and Haswehalla near Anavatti.	Resolved that a foot-bridge may be constructed and the Government requested to provide funds under the Malnad Improvement Scheme.
8	Mr. Gurulingappa ..	Construction of a road from Govinakovi to Ayanur and Honnali from Belagutti to Honnali *via* Nyamati and Yeraginahal.	This is not possible for the present.
9	Do ..	Travellers' Bungalow or Musafirkhana to Nyamathi Town.	The District Board have taken action in the matter.
10	Mr. Gurulingappa, R. A. Member, Honnali.	Repairs to Honnali-Kumsi road leading on to Nyamathi and other villages.	This is not possible for the present.
11	Messrs. Dalavayi Basalingappa and Gajanur Chennappa Chetti.	Admission of the Veterinary Doctor into the membership of the Taluk Board and the Municipality.	They may be invited to attend the meetings of those bodies. The Board does not consider it necessary to nominate them as a member.
12	Mr. Basettappa, R. A. Member, Channagiri.	Disposal of the sale proceeds of the toll-gate on the bund of Sulekere.	Resolved that the proposal does not command itself to the Board.
13	Messrs. Nadiga Lakshmana Rao, Nadiga Bhaskara Rao and Chendrasekharaiya, R. A. Member, Sorab Taluk.	Free supply of quinine ..	Resolved that free supply be made to the poor and the middle classes should pay the cost price. The supply should be made systematically; at least not less than 2 dozen pills be given to each family so that the medicine may be available when there is a patient in the family and if there be further demand from the same family it should be complied with.
14	Mr. Nadiga Aswatha Rao, R. A. Member, Kumsi Sub-Taluk.	Sinking of a drinking water well near the Taluk Office building at Kumsi.	Resolved that an estimate be called for from the Executive Engineer and the moiety of cost be sanctioned by the Board and the Government be requested to contribute the moiety of cost out of State Funds.
15	Do ..	Construction of a dwelling house to the Sub-Assistant Surgeon at Kumsi.	This will be considered when finances improve.
16	Messrs. Nadiga Lakshmana Rao, Nadiga Bhaskara Rao and Chendrasekharaiya, R. A. Members, Sorab Taluk.	Opening of a dispensary at Ulavi.	Resolved that a recommendation be submitted to open a fresh dispensary at Ulavi.
17	Do ..	Grant of enhance pay to Native Vaidyas.	This cannot be done at present.

No.	Name of mover	Subject	Resolution
18	Messrs. N. Srinivasa Udappa, R. A. Member, Nagar Taluk. K. Nagappa, Patel, R. A. Member, Sagar Taluk. (Gollar Community.)	Shimoga District Board Railway.	Resolved that a reminder be sent to the Government who may be requested to start the work without further loss of time.
19	Messrs. Dalavai Basalingappa, Kali Gundappa, Channappa Setti.	Abolition of Railway Cess ..	Resolved that the Government be requested to order the abolition of this cess if the work cannot be started immediately.
20	Messrs. Nadiga Bhaskara Rao, Nadiga Lakshmana Rao, Chandrasekharaiya, R. A. Members, Sorab Taluk.	Construction of Railway line from Shimoga to Sagar.	This may be taken after the completion of the Arasalu Railway.
21	Mr. Bharamajappa, R. A. Member, Shimoga Taluk	Construction of a bridge across the river Bhadra at Holehonnur.	Resolved that the Government be requested to accord sanction to levy the cess as the people have agreed towards the cost of construction and the Chief Engineer requested to expedite the preparation of the estimate.
22	Messrs. Nadiga Lakshmana Rao, Nadiga Bhaskara Rao, Chandrasekharaiya, R. A. Members, Sorab Taluk.	Abolition of Taluk Boards. Village Panchayets.	This question has been referred to a Sub-Committee.
23	Mr. Hiriyur Murigappa, R. A. Member, Shimoga Taluk.	Providing more grants for the maintenance of Veterinary Hospitals in the State and the raiyats may be given takavi loans for the purchase of bulls, etc.	This may be done when the funds of the Board improve.
24	Mr. G. Rangappa, R. A. Member, Honnali Taluk.	Regulation of hotels ..	This question has been deferred pending the passing of the Village Panchayet Bill.
25	Mr. Siddabasappa, R. A. Member, Shikarpur.	Postal communication through Motor..	This subject should be referred to the Director of Industries and Commerce, for favourable disposal.
26	Mr. Hiriyur, Murigappa, R. A. Member, Shimoga Taluk.	The rate of fine and feeding charges on impounded cattle may be increased to Re. 1 and 0-4-0, respectively per head.	This is not possible.
27	Messrs. Nadiga Lakshmana Rao, Nadiga Bhaskara Rao, Chandrasekharaiya, R. A. Members, Sorab Taluk, and Mr. K. Nagappa, Patel, Talugappa, R. A. Member, Sagar.	Opening of a High School at Sagar.	This should be referred to the Inspector-General of Education, for favourable considearation.

A. K. SYED TAJ PEERAN,
President, District Board.

SAGAR TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice, dated November 1925.

The following bye-laws regarding vaccination framed by the Sagar Town Municipa Council, under Rule 24 of the Rules framed under the Mysore Vaccination Regulation of 1906 within the limits of Sagar Town are hereby published. Any inhabitant objecting to the proposed bye-laws may within one month from the date of publication in the *Mysore Gazette*, send his objections in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Sagar.

1. The Town of Sagar will, for the purpose of vaccination, be treated as one circle.
2. The Local Fund Dispensary will be public vaccination depot.
3. The Assistant Surgeon of the male dispensary shall be the Superintendent of Vaccination.
4. The Local Medical Officer and the Sanitary Inspector who shall be trained in vaccination, if he is not already trained, shall be called vaccinators for the purpose of these bye-laws.
5. The Superintendent shall reside within the Municipal limits of the Sagar Town.
6. There shall be affixed at the depot a board showing in English and Kannada, the hours at which vaccination shall be done at the depot.
7. Vaccination shall ordinarily be done at the Vaccination Depot on all days except Sundays and other authorised public holidays between the hours of 8 to 10 in the morning.
8. The Superintendent or the Sanitary Inspector shall, if so required, by the head of the household, vaccinate the members thereof at his residence on such days, as he may find it convenient to do so, provided that, during epidemics of small-pox or when an outbreak of the desease is impending, the Superintendent shall lose no time to vaccinate and re-vaccinate persons.
9. The Lady Medical Officer in charge of the female dispensary shall also vaccinate at their residence, free of charge, grown up girls and adult females, specially those observing the Ghosha system. Particulars of vaccination performed by her shall be furnished to the Superintendent, once a week.

10. The Superintendent shall be duly furnished by the President of the Municipality with the following information:—

10. (*a*) A list of houses and unprotected persons in each house.

(*b*) A list showing the number of immigrants into the town who have lived for longer than a month therein within 10 days after the close of each quarter.

(*c*) A monthly statement of births during the month.

11. The Superintendent shall maintain a register showing every house with the name of the unprotected persons therein, with a space for the addition from time to time for the fresh unprotected cases and with a column for entering the date and the result of the vaccination.

12. The Superintendent shall furnish before the 5th of each month, a monthly statement of vaccination to the Chief Sanitary Inspector and to the President of the Municipality.

13. The Superintendent shall bring to the notice of the President or Vice-President, any remissness of duty on the part of the head of a household calculated to impair the efficiency of the vaccination.

14. The Superintendent may grant certificates under Rules 6 and 9 of the Vaccination Rules.

15. The Patel, Shanbhog, Sanitary Inspector and other members of the Municipal Board shall render every help to the Superintendent in the discharge of his duty.

C. LAKSHMANA RAO,
President, Municipal Council.

CHITALDRUG DISTRICT.

First Meetings of 1925-26.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE MEETING OF THE CHITALDRUG DISTRICT BOARD HELD AT CHITALDRUG ON 31ST OCTOBER 1925.

Present.

S. VENKATA RANGAM, ESQ., B.A., B.L.,
Deputy Commissioner and President,
District Board, Chitaldrug.

Members.

Present ...	... 30	Absent ...	... 3

Members of the Representative Assembly were also present.

1. Proceedings of the last meeting held on 29th June 1925.

Resolution.—Recorded with the observations tha in future the draft budget estimates of the Board be circulated to the members within a period of one month before they are brought for the consideration of the Board.

2. Read D. O. Letter No. nil, dated 4th July 1925, from the Private Secretary to the Dewan, conveying the thanks of the Dewan to the District Board for their congratulations on the Knightwood conferred on him.

Resolution.—Recorded.

3. Read the Administration Report of the Chitaldrug District Board for the year 1924-25.

Resolution.—Read and passed with the observation that printed copies of the Administration Report may be supplied to each member.

4. Read Chitaldrug District Deputy Commissioner's Memo No. 1529, dated 9th July 1925, forwarding for approval a programme of irrigation cess fund works to be undertaken during the current year.

Resolution.—The programme is approved.

5. Read the following papers connected with the establishment of new dispensaries in the district:—

(*a*) Senior Surgeon's letter No. C. 765-1, dated 6th October 1925, enquiring if the District Board are willing to bear the usual charges for opening a dispensary at Turuvanur in the Chitaldrug Taluk.

Resolution.—For the present, the Board are agreeable for the opening of a Local Fund Dispensary at Turuvanur, for the location of which a suitable building may be hired.

(*b*) Petition, dated 27th June 1925, from the Residents of Parasurampura in the Challakere Taluk, praying for the establishment of a dispensary in their village.

Resolution.—A native vaidyasala may be established at Parasurampura.

(*c*) Proposition of Mr. Sheik Honnura Sab, a member, suggesting the desirability of opening a dispensary at Bommaghatta in the Molakalmuru Taluk.

Resolution.—The Revenue Sub-Division Officer, Chitaldrug is requested to investigate the question and submit a report in the matter of the desirability of opening a dispensary at Bommagatta at an early date, thereafter this question may be taken up.

6. Read the resolution of the Molakalmuru Taluk Board, dated 19th May 1925, proposing that the Sub-Assistant Surgeon, Molakalmuru be made to visit Devasamudra once a week on shandy days.

Resolution.—The Sub-Assistant Surgeon may be requested to visit Devasamudra and Rampura once a week on shandy days for the present, a monthly allowance of Rs. 20 being paid to him.

7. Read Senior Surgeon's letter, dated 2nd May 1925, calling for the opinion of the local bodies on the general question of payment of house rent to all Sub-Assistant Surgeon's at places where there are no free quarters provided.

Resolution.—The Board may be informed what the net annual recurring expenditure to the Board on this account will be.

8. Read District Medical Officer's letter No. 320, dated 6th August 1925, recommending the grant of cart hire to the Sub-Assistant Surgeons to enable them to carry medicine kit etc., to the villages during outbreak of epidemics.

Resolution.—The grant of cart hire to the Sub-Assistant Surgeons to enable them to carry medicine kit, etc., to villages, *only during the outbreak of epidemics is sanctioned.*

9. Read the same officer's letter No. 419, dated 16th August 1925, proposing to raise the fixed contingent charges of the Holalkere dispensary from Rs. 4 to Rs. 10 per month.

Resolution.—The fixed contingent charges of the dispensary may be raised to Rs. 8 per month, the District Board being agreeable to bear its two-third share.

10. (*a*) Read memo No. 172, dated 6th August 1925, from the President of the Chitaldrug Town Municipal Council intimating that the Municipal Council have resolved that the question of constructing a Veterinary Hospital at Chitaldrug may be deferred as the municipal finances are low.

Resolution.—As the Municipality is unable at present to bear its share of charges, the question of constructing a Veterinary Hospital at Chitaldrug may be dropped for the present.

(*b*) Read letter No. Roc. 303-A of 25-26, dated 11th September 1925, from the Director of Agriculture in Mysore, forwarding an estimate amounting to Rs. 500 for repairs to the Veterinary Hospital Building at Chitaldrug.

Resolution.—The Board is agreeable to bear its share of the repair estimate.

11. Read the resolution of the District Board, dated 21st April 1925, *re* the establishment of new toll-gates on District Fund roads in the district. Read also the resolutions of the Taluk Boards in the matter.

Resolution.—May be deferred for consideration to the next meeting.

12. Read Challakere Taluk Board President's report No. 34, dated 25th August 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Taluk Board, agreeing to contribute a sum of Rs. 2,000 from the Taluk Funds towards the construction of a Town Hall at Challakere.

Resolution.—The plan and estimate may be called for with a detailed report so that the grant of the contribution may be recommended to Government.

13. Read Jagalur Amildar's report No. 38, dated 11th August 1925, forwarding the resolution of the Municipal Council, praying for an additional contribution of Rs. 1,000 towards the construction of a Town Hall at Jagalur.

Resolution.—The additional grant prayed for, *viz.*, Rs. 1,000 may be sanctioned, and the Municipal Council may be distinctly informed that no more contributions can be made on this account and that the work may be inspected by the Executive Engineer, and Messrs. Doneyappa and Basappa and a report sent for the information of the Board.

14. Read Chitaldrug Division Executive Engineer's letter No. 200, dated 24th August 1925, forwarding, for countersignature an estimate amounting to Rs. 4,000 for improving Davangere-Anaji-Jagalur Road.

Resolution.—May be countersigned.

15. Read letter No. 210, dated 10th September 1925, from the same officer forwarding for countersignature, an estimate amounting to Rs. 281 for special consolidation of materials in Vijapur-Oojani road.

Resolution.—May be countersigned.

16. Propositions by Mr. Doneyappa, a member.

(*a*) That the realisations from the railway cess may be utilised for opening motor bus services (subject withdrawn by the member) and

(*b*) That a bridge over the halla near Bilchodu on Davangere-Jagalur road be constructed.

Resolution.—May be taken up when funds permit; in the meanwhile the Executive Engineer may be requested to investigate if a causeway can be constructed.

17. Read Public Works Secretary's Memo No. 1036, dated 24th September 1925, intimating that instructions have been issued to Public Works Department authorities to stop

further work in connection with Aimangala-Harthi road and also President's report No. 108—L. F. 24-25, dated 13th July 1925, sent to Government recommending the abandonment of the project.

Resolution.—The District Board is of the opinion that the further work in connection with the Aimangala-Harthi road may be finally abandoned for the reasons stated in the President's letter No. 108—L. F. 24-25, dated 13th July 1925; and the cost so far, incurred may be paid to the Public Works Department, the question of improving the old track from Aimangala-to Yeraballi direct may be caused to be investigated by the Public Works Department.

18. Read letter No. 2037, dated 8th June 1925, from the Inspector General of Education in Mysore, enquiring if improvements to the Girls' School at Chitaldrug at an estimated cost of Rs. 500 be undertaken from the cess funds.

Resolution.—The Inspector-General of Education may be requested to kindly state the nature of the improvements proposed to be carried out.

19. Read letter No. G. L. C. 1012—25-26, dated 18th September 1925, from the same officer enquiring if a few articles of furniture purchased from cess funds be spared for schools already in existence after supplying adequately to the schools newly sanctioned from cess funds.

Resolution.—May be spared to the primary schools in the district which lack requisite furniture.

20. Read the application, dated 9th May 1925 of Savaseru Dodda Sivappa of Molakalmuru, praying for the return of Rs. 69-8-0, subscribed by him towards Chitaldrug-Chickjajur Railway loan.

Resolution.—This amount may be returned from the railway cess funds after obtaining the sanction of Government.

21. Read letter No. L. 2097, dated 15th September 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary, enquiring how the loan raised by the District Board on account of Chitaldrug-Chikjajur Railway is proposed to be repaid if no sinking fund is formed.

Resolution.—The loan raised by the District Board on account of Chitaldrug-Chikjajur Railway Line may be repaid out of cess funds.

* * *

50. Read Organizing Scout Commissioner's No. B. S. M. U. of 1925-26, dated 26th October 1925, forwarding a copy of the message of His Highness the Yuvaraja on the occasion of the Seventh Scout Birthday Anniversary and requesting to arrange to celebrate the Anniversary in this district with a suitable programme.

Resolution.—A sum of rupees twenty may be expended towards the expenses of this Anniversary.

* * *

52. Question of giving lunch to the District Board Members during Board meetings.

Resolution.—The District Board is of the opinion that the advantages of giving lunch are manifold and that the practice of giving lunch is more economical and makes for expedition in the conduct of business as it avoids prolongations of meetings to more than one day and that it may be ordered to be continued as heretofore.

53. Date of next meeting to be fixed in due course.

S. VENKATARANGAM,
Deputy Commissioner and President,
District Board, Chitaldrug.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 3776—*Ml.* 63-25-6, *dated* 24*th November* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. J. Seshagiri Rao, as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Sarjapur, is approved.

No. L. 3778—*Ml.* 70-25-18, *dated* 24*th November* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Nerlahalli Channabasappa, as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Molakalmuru, is approved.

No. L. 3825—*Ml.* 19-25-4, *dated* 26*th November* 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the term of the present Municipal Council of Hunsur, which was constituted for a period of three years from 16th November 1922, under Government Notification No. L. 3565—Ml. 48-22-4, dated the 14th November 1922, is extended till the 16th December 1925, pending reconstitution.

No. L. 3853—L. B. 45-25-17, dated 28th November 1925.

For the words "yards" and "feet" occurring in columns 10 and 12 of the Government Notification No. 539—L. B. 45-23-3, dated the 24th July 1925, regarding the acquisition of Survey No. 40 of Chittarahalli village in Holalkere Taluk and published at page 327 of Part II of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated the 20th August 1925, substitute the words "Acres" and "guntas," respectively.

ERRATUM.

No. L. 3906—L. B. 44-25-40, dated 28th November 1925.

For the figure '46' appearing in the 1st line of the sixth column of Government Notification No. L. 8638—L. B. 44-24-67, dated the 6th June 1925 published at page 226 of Part II of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated the 11th June 1925, substitute the figure '64.'

No. L. 3913—Ml. 19-25-6, dated 28th November 1925.

Under Section 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, as amended from time to time, it is hereby notified that the term of the Town Municipal Council of Chamrajnagar, constituted for a period of three years from 21st November 1922 in Government Notification No. L. 3597—Ml. 48-22-6, dated 15th Navember 1922, is extended till the end of December 1925, pending its reconstitution.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notification, dated 28th November 1925.

The Notification Mis. No. 328-33, dated 30th July 1925, of this Office, published on page 513, Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 13th August 1925, regarding the levy of enhanced taxes and toll, is modified to the extent noted below in respect of taxes on vacant sites only, which will come into force from 1st January 1926 :—

Name of tax	Existing rate	Sanctioned rate
1. Tax on vacant sites ...	Four annas per 100 square yards.	Eight annas per 100 square yards.
2. Water-tax on vacant sites	3/5 of the vacant site tax ...	Equal to the vacant site tax.
3. Lighting tax on vacant sites.	1/5 of the vacant site tax ...	1/5 of the vacant site tax

M. G. KRISHNASWAMI RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification, dated 22nd November 1925.

The annual cattle fair in connection with the Sri Subramanyaswami Rathotsava and Jatra in Nagalmadike of the Pavagada Taluk will commence from the 21st December 1925

2. A fee of two annas on every head of cattle and one anna on every head of calf attending the fair will be levied.

K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Notification.

It is hereby notified to the public that the Bye-laws framed by the Kolar Town Municipal Council under section 48 (1) (*c*) and (*k*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation and sanctioned by Government in their Proceedings No. L. 7435—Ml. 69-22-117, dated 18th April 1925, regarding the working of Hotels, Bakeries, Sweetmeat shops and places for manufacture and sale of ærated waters, and levy of Octroi, will be brought into force in the Kolar Town Municipality with effect from 1st January 1926.

A copy of the Bye-laws is appended hereto for information.

S. HIRIANNAIYA,
President.

BYE-LAWS FRAMED BY THE KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*c*) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION AND SANCTIONED BY GOVERNMENT IN THEIR ORDER NO. L. 7435—ML. 69-22-117, DATED 18TH APRIL 1925.

Definitions.

1. A "Hotel" includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhall and confectionery or refreshments including chappaties, rice-cakes, coffee, tea and such other articles of human food ordrink are prepared or kept for sale, but does not include a bakery or a sweetmeat shop or a place where ærated waters are manufactured or kept for sale.

2. A "Bakery" includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the baking of bread or manufacture of biscuits, cakes, buns and similar confectionery.

3. A "Sweetmeat" shop includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the preparation of sweets for sale.

4. Any person who shall appear, act or behave as the person in charge of the hotel, bakery or sweetmeat shop or an ærated water factory, shall for the purpose of these bye-laws, be deemed to be the "Keeper or Manager" thereof.

General.

5. No person shall expose or keep for sale any article intended for human consumption or drink over or alongside of any open drain or sewer.

6. No person who is suffering from any infectious or contageous disease or from leprosy or open sores or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be engaged in the sale or manufacture of articles of food or drink intended for human consumption.

7. No foodstuff of any sort which is stale, unwholesome or offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption shall be stored or exposed for sale.

8. All prepared articles of foodstuffs intended for human consumption should be so kept as to prevent contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

9. The building shall always be kept clean and tidy.

10. All refuse and dirt including used papers, leaf plates and leaf cups used for wrapping refreshments and other sweepings in and around the premises shall be stored in a place set apart for the purpose or thrown in the nearest Municipal dustbin.

Hotels, Bakeries and Sweetmeat shops.

11. The premises used for a hotel, bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be well ventilated.

12. The walls of every hotel, bakery or a sweetmeat shop shall be well plastered and made impervious to a height of at least four feet from the ground level.

13. The floors of the kitchen, dining and bath rooms of a hotel and the entire floor of the bakery or a sweetmeat shop shall be rendered impervious either by paving with stone or by chunam plastering or otherwise.

14. Water used for drinking purposes shall be kept clean and free from floating impurities in a suitable, clean, covered receptacle provided with a tap for drawing water on a seat raised at least a foot above the level of the floor.

15. All metallic vessels used in cooking or keeping foodstuffs shall have a continual lining of tin.

16. No lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose whatever in any hotel bakery or sweetmeat shop.

17. No person unconnected with the establishment shall be allowed access in a hotel to the kitchen or such part of the building where prepared food is kept for use.

18. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation in a hotel. The night soil shall be covered with ashes and removed daily.

19. The flour, sugar, ghee and other materials used in the manufacture of bread, biscuits, cakes, buns or sweetmeats or other similar confectionery shall be good and wholesome. Such materials shall be kept in a separate store-room or receptacle and shall not be kept lying on the floor or against the wall in any part of the building.

20. All papers and leaves intended to be used for wrapping bread, sweets and other confectionery shall be clean and stored on a clean rack.

21. Bread, sweets and similar confectionery should not be kept on the floor either before or after they are baked or prepared, but shall always be kept on a clean raised platform.

22. No person shall transport for sale foodstuffs intended for human consumption from one place to another except in a clean closed receptacle.

23. No person shall commit any act which may tend to render any foodstuff which is being transported dirty or unwholesome.

Aerated Waters.

24. Water used for the manufacture of ærated waters shall be pure and must be obtained from a deep well.

25. Water used for washing or cleaning bottles shall also be pure.

26. The room in which ærated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept in good repair. The walls shall be well plastered with mortar and shall be limewashed at least once in three months. The floor shall be made impervious to water by either paving with stone or chunam-plastering or otherwise.

27. Aerated waters of any kind shall not be issued for sale without a proper label on each bottle giving the full name and address of the manufacturer.

28. It shall be lawful for the President, Vice-President, Medical or Sanitary Officer or the Sanitary Inspector of the Municipality to take a sample of any kind of ærated waters manufactured or kept for sale in any ærated water factory for the purpose of being sent forthwith to the Government Chemical Examiner or Bacteriologist for examination, and if he certifies that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

Miscellaneous.

29. The keeper or manager of every hotel, bakery, sweetmeat shop or an ærated water factory shall at all reasonable times allow access to the officers of the Municipal Council not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector to the premises for inspection.

Penalty.

30. Any infringement of any of the Bye-laws herein before contained shall render the keeper of the hotel, bakery, sweetmeat shop or ærated water factory liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

BYE-LAWS FRAMED BY THE KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (K) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION AND SANCTIONED BY GOVERNMENT IN THEIR PROCEEDINGS NO. L. 7435—ML. 69-22-117, DATED 18TH APRIL 1925.

1. The limits for the purpose of collecting octroi shall be the Municipal limits.

2. No article liable to octroi shall be brought within these limits except by one of the high roads described in Schedule No. I hereto annexed or by the Railway.

3. All persons bringing into or receiving from beyond the octroi limits of the town any such articles or conveyance, or package containing such articles shall stop such articles, conveyance or package at the Ookad to enable the octroi officer to inspect the same.

4. The octroi posts at which such conveyance or package or goods shall be liable to inspection shall be the Ookads on the high roads prescribed in Schedule No. I, the Bonded-Warehouse and the Town Railway Station including all its gates and the octroi office. Every person importing dutiable goods within the town shall report the fact at the first of such posts on the route by which they come. All officers of the Octroi Department not below the rank of a mutsaddi are authorised to inspect the contents of any conveyance or package under Section 76 of the Municipal Regulation.

5. A table showing the octroi leviable shall be open to inspection of any person in the Municipal Office and a copy shall be supplied to any person requiring the same. Such tables shall also be affixed in a conspicuous place at every post or office at which octroi is levied.

6. When goods have been examined at the octroi post, a pass for such of the goods as are liable to octroi duty shall be furnished to the importer by the octroi mutsaddi. On receiving such pass, the importer shall forthwith bring the taxable goods to the octroi office provided that if the duty leviable thereon does not exceed eight annas, the octroi mutsaddi may levy the duty and certify on the pass the fact of such levy.

7. When goods are brought to the octroi office, the duty payable thereon shall be calculated after weighment or counting by the officer in charge of the office and intimated to the importer or the person in charge of the goods who shall either pay the amount demanded, obtain a receipt for such payment and a permit for the removal of the goods or deposit the same in the Bonded Warehouse and obtain a receipt in the form appended in Schedule III. If the importer expresses or desires to re-export the goods at once, he shall be permitted to do so after issue of an export pass subjecting the goods to the escort of an octroi subordinate.

8. With a view to appraisement of the value of the goods, where the tax is assessed on value, the importer may be called upon to produce the invoice of the goods for the inspection of the officer in charge of the octroi office. If the officer in charge of the office suspects the genuineness of the invoice produced, he shall at once report the matter for the orders of the President or the Vice-President through his immediate official superior stating the grounds on which his suspicion is based and shall detain the goods in the bonded warehouse till orders are passed and forthwith issue a written notice to the importer to that effect. The officer to whom the report is so submitted shall forthwith examine the invoice, consider the report, pass orders as to the genuineness or otherwise of the invoice produced and inform the officer in charge of the octroi office of his decision. If the invoice is found spurious or if the importer fails or refuses to produce the invoice, the value of the goods shall be ascertained by the officer in charge of the octroi office at current rates and octroi levied accordingly.

9. With the previous approval of the President in each case, any wholesale importer may, on depositing as security such amount as may in each case be fixed by the President not being less than Rs. 100, be exempted from producing the goods imported by him for inspection at the octroi office, provided that he makes arrangements satisfactory to the President for the supply, periodically of correct and detailed accounts of all such goods and all particulars thereof as may be found by the President to be necessary for levying the duty thereon. Every such person shall be liable to the extent of his deposit for the payment of octroi on all goods which may have left his premises without octroi duty having been paid, provided that the President may at any time cancel such exemption by giving notice in writing to such persons and return to him the amount of his credit or may in any case require such person to produce any such goods for inspection at the octroi office.

10. The Municipal Council shall provide a bonded warehouse for the custody of goods which may be deposited under Bye-law No. 7.

11. The bonded warehouse shall be open for transaction of business from 7 A.M. to 6 P.M., daily except on Sunday and Holidays authorised by the President. Arrangements shall however be made by the officer in charge of the octroi office for dealing with perishable articles on such days.

12. Any importer depositing goods in the bonded warehouse shall give a declaration of the description, weight and quantity, and if necessary of the value of such goods in the form appended in Schedule II.

13. It is the duty of the depositor to obtain a receipt for the articles deposited by him and the octroi department is not responsible for any goods left at the premises and not covered by a receipt.

14. The receipt given by the octroi department for depositing goods shall be returned before taking the delivery of the articles to which it refers. Otherwise the officer in charge of the octroi office may refuse to deliver the articles until the person depositing the goods has given an indemnity to the satisfaction of the officer in charge of the octroi office.

15. If the depositor does not himself take delivery of the articles deposited, he must endorse on the receipt a request for delivery to the person to whom he wishes it to be made.

16. Any person who has deposited goods in the bonded-warehouse may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the warehouse or may export such goods covered by an export pass subject to the escort of an octroi subordinate or may, on paying the full duty thereon, import such goods into the town covered by a permit. For every export pass granted under this bye-law or bye-law No. 7 a fee of one anna shall be charged.

17. No. goods shall be allowed to leave the bonded warehouse until storage fees have been paid thereon under the following rules :—

(*i*) Goods shall be allowed to remain 24 hours free of charge.

(*ii*) After that period rates as in the following schedule shall be charged for seven days.

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Tobacco per maund of 241 lbs. or part thereof ...	0	0	6	a day.
Tobacco stalks do do ..	0	0	3	,,
Piece-goods per bale or bundle or case of 400 lbs. or over, or per bale, bundle or case of 6 doz. or over.	0	0	6	,,
Do less than 400 lbs. or 6 doz. ...	0	0	3	,,
Betel leaves for 1,000	0	0	3	,,
Green cocoanuts per 100	0	0	3	,,
Dry cocoanuts per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof	0	0	3	,,
Oils per maund of 24 lbs. or portion there of ...	0	0	1	,,
Kerosene oil per tin	0	0	1	,,
Oil-seeds per 400 lbs. or portion thereof ...	0	0	3	,,
Cigars or cigarettes per box of 50 or portion thereof	0	0	1	,,
All other articles per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof.	0	0	3	,,

(*iii*) Double these rates shall be charged after 7 days, provided that the President may in his discretion allow a reduction in or exemption from such penal rates.

(*iv*) The date of admission and removal shall reckon as one day and Sundays and close holidays shall not be taken into account in reckoning the date from which under each class shall be payable. When delay is caused by the inability of the officer in charge of the warehouse to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

18. The President may permit any wholesale dealer to occupy a room in the bonded warehouse for the storing of dutiable articles intended for sale to retail dealers and may make such rules regarding the occupation of such rooms as may from time to time be found necessary.

19. When goods stored by a whole sale dealer in the bonded warehouse under the above rules are issued on payment of duties, such allowance may be made on the original weight on account of material weight used in the packing or on account of reduction of weight owing to dryage or wastage as may from time to time be fixed by the President.

20. All perishable commodities remaining uncleared or unclaimed after 48 hours shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the bonded warehouse. All other goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than six months shall be sold in like manner provided that before selling such goods, notice of the fact shall be pasted for seven days at the bonded warehouse and at the Municipal Office and provided also that the goods shall be sold earlier when the storage fees are likely to exceed their values.

21. When any goods are sold under bye-law No. 20, the sale proceeds shall be credited to the Municipal funds after payment of duty and storage fees due in respect thereof provided that if the amount realised by the sale exceeds the amount so due, the balance shall be kept in deposit for one year and any claims for such balance received during that time shall be duly considered by the President. At the expiry of one year or after claims, if any, received during that period have been duly disposed of, the balance shall be credited to Municipal funds. No claims to refund shall be admitted after the said period of one year except by the special permission of the Council.

22. The Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to the goods deposited in the bonded warehouse while such goods are being passed into or out of the warehouse or while they remain therein or unless such damage is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the warehouse keeper or other person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

23. Any person may with the sanction of the President be permitted to use any place as a bonded warehouse on payment of the cost of such establishment and subject to such conditions as may in each case be fixed by the President.

Refunds.

24. On all articles on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported beyond octroi limits, refunds shall, subject to the following rules, be granted at the rates originally charged at the time of import provided that no refund shall be granted of any sum less than one rupee and unless such goods are exported within three months from the date of import.

25. Any person claiming refund under the above rules shall produce the above goods at the octroi office together with the origina receipt for octroi duty paid thereon and application for refund prepared in triplicate in such form showing such particulars as the President may from time to time prescribe.

26. Any person who has been exempted under bye-law No. 9 from production of goods at the octroi office on import shall subject to the same conditions be exemepted from the production of goods to be exported.

27. The Officer in charge of the octroi office on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipts have been granted or the validity of the claim, shall deliver the other parts to the applicant.

28. All the goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under an export pass under bye-law No. 16 shall be produced by the exporter at the octroi station of exit.

29. The octroi subordinate in charge of the station of exit will satisfy himself that the goods produced as being covered by the duplicate pass correspond with the entries in the pass presented with them.

30. If the goods are being exported otherwise than by rail and if the consignment appears to be duly covered by the pass, he shall retain the duplicate pass and shall return the triplicate pass to the exporter or his agent after due endorsement of the particulars specified in such form as may be prescribed by the President. Otherwise, he shall retain both the du plicate and triplicate passes and shall report the circumstances forthwith for the orders of his immediate superior. If the goods are being exported under refund pass, he shall in either

case allow the consignment to proceed. If the goods are under an export pass and do not appear to agree with the particulars given therein, they shall be detained until the orders of his superior are received.

31. If the goods are for export by rail, the octroi subordinate in charge of station of exit shall retain the triplicate pass pending production of the railway receipt for the goods covered by the pass. Upon production of the railway receipt, if after due enquiry, the said octroi subordinate is satisfied that the goods produced are covered by the pass and also by the railway receipt in question, he will then endorse on the duplicate and triplicate passes respectively, the number and the date of the railway receipt and will return the triplicate pass and the railway receipt to the person in charge of the goods, but he will retain the duplicate pass subject to disposal in the prescribed course of business.

32. In all cases in which refund is claimed, the triplicate pass duly endorsed as provided by Bye-law Nos. 30 and 31 respectively must be produced at the octroi office by the person seeking the refund and if after due check the officer in charge of the octroi office is satisfied that the refund of octroi covered by such pass is duly payable, he shall if the amount so payable does not exceed Rs. 2 forthwith pay the same to the person presenting the triplicate pass. If the amount to be refunded exceeds Rs. 2 or if the officer in charge of the octroi office sees any cause to refuse the payment of the sum claimed, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President.

33. *Smuggling.*—The President is empowered to award any person who gives any information leading to the detection of the offence of smuggling goods liable to octroi duty a reward not exceeding one half of the fine recovered and in special cases the full amount of the fine.

34. *Licenses.*—The Municipal Council may by its resolution require a license to be obtained for the sale of all or any article liable to octroi.

35. Such resolution of the Municipal Council shall be published within the Municipal limits at least one month before effect is given to it.

36. One month after the first publication of the resolution requiring the license to be obtained for the sale of the articles mentioned in such resolution it shall not be lawful for any person to sell, either wholesale or retail, such articles without a license.

37. A license fee of Rs. 5 for a wholesale dealer and Rs. 2 for a retail dealer shall be payable for every official year or part thereof.

38. A license shall be in force till the end of June following.

39. The conditions subject to which the licenses are granted shall be as in the forms appended.

40. It shall be competent for the President to grant, suspend, withhold, withdraw, or refuse licenses under the bye-laws.

41. It shall not be lawful for any person to import, keep, sell, or offer for sale the articles or article for which a license is required, after such license is refused, suspended withdrawn or cancelled.

42. *Miscellaneous.*—Importers of dutiable articles shall if called upon by a requisition, in writing signed by the President or the Vice-President within three months of such import account for the articles received by them by producing either a permit obtained in token of payment of octroi duty or an export pass in proof of having exported the whole or part of the articles so received or otherwise. In case of default to so account for them, the importer shall be liable to a penalty extending to ten times the octroi due on such goods or to Rs. 25 whichever is less and to payment of octroi duty on the articles unaccounted for.

43. Any person infringing any of these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and in case of continuing offences to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day during which such infringment continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 200.

SCHEDULE No. I.

Serial No.	Name of road	Ookad
1	Madras-Bangalore Road	Hospital Ookad.
2	Srinivaspur-Kolar Road	Ammavarapet Ookad.
3	Bangalore-Madras Road	Darga Ookad.
4	Bowringpet-Kolar Road	Town Ookad.

SCHEDULE No. II.

To

The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office.

Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the warehouse.—

1. Number.
2. Name of Depositor.
3. Description of articles deposited.
4. No. of packages or bales.
5. Distinguishing mark.
6. Weight. Maunds. Seers.
7. Quantity.
8. Value.
9. Remarks.

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries as made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of the bye-laws Nos. 13 to 17 and 19 to 21 relating to the deposit.

Witness. *Depositor.*
Signature. Signature.
Address. Address.

SCHEDULE No. III.

Octroi Office.

Received for deposit the undermentioned goods from Mr .....

1. Number.
2. Receipt No.
3. Consignment number and date.
4. Goods deposit note number.....
5. Name of articles.....
6. Description of articles.....
7. Number of articles.....
8. Remarks.....

Date. *Octroi Manager,*
Kolar Town.

WHOLESALE LICENSE (OCTROI).

Kolar Town Municipal Council.....
Name of License Holder.....
Residence.....
Name of Vendor.....

You are hereby authorised to vend.....within the Municipal Limits, Kolar, subject to the following conditions :—

i. That this license shall be only in force till the end of June and that it shall be hung up in a conspicuous part of the place of business.
ii. That the articles abovementioned shall not be introduced into the Municipal Limits without payment of the octroi due thereon.
iii. That all such articles stocked and stored in the premises or purchased and sold therein shall have either paid duty or purchased from a duly licensed vendor.
iv. That the said articles shall be stored and sold only in the licensed premises and any such article found in an unlicensed premises will be considered contraband and treated accordingly.
v. That the said premises shall be open for inspection of any octroi officer at any time during which it is open for business.
iv. That an account in such forms as may be prescribed of all such articles imported and disposed of either by sale within the town of Kolar or exported beyond the limits be maintained and a copy of such an account shall be submitted to the octroi office on or before the 15th of every month for verification.
vii. That this license shall not be transferable by sale, gift, mortgage or otherwise and that no person except such as is named herein shall have power to act under it.
viii. That this license shall be liable to cancellation for breach of any condition herein set forth or of the octroi bye-laws.

Dated. *President,*
Town Municipal Council.

RETAIL LICENSE (OCTROI).

Name of License Holder.....

Residence.....

Name of Vendor.....

Door number of licensed premises.....

You are hereby authorised to store and vend subject to the provisions of this license the following articles in the premises mentioned above :—

Name of article.....

CONDITIONS.

i. That the said premises may be inspected by any octroi officer at any time in the manner prescribed by rules.

ii. That all the said articles in the said premises and purchased are sold therein shall have paid duty or shall have been purchased from a duly licensed vendor.

iii. That no such articles will be permitted to be stored or sold in any place other than the licensed premises and any such articles found in an unlicensed premises will be considered as contraband and treated accordingly.

iv. That this license shall only be in force till the end of June and that it shall be exhibited to any octroi officer when he shall lawfully call for the same.

v. That this license shall not be transferable by sale, gift mortgage or otherwise and that no person except as is mentioned herein shall have power to act under it.

vi. That the licensed holder shall within 15 days from the date of the issue of the license put up a sign board in a conspicuous part of the premises occupied by him with the following inscription legibly painted thereon in Kannada.

Number of license.....

Name.....

Licensed to sell (name of articles).....

vii. That an account of all stock purchased and sold shall be kept and that such account shall be open to inspection of any octroi officer not below the rank of a peon.

viii. That this license shall be liable to suspension for the breach of any of the conditions or of the Octroi Bye-laws.

Date.

President,
Town Municipal Council.

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD, MYSORE.

Dated 18th November 1925.

ALLOTMENT OF SITES BY THE TRUST BOARD.

The attention of the public is invited to the following condition among others under which, sites belonging to the Trust Board have been, and are being allotted to private people :—

"That on completion of the building on the site, and intimation thereof to the Chairman, he shall, on being satisfied that the building is constructed as per approved plan, grant a Title Deed in respect of the site. Till then, the site shall be the property of the Trust Board, and the allottee shall not have any right in the interim to sell, transfer by gift, hypothecate, mortgage or otherwise convey the site."

The public are hereby warned against accepting alienations of sites allotted by the Trust Board in the absence of Title Deeds vesting ownership in the allottees, and any such alienation will be entirely at the risk and loss of the parties concerned.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

MYSORE CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE 5TH ORDINARY MEETING OF THE BOARD OF TRUSTEES FOR THE IMPROVEMENT OF THE CITY OF MYSORE, HELD AT THE CHAIRMAN'S OFFICE ON MONDAY THE 23RD NOVEMBER 1925, AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present 6. | Absent 3.

1. Proceedings of the 4th ordinary meeting held on 24th October 1925.
Confirmed.

* * *
* * *

4. Government Order No. L. 3135-8—Ml. 34-24-87, dated the 29th October 1925, sanctioning the revised rate list of Contractor Mr. B. Siddappa for the office building.
Recorded. The final execution of the contract providing revised rates may be completed.

5. Petition registered No. P. 347, dated the 19th October 1925, from Mr. C. Doddjavarappa in the matter of the construction of houses in Survey No. 192, Chamundi Extension (with plan of the whole extension).
The sites should be twice the size shown. Storm water drain should be constructed and roads formed, before the sites are allotted. The necessary permission for the conversion of the land into building sites should be obtained from the revenue authorities.

6. Letter No. P. W. 1299, dated the 21st October 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Public Works Department, forwarding two bills amounting to Rs. 2,284-9-0 being the outlay incurred through the Palace Maramath Department on repairs to the Rampart wall, Mysore, and requesting that the amount may be arranged to be recouped to the Palace Department.
The cost will be met from the supplemental grant for the year already applied for.

7. Alternative estimates, (1) for Rs. 690 for Pukka Masonry drain, and (2) for Rs. 230 for rough stone drain with Soojicut flooring, on Narasaraja Road in No. V drainage area.
The estimate for Rs. 690 is sanctioned.

8. Estimate for Rs. 140 for giving sewage connection to the Anjaneyaswami Temple at the Fort North Gate.
Sanctioned.

9. Estimate for Rs. 106 for laying pipe line in Block No. 46, Devaraja Mohalla.
Sanctioned.

10. Petition, dated the 4th November 1925, from Hombamma, Devaraja Mohalla, requesting permission to construct a building on at least a portion of land comprised in her properties Nos. 32, 35, 37 and 1—37, etc., in Block No. 44 under acquisition; or in the alternative to grant her a site close by.
Deferred for inspection by the Trustees.

11. Proposal to subscribe for one year for the Reports and Bulletins of the Industrial Federation for Town and Country Planning and Garden Cities.
May be subscribed for one year.

12. Statement of temporary establishment required for the year 1925-26.
Approved, and may be submitted to Government for sanction.

13. Statement showing the bits of land sold during the month of October 1925.
Approved.

* * *

15. Disposal of 365 square yards of trust land to the east of Zenana Mission School, as shown on the sketch.
The land in question may be enclosed by the Mission authorities with a compound wall built parallel to the road, if they agree to surrender the land now given without claiming compensation therefor, should the property be acquired in the future for purposes of the Board or Government.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice, dated 24th November 1925.

(In supersession of notice, dated 2nd August 1924.)

The following revised draft bye-laws framed by the City Municipal Council, Mysore, in exercise of the powers conferred on them under Section 48(1) (*b*) (*ii*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, are published for the information of persons likely to be

affected thereby. Any objection or suggestion with respect to these revised draft bye-laws may be made in writing to the undersigned within one month from the date of the publication of the same in the *Mysore Gazette*, after the expiry of which time, they will be taken into consideration together with such objections or suggestions.

Draft bye-laws for sale of meat intended for human consumption.

No person shall use any place as a shop for the sale of animals intended for human food, or of meat, or of fish, excepting the shops set apart for the purpose in the public markets belonging to the Municipality or such other shops as may have been licensed in writing by the Health Officer under the general or special instructions of the President and Health Committee.

1. When a license is required to be taken in writing for the use of any place for the sale of animals intended for human food, or of meat or of flesh, any person using the same for any of the above purposes without the sanction of the Health Officer obtained in writing, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 and to a further fine which may extend to Re. 1 for every day after such conviction, during which he continues to use it.
2. All such licenses shall expire on the 30th June in each year and applications for renewal must be made to the Health Officer before the end of the first month of the official year.
3. Every licensee shall be subject to the following conditions:—
   (*a*) That the President, Vice-President, Municipal Councillors, Health Officer, Chief Officer or other Officer authorised by them shall at all times have free access to the shop for inspection and that the licensee shall produce this license to any such Officer demanding it;
   (*b*) That the licensee shall not sell or offer for sale the flesh of any animal that has not been examined and passed in writing by the Veterinary Inspector and slaughtered at a public slaughter house;
   (*c*) That the licensee shall not sell or offer for sale any meat that is decomposed or unfit for consumption or that by blowing or other artificial means is made to appear to be in a condition differing from what it really is;
   (*d*) That he shall keep for use in the shop proper scales and correct stamped weights.
   (*e*) That the licensee shall keep the shop always clean and in good order and in particular that he keeps the drains, the pavement and pointing so sloped and smooth as to make it impossible for blood or other liquid to stagnate thereon;
   (*f*) That he should cause the whole of the walls to be cleaned and whitewashed both within and without at least once every three months and all wood and iron furniture thoroughly scraped and re-painted at intervals prescribed by the Health Officer;
   (*g*) That the licensee shall cause the floors or pavement and furniture to be thoroughly washed down and blood, rubbish garbage to be removed from the premises within two hours of each day's business;
4. Any breach of any of the above conditions by the licensee or by his servants, shall render the licensee liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
President.

SAGAR TOWN MUNICIPALITY.

Notice, dated November 1925.

The following bye-laws regarding vaccination framed by the Sagar Town Municipal Council, under Rule 24 of the Rules framed under the Mysore Vaccination Regulation of 1906 within the limits of Sagar Town are hereby published. Any inhabitant objecting to the proposed bye-laws may within one month from the date of publication in the *Mysore Gazette*, send his objections in writing to the President, Town Municipal Council, Sagar.

1. The Town of Sagar will, for the purpose of vaccination, be treated as one circle.
2. The Local Fund Dispensary will be public vaccination depot.
3. The Assistant Surgeon of the male dispensary shall be the Superintendent of Vaccination.
4. The Local Medical Officer and the Sanitary Inspector who shall be trained in vaccination, if he is not already trained, shall be called vaccinators for the purpose of these bye-laws.
5. The Superintendent shall reside within the Municipal limits of the Sagar Town.
6. There shall be affixed at the depot a board showing in English and Kannada, the hours at which vaccination shall be done at the depot.
7. Vaccination shall ordinarily be done at the Vaccination Depot on all days except Sundays and other authorised public holidays between the hours of 8 to 10 in the morning.

8. The Superintendent or the Sanitary Inspector shall, if so required, by the head of the household, vaccinate the members thereof at his residence on such days, as he may find it convenient to do so, provided that, during epidemics of small-pox or when an outbreak of the desease is impending, the Superintendent shall lose no time to vaccinate and re-vaccinate persons.

9. The Lady Medical Officer in charge of the female dispensary shall also vaccinate at their residence, free of charge, grown up girls and adult females, specially those observing the Ghosha system. Particulars of vaccination performed by her shall be furnished to the Superintendent, once a week.

10. The Superintendent shall be duly furnished by the President of the Municipality with the following information:—

10. (a) A list of houses and unprotected persons in each house.

(b) A list showing the number of immigrants into the town who have lived for longer than a month therein within 10 days after the close of each quarter.

(c) A monthly statement of births during the month.

11. The Superintendent shall maintain a register showing every house with the name of the unprotected persons therein with a space for the addition from time to time for the fresh unprotected cases and with a column for entering the date and the result of the vaccination.

12. The Superintendent shall furnish before the 5th of each month, a monthly statement of vaccination to the Chief Sanitary Inspector and to the President of the Municipality.

13. The Superintendent shall bring to the notice of the President or Vice-President, any remissness of duty on the part of the head of a household calculated to impair the efficiency of the vaccination.

14. The Superintendent may grant certificates under Rules 6 and 9 of the Vaccination Rules.

15. The Patel, Shanbhog, Sanitary Inspector and other members of the Municipal Board shall render every help to the Superintendent in the discharge of his duty.

C. LAKSHMANA RAO,
President, Municipal Council.

SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Notice, dated 3rd November 1925.

The following Bye-laws have been framed by the Channagiri Town Municipal Council regarding Registration of Births and Deaths under Section 48 (j), of the Municipal Regulation :—

Any inhabitant of this Municipality objecting to the proposed bye-laws may, within one month from the date of publication in the *Gazette*, send his objections in writing to the President, Municipal Council, Channagiri.

1. Every birth and death within the Municipality shall be entered in Special Registers in the forms prescribed in the annexed schedule and preserved in the Municipal Office.

2. The entries shall be made consecutively from the beginning to the end of each book by the Registrar, who shall keep himself informed of all births and deaths occurring within the Municipality; and shall neither charge nor expect any fee or reward for registering the required particulars regarding births and deaths. The Municipal Office shall for the present be the Office of Registry and the Bill Collecter be the Registrar. A notice written both in English and Kanarese and attached to a conspicuous part of the building shall notify this fact to the public.

3. The father or mother, and in case of their inability any adult person attending on the mother of every child born within the Municipal limits or in the case of death, illness, absence or inability of these and in all cases where a medical attendant or midwife has attended during such birth, such medical attendant or midwife, and in the case of births occurring in a public institution, the officer, or person in charge, shall, within one week next after the day of the event, give or, cause to be given to the Registrar, according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief, information of the several particulars that require to be known and registered regarding the birth of such child.

4. The nearest relative present at the death or attending during the last illness of every person dying within the Municipality or in the case of death illness, inability or default of all such persons and in the case of person dying in a public institution, the officer or person in charge shall, within 24 hours, give or cause to be given to the Registrar according to the best of his or her knowledge and belief information of the several particulars that require to be known and registered touching the death of such person.

5. It is permissible to give in writing information of births and deaths in the forms given in the appended schedules.

(Printed forms will be available at the Municipal Office.)

6. On a notice being received at the Office of the Registry, the Bill Collector shall visit the locality and after satisfying himself as to the correctness of the particulars, initial against the particular entry in the Register in token of having performed such inspection.

7. Every person who performs or conducts the funeral ceremonies of any person who has died within the Municipality shall, whenever required, furnish the Registrar or other person authorised on this behalf such information as he possesses as to the said particulars.

8. Any person who is bound to give information under the preceding paragraph and who fails or refuses to do so or give false information shall be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

9. No prosecution for the violation of these bye-laws will be instituted without the sanction of the Municipal Council.

10. All extracts from Registers of births and deaths shall be signed by the President or Vice-President and sealed with the Council seal and the fees payable for those shall be governed by the same rules as in the case of revenue documents.

Definitions of terms.

"Occupier" includes the keeper, master, matron, superintendent or other officer in charge of public institution, and when a house is let in separate apartments or lodgings, includes any person residing in such house who is the person under whom such lodgings or separate apartments are immediately held, or his agent.

"Public Institution" includes prison, lock-up, hospital, school, reformatory, hostel, barracks, any charitable or other institution which is under the management of the public body officer or person.

"Stillbirth" means a child born dead after the 28th week of gestation or not called, back to life.

Register of Deaths in the Municipality of Channagiri during the month of.....192

Yearly No.	Monthly No.	Name of deceased	Nationality or caste	Sex	Age			Occupation or calling	Cause of death	Date of death	Date of registration	Place of death, mention locality, street No, etc.	Informant's name and address, his signature of attending personally	Name of burial or burning ground	Initials of Inspecting Officer	Signature of Registrar	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days										
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18

Register of Births in the Municipality of Channagiri during the month of 192

Yearly No.	Monthly No.	Name, if any	Nationality or caste	Born alive	Still born	Sex		Father's name and occupation	Date of birth	Date of registration	Where born	Door No.	Informant's name and address, signature of informant, if personally attending	Signature of Sub-Registrar	Initials of Inspecting Office	Remarks
						Male	Female									
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17

Report of Births in the Channagiri Municipality during the month of.....192 .

Date and hour of birth	Nationality or caste	Stillborn	Born alive	Sex		Where born (locality and name of street)	Door No.	Father's name and occupation	Date on which the notice is sent	Remarks
				Male	Female					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11

N.B.—This report must be received within one week next after the date of birth.

Informant's name and address.

Report of Deaths in the Channagiri Municipality during the month of..... 192

Name and surname of the deceased in Kanarese	Occupation or calling	Place of residence	Where death occurred	Door No.	Age			Sex	Nationality or caste	Date of death	Date of registry	Cause of death*	Name of medical attendant, or Hakim, Vaidya who last treated the deceased	Remarks
					Years	Months	Days							
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15

* Here if cause is unknown, mention the symptoms with which the deceased was affected, *i.e.*, fever, cough, vomittings, diarrhœa and the duration of last illness.

N.B.—This report should be despatched within 24 (twenty-four) hours after the occurrence of death.

Informants's name and address.

B. SIDDARAJ URS,

President,
Municipal Council, Channagiri.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 3952—*L. B.* 18-25-2, *dated* 30*th November* 1925.

Under Rule 7 of the rules published under Government Notification No. R. 7559—L. B 54-18-1, dated the 18th December 1918, Government are pleased to notify that Mr. Sharabanna is elected by the Attibele Village Panchayet as a member of the Taluk Board of Anekal in the Bangalore District *vice* Mr. Bandeppa who vacated his seat by efflux of time.

No. L. 3918—*Ml.* 1-25-23, *dated* 30*th November* 1925.

Under Section 48 (1) of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, Government are pleased to withdraw from acquisition of a portion of Municipal No. 267, Taluk Cutcherry Road, 3rd Division, Bangalore City, declared for acquisition in Government Notification No. 7135—Ml. 13-19-64, dated 31st May 1922, as required for widening the Taluk Cutcherry Road, as it is now stated that it is not required for the purpose.

By Order,

B. NAGAPPA,

Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 10, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 4061—*Ml.* 63-25-7, *dated* 4*th December* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. N. Veranna as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Thyamagondlu is approved.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notification, dated 28*th November* 1925.

The Notification Mis. No. 328-33, dated 30th July 1925, of this Office, published on page 513, Part II-A of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 13th August 1925, regarding the levy of enhanced taxes and toll, is modified to the extent noted below in respect of taxes on vacant sites only, which will come into force from 1st January 1926 :—

Name of tax	Existing rate	Sanctioned rate
1. Tax on vacant sites ...	Four annas per 100 square yards.	Eight annas per 100 square yards.
2. Water-tax on vacant sites	3/5 of the vacant site tax ...	Equal to the vacant site tax.
3. Lighting tax on vacant sites.	1/5 of the vacant site tax ..	1/5 of the vacant site tax

M. G. KRISHNASWAMI RAO,
Municipal Commissioner.

KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL.

Notification.

It is hereby notified to the public that the Bye-laws framed by the Kolar Town Municipal Council under section 48 (1) (*c*) and (*k*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation and sanctioned by Government in their Proceedings No. L. 7435—Ml. 69-22-117, dated 18th April 1925, regarding the working of Hotels, Bakeries, Sweetmeat shops and places for manufacture and sale of ærated waters, and levy of Octroi, will be brought into force in the Kolar Town Municipality with effect from 1st January 1926.

A copy of the Bye-laws is appended hereto for information.

S. HIRIANNAIYA,
President.

BYE-LAWS FRAMED BY THE KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*c*) OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION AND SANCTIONED BY GOVERNMENT IN THEIR ORDER NO. L. 7435—ML. 69-22-117, DATED 18TH APRIL 1925.

Definitions.

1. A "Hotel" includes any house or place where cooked rice, mutton, beef, poultry, vegetables, dhall and confectionery or refreshments including chappaties, rice-cakes, coffee, tea and such other articles of human food ordrink are prepared or kept for sale, but does not include a bakery or a sweetmeat shop or a place where ærated waters are manufactured or kept for sale.

2. A "Bakery" includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the baking of bread or manufacture of biscuits, cakes, buns and similar confectionery.

3. A "Sweetmeat" shop includes any building or part of a building used for any process connected with the preparation of sweets for sale.

4. Any person who shall appear, act or behave as the person in charge of the hotel, bakery or sweetmeat shop or an ærated water factory, shall for the purpose of these bye-laws, be deemed to be the "Keeper or Manager" thereof.

General.

5. No person shall expose or keep for sale any article intended for human consumption or drink over or alongside of any open drain or sewer.

6. No person who is suffering from any infectious or contageous disease or from leprosy or open sores or who has recently been in attendance on such person or who is unwashed or otherwise unclean shall be engaged in the sale or manufacture of articles of food or drink intended for human consumption.

7. No foodstuff of any sort which is stale, unwholesome or offensive or in any way unfit for human consumption shall be stored or exposed for sale.

8. All prepared articles of foodstuffs intended for human consumption should be so kept as to prevent contamination from flies, dust and bad odours.

9. The building shall always be kept clean and tidy.

10. All refuse and dirt including used papers, leaf plates and leaf cups used for wrapping refreshments and other sweepings in and around the premises shall be stored in a place set apart for the purpose or thrown in the nearest Municipal dustbin.

Hotels, Bakeries and Sweetmeat shops.

11. The premises used for a hotel, bakery or sweetmeat shop shall be well ventilated.

12. The walls of every hotel, bakery or a sweetmeat shop shall be well plastered and made impervious to a height of at least four feet from the ground level.

13. The floors of the kitchen, dining and bath rooms of a hotel and the entire floor of the bakery or a sweetmeat shop shall be rendered impervious either by paving with stone or by chunam plastering or otherwise.

14. Water used for drinking purposes shall be kept clean and free from floating impurities in a suitable, clean, covered receptacle provided with a tap for drawing water on a seat raised at least a foot above the level of the floor.

15. All metallic vessels used in cooking or keeping foodstuffs shall have a continual lining of tin.

16. No lead vessels of any sort shall be used for any purpose whatever in any hotel bakery or sweetmeat shop.

17. No person unconnected with the establishment shall be allowed access in a hotel to the kitchen or such part of the building where prepared food is kept for use.

18. There shall be sufficient latrine accommodation in a hotel. The night soil shall be covered with ashes and removed daily.

19. The flour, sugar, ghee and other materials used in the manufacture of bread, biscuits, cakes, buns or sweetmeats or other similar confectionery shall be good and wholesome. Such materials shall be kept in a separate store-room or receptacle and shall not be kept lying on the floor or against the wall in any part of the building.

20. All papers and leaves intended to be used for wrapping bread, sweets and other confectionery shall be clean and stored on a clean rack.

21. Bread, sweets and similar confectionery should not be kept on the floor either before or after they are baked or prepared, but shall always be kept on a clean raised platform.

22. No person shall transport for sale foodstuffs intended for human consumption from one place to another except in a clean closed receptacle.

23. No person shall commit any act which may tend to render any foodstuff which is being transported dirty or unwholesome.

Aerated Waters.

24. Water used for the manufacture of ærated waters shall be pure and must be obtained from a deep well.

25. Water used for washing or cleaning bottles shall also be pure.

26. The room in which ærated waters are manufactured shall be properly roofed and kept in good repair. The walls shall be well plastered with mortar and shall be limewashed at least once in three months. The floor shall be made impervious to water by either paving with stone or chunam-plastering or otherwise.

27. Aerated waters of any kind shall not be issued for sale without a proper label on each bottle giving the full name and address of the manufacturer.

28. It shall be lawful for the President, Vice-President, Medical or Sanitary Officer or the Sanitary Inspector of the Municipality to take a sample of any kind of ærated waters manufactured or kept for sale in any ærated water factory for the purpose of being sent forthwith to the Government Chemical Examiner or Bacteriologist for examination, and if he certifies that such sample is unfit for human consumption, it shall be evidence that it is so unfit until the contrary is proved.

Miscellaneous.

29. The keeper or manager of every hotel, bakery, sweetmeat shop or an ærated water factory shall at all reasonable times allow access to the officers of the Municipal Council not below the rank of a Sanitary Inspector to the premises for inspection.

Penalty.

30. Any infringement of any of the Bye-laws herein before contained shall render the keeper of the hotel, bakery, sweetmeat shop or ærated water factory liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

BYE-LAWS FRAMED BY THE KOLAR TOWN MUNICIPAL COUNCIL UNDER SECTION 48 (K OF THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION AND SANCTIONED BY GOVERNMENT IN THEIR PROCEEDINGS NO. L. 7435—ML. 69-22-117, DATED 18TH APRIL 1925.

1. The limits for the purpose of collecting octroi shall be the Municipal limits.

2. No article liable to octroi shall be brought within these limits except by one of the high roads described in Schedule No. I hereto annexed or by the Railway.

3. All persons bringing into or receiving from beyond the octroi limits of the town any such articles or conveyance, or package containing such articles shall stop such articles, conveyance or package at the Ookad to enable the octroi officer to inspect the same.

4. The octroi posts at which such conveyance or package or goods shall be liable to inspection shall be the Ookads on the high roads prescribed in Schedule No. I, the Bonded-Warehouse and the Town Railway Station including all its gates and the octroi office. Every person importing dutiable goods within the town shall report the fact at the first of such posts on the route by which they come. All officers of the Octroi Department not below the rank of a mutsaddi are authorised to inspect the contents of any conveyance or package under Section 76 of the Municipal Regulation.

5. A table showing the octroi leviable shall be open to inspection of any person in the Municipal Office and a copy shall be supplied to any person requiring the same. Such tables shall also be affixed in a conspicuous place at every post or office at which octroi is levied.

6. When goods have been examined at the octroi post, a pass for such of the goods as are liable to octroi duty shall be furnished to the importer by the octroi mutsaddi. On receiving such pass, the importer shall forthwith bring the taxable goods to the octroi office provided that if the duty leviable thereon does not exceed eight annas, the octroi mutsaddi may levy the duty and certify on the pass the fact of such levy.

7. When goods are brought to the octroi office, the duty payable thereon shall be calculated after weighment or counting by the officer in charge of the office and intimated to the importer or the person in charge of the goods who shall either pay the amount demanded, obtain a receipt for such payment and a permit for the removal of the goods or deposit the same in the Bonded Warehouse and obtain a receipt in the form appended in Schedule III. If the importer expresses or desires to re-export the goods at once, he shall be permitted to

8. With a view to appraisement of the value of the goods, where the tax is assessed on value, the importer may be called upon to produce the invoice of the goods for the inspection of the officer in charge of the octroi office. If the officer in charge of the office suspects the genuineness of the invoice produced, he shall at once report the matter for the orders of the President or the Vice-President through his immediate official superior stating the grounds on which his suspicion is based and shall detain the goods in the bonded warehouse till orders are passed and forthwith issue a written notice to the importer to that effect. The officer to whom the report is so submitted shall forthwith examine the invoice, consider the report, pass orders as to the genuineness or otherwise of the invoice produced and inform the officer in charge of the octroi office of his decision. If the invoice is found spurious or if the importer fails or refuses to produce the invoice, the value of the goods shall be ascertained by the officer in charge of the octroi office at current rates and octroi levied accordingly.

9. With the previous approval of the President in each case, any wholesale importer may, on depositing as security such amount as may in each case be fixed by the President not being less than Rs. 100, be exempted from producing the goods imported by him for inspection at the octroi office, provided that he makes arrangements satisfactory to the President for the supply, periodically of correct and detailed accounts of all such goods and all particulars thereof as may be found by the President to be necessary for levying the duty thereon. Every such person shall be liable to the extent of his deposit for the payment of octroi on all goods which may have left his premises without octroi duty having been paid, provided that the President may at any time cancel such exemption by giving notice in writing to such persons and return to him the amount of his credit or may in any case require such person to produce any such goods for inspection at the octroi office.

10. The Municipal Council shall provide a bonded warehouse for the custody of goods which may be deposited under Bye-law No. 7.

11. The bonded warehouse shall be open for transaction of business from 7 A.M. to 6 P.M., daily except on Sunday and Holidays authorised by the President. Arrangements shall however be made by the officer in charge of the octroi office for dealing with perishable articles on such days.

12. Any importer depositing goods in the bonded warehouse shall give a declaration of the description, weight and quantity, and if necessary of the value of such goods in the form appended in Schedule II.

13. It is the duty of the depositor to obtain a receipt for the articles deposited by him and the octroi department is not responsible for any goods left at the premises and not covered by a receipt.

14. The receipt given by the octroi department for depositing goods shall be returned before taking the delivery of the articles to which it refers. Otherwise the officer in charge of the octroi office may refuse to deliver the articles until the person depositing the goods has given an indemnity to the satisfaction of the officer in charge of the octroi office.

15. If the depositor does not himself take delivery of the articles deposited, he must endorse on the receipt a request for delivery to the person to whom he wishes it to be made.

16. Any person who has deposited goods in the bonded-warehouse may break bulk or change the packing thereof on application to the officer in charge of the warehouse or may export such goods covered by an export pass subject to the escort of an octroi subordinate or may, on paying the full duty thereon, import such goods into the town covered by a permit. For every export pass granted under this bye-law or bye-law No. 7 a fee of one anna shall be charged.

17. No. goods shall be allowed to leave the bonded warehouse until storage fees have been paid thereon under the following rules :—

(*i*) Goods shall be allowed to remain 24 hours free of charge.

(*ii*) After that period rates as in the following schedule shall be charged for seven days.

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Tobacco per maund of 241 lbs. or part thereof ...	0	0	6	a day.
Tobacco stalks do do ...	0	0	3	,,
Piece-goods per bale or bundle or case of 400 lbs. or over, or per bale, bundle or case of 6 doz. or over.	0	0	6	,,
Do less than 400 lbs. or 6 doz. ...	0	0	3	,,
Betel leaves for 1,000	0	0	3	,,
Green cocoanuts per 100	0	0	3	,,
Dry cocoanuts per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof	0	0	3	,,
Oils per maund of 24 lbs. or portion there of ...	0	0	1	,,
Kerosene oil per tin	0	0	1	,,
Oil-seeds per 400 lbs. or portion thereof ...	0	0	3	,,
Cigars or cigarettes per box of 50 or portion thereof	0	0	1	,,
All other articles per maund of 24 lbs. or portion thereof.	0	0	3	,,

(*iii*) Double these rates shall be charged after 7 days, provided that the President may in his discretion allow a reduction in or exemption from such penal rates

(*iv*) The date of admission and removal shall reckon as one day and Sundays and close holidays shall not be taken into account in reckoning the date from which under each class shall be payable. When delay is caused by the inability of the officer in charge of the warehouse to examine and pass the goods, such delay shall not be reckoned.

18. The President may permit any wholesale dealer to occupy a room in the bonded warehouse for the storing of dutiable articles intended for sale to retail dealers and may make such rules regarding the occupation of such rooms as may from time to time be found necessary.

19. When goods stored by a whole sale dealer in the bonded warehouse under the above rules are issued on payment of duties, such allowance may be made on the original weight on account of material weight used in the packing or on account of reduction of weight owing to dryage or wastage as may from time to time be fixed by the President.

20. All perishable commodities remaining uncleared or unclaimed after 48 hours shall be sold by public auction to the highest bidder at the bonded warehouse. All other goods remaining uncleared or unclaimed for a longer period than six months shall be sold in like manner provided that before selling such goods, notice of the fact shall be pasted for seven days at the bonded warehouse and at the Municipal Office and provided also that the goods shall be sold earlier when the storage fees are likely to exceed their values.

21. When any goods are sold under bye-law No. 20, the sale proceeds shall be credited to the Municipal funds after payment of duty and storage fees due in respect thereof provided that if the amount realised by the sale exceeds the amount so due, the balance shall be kept in deposit for one year and any claims for such balance received during that time shall be duly considered by the President. At the expiry of one year or after claims, if any, received during that period have been duly disposed of, the balance shall be credited to Municipal funds. No claims to refund shall be admitted after the said period of one year except by the special permission of the Council.

22. The Council shall not be responsible for any damage that may be caused to the goods deposited in the bonded warehouse while such goods are being passed into or out of the warehouse or while they remain therein or unless such damage is proved to have been caused by the wilful neglect of the warehouse keeper or other person charged with the safe custody of the goods.

23. Any person may with the sanction of the President be permitted to use any place as a bonded warehouse on payment of the cost of such establishment and subject to such conditions as may in each case be fixed by the President.

Refunds.

24. On all articles on which octroi duty has been paid and which are subsequently exported beyond octroi limits, refunds shall, subject to the following rules, be granted at the rates originally charged at the time of import provided that no refund shall be granted of any sum less than one rupee and unless such goods are exported within three months from the date of import.

25. Any person claiming refund under the above rules shall produce the above goods at the octroi office together with the origina receipt for octroi duty paid thereon and application for refund prepared in triplicate in such form showing such particulars as the President may from time to time prescribe.

26. Any person who has been exempted under bye-law No. 9 from production of goods at the octroi office on import shall subject to the same conditions be exemepted from the production of goods to be exported.

27. The Officer in charge of the octroi office on being satisfied as to the identity of the goods produced with those for which receipts have been granted or the validity of the claim, shall deliver the other parts to the applicant.

28. All the goods exported under such pass and also all goods exported under an export pass under bye-law No. 16 shall be produced by the exporter at the octroi station of exit.

29. The octroi subordinate in charge of the station of exit will satisfy himself that the goods produced as being covered by the duplicate pass correspond with the entries in the pass presented with them.

30. If the goods are being exported otherwise than by rail and if the consignment appears to be duly covered by the pass, he shall retain the duplicate pass and shall return the triplicate pass to the exporter or his agent after due endorsement of the particulars specified in such form as may be prescribed by the President. Otherwise, he shall retain both the duplicate and triplicate passes and shall report the circumstances forthwith for the orders of his immediate superior. If the goods are being exported under refund pass, he shall in either

case allow the consignment to proceed. If the goods are under an export pass and do not appear to agree with the particulars given therein, they shall be detained until the orders of his superior are received.

31. If the goods are for export by rail, the octroi subordinate in charge of station of exit shall retain the triplicate pass pending production of the railway receipt for the goods covered by the pass. Upon production of the railway receipt, if after due enquiry, the said octroi subordinate is satisfied that the goods produced are covered by the pass and also by the railway receipt in question, he will then endorse on the duplicate and triplicate passes respectively, the number and the date of the railway receipt and will return the triplicate pass and the railway receipt to the person in charge of the goods, but he will retain the duplicate pass subject to disposal in the prescribed course of business.

32. In all cases in which refund is claimed, the triplicate pass duly endorsed as provided by Bye-law Nos. 30 and 31 respectively must be produced at the octroi office by the person seeking the refund and if after due check the officer in charge of the octroi office is satisfied that the refund of octroi covered by such pass is duly payable, he shall if the amount so payable does not exceed Rs. 2 forthwith pay the same to the person presenting the triplicate pass. If the amount to be refunded exceeds Rs. 2 or if the officer in charge of the octroi office sees any cause to refuse the payment of the sum claimed, the claim shall be forwarded for the orders of the President.

33. *Smuggling.*—The President is empowered to award any person who gives any information leading to the detection of the offence of smuggling goods liable to octroi duty a reward not exceeding one half of the fine recovered and in special cases the full amount of the fine.

34. *Licenses.*—The Municipal Council may by its resolution require a license to be obtained for the sale of all or any article liable to octroi.

35. Such resolution of the Municipal Council shall be published within the Municipal limits at least one month before effect is given to it.

36. One month after the first publication of the resolution requiring the license to be obtained for the sale of the articles mentioned in such resolution it shall not be lawful for any person to sell, either wholesale or retail, such articles without a license.

37. A license fee of Rs. 5 for a wholesale dealer and Rs. 2 for a retail dealer shall be payable for every official year or part thereof.

38. A license shall be in force till the end of June following.

39. The conditions subject to which the licenses are granted shall be as in the forms appended.

40. It shall be competent for the President to grant, suspend, withhold, withdraw, or refuse licenses under the bye-laws.

41. It shall not be lawful for any person to import, keep, sell, or offer for sale the articles or article for which a license is required, after such license is refused, suspended withdrawn or cancelled.

42. *Miscellaneous.*—Importers of dutiable articles shall if called upon by a requisition in writing signed by the President or the Vice-President within three months of such import account for the articles received by them by producing either a permit obtained in token of payment of octroi duty or an export pass in proof of having exported the whole or part of the articles so received or otherwise. In case of default to so account for them, the importer shall be liable to a penalty extending to ten times the octroi due on such goods or to Rs. 25 whichever is less and to payment of octroi duty on the articles unaccounted for.

43. Any person infringing any of these bye-laws shall be liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50 and in case of continuing offences to a fine not exceeding Rs. 5 for every day during which such infringment continues provided that the total amount of the fine shall not exceed Rs. 200.

SCHEDULE No. I.

Serial No.	Name of road	Ookad
1	Madras-Bangalore Road	Hospital Ookad.
2	Srinivaspur-Kolar Road	Ammavarapet Ookad.
3	Bangalore-Madras Road	Darga Ookad.
4	Bowringpet-Kolar Road	Town Ookad.

SCHEDULE No. II.

To

The Officer in charge of the Octroi Office.

Please receive the undermentioned goods and deposit them in the warehouse.—

1. Number.
2. Name of Depositor.
3. Description of articles deposited.
4. No. of packages or bales.
5. Distinguishing mark.
6. Weight. Maunds. Seers.
7. Quantity.
8. Value.
9. Remarks.

I do hereby certify that I have satisfied myself that the entries as made by me above are correct and that I am fully aware of the provisions of the bye-laws Nos. 13 to 17 and 19 to 21 relating to the deposit.

Witness.
Signature.
Address.

Depositor.
Signature.
Address.

SCHEDULE No. III.

Octroi Office.

Received for deposit the undermentioned goods from Mr.....

1. Number.
2. Receipt No.
3. Consignment number and date.
4. Goods deposit note number.....
5. Name of articles.....
6. Description of articles.....
7. Number of articles.....
8. Remarks.....

Date.

Octroi Manager,
Kolar Town.

WHOLESALE LICENSE (OCTROI).

Kolar Town Municipal Council.....
Name of License Holder.....
Residence.....
Name of Vendor.....

You are hereby authorised to vend.....within the Municipal Limits, Kolar, subject to the following conditions:—

i. That this license shall be only in force till the end of June and that it shall be hung up in a conspicuous part of the place of business.

ii. That the articles abovementioned shall not be introduced into the Municipal Limits without payment of the octroi due thereon.

iii. That all such articles stocked and stored in the premises or purchased and sold therein shall have either paid duty or purchased from a duly licensed vendor.

iv. That the said articles shall be stored and sold only in the licensed premises and any such article found in an unlicensed premises will be considered contraband and treated accordingly.

v. That the said premises shall be open for inspection of any octroi officer at any time during which it is open for business.

iv. That an account in such forms as may be prescribed of all such articles imported and disposed of either by sale within the town of Kolar or exported beyond the limits be maintained and a copy of such an account shall be submitted to the octroi office on or before the 15th of every month for verification.

vii. That this license shall not be transferable by sale, gift, mortgage or otherwise and that no person except such as is named herein shall have power to act under it.

viii. That this license shall be liable to cancellation for breach of any condition herein set forth or of the octroi bye-laws.

Dated.

President,
Town Municipal Council.

RETAIL LICENSE (OCTROI).

Name of License Holder.....

Residence.....

Name of Vendor.....

Door number of licensed premises.....

You are hereby authorised to store and vend subject to the provisions of this license the following articles in the premises mentioned above :—

Name of article.....

CONDITIONS.

i. That the said premises may be inspected by any octroi officer at any time in the manner prescribed by rules.

ii. That all the said articles in the said premises and purchased are sold therein shall have paid duty or shall have been purchased from a duly licensed vendor.

iii. That no such articles will be permitted to be stored or sold in any place other than the licensed premises and any such articles found in an unlicensed premises will be considered as contraband and treated accordingly.

iv. That this license shall only be in force till the end of June ..... and that it shall be exhibited to any octroi officer when he shall lawfully call for the same.

v. That this license shall not be transferable by sale, gift mortgage or otherwise and that no person except as is mentioned herein shall have power to act under it.

vi. That the licensed holder shall within 15 days from the date of the issue of the license put up a sign board in a conspicuous part of the premises occupied by him with the following inscription legibly painted thereon in Kannada.

Number of license.....

Name.....

Licensed to sell (name of articles).....

vii. That an account of all stock purchased and sold shall be kept and that such account shall be open to inspection of any octroi officer not below the rank of a peon.

viii. That this license shall be liable to suspension for the breach of any of the conditions or of the Octroi Bye-laws.

Date.

President,
Town Municipal Council.

OFFICE OF THE CHAIRMAN CITY IMPROVEMENT TRUST BOARD, MYSORE.

Dated 18th November 1925.

ALLOTMENT OF SITES BY THE TRUST BOARD.

The attention of the public is invited to the following condition among others under which, sites belonging to the Trust Board have been, and are being allotted to private people :—

"That on completion of the building on the site, and intimation thereof to the Chairman, he shall, on being satisfied that the building is constructed as per approved plan, grant a Title Deed in respect of the site. Till then, the site shall be the property of the Trust Board, and the allottee shall not have any right in the interim to sell, transfer by gift, hypothecate, mortgage or otherwise convey the site."

The public are hereby warned against accepting alienations of sites allotted by the Trust Board in the absence of Title Deeds vesting ownership in the allottees, and any such alienation will be entirely at the risk and loss of the parties concerned.

N. MADHAVA RAO,
Chairman.

SAKLESPUR MINOR MUNICIPALITY.

Dated 26th November 1925.

The following bye-laws relating to the Mutton Stall and slaughterhouse in the Saklespur Minor Municipality framed under Section 48, 1, (a) and (b) of the Minor Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 are hereby published for the information of the public.

Any person who has any objection or suggestion to make with reference to these bye-laws, in the town of Saklespur is required to send the same in writing to the President of the Municipal Council within 30 days from the date of publication of this notice, in the *Mysore Gazette*. Any objection or suggestion that may be received after that date will not be taken into consideration.

BYE-LAWS RELATING TO SLAUGHTERHOUSE UNDER SECTION 48, 1, (*a*) OF THE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

(1) Slaughter of sheep and goats and cattle shall be done only in the places set apart for the purpose.

(2) Butchers and others shall have access to the slaughterhouses for the purpose of slaughtering animals, for sale or private consumption on the conditions hereunder specified.

(3) Every person desiring to make use of the slaughterhouse shall pay the prescribed fee before entering it.

(4) Animals shall be slaughtered only in the alloted space in the slaughterhouse and no other.

(5) No animals shall be slaughtered in the Municipal slaughterhouse except between (4 and 6 P.M.,) or at such hours as may from time to time be fixed and notified in a conspicuous place in the slaughterhouse.

(6) None but those engaged in the slaughtering of animals and the Municipal officers and Councillors shall have access to the slaughterhouse.

(7) No person shall bring a deceased, dying or dead animal to the Municipal slaughterhouse except under bye-law No. 9.

(8) Every animal found upon examination by the Sanitary Inspector or by the Medical officer, or Veterinary officer to be suffering from infectious or contagious disease shall be marked and handed over to the owner.

(9) An animal brought to the slaughterhouse which is dying or is just dead as a result of accident may, if upon examination it be found to be free from any disease, be allowed to be slaughtered for human consumption.

(10) No animal that is or suspected to be with young shall be slaughtered in the Municipal slaughterhouse.

(11) No person shall blow by means of insufflation the carcass of animals slaughtered for human consumption.

(12) Every person who slaughters animals in the slaughterhouse shall do so, over a saucer provided for that purpose so as to prevent the blood of the animal from flowing upon the floor.

(13) The skins, entrails and offal of slaughtered animals shall be collected in a special offal room in the slaughterhouse, there to be washed and cleansed before their removal.

(14) The solid contents of the entrails, shall not be washed into the sewers, but shall be removed by the owners of animals or their assistants and deposited in the Municipal offal track.

(15) Skins, offals, entrails, etc., left at the slaughterhouse after such hours as the President may fix, shall be considered as the property of the Municipal Council and be disposed of as the President may direct.

(16) No person shall sell meat, skin, offal, etc., on the premises of the slaughterhouse.

(17) Meat entrails and offals, etc., which are fit for human consumption and permitted to be removed, from the slaughterhouse after airing, shall be removed in covered baskets or carts together with their covers which shall at all times be kept clean.

(18) No person suffering from leprosy, sores or other disease of the skin shall enter the slaughterhouse.

(19) No animal which has not been permitted to be slaughtered by the Sanitary Inspector or medical authority and which is not meant for immediate slaughter shall be brought into the slaughterhouse.

(20) No person shall spit or make a noise or fight or quarrel or use insulting, abusive or obscene language or commit a nuisance in the slaughterhouse. Persons contravening this Regulation may be summarily ejected.

(21) No person shall be permitted to perform the duties of a Moliah or Rabi in the slaughterhouse except with the written permission of the President.

(22) The fees payable for the slaughtering of each animal in the slaughterhouse shall be detailed below :—

	Rs.	a.	p.	
Sheep	0	1	6	
Goat	0	1	6	
Other cattle	0	4	0	(per head)

(23) Any breach of the foregoing bye-laws shall, on conviction, render the offender liable to a fine which may extend to Rs. 25.

(24) *Provision.*—The President or the Vice-President may issue a permit to any person applying in writing for permission to slaughter sheep, goats and cattle and out of the slaughterhouse without license or without payment of any fee for the purpose of festivals or religious ceremonies on such applicant furnishing grounds for the indulgence sought, to the satisfaction of the President.

BYE-LAWS RELATING TO MUTTON STALL OR MEAT MARKET, UNDER SECTION 48 (1) (*b*) OF THE MUNICIPAL REGULATION.

(1) No place shall be used as a market or shop for the sale of meat, fish or game intended for the food of man without a license obtained in writing from the President or any other officer authorized by him on this behalf, which license shall not be issued unless such market or shop satisfy all reasonable conditions with reference to free ventilation, light, general cleanliness, distance from drains, cesspools and latrines. Every meat or fish stall shall have a sufficient supply of water within a reasonable distance and the flooring of any such market shall be paved with dressed stones with cement of chunam pointing in all cases.

(2) The occupier of any stall, booth or place for the purpose of exposing meat, etc., for sale in a market, shall be bound to keep such stall, booth or place in a cleanly condition.

(3) No person shall commit a nuisance in a market.

(4) No person shall expose articles of food or drink for sale direct on the ground unless properly paved nor shall he do so on boarding put up over drain, gutter or cesspool.

(5) The owner, occupier or farmer of any market shall not permit any person suffering from leprosy or other loathsome disease to keep his stall in such market or be employed in any way in the preparation or sale of articles in such market.

(6) The owner of a market or shop shall keep the license affixed in a conspicuous place at or near the entrance of such market or shop and shall apply to the President or Vice-President in the 1st month of each official year for a renewal of his license.

(7) The Municipal, Medical, Veterinary or Sanitary Agency shall have power to prohibit the sale of unwholesome or noxious meat, etc., exposed for sale and when so prohibiting may order the destruction of such unwholesome meat, etc., in any manner as they deem fit.

(8) Breach of any of these bye-laws shall render the offender liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

(9) For every license granted under Section 6 of this bye-law for the use of any place as a retail shop for the sale of meat or fish, the following fees shall be charged for sale of meat per annum Rs. 7. All such license shall expire on the 30th June of each official year.

(10) Every such license granted for the sale of meat shall be in the following form.—

.....is hereby licensed to keep a butcher's shop at No.....in.....street for the retail sale of animal meat intended for human food subject to the following conditions :—

(*i*) That all Municipal Councillors including the President and the Vice-President and any Municipal Officer shall have free access at all times to the shop for Municipal purposes and he shall produce this license before any of them demanding it.

(*ii*) That he shall not sell or offer for sale the meat of any animal that has not been examined and passed by the Medical Officer or the Sanitary Inspector and slaughtered in a public slaughter house.

N.B.—The latter condition applies to sheep and goats.

(*iii*) That he shall not sell or offer for sale any meat that is decomposed or unfit for consumption or that by blowing or other artificial means is made to appear to be in a condition differing from what it really is.

(*iv*) That he shall keep for use in the shop proper scales and correct weights stamped.

(*v*) That a breach of any of the above conditions by himself or by his servants shall render him liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 20.

N. SUNDARARAJA IYENGAR,
President.

KADUR DISTRICT BOARD.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE SECOND MEETING OF THE KADUR DISTRICT BOARD CONVENED ON THE 24TH NOVEMBER 1925.

Members.

Present ... 19 | Absent ... 11

1. Read letter, dated 20th August 1925, from Mr. Sylvester Pais, suggesting the increase of mileage allotment for the upkeep of the Herur-Basarikatte Road from Rs. 30 to Rs. 50 (length of the road being 8 miles.)

Resolution.—Referred to the Executive Engineer for opinion.

2. Read application, dated nil, from B. R. Ramaswamayya, Basavanahalli, praying for the grant of a scholarship from the District Board for undergoing sericultural training.

Resolution.—A scholarship of Rs. 25 may be given.

3. Read report No. L. B. 196—25-26, dated 7th September 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Mudgere, submitting the resolution of the Taluk Board, recommending the acquisition of certain lands for locating the cart stand at Mudgere and reporting at the same time that the proposed land is situated within the limits of the Mudgere Municipality and petition, dated 12th September 1925, from Mr. D. Mohamed Hussein Sab of Mudgere protesting against its acquisition.

Resolution.—The land may be acquired by the Municipality.

4. Read letter No. 543, dated 5th October 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Kadur Division enquiring if the Board would agree to raise mileage grant for the maintenance of Anemahal-Mudgere Road from Rs. 100 to Rs. 125. (Length of the road being 4½ miles.)

Resolution.—The Board are not prepared to increase the grant.

5. (*a*) Read letter, dated 4th October 1925, from Mr. R. G. Foster, requesting for the increase of mileage allotment of Rs. 30 for the Dhoobla Estate Road as also the construction of a girder bridge on the same road and his letter, dated 11th October 1925, agreeing to contribute half the cost of constructing the bridge. (Length of the road being 2 miles.)

Resolution.—Referred to the Executive Engineer for early opinion.

(*b*) Read petition from the Planters of Herur and Yalemadlu villages urging for the immediate construction of the girder bridge.

Resolution.—Referred to the Executive Engineer for opinion.

6. Read letter No. 501, dated 8th October 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education enquiring whether the Board would accept the expenditure of Rs. 3,750 incurred for the eqipment of schools out of the Local Funds General proposed to be paid to the Education Department for the construction of school buildings.

Resolution.—The Board have already expressed their inability to meet the cost of equipment in their letter No. 409, dated 21st October 1924.

7. Read report No. 160—25-26, dated 13th September 1925, from the President, Koppa Taluk Board, soliciting the approval of the District Board for the entertainment of an establishment on Rs. 17 per month for plying the ferry at Norway as a temporary measure till the permanent purchaser takes charge of the ferry.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

8. Read report No. 279—25-26, dated 24th October 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Narasimharajapura, requesting permission to sell the vessels of the old Musafirkhana at Narasimharajapura which was sold to the Education Department and to credit the sale proceeds to the Taluk Board Funds.

Resolution.—The vessels 7, etc., may be transferred to the Balehonnur Travellers' Bungalow and Musafirkhana.

9. Read letter No. 1232, dated 3rd November 1925, from the District Medical Officer, Kadur District requesting sanction for the employment of two servants to accompany the Lady Medical Officer on duty while on tour and suggesting that the expenditure may be met from the Malnad Improvemet Funds.

Resolution.—The Board are of opinion that a sum of Rs. 25 per month may be sanctioned for two servants for the Lady Medical Officer.

10. Read report No. L. F. 232, dated 19th October 1925, from the President, Koppa Taluk Board proposing to levy market fees at the Sollebyle shandy and Stating that the realization would be Rs. 2 per week.

Resolution.—Not desirable.

11. Read report No. L. A. C. 1 of 25-26, dated 9th October 1925, from the President, Taluk Board, Chikmagalur, recommending the acquisition of 36 guntas of Survey No. 181 (Sub. No. 181/4) at Haluvalli in the Ambale hobli for village extension.

Resolution.—Approved.

12. Read letter No. L. 3148-64, dated 29th October 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legislative Departments, inviting the views of the District Board in the matter of suspending all cattle fairs in the district during 1925-26 and prohibiting the collection of cattle at weekly Shandies as suggested by the Director of Agriculture.

Resolution.—The only fair in the district, *viz.*, Antarghatta may be stopped this year. The Board are not in favour of stopping the sale of cattle at Santes.

13. Read Senior Surgeon's letter No. C. 2014-17, dated 15th October 1925, enquiring whether the Board are agreeable to meet the cost of initial equipment and of the maintenance of the Female Dispensary proposed to be opened at Mudgere and stating that providing quarters to the Lady Doctor and the staff near the dispensary should also be definitely settled.

Resolution.—The Board agree to pay their quota of the initial and recurring expenses, *viz.*, 2/3 of the following items: 2/3 x 500 cost of furniture, bedding, etc., and 2/3 of (Rs. 271-6-9) minus pay of Lady Sub-Assistant Surgeon (Rs. 130-5-6) and cost of Europe medicines (Rs. 50-0-0) *i.e.*, 2/3 of (Rs. 271-6-9 minus Rs. 150-5-9).

14. Read letter No. L. 3248—L. B. 113-24-2, dated 2nd November 1925, from the Secretary to Government, Local and Legistative Departments, enquiring whether the Disrict Board are willing to pay the Government, the accumulated Railway Cess to meet a portion of the cost of construction of Kadur-Chikmagalur Railway Line and agree to continue to levy the Cess for a period of 25 years and make it over to Government to meet the losses in working the line and stating further that the Railway Line will be constructed as a Government Line.

Resolution.—The Board accept with thanks the offer of the Government to construct the Kadur-Chikmagalur Railway Line as a Government concern. The Board agree to pay the accumulated Railway Cess and levy and pay Railway Cess for twenty-five years. Should however the apprehensions of Government prove groundless and the Railway Line work at a profit, the net earnings together with the accumulated Railway Cess now handed over to the Government should be utilised for continuing the line towards Mudgere, Balehonnur and Koppa, the Government spending on the undertaking in addition as large a sum as the finances of the State permit. In making this proposal, the Board wish respectfully to point out to Government that the Board will have paid in the shape of Railway Cess as much as the full cost of the line in the course of 25 years and that it is but fair that the entire profits of the undertaking should be earmarked for extension of Railways in the district itself.

The root cause of the backwardness and decline of the malnad is want of proper communications and facilities for transport of produce and goods. The Board trust that the Malnad Hinterland Railway will prove to be a paying proposition to the Government inasmuch as they will not only get a small rate of interest on the investment, but also derive substantial sums of money by the sale of lands now lying fallow for want of cultivators by increased land revenue and by the exploitation of forests whose produce cannot now be marketed on account of very heavy cost of transport.

15. Chikmagalur Taluk Board President's No. 162, dated 14th October 1925, recommending the acquisition of 15 guntas out of Survey No. 1 in the Galihalli village of the Lakya hobli.

Resolution.—Approved.

* * * * *

(2) Read Executive Engineer's letter No. 601, dated 30th October 1925, requesting to move Government to reconsider their order as the wear and tear of the section of the roads lying within the municipal limits is far heavier and that therefore the municipalities should contribute some portion of the cost of maintenance.

Resolution.—The Board are not in favour of asking the municipalities for any contributions.

17. Read Kadur Division Executive Engineer's letter No. 609, dated 2nd November 1925, forwarding for payment a bill for Rs. 1,666-11-0 being the District Fund quota towards the construction of Female Dispensary at Mudgere.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

18. Read Narasimharajapura Taluk Board President's No. 281—25-26, dated 26th October 1925, reporting the establishment of cattle pounds at Thadasa, Magundi and Muthinakoppa and soliciting approval of the District Board thereto.

Resolution.—Approved.

19. Read correspondence ending with Senior Surgeon's letter No. C. 1028—1, dated 3rd November 1925, calling for the opinion of the District Board in regard to the petition from the people of Niduvale village, praying for the permanent retention of the Malnad Improvement Dispensary at their place.

Resolution.—Deferred till next month.

20. Read letter No. 15, dated 9—12th November 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, Reading Room and Library, Chikmagalur, requesting for the sanction of a grant to the Reading Room and Library at Chikmagalur from District Board.

Resolution.—The Board agree to pay an annual grant of Rs. 500 to the Public Library at Chikmagalur.

21. Read application, dated 28th September 1925, from one Lakshmidevamma of Narasimharajapura, praying that she may be selected for midwifery training at the Social and Civic Hospital at Bangalore and Tarikere Sub-Division Officer's No. N. Dis. S. H. C. 164—25-26, recommending that she may be selected:

Resolution.—The Sub-Division Officer will be requested to send for the applicant and express his opinion on her fitness or otherwise.

22. Read Tarikere Taluk Board President's No. L. F. 136—25-26, dated 30th September 1925, recommending the payment of the arrears of Potgi amounting to Rs. 136-7-1 due to the Shanbhogs and Patels of Lingadahalli for the collection work of the Lingadahalli Village Panchayet from 1919-20 to the end of 1923-24.

Resolution.—In view of the large arrears outstanding, the Shanbhogs may be given Potgi at the rate of 3 per cent on the collections.

23. Read applications from the Taluk Board, Tarikere, asking for an advance of Rs. 1,000 in October and Rs. 1,000 in November 1925, from the District Board, to meet their establishment and other charges during these months and stating that the balance at the credit of the Taluk Board on 1st November 1925 was only Rs. 93-7-4 and office memos, dated 1st October 1925 and 5th November 1925, respectively, sanctioning the advances in anticipation of Board's approval.

Resolution.—The advance is sanctioned, subject to adjustment later on.

24. Read Narasimharajapura Taluk Board President's No. 321, dated 4th November 1925, reporting that a sum of Rs. 50 has been kept apart for permanent advance in anticipation of sanction from the District Board against Rs. 25 sanctioned by them at their meeting held on 5th February 1925.

Resolution.—Approved.

25. Read Kadur Taluk Board President's No. 280, dated 4th November 1925, soliciting sanction for reappropriation of Rs. 100 to refund the permanent advance due to the District Board from Rs. 500 provided for the acquisition of lands in the Taluk Board Budget for the current year.

Resolution.—Approved.

26. Read letter No. 282, dated 11th November 1925, from the Chairman, Ayurvedic Conference and Exhibition, Bangalore, requesting for the grant of a contribution from the District Board towards the expenses of the proposed Conference and Exhibition.

Resolution.—A grant of Rs. 50 may be made.

* * * * *

29. Reappropriation statement of the District Board for 1924-25.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

30. Read extract from the Audit Note, requiring the payment of arrears of pension contribution and office note stating that an amount of Rs. 1,280-7-0 is in arrears on that account and that the same may be sanctioned to be paid from Rs. 2,227 provided under veterinary charges.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

* * * *

31. (*b*) Read Senior Surgeon's Memo No. G. C. 106-17, dated 20th November 1925, intimating that the hospital will not be opened unless suitable buildings are provided by the people free of cost.

Resolution.—Referred to the President for personal inspection.

32. Read Local and Legislative Secretary's letter No. L. 3567-76—L. B. 102-25-3, dated 18th November 1925, calling for the opinion of the Board in the matter of making it optional for local bodies to invite the Representative Assembly members concerned for the disposal of local subjects referred to them.

Resolution.—The Board are of opinion that as the Board discusses subjects which should be properly brought before Representative Assembly, the Government should defray the travelling allowance of such members as are called upon to attend these meetings.

33. Read Mudgere Taluk Board President's No. L. B. 396, dated 5th November 1925, submitting the travelling allowance bill of the Vice-President of the Taluk Board for October 1923.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

LOCAL SUBJECTS.

34. A dispensary be opened for the people round about the villages of Devavrinda and Gonibeed. (Mr. Rangarajayya.)

Resolution.—This has been already done.

35. The requisite funds for the opening of the combined dispensary at Mudgere be made available from Malnad Improvement Funds. (Mr. Rangarajayya.)

Resolution.—*Vide* Resolution 18 above. "The Board agree to pay their quota of the initial and recurring expenses, *viz.*, ⅔ of the following items: ⅔ × 500 of furniture, bedding, etc., and ⅔ of (Rs. 271-6-9) minus pay of Lady Sub-Assistant Surgeon (Rs. 130-5-6) and cost of Europe medicines (Rs. 50-0-0) *i.e.*, ⅔ of (Rs. 271-6-9 minus Rs. 180-5-9)."

36. Sanitary Inspectors be asked to look after the Malnad Improvement Works also, a moiety of their pay being debited to the said funds. (Mr. Rangarajayya.)

Resolution.—The decision of the Government on the point may be awaited.

37. A Veterinary Dispensary be established at Sringeri. (Mr. Padmarajayya, Sringeri)

Resolution.—The Matt authority may be consulted.

38. A suitable school building be constructed for boys and girls at Sringeri. (Mr. Padmarajayya, Sringeri)

Resolution.—May be referred to the Inspector-General of Education.

39. A suitable building for the hospital at Sringeri be constructed. (Mr. Padmarajayya.)

Resolution.—The Matt Agent may be reminded again.

40. The Tramway Line be extended from Narasimharajapura to Sringeri. (Mr. Padmarajayya, Sringeri.)

Resolution.—This is not feasible at present.

41. The two hallas near Sollebyle on the Sollebyle-Sringeri Road be bridged early and the road put in order. (Mr. Padmarajayya, Sringeri.)

Resolution.—May be deferred.

42. A bridge be constructed across the halla near Kodihalli.

Resolution.—May be deferred.

43. The Forest Road from Tarikere to Hadikere be converted into a District Fund Road. (Messrs. Mir Mohamed and T. Basettappa of Tarikere.)

Resolution.—The Board are not in favour of this proposal.

44. A road be opened from Chikmagalur to meet the Belur-Mudgere Road *via* Malalur. (Messrs. B. Kesavayya and Syed Peer Sab.)

Resolution.—The Executive Engineer may be requested to expedite this matter.

* * *

List of estimates sanctioned in anticipation of the Board's approval:—

		Rs.	
1.	Urgent repairs to the Kalasa Travellers' Bungalow (Taluk Board)	71	Sanctioned
2.	Improving the Stables attached to the Sollebyle Travellers' Bungalow. (Taluk Board) ...	156	Sanctioned
3.	Revised estimate for supplying a Jangal to the river at Norway instead of Rs. 378 already sanctioned on 21st September 1925. (Taluk Board)	475	Sanctioned
4.	Supplying furniture to the Balehonnur Travellers' Bungalow. (Taluk Board)	79	Sanctioned

LIST OF ESTIMATES TO BE SANCTIONED.

District Board.

1.	Special metal collection for metalling the 11 bad furlongs in the first three miles of Chikmagalur-Narasimharajapura Road	1,026	May be deferred*
2.	Estimate for having repaired the damaged tunnel at 2—36 of Bababudan Hill Road ...	250	Sanctioned
3.	Estimate for making good the damages on Thoranamavu-Joldhal Road during 1925-26 ...	21	Sanctioned

* The Conservator of Forests may be addressed in this matter.

		Rs.	
4.	Revised estimate for for sinking a draw well at Belavadi. The original estimate being for (Rs. 1,015)	972	Sanctioned
5.	Revised estimate for sinking a well at Norway. The original estimate being for (Rs. 896) ...	810	Sanctioned

MALNAD IMPROVEMENT.

1.	Constructing a bridge across the Hemavathi River near Balur out of Malnad Improvement Funds as per Board's resolution, dated 30th April 1925.	1,062	May be deferred
2.	Estimate for sinking a draw well at Hosapet ...	1,700	Sanctioned
3.	Estimate for sinking a drinking water well at Mada in the Koppa Taluk ...	940	Sanctioned
4.	Providing parapet and pullies to the incomplete well at Hulikere. (The original estimate being Rs. 300.)	418	Sanctioned
5.	Revised estimate for sinking a well at Hosamane, Lakkavalli hobli, Tarikere Taluk, the original sanctioned estimate being for Rs. 760 (Work completed.)	1,266	Sanctioned
6.	Revised estimate of the probable cost of removing lantana in the old Becharak village site of Santhipur, Tarikere Taluk, the original estimate being for Rs. 132	1,513	Cannot be sanctioned.
7.	Revised estimate for sinking a well at Menasoor, Koppa Taluk, the oringinal estimate being for Rs. 474	418	Sanctioned

TALUK BOARD.

1.	Estimate for repairing the Lady Apothecary's Midwives' and Nurses' quarters at Chikmagalur (District Fund quota being Rs. 124) ...	372	Sanctioned
2.	Estimate for supplying a Jungal to Thunga River crossing at Nemmar, Koppa Taluk, instead of Rs. 85 already sanctioned on 20th July 1925	475	Sanctioned
3.	Revised estimate for constructing a vegetarian kitchen attached to the travellers' bungalow at Hariharpur, the original estimate being for Rs. 1,950	2,301	Sanctioned
4.	Executive Engineer's bill, dated 5th October 1925, for the District Fund quota for repairing the Sub-Assistant Surgeon's and Midwife's quarters at Koppa	Rs. a p. 16 11 0	Sanctioned
5.	Repairing the Musafirkhana at Balehonnur ...	350 0 0	Sanctioned
6.	Estimate for purchasing furniture for the Old Taluk Office at Vastara	75 8 0	As the furniture is not necessary the estimate cannot be sanctioned.

VILLAGE PANCHAYET.

		Rs.	
1.	Constructing a road from Javagal Road to Nagenahalli from the Marle Panchayet Funds ...	419	Approved
2.	Constructing a road from Javagal to Thimmanahalli from the Marle Panchayet Funds ...	258	Approved

47. Read.—Mudgere Taluk Board President's No. 255, dated 26th September 1925, submitting for sanction the deviation statement together with the final bill and completion certificate for sinking a well at Sangamapura in the Mudgere Taluk.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

48. Travelling allowance bills of the Vice-President, Kadur District Board for the months of September and October 1925.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

* * *

50. Read D. O. Letter, dated 19th November 1925, from the Chairman, Reception Committee, Bangalore District, Second Sericultural Conference, Channapatna, requesting to arrange to send six practical Sericulturists to the Conference to be held on 13th December 1925, on the premises of Silk Farm at Channapatna and requesting for any contribution towards the expenses of the Conference.

Resolution.—As there is no Sericulture in this district, no representatives can be sent or contribution given.

51. Read report No. L. F. 377 of 25-26, dated 19th November 1925, received from the President, Narasimharajapura Taluk Board, forwarding therewith records for confirmation of the sale of mutton stall at Thadasa for Rs. 200.

Resolution.—Approved.

52. Read report No. L. F. 327—25-26, dated 4th November 1925, received from the President, Taluk Board, Narasimharajapura, requesting to address the President, District Board, Shimoga to get half the income from the ferry plying on the Tunga River at Mandagadde and Executive Engineer's remarks thereon stating that the Narasimharajapura Taluk Board has equal rights over the river with the other Taluk Board.

Resolution.—The Shimoga President may be requested to pay to this Board half the income.

53. Read Government Order No. L. 2160-61—Med. 33-25-2, dated 18th September 1925, regarding the work of the Lady Medical Officer, posted for duty in the Malnad.

Resolution.—Read and recorded.

The President, the District Medical Officer and the Lady Medical Officer, may draw up a programme for the Lady Medical Officer.

Date of next meeting.—Thirtieth January 1926.

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
President.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 17, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 4156—*Ml.* 69-25-12, *dated* 9*th December* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. H. Srinivasa Naik as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Tirthahalli, is approved.

No. L. 4256—*Ml.* 68-25-9, *dated* 11*th December* 1925.

Under Section 23 (2) (*a*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation VII of 1906, Mr. Babasab, Municipal Councillor, is appointed Vice-President of the Tarikere Town Municipal Council, till the term of the existing Municipal Council expires on the 1st July 1926.

No. L. 4307—*Ml.* 66-25-9, *dated* 12*th December* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-23, dated 28th February 1925, as amended by Notification No. L. 2634—Ml. 110-25-1, dated 13th October 1925, the election of Mr. M. V. Ramaswamiah as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council of Nagamangala in the Mysore District is approved.

No. L. 4327—Ml. 19-25-8, dated 14th December 1925.

Under Sections 10, 11 and 17 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation VII of 1906 and the rules framed thereunder, the Municipal Council of Hunsur in the Mysore District, shall be reconstituted as follows for a term of three years commencing from the 17th December 1925.—

A. Section 10 (1), (*a*) *Elected Councillors.*

1. Mr. H. R. T. Rajagopala Mudaliar.
2. „ Mahommed Hussein *alias* Sabjan Saheb.
3. „ Salarkhan Sahib.
4. „ Maddagiri Sanjeeva Chetty.
5. „ H. N. Raghavendra Rao.

B. Section 10 (1) (*b*) (i) *Nominated Councillors by name.*

1. Mr. H. V. Hanumantha Chetty.
2. „ Lingayya.
3. „ Siddoji Rao.
4. „ Dalvai Maistry.
5. „ Captain V. L. Wynyard Write.

C. Section 10 (1), (*b*) (*ii*) Ex-officio.

1. The Amildar, Hunsur Taluk, President.
2. The Medical Officer, Hunsur Taluk.
3. The Senior Officer, Public Works Department, Hunsur Taluk.
4. The Sub-Registrar, Hunsur.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

BANGALORE DISTRICT.

Notification, dated 28th November 1925.

The right of levying fees on cattle at the ensuing Jatra of Sree Gangadhareswara Swamy at Sivaganga during Makara Sankravanotsava for the year 1925-26, will be sold by public auction by the Sub-Division Officer, Dodballapur Sub-Division, or other officer deputed by the Deputy Commissioner, at Nelamangala, on the 18th December 1925 at 11 A.M. at the Nelamangala Taluk Office.

The sale will be subject to the following conditions :—

1. The purchaser of contract will be authorised to collect fees at the rate of one anna on every head of cattle.

2. The fees may be collected at the following Ookads :—

(1) Ookad near the Hand-post in Sarada Vilasa Road.
(2) Ookad near the Maharnavamimantap Road.
(3) Ookad near the Mythreya Thirtha.
(4) Ookad near Pattaiah's Well.
(5) Ookad near the Ganapathi Temple.
(6) Ookad near Pattadadevarapalya.

For every item collected, the contractor will be required to issue a ticket in the form approved by the Sub-Division Officer, he must make his own arrangements to provide himself with a sufficient number of ticket books with counterfoils and these books should be ready for the Sub-Division Officer's inspection on or before the 3rd January 1926.

The sale will be subject to the confirmation of the Deputy Commissioner.

The person whose bid is finally accepted should deposit the full amount at once. In default of the payment of the full amount immediately after the close of the sale, resale will be conducted and he will be made responsible for any loss by such resale.

The sale confirming officer is not bound to accept any bid offered after the closing of the sale.

The contractor should deposit 300 free tickets with the Amildar for the distribution among the devotees who bring things in cart for charitable purposes such as "Aravattige," etc., and to raiyats who repair the temple and render service in the temple during Jatras.

The contractor should make his own arrangements for the collection work.

Statement of fees to be levied on shops during the Jatra of Sri Gangadhareswaraswami at Sivaganga for the year 1925-26:—

Sl. No.	Particulars	Rates	Remarks	Sl. No.	Particulars	Rates	Remarks
1	2	3	4	1	2	3	4
		Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	
1	Sweet stall ...	3 0 0		15	Ring play ...	5 0 0	
2a	Fancy goods stall ...	2 0 0		16	Coffee club ...	3 0 0	
b	Do ...	1 8 0		17	Hotel ...	3 0 0	
3a	Kadalepuri stall ...	1 0 0		18	Shoes stall ...	1 0 0	
b	Do ...	0 8 0		19a	Betel leaves, nuts and tobacco stall.	0 12 0	
4a	Cocoanut and plantain stall.	1 0 0		b	Do ...	0 8 0	
b	Do ...	0 8 0		20	Beedis and cigarette stall.	0 12 0	
5	Flower stall ...	0 4 0		b	Do ...	0 8 0	
6	Silk thread stall ...	0 4 0		21	Kambaly stall ...	2 0 0	
7	Vessels stall ...	2 0 0		22	Cloth stall ...	2 0 0	
8	Whet stone stall ...	0 8 0		23	Implements stall ...	0 8 0	
9a	Chitikana stall ...	1 0 0		24	Large iron stall ...	1 0 0	
b	Do ...	0 12 0		25	Drama and circus ...	5 0 0	
10a	Betel leaves stall ...	0 8 0		26	Picture stall ...	1 0 0	
b	Do ...	0 4 0		27	Groundnut stall ...	0 4 0	
11a	Fruits and vegetable stall.	0 8 0		28	Wooden articles and mats stall.	1 0 0	
b	Do ...	0 4 0		29	Merry-go-round ...	...	
12a	Book stall ...	0 8 0		30	Chowry stall ...	0 8 0	
13	Glass bangles stall ...	0 8 0		31	Snuff stall ...	0 8 0	
14a	Magnifying glass play	3 0 0		32	Native scent stall ...	0 2 0	
b	Do ...	2 0 0					

B. VENKOBA RAO,
Deputy Commissioner.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 12th December 1925.

Under rules framed under Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, the following gentlemen have been elected as Chairmen of the Village Panchayets noted against their names, in Srinivaspur Taluk :—

Name of Panchayet.	*Name of Chairman.*
1. Nambihalli ...	Mr. Shanbhog Subbiah
2. Dalasanur ...	„ Vedachaliah
3. Ronur ...	„ J. Shankarayya
4. Gownpalli ...	„ G. Appajappa
5. Yeldur ...	„ Y. Somasundarayya
6. Yerukalve ...	„ Shanbhog Adeppa
7. Kodigal ...	„ Narayana Narasimhappa
8. Addagal ...	„ Ramappa (Panchala)

Notification dated 12th December 1925.

Under rules framed under Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, Mr. Chowdappa, has been appointed Chairman of the Village Panchayet of Hudugur, Goribidnur Taluk.

S. HIRIANNAIYA,
Deputy Commissioner.

KADUR DISTRICT.

Notification No. L. B. 307—25-26, *dated* 8—10*th December* 1925.

It is hereby notified that under Sections 51 (a) of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayet's Regulation of 1918, the following gentlemen have been declared duly elected as Chairmen of the respective Village Panchayets noted against their names in the Kadur District :—

Taluk	Name of Panchayet.	Name of Chairman
1. Mudgere ...	Gonibeed	Mr. Ramakrishnayya
2. Kadur ...	Patnagere	„ Venkatabhattacharya

G. B. HEBLIKAR,
Deputy Commissioner,

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 24, 1925.

PART II-A.

NOTIFICATIONS RELATING TO LOCAL SELF-GOVERNMENT.

MUNICIPAL AND LOCAL BOARDS.

No. L. 4357—*Ml.* 69-25-13, *dated* 15*th December* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils, issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Kharidi Ananthappa, as Vice-President of the Minor Municipal Council, Channagiri, is approved.

No. L. 4612—*Ml.* 66-25-11, *dated* 21*st December* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. B. Nanjundaradhya as Vice-President of the Town Municipal Council, Nanjangud, is approved.

No. L. 4614—*Ml.* 64-25-16, *dated* 21*st December* 1925.

Under Rule (10) of the Rules for the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents of Town and Minor Municipal Councils issued with Notification No. L. 6342—Ml. 56-24-233, dated the 28th February 1925, the election of Mr. Syed Ahamed, as Vice-President of the Chintamani Municipal Council is approved.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

KOLAR DISTRICT.

Notification dated 12th December 1925.

Under Rules framed under Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, the following gentlemen have been elected as Chairmen of the several Village Panchayets noted against their names :—

A. KOLAR TALUK.

Name of Panchayet.	*Name of Chairman.*
1. Vakkaleri	Mr. Markandeya (Patel)
2. Chennasandra	,, Hanumappa (Patel)
3. Pyate Chamanahalli.	,, Chowde Gowda (Patel)

B. MALUR TALUK.

1. Lakkur	Mr. Venkatasubbaiya
2. Narasapur	,, N. S. Narayana Rao
3. Sivarapatna	,, Byche Gowda
4. Santhehalli	,, Venkataswami Gowda
5. Kudenur	,, Raja Iyengar
6. Rajenahalli.	,, Chikkamade Gowda

C. CHINTAMANI TALUK.

1. Munganahalli	Mr. Narasinga Rao (Shanbhog)
2. Konappalli	,, Lakshmiah (Shanbhog)
3. Talagavara	,, Thimmiah (Landholder)
4. Kallahalli	,, K. Gopala Rao (Landholder)
5. Doddaganjur	,, Shamanna (Patel)
6. Yenumalpadi	,, Narasappa (Shanbhog)
7. Irgampalli	,, Alur Sreekanta Sastri
8. Anur	,, Lakshminarasappa (Patel)
9. Yegavakote	,, Ramalingappa (Patel)
10. Murugamale	,, Krishnasastri (son of Purushothama Sastri)
11. Kaivara	,, Gangavaram Krishnappa
12. Voolvadi	,, Munisami Reddi (Patel)
13. Kathiriguppa	,, Gowarappa (Shanbhog)
14. Madikere	,, Veera Reddi (Patel)

D. SIDLAGHATTA.

1. Melur Ragimakalahalli	Mr. Chik Subbarayappa
2. Malamachanahalli	,, Aswathappa
3. Jangamkote	,, J. Venkatasubbiah
4. Palicherlu	,, Devireddi
5. Sadali	,, G. Nanjundappa
6. Anemadagu	,, Srinivasa Rao
7. Chilkalnerpu	,, Subba Reddi
8. Burudugunte	,, Lakshmappa

E. GORIBIDNUR.

1. Dadinaikanapalya	Mr. Venkataramanappa (Shanbhog)
2. Hulikal	,, Narase Gowda (Patel)
3. Taridal	,, Venkatarayappa (Shanbhog)
4. Thondebhavi	,, Khaja Mahomed (Patel)
5. Upparahalli	,, Munisami Gowda (Patel)
6. Namagondlu	,, Hutche Gowda (Patel)
7. Chandandur	,, Yele Narasappa (Patel)
8. Hosur	,, Anche Srinivasa Rao (for a year only)
9. Minakanaguriki	,, Manjappa (for a year only)
10. Mudigere	,, Shanbhog Subbarayappa (for a year only)
11. Hampasandra	,, Shanbhog Venkatapathiya (for a year only)
12. Gangasandra	,, Shanbhog Venkataramaiya (for a year only)
13. Manchenahalli	,, M. Vasudeva Rao (for a year only)

S. HIRIYANNAIYA,
Deputy Commissioner.

TUMKUR DISTRICT.

Notification, dated 12th December 1925.

It is hereby notified for public information that a cattle fair will take place as usual at Kyamenahalli in the Koratagere Sub-Taluk during the Jatra of Sri Anjaneyaswami which commences on the 20th January 1926 and lasts for eight days.

K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Deputy Commissioner.

MYSORE CITY MUNICIPALITY.

Notice, dated 24th November 1925.

(In supersession of notice, dated 2nd August 1924.)

The following revised draft bye-laws framed by the City Municipal Council, Mysore, in exercise of the powers conferred on them under Section 48 (1) (b) (*ii*) of the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906, are published for the information of persons likely to be effected thereby. Any objection or suggestion with respect to these revised draft bye-laws may be made in writing to the undersigned within one month from the date of the publication of the same in the *Mysore Gazette*, after the expiry of which time, they will be taken into consideration together with such objections or suggestions.

Draft bye-laws for sale of meat intended for human consumption.

No person shall use any place as a shop for the sale of animals intended for human food, or of meat, or of fish, excepting the shops set apart for the purpose in the public markets belonging to the Municipality or such other shops as may have been licensed in writing by the Health Officer, under the general or special instructions of the President and Health Committee.

1. When a license is required to be taken in writing for the use of any place for the sale of animals intended for human food, or of meat, or of flesh, any person using the same for any of the above purposes without the sanction of the Health Officer obtained in writing, shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10 and to a further fine which may extend to Re. 1 for every day ofter such conviction, during which he continues to use it.
2. All such licenses shall expire on 30th June in each year and applications for renewal must be made to the Health Officer before the end of the first month of the official year.
3. Every licensee shall be subject to the following conditions:—
   (*a*) That the President, Vice-President, Municipal Councillors, Health Officer, Chief Officer or other Officer authorised by them shall at all times have free access to the shop for inspection and that the licensee shall produce this license to any such Officer demanding it;
   (*b*) That the licensee shall not sell or offer for sale the flesh of any animal that has not been examined and passed in writing by the Veterinary Inspector and slaughtered at a public slaughterhouse;
   (*c*) That the licensee shall not sell or offer for sale any meat, that is decomposed or unfit for consumption or that by blowing or other artificial means is made to appear to be in a condition differing from what it really is;
   (*d*) That he shall keep for use in the shop proper scales and correct stamped weights;
   (*e*) That the licensee shall keep the shop always clean and in good order and in particular that he keeps the drains, the pavement and pointing so sloped and smooth as to make it impossible for blood or other liquid to stagnate thereon;
   (*f*) That he should cause the whole of the walls to be cleaned and white-washed both within and without at least once every three months and all wood and iron furniture thoroughly scraped and re-painted at intervals prescribed by the Health Officer;
   (*g*) That the licensee shall cause the floors or pavement and furniture to be thoroughly washed down and blood, rubbish garbage to be removed from the premises within two hours of each day's business;
4. Any breach of any of the above conditions by the licensee or by his servants, shall render the licensee liable on conviction to a fine not exceeding Rs. 10.

EXTRACT FROM THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE 8TH (ORDINARY) MEETING OF THE CITY MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, MYSORE, HELD IN THE NEW MUNICIPAL OFFICE BUILDINGS ON SATURDAY THE 31ST OCTOBER 1925 AT 8 A.M.

Members.

Present ... 17 | Absent ... 13

* * *

120. Read letters, dated 27th October 1925 and 29th October 1925 from eleven members of the Council asking for adjournment of the meeting or that at any rate consideration of Subjects Nos. 126 and 127 might be deferred. As some of the Council members who were present had not also received papers, it was resolved to circulate the papers *re* Mr. G. Krishna Rao

to the remaining members, each of them being specially requested not to detain them for more than a day. The papers *re* Mr. Ramachandra Setty may be kept in Councillors' Room and made available for perusal. The two subjects together with Subject No. 128 to be considered at a special meeting on 21st November 1925 at 8 A.M.

121. Proceedings of the Council meetings held on 12th September and 17th October 1925.

Resolution.—Confirmed.

* * *

129. Estimate for Rs. 1,180, for constructing a tunnel on Karohatti Road near Sewage Farm.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

* * *

132. Revised estimate for Rs. 3,089, for putting up a public fountain at the foot of the Chamundi Hill with the following letters:—

(1) D. O. letter No. 194, dated 25th September 1925, from the Assistant Private Secretary to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, offering a contribution of Rs. 500 from Palace.

(2) Letter No. C. 725, dated 23rd September 1925, from the President, District Board, Mysore, regarding a contribution of Rs. 1,000 from Dirtrict Funds.

Resolution.—The arrangements made for the execution of this work as per revised estimate are approved.

133. Letter No. H. S. 61—25-26, dated 15th September 1925, from the Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District, forwarding for disposal one of the subjects (introduction of the telephone system to the Mysore City) brought up at the preliminary meeting of the members of the Representative Assembly held on the 15th August 1925.

Resolution.—The Electric Department may be written to again and the details regarding capital cost and recurring annual fees leviable ascertained.

134. Letter No. 12,516, dated 22nd September 1925, from the Superintendent, Mysore Power and Lighting, requesting to arrange for the payment, of Rs. 23,079-2-8, said to be due from the Municipality on account of street lighting charges till the end of August 1925.

Resolution.—The full file of papers connected with this may be circulated for information and the subject brought up before the Council again after hearing from the Government.

135. Representation from the Octroi Manegars praying for increment of pay.

Resolution.—Referred to the Committee appointed in Council's Resolution No. 329 (2), dated 6th June 1925, for consideration and report.

136. Letter, dated 22nd September 1925, from the Veterinary Officer, Mysore, praying for a free cycle badge.

Resolution.—Granted.

137. Representation from P. H. Chandrabhan Singh, Ayurvedic Pandit, Mysore, praying for grant of free badges in respect of his bicycle and motor bicycle.

Resolution.—Cannot be granted.

138. Petition, dated 26th August 1925, from the Panchamas of Dodda Holageri, Mysore, praying for water, light and conservancy facilities.

Resolution.—The petition along with Mr. Thampiran's note may be referred for report to Mohalla Councillors including Mr. Thampiran.

139. Petition, dated 7th September 1925, from the Panchamas of Dodda Holageri, Mysore, praying that beef shops in Dodda Holageri, may be ordered to be closed.

Resolution.—Such of the shops as are not in a sanitary condition may be closed.

140. Letter from the President, Hindi Pracharasamiti, Mysore, requesting for monthly contribution from Municipal Funds to ensure successful Hindi Prachar in Mysore.

Resolution.—Referred to School Committee for report.

141. Letter No. 72, dated 7th September 1925, from the Honorary Secretary, Khader Co-operative Society in Mysore, stating that a shop on the southern side of Devaraj Market, may be given for the use of the society instead of the one now given on the northern side.

Resolution.—One of the shops on the eastern side, may be given for one year at Rs. 10 per month.

142. Letter, dated 25th September 1925, from the President, Ratepayers' Association, Mysore, forwarding petition received from tobacco dealers in Mysore, regarding the levy of octroi duty and licensing fee on tobacco.

Resolution.—The subject may be studied by a Sub-Committee consisting of Mr. C. Narasimhiah (Chairman), Mr. Mahomed Ghouse Peer and Mr. M. Ramaswamy in consultation with the Ratepayers' Association and tobacco dealers.

143. Managing Committee's Resolution No. IV, dated 20th October 1925, regarding the construction of Vani Vilas Market.

Resolution.—The construction may proceed as per approved plan.

144. Proceedings of the Special Committee appointed in Council's Resolution No. 37, dated 8th August 1925, for consideration of the Beggar Problem in the City.

Resolution.—Deferred until the scheme said to be under consideration of the Palace authorities is matured.

145. Letter No. 1344, dated 9th October 1925, from the Inspector-General of Education, regarding the appointment of a Special Officer to reorganise Municipal Schools, with School Committee's recommendation thereon.

Resolution.—Resolved that the proposals of the Inspector-General of Education be accepted and that a conveyance allowance of Rs. 20 per month be offered to the Special Officer appointed for the efficient supervision of Municipal Schools in the City, the arrangement being tried as an experimental measure for a period of one year.

* * *

147. Letter No. 1138, dated 16th September 1925, from the Economic Botanist and Superintendent, Government Gardens in Mysore, stating that an imprest of Rs. 100 may be placed at the disposal of the Curator, Mysore Parks and Gardens, for meeting the contingent expenses of the Sewage Farm, so that the practice of utilizing the sale-proceeds of the Farm for such expenses, may be discontinued.

Resolution.—Approved.

148. Application received for the post of the Market Sergeant.

Resolution.—May be disposed of by the President, after consulting the Market Committee.

149. Letter, dated 20th October 1925, from Mr. T. V. Thampiran, Municipal Councillor, forwarding proposals for improvement of Dodda Holageri.

Resolution.—*Vide* Resolution No. 138 above.

150. Letter No. L. 2945—Ml. 84-25-10, dated 23rd October 1925, approving of the bye-laws relating to the sale of meat, etc., intended for human consumption, in the City, with certain modifications.

Resolution.—The amendment proposed by Government may be accepted, and the bye-laws republished in the Gazette.

151. Health Committee's Resolution No. 4, dated 19th October 1925, approving the estimate for Rs. 1,000 for the purchase of 70 dust-bins.

Resolution.—Approved.

152. Waiving storage fees in respect of rooms given in the Octroi Koti to wholesale dealers of tobacco for vending unmanufactured tobacco under the provisions of the bye-laws for regulating the grant of licenses for sale of tobacco in the Mysore City.

Resolution.—Approved.

* * *

N. MADHAVA RAU,
President.

MYSORE DISTRICT.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DISTRICT BOARD OF MYSORE, PASSED AT THEIR MEETING HELD AT 1 P.M. ON SATURDAY THE 12TH DECEMBER 1925.

PRESENT.—A. V. Ramanathan, Esq, B.A., *Deputy Commissioner, Mysore District (President).*

Members.

Present ... 41 | Absent ... 6.

DEFERRED SUBJECTS.

1. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Seringapatam to complete the Coronation Building from its fund at a cost not exceeding Rs. 2,000 and to locate the Taluk Board Office in a portion of the said building.

Correspondence ending with Seringapatam Taluk Board President's No. 287, dated 18th October 1925, forwarding with reference to the District Board Resolution No. 2, dated 12th September 1925, the Proceedings of the Coronation Hall Committee in the matter of holding the Taluk Board Office in the Coronation Building.

Resolution.—The District Board accept with thanks the offer of the (1) Coronation Hall Committee, Seringpatam, to vest the present building in the District Board from the 18th October 1925.

(2) The proposal of the Seringapatam Taluk Board to complete the building at a cost not exceeding Rs. 2,000 and to locate the Taluk Board Office in a portion of the building is approved. Proposals will be called for as to the use to be made of the rest of the building.

2. Proposals of the Economic Development Committee in the matter of the utilisation of the provision made for Economic Development work in the current year's District Board Budget.

Resolution.—Approved with the following modifications:—

The scholarships in Home Industris Institute will be Rs. 10 per mensem and will be available only for women from outside Mysore City. The Sericultural Superintendent's proposals for utilising Rs. 200 for Jatras are approved, substituting Maddur for T.-Narsipur.

3. Proposals for the utilisation of the Education Cess amount levied in the district from 1st July 1925.

Resolution.—The proposals of the Inspector-General of Education as modified by the Sub-Committee are approved as a first instalment.

Lists embodying the proposals now approved will be circulated to all Taluk Boards and also to the members of the District Board and their suggestions invited befor the next instalment of proposals is formulated. All new schools may be opened from the commencement of the next academic year.

Arrangements may be put in hand immediately after Government sanction is received for provision of accommodation and purchase of equipment.

The District Board is of the opinion that only the payment to staff should be made through the Department, but the administration of the funds set apart for buildings and equipment should be in the hands of the District Board, such supplies as have to be obtained from abroad being obtained by the Department and payment being made by crossed cheques as for medical supplies.

Resolved further that for the present a sum of Rs. 10,000 out of the cess realisations of the current year be set apart for the sanction of grant-in-aid of new school buildings to be erected in villages.

The District Board desire to place on record their best thanks for the Inspector General of Education for the thoroughness and care with which the proposals have been formulated.

ORDINARY SUBJECTS.

1. Read and recorded the following papers and Government Orders:—

(1) Proceedings of the last District Board Meeting.

(2) Administration Report of the District Board of Mysore for the year 1924-25.

(3) G. O. No. 2447-56—4-44-55, dated 6th October 1925, stating that the decision of each District Board may be given effect to so far as that District Board is concerned in the matter of supplying medicine chests to the Chief Sanitary Inspector.

(4) Letter No. L. 2214—L. B. 64-24-46, dated 21st September 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary to Government, conveying the orders of Government that the District Board may address Government a year hence regarding the grant of Rs. 10 per mensem by the District Board to "Hindi Prachar Samithi" in the Mysore City.

(5) G. O. No. L. 2110-30—San. 51-24-14, dated 16th February 1925, reviewing the Report on Vaccination in the State and the Vaccine Institute during the Calendar year 1924.

2. Correspondence ending with letter No. L. 3047—L. B. 50-25-8, dated 27th October 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary, stating that the Government regret that no more funds can be granted for sinking drinking water wells in the Mysore District during the current year.

President's Memo reviewing the present financial position of the "Drinking Water Wells Fund" with a minus balance and showing present commitments and future requirements.

Resolution.—As there is a debit balance of Rs. 28,121-7-3, in the Mysore District Drinking Water Wells Funds, the Government be moved to sanction grant of Rs. 21,000 agreeably with the proportion fixed in G. O. No. 184-95—L. B. 12-15-43, dated 8th July 1916, the balance being met from the closing balance of the District Board.

3. (*a*) G. O. No. I. C. 2242-52—A. & E. 473-24, dated 1st October 1925, sanctioning the opening of a Veterinary Dispensary at Chamrajnagar and other places in the Mysore State during the current year.

(*b*) Veterinary Superintendent's letter No. 8229, dated 22nd October 1925, stating that the dispensary will be opened early in January 1926.

Memo No. 1075-6, dated 30th November 1925, from the Superintendent, Civil Veterinary Department, communicating the orders of Government that they are not in favour of sanctioning the opening of any more Veterinary Dispensaries during the current year.

(c) Papers relating to the construction of a building for the Veterinary Dispensary at Chamrajnagar.

Resolution.—(a) and (b) Recorded. The Superintendent will be requested to open the dispensary at Chamrajnagar at least from 1st January 1926. The Board resolved to request the Government to open the dispensary at Yadatore also immediately, meeting the cost from the savings of six months' charges consequent on the delay in opening the Chamrajnagar Dispensary.

(e) Resolved that the Government be moved to utilise the present Travellers' Bungalow at Chamrajnagar for the permanent location of the Veterinary Dispensary and that a new Travellars' Bungalow with at least two suites of rooms and out-houses be constructed near the Railway Station towards which the District Board will contribute Rs. 2,000 and the Taluk Board of Chamrajnagar and the Municipal Council of Chamrajnagar will contribute Rs. 1,000 each.

4. The following papers relating to the construction of a bridge across the Hemavati River in the Krishnarajpete Taluk.

(1) G. O. No. P. W. 720-23—B. 3167-3170, dated 15th March 1919, sanctioning the construction of a bridge across the Hemavathi at Akkihebbal at an estimated cost of Rs. 1,06,950.

(2) G. O. R. 6148-7—L. B. 61-20-3, dated 22nd November 1920, sanctioning the resolution of the District Board of Mysore, to contribute one-third of the cost from District Funds not exceeding Rs. 35,000 towards the cost of the bridge at Akkihebbal.

(3) Correspondence ending with Public Works Department Secretary's letter No. P. W. 711—K. S. S. 354, dated 6th January 1922, conveying the orders of the Government that the work of constructing the bridge aross the Hemavathi at Akkihebbal might lie over till the financial condition improved and the question of site finally settled.

(4) Resolution No. 2 of the District Board of Mysore, passed at their meeting on 18th April 1925, that this Board does not agree to the levy of any toll by the District Board of Hassan within the limits of the jurisdiction of this Board.

(5) Resolution No. 3 (1) of the District Board of Mysore, dated 11th July 1925, deferring for consideration in 1926-27, the subject of constructing a bridge at Akkihebbal brought forward at the District Preliminary meeting held on 7th April 1925 for the selection of Dasara Representative Assembly subjects.

(6) Resolution of the Taluk Board of Krishnarajpete passed at a special meeting on 3rd November 1925, that the District Board may raise a loan for the construction of bridges across the Hemavathi near Akkihebbal and Mandagere, that the Taluk Board is agreeable to contribute Rs. 50,000 out of this loan amount towards the cost of the bridges and that a cess of 3 pies a rupee be levied in the taluk on all items of revenue on which local cess is levied to pay up the above sum of Rs. 50,000.

(7) Letter No. L. 3741—L. B. 107-23-8, dated 23rd November 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary, intimating that the Jaina Education Fund Association is prepared to contribute Rs. 50,000 towards the cost of constructing a bridge at Mandagere and inviting the opinion of the District Board on the following points:—

(a) What the maximum amount or proportion of contribution that the District Board of Mysore would pay if a bridge is built at Akkihebbal instead of at Mandagere?

(b) Whether the District Board would be prepared to pay any contribution for a bridge at Mandagere and if so what amount or at what proportion of the total cost?

(c) Whether the District Board would be prepared to share tolls (if any levied on the bridge) with the Hassan District Board in the proportion of the contribution paid by either District Board?

Resolution.—This District Board reaffirms its opinion that a bridge across the Hemavathi at Akkihebbal is an absolute necessity. As regards the raising of the amount of contribution, the District Board reserves its opinion until the revised cost is known.

As regards the bridge at Mandagere, the District Board will give its opinion after the estimated cost is known.

At this stage, the Board adjourned the meeting for the next day, as it was 5-30 P.M.

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DISTRICT BOARD OF MYSORE PASSED AT THEIR ADJOURNED MEETING HELD AT 8 A.M., ON SUNDAY THE 13TH DECEMBER 1925.

PRESENT.—A. V. Ramanathan, ESQ., B.A., Deputy Commissioner (President), Mysore District.

Members.

Present ... 28 | Absent ... 19

1. Resolved that this District Board do send its warmest greeting to His Highness the Yuvaraja on His Highness' arrival from Continental Tour.

2. Correspondence ending with latter No. C. 684-12, dated 30th November 1925, from the Senior Surgeon with the Government of Mysore, inviting the opinion of the District Board of Mysore in the matter of bearing their share of the cost of the initial equipment and monthly recurring charges of opening a Female Dispensary at Nanjangud, amounting to Rs. 1,700 and Rs. 252 and odd respectively.

Resolution.—The District Board agrees to pay one-third of the initial equipment and monthly recurring charges. The dispensary may be opened very early.

3. Letter No. G. C. 113, dated 3rd November 1925, from the Senior Surgeon with the Government of Mysore, inviting the opinion of the District Board in the matter of opening a small dispensary or vaidyasala at Thelya, Seringapatam Taluk, with reference to the petition, addressed by the people to Government and whether the District Board would bear their quota of the cost if a dispensary is agreed to be opened, the initial and recurring charges, being Rs. 1,700 and Rs. 210-8-0 respectively.

Resolution.—The Board do not see the need for opening a dispensary at Thelya. As regards the vaidyasala, the question will be referred to the Taluk Board.

4. (*a*) G. O. No. L. 3,727-9—L. B. 113-25-5, dated 23rd November 1925, sanctioning the proposals of the Deputy Commissioner and President, Mysore District Board, in the matter of cancelling cattle fairs in this district during 1925-26 and prohibiting congregation of cattle at weekly shandies on account of prevalence of rinderpest.

(*b*) Memo No. L. 4236-4—L. B. 113-25, dated 10—11th December 1925, from the Secretary, Local and Legislative Departments, forwarding for information copy of G. O. No. L. 4233-35—L. B. 113-25-28, dated 10th December 1925, in the matter of prohibiting the holding of cattle fairs and shandies in the Hassan District.

Resolution.—The Board does not agree to the stoppage of the cattle fairs and shows at Hemagiri and Chunchankatte as the advantages of holding these fairs outweigh the disadvantage due to probable spread of infection.

5. Letter No. 286, dated 11th November 1925, from the Chairman, Reception Committee, Second Karnataka Ayurvedic Conference and Exhibition, Bangalore, requesting that a substantial contribution from the District Board may be made towards the expenses of the proposed Conference and Exhibition from 17th to 19th January 1926 at Bangalore.

Resolution.—A contribution of Rs. 200 is sanctioned.

6. D. O. letter No. 741, dated 22nd September 1925, from the President, City Municipal Council, Mysore, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 2,611 for providing water taps near the foot of the Chamundi Hill, Mysore and requesting a contribution of Rs. 1,000 from the District Board Fund.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

7. Letter No. 517—Mis., dated 21st October 1925, from the Superintendent, Vani Vilas Works, Mysore, farwarding a consolidated bill for water charges for Rs. 347-12-0, for the water consumed in Alanahalli village from August 1924 to the end of September 1925.

(*a*) Letter No. 674, dated 4th November 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Water Supply Division, stating in reply to this office letter on the subject that the Board has to pay the water charges for reasons mentioned therein unless the Government exempt the Board from paying these charges.

Resolution.—The erection charges were paid by the Board after considerable discussion and as a matter of concession, even though the Department has incurred the charge without the consent of the Board. They do not see how they can be asked to pay for the monthly charges of a fountain erected without their prior consent.

8. Memo No. 113, dated 23rd July 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding an estimate for Rs. 1,680 duly checked for constructing a Rest House at Hangala in the Gundlupet Taluk.

Resolution.—Sanctioned, Rs. 600 being met from Hangala Panchayet Funds and Rs. 1,080 from Gundlupet Taluk Board Funds.

9. Correspondence ending with letter No. (Camp) 111, dated 15th September 1925 from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, proposing that the mileage grant for Mysore-Bangalore Road *via* Malvalli may be raised from Rs. 60 to Rs. 150 for the first Section.

(*a*) Finance Committee's resolution dated 1st December 1925 that the mileage grant for the 1st Section of the road, *viz.*, 30½ miles may be increased from Rs. 60 to Rs. 100 per mile.

Resolution.—The mileage allotment (1) from Bannur to Malvalli (miles 14) is increased from Rs. 60 to Rs. 120 and (2) from Malvalli to Halagur (12 miles from Rs. 60 to Rs. 80).

The allotment from Halagur to the frontier (4 miles) need not be increased.

10. Letter No. 697, dated 9th November 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding for countersignature, estimates amounting to Rs. 13,970 for constructing high level causeways, irrigation tunnels and drainage tunnels on Nanjangud-T.-Narsipur

Road and President's letter returning the estimates duly countersigned in anticipation of the District Board's approval, as the works were of an urgent nature.

Resolution.—Approved.

11. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Chamrajnagar for shifting the existing vaidyasala at Kagalavadi to Kuderu after the Local Fund Dispensary is opened at Kagalavadi.

Resolution.—Approved.

12. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mysore for holding a weekly shandy at Doddamaragowdanahalli, Yelwal Hobli on every Monday.

Resolution.—Approved.

13. Letter No. 731, dated 12th November 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding for countersignature an estimate for Rs. 1,840 for converting the Musafirkhana into a Third Class Travellers' Bungalow at Bandipur in the Gundlupet Taluk.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

14. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Yedatore for opening Vaidyasalas at Hosa-agrahar and Kachavanahalli during this year.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

15. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Chamrajnagar, for contributing from its fund, a sum of Rs. 5,000 towards the cost of constructing a Town Hall at Chamrajnagar.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

16. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Gundlupet for contributing a sum of Rs. 1,000 towards the cost of constructing a High School Building at Nanjangud.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

17. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Chamrajnagar for contributing a sum of Rs. 500 for the above purpose.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

18. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Krishnarajpete for contributing annually, a sum of Rs. 12 from the Village Panchayet of Akkihebbal towards the expenses of the Reeding Room and Library at Akkihebbal.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

19. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Yedatore, for investing out of its fund a sum of Rs. 20,000 for constructing quarters for the Taluk Officials in the New Yedatore Town so as to earn interest by way of rent.

Resolution.—The District Board approved of the Taluk Board's proposal to develop property in the manner proposed, but care should be taken that the property should yield a return of at least 4 per cent and the renting out of the houses need not be limited to Government officials.

20. Nanjangud Taluk Board President's No. 136, dated 25th August 1925, proposing a grant of Rs. 100 from the Taluk Fund and Rs. 200 from the District Fund for giving reward to Ambigars who rendered valuable service during the last Floods.

Resolution.—The Taluk Board's proposal to grant Rs. 100 from its funds is approved. The District Board sanction Rs. 100 from its funds.

21. Krishnarajpete Taluk Board President's No. 144, dated 12th October 1925, reporting that the Taluk Board has resolved that the District Board should undertake the annual maintenance of the road from Kikkeri to Sravanabelagola as this is an inter district road.

Resolution.—A mileage allotment of Rs. 30 per mile for 5 miles is sanctioned from the District Funds from 1926-27.

22. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Chamrajnagar for constructing Railway Feeder Roads from (1) Badanakuppe to Kuderu (2) Badanakuppe to Kabbahalli.

Resolution.—Referred back to the Chamrajnagar and Gundlupet Taluks Boards as Badanakuppe will only be a Flag Station.

23. Chamrajnagar Taluk Board President's No. 216, stating that the Taluk Board is agreeable to contribute one-third of the cost of improving Santemarahalli-Kowlande Road in respect of the portion of the road within its jurisdiction.

Resolution.—Approved.

24. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nagamangala for the opening of a Santhe near Bogadi in the Honakere Hobli on every Saturday.

Resolution.—Approved.

25. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nanjangud for holding the Santhe at Kupparavalli on Wednesdays instead of on Fridays.

Resolution.—Approved.

26. Yedatore Taluk Board proposals received with the President's Nos. 122 and 137, dated 3rd October 1925 and 21st October 1925, for increasing the pay of the caretaker of the Yedatore Musafirkhana from Rs. 9 to Rs. 10, and of the caretaker of the Yedatore Travellers' Bungalow from Rs. 9 to Rs. 12.

Resolution.—A single caretaker is enough both for the Travellers' Bungalow and the Musafirkhana. One will be employed accordingly on Rs. 12 per mensem.

27. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nanjangud that the pay of the caretakers of all Musafirkhanas and Third Class Travellers' Bungalows in the taluk may be uniformly fixed at Rs. 10 per mensem.

Resolution.—Not necessary.

28. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nagamangala that the pay of the caretaker of the Third Class Travellers' Bungalow at Nagamangala may be raised to Rs. 9.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

29. Nagamangala Taluk Board President's report requesting sanction to the resolution of the Village Panchayet of Bellur in the matter of purchasing from its fund agricultural implements to the value of Rs. 200 for sale to the raiyats.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

30. Nanjangud Taluk Board President's report No. 246, dated 30th September 1925, requesting sanction to the proposal of the Village Panchayet of Kalale for investing a sum of Rs. 500 in the Government Savings Bank out of its closing balance.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

31. District Board President's letter No. 707—L. B. 25-26, dated 23rd September 1925, requesting the Executive Engineeer to put in hand in anticipation of District Board's approval the work of constructing a high level causeway across Kurubarahalla in 2/4th mile of T.-Narsipur-Chamrajnagar Road as the work is important and urgent, the estimated cost being Rs. 4,500.

Resolution.—Approved.

32. Correspondence ending with Revenue Commissioner's Memo No. C. 923—25-26, dated 24th November 1925, in the matter of converting the old and disused musafirkhana at Gundlupet into residential quarters of the Taluk Amildar on payment of a monthly rent of Rs. 10 to the District Board.

Resolution.—The District Board approve of the proposal and request that sanction of Government may kindly be obtained for the same.

33. (1) Correspondence relating to the opening of a Local Fund Dispensary at Talakad in connection with a donation of Rs. 5,000 promise dby Mr. Sowcar Sivalingappa towards the cost of constructing a dispensary building.

(2) Talakad Municipal Council's resolution agreeing to bear its quota of the cost of opening the dispensary.

(3) Letter No. L. 4052—Med. 29-25-1, dated 4th December 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary, communicating the orders of Government, that sanction of the District Board is necessary for the use of the Travellers' Bungalow and out-houses at Talakad for the Sub-Assistant Surgeon's quarters.

Resolution.—(1) The generous donation of Mr. Sowcar Sivalingappa is greatefully accepted.

(2) The proposal to close the Travellers' Bungalow at Talakad and utilise it for the purposes of the dispensary and Sub-Assistant Surgeon's quarters is approved.

(3) The District Board agree to bear its quota of the cost of a dispensary at Talakad and requests that it may be opened immediately by locating it in the Travellers' Bungalow until the main building is constructed, the cost during the current year being met from the savings due to the delay in opening the new dispensaries at Kagalavadi and Akkihebbal.

34. Correspondence relating to the shifting of the Local Fund Dispensary at Periyapatna from its present dilapidated building to a more convenient one at a monthly rental of Rs. 10, the rent of the present building being Rs. 4 per mensem.

Resolution.—Approved.

35. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Nagamangala that a sum of Rs. 50 may be contributed from its fund towards the District Scout Fund.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

36. Letter No. L. 3796—L. B. 99-25-4, dated 25th November 1925, from the Local and Legislative Secretary, communicating the orders of Government that the levy of market fees at Kikkeri and Thandekere in the Krishnarajapete Taluk need not be sanctioned as the abolition of the Taluk Boards is under contemplation of Government.

Resolution.—The District Board resolve to levy the fees themselves. Necessary bye-laws should be drafted in the matter.

37. President's letter returning duly countersigned an estimate for Rs. 930, received with Executive Engineer's letter No. 811, dated 25th November 1925, for constructing a culvert at 8/30 of Mysore-Talakad-Sivasamudram Road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

38. Letter No. C. 314, dated 27th November 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, furnishing his views in regard to the up-keep of Chamrajnagar-Hondrabal Road by the District Board.

Resolution.—Resolved that the present state of this section is very unsatisfactory, that it is absolutely necessary to maintain this road in an efficient condition as it

serves to connect a rich tract with Chamrajnagar Railway and that the Government be requested to transfer the road and the allotment of Rs. 50 a mile for 9½ miles to the District Board, so that the Board may supplement it and improve the road and maintain it in an efficient condition.

Resolution.—Resolved further that the Conservator of Forests be requested to contribute Rs. 300 per annum for this Section as it serves the Forest also.

(*a*) Correspondence ending with Chamrajnagar Taluk Board President's report No. Nil, dated 9th December 1925, forwarding the proposal of the Taluk Board agreeing to bear one-third of the estimated cost of Rs. 3,400 for the improvement of the above road.

Resolution.—Deferred until Government have sanctioned the proposals for the transfer of the road and its allotment.

39. Read and deferred the following subjects for consideration at Budget time:—

(1) Letter No. 316, dated 27th November 1925, From the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding for countersignature an estimate for Rs. 2,000 for the construction of an Irish Drain at 1/40 of Seringapatam-Sosale-Sivasamudram Road.

(2) Letter No. C. 315, dated 27th November 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding for countersignature six estimates for Rs. 240, 220, 950, 2,810, and 730 respectively for the construction of causeways and tunnels in Mandya-Bannur Road.

(3) Letter No. 219, dated 3rd November 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, and Finance Committee's resolution, dated 1st December 1925, in the matter of raising the mileage allotment of Seringapatam-Channarayapatna Road, from Rs. 125 to 200 for the first 12 miles, to Rs. 175 from 12th to 23rd mile, *i.e.*, upto Krishnarajpete and to Rs. 150, from 23rd to 38th mile.

40. The following communication was read and deferred.

Resolution.—Correspondence ending with Nanjangud Municipal President's No. 161, dated 3rd—9th December 1925; regarding the Joint Administration of toll-gates by the Local Boards and Municipalities.

41. Resolution No. 4 of the 1st December 1925, of the Finance Committee recommending to the District Board, the grant of a sum of Rs. 5,000, towards the District Scout Fund with reference to Resolution No. 5 (*a*) of the Mysore District Scout Council passed at its meeting, on 29th September 1925.

Resolution.—A grant of Rs. 2,000 is sanctioned.

42. Finance Committee's resolution No. 5 of the 1st December 1925, recommending to the District Board, an additional grant of Rs. 500, from District Funds towards the adjustment of the expenses incurred in connection with the Mysore District Conference and Exhibition held in May 1925.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

43. Papers relating to the opening of a Santhe at Menasikyatanahalli in the T. Narsipur Taluk.

Resolution.—The District Board is prepared to add to its resolution of 11th July 1925, to the following extent only:—

Add (4) that such recurring expenditure on account of the shandy as the Inamdar incurs and as is accepted by the Board as *bona fide* for the purposes of the shandy shall be paid to him out of the realisations from the shandy fees but so as not to exceed the realisations of the particular year.

44. Proposal of the Taluk Board of Mandya, that Mandya Taluk may continue to be attached to Channapatna Sericultural Range as hithertofore.

Resolution.—This will be recommended to the Department.

45. Estimate for Rs. 1,500 for improving the Monument Road, commencing from 4/2 of Seringapatam Railway Station-Gumbuz Road.

Resolution.—Referred to the Taluk Board of Seringapatam in whose programme the work is included.

46. Correspondence relating to the levy of fees at the weekly Santhe at Koppa, Mandya Taluk.

Resolution.—Approved. Necessary bye-laws should be drafted.

47. (*a*) Letter No. 210, dated 5th December 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, requesting to obtain the sanction of the District Board for a mileage allotment of Rs. 100, for the annual repairs to Gaddige Road.

(*b*) Letter No. 879, dated 5th December 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding for countersignature two estimates for Rs. 1,500 and 2,975 for metalling the Winkler Road to Gaddige.

(*c*) Memo No. 892, dated 8th December 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, requesting the opinion of the District Board; in the matter of widening the Gaddige Road.

Resolution.—This District Board feels unable to provide funds for the works now newly proposed. If all the initial works are completed at the cost of Government, the District Board will provide for the annual maintenance after the road is completed.

48. Petition of Pandit Chandrabhan Singh praying for the increase of monthly grant-in-aid from Rs. 20 to 30.

Resolution.—The increase of the grant to Rs. 25 per mensem is sanctioned.

49. Letter No. 779, dated 4th December 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Upper Channels Division, Yedatore, forwarding for countersignature an estimate for Rs. 1,296 for special repairs of Akkihebbal-Bherya Road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

50. Memo No. 864, dated 4th December 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding notes of inspection of Bilikere, Gaddige trace for a road.

Resolution.—The President may take further action in the matter.

51. Letter No. 370, dated 10th December 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding for countersignature an estimate for Rs. 2,550, for improving Yegatihalla causeway at 1/19 on Mandya-Nagamangala Road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

52. G. O. No. L. 4258-51—L. B. 89-25-13, dated 7th December 1925, from the Secretary, Local and Legislative Departments, sanctioning the Mysore District Board, resolution for waiving the Royalty on materials quarried for the construction of Nanjangud-Chamrajnagar Railway Line.

Resolution.—Recorded. The Board desire to place on record their thanks to Government for the waiving.

53. Appointment of Special Shekdars for the collection work in the Village Panchayets of the Nanjangud and Chamrajnagar Taluks.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

54. Letter No. 354, dated 9th December 1925, from the Executive Engineer, Mysore Division, forwarding for countersignature an estimate for Rs. 1,335, for special consolidation of French Rocks Railway Station-Nelligere Road.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

55. Report No. 179, dated 11th December 1925, from the President, Yedatore Taluk Board, forwarding for sanction an estimate for Rs. 270, for constructing temporary latrines and making sanitary arrangements, during the ensuing Chunchanakatte Jatra.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

56. Estimate for Rs. 30 for constructing temporary kitchen and bath room to the Rest House at Hemagiri, during the ensuing Jatra.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

57. Estimate for Rs. 150 for constructing temporary latrines and making sanitary arrangements, during the ensuing Hemagiri Jatra.

Resolution.—Sanctioned.

58. President's Memo regarding funds required towards the adjustment of the expenses connected with the cleaning of the Gokarna pond at Talakad in connection with the Panchalingadarsana Jatra.

Resolution.—An additional grant of Rs. 561 is sanctioned.

59. Read and recorded the Government Orders.

A. V. RAMANATHAN,
President.

Notification dated 18th December 1925.

It is hereby notified for public information that a cattle show will be held at Mudakatore in the T.-Narsipur Taluk, during the car-festival of Sri Mallikarjunaswami, commencing from 20th January 1926 and lasting for thirteen days.

2. The following prizes will be awarded this year besides certificates:—

Class A.—Bullocks.

	Rs.	
1st prize	20	40
2nd do	10	
3rd do	5	
4th do	5	

Class B.—Bulls (breeding).

1st prize	10	30
2nd do	8	
3rd do	7	
4th do	5	

Class C.—Bull calves (under 4 teeth).

Five prizes at Rs. 5 each	25

Class D.—Five cows 25

Total ... 120

3. A Committee of competent judges, will be appointed for selecting cattle for prizes; and it will have the power to withhold any prizes in the absence of eligible exhibits and to award the same for any other exhibit of sufficient merit.

4. In accordance with G. O. No. 6273-4—Muz. 629-21-2, dated 8th May 1922, a fee of two annas on each bull or bullock and one anna on each cow or calf and three pies on each sheep and goat will be levied.

5. Exhibitors will apply to the Amildar of T.-Narsipur Taluk for further information in the matter.

G. MALLANAH,
For *President, District Board.*

BHADRAVATI MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, SHIMOGA DISTRICT.

Dated 12th November 1925.

It is hereby notified to the public of the Bhadravati Municipality that in modification of the Octroi Draft Bye-laws published in page 36 of Part II-A. of the *Mysore Gazette*, dated 28th May 1925, the Municipal Council of Bhadravati have resolved to add the following rule as rule 20 in the Draft Octroi Bye-law.

Any inhabitant of the Municipality objecting to the addition of the said rule in the Draft Bye-law already notified in the Gazette may send his objections in writting to the President, Bhadravati Municipality, within one month from the date of this notification.

RULE 20TH OF THE BYE-LAW.

* * *

The right of collecting the octroi duty in the Bhadravati Municipality may in case of necessity, be sold by public auction.

N. CHOWDIYA,
President.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JANUARY 22, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

No. Fl. 4083—*Ex.* 60-23-13, *dated* 17*th January* 1925.

Under Section 29 of the Mysore Excise Regulation V of 1901, as amended from time to time and in exercise of all other powers enabling them in this behalf, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to direct that clause 13 of Rule XXX of the arrack rules embodied in Notification No. R. 5961—Ex. 107-18-3 dated 20th November 1919 be amended as follows:—

"When any consignment is forwarded by railway, the pass will be delivered to the arrack carrying contractor, or his servant, or to any other person or Government Officer who is entrusted with the work connected with the transport of arrack and other country spirits, and he should attach it to the invoice or way bill and hand it over to the guard of the train by which the consignment is conveyed. On the arrival of the consignment at the station to which it is booked, the pass should be handed over by the guard to the Station Master who will pass it on to the consignee when making delivery of the consignment."

On the arrival of the consignment at the depot, the Amildar or the official deputed by him shall receive the consignment and deal with it under the provisions of the foregoing rules.

By Order,
K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 19, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

No. P. 4314—*Pol.* 114-23-10, *dated* 14*th February* 1925.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 22 of the Mysore Arms Regulation, No. VI of 1890, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to exempt the following Scout Officers so long as they continue as such from the operation of all prohibitions and directions contained in Sections 8, 9, 10 and 11 of the said Regulation, save in respect of cannon, articles designed for torpedo service, war rockets and machinery for the manufacture of Arms and Ammunition :—

No.	Name	Designation as Scout Officers
1	Mr. K. Shankaranarayana Rao, M.A., B.L.	Chief Scout Commissioner, Bangalore.
2	„ K. H. Ramaiya, B.A., Bar.-at-Law.	District Scout Commissioner, do.
3	„ G. Sridhara Murti, B.A. ...	Do Channapatna.
4	„ C. Seshachar, M.A.	Local Scout Commissioner, Bangalore City.
5	„ A. Ranga Rao	Asst. District Scout Commissioner, Hassan.
6	Dr. M. K. Venkata Rao, M.A., M.Sc., Ph. D.	Commissioner for Senior Scouts.
7	Mr. C. Subba Rao, M.A. (Hons.) ...	Organising Scout Commissioner, Bangalore
8	„ A. Vasudeva Rao, B.A. ...	Asst. Organising Scout Commissioner, Bangalore.
9	„ N. V. Kalyanpur	Scout Master and Secretary, Local Scout Association, Malleswaram, Bangalore.

No.	Name	Designation of Scout Officers
10	Mr. M. Samba Sastri	Scout Master, Vadigenahalli.
11	„ K. Singlachar	Do Bangalore City.
12	„ T. Shama Rao	Do and Instructor in Swimming, Bangalore.
13	„ K. N. Venkatasubba Sastri, M.A.	Do and Member, Head-quarters Executive Committee, Mysore.
14	„ T. Venkatakrishnaiya ...	Do and Instructor in Physical Culture.
15	„ D. Ramaiya, B.A., LL.B. ...	Do and Member, Headquarters Executive Committee, Mysore.
16	„ G. Mukunda	Do 11th Mysore, Mysore.
17	„ G. K. Thimmannachar, M.A. ...	Do Mysore.
18	„ M. V. Krishniengar, B.A. ...	Do Hassan.
19	„ M. A. Venkata Rao, M.A. ...	Do Hassan.
20	„ M. R. Srinivasa Murti, B.A. ...	Do Tumkur.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 26, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures, and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2572, dated 14th February 1925.

Under Standing Order No. 49 of the standing orders for the conduct of business and procedure in the Legislative Council published in Notification No. P. 4349—Legis. 13-23-24, dated 5th February 1924, the accompanying report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Mysore Vaccination Regulation, I of 1906, is published for information.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary, Legislative Council.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE BILL TO AMEND THE MYSORE VACCINATION REGULATION, I OF 1906.

*We the Members of the Select Committee to consider the Bill to amend the Mysore Vaccination Regulation, I of 1906, have the honour to report that we have considered the Bill and are of opinion that the Bill is suitable and may be passed.

We propose that in line 3 of the new Section 4, the words "for the purposes of this Regulation," may be inserted after the word 'bye-laws.'

As we have made no material alteration in the Bill, we do not think it necessary to publish the Bill as amended in the *Mysore Gazette.*

MIR HAMZA HUSEIN.
MAHOMED USMON.
B. NAGAPPA.
D. VENKATESAIYA.
B. A. RAHMON.

BANGALORE
9th February 1925.

Note by the Secretary.—*Mr. B. K. Garudachar was absent.

No. 2571, dated 14th February 1925.

Under Standing Order No. 49 of the standing orders for the conduct of business and procedure of the Legislative Council, published in Notification No. P. 4349—Legis. 13-23-24, dated 5th February 1924, the accompanying report of the Select Committee on the Bill to provide for the preservation of ancient monuments, etc., is published for information.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary, Legislative Council.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE BILL TO PROVIDE FOR THE PRESERVATION OF ANCIENT MONUMENTS AND OF OBJECTS OF ARCHÆOLOGICAL, HISTORICAL OR ARTISTIC INTEREST.

*We the Members of the Select Committee to consider the Bill to provide for the preservation of ancient monuments and of objects of archæological, historical or artistic interest, have carefully considered the Bill and are of the following opinion :—

(1) We think that the period of one month fixed in Section 3 (2) for the receipt of objections may be increased to two months and we suggest the substitution of the words 'two months' for 'one month' in clause (2) of Section 3. Clause (3) of this section has to be similarly altered.

(2) In Section (5) (2) (g) substitute the words 'the Government' for 'His Highness the Maharaja.'

(3) In Section 17 (1) for the word 'country' substitute the words 'Province or State.'

(4) In Section 18 (2) in the third line, after 'object' add 'or objects.'

(5) In Section 24 omit the 'comma' after 'done' in line 2 and transfer the words 'in good faith' in line 3 after the words 'to be done' in the same line.

In view of the fact that the modifications made by us are not material, the amended Bill need not be published in the Official Gazette.

K. R. SRINIVASA IYENGAR.
M. SHAMA RAO.
JOHN BHORE.
B. A. RAHMON.
D. VENKATESAIYA.
K SHANKARANARAYAN RAO

BANGALORE,
10th February 1925.

Foot note by the Secretary.—*Mr. K. Chandy was not present

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MARCH 5, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2724, *dated* 28*th February* 1925.

A Meeting of the Mysore Legislative Council will be held in the Council Chamber, Public Offices, Bangalore, commencing at 12 noon on Wednesday the 15th April 1925.

By Order,
R. Ranga Rao,
Secretary,
Legislative Council.

No. 2606, *dated* 16*th February* 1925.

Under Standing Order No. 49 of the Standing Orders for the conduct of business and procedure of the Legislative Council published in Notification No. P. 4349—Legis. 13-23-24, dated 5th February 1924, the accompanying Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to consolidate and amend the Law relating to Insolvency in Mysore is published for information.

By Order,
R. Ranga Rao,
Secretary, Legislative Council.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE.

We, the Members of the Select Committee appointed to consider the Bill to consolidate and amend the Law relating to Insolvency in Mysore, have the honor to submit the following report :—

We have considered the Bill at two sittings at the first of which Mr. G. Paramasiviah, one of our Members, was unable to be present. The Bill is generally suitable. We find however, that in Section 28 the provision about reputed ownership has been omitted. We think this should be added. We also think that Section 72 of the British Indian Act about undischarged insolvents obtaining credit should be inserted as this is a wholesome provision. We propose, therefore, the insertion of the following* as clause (3) of Section 28, the subsequent clauses being suitably renumbered and of the following† section as Section 72, the subsequent sections being renumbered.

*(3) For the purposes of sub-section (2), all goods being at the date of the presentation of the petition on which the order is made, in the possession, order or disposition of the insolvent in his trade or business by the consent and permission of the true owner, under such circumstances that he is the reputed owner thereof, shall be deemed to be the property of the insolvent.

Undischarged insolvent obtaining credit.

†(72) (1) An undischarged insolvent obtaining credit to the extent of fifty rupees or upwards from any person without informing such person that he is an undischarged insolvent shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine or with both.

(2) Where the Court has reason to believe that an undischarged insolvent has committed the offence referred to in sub-section (1), the Court, after making any preliminary inquiry that may be necessary, may send the case for trial to the nearest Magistrate of the first class and may send the accused in custody or take sufficient security for his appearance before such Magistrate; and may bind over any person to appear and give evidence on such trial.

With these additions, the Bill may be passed.

As we have made no material alteration in the Bill we do not consider it necessary to publish the Bill in the Official Gazette.

MIR HAMZA HUSEIN (*Chairman*).
K. SHANKARANARAYANA RAO.
B. NARASINGA RAO.
M. RAMACHANDRA RAO.
H. VENKATARAMIAH.
C. NARASIMHAYYA,
G. PARAMASIVIAH.
B. NAGAPPA.

No. 2633, dated 24th February 1925.

Under Standing Order No. 49 of the Standing Orders for the conduct of business and procedure of the Legislative Council published in Notification No. P. 4349—Legis. 13-23-24, dated 5th February 1924, the accompanying Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Criminal Tribes Regulations 1916, is published for general information with the Bill as amended by them.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary, Legislative Council.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE BILL TO AMEND THE MYSORE CRIMINAL TRIBES REGULATION, 1916.

*We, the Members of the Select Committee to which the Bill to amend the Criminal Tribes Regulation, 1916, was referred, have considered the Bill and have now the honor to submit this, our report. We approve of the Bill subject to the following alterations :—

Clause 3.—For the words "any officer empowered in this behalf by the Government," substitute the words "the District Magistrate of a district."

Clause 9.—In the proposed new section 28 A,

(*i*) in line 3, omit the brackets before and after the words 'or any State in India,'

(*ii*) in line 6, omit the word 'local,'

(*iii*) in line 7, for 'that' substitute 'such,'

(*iv*) in the same line, omit the words 'the Prince or Chief of the,'

(*v*) in line 8, insert the words 'or State' between 'Province' and 'of,'

(*vi*) in the last line, for 'Mysore' substitute the words 'His Highness the Maharaja.'

K. R. SRINIVASA IYENGAR (*Chairman*).
K. V. ANANTARAMAN.
P. F. BOWRING.
B. L. BYANNA.
H. VENKATARAMIAH.
K. SHANKARNARAYANA RAO.

*MR. N. S. NANJUNDAIYA, was absent.

BILL TO AMEND THE MYSORE CRIMINAL TRIBES REGULATION, 1916.

(AS AMENDED BY THE SELECT COMMITTEE.)

Amendment of Section 4.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Criminal Tribes Regulation, 1916, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

Amendment of Section 5.

1. In Section 4 of the Regulation, the words "or of any part thereof" shall be omitted.

2. In Section 5 of the Regulation.

(*a*) for the words 'a notice' the word "notice" shall be substituted,

(*b*) the words "or of such part thereof as is directed to be registered" shall be omitted; and

(*c*) in the proviso, the words "or part thereof" shall be omitted, and after the word 'registration' the words "and may cancel any such exemption" shall be added.

Amendment of Section 13.

3. In Section 13 of the Regulation, after the word "settled" the following shall be added, *viz.*, "and [any officer empowered in this behalf by the Government] *the District Magistrate of a district*, may, by order in writing, vary any notification made under Section 12 or under this section by directing the restriction of such criminal tribe to another area, or, as the case may be, its settlement in another place, in the same district."

Amendment of Section 15.

4. In Section 15, for the last clause beginning with "and the District Magistrate ," substitute "and all the provisions of this Regulation and the Rules made thereunder shall apply as if such criminal tribe had been registered in that district."

Amendment of Section 16.

5. In Section 16 of the Regulation, the words "or any part thereof" shall be omitted; and to the same section, the following proviso shall be added, *viz*:

"Provided that no criminal tribe shall be placed in a settlement unless the necessity for so placing it has been established to the satisfaction of Government after an enquiry held by such authority and in such manner as may be prescribed."

Amendment of Section 18.

6. In clause (*b*) of Section 18 of the Regulation, the word "like" shall be omitted.

Amendment of Section 21.

7. In sub-section (2) of Section 21 of the Regulation:—

(*a*) After clause (*e*), the following clause shall be inserted, *viz.* "(*ee*) the circumstances in which members of a criminal tribe shall be required to possess and produce for inspection certificates of identity, and the manner in which such certificates shall be granted: "and

(*b*) after clause (*h*), the following clause shall be inserted, *viz*:

"(*hh*) the authority by whom and the manner in which the inquiry referred to in Section 16 shall be held."

Amendment of Section 23.

8. In Section 23 of the Regulation.

(*a*) to sub-section (1) the words "or with fine which may extent to five hundred rupees, or with both" shall be added:

(b) in sub-section (2) for the words "a rule made under any other clause of" the words "any other rule made under" shall be substituted, and

(*c*) After sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be added, *viz*:

Insertion of new Sections 28A and 28B.

"(3) any person who commits or is reasonably suspected of having committed an offence made punishable by this section which is not a cognizable offence within the meaning of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, may be arrested without a warrant by any Officer in charge of a Police Station or by any Police Officer not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector."

9. After Section 28 of the Regulation, the following sections shall be inserted, under the heading "Supplemental," namely:—

"28A. The Government if it is satisfied that adequate provision has been made by the law of any Province of British India, [(or any State in India)] for the restriction of the movements or the settlement in a place of residence of persons such as are referred to in Section 3, and for securing the welfare of persons so restricted or settled, may, with the consent of the [local] Government of [that] *such* Province, or [the Prince or Chief of the] State, direct the removal to that Province *or State* of any criminal tribe for the time being in Mysore, and may authorise the taking of all measures necessary to effect such removal, provided that no person shall be so removed if the Government is satisfied that he is a subject of [Mysore] *His Highness the Maharaja.*

28B. The reference to a criminal tribe in Sections 4, 5, 14, 17 and 28A shall be deemed to be references to a criminal tribe or any part thereof and the like references in Sections 11, 13 and 16 shall be deemed to be references to a criminal tribe or any part or member therof."

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MARCH 12, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No: 2659, dated Bangalore, 27th February 1925.

Under Standing Order No. 49 of the standing orders for the conduct of business and procedure of the Legislative Council, published in Notification No. P. 4349—Legis. 13-23-24, dated 5th February 1924, the accompanying Report of the Select Committee on the Bill to provide for the registration, segregation and medical treatment of certain classes of lepers and the control of lepers following certain callings, is published for information.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary, Legislative Council.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE.

*We the members of the Select Committee to which the Bill to provide for the registration, segregation and medical treatment of certain classes of lepers and the control of lepers following certain callings, was referred, have considered the Bill and have the honor to submit as follows :—

(1) In section 6, sub-section (1) lines 1 and 2 omit the words 'within any local area which has been specified under section 3.'

(2) In the same sub-section in line 2 for the words 'a Police officer' substitute the words 'an officer in charge of a Police station.'

(3) In the same sub-section in line 3 for the word 'therein' substitute the words 'within the limits of such station.'

(4) In line 1 in sub-para of sub-section (1) for the word 'any' substitute 'an.'

(5) In the same sub-para in line 3 insert the words 'after such enquiry as he deems fit' between 'may' and 'retain.'

(6) In line 4 of the same sub-para for the word 'erase' substitute the word 'remove.'

(7) In clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 6, in line 1 for the word 'aforesaid' substitute the words 'specified in section 3.'

(8) In the same clause in line 2 for the words 'may arrest without a warrant' substitute the words 'may without a warrant arrest.'

(9) In clause (b) of the same sub-section insert a full stop after the word 'station' in the second line and omit the rest.

(10) In section 7, sub-section (1) in line 1 omit the words 'or released.'

(11) In line 3 of the same sub-section omit the words 'or summoned to appear.'

(12) In the same line put a 'comma' after the word 'lepers.'

(13) In clause (b) of the same sub-section in line 1 insert the word 'such' between 'that' and 'person' and the word 'a' between 'is' and 'leper.'

(14) In sub-section (2) in lines 6 and 7 for the words 'such act is likely to spread the infection among other persons' substitute the words 'in consequence thereof infection is likely to spread to other persons.'

(15) In the same sub-section in line 11, omit the words 'within the meaning of section 2.'

(16) Add the following sentence at the end of the same sub-section :—

'Such Magistrate shall issue a warrant in Form C set forth in the schedule for the arrest and production of the leper before him on a date to be specified in the warrant.'

(17) In section 10, sub-section (2) in line 3 for the words 'in Form D' substitute the words 'in Form E.'

(18) In section 13 in line 2, for the words 'in Form C or Form D' substitute the words 'in Form D or Form E.'

(19) In section 15 in line 3, for the words 'in Form E' substitute the words 'in Form F.'

(20) In the schedule after the Form B insert the following :—

Form C.

Warrant of arrest.

(Section 7 (2).)

To .

(Name and designation of the person or persons who is or are to execute the warrant.)

Whereas the Inspector of Lepers (designation in full) makes a report under section 7 (2) of the Lepers Regulation, 1925 that is a leper, you are hereby directed to arrest the said and to produce him before me on

Herein fail not.

Dated this day of 19

(Seal) (Signature)

(21) In the schedule in 'C.-Warrant of Detention' for 'C' substitute 'D.'

(22) In the schedule in 'D. Warrant of Detention' for 'D' substitute 'E'

(23) In the schedule in 'E-Order of Discharge by Board or the District Magistrate' for 'E.' substitute 'F'.

In view of the fact that we have made no material alteration in the Bill, we do not consider it necessary to publish the Bill as approved by us in the Gazette.

MIR HAMZA HUSEIN.
B. MAHOMED USMON.
K. SHANKARNARAYANA RAO.
B. NAGAPPA.
B. ABDUR RAHMON.
B. V. RAMASWAMY CHETTY.

MESSRS. N. S. NANJUNDIAH AND H. VENKATARAMIAH WERE ABSENT.

BANGALORE,
18th February 1925.

No. Fl. 5019—*Ex.* 43-24-8, *dated* 9*th March* 1925.

In supersession of Notification No. Fl. 3682—Ex. 12-22-14, dated the 19th February 1923, it is hereby notified for general information that, with effect from 1st July 1925, the issue price at which opium is sold to licensed vendors will be raised from Rs. 70 to Rs. 75 per seer of 80 tolas.

No. Fl. 5028—*St.* 18-24-2, *dated* 9*th March* 1925.

In exercise of the powers conferred by the Mysore Stamp Regulation II of 1900 as amended by Regulation II of 1908 and by Regulation IV of 1916 and VII of 1922, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to make the further additions and alterations noted below to the Rules issued under Notification No. Fl. 5821—Legis. 52-08-1, dated the 8th May 1908.

Chapter II—Rule 6 add "or caused to be marked" after "marked" in line 3.

Rule 9 (1) after the word "affix" in line 4 add the words "or cause to be affixed" and substitute the words "counter stamp" for the words "Stamp or write on.....impressing" occurring in lines 6 and 7.

Rule 9 (3) substitute the words "the Supervisor" for the words "his principal Assistant" in line 1.

By Order,

K. V. ANANTARAMAN,

Secretary to Government,

Revenue Department.

Registered No M.—1175

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MARCH 19, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATIONS.

No. 2653, dated Bangalore 26th February 1925.

Under Standing Order No. 49 of the standing orders for the conduct of business and procedure of the Legislative Council published in Notification No. P. 4349—Legis. 13-23-24, dated 5th February 1924, the accompanying report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the Government Securities Regulation, 1894, is published for information.

By Order,

R. Ranga Rao,

Secretary, Legislative Council.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE ON THE BILL TO AMEND THE GOVERNMENT SECURITIES REGULATION, 1894.

We the Members of the Select Committee appointed to consider the report on the Bill to consolidate and amend the law relating to Government Securities beg to recommend that the Bill may be passed with the following changes:—

(1) In section 1, clause (3) substitute the words 'at once' for the words 'on the first day of'

(2) At the end of section 11, add the following :—

Explanation :. The expression 'Hindu undivided family governed by the Mitakphara Law' shall for the purpose of this section, be deemed to include a Malabar *tarwad*.

In view of the fact that we have made no material alteration in the Bill, we do not consider it necessary to publish the Bill as approved by us in the Gazette.

(Sd). MIR HAMZA HUSEIN (*Chairman*).
" K. MATTHAN.
" B. NAGAPPA.
" H. CHENNAYA.
" M. N. KRISHNA RAO.
" H. VENKATARAMIAH. } Signed subject to certain observations appended).
" B. NARASINGA RAO. }

*MR. B. K. GARUDACHAR WAS ABSENT.

†MR. B. NARASINGA RAO'S OBSERVATIONS.

"I sign this report subject to the following observations :—

It is of primary and paramount importance to protect the interests of minors and lunatics. Under clause 23 (K), the power to frame rules is sufficiently wide and elastic. I therefore, respectfully recommend that the Government in framing the rules, will make sufficient provision as to the taking of indemnity or security, as the case may be, before the money is being paid to any person who is not a certificated or natural guardian and who may allege himself to be the *de facto* guardian under whose protection, the minor or lunatic may for the time being remain."

MR. H. VENKATARAMIAH'S OBSERVATIONS.

I sign this report with a note that in rules prescribed for the payment of capital of securities standing or held in the name of a minor or an insane person under section 19, provision has to be made for taking security when the amount exceeds rupees two thousand in order to safeguard the interests of such person.

No. 2650 dated Bangalore 26th February 1925.

Under Rule 8 of the rules for the conduct of business of the Mysore Legislative Council, the accompanying bill to amend the Mysore Motor Vehicles Regulation, 1913, is published for general information with the statement of objects and reasons.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary, Legislative Council.

Bill to amend the Mysore Motor Vehicles Regulation, 1913.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Mysore Motor Vehicles Regulation, 1913, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows :—

For Clause (a) of sub-section (2) of section 9 of the Mysore Motor Vehicles Regulation, 1913, the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(a) registration of motor vehicles and the conditions subject to which such vehicles may be registered, the fees payable in respect of and incidental to registration, the issue of certificates of registration, the notification of any changes of ownership, and the area in which and the duration for which, certificates of registration shall be valid."

Statement of Objects and Reasons.

The Government of India have recently passed an Act amending the Indian Motor Vehicles Act, 1914 for legalising the renewal of registration of motor vehicles. This amendment was necessitated by the decision of the Bombay High Court in Crown *Versus* J. D. Sherston Baker that the rule framed by the Bombay Government in regard to annual registration was *ultra vires*, the local Government not having power to make such a rule under the Act as it stood.

Section 9 (2) clause (a) of the Mysore Motor Vehicles Regulation, 1913 is also defective in this respect. It is therefore proposed to amend that clause so as to make it comprehensive by adopting the provision of section 11, sub-section (2) clause (*a*) of the Indian Motor Vehicles Act of 1914 as it would stand after the amendment.

No. 2791, *dated Bangalore* 11*th March* 1925.

Under Order No. 49 of the Standing Orders for the conduct of business and procedure in the Legislative Council, published with No. P. 4349—Legis. 13-23-24, dated 5th February 1924, the accompanying report of the Select Committee on the Bill to amend the law relating to the protection of Inventions and Designs is published for information.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary, Legislative Council

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE.

We, the members of the Select Committee to consider the Bill to amend the law relating to the protection of Inventions and Designs have the honor to submit the following report :—

We considered the Bill at two sittings, at the first of which Dr. L. C. Coleman, one of our members, was unable to be present. With some verbal and typographical alterations, we approve of the Bill as placed before us.

In recommending that the Bill as amended may be passed by the Council, we have two suggestions to offer. Firstly, we think that the Regulation may be called the Mysore Patents and Designs Regulation and may be brought into force after the expiry of three months from the date of the passing thereof. Secondly, we are of opinion that the provision made under clause 67, sub-clause 1, for appeals being filed against an order of the Controller within two months of the date of the order is not very clear. If, for instance, the order is passed by the Controller without the knowledge of the party effected by the order and in his absence, the calculation of two months from the date of the order is likely to cause him some hardship. We therefore suggest that in exercise of the rule-making powers of Government under section 73, a rule should be made that before the Controller passes an order of the kind referred to in section 67 (1) a timely and sufficient notice of the date on which the order is to be passed should be given to the parties who will be affected by it.

We attach to this report a copy of the bill as approved by us. In view of the fact that we have made no material alterations in it, we do not think it necessary to publish the Bill as approved by us in the Gazette.

(Sd.) K. R. SRINIVASA IYENGAR (*Chairman*).
L. C. COLEMAN.
S. G. FORBES.
B. NAGAPPA.
RALPH NYE.
M. RAMACHANDRA RAO.
P. G. D'SOUZA.

REVENUE SECRETARIAT.

Notification No. Fl. 5092—Ex. 50-24-4, dated 14th March 1925.

Under Sections 16 and 29 of the Mysore Excise Regulation and in exercise of all other powers enabling them in this behalf, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to amend the Rules regulating Excise sales embodied in Notification No. R. 9208—Ex. 14-18-9, dated 13th February 1920 as follows :—

General Conditions applicable to all Excise and Opium Licenses.

1. In Condition 20 at the end of the existing sentence add.—

"Power is however reserved to the Deputy Commissioner to raise the retail rates at which the licensee sells any intoxicating liquor or drugs if such rate is below that which may be reasonably expected to cover the cost, the rental and other incidental expenses."

2. In Chapter IV headed conditions applicable to Arrack Licenses.—

(1) After clause (8) insert the following as a sub-clause 8(*a*).—

"The licensee of every arrack shop in Chikmagalur will pay a surcharge of 4 annas a gallon on all arrack sold by him in excess of 55 gallons a month in each such shop."

3. Add the following at the end of Condition 31 of General Conditions.—

"Disposal of the privilege of sale otherwise than by resale includes also closure of the shop or tavern."

By Order,
K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, APRIL 16, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

No. Fl. 5657—Ex. 50-24-7, dated 14th April 1925.

Under Sections 16 and 29 of the Mysore Excise Regulation and in exercise of all other powers enabling them in this behalf, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to further amend the rules regulating Excise sales embodied in Notification No. R. 9208—Ex. 14-18-9, dated 13th February 1920, as follows :—

General conditions applicable to all Excise and Opium Licenses.

Add the following at the end of condition 20 amended in Notification No. Fl 5092—Ex. 50-24-4, dated 14th March 1925, as a proviso.

" Power is also reserved to the Deputy Commissioner to fix a higher retail price than the prescribed minimum price for the sale of toddy in the shops either within the areas in which the higher rate of duty is levied on arrack sold in such area or within a radius of 5 miles round such high duty areas."

K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MAY 14, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

GOVERNMENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA OF MYSORE.

NOTIFICATION.

No. Fl. 6090—*Ex.* 40-22-9, *dated* 9*th May* 1925.

Under Section 29 of the Excise Regulation, V of 1901 as amended from time to time and in exercise of all other powers enabling them in this behalf, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to amend the Foreign Liquor Rules issued under Government Notification No. 11469 —Ex. F. 3-1901, dated 10th January 1902 as follows :—

1. Substitute the following for items 1 to 5 in the scale of fees prescribed in para 12—VI 2 of the Rules :—

	Rs.	a.	p.
1. Wholesale license	200	0	0
2. Retail "Off" License in Bangalore ...	625	0	0
(*i*) Retail "Off" License in Mysore and in the Kolar Gold Fields	375	0	0
(*ii*) Retail "Off" License in places other than Bangalore, Mysore and Kolar Gold Fields	180	0	0
3. Hotel and Boarding House License	150	0	0
4. (*i*) License for Railway Refreshment Rooms in Bangalore and Mysore	200	0	0
(*ii*) License for Railway Refreshment Rooms in other places	180	0	0
5. Ordinary Refreshment Room License	180	0	0

2. In para 12—VI—(4) of the Rules relating to Surcharge fees substitute "125" and "250" for "250" and "500" respectively in line 5 thereof.

By Order,

K. V. ANANTARAMAN,
Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MAY 21, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

No. 4284, *dated* 15*th May* 1925.

BRIEF ABSTRACT OF THE PROCEEDINGS OF THE THIRD MEETING OF THE MYSORE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, HELD FROM 9TH DECEMBER 1924 TO 13TH DECEMBER 1924.

The business of the meeting that was tabled for the 9th December 1924 was adjourned to the next day on account of the demise of Maharajakumari Jayalakshmammanniavaru, First Princess.

The adjourned meeting commenced its sittings at 12 noon on Wednesday the 10th December 1924 and lasted for four days. All the members were present except Messrs. B. Ramaswamaiya, B. V. Ramiengar, and Rao Sahib H. Chenniah.

The Secretary reported that Mr. B. Mahomed Usmon, Senior Surgeon, took his seat as a member of the Legislative Council in place of Dr. H. B. Mylvaganam, resigned, and that a petition in Kannada which had been received from the residents of Gubbi, regarding the prevention of cow slaughter in that town had to be rejected under Order No. 65 of the Standing Orders. Twenty-five questions were put and answered. The first day's deliberations were brought to a close after the following ten Bills had been discussed:—

1. Bill to amend the Indian Penal Code as in force in Mysore.
2. Bill to amend the Code of Civil Procedure.
3. Bill to provide for the Registration, Segregation and Medical Treatment of Lepers.
4. Bill to amend the Law relating to the Control of the Publication of Newspapers.
5. Bill to amend the Press and Registration of Books Act.

6. Bill to ensure the better preservation of Ancient Monuments of archæological, historical or artistic interest.
7. Bill to amend the Mysore Factories Regulation, 1914.
8. Bill to amend the Mysore Inventions and Designs Regulation.
9. Bill to amend the Mysore Securities Regulation.
10. The Mysore Religious and Charitable Institutions Bill.

As the amendment to the Indian Penal Code merely required the insertion of a few words in one section, it was not considered necessary to refer it to a Select Committee. Nine Bills were referred to Select Committees. On the second day three Bills, *viz.*, the Bill to amend the Criminal Tribes Regulation, the Bill to amend the Mysore Vaccination Regulation and the Mysore Coffee Cess Bill, were taken up and referred to Select Committees after discussion,

Two more Bills, *viz.*, the Mysore Insolvency Bill and the Bill to amend the Legal Practitioners Regulation were considered on the third day and the Bill to amend the Legal Practitioners Regulation was withdrawn in order that it may be placed before the Representative Assembly.

Government next made fifteen demands for supplementary and additional grants for 1924-25 which were considered and granted by the Council. A statement of expenditure authorised by the Government under proviso (1) *b* of Section 13 of the Regulation No. XIX of 1923 was laid on the table for the information of the House.

The last day of the meeting, *viz.*, 13th December 1924 was devoted to resolutions of which there were eight. Five were withdrawn after being moved, one withdrawn for being brought forward at another meeting and the two accepted by Government with certain modifications.

Copies of the proceedings have been published separately and can be had from the Curator, Government Central Book Depot, Fort, Bangalore City.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary, Legislative Council.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

No. P. 6363(1)—*Legis.* 35-24-1, *dated* 18*th May* 1925.

Ordered that the accompanying Regulation further to amend the Mysore University Regulation, 1916, which received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja, on the fourteenth day of May 1925, be published as Regulation No. I of 1925, in the *Mysore Gazette* for general information.

T. SINGARUVELU MUDALIAR,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

REGULATION I OF 1925.

REGULATION TO FURTHER AMEND THE MYSORE UNIVERSITY REGULATION, 1916.

(Received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja on the fourteenth day of May 1925.)

WHEREAS it is expedient to further amend the Mysore University Regulation, 1916, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

In sub-clause (*c*) of clause (4) of Sectin 9 of the Mysore University Regulation; 1916, for the words "six members by the faculties" the words "two members by each of the faculties" shall be substituted.

A. R. BANERJI,
Dewan.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

Vol. 60.] PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY. [No. 25.

BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JUNE 18, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 6739—*Legis.* 17-24-1, *dated* 12*th June* 1925.

Ordered that the Bill to amend the Mysore Motor Vehicles Regulation, 1913, which received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja on the 17th day of May 1925, be published in the *Mysore Gazette* as Regulation II of 1925.

T. SINGARAVELU MUDALIAR,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

REGULATION II OF 1925.

A REGULATION TO AMEND THE MYSORE MOTOR VEHICLES REGULATION, 1913.

(Received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja on the 17th day of May 1925.)

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Mysore Motor Vehicles Regulation, 1913, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows :—

For clause (*a*) of Sub-Section (2) of Section 9 of the Mysore Motor Vehicles Regulation, 1913, the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*a*) registration of motor vehicles and the conditions subject to which such vehicles may be registered, the fees payable in respect of and incidental to registration, the issue of certificates of registration, the notification, of any changes of ownership, and the area in which and the duration for which, certificates of registration shall be valid."

A. R. BANERJI,
Dewan.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, JULY 9, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Notification No. 76, dated 8th July 1925.

A meeting of the Mysore Legislative Council will be held in the Council Chamber, Public Offices, Bangalore, commencing at 12 noon on Tuesday the 11th August 1925.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary, Legislative Council.

Registered No. M.—1175

Vol. 60.] PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY. [No. 31.

BANGALORE THURSDAY, JULY 30, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Notification No. 591, *dated* 27*th July* 1925.

In modification of this Office Notification No. 76, dated 8th July 1925, the meeting of the Mysore Legislative Council will be held in the Council Chamber, Public Offices, Bangalore, commencing at 12 noon on Monday, the 7th September 1925, instead of on Tuesday, the 11th August 1925.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary, Legislative Council
(in charge).

Registered No. M.—1175

Vol. 60.] PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY. [No. 32.

BANGALORE THURSDAY, AUGUST 6, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

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REGULATION III OF 1925.

THE MYSORE PATENTS AND DESIGNS REGULATION, 1925.

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REGULATION III OF 1925.

(RECEIVED THE ASSENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA ON THE SEVENTH DAY OF JULY 1925.)

A REGULATION TO AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO THE PROTECTION OF PATENTS AND DESIGNS.

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the law relating to the protection of patents and designs; His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

PRELIMINARY.

Short title, extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Mysore Patents and Designs Regulation, 1925.

(2) It extends to the whole of Mysore; and

(3) It shall come into force after the expiry of three months from the date of the passing thereof.

Definitions

2. In this Regulation unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context:—

(1) "article" means (as respects designs) any article of manufacture and any substance, artificial or natural, or partly artificial and partly natural:

(2) "Controller" means the Controller of Patents and Designs appointed under this Regulation:

(3) "copyright" means the exclusive right to apply a design to any article in any class in which the design is registered:

(4) "design" means any design applicable to any article, whether the design is applicable for the pattern, or for the shape or configuration, or for the ornament thereof, or for any two, or more of such purposes, and by whatever means it is applicable, whether by printing, painting, embroidering, weaving, sewing, modelling, casting, embossing, engraving, staining, or any other means whatever, manual, mechanical or chemical, separate or combined, but does not include any trade or property mark as defined in sections 478 and 479 of the Indian Penal Code:

(5) "District Court" has the meaning assigned to that expression by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911:

(6) "invention" means any manner of new manufacture and includes an improvement and an alleged invention:

(7) "legal representative" means a person who in law represents the estate of a deceased person:

(8) "manufacture" includes any art, process or manner of producing, preparing or making an article, and also any article prepared or produced by manufacture:

(9) "patent" means a patent granted under the provisions of this Regulation:

(10) "patentee" means the person for the time being entitled to the benefit of a patent:

(11) "prescribed" includes prescribed by rules under this Regulation, and:

(12) "proprietor of a new and original design",—

(*a*) where the author of the design, for good consideration, executes the work for some other person, means the person for whom the design is so executed; and

(*b*) where any person acquires the design or the right to apply the design to any article, either exclusively of any other person or otherwise, means, in the respect and to the extent in and to which the design or right has been so acquired, the person by whom the design or right is so acquired; and

(*c*) in any other case, means the author of the design; and where the property in, or the right to apply, the design has devolved from the original proprietor upon any other person, includes that other person.

PART I.

PATENTS.

Application for and Grant of Patent.

Application

3. (1) An application for a patent may be made by any person whether he is a subject of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore or not, and whether alone or jointly with any other person.

(2) The application must be made in the prescribed form and must be left at the Patent Office in the prescribed manner.

(3) The application must contain a declaration to the effect that the applicant is in possession of an invention, whereof he, or in the case of a joint application one at least of the applicants, claims to be the true and first inventor or the legal representative or assign of such inventor and for which he desires to obtain a patent, and must be accompanied by a specification and by the prescribed fee.

(4) Where the true and first inventor is not a party to the application, the application must contain a statement of his name, and such particulars for his identification as may be prescribed, and the applicant must show that he is the legal representative or assign of such inventor.

Specification

4. (1) The specification must particularly describe and ascertain the nature of the invention and the manner in which the same is to be performed.

(2) Where the Controller deems it desirable, he may require that suitable drawings shall be supplied with the specification, or at any time before the acceptance of the application, and such drawings shall be deemed to form part of the specification.

(3) The specification must commence with the title, and must end with a distinct statement of the invention claimed.

(4) If in any particular case the Controller considers that an application should be further supplemented by a model or sample of anything illustrating the invention or alleged to constitute an invention, such model or sample as he may require shall be furnished before the acceptance of the application, but such model or sample shall not be deemed to form part of the specification.

Proceedings upon application.

5. (1) The Controller shall examine every application, and if he considers that—

(*a*) the nature of the invention is not fairly described, or

(*b*) the application, specification and drawings have not been prepared in the prescribed manner or relate to more than one invention, or

(*c*) the title does not sufficiently indicate the subject-matter of the invention, or

(*d*) the statement of claim does not sufficiently define the invention, or

(*e*) the invention as described and claimed is *prima facie* not a new manufacture or improvement,

he may refuse to accept the application or require that the application, specification or drawings be amended before he proceeds with the application; and in the latter case the application shall, if the controller so directs, bear date as from the time when the requirement is complied with.

(2) Where the Controller refuses to accept an application or requires an amendment, the applicant may appeal from his decision to the Government.

(3) The investigations required by this section shall not be held in any way to guarantee the validity of any patent, and no liability shall be incurred by the Government or any officer by reason of, or in connection with, any such investigation, or any proceeding consequent thereon.

(4) Unless an application is accepted within twelve months from the date of the application, the application shall (except where an appeal has been lodged) become void :

Provided that where an application is made for an extension of time for the acceptance of an application, the Controller shall, on payment of the prescribed fee, grant an extension of time to the extent applied for but not exceeding three months.

Advertisement on acceptance of application.

6. On the acceptance of an application the Controller shall give notice thereof to the applicant and shall advertise the acceptance; and the application and specification with the drawings (if any) shall be open to public inspection.

Use of invention on acceptance of application.

7. Where an application for a patent in respect of an invention has been accepted, any use or publication of the invention during the period between the date of application and the date of sealing such patent shall not prejudice the patent to be granted for the invention :

Provided that an applicant shall not be entitled to institute any proceedings for infringement unless and until a patent for the invention has been granted to him.

Inquiry before sealing patent.

8. After acceptance of an application and before sealing a patent the Controller shall, if he thinks it advisable or is directed by the Government so to do, refer the specification for inquiry and report to any person whom he thinks fit.

Opposition to grant of patent.

9. (1) Any person may, on payment of the prescribed fee, at any time within three months from the date of the advertisement of the acceptance of an application, give notice at the Patent Office of opposition to the grant of the patent on any of the following grounds, namely :—

(*a*) that the applicant obtained the invention from him, or from a person of whom he is the legal representative or assign ; or

(*b*) that the invention has been claimed in any specification filed in Mysore which is or will be of prior date to the patent, the grant of which is opposed ; or

(*c*) that the nature of the invention or the manner in which it is to be performed is not sufficiently or fairly described and ascertained in the specification ; or

(*d*) that the invention has been publicly used in any part of Mysore or has been made publicly known in any part of Mysore ;

but on no other ground.

(2) Where such notice is given, the Controller shall give notice of the opposition to the applicant, and shall, on the expiration of those three months, after hearing the applicant and the opponent, if desirous of being heard, decide on the case.

(3) The decision of the Controller shall be subject to appeal to the Government.

Grant and sealing of patent.

10. (1) If there is no opposition, or, in case of opposition, if the determination is in favour of the grant of a patent, a patent shall, on payment of the prescribed fee, be granted, subject to such conditions (if any) as the Government thinks expedient, to the applicant, or in the case of a joint application to the applicants jointly, and the Controller shall cause the patent to be sealed with the seal of the Patent Office.

(2) A patent shall be sealed as soon as may be, and not after the expiration of eighteen months from the date of application :

Provided that,—

(*a*) where the Controller has allowed an extension of the time within which an application may be accepted, a further extension of four months after the said eighteen months shall be allowed for the sealing of the patent ;

(*b*) where the sealing is delayed by an appeal to the Government or by a reference under section 8, or by opposition to the grant of the patent, the patent may be sealed at such time as the Controller may direct ;

(c) where the patent is granted to the legal representative of an applicant who has died before the expiration of the time which would otherwise be allowed for sealing the patent, the patent may be sealed at any time within twelve months after the date of his death ;

(d) where in consequence of the neglect or failure of the applicant to pay any fee a patent cannot be sealed within the period allowed by this section, that period may, on payment of the prescribed fee and on compliance with the prescribed conditions, be extended to such an extent as may be prescribed.

Date of patent.

11. Except as otherwise expressly provided by this Regulation, a patent shall be dated and sealed as of the date of the application :

Provided that no proceeding shall be taken in respect of an infringement committed before the publication of the specification.

Effect, extent and form of patent

12. (1) A patent sealed with the seal of the Patent Office shall, subject to the other provisions of this Regulation, confer on the patentee the exclusive privilege of making, selling and using the invention throughout Mysore and of authorizing others so to do.

(2) Every patent may be in the prescribed form and shall be granted for one invention only, but the specification may contain more than one claim ; and it shall not be competent for any person in a suit or other proceeding to take any objection to a patent on the ground that it has been granted for more than one invention.

Fraudulent applications for patents.

13. (1) A patent granted to the true and first inventor or his legal representative or assign shall not be invalidated by an application in fraud of him, or by protection obtained thereon or by any use or publication of the invention subsequent to that fraudulent application during the period of protection.

(2) Where a patent has been revoked on the ground of fraud or on any other ground, the Controller may on the application of the true inventor or his legal representative or assign made in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation, grant to him a patent in lieu of and bearing the same date as the patent so revoked, for any invention comprised in the revoked patent to which he was entitled :

Provided that no suit shall be brought for any infringement of the patent so granted committed before the actual date when such patent was granted.

Term of patent.

Term of patent.

14. (1) The term limited in every patent for the duration thereof shall, save as otherwise expressly provid d by this Regulation, be fourteen years from its date.

(2) A patent shall, notwithstanding anything therein or in this Regulation, cease if the patentee fails to pay the prescribed fees within the prescribed times :

Provided that the Controller, upon the application of the patentee, shall, on receipt of such additional fee as may be prescribed, enlarge the time to such an extent as may be applied for but not exceeding three months

(3) If any proceeding is taken in respect of an infringement of the patent committed after a failure to pay any fee within the prescribed time and before any enlargement thereof, the Court before which the proceeding is taken may, if it thinks fit, refuse to award any damages in respect of such infringement.

Extension of term of patent.

15. (1) A patentee may, after advertising in the prescribed manner his intention to do so, present a petition to the Government praying that his patent may be extended for a further term; but such petition must be left at the Patent Office at least six months before the time limited for the expiration of the patent and must be accompanied by the prescribed fee.

(2) Any person may give notice to the Controller of objection to the extension.

(3) Where a petition is presented under sub-section (1), the Government may, as it thinks fit, dispose of the petition or refer it to the Chief Court for decision.

(4) If the petition be referred to the Chief Court, then on the hearing of such petition under this section the patentee, and any person who has given notice under sub-section (2) of objection, shall be made parties to the proceeding, and the Controller shall be entitled to appear and be heard.

(5) The Court to which the petition is referred shall, in considering its decision, have regard to the nature and merits of the invention in relation to the public, to the profits made by the patentee as such, and to all the circumstances of the case.

(6) If it appears to the Government or to the Chief Court when the petition has been referred to it, that the patentee has been inadequately remunerated by his patent, the Government or the Chief Court, as the case may be, may by order extend the term of the patent for a further term not exceeding seven, or, in exceptional cases, fourteen years, or may order the grant of a new patent for such term as may be specified in the order and subject to the payment of such fees as may be prescribed and containing any restriction, conditions and provisions which the Government or the Chief Court, as the case may be, may think fit;

Provided that any patent so extended or granted shall, notwithstanding anything therein, or in this Regulation, cease if the inventor fails to pay before the expiration of each year the prescribed fee.

Restoration of lapsed patent.

16. (1) Where any patent has ceased owing to the failure of the patentee to pay any prescribed fee within the prescribed time, the patentee may apply to the Controller in the prescribed manner for an order for the restoration of the patent.

(2) Every such application shall contain a statement of the circumstances which have led to the omission of the payment of the prescribed fee.

(3) If it appears from such statement that the omission was unintentional or unavoidable and that no undue delay has occurred in the making of the application, the Controller shall advertise the application in the prescribed manner, and within such time as may be prescribed any person may give notice of opposition at the Patent Office.

(4) Where such notice is given, the Controller shall notify the applicant thereof.

(5) After the expiration of the prescribed period, the Controller shall hear the case and, subject to an appeal to the Government, issue an order either restoring the patent subject to any conditions and restriction deemed to be advisable or dismissing the application.

Provided that in every order under this section restoring a patent such provisions as may be prescribed shall be inserted for the protection of persons who may have availed themselves of the subject-matter of the patent after the patent had ceased.

Amendment of Application or Specification.

Amendment of application or specification by Controller.

17. (1) An applicant or a patentee may at any time, by request in writing left at the Patent Office and accompanied by the prescribed fee, seek leave to amend his application or specification, including drawings forming part thereof, by way of disclaimer, correction or explanation stating the nature of, and the reasons for, the proposed amendment.

(2) If the application for a patent has not been accepted, the Controller shall determine whether and subject to what conditions (if any), the amendment shall be allowed.

(3) In any other case the request and the nature of the proposed amendment shall be advertised in the prescribed manner, and at any time within three months from its first advertisement any person may give notice at the Patent Office of opposition to the amendment.

(4) Where such a notice is given, the Controller shall give notice of the opposition to the person making the request, and shall hear and decide the case.

(5) Where no notice of opposition is given, or the person so giving notice of opposition does not appear, the Controller shall determine whether and subject to what conditions, if any, the amendment ought to be allowed.

(6) The decision of the Controller in either case shall be subject to an appeal to the Government.

(7) No amendment shall be allowed that would make the application or specification, as amended, claim an invention substantially larger than, or substantially different from, the invention claimed by the application or specification as it stood before amendment.

(8) Leave to amend shall be conclusive as to the right of the party to make the amendment allowed, except in case of fraud; and the amendment shall be advertised in the prescribed manner, and shall in all Courts and for all purposes be deemed to form part of the application or specification.

(9) This section shall not apply when and so long as any suit for infringement or proceeding before a Court for the revocation of the patent is pending.

Amendment of specification by the Court.

18. In any suit for infringement of a patent or proceeding before a Court for the revocation of a patent, the Court may by order allow the patentee to amend his specification by way of disclaimer in such manner, and subject to such terms as to costs, advertisement or otherwise, as the Court may think fit;

Provided that no amendment shall be so allowed that would make the specification, as amended, claim an invention substantially larger than, or substantially different from, the invention claimed by the specification as it stood before the amendment, and where an application for such an order is made to the Court notice of the application shall be given to the Controller, and the Controller shall have the right to appear and be heard.

Restriction on recovery of damages.

19. Where an amendment of a specification by way of disclaimer, correction or explanation has been allowed under this Regulation, no damages shall be given in any suit in respect of the use of the invention before the disclaimer, correction or explanation, unless the patentee establishes to the satisfaction of the Court that his original claim was framed in good faith and with reasonable skill and knowledge.

Register of Patents.

Register of Patents.

20. (1) There shall be kept at the Patent Office a book called the Register of Patents, wherein shall be entered the names and addresses of grantees of patents, notifications of assignments and of transmissions of patents, of licenses under patents and of amendments, extensions, and revocations of patents, and such other matters affecting the validity or proprietorship of patents as may be prescribed.

(2) The register of inventions and address book existing at the commencement of this Regulation shall be incorporated with, and form part of, the register of patents under this Regulation.

(3) The register of patents shall be *prima facie* evidence of any matters by this Regulation directed or authorised to be inserted therein.

(4) Copies of deeds, licenses any any other documents affecting the proprietorship in any patent or in any license thereunder, must be supplied to the Controller in the prescribed manner for filing in the Patent Office, and, unless such copies have been so supplied, such deeds, licenses or other documents shall not be received as evidence of any transaction affecting a patent.

Patent to bind Government.

21. Subject to any conditions which the Government may have imposed, a patent shall have to all intents the like effect as against the Government of Mysore as it has against the subject.

Provided that the officers or authorities administering any department of the service of the Government may, by themselves, their agents, contractors or others, at any time after the application, use the invention for the services of the Government on such terms as may, either before or after the use thereof, be agreed on, with the approval of the Government between those officers or authorities and the patentee, or, in default of agreement, as may be settled by the Government of Mysore after hearing all parties interested.

Compulsory licenses and Revocation.

Compulsory licenses and revocation

22. (1) Any person interested may present a petition to the Government which shall be left at the Patent Office, together with the prescribed fee, alleging that the reasonable requirements of the public with respect to a patented invention have not been satisfied, and praying for the grant of a compulsory license, or in the alternative, for the revocation of the patent.

(2) The Government shall consider the petition, and if the parties do not come to an arrangement between themselves the Government may, as it thinks fit, either dispose of the petition or refer it to the Chief Court for decision.

(3) The provisions of sub-section (4) of Section 15, prescribing the procedure to be followed in the case of references to the Court under that section, shall apply in the case of references made to the Court under this section.

(4) If the Government is of opinion, or where reference has been made under sub section (2) to the Chief Court that Court finds, that the reasonable requirements of the public with reference to the patented invention have not been satisfied the patentee may be ordered to grant licenses on such terms as the Government or the Chief Court, as the case may be, may think just, or, if the Government or the Chief Court is of opinion that the reasonable requirements of the public will not be satisfied by the grant of the licenses, the patent may be revoked by order of the Government or the Chief Court:

Provided that an order of revocation shall not be made before the expiration of four years from the date of the patent, or if the patentee gives satisfactory reasons for his default.

(5) For the purposes of this section the reasonable requirements of the public shall not be deemed to have been satisfied—

(*a*) If by reason of the default of the patentee to manufacture to an adequate extent and supply on reasonable terms the patented article, or any parts thereof which are necessary for its efficient working, or to carry on the patented process to an adequate extent or to grant licenses on reasonable terms, any existing trade or industry or the establishment of any new trade or industry in Mysore is unfairly prejudiced, or the demand for the patented article or the article produced by the patented process is not reasonably met; or

(b) If any trade or industry in Mysore is unfairly prejudiced by the conditions attached by the patentee before or after the commencement of this Regulation to the purchase, hire or use of the patented article or to the using or working of the patented process.

(6) An order of the Government or of the Chief Court directing the grant of any license under this section shall, without prejudice to any other method of enforcement, operate as if it were embodied in a deed granting a license and made between the parties to the proceeding.

Revocation of patents worked outside Mysore.

23. (1) At any time not less than four years after the date of a patent granted under this Regulation, any person may apply to the Government for the revocation of the patent on the ground that the patented article or process is manufactured or carried on exclusively or mainly outside the territories of Mysore.

(2) The Government shall consider the application, and if after inquiry, it is satisfied—

(*a*) that the allegations contained therein are correct; and

(*b*) that the applicant is prepared, and is in a position, to manufacture or carry on the patented article or process in Mysore; and

(*c*) that the patentee refuses to grant a license on reasonable terms,

then, subject to the provisions of this section, and unless the patentee proves that the patented article or process is manufactured or carried on to an adequate extent in Mysore, or gives satisfactory reasons why the article or process is not so manufactured or carried on, the Government may make an order revoking the patent either—

(i) forthwith; or

(ii) after such reasonable interval as may be specified in the order, unless in the meantime it is shown to the satisfaction that the patented article or process is manufactured or carried on within Mysore to an adequate extent.

(3) No order revoking a patent shall be made under the last sub-section which is at variance with any treaty convection arrangement or engagement with any foreign country or British possession.

(4) The Government may, on the application of the patentee, extend the time limited in any order made under sub-section (2) clause (ii), for such period not extending two years as he may specify in a subsequent order or revoke any order made under sub-sectian (2), clause (ii), or any subsequent order if sufficient cause is in his opinion shown by the patentee.

Power of Controller to revoke surrendered patent.

24. A patentee may at any time, by giving notice in the prescribed manner to the Controller, offer to surrender his patent, and the Controller may, if after giving notice of the offer and hearing all parties who desire to be heard he thinks fit, accept the offer, and thereupon make an order for the revocation of the patent.

Revocation of patent on public grounds.

25. A patent shall be deemed to be revoked if the Government declares, by notification in the Official Gazette, the patent or the mode in which it is exercised to be mischievous to the State or generally prejudicial to the public.

Legal Proceedings.

Petition for revocation of patent.

26. (1) Revocation of a patent in whole or in part may be obtained on petition to the Chief Court on all or any of the following grounds, namely:—

(*a*) that any invention included in the statement of claim is of no utility;

(*b*) that any invention included in the statement of claim was not, at the date of the application for a patent, a new invention within the meaning of this Regulation;

(*c*) That the applicant was not the true and first inventor thereof or the assign or legal representative of such inventor thereof:

(*d*) that the original or any amended application or specification does not fulfil the requirements of this Regulation;

(*e*) that the applicant has knowingly or fraudulently included in the application for a patent or in the original or any amended specification, as his invention, something which was not new or whereof he was neither the inventor nor the assign nor the legal representative of such inventor;

(f) that the original or any subsequent application relating to the invention, or the original or any amended specification, contains a wilful or fraudulent misstatement;

(g) that a part of the invention or the manner in which a part is to be made and used as described in the original or any amended specification, is not thereby sufficiently described and that this insufficiency was fraudulent or is injurious to the public.

(2) A petition for revocation of a patent may be presented—

(a) by the Government Advocate or any person authorised by him; or

(b) by any person alleging—

(i) that the patent was obtained in fraud of his rights, or of the rights of any person under or through whom he claims; or

(ii) that he, or any person under or through whom he claims, was the true and first inventor of any invention included in the claim of the patentee; or

(iii) that he, or any person under or through whom he claims an interest in any trade, business or manufacture, had publicly manufactured, used or sold, within Mysore, before the date of the patent, anything claimed by the patentee as his invention.

(3) The Chief Court may, irrespective of any provisions of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911, in this behalf, require any person, other than the Government Advocate or any person authorised by him, applying for the revocation of a patent to give security for the payment of all costs incurred or likely to be incurred by any person appearing to oppose the petition.

Notice of proceedings to persons interested.

27. (1) Notice of any petition for revocation of a patent under section 26 shall be served on all persons appearing from the register to be proprietors of that patent or to have shares or interests therein, and it shall not be necessary to serve the notice on any other person.

(2) The notice shall be deemed to be sufficiently served if a copy thereof is sent by post in a registered letter directed to the person and place for the time being stated in the register.

Framing issue for trial before other Courts.

28. (1) The Chief Court may, if it thinks fit, direct an issue for the trial, before itself, or any District Court, of any question arising upon a petition to itself under section 26, and the issue shall be tried accordingly.

(2) If the issue is directed to a District Court, the finding of that Court shall not be subject to appeal, but the evidence taken upon the trial shall be recorded and a copy thereof, certified by the Judge of the Court, shall be transmitted, together with any remarks which he may think fit to make thereon, to the Chief Court, and the Chief Court may thereupon act upon the finding of the District Court, or dispose of the petition upon the evidence recorded, or direct a new trial, as the justice of the case may require.

Suits for infringement of patents.

29. (1) A patentee may institute a suit in a District Court having jurisdiction to try the suit against any person who, during the continuance of a patent acquired by him under this Regulation in respect of an invention makes, sells or uses the invention without his license, or counterfeits it, or imitates it.

(2) Every ground on which a patent may be revoked under this Regulation shall be available by way of defence to a suit for infringement.

Exemption of innocent infringer from liability for damages.

30. A patentee shall not be entitled to recover any damages in respect of any infringement of a patent granted after the commencement of this Regulation from the defendant who proves that at the date of the infringement he was not aware, nor had reasonable means of making himself aware, of the existence of the patent, and making of an article with the word "patent", "patented," or any word or words expressing or implying that a patent has been obtained for the article, stamped, engraved, impressed on, or otherwise applied to the article, shall

not be deemed to constitute notice of the existence of the patent unless the word or words are accompanied by the year and number of the patent:

Provided that nothing in this section shall affect any proceedings for an injunction.

Order for inspection etc., in suit.

31. In a suit for infringement of a patent, the Court may, on the application of either party, make such order for an injunction, inspection or account, and impose such terms and give such directions respecting the same and the proceedings thereon, as the Court may see fit.

Certificate of validity questioned and costs thereon.

32. In a suit for infringement of a patent, the Court may certify that the validity of the patent came in question, and if the Court so certifies, then in any subsequent suit in that Court for infringement of the same patent the plaintiff, on obtaining a final order or judgment in his favour, shall, unless the Court trying the suit otherwise directs, have his full costs, charges and expenses of and incidental to the said suit properly incurred.

Transmission of decrees and orders to the Controller.

33. A Court making a decree in a suit under section 29 or an order on a petition under section 26 shall send a copy of the decree or order, as the case may be, to the Controller, who shall cause an entry thereof and reference thereto to be made in the register of patents.

Hearing with assessor.

34. (1) In a suit or proceeding for infringement or revocation of a patent, the Court may, if it thinks fit, and shall, on the request of either of the parties to the proceedings, call in the aid of an assessor specially qualified, and try the case wholly or partially with his assistance.

(2) A Court exercising appellate jurisdiction in respect of such suit or proceedings may, if it thinks fit, call in the aid of an assessor as aforesaid.

(3) The remuneration, if any, to be paid to an assessor under this section shall in every case be determined by the Court and be paid by it as part of the expenses of the execution of this Regulation.

Remedy in case of groundless threats of legal proceedings.

35. Where any person claiming to be the patentee of an invention, by circulars, advertisements or otherwise, threatens any other person with any legal proceedings or liability in respect of any alleged infringement of the patent, any person aggrieved thereby may bring a suit against him in a District Court having jurisdiction to try the suit, and may obtain an injunction against the continuance of such threats, and may recover such damage (if any) as he has sustained thereby, if the alleged infringement to which the threats related was not in fact an infringement of any legal rights of the person making such threats:—

Provided that this section shall not apply if the person making such threats with due diligence commences and prosecutes a suit for infringement of his patent.

Miscellaneous.

Grant of patents to two or more persons.

36. Where, after the commencement of this Regulation a patent is granted to two or more persons jointly, they shall, unless otherwise specified in the patent, be treated for the purpose of the devolution of the legal interest therein as joint tenants, but, subject, to any contract to the contrary, each of such persons shall be entitled to use the invention for his own profit without accounting to the others, but shall not be entitled to grant a license without their consent, and, if any such person dies, his beneficial interest in the patent shall devolve on his legal representatives.

Novelty of invention.

37. (1) An invention shall be deemed a new invention within the meaning of this Regulation—

(*a*) if it has not, before the date of the application for a patent thereon, been publicly used in any part of Mysore, or been made publicly known in any part of Mysore, and

(b) if the inventor has not by secret or experimental user made direct or indirect profits from his invention in excess of such an amount as the Court or the Government, as the case may be, may in consideration of all the circumstances of the case, deem reasonable.

(2) The public use or knowledge of an invention before the date of the application for a patent thereon shall not be deemed a public use or knowledge within the meaning of this Regulation if the knowledge has been obtained surreptitiously or in fraud of the true and first inventor or has been communicated to the public in fraud or such inventor or in breach of confidence :

Provided that such inventor has not acquiesced in the public use of his invention, and that, within six months after the commencement of that use, he applies for a patent.

Loss or destruction of patent.

38. If a patent is lost or destroyed, or its non-production is accounted for to the satisfaction of the Controller, the Controller may at any time, on payment of the prescribed fee, seal a duplicate thereof.

Provisions as to exhibitions.

39. (1) The exhibition of an invention at an industrial or international exhibition, certified as such by the Government, or the publication of any description of the invention during the period of the holding of the exhibition, or the use of the invention for the purpose of the exhibition in the place where the exhibition is held, or the use of the invention during the period of the holding of the exhibition by any person elsewhere, without the privity or consent of the inventor, shall not prejudice the right of the inventor to apply for and obtain a patent in respect of the invention or the validity of any patent granted on the application.

Provided that—

(a) the exhibitor, before exhibiting the invention, gives the Controller the prescribed notice of his intention to do so ; and

(b) the application for a patent is made before or within six months from the date of the opening of the exhibition.

(2) The Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, apply this section to any exhibition mentioned in the notification in like manner as if it were an industrial or international exhibition certified as such by the Government, and any such notification may provide that the exhibitor shall be relieved from the condition of giving notice to the Controller of his intention to exhibit, and shall be so relieved either absolutely or upon such terms and conditions as may be stated in the notification.

PART II.

DESIGNS.

Registration of Designs.

Application for registration of designs.

40. (1) The Controller may, on the application of any person claiming to be the proprietor of any new or original design not previously published in the territories of Mysore, register the design under this Part.

(2) The application must be made in the prescribed form and must be left at the Patent Office in the prescribed manner and must be accompanied by the prescribed fee.

(3) The same design may be registered in more than one class, and, in case of doubt, as to the class in which a design ought to be registered, the Controller may decide the question.

(4) The Controller may, if he thinks fit, refuse to register any design presented to him for registration ; but any person aggrieved by any such refusal may appeal to the Government.

(5) An application which, owing to any default or neglect on the part of the applicant, has not been completed so as to enable registration to be effected within the prescribed time shall be deemed to be abandoned.

(6) A design when registered shall be registered as of the date of the application for registration.

Registration of designs in new classes.

41. Where a design has been registered in one or more classes of goods, the application of the proprietor of the design to register it in some one or more other classes shall not be refused, nor shall the registration thereof be invalidated—

(*a*) on the ground of the design not being a new and original design, by reason only that it was so previously registered; or

(*b*) on the ground of the design having been previously published in Mysore by reason only that it has been applied to goods of any class in which it was so previously registered.

Certificate of registration.

42. (1) The Controller shall grant a certificate of registration to the proprietor of the design when registered.

(2) The Controller may, in case of loss of the original certificate, or in any other case in which he deems it expedient furnish one or more copies of the certificate.

Register of Designs.

43. (1) There shall be kept at the Patent Office a book called the Register of Designs, wherein shall be entered the names and addresses of proprietors of registered designs, notifications of assignments and of transmissions of registered designs and such other matters as may be prescribed.

(2) The register of designs existing at the commencement of this Regulation shall be incorporated with and form part of the register of designs under this Regulation.

(3) The register of designs shall be *prima facie* evidence of any matters by this Regulation directed or authorised to be entered therein.

Copyright in Registered Designs.

Copyright on Registration.

44. (1) When a design is registered, the registered proprietor of the design shall, subject to the provisions of this Regulation, have copyright in the design during five years from the date of registration.

(2) If within the prescribed time before the expiration of the said five years application for the extension of the period of copyright is made to the Controller in the prescribed manner, the Controller shall, on payment of the prescribed fee, extend the period of copyright for a second period of five years from the expiration of the original period of five years.

(3) If within the prescribed time before the expiration of such second period of five years application for the extension of the period of copyright is made to the Controller in the prescribed manner, the Controller may, subject to any rules under this Regulation, on payment of the prescribed fee, extend the period of copyright for a third period of five years from the expiration of the second period of five years.

Requirements before delivery on sale.

45. (1) Before delivery on sale of any articles to which a registered design has been applied, the proprietor shall—

(*a*) (If exact representations or specimens were not furnished on the application for registration), furnish to the Controller the prescribed number of exact representations or specimens of the design; and, if he fails to do so, the Controller may erase his name from the register, and thereupon the copyright in the design shall cease; and

(*b*) cause each such article to be marked with the prescribed mark, or with the prescribed words or figures, denoting that the design is registered and, if he fails to do so, the proprietor shall not be entitled to recover any penalty or damages in respect of any infringement of his copyright in the design unless he shows that he took all proper steps to ensure the marking of the article, or unless he shows that the infringement took place after the person guilty thereof knew or had received notice of the existence of the copyright in the design.

Fees.

Fees.

54. (1) There shall be paid in respect of the patents and the registration of designs, and applications therefor, and in respect of other matters with relation to the patents and designs under this Regulation, such fees as may be prescribed by the Government, so however that the fees prescribed in respect of the instruments and matters mentioned in the schedule shall not exceed those there specified.

(2) A proceeding in respect of which a fee is payable under this Regulation or the rules made thereunder shall be of no effect unless the fee has been paid.

Provisions as to Registers and other Documents in the Patent Office.

Notice of trust not to be entered in registeres.

55. There shall not be entered in any register kept under this Regulation or be receivable by the Controller, any notice of any trust, expressed, implied or constructive.

Inspection of and extracts from registers.

56. Every register kept under this Regulation shall at all convenient times be open to the inspection of the public, subject to the provisions of this Regulation: and certified copies, sealed with the seal of the Patent Office, of any entry in any such register shall be given to any person requiring the same on payment of the prescribed fee.

Privilege of reports of Controller.

57. Reports of or to the Controller made under this Regulation shall not in any case be published or be open to public inspection.

Prohibition of publication of specification, drawings, etc., where application abandoned etc.

58. (1) Where an application for a patent has been abandoned or become void, the specifications and drawings (if any), accompanying or left in connection with such application, shall not, save as otherwise expressly provided by this Regulation, at any time be open to public inspection or be published by the Controller.

(2) Where an application for a design has been abandoned or refused, the application and any drawings, photographs, tracings, representations or specimens left in connection with the application shall not at any time be open to public inspection or be published by the Controller.

Power for Controller ot correct clerical errors.

59. The Controller may, on request in writing accompanied by the prescribed fee,—

(*a*) correct any clerical error in or in connection with an application for a patent or in any patent or any specification;

(*b*) cancel the registration of a design either wholly or in respect of any particular goods in connection with which the design is registered;

(*c*) correct any clerical error in the representation of a design or in the name or address of the proprietor of any patent or design, or in any other matter which is entered upon the register of patents or the register of designs.

Entry of assignments and transmissions in registers.

60. (1) Where a person claims to be entitled by assignment, transmission or other operation of law to a patent, or to the copyright in a registered design, the Controller shall, on request and on proof of title to his satisfaction, register his interest in such patent or design.

(2) Where any person claims to be entitled as mortgagee, licensee or otherwise to any interest in a patent or registered design, the Controller shall, on request and on proof of title to his satisfaction, cause notice of the interest to be entered in the prescribed manner in the register of patents or designs, as the case may be.

(3) The person registered as the proprietor of a patent or design shall, subject to the provisions of this Regulation and to any rights appearing from the register to be vested in any other person, have power absolutely to assign, grant licenses as to, or otherwise deal with, the patent or design and to give effectual receipts for any consideration for any such assignment, license or dealing.

(2) The Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette apply this section to any exhibition mentioned in the notification in like manner as if it were an industrial or international exhibition certified as such by the Government and any such notification may provide that the exhibitor shall be relieved from the condition of giving notice to the Controller of his intention to exhibit and shall be so relieved either absolutely or upon such terms and conditions as may be stated in the notification.

Legal Proceedings.

Piracy of registered design.

50. (1) During the existence of copyright in any design it shall not be lawful for any person—

(*a*) for the purpose of sale to apply or cause to be applied to any article in any class of goods in which the design is registered the design or any fraudulent or obvious imitation thereof, except with the license or written consent of the registered proprietor or to do anything with a view to enable the design to be so applied ; or,

(*b*) knowing that the design or any fraudulent or obvious imitation thereof has been applied to any article without the consent of the registered proprietor, to publish or expose or cause to be published or exposed for sale that article.

(2) If any person acts in contravention of this section, he shall be liable for every contravention—

(*a*) to pay to the registered proprietor of the design a sum not exceeding five hundred rupees recoverable as a contract debt, or

(*b*) if the proprietor elects to bring a suit for the recovery of damages for any such contravention, and for an injunction against the repetition thereof, to pay such damages as may be awarded and to be restrained by injunction accordingly :

Provided that the total sum recoverable in respect of any one design under clause (a) shall not exceed one thousand rupees.

(3) When the Court makes a decree in a suit under subsection (2), it shall send a copy of the decree to the Controller, who shall cause an entry thereof to be made in the register of designs.

Application to designs, of certain provisions of the Regulation as to patents.

51. The provisions of this Regulation with regard to certificates of the validity of a patent, and to the remedy in case of groundless threats of legal proceedings, by a patentee shall apply in the case of registered designs in like manner as they apply in the case of patents, with the substitution of references to the copyright in a design for references to a patent, and of references to the proprietor of a design for references to the patentee, and of references to the design for references to the invention.

PART III.

GENERAL.

Patent Office and Proceedings threat.

Patent Office

52. (1) The Government may provide, for the purposes of this Regulation, an office which shall be called, and is in this Regulation referred to as, the Patent Office.

(2) The Patent Office shall be under the immediate control of the Controller of Patents and Designs, who shall act under the superintendence and direction of the Government.

(3) There shall be a seal for the Patent Office.

(4) Any act or thing directed to be done by or to the Controller may be done by or to any officer authorized by the Government.

Officers and clerks.

53. The Government may appoint the Controller, and so many officers and clerks, with such designations and duties, as it thinks fit.

(2) Where a representation is made to the Government by or on behalf of any trade or industry that in the interests of the trade or industry it is expedient to dispense with or modify as regards any class or description of articles any of the requirements of this section as to marking, the Government may, if it thinks fit, by rule under this Regulation, dispense with or modify such requirements as regards any such class or description of articles to such extent and subject to such conditions as it thinks fit.

Effect of disclosure on copyright.

46. The disclosure of a design by the proprietor to any other person, in such circumstances as would make it contrary to good faith for that other person to use or publish the design and the disclosure of a design in breach of good faith by any person other than the proprietor of the design, and the acceptance of a first and confidential order for goods bearing a new or original textile design intended for registration, shall not be deemed to be a publication of the design sufficient to invalidate the copyright thereof if registration thereof is obtained subsequently to the disclosure or acceptance.

Inspection of registered designs.

47. (1) During the existence of copyright in a design, or such shorter period not being less than two years from the registration of the design as may be prescribed, the design shall not be open to inspection except by the proprietor or a person authorized in writing by him, or a person authorized by the Controller or by the Court, and furnishing such information as may enable the Controller to identify the design, and shall not be open to the inspection of any person except in the presence of the Controller, or of an officer acting under him, and on payment of the prescribed fee; and the person making the inspection shall not be entitled to take any copy of the design, or of any part thereof:

Provided that, where registration of a design is refused, on the ground of identity with a design already registered, the applicant for registration shall be entitled to inspect the design so registered.

(2) After the expiration of the copyright in a design, or such shorter period as aforesaid the design shall be open to inspection, and copies thereof may be taken by any person on payment of the prescribed fee.

(3) Different periods may be prescribed under this section for different classes of goods.

Information as to existence of copyright.

48. On the request of any person furnishing such information as may enable the Controller to indentify the design, and on payment of the prescribed fee, the Controller shall inform such person whether the registration still exists in respect of the design, and, if so, in respect of what classes of goods, and shall state the date of registration, and the name and address of the registered proprietor.

Industrial and International Exhibitions.

Provisions as to exhibitions.

49. (1) The exhibition at an industrial or international exhibition certified as such by the Government or the exhibition elsewhere during the period of the holding of the exhibition, without the privity or consent of the proprietor, of a design, or of any article to which a design is applied, or the publication, during the holding of any such exhibition, of a description of a design, shall not prevent the design from being registered, or invalidate the registration thereof:—

Provided that—

(*a*) the exhibitor, before exhibiting the design or article, or publishing a description of the design, gives the Controller the prescribed notice of his intention to do so; and

(*b*) the application for registration is made before or within six months from the date of the opening of the exhibition.

Provided that any equities in respect of the patent or design may be enforced in like manner as in respect of any other moveable property.

Rectification of register by Court.

61. (1) The Chief Court may, on the application in the prescribed manner of any person aggrieved by the non-insertion in or omission from the register of patents or designs of any entry, or by any entry made in either such register without sufficient cause, or by any entry wrongly remaining on either such register, or by an error or defect in any entry in either such register, make such order for making, expunging or varying such entry as it may think fit.

(2) The Court may in any proceeding under this section decide any question that it may be necessary or expedient to decide in connection with the rectification of a register.

(3) The prescribed notice of any application under this section shall be given to the Controller, who shall have the right to appear and be heard thereon.

(4) Any order of the Court rectifying a register shall direct that notice of the rectification be served on the Controller in the prescribed manner, who shall upon the receipt of such notice rectify the register accordingly.

Powers and Duties of Controller.

Powers of Controller in Proceeding under Regulation.

62. Subject to any rules in this behalf, the Controller in any proceedings before him under this Regulation shall have the powers of a Civil Court for the purpose of receiving evidence and administering oaths and enforcing the attendance of witnesses and compelling the production of documents and awarding costs.

Publication of patented inventions.

63. The Controller shall issue periodically a publication of patented inventions containing such information as the Government may direct.

Exercise of discretionary power by Controller.

64. Where any discretionary power is by or under this Regulation given to the Controller, he shall not exercise that power adversely to the applicant for a patent, or for amendment of an application or of a specification, or for registration of a design, without (if so required within the prescribed time by the applicant) giving the applicant an opportunity of being heard.

Power of Controller to take directions of Government.

65. The Controller may, in any case of doubt or difficulty arising in the administration of any of the provisions of this Regulation, apply to the Government for directions in the matter.

Refusal to grant patent, etc., in certain cases.

66. The Controller may refuse to grant a patent for an invention, or to register a design, of which the use would, in his opinion, be contrary to law or morality.

Appeals to the Government.

67. (1) Where an appeal is declared by this Regulation to lie from the Controller to the Government, the appeal shall be made within two months of the date of the order passed by the Controller, and shall be in writing, and accompanied by the prescribed fee.

(2) In calculating the said period of two months the time (if any) occupied in granting a copy of the order appealed against shall be excluded.

(3) The Government may, if it thinks fit, obtain the assistance of an expert in deciding such appeals, and the decision of the Government shall be final.

Evidence, etc.

Certificate of Controller to be evidence

68. A certificate purporting to be under the hand of the Controller as to any entry, matter or thing which he is authorized by this Regulation, or any rules made thereunder, to make or do, shall be *prima facie* evidence of the entry having been made, and of the contents thereof, and of the matter or thing having been done or left undone.

Applications and notices by post.

69. Any application, notice or other document authorized or required to be left, made or given at the Patent Office or to the Controller, or to any other person under this Regulation may be sent by post.

Declaration by infant, lunatic, etc.

70. (1) If any person is, by reason of infancy, lunacy or other disability, incapable of making any statement or doing anything required or permitted by or under this Regulation, the lawful guardian, committee or manager (if any) of the person subject to the disability, or, if there be none, any person appointed by any Court possessing jurisdiction in respect of his property may make such statement or a statement as nearly corresponding thereto as circumstances permit, and do such thing in the name and on behalf of the person subject to the disability.

(2) An appointment may be made by the Court for the purposes of this section upon the petition of any person acting on behalf of the person subject to the disability or of any other person interested in the making of the statement or the doing of the thing.

Agency.

Subscription and verification of certain documents.

71. The following documents, namely,—

(1) applications for a patent,
(2) notices of opposition,
(3) applications for extension of term of a patent,
(4) applications for the restoration of lapsed patents,
(5) applications for leave to amend,
(6) applications for cumpulsory license or revocation, and
(7) notices of surrenders of patent,

shall be signed and verified, in the manner prescribed, by the person making such applications or giving such notices:

Provided that, if such person is absent from Mysore, they may be signed and verified on his behalf by an agent resident in Mysore, authorized by him in writing in that behalf.

Agency.

72. (1) All other applications and communications to the Controller under this Regulation may be signed by, and all attendances upon the Controller may be made by or through a legal practitioner or by or through an agent authorized to the satisfaction of the Controller.

(2) The Controller may, if he sees fit, require—

(*a*) any such agent to be resident in Mysore;
(*b*) any person not residing in Mysore to employ an agent residing in Mysore;
(*c*) the personal signature or presence of any applicant, opponent or other person.

Powers, etc., of Government.

Power for Government to make rules.

73. (1) The Government may make such rules as it thinks expedient, subject to the provisions of this Regulation—

(*a*) for regulating the practice of registration under this Regulation;
(*b*) for classifying goods for the puposes of designs;
(*c*) for making or requiring duplicates of specifications, drawings and other documents;
(*d*) for securing and regulating the publishing and selling of copies, at such prices and in such manner as the Government thinks fit, of specifications, drawings and other documents;
(*e*) for securing and regulating the making, printing, publishing, and selling of indexes to, and abridgments of, specifications and other documents in the Patent Office; and providing for the inspection of indexes and abridgments and other documents;
(*f*) generally for regulating the business of the Patent Office, the conduct of proceedings before the Controller, and all things by this Regulation placed under the direction or control of the Controller or of the Government; and
(*g*) generally for the purpose of carring into effect the provisions of this Regulation.

(2) The power to make rules under this section shall be subject to the condition of the rules being made after previous publication.

(3) All rules made under this section shall be published in the Official Gazette, and on such publication shall have effect as if enacted in this Regulation.

Offences.

Wrongful use of words "Patent Office."

74. If any person uses on his place of business, or on any document issued by him, or otherwise, the words "Patent Office," or any other words suggesting that his place of business is officially connected with, or is, the Patent Office, he shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees, and, in the case of a continuing offence, with further fine of twenty rupees for each day on which the offence is continued after conviction therefor.

RECIPROCITY.

Reciprocal arrangements with British India and other States.

75. (1) If the Government of Mysore makes any arrangement with the United Kingdom or with the Government of British India or any other State for mutual protection of inventions or designs and declares, by a notification in the Official Gazette, the provisions of this section to be applicable in such cases, then any person who has applied for protection for any invention or design in the United Kingdom, British India or the other State shall be entitled to a patent for his invention or to registration of his design under this Regulation in priority to other applicants and the patent or registration shall have the same date as the date of the application in the United Kingdom. British India or the other State.

Provided that—

(*a*) The application is made in the case of a patent within twelve months and in the case of a design within four months, from the application for protection in the United Kingdom, British India or the other State.

(*b*) nothing in this section shall entitle the patentee or proprietor of the design to recover damages for infringements happening prior to the actual date on which, in the case of a patent his application is accepted, or in the case of a design the design is registered in Mysore.

(2) The patent granted for an invention or the registration of a design shall not be invalidated,—

(*a*) in the case of a patent, by reason only of the publication of a description of, or use of the invention, or

(*b*) in the case of a design, by reason only of the exhibition or use of, or the publication of a description or representation of, the design,

in Mysore during the period specified in this section as that within which the application may be made.

(3) The application for the grant of a patent or the registration of a design under this section must be made in the same manner as an ordinary application under this Regulation:

Provided that, in the case of a patent, if the application is not accepted within twelve months from the date of the application for protection in the United Kingdom, British India or the other State, the specification and the drawings (if any) supplied therewith shall be open to public inspection at the expiration of that period.

Savings and Repeal.

Saving for prerogative.

76. Nothing in this Regulation shall take away, abridge or prejudicially affect the prerogative of His Highness the Maharaja in relation to the granting of any letters patent or to the withholding of a grant thereof.

Repeal.

77. The Inventions and Designs Regulation, 1894, is hereby repealed.

Provided that this repeal shall not affect any application under the said Regulation pending at the commencement of this Regulation, and all proceedings on such application shall be continued as if this Regulation had not been passed.

Substitution of patents for rights under repealed Regulation.

78. (1) At any time within two years from the commencement of this Regulation, any person possessing an exclusive privilege under the Inventions and Designs Regulation, 1894, may, by request in writing left at the Patent Office and on payment of the prescribed fee, seek leave to convert his exculsive privilege under the said Regulation into a patent under this Regulation.

(2) Notice of any application under this section shall be sent to all persons appearing from the address book kept under the said Regulation to have any shares or interests in the exclusive privilege.

(3) Save as aforesaid, the procedure prescribed by section 17 in the case of applications under that section shall, so far as may be, apply to every application under this section.

(4) Every patent granted under this section shall be dated as of the date of the exclusive privilege for which it is substituted.

THE SCHEDULE.

(See Section 54.)

Fees.

	Rs.
On application for a patent ...	10
Before sealing a patent ...	30
Before the expiration of the 4th year from the date of the patent.	50
Before the expiration of the 5th year from the date of the patent.	50
Before the expiration of the 6th year from the date of the patent.	50
Before the expiration of the 7th year from the date of patent.	50
Before the expiration of the 8th year from the date of the patent.	50
Before the expiration of the 9th year from the date of the patent.	100
Before the expiration of the 10th year from the date of the patent.	100
Before the expiration of the 11th year from the date of the patent.	100
Before the expiration of the 12th year from the date of the patent.	100
Before the expiration of the 13th year from the date of the patent.	100
Provided that the fees for two or more years may be paid in advance.	
On application to extend term of a patent ...	50
Before the expiration of each year of the extended term of a patent or of a new patent granted under section 15.	100
On application for registration of a design ...	3

A. R. BANERJI,
Dewan.

Registered No. M.—1175

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BANGALORE THURSDAY, AUGUST 13, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

REGULATION IV OF 1925.

(RECEIVED THE ASSENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA ON THE SEVENTH DAY OF JULY 1925.)

A Regulation to provide for the Registration, Segregation and Medical treatment of certain classes of lepers and the control of lepers following certain callings.

Title, extent and commencement.

Whereas it is expedient to provide for the registration, segregation and medical treatment of certain classes of lepers and the control of lepers following certain callings, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Lepers Regulation, 1925

(2) It extends to the whole of Mysore.

(3) It shall not come into force in any part thereof until the Government, as hereinafter provided, has declared it applicable thereto.

(4) The Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, apply this Regulation or any part thereof to the whole or any portion of the State.

Definitions

2. In this Regulation unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "leper" means any person suffering from any variety of leprosy.

(2) "pauper leper" means a leper—

(a) who publicly solicits alms or exposes or exhibits any sores, wounds, bodily ailment or deformity with the object of exciting charity or of obtaining alms, or

(b) who is at large without any ostensible means of subsistence;

(3) "leper asylum" means a leper asylum appointed under Section 3; and

(4) "Board" means a Board constituted under Section 5.

Appointment of leper asylums by Government.

3. Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint any place to be a leper asylum if it is satisfied that adequate arrangements have been made or will be made for the accommodation and medical treatment of lepers therein, and may by a like notification, specify the local areas from which lepers may be sent to such asylum

Appointment of Inspectors of Lepers and Superintendents of Asylums.

4. Subject to any rules which may be made under section 17, the Government may appoint any medical officer of the State or other qualified medical man to be an Inspector of Lepers and any person to be a Superintendent of a Leper Asylum, with such establishment as may, in its opinion, be necessary, and every Inspector or Superintendent so appointed shall be deemed to be a public servant.

Constitution of Board.

5. The Government shall constitute for every leper asylum appointed under section 3 a Board consisting of not less than three members, one of whom at least shall be a medical officer of the State.

Registration of lepers.

6. (1) Whenever an officer in charge of a Police Station has reason to believe that a leper is residing within the limits of such station whether temporarily or permanently, he shall forthwith send a report of the same to the Inspector of Lepers who, after making such enquiry as may be necessary, shall, if he finds that such person is a leper within the meaning of section 2, cause his name to be entered in a register in the form prescribed by the rules.

Any person deeming himself aggrieved by an entry made in such register, may complain to the District Magistrate against such entry, and the District Magistrate may after such enquiry as he deems fit, retain such person's name on the register or remove it therefrom as he may think fit.

Arrest of pauper lepers.

(2) (*a*) Within the area specified in section 3, any Police Officer may without a warrant arrest any person who appears to him to be a pauper leper;

(*b*) such Police Officer shall forthwith take or send the person so arrested to the nearest convenient Police Station.

Person arrested how to be dealt with.

7. (1) Every person brought to a police station under the last foregoing section shall, without unnecessary delay, be taken before an Inspector of Lepers, who,

(*a*) if he finds that such person is not a leper within the meaning of section 2, shall give him a certificate in Form A set forth in the schedule, whereupon such person shall be forthwith released from arrest;

(*b*) if he finds that such person is a leper within the meaning of section 2, shall give to the Police Officer, in whose custody the leper is, a certificate in Form B set forth in the schedule, whereupon the leper shall, without unnecessary delay, be taken before a Magistrate having jurisdiction under this Regulation.

Lepers other than pauper lepers how to be dealt with.

(2) Whenever, within any local area, which has been specified under section 3, it is brought to the notice of a Police or Sanitary Officer not below the rank of an Inspector that a leper other than a pauper leper residing therein, is unable to take proper care of himself and is not properly taken care of by any friend or relative and that in consequence thereof infection is likely to spread to other persons, such Police or Sanitary Officer shall forthwith make a report of the same to the Inspector of Lepers, who after making such examination of the leper and such enquiry as may be necessary, shall, if he finds that such a person is a leper, make a report of the same to the Magistrate having jurisdiction under the Regulation accompanied by a certificate in Form B. Such Magistrate shall issue a warrant in form C set forth in the schedule for the arrest and production of the leper before him on a date to be specified in the warrant.

Procedure with regard to pauper lepers and lepers not properly taken care of.

8. (1) If it appears to any District Magistrate or Magistrate of the 1st class or to any other Magistrate authorised in this behalf by the Government, upon the certificate in Form B set forth in the schedule, that any person is a leper, and if it further appears to the Magistrate that the person is a pauper leper, or that he is unable to take proper care of himself and is not properly taken care of by any friend or relative, he may, after recording the evidence on the abovementioned points, and his order thereon, send the leper in charge of a Police Officer together with an order in Form D set forth in the schedule, to a leper asylum, where such leper shall be detained until discharged by order of the Board or the District Magistrate :

Provided that, if the person denies the allegation of leprosy, the Magistrate shall call and examine the Inspector of Lepers, and shall take such further evidence as may be necessary to support or to rebut the allegation that the person is a leper, and may for this purpose adjourn the enquiry from time to time, remanding the person for observation or for other reason to such place as may be convenient, or admitting him to bail :

Provided also that if any friend or relative of any person found to be a leper shall undertake in writing to the satisfaction of the Magistrate that such leper shall be properly taken care of, and shall be prevented from publicly begging in any area specified under section 3, or from spreading the infection to others, the Magistrate, instead of sending the leper to an asylum, may make the leper over to the care of such friend or relative, requiring him, if he thinks fit, to enter into a bond with one or more sureties, to which the provisions of section 514 of the Code of Criminal Procedure shall be applicable.

(2) If the Magistrate finds that such person is not a leper, he shall forthwith discharge him.

Power to prohibit lepers from following certain trades and doing certain acts.

9. (1) The Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, order that no leper shall, within the area specified under section 3 :—

(*a*) personally prepare for sale or sell any article of food or drink or any drugs or clothing intended for human use ; or

(*b*) bathe, wash cloths or take water from any public well or tank debarred by any municipal or local bye-law from use by lepers ; or

(*c*) drive, conduct or ride in any public carriage plying for hire other than a railway carriage ; or

(*d*) exercise any trade or calling which may by such notification be prohibited to lepers.

(2) Any such notification may comprise all or any of the above prohibitions.

(3) Whoever disobeys any order made pursuant to the powers conferred by this section shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees :

Provided that, when any person is accused of an offence under this section, the Magistrate before whom he is accused shall cause him to be examined by an Inspector of Lepers, and shall not proceed with the case unless such Inspector furnishes a certificate in Form E set forth in the schedule, in respect of such person.

Conviction after previous conviction.

10. (1) Whenever any leper who has been convicted of an offence punishable under the last foregoing section is again convicted of any offence punishable under that section, the Magistrate may, in addition to, or in lieu of, any punishment to which such leper may be liable, require him to enter into a bond, with one or more sureties, binding him to depart forthwith from the local area specified under section 3 in which he is, and not to enter that or any other local area so specified until an Inspector of Lepers shall have given him a certificate in Form A set forth in the schedule.

(2) If any such leper fails to furnish any security required under sub-section (1), the Magistrate may send him in charge of a Police Officer, with an order in Form E set forth in the schedule, to a leper asylum where such leper shall be detained until discharged by order of the Board or the District Magistrate.

(3) The powers conferred by this section shall only be exercised by a District Magistrate or Magistrate of the first class.

Penalty on person employing lepers in prohibited trade.

11. Any person who, within any area specified under section 3, knowingly employs a leper in any trade or calling prohibited by order under section 9 shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees:

Provided that the alleged leper shall be produced before the Magistrate and the Magistrate shall cause him to be examined by an Inspector of Lepers, and shall not proceed with the case unless such Inspector furnishes a certificate in Form B set forth in the schedule in respect of such alleged leper.

Appeal from orders of Magistrates.

12. Orders passed by a Magistrate under sections 9, 10, and 11, shall be appealable to the courts to which appeals ordinarily lie under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904.

Re-arrest of escaped lepers.

13. Whoever, having been sent to a leper asylum under an order of a Magistrate in Form D or Form E set forth in the schedule escapes from, or leaves the asylum without the permission in writing of the Superintendent thereof, may be arrested without a warrant, by any Police Officer or by any other person specially empowered by the Government by order in writing in this behalf, and upon arrest shall be forthwith taken back to the leper asylum.

Inspection by Board.

14. Two or more members of the Board, one of whom shall be the medical officer, shall, once at least in every three months, together, inspect the leper asylum for which they are constituted, and see and examine (*a*) every leper therein admitted since the last inspection, together with the order for his admission, and (*b*) as far as circumstances will permit, every other leper therein, and shall enter in a book to be kept for the purpose any remarks which they may deem proper in regard to the management and condition of the asylum and the lepers therein.

Order of discharge by Board or District Magistrate.

15. Any two members of the Board, one of whom shall be the medical officer, or the District Magistrate, may at any time by an order in writing in Form F set forth in the schedule and signed by them, direct the discharge from the leper asylum of any leper detained therein under the provisions of this Regulation.

Appeals.

16. Any person, other than a pauper leper, in respect of whom an Inspector of Lepers has issued a certificate in Form B set forth in the schedule, declaring him to be a leper, or has refused to issue a certificate in Form A set forth in the schedule, may appeal against the issue or refusal of any such certificate to such officer as may be appointed by the Government in this behalf, and the decision of such officer shall be final.

Power of the Government to make rules

17. The Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, make rules generally for carrying out the purposes of this Regulation and in particular—

(*a*) for the guidance of all or any of the officers discharging any duty under this Regulation; and

(*b*) for the management of, and the maintenance of discipline in a leper asylum.

Power to local authorities to expend funds and appropriate properties to asylums.

18. Notwithstanding anything in any enactment with respect to the purposes to which the funds or other property of a local authority may be applied, any local authority may—

(*a*) establish or maintain, or establish and maintain, or contribute towards the cost of the establishment or maintenance or the establishment and maintenance of, a leper asylum either within or without the local limits of such local authority;

(*b*) with the previous sanction of the Government and subject to such conditions as Government may prescribe, appropriate any immovable property vested in or under the control of, such body, as a site, for, or for use as, a leper asylum.

Protection to persons acting *bona fide* under Regulation.

19. No suit, prosecution or other legal proceeding shall lie against any officer or person in respect of anything in good faith done or intended to be done under, or in pursuance of, the provisions of this Regulation.

SCHEDULE.

A.—CERTIFICATE.

(*Section* 7.)

I, the undersigned (*here enter name and official designation*), hereby certify that I on the day of at personally examined (*hear enter name of person examined*) and that the said is not a leper as defined by the Lepers Regulation, 1925.

Given under my hand this day of 192 .

(*Signature.*)
Inspector of Lepers.

B.—CERTIFICATE.

(*Section* 7.)

I, the undersigned (*here enter name and official designation*), hereby certify that I on the day of at personally examined (*here enter name of leper*), and that the said is a leper as defined by the Lepers Regulation, 1925 and that I have formed this opinion on the following grounds, namely:—

(*Here state the grounds.*)

Given under my hand this day of 192

(*Signature.*)
Inspector of lepers.

C.—WARRANT CASES.

[*Section* 7 (2.)]

To

(Name and designation of the person or persons who is or are to execute the warrant.)

Whereas the Inspector of Lepers (designation in full) makes a report under section 7 (2) of the Lepers Regulation, 1925 that .....is a leper, you are hereby directed to arrest the said .....and to produce him before me on

Herein fail not.

Dated this day of 192 .

Seal.

Signature.

D.—WARRANT OF DETENTION.

(*Section* 8.)

To

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE LEPER ASYLUM AT

WHEREAS it has been made to appear to me that (*name and description*) is a pauper leper as defined in the Lepers Regulation 1925 or a leper as defined in the Regulation who cannot take proper care of $\frac{\text{himself}}{\text{herself}}$ or be properly taken care of by $\frac{\text{his}}{\text{her}}$ friend or relative.

This is to authorise you the said Superintendent, to receive the said into your custody together with this order and $\frac{\text{him}}{\text{her}}$ safely to keep in the said asylum until $\frac{\text{he}}{\text{she}}$ shall be discharged by order of the Board or the District Magistrate.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this day o 192 .

(*Signature.*)

Seal.

Magistrate.

E.—WARRANT OF DETENTION.

(*Section* 10.)

To

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE LEPER ASYLUM AT

WHEREAS (*name and description*) has this day been convicted by me of an offence punishable under section 9 of the Lepers Regulation, 1925 and whereas it has been proved before me that the said (*name and description*) was previously convicted of an offence punishable under the same section.

This is to authorise you, the Superintendent, to receive the said into your custody together with this order and $\frac{\text{him}}{\text{her}}$ safely to keep in the said asylum until $\frac{\text{he}}{\text{she}}$ shall be discharged by order of the Board or the District Magistrate.

Given under my hand and the seal of the Court this day of 192 .

Signature.

Seal.

Magistrate.

F.—ORDER OF DISCHARGE BY BOARD OR THE DISTRICT MAGISTRATE.

(*Section* 15.)

To

THE SUPERINTENDENT OF THE LEPER ASYLUM AT

WHEREAS (*name and description*) was committed to your custody under an order dated the day of 192 and there have appeared to us sufficient grounds for the opinion that $\frac{\text{he}}{\text{she}}$ can be released without hazard or inconvenience to the community.

This is to authorise and require you forthwith to discharge the said (*name*) from your custody.

Given under $\frac{\text{our hand}}{\text{my hand}}$ this day of 192 .

(*Signature.*)

Members of the Asylum Board or the District Magistrate.

A. R. BANERJI,
Dewan.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 702, dated 8th August 1925.

Under Rule 8 of the Rules of Business and Procedure in the Mysore Legislative Council published with Notification No. P. 4347—Legis. 13-23-22, dated 5th February 1924, the following bills are published together with the statements of objects and reasons:—

(1) The Mysore Village Panchayet Bill;
(2) The Mysore District Boards Bill; and
(3) The bill to amend the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary, Legislative Council.

THE MYSORE VILLAGE PANCHAYET BILL.

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

Preamble.

Whereas it is expedient to make better provision for the administration of village affairs by the villagers themselves and thereby develop the system of Self-Government in the rural areas of the State; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

Short Title.

1. This Regulation may be called the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, 1925.

Extent.

(2) It extends to the whole of Mysore.

Commencement.

(3) It shall come into force in any district or part of a district on such date as the Government may, by notification, direct.

Repeal.

2. On and from the date on which this Regulation comes into force in any district or part of a district,

(*a*) the whole of the Mysore Village Sanitation Regulation, 1898, and the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, so far as it relates to Village Panchayets, shall be repealed in such district or part of a district;

(*b*) but all rules made, proceedings taken, orders passed, officers appointed, powers conferred and rights created under any of the enactments so repealed, shall be deemed to have been made, taken, passed, appointed, conferred or created under this Regulation; and all sums due on account of any tax, cess, fine or fee imposed by the enactments repealed shall, unless remitted in whole or in part by the Deputy Commissioner, be realised under the provisions of this Regulation;

(*c*) when in consequence of the repeal of the enactments referred to in sub-section (*a*) any Panchayet ceases to exist, the assets and liabilities of such Panchayet shall devolve on such Panchayet or Panchayets as the Government may determine.

Interpretation

3. In this Regulation, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context,

(1) "building" includes a house, shop, warehouse, workshop, hut and shed;

(2) "village forest" means a forest constituted as such under the Mysore Forest Regulation;

(3) "panchayet" means the body of persons constituted under this Regulation for carrying out all or any of the purposes of this Regulation;

(4) "panchayetdar" means a member of a Panchayet;

(5) "prescribed" means prescribed by the rules made under this Regulation;

(6) "Village" means a local area recognised by Government from time to time as a village for purposes of collecting the land revenue and includes an alienated village, but shall not include a local area constituted into a Municipality or placed under the control of a Sanitary Board constituted under the Mysore Mines Regulation, 1906, or the Jahgirs of Yelandur and Sringeri ;

(7) "District" means any local area which, for the purposes of the collection of land revenue, shall have been placed for the time being, under the charge of a Deputy Commissioner of a District;

(8) "District Board" means any Board constituted under the provisions of the Mysore District Boards Regulation, 1925;

(9) "Amildar" includes a Deputy Amildar.

CHAPTER II.

CONSTITUTION OF PANCHAYETS AND CONDUCT OF BUSINESS.

Establishment and incorporation of Panchayets.

4. (1) In any District or part of a District to which this Regulation has been applied, the Deputy Commissioner shall, subject to such rules or orders as may be made by Government in this behalf, establish a Panchayet for every village or group of adjacent villages, and shall have power, by a notification in the official gazette, to vary as occasion may demand, the grouping of villages.

Provided that the Deputy Commissioner shall, before a Panchayet is established for a group of villages or a regrouping of villages is effected, publish, in such manner as may be prescribed, a notice of his proposal to do so and consider any objections that may be preferred within one month of such publication.

(2) Every Panchayet shall be a body corporate by such name as the Deputy Commissioner may determine and shall have perpetual succession and a common seal, and shall by the said name sue and be sued. Subject to any rules made by Government in this behalf, it shall also have power to acquire, hold or transfer property, movable or immovable, to enter into contracts and to do all things necessary for all or any of the purposes of this Regulation.

Strength of the Panchayets and the Election or nomination of Members.

5. (1) A Panchayet shall consist of such number of members not less than 5 nor more than 12 as the Government may fix in this behalf.

(2) Where a Panchayet is constituted for more than one village, the Deputy Commissioner shall determine the number of members to represent each such village.

(3) The members of the Panchayet may be,

(i) either wholly elected by the residents of the village ; or

(ii) partly elected and partly nominated as the Government may direct by a notification in this behalf.

Provided that where the members are to be partly elected and partly nominated, the number to be elected shall not be less than half of the total number of members of the Panchayet.

(4) The members shall be elected in the manner prescribed.

(5) Any vacancies due either to want of qualified candidates or to failure to elect the full number of members which under this section might be elected, may, notwithstanding anything contained in this Regulation, be filled up by nomination by the Deputy Commissioner, and any person so nominated shall be deemed to be a duly elected member.

Qualifications of voters.

6. Every person who—

(*a*) has completed 21 years of age;

(*b*) is a resident of the village or villages for which a Panchayet is to be established;

(*c*) was, during the year immediately preceding the election of the members of the Panchayet, assessed to a tax of half a rupee or more on account of land revenue, house tax, shop tax or tax on vacant sites and *hittals* within the village; and

(*d*) is not subject to any of the disqualifications mentioned in section 7;

shall be entitled to vote at an election of members of the Panchayet.

Provided that in the case of a joint family or a partnership paying half a rupee or more on account of any such tax, the manager of the family, or any member of the family or partnership with the consent of the rest may vote, unless otherwise disqualified.

Disqualification of voters.

7. No person may vote,

(*a*) who is of unsound mind; or

(*b*) who has been removed from office under section 13; or

(*c*) who is sentenced by a Criminal Court to transportation or imprisonment for a period of more than one month, such sentence not having been reversed or the offence pardoned; or,

(*d*) who applies to be adjudicated or is adjudicated a bankrupt or insolvent; or

(*e*) who has been ordered to find security for good behaviour under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904.

Qualifications of candidates.

8. Every person of the male sex who is entitled to vote at an election shall be qualified to be elected as a member.

Chairman.

9. (1) For every Village Panchayet there shall be a Chairman who shall be selected from among the Panchayetdars and either

(*a*) appointed by the Deputy Commissioner by name; or

(*b*) if the Government so directs, elected by the Panchayetdars in accordance with such rules and conditions as may be prescribed in this behalf.

Secretary for Panchayet.

10. Subject to such rules as may be made by the Government in this behalf, every Panchayet shall appoint a Secretary from among its members.

Term of Office of Panchayetdar or Chairman.

11. Except as is otherwise provided in this Regulation or in any other law for the time being in force, members of Panchayets shall hold office for a term of three years, extensible by order of the Deputy Commissioner to a term not exceeding in the aggregate four years, if on any occasion, the Deputy Commissioner shall think fit, for reasons which shall be notified, together with the order in the official gazette, so to extend the same. The term of office of a Chairman shall be co-terminus with or be the residue of his term of office as a Panchayetdar.

Vacation of seats.

12. (1) If any person subject to any of the disqualifications specified in section 7 is elected or appointed to a Panchayet, his seat shall be deemed to be vacant.

(2) If any member of a Panchayet becomes disqualified under section (7) during the term for which he had been elected or appointed, he shall cease to be a member and his office shall become vacant.

(3) If any question, dispute or doubt arises whether any vacancy has occurred under this section, the orders of the Deputy Commissioner shall be final for the purposes of deciding such question, dispute or doubt.

Removal of members.

13. The Deputy Commissioner may, on the recommendation of a Panchayet, remove any member, elected or appointed under this Regulation, after giving him an opportunity for being heard and after such enquiry as he deems necessary, if such member has been guilty of misconduct in the discharge of his duties, or of any disgraceful conduct, or refuses to act or becomes incapable of acting.

Removal of Chairman.

14. The Deputy Commissioner shall remove a Chirman from his office for misconduct, or neglect of, or incapacity to perform, his duty. Against the order of the Deputy Commissioner in this matter an appeal shall lie to Government.

Resignation of office of Panchayetdar or Chairman.

15. A Panchayetdar or Chairman may resign his office by giving notice to the Amildar, and on such resignation being accepted, such Pachayetdar or Chairman shall be deemed to have vacated his office.

Filling of casual vacancies.

16. When the office of a Chairman or Panchayetdar becomes vacant by his removal, disqualification, resignation or death, a new Chairman or Panchayetdar shall be appointed, elected or nominated as the case may be, in accordance with the foregoing provisions, and such Chairman or Panchayetdar shall hold office so long as the Chairman or Panchayetdar whose place he fills whould have been entitled to hold office if such vacancy had not occurred. The Secretary shall be in charge of the office of the Chairman during a casual vacancy, pending the appointment or election of a new Chairman.

Business how transacted.

17. (1) A Panchayet shall meet for the transaction of business at such time and place, and follow such procedure as may be prescribed.

(2) At every meeting of a Panchayet, the Chairman shall preside, and in his absence, the members of the Panchayet present shall choose one of their number to preside thereat.

(3) The resolutions of the Panchayet shall be carried out by the Chairman in whom the entire executive power of the Panchayet shall be vested. The Chairman shall be directly responsible for the due fulfilment of the duties imposed upon the Panchayet by or under this Regulation.

An act of Panchayet not to be invalidated by vacancy or irregularity.

18. No act of a Panchayet shall be deemed invalid by reason only that the number of Panchayetdars at the time of the performance of such act was less than the sanctioned strength or by reason of any irregularity in the election of any member or Chairman of such Panchayet.

CHAPTER III.

DUTIES AND POWERS.

Duties—obligatory and discretionary.

Obligatory duties.

19. It shall be the duty of a Panchayet, within the limits of the fund at its disposal, to make adequate provision for carrying out the requirements of the area under its control in regard to the following matters:—

(*i*) Construction, repair and maintenance of village roads including cart-tracks, culverts and bridges ;

(*ii*) Construction of drains, and disposal of drainag water and sullage;

(*iii*) Cleansing of streets, drains, tanks and wells (other than tanks and wells used exclusively for irrigation) and other public places or works in the village;

(*iv*) Extension of village sites and regulation of buildings;

(*v*) Opening and maintenance of burial and burning grounds;

(*vi*) Management and maintenance of cattle-pounds;

(*vii*) Sanitation, conservancy and prevention and abatement of nuisances;

(*viii*) Preservation and improvement of public health.

(*ix*) Maintenance and regulation of the use of opublic buildings vested in the Panchayet;

(*x*) Control of other institutions or property belonging to or vested in it; and

(*xi*) Maintenance of tanks and wells (other than tanks and wells used exclusively for irrigation).

Discretionary duties.

20. Subject to such rules as may be prescribed in this behalf, the Panchayet may, within the limits of the fund at its disposal, make provision for carrying out the requirements of the area under its control in respect of any or all of the following matters:—

(*i*) Supply of water for domestic use;

(*ii*) Enforcement of vaccination;

(*iii*) Registration of births and deaths;

(*iv*) Providing facilities for travellers;

(*v*) Relief of the poor and the sick;

(*vi*) Excavation and maintenance of ponds for animals;

(*vii*) Planting and preservation of groves and trees on the sides of roads and other public grounds;

(*viii*) Control of cattle stands, grazing grounds and other communal waste lands;

(*ix*) Taking measures for the economic improvement of the area in matters of education, agriculture, rural industries and trade; and

(*x*) Other measures of public utility calculated to promote the safety, health comfort or convenience of the residents of the area.

Duties—that may be delegated.

Transfer of village forest to Panchayets.

21. The Government may, subject to such limitations and conditions as may be imposed in this behalf, transfer to any Panchayet, the management, protection and maintenance of village forests, whether reserved for fuel and fodder or for other purposes.

Vesting Panchayet with functions under Tank Panchayet Regulation.

22. The Government may, subject to such limitations and conditions as may be imposed in this behalf, empower any Panchayet to exercise all the powers and discharge all the functions that a Panchayet constituted under the Tank Panchayet Regulation, 1911, may exercise and discharge.

Institutions or works may be transferred to Panchayet.

23. Subject to the approval of the Government any District Board, the Deputy Commissioner or any private person or body of persons may, with the consent of a Panchayet, make over to it, subject to such conditions as may be agreed upon, the management of any institution or the execution or maintenance of any work or the performance of any duty within the area over which a Panchayet has got control.

Panchayet to exercise powers of school committees and manage Minor Muzrai Institutions.

24. The Government may entrust the management of minor muzrai institutions and supervision over village schools in the area under the control of any Panchayet to such Panchayet subject to such rules or orders as may be passed from time to time.

Government's power to add to functions of Panchayets.

25. The Government may, subject to such conditions as may be imposed, authorise any Panchayet, by a general or special order, to exercise any functions or perform any duties other than those specified in sections 19 to 24.

General Power.

26. A Panchayet shall have power to do all acts necessary for and incidental to the carrying out of the functions entrusted or delegated to it, and in particular and without prejudice to the foregoing power, to exercise the powers specified in sections 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32.

Power of Panchayets as to roads, bridges and water ways.

27. The Panchayet shall have control of all village roads and bridges thereon, cart-tracks, drains, tanks, wells and other public places in the village, not being private property and not being under the control or management of a District Board, Municipal Council or a Government Officer, and may do all things necessary for the maintenance and repair thereof and may—

(*a*) lay out and make new roads;
(*b*) construct new bridges;
(*c*) divert, discontinue or close any road or bridge;
(*d*) deepen or otherwise improve water-ways; and
(*e*) provide for the lighting of any road or public place within the village.

Control of the Erection of buildings.

28. (1) Subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Government in this behalf, no person shall erect any building or alter or add to any existing building or reconstruct any building without the written permission of the Panchayet.

Provided that permission shall be presumed to have been granted if its refusal is not communicated within a month of the receipt of the application.

(2) Whenever any building is erected, altered, added to or reconstructed without such permission or in any manner contrary to the rules prescribed under sub-section (1) or any conditions imposed by the permission, the Panchayet may—

(*a*) direct that the building, alteration or addition be stopped;
(*b*) by written notice require such building, alteration or addition to be altered or demolished as it may deem necessary; or
(*c*) withdraw the permission.

Prohibition of offensive or dangerous trades without license.

29. (1) No place within the jurisdiction of a Panchayet shall be used for the purpose of any trade or business which the Government may, by notification, declare to be offensive or dangerous, except under a license from the Panchayet and subject to such conditions as may be imposed in the license.

(2) When a licensee fails to comply with any conditions imposed in the license, the Panchayet may suspend or cancel his license.

Powers as to sanitation, conservancy and drinage.

30. (1) If it appears necessary to improve the sanitary condition of any area within its jurisdiction—

(*a*) the Panchayet shall have power to,
(i) construct, alter or remove public drains;
(ii) establish burning ghats and burial grounds; and
(iii) effect such other improvements as are necessary to improve the sanitary condition of the area.

(*b*) The Panchayet may by a written notice, require within a reasonable period to be specified therein—

(i) the owner or occupier of any hut or the owner of any privy to remove such hut or privy either wholly or in part;
(ii) the owner or occupier of any building to construct private drains therefor or to alter or to remove private drains thereof;

(iii) the owner or occupier of any land or building which needs to be cleansed, to cause the same to be cleansed to the satisfication of the Panchayet;

(iv) the owner or occupier of any land or building which contains or is attached to any well, pool, ditch, pit, pond, tank or any place containing or used for the collection of any drainage, filth or stagnant water which is injurious to health or offensive to the neighbourhood or is otherwise a source of nuisance, to cause the same to be filled up, cleansed or deepened or to cause the water to be removed therefrom or drained off or to take such other action therewith as may be deemed necessary by the Panchayet,

(v) the owner or occupier of any land overgrown with vegetation, under-growth, pricklypear, or jungle which is in any manner injurious to health, or dangerous to the public or offensive to the neighbourhood or an impediment to efficient ventilation, to cause it to be cleared of the vegetation, under-growth, prickly pear or jungle.

(2) If any work required by a notice under clause (*b*) of sub-section (1) is not executed within the period specified in the notice, the Panchayet may itself cause such work to be carried out, and may recover the cost of such work or part thereof from the owner or occupier referred to in clause (*b*) of sub-section (1) as if it were a tax imposed under Section 36.

Power of Panchayet to provide for proper water-supply.

31. (1) For providing the area under its control or any part thereof with a supply of water, proper and sufficient, for public and private purposes, the Panchayet may —

(*a*) construct, repair and maintain tanks or wells and clear out streams or water courses;

(*b*) purchase or acquire by lease or gift any tank, well, stream or water-course. or any right to take or convey water within or without the area under its control;

(*c*) with the consent of the owner thereof, utilize, cleanse or repair any tank, well, stream or water course or provide facilities for obtaining water therefrom;

(*d*) contract with any person for a supply of water; or

(*e*) do any other acts necessary for carying out the purposes of this section.

(2) The Panchayet may, by order published at such places as it may think fit, set apart for the supply to the public of water for drinking or culinary purposes, any tank, well, stream, or water-course in respect of which action has been taken under clause (*a*) or (*b*) or (*c*) of sub-section (1), subject to any ights which the owner referred to in clause (*c*) of that sub-ection may retain with the consent of the Panchayet.

(3) The Panchayet may, by order published at such places as it may think fit, prohibit all bathing, washing of clothes and animals, or other acts calculated to pollute the water of any tank, well, stream. or water-course set apart for drinking or culinary purposes under sub-section (2).

Power of entry.

32. Any member, officer or servant of a Panchayet may enter into or upon any building or land, with or without assistants or workmen, in order to make any inspection or execute any work for any of the purposes of this Regulation.

Provided that—

(*a*) no such entry shall be made between sunset and sunrise;

(*b*) unless the entry be with the consent of its occupier, no dwelling-house shall be so entered without giving reasonable previous notice signed by the Chairman or by a person duly authorised by him in this behalf of the intention to make such entry ; and

(c) due regard shall be had in making such entry to the social and religious usages of the occupants of the premises entered.

Officers and servants.

33. Subject to such rules as may be framed by the Government in this behalf, every Panchayet shall employ such officers and servants as may appear necessary to the Government and shall assign to them such pay, allowances, gratuities, pensions and contributions as the Government may direct.

CHAPTER IV.

PANCHAYET FUND AND RECOVERY OF DUES.

Panchayet Fund and its application and investment.

34. (1) All sums realised as taxes, fees, cesses, fines or costs under this regulation, all fines and surplus proceeds of sale of cattle under the Cattle Trespass Act. 1871, as amended by Regulation VIII of 1892, all sums of revenue assigned to the Panchayets by any general or special order of Government and all other receipts of the Panchayets including any donations from a private person or body of persons, and any contribution from a District Board or the Government shall be paid into a fund to be called the "Panchayet Fund," the accounts of which shall be kept in the manner prescribed.

(2) The Panchayet Fund shall be administered by the Panchayet and the expenses incurred by the Panchayet in carrying out the purposes of this Regulation shall be paid out of the Panchayet Fund;

Provided that all sums made over to or realised by a Panchayet for any specific purpose shall be applied soley for that purpose.

(3) The Panchayet Fund shall be invested in the Government Savings Bank or with the approval of the Deputy Commissioner in a Co-operative Society. A Panchayet may, from time to time, with the approval of the Deputy Commissioner invest any portion of its surplus funds in Government securities or other securities approved by the Government.

Obligatory taxes.

35. In every village, a tax on houses, shops, vacant sites and *hittals* shall be levied, subject to such rules and not exceeding such rates as shall be prescribed.

Provided that it shall be competent to the Panchayet to make provision for exemptions in favour of individuals or class of individuals with the previous sanction of the Government.

Optional levy of cesses.

36. A Panchayet may also levy, with the previous sanction of the Government and subject to such rules as may be prescribed in this behalf, any other tax, cess, rate or license or other fee for the discharge of any of the duties imposed on it.

Provided that the levy of such tax, cess, rate or fee is agreed to by not less than two-thirds of the members constituting the Panchayet. Provided also that the Panchayet may with the consent of the person from whom such tax, cess, rate or fee is leviable, commute the payment of such cess into a contribution of labour not exceeding 18 days' labour in a year at such intervals, for such period of time and under such conditions as may be prescribed in this behalf.

Objection in respect of liability to assessment.

37. No objection shall be taken to any assessment nor shall the liability of any person to be assessed be questioned otherwise than in accordance with the rules made under this Regulation.

Collection of taxes, cesses fee, etc.

38. (1) The amount of taxes, fees or other dues shall be paid in such manner as may be prescribed, and in case of default of such payment, shall be recovered by the Chairman by distraint and sale of the movable property of the defaulter.

(2) The procedure to be followed prior to and during distraint and sale, the properties to be exempted from distraint and the disposal of surplus proceeds, etc., shall be in accordance with the rules framed in this behalf.

(3) If the Panchayet neglects to recover or cannot recover the taxes or other dues under sub-section (1), the Amildar shall recover the same by distraint and sale and shall for this purpose have all the powers that may be exercised by a Chairman under sub-section (1).

(4) If the taxes or other dues cannot be recovered under sub-sections (1) and (3), the Deputy Commissioner of any District or any officer authorised by a Deputy Commissioner in this behalf, may recover the same as an arrear of land revenue, on receipt of a statement of account certified by a Chairman or an Amildar and after holding such enquiry, if any, as he thinks fit.

(5) Nothing herein contained shall preclude the institution by a Panchayet of a suit for any amount due under this Regulation.

Annual budget of Panchayets.

39. (1) Every Panchayet shall submit annually to the Amildar having jurisdiction on or before such date as may be prescribed, a budget of estimated receipts and expenditure for the coming official year and a report of its proceedings.

(2) Every such budget shall be scrutinised and passed by the Amildar with such modifications, if any, as he deems fit and a copy of it shall be sent to the Deputy Commissioner having jurisdiction. Provided that the budget shall be presumed to have been passed if it is not returned by the Amildar within a month.

(3) No expenditure which is not provided for in the estimate as approved by the Amildar shall be incurred during the year to which the estimate relates without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

Annual accounts and audit.

40. Accounts of all the receipts and expenditure of every Panchayet shall be made up to the last day of every official year in such form as the Government from time to time prescribe and shall be examined and audited by such officer as may be appointed by the Government in this behalf.

CHAPTER V.

CONTROL.

Deputy Commissioner to be Chief Controlling authority.

41. The Deputy Commissioner shall be chief controlling authority in respect of all matters relating to the administration of Panchayets in the District.

Assistant Commissioner to exercise powers of Deputy Commissioner.

42. The Assistant Commissioner in charge of a Taluk shall exercise all the powers of a Deputy Commissioner under this Regulation in respect of Panchayets in that taluk.

Amildar to exercise general powers.

43. Subject to the general control of the Deputy Commissioner, the Amildar shall exercise general powers of inspection, supervision and control over the Panchayets within his taluk; Provided that the Government may confer on the holder of any alienated village all or any of the powers of an Amildar under this Regulation.

Administration Report.

44. The Amildar shall submit annually to the Deputy Commissioner a consolidated report on the working of the Panchayets in the Taluk in such form as the Government may from time to time prescribe and the Deputy Commissioner shall review the report and submit a copy of his review for the information of Government.

Power of Deputy Commissioners.

45. The Deputy Commissioner may, by order in writing, require any Panchayet in his District to perform any duty—whether obligatory, discretionary or delegated under this Regulation—annul any proceedings which he considers not to be in conformity with law and may do all things necessary to secure such performance or conformity. Provided that when the duty required to be performed is discretionary or delegated, an appeal shall lie to Government against the order of the Deputy Commissioner.

Inspection of records.

46. The Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of a taluk or taluks, the Amildar and any other officer empowered by Government in this behalf, shall have access to all books, proceedings and records of every Panchayet within their respective jurisdictions.

Inspection of property or work.

47. The Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of a taluk or taluks, the Amildar or any other officer empowered by Government in this behalf, shall, in respect of Panchayets within his jurisdiction, have power at all times—

(*a*) to enter on and inspect or cause to be entered on and inspected, any immovable property occupied by or any work in progress under the orders of, or any institution controlled by, a Panchayet ;

(*b*) to call for and inspect any document which may be for the purposes of this Regulation in the possession or under the control of a Panchayet ;

(*c*) to require the Panchayet to furnish such statements, accounts and reports as he thinks fit;

and may give such advice in respect of the administrative work and proceedings as he thinks fit.

Appointment of Inspectors.

48. The Government may appoint for each taluk one or more Inspectors of Panchayets to secure better supervision over Panchayets and to discharge such functions as may be assigned to him or them in regard to the administration of Panchayets. The Panchayets may be required to contribute towards the cost of such Inspectors.

Power to provide for performance of duties in default of Panchayet.

49. (1) When the Amildar is informed on complaint made or otherwise that a Panchayet in his taluk has made default in performing any duty imposed on it by or under this Regulation, the Amildar, if satisfied after due enquiry that the Panchayet has been guilty of the alleged default, may, by an order in writing, fix a period for the performance of that duty.

(2) If that duty is not performed within the period so fixed, the Amildar may appoint some person to perform it, and may direct that the expense of performing it with a reasonable remuneration to the person appointed to perform it, shall be forthwith paid by the Panchayet.

(3) If the expense and the remuneration are not so paid the Amildar may make an order directing the person having the custody of the balance of the Panchayet Fund to pay the expense and remuneration or as much thereof as is possible from that balance.

A copy of the order passed under clauses (1), (2) and (3) shall be sent to the Deputy Commissioner as soon as it is passed and it shall be within the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner to rescind or to modify the order.

Power to suspend execution of orders, etc.

50. (1) If in the opinion of the Amildar, the execution of any order or resolution of a Panchayet in his taluk or the doing of any act which is about to be done, or is being done, in pursuance of or under cover of this Regulation, is likely to cause the injury or annoyance to the public or to any class or body of persons, or to lead to a breach of the peace, he may by order in writing, suspend the execution or prohibit the doing thereof.

(2) When an Amildar makes any order under this section, he shall forthwith forward to the Deputy Commissioner a copy of the order, with a statement of the reason for making it, and it shall be in the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner to rescind the order or to direct that it shall continue in force with or without modification permanently or for such period as he thinks fit.

Extraordinary powers of an Amildar in case of emergency.

51. (1) In cases of emergency, the Amildar may provide for the execution of any work, or the doing of any act, which a Panchayet in his taluk is empowered to execute or do, and the immediate execution or doing of which is, in his opinion,

necessary for the service or safety of the public, and may direct that the expense of executing the work or doing the act, with a reasonable remuneration to the person appointed to execute or to do it, shall be forthwith paid by the Panchayet.

(2) If the expense and the remuneration are not so paid, the Amildar may make an order directing the person having the custody of the balance of the Panchayet Fund to pay the expense and remuneration or as much thereof as is possible from that balance.

(3) The Amildar shall forthwith report to the Deputy Commissioner every case in which he uses the powers given to him by this Section.

Power to supersede Panchayet in case of incompetency default or abuse of powers.

52. (1) If a Panchayet is not competent to perform, or, persistently makes default in the performance of, the duties imposed on it by or under this Regulation or otherwise by law, or exceeds or abuses its powers, the Deputy Commissioner having jurisdiction may, by an order published, with the reasons for making it, in the official Gazette, declare the Panchayet to be incompetent or in default, or to have exceeded or abused its powers as the case may be, and supercede it for a period to be specified in the order.

Consequences of supersession of Panchayet.

(2) When a Panchayet is so superceded, the following consequences shall ensue:—

(a) all members of the Panchayet shall, as from the date of the order, vacate their office as such members;

(b) all powers and duties of the Panchayets may, during the period of supercession, be exercised and performed by such person or persons as the Deputy Commissioner from time to time appoints in that behalf;

(c) where a Panchayet is superceded, all property vested in it shall, during the period of supercession, vest in the Deputy Commissioner subject to all rights over, and all debts, liabilities and obligations, if any, affecting that property.

(3) On the expiration of the period of supercession specified in the order, the panchayet shall be re-established by re-appointment or election and the persons who vacated their office under clause (a) shall not be deemed disqualified for appoinment or election.

Appeals.

53. (1) Save as otherwise provided for in this Regulation, an appeal shall lie against an order of—

(a) the Panchayet in a Taluk to the Amildar of the Taluk;

(b) the Amildar, to the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Taluk or to the Deputy Commissioner where there is no Assistant Commissioner in charge; and

(c) the Assistant Commissioner, to the Deputy Commissioner;

and shall be preferred within fifteen days of the date of the order.

(2) The decision of the Deputy Commissioner shall be final.

Disputes between Panchayets.

54. (1) If a dispute arises between two or more Panchayets in the same taluk, the matter shall be referred to the Amildar for decision.

(2) If a dispute arises between two or more Panchayets which are within the same District but which are in different taluks, the matter shall be referred to the Deputy Commissioner and the decision of the Deputy Commissioner thereon shall be final.

(3) If a dispute arises between two or more Panchayets in different districts, the matter shall be referred to the

Government; and the decision of the Government thereon shall be final.

Disputes between a Municipal Council and a Panchayet.

55. (1) If a dispute arises between a Municipal Council and a Panchayet within the same district, the matter shall be referred to the Deputy Commissioner; and the decision of the Deputy Commissioner thereon shall be final :

Provided that, if the Deputy Commissioner is a Councillor of the Municipal Council concerned, his functions under this section shall be discharged by the Government.

(2) If a dispute arises between a Municipal Council and a Panchayet in different districts, the matter shall be referred to the Government; and the decision of the Government thereon shall be final.

CHAPTER VI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Members, etc. of Panchayets to be public servants.

56. Every member of a Village Panchayet and every officer and servant maintained by or employed under it shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

Liability of members for loss waste, or misapplication of property.

57. (1) If after giving the member concerned a sufficient opportunity for showing cause to the contrary, the Government are satisfied that the loss, waste or misapplication of any money or other property owned by, or vested in a Panchayet is a direct consequence of misconduct or gross neglect on his part, they may, by order in writing, direct such member to pay to the Panchayet before a date fixed the amount required to re-imburse it for such loss, waste or misapplication.

(2) If the amount is not so paid, the same shall be recovered as an arrear of land revenue and credited to the Panchayet Fund.

(3) The decision of the Government shall be final as to the liability of a member under sub-section (1) and as to the amount to be recovered from him.

Institution of legal proceedings against Panchayet, member, officer, servant or Agent and bar of certain suits.

58. (1) No suit shall be brought against any Panchayet or any member, officer, servant, or agent thereof acting under its direction, in respect of any act purporting to be done in its or his official capacity, until the expiration of three months next after notice in writing has been, in the case of panchayets, left or delivered at its office, and in the case of a member, officer or servant, delivered to him or left at his office or place of residence. The notice shall state the cause of action, the name and place of residence of the intending plaintiff, and the relief which he claims. The plaint shall contain a statement that such notice has been so delivered or left.

(*b*) Every such action shall be dismissed unless it is instituted within six months after the accrual of the alleged cause of action and the service of such notice is admitted or proved.

(*c*) When the suit is against a member, officer, servant or agent of a Panchayet, the Deputy Commissioner shall determine whether the defence of the suit should be undertaken by the Panchayet and paid for out of the Panchayet Fund.

(2) (*a*) No civil court shall entertain a suit objecting to an assessment, demand or charge made or imposed under this Regulation or for the recovery of any sum of money collected under the authority of this Regulation or for damages on account of any assessment or collection of money under the said authority;

Provided that the provisions of this Regulation have been in substance and effect complied with.

(*b*) No suit or other legal proceedings shall lie against any member, officer, servant, or agent of a Panchayet acting under its direction, in respect of anything done lawfully and in good faith under this Regulation or any rule made thereunder

59. Whoever obstructs or molests a Panchayet or any member thereof, or any person employed by it or him, or any person with whom it or he has contracted in the performance of its or his duty under the provisions of this Regulations, or prevents or tries to prevent any person from doing anything which he is empowered or required to do by virtue of this Regulation, or removes any mark set up for the purpose of indicating any level or direction incidental to the carrying out of any work authorised by this Regulation, or removes or desroys, defaces or otherwise obliterates any notice put up or exhibited by the Panchayet or under its authority, shall be liable on conviction by a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

Punishment for obstructing Punchayet, member or agent.

60. (1) Whoever—

(a) erects, alters, adds to or reconstructs a building without the written permission required by Section 28 or in contravention of any of the conditions imposed by it;

(b) uses any place for an offensive or dangerous trade without a license required by Section 29 or contrary to the conditions imposed therein; or

(c) disobeys an order issued under Sub-section (3) of section 31; or

(d) commits any other offence under the Regulation or the rules thereunder;

Shall on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50; provided that a person convicted in cases falling under clause (b) or any other clause shall be liable to a further fine which may extend to Rs. 5 for each day after conviction during which he continues so to offend.

Punishment for offences under this Regulation and power to compound.

(2) A Panchayet may—

(a) accept by way of compensation a sum of money not exceeding Rs. 50 from any person against whom a reasonable suspicion exists that he has committed any of the aforesaid offences, and on such compromise no proceedings shall be taken against such person in respect of such offence;

(b) Compound for a similar sum any of the offences aforesaid and withdraw from the prosecution instituted under this regulation or any rule thereunder.

(3) All fines imposed by a Magistrate under this Regulation or the rules framed thereunder shall be recovered and credited to the Panchayet Fund.

61. (1) The Government may make rules to carry out all or any of the purposes of this Regulation not inconsistent therewith.

Power of Government to make rules

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the Government shall have power to make rules:—

(a) with reference to all matters expressly required o allowed by this Regulation to be prescribed;

(b) for giving intimation of vacancies in the offices of Chairman and Panchayetdars, for fixing the time within which elections shall be held for filling such vacancies, and generally for regulating all elections under this Regulation and determining the authority who shall decide disputes relating to such elections;

(c) regulating the establishment of the Panchayets and their powers to acquire, hold and transfer property and to enter into contracts;

(d) as to the powers that may be exercised by the Chairman;

(e) as to the grant of leave to the Chairman and Secretary and for the conduct of business during their absence;

(f) regarding the time, place and the conduct of meetings of Panchayets and quorum;

(g) regarding the appointment of the officers and servants of the Panchayet and their salaries, allowances, pensions, gratuities, transfers and punishments;

(h) as to the levy of taxes, cesses, rates, fees or other dues under this Regulation, their assessment and recovery including the procedure to be adopted during distraint, sale, etc.

(i) as to the accounts to be maintained by Panchayets, the audit and publication of such accounts, and the arrangements to be made for the lodging and custody of the Village Fund;

(j) as to the returns, statements and reports to be submitted by Panchayets;

(k) as to the preparation and sanction of the estimates of receipts and expenditure of Panchayets;

(l) prescribing the manner in which notifications and orders under this Regulation shall be published;

(m) prescribing instructions for the guidance of the controlling authorities in exercising the powers delegated to them;

(n) prescribing the class of Magistrates by whom offences under this Regulation or the rules thereunder shall be tried;

(o) as to the settlement of differences or disputes between any two Panchayets or between a Panchayet or any other local authority in regard to any matters arising for decision under this Regulation;

(p) regulating the conservancy of villages;

(q) providing for the protection and periodical examination of wells and water-supply in villages;

(r) defining and prohibiting public nuisances in villages; and

(s) improving the sanitation of villages in other similar respects;

(t) regulating the grant of permission to erect buildings and the conditions and terms that may be imposed.

(3) The power to make rules under this section is subject to the condition that the rules shall not take effect, until they shall have been previously published in the Official Gazette.

Form of notices.

64. All notices given or issued under the provisions of this Regulation shall be in writing.

Method of serving document.

65. (1) When any notice or other document is required by this Regulation or by any rule or order made under it to be served on, or sent to, any person, the service or sending thereof may be effected:—

(a) by giving or tendering the said document to such person; or

(b) if such person is not found, by leaving such document at his last known place of residence or business, or by giving or tendering the same to some adult member or servant of his family; or

(c) if such person does not reside in the village and his address elsewhere is known to the chairman, by sending the same to him by post registered; or

(d) if none of the means aforesaid be available, by fixing the same in some conspicuous part of his last place of residence or business.

(2) When the person is an owner or occupier of any building or land, it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier in the document, and in the case of joint owners and occupiers it shall be sufficient to serve it on, or send it to, one of such owners or occupiers.

(3) Whenever in any bill, notice or other document served or sent under this Regulation or the rules thereunder a period is fixed within which any tax or other sum is to be paid or any work executed, or anything provided, such period shall, in the absence of any distinct provision to the contrary in this Regulation or the rules thereunder, be calculated from the date of such service or sending.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

In connection with the reorganisation of the scheme of Local Self-Government, the Local Self-Government Conference of 1923 sent up among others, the following resolutions relating to the future development of Panchayets:—

(*a*) That the village improvement committees shall be abolished and that the Panchayet scheme should be introduced into all rural areas, each village or group of villages being constituted into a Panchayet;

(*b*) that the duties of the Panchayets should be classified as obligatory and optional;

(*c*) that the Panchayet should be invested with powers under the Village Courts Regulation and entrusted with power over minor Muzrai Institutions; and

(*d*) that the Panchayets should supplement their income by taxation to the extent necessary for the discharge of their obligatory duties in addition to the contributions that may be made to them by the Government or District Board.

After considering the resolutions of the conference, a draft scheme was prepared and the general lines on which it was proposed to further develop Local Self-Government in the State was placed before the Representative Assembly. After due consideration of the views of the Assembly the Government passed orders in G. O. No. L. 4542-71—L. B. 104-24-1, dated 23rd December 1924, indicating among other things the principles on which the Panchayet Scheme is intended to be worked.

The accompanying Bill has been prepared to give effect to those principles.

The scheme is proposed to be given effect to in any district or part of a district on such date as the Government direct.

Provision is made for election as well as nomination of members of Panchayets, as nomination will be necessary in the initial stages of Panchayet Development.

Women may vote, but not stand for election to a Panchayet.

The Chairman of a Panchayet will as a general rule be nominated, but will be elected where Government so directs.

The functions of the Panchayets are classified into three heads, *viz.*, (*a*) obligatory duties, (*b*) discretionary duties; and (*c*) duties which may be delegated to Panchayets.

The obligatory duties are limited to village communications, conservancy and sanitation. The discretionary duties are made as comprehensive as possible to enable the Panchayets to enlarge the scope of their activities, as they gain experience and realise the benefits of Local Government and taxation. The duties which Government or Local Bodies may delegate are not many and relate in the case of Government to transfer of functions under the Tank Panchayet Regulation, and Forest

Panchayet Rules. Provision is also made for the transfer of Minor Muzrai Institutions, Elementary Education or any other institution to the management or supervision of Panchayets.

In order to enable Panchayets to function efficiently, powers of local taxation are given to Panchayets in respect of a levy of tax on houses, shops, vacant sites and *hittals*. Provision is, however, made for exemptions.

Power is also given to the Panchayets to levy any other tax with the previous sanction of Government.

The Deputy Commissioner is made the chief controlling authority in regard to the administration of the Panchayets in the district. The local revenue officers may be delegated with these powers. Provision is also made for the appointment of Inspectors to assist in the internal administration and control of the Panchayets.

THE MYSORE DISTRICT BOARDS BILL.

Whereas it is expedient to consolidate and amend the Law relating to District Boards and District Funds, it is hereby enacted as follows :—

CHAPTER I.—PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Mysore District Boards Regulation, 1925. **Short Title.**

(2) It shall extend to the whole of Mysore. **Extent.**

(3) It shall come into force in any District on such date as the Government may, by notification, direct. **Commencement.**

Provided that it shall be lawful, at any time after the passing of this Regulation, to hold an election in any District in the manner prescribed in this Regulation or the rules framed thereunder but such election shall not take effect till the commencement of this Regulation in that District.

2. On this Regulation coming into force in any District **Repeal and Savings.**

(a) the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, in so far as it relates to Local Boards, shall be repealed in that District and

(b) every District Board, Taluk Board, Committee or Joint Committee, constituted or appointed under the aforesaid Regulation shall cease to exist in that District :

Provided that—

(a) the said repeal shall not affect the validity of anything done or the liability of any person to pay any sum due from him under the aforesaid Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918 ;

(b) any appointment, notification, notice, order, scheme, license, permission, rule, bye-law, form, tax, fee, cess or rate, made, issued or imposed, contracts entered into and suits and other proceedings instituted under the aforesaid Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, or under any enactments or rules thereby repealed, shall, so far as may be, be deemed to have been made, issued, imposed, entered into and instituted under this Regulation ;

(c) the assets and liabilities of the aforesaid District and Taluk Boards in such District shall, subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be imposed by the Government, devolve on the District Board constituted under this Regulation.

3. In this Regulation— **Interpretation.**

(1) "District" means any local area, which for the purposes of the collection of land revenue shall have been placed, for the time being, under the charge of a Deputy Commissioner of a District or which for the purposes of this Regulation the Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, from time to time, declare to be a District or to be attached to and to form part of a District.

(2) "Deputy Commissioner" includes the officer in charge of the Revenue Administration of a part of a District declared as aforesaid to be a District for the purposes of this Regulation.

(3) "District Board" means any Board constituted under this Regulation.

(4) "Prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Regulation.

CHAPTER II.—CONSTITUTION OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

4. (1) As soon as may be, after the commencement of this Regulation, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja shall, with effect from such date as it may appoint, establish by notification in the Official Gazette, for each District, a District Board having authority over the entire District, provided that such portions of the District as are included in a Municipality or are under the authority of a Sanitary Board constituted under the Mysore Mines Regulation, 1906, shall be excluded from the jurisdiction of the District Board. **Establishment and incorporation of District Boards.**

(2) Every District Board shall be a body corporate by the name of the District Board of the District for which it shall

have been established shall have perpetual succession and a common seal and may sue and be sued in its corporate name.

Constitution of District Boards.

5. (1) Every District Board shall consist of—

(a) elected members, (b) such persons, if any, as the Government from time to time appoints by name, who shall be called "nominated members," and (c) *ex-officio* members, if any, as the Government may appoint under sub-section (2).

(2) Any Officer of the Government may be appointed by the Government by his official designation only to be *ex-officio* a member of the Board. The holder of the office for the time being and all persons succeeding thereto shall then be members of the Board in succession provided that the combined term of office of such persons as members of the Board shall be limited to the term prescribed in Section 24.

(3) The number of elected members shall be not less than two-thirds of the whole Board, and the number of the salaried servants of the Government shall not exceed one half of the remaining strength.

Government may determine the strength of the District Board and the number of members to be elected or appointed as ex-officio or by nomination.

6. The Government shall, from time to time, generally for each or specially for any particular District Board fix—

(a) the total number of members.

(b) subject to the provisions of the last preceding section,

(i) the number of members, who shall be elected, and

(ii) the number of members, if any, who shall be appointed *ex-officio* or by nomination

and may alter any number so fixed.

Elected members of District Boards by whom to be elected.

7. The elected members of District Boards shall be elected by general and special constituencies and the number and extent of such constituencies and the members to be elected by each constituency shall be regulated by the rules or orders of the Government notified in this behalf.

Deputy Commissioner to keep lists of voters.

8. (1) The Deputy Commissioner shall keep a list for each constituency of the District Board within his District of the persons qualified to vote in such constituency at elections of members of the District Board.

Data for preparation of lists.

(2) Such list shall be prepared by the Deputy Commissioner whenever a date has been fixed for any election of persons to fill the places of persons whose term of office has expired or whenever the Government so directs, and shall be based upon such information as shall be available in the records of the Deputy Commissioner and of the officers subordinate to him.

Revision and publication of lists.

(3) The list prepared under sub-section (2) shall be revised and published in accordance with such rules as may be prescribed by the Government.

Lists conclusive evidence of right to be elected or to vote.

(4) No person whose name is not in the revised list last published before the date of any election shall be qualified to be elected or to vote at the election of a member for the constituency for which such list has been prepared.

What persons may be voters at elections.

9. Every person who is not less than 21 years of age and who is not subject to any disqualification specified in section 10 or any other provision of this Regulation or the rules thereunder shall be entitled to have his name entered in the list for a constituency prescribed under Section 7, qualifying him to vote at elections of members of District Boards in such constituency, if he,

(a) in the case of a special constituency possesses the qualifications prescribed by the Government in this behalf,

(b) in the case of a general constituency possesses one or more of the qualifications described in schedule I and is also a subject of His Highness the Maharaja by birth or domicile and has resided in the Mysore State or in the Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, for six months prior to the date fixed for the preparation of the electoral list.

Explanation.—"Subject of His Highness the Maharaja by domicile" means one who resided in the Mysore State or in the

Civil and Military Station, Bangalore, for a period of not less than five years.

General disqualification of voters.

10. No person may vote who—

(a) has been sentenced by a Criminal Court to imprisonment or whipping for an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months, or to transportation, such sentence not having been subsequently reversed or quashed, or

(b) is a person against whom an order has been passed under Section 180 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, in proceedings instituted under Section 110 of that Code, such order not having been subsequently reversed or quashed, or

(c) has been dismissed from Municipal, District Board or Government service, or

(d) was a legal practitioner whose Sannad has been permanently withdrawn by a competent court, or

(e) has been removed from office under Section 27, or

(f) is a legal practitioner whose sannad has been suspended by a final order of a competent court during the period of such suspension; or

(g) is of unsound mind, or

(h) is an undischarged insolvent;

Provided that—

the disqualifications in clauses (a), (b), (c), (d) and (e) will cease to operate after expiry of ten years from the date of such sentence, order, dismissal, withdrawal, or removal or earlier by an order of Government.

Qualifications necessary for election to District Boards.

11. Any person whose name is entered in the list prepared under Section 8 for a constituency and who is not a female, or

a salaried officer or servant of the District Board or the Government, and

who has not directly or indirectly, by himself or his partner any share or interest in any work done by order of a District Board or in any contract or employment with or under or by or on behalf of District Board,

may be a candidate at any election in such constituency:

Provided that

(i) no person shall be disqualified by reason only of such person

(a) having a share in any joint stock company or a share or interest in any society registered or deemed to be registered under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, 1918, which shall contract with or be employed by or on behalf of the District Board; or

(b) having a share or interest in any newspaper in which any advertisement relating to the affairs of the District Board may be inserted; or

(c) holding a debenture or being otherwise concerned in any loan raised by or on behalf of the District Board; or

(d) being professionally engaged on behalf of the District Board as a legal practitioner;

(ii) a person who is already a member of a District Board shall not be entitled to be a candidate at a bye-election held before the expiry of his term of office as member of such District Board.

Vacation of seats and re-eligibility of members.

12. (1) If any person is elected or appointed to a District Board and is subject to any of the disqualifications specified in this section, his seat shall be deemed to be vacant and the vacancy shall be filled up, as soon as conveniently may be, by the election or appointment, as the case may be, of a person thereto, who shall hold office so long only as the person in whose place he is elected or appointed would have held it if he had been eligible to be a member of the Board.

(2) If any question, dispute or doubt arises whether a vacancy has occurred under this section, the orders of the Government shall be final for the purpose of deciding such question dispute or doubt.

(3) A person who has already been elected or appointed a member of a District Board on one or more occasions shall, if otherwise duly qualified, be, subject to the proviso to section 11, eligible for re-election or re-appointment.

Elections when to be held and provisions for elections or nomination in particular cases.

13. (1) Subject to such rules as may be prescribed in this behalf, every election requisite for the purposes of this Regulation shall be held on such dates as the Deputy Commissioner shall fix in this behalf.

(2) Where there is no duly qualified candidate, the Deputy Commissioner shall report the matter to Government with proposals for nominating the required number of members and, where the number of duly qualified candidates is less than the number of members required to be elected, the Deputy Commissioner shall declare all such candidates to be elected and shall report the fact to the Government with proposals for nominating the remaining number of members.

(3) When the number of duly qualified candidates is equal to the number of members required to be elected, the Deputy Commissioner shall declare all such candidates to be elected.

(4) If at any election of a member of a District Board under this Regulation, there is an equal number of votes in favour of each of two or more persons who are willing to take office, and the addition of one vote will entitle any of the persons to be elected, the determination of the person or persons to whom one additional vote shall be deemed to have been given shall be made by the Deputy Commissioner or by such officer as he may empower in this behalf, by lot in such manner as he shall deem fit.

(5) If any person duly elected at any such election declines to take office, the person, if any, amongst the unsuccessful candidates in whose favour the highest number of votes has been recorded and who is willing to take office shall be deemed to be the member elected.

(6) In cases falling under sub-section (2) and when at any contested election no votes are recorded, or for any reason an election does not result in the return of the required number of qualified persons willing to take office, the Government shall appoint the required number of persons, being persons who would have been qualified to be elected and persons so appointed shall be deemed to be members of the District Board as if they had been duly elected.

Determination of validity of elections; enquiry by Judge; procedure.

14. (1) Any person qualified to vote at an election may, at any time within fifteen days after the date of the declaration of the result of an election or the date of an order or proceeding, apply to the District Judge of the District within which the election has been or should have been held, for the determination of the validity of the election or the legality of the order or proceeding in question.

(2) An enquiry shall thereupon be held by the District Judge who may, after such enquiry as he deems necessary, pass an order confirming or amending the declared result of the election or the order of the Deputy Commissioner or some other officer empowered in this behalf under section 13 or setting the election aside. For the purposes of the said enquiry, the said Judge may exercise any of the powers of a civil court. He may also award costs in such manner as he may deem fit and such costs shall be recoverable as if they had been awarded in a suit under the Code of Civil Procedure and his decision shall be conclusive. If he sets aside an election, a date shall forthwith be fixed, and the necessary steps will be taken for holding a fresh one.

(3) (*a*) If on holding such enquiry the Judge finds that a candidate has for the purpose of the election committed a corrupt practice within the meaning of sub-section (4), he shall declare

the candidate disqualified both for the purpose of that election and of such fresh election as may be held under sub-section (2) and shall set aside the election of such candidate if he has been elected.

(*b*) If, in any case to which clause (*a*) does not apply, the validity of an election is in dispute between two or more candidates, the Judge shall, after a scrutiny and computation of the votes recorded in favour of each such candidate, declare the candidate who is found to have the greatest number of valid votes in his favour to have been duly elected:

Provided that for the purpose of such computation no vote shall be reckoned as valid if the Judge finds that it was given by an unqualified person or any corrupt practice was committed by any person, known or unknown, in giving or obtaining it.

(4) A person shall be deemed to have committed a corrupt practice—

(*a*) who, with a view to inducing any voter to give or to refrain from giving a vote in favour of any candidate, offers or gives any money or valuable consideration, or holds out any promise of individual profit or holds out any threat of injury to any person, or

(*b*) who gives, procures, or abets the giving of a vote in the name of a voter who is not the person giving such vote;

And a corrupt practice shall be deemed to have been committed by a candidate, if it has been committed with his knowledge and consent, or by a person who is acting under the general or special authority of such candidate with reference to the election.

Explanation.—The expression "a promise of individual profit," includes a promise for the benefit of the person himself or any person in whom he is interested, but does not include a promise to vote for or against any particular measure which may come before a District Board for consideration.

(5) If the validity of the election is brought in question only on the ground of an error made by the officer charged with carrying out the rules made in this behalf or of an irregularity or informality not corruptly caused, the Judge shall not set aside the election.

(6) If the Judge sets aside an election under clause (*a*) of sub-section (3), he may, if he thinks fit, declare any person by whom any corrupt practice has been committed within the meaning of this section to be disqualified from being a member of any District Board for a term of years not exceeding five and the decision of the judge shall be conclusive:

Provided that such person may, by an order of the Government in that behalf, be at any time relieved from such disqualification:

Provided further that no such declaration shall be made in respect of any person without such person being given an opportunity to show cause why such declaration shall not be made.

Voter disqualified for corrupt practice.

15. Any person who has been disqualified from being a member under the last, preceding section, shall, for the period for which the disqualification is to last, be disqualified from voting at any election to a District Board.

Publication of names of members in the Official Gazette.

16. The names of all members finally elected to any District Board, as well as the names of the nominated members and the official designations of the *ex-officio* members, if any, appointed thereto shall be published, as soon as conveniently may be, in the Official Gazette.

Presidents.

17. (1) Every District Board shall be presided over by a President, who shall be selected from among the members and for this purpose may be either—

(*a*) appointed by the Government by name; or

(*b*) appointed by the Government *ex-officio*, that is to say, as executing the functions of any office which the Government from time to time notifies in this behalf; or

(c) if the Government so directs, elected by the District Board.

Effect of notification of *ex-officio* President.

(2) When an office has been notified under clause (b) of sub-section (1), the person from time to time executing the functions of that office shall be and shall continue to be President, unless and until such notification is altered or rescinded by the Government, or until his term as member expires.

Deputy Commissioner to be President in certain cases.

(3) During the period intervening the expiry of the term of a President on the reconstitution of a District Board and the election or nomination, as the case may be, of another President, the Deputy Commissioner shall, notwithstanding anything contained in this Regulation or in the rules or notifications issued thereunder, take the place of the President and be an additional member, if he is not already a member, of the District Board, until such elected or nominated President enters on his duties.

Vice-Presidents.

(4) If and whenever the Government so directs, there shall be a Vice-President for a District Board elected by the members from among their own number.

Presidents and Vice-Presidents to be nominated in default of election.

18. (1) The election of the President or the Vice-President shall be made subject to the rules prescribed in this behalf and if any District Board fails to elect the President or the Vice-President in accordance with such rules, the Government may appoint a President or Vice-President as the case may be.

Elected Presidents and Vice-Presidents not to be salaried servants of the Government.

(2) A salaried servant of the Government shall not be elected President or Vice-President of a District Board and the election of such servant as such shall be void.

Presidents and Vice-Presidents to reside at District Headquarters.

(3) Every President other than an *ex-officio* President and every Vice-President of a District Board shall reside at the District Headquarters of the District for which the Board has been established.

Functions of Presidents.

19. The President of a District Board shall—

(a) preside at the meetings of the Board ;

(b) watch over the financial and executive administration of the Board and submit to the Board all questions connected therewith which shall appear to him to require its orders ;

(c) exercise supervision and control over the acts and proceedings of all officers and servants of the Board in matters of executive administration, and in matters concerning the accounts and records of the Board ; and subject to the rules at the time in force, dispose of all questions relating to the service of the said officers and servants, and their pay, privileges and allowances; and

(d) furnish to the Deputy Commissioner a copy of every resolution passed at every meeting of the Board and any extract from the minutes of the proceedings of the Board or other document or thing which the Government or the Deputy Commissioner may from time to time call for under Sections 92 and 93.

Emergency powers of President.

20. The President of a District Board may in cases of emergency direct the execution or stoppage of any work or the doing of any act which requires the sanction of the Board and the immediate execution or doing of which is, in his opinion, necessary for the service or saftey of the public, and may direct that the expense of executing such work or doing such act shall be paid from the District Fund :

Provided that—

(a) he shall not act under this section in contravention of any order of the Board prohibiting the execution of any particular work or the doing of any particular act, and

(b) he shall report forthwith the action taken under this section and the reasons therefor to the Standing Committee at its next meeting.

21. The Vice-President of a District Board shall — Functions of Vice-Presidents.

(*a*) in the absence of the President preside at the meetings of the Board;

(*b*) exercise such of the powers and perform such of the duties of the President as the President may, from time to time, depute to him; and

(*c*) save as provided in Section 17 exercise the powers and perform the duties of the President pending the succession, appointment or election of a President, or during the absence of the President on leave.

22. (1) Except in the case of a salaried servant of the Government who is either an appointed or an *ex-officio* President, every President and Vice-President who, for a period exceeding three months, shall absent himself from the District in such manner as to be unable to perform his duties as such President or Vice-President, shall cease to be President or Vice-President, as the case may be, unless leave so to absent himself has been granted— Consequence of absence of President or Vice-President without leave.

(*a*) by the Government in the case of a President appointed under Clause (*a*) of Sub-section (1) of Section 17.

(*b*) by the Board in the case of an elected President or Vice-President.

(2) Leave under sub-section (1) shall not be granted for a period exceeding six months, and whenever leave is granted to a President or Vice-President under that sub-section, the Board shall elect one of its members to exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of a Vice-President in lieu of the Vice-President, if any, who is exercising the powers and performing the duties of the President or who is absent on leave, during the period for which such leave is granted. If there is no Vice-President for the Board or if the Vice-President is also on leave when leave is granted to a President, the Board shall elect one of the members to perform the duties of the President on leave. Limit to the grant of leave and arrangements pending absence of President or Vice-President.

23. (1) The term of office of every President or Vice-President shall cease on the expiry of his term of office as a member of the District Board over which he presides; Term of Office of President and Vice-President and their liability to be removed.

Provided that he shall be removable from office as such President or Vice-President by the Government for misconduct or neglect of or incapacity to perform his duty or in the case of an elected or nominated President or Vice-President for not commanding the confidence of the Board to be evidenced by a resolution of the District Board in favour of which not less than two-thirds of the whole number of members of such Board have given their votes at a meeting specially convened for the purpose.

(2) In the event of the death, resignation, or removal from office of a President or Vice-President or of his becoming incapable of acting, or ceasing to be a member of the District Board, previous to the expiry of his term of office, the vacancy shall be filled up as soon as conveniently may be by the election or appointment of some other member of the Board thereto. Casual vacancies in their office how to be filled up.

24. Except as is otherwise provided in this Regulation, members of District Boards shall hold office for a term of three years, extensible by order of the Government to a term not exceeding in the aggregate four years if on any occasion the Government shall think fit, for reasons which shall be notified together with the order, in the Official Gazette, so to extend the same. Term of office.

25. The Vice-President or any member of a District Board other than the President, may resign his office as a member of the Board by giving notice in writing to the President. The President may resign his office as a member of the Board by giving notice in writing to the Government. Resignation of office as member of Board.

26. (1) Any member of a District Board who, during the term for which he has been elected or appointed, Disqualification of member after election.

(*a*) becomes disqualified under section 10, or

(*b*) having any share or interest such as is described in clause (*a*) or (*b*) of proviso (1) to section 11,

acts as a member of the District Board in any matter relating to a contract or agreement between the Board and the company or society or the manager or publisher of the newspaper described in the said clauses, or

(c) is absent for more than four consecutive months from the District for which the Board is established, unless leave so to absent himself, which shall not exceed six months, has been granted by the Board, or absents himself for six consecutive months from meetings of the Board without the leave of the Board, shall cease to be a member and his office shall become vacant.

(2) If any question, dispute or doubt arises whether a vacancy has occurred under this section, the orders of the Government shall be final for the purpose of deciding such question, dispute or doubt.

Removal of members for misconduct, etc.

27. The Government may, if it thinks fit, on the recommendation of a District Board, remove any member of such Board, elected or appointed under this Regulation, after giving him an opportunity of being heard and after such enquiry as the Government deems necessary, if such member has been guilty of misconduct in the discharge of his duties, or of any disgraceful conduct, or has become incapable of performing his duties as a member of the Board, or has refused to act as a member.

Vacancies to whom to be communicated.

28. (1) On the occurrence of any vacancy in a District Board, the President shall forthwith communicate such occurrence to the Deputy Commissioner.

Casual vacancies how to be filled up.

(2) In the event of a vacancy occurring on account of death, resignation, disqualification or removal of a member of a District Board previous to the expiry of his term of office, the vacancy shall be filled up, as soon as conveniently may be, by the election or appointment, as the case may be, of a person thereto, who shall hold office so long only as the member in whose place he is elected or appointed would have held it if the vacancy had not occurred.

Deputy Commissioner to submit proposals to Government whenever a vacancy is to be filled up by nomination.

(3) If the member of such Board whose seat has become vacant was a nominated member, the Deputy Commissioner shall submit to Government the name of a suitable person for nomination in the vacancy.

CHAPTER III.

CONDUCT OF BUSINESS OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

Meetings of District Boards.

29. (1) A District Board shall meet for the transaction of business generally at District Headquarters and occasionally at other places with the permission of the Government, once in every three months and shall, subject to the provisions of the following sub-sections, make, from time to time, rules not inconsistent with this Regulation and with any rules or orders made by the Government in this behalf, with respect to the appointment, powers and proceedings of Committees and the day, hour, notice, management and adjournment of meetings of itself or its Committees and generally with respect to the transaction of business thereat, as it thinks fit.

(2) (a) The date of the first meeting of the Board after reconstitution shall be fixed by the Deputy Commissioner and the dates of the subsequent quarterly meetings shall be fixed at the previous meeting of the Board; but the President may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon the written request of not less than one-fourth of the members and for a date within twenty-one days from the receipt of such request, call a special meeting. When the President and Vice-President are unable

or fail for any reason to call a meeting, the Deputy Commissioner may exercise the powers of a President for that purpose.

(*b*) Twenty-one clear days' notice of a quarterly meeting and fourteen clear days' notice of a special meeting, specifying the time and place at which such meeting is to be held and the business to be transacted thereat, shall be circulated to the members and posted up at the District Board Office. Such notice shall include in the case of a special meeting any motion or proposition mentioned in any written request made for such meeting.

(*c*) If less than one-third of the whole number of members be present at a meeting at any time from the beginning to the end thereof, the presiding authority shall adjourn the meeting to such hour on the following or some other future day as he may reasonably fix; a notice of such adjournment shall be fixed up in the District Board Office and the business which would have been brought before the original meeting, had there been a quorum thereat, shall be brought before the adjourned meeting and may be disposed of at such meeting or at any subsequent adjournment thereof, whether there is a quorum present or not.

(*d*) Every meeting shall be open to the public unless the presiding authority deems any inquiry or deliberation pending before the Board such as should be held in private, and provided that the said authority may at any time cause any person to be removed who interrupts the proceedings.

(*e*) Every meeting shall be presided over by the President, or, if he be absent, by the Vice-President, if any, and if both the President and Vice-President are absent or if the President be absent and there is no Vice-President, by such one of the members present as may be chosen by the meeting to be Chairman for the occasion.

(*f*) All questions shall, unless otherwise specially provided, be decided by a majority of votes of the members present, the President, Vice-President, or Chairman, as the case may be, having a second or casting vote in all cases of equality of votes.

(*g*) No member of a District Board shall vote on, or take part in, the discussion of any question coming up for consideration at a meeting of the Board or any Committee, if the question is one in which, apart from its general application to the public, he has any direct or indirect pecuniary interest.

(*h*) If the presiding authority is believed by the members present at the meeting to have any such pecuniary interest in any matter under discussion, he may, if a motion to that effect be carried, be required to absent himself from the meeting during such discussion.

(*i*) Except with the permission of the presiding authority, which permission shall not be given in the case of a motion or proposition to modify or cancel any resolution within three months after the passing thereof, no business shall be transacted and no proposition shall be discussed at any quarterly meeting unless it has been entered in the notice convening such meeting or, in the case of a special meeting, in the written request for such meeting. The order in which any business or proposition shall be brought forward at such meeting shall be determined by the presiding authority, who in case it is proposed by any member to give priority to any particular item of such business or to any particular proposition, shall put the proposal to the meeting and be guided by the majority of votes given for or against the proposal.

(*j*) Any quarterly meeting may, with the consent of a majority of the members present, be adjourned from time to time; but no business shall be transacted at any adjourned meeting other than that left undisposed of at the meeting from which the adjournment took place.

(*k*) No resolution of a District Board shall be modified or cancelled within three months after the passing thereof, except

by a resolution supported by not less than one-half of the whole number of members and passed at a quarterly or special meeting, whereof notice shall have been given fulfilling the requirements of clause (*b*) and setting forth fully the resolution which it is proposed to modify or cancel at such meeting and the motion or proposition for the modification or cancellation of such resolution.

(3) Minutes shall be kept of the names of the members and of the Government Officers, if any, present under the provisions of Section 35 and of the proceedings at each meeting of the Board, and if any member present at the meeting so desire, of the names of the members voting, respectively, for or against any resolution, in a book to be provided for this purpose, which shall be signed, as soon as practicable, by the President, Vice-President or Chairman of such meeting and shall at all reasonable times be open to inspection by any member of the Board or by any inhabitant of the District.

(4) A copy of every resolution passed by a District Board at a meeting shall, within ten days from the day of the meeting, be forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, who shall submit the same to the Government with his remarks, if any, and the Government may pass such orders thereon as it may think proper.

Vacancy not to affect proceedings of Board or Committee.

(5) During any vacancy in a District Board or any Committee thereof, the continuing members may act as if no vacancy had occurred.

Interpellations and Resolutions.

30. (1) A member of a District Board may call the attention of the President to any neglect in the execution of the District Board work, to any waste of District Board property, or to the wants of any locality within the District Board area, and may suggest any improvements which may appear desirable.

(2) A member of a District Board may move resolutions and interpellate the President on matters connected with the administration of the Board, subject to such rules as may be made by the Board and the Government in this behalf.

(3) A District Board may, subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be imposed by the Government by rules made in this behalf, pass and submit for the consideration of the Government, resolutions on questions connected with the administration of the District other than those coming within the purview of this Regulation.

Standing Committee.

31. (1) Every District Board shall appoint a Standing Committee consisting of such number of members not being more than 7 and not less than 5 as the Board may determine.

(2) The Standing Committee shall perform the functions allotted to it under this Regulation, and subject to any limitations or other provisions contained in rules made under Section 99 or rules made under Section 29, sub-section (1), shall exercise all the powers and perform all the duties of the Board which have not been delegated to any other Committee.

(3) The President of the District Board shall be *ex-officio* member and Chairman of the Standing Committee in addition to the members appointed under sub-section (1).

Economic Committee.

32. (1) Every District Board shall, subject to such rules as may be framed by itself and the Government in this behalf, appoint a Committee from among its members to be called the Economic Committee, to deal with questions relating to the development of education, agriculture and industries and commerce within the District consisting of such number of members as may be appointed by the Board.

(2) It shall be lawful to the District Board to appoint as a member of the said Committee any person of either sex who is not a member of the Board, but who may, in the opinion of the Board, possess special qualifications for serving on the Committee.

(3) It shall also be lawful for the District Board to appoint temporarily additional members of either sex, whenever necessary, for the consideration of any particular subject or subjects.

33. (1) Every District Board may appoint a Public Health Committee consisting of such members of the Board as the Board may elect. The said members may co-opt the District Medical Officer of the District or any Medical or Sanitary Officer of the Government or a legally qualified Medical Practitioner to be a member of the Committee for a period not exceeding the term of their own office.

Public Health Committee.

(2) When a Public Health Committee is appointed under sub-section (1), it shall, subject to the bye-laws framed by the District Board, perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Board in regard to matters of Public Health and Sanitation and shall give effect to the provisions of this Regulation, and the bye-laws framed thereunder and may delegate any of its duties or powers to any member or honorary or stipendiary Officer of the Board. Such member or officer shall conform to any instructions that may, from time to time, be given by the Board. The Committee may at any time withdraw any of the duties or powers so delegated.

34. A District Board may appoint Committees consisting of such members as it may decide for any purpose other than those specified in Sections 31, 32 and 33 and may invest each Committee so appointed with such powers as may be necessary or expedient for the fulfilment of the purpose for which it is appointed; and every such Committee, shall cease to exist on completion of the specific purpose for which it is appointed.

Other Committees.

35. The principal Sanitary Officer and the principal Medical Officer of the District, the Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner, the Veterinary Superintendent and the Assistant Veterinary Superintendent, the Live Stock Expert, the Director of Agriculture, the Deputy Director and Assistant Director of Agriculture, the Executive Engineer, the District Inspector of Schools and the Registrar and Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies shall, if they be not already members, be entitled to attend any meeting of a District Board or of any Committee thereof, and to address such Board or Committee on any matter under discussion affecting their respective departments and shall furnish their advice in such matters whenever called upon to do so.

Certain Government Officers entitled to attend and speak and District Boards may require officers to furnish advice.

36. (1) The President of a District Board, may, on behalf of the Board, enter into any contract or agreement in such manner and form as according to the law for the time being in force, would bind him if such contract or agreement were on his own behalf: Provided that the amount or value of such contract or agreement shall not exceed five hundred rupees.

Mode of executing contracts.

(2) Every other contract or agreement on behalf of a District Board shall be in writing, and shall be signed by the President and by two other members of the Board, and sealed with the common seal of the Board.

(3) No contract or agreement not executed as in this section provided shall be binding on a District Board.

37. Except as is hereinafter otherwise provided, no member of a District Board shall be personally liable in respect of any contract or agreement made, or for any expense incurred by, or on behalf of such Board: the District Fund at the disposal of each District Board shall be liable for and be charged with all costs in respect of any such contract or agreement and all such expenses:

District Fund ordinarily liable for all costs and expenses incurred by Boards

Provided that every member of a District Board shall be personally liable for the misapplication of any money or other property of the Board, to which he has been a party or which has been caused or facilitated by his misconduct or gross neglect of his duty as a member, and may be sued by the Board concerned with the sanction of the Government or by the Government for the recovery of or compensation for the misapplication of such money or property; and any money or property so recovered by the Government shall after satisfaction therefrom of the necessary expenses of such recovery, be delivered to the District Board.

But members to be held responsible for misapplied or wasted funds and property.

Power to compromise suits and claims.

38. (1) A District Board may compromise in respect of any suit instituted by or against it, or, in respect of any claim or demand arising out of any contract entered into by it under this Regulation, for such sum of money or other compensation as it shall deem sufficient:

Provided that, if any sanction in the making of any contract is repuired by this Regulation, the like previous sanction shall be obtained for compromising any claim or demand arising out of such contract.

(2) A District Board may make compensation out of the District Fund to any person sustaining any damage by reason of the exercise of any of the powers vested in it and its officers and servants under this Regulation.

Works to be executed by the Government Executive Engineer.

39. (1) All public works requiring a degree of professional skill not at the disposal of the District Board shall, as a rule, be carried out by the Public Works Department unless specially ordered otherwise by the Government.

Works which may be executed by the Local Board Agency.

(2) All other works of the District Board shall be executed by such agency and subject to such supervision as the District Board thinks fit subject to the rules prescribed by the Government in this behalf.

Provided that any such work shall be executed by the Public Works Department in the manner prescribed in sub-section (1), if the Board communicates a desire to that effect.

Payment of expenses incurred by the Public Works Department.

(3) When any work is executed for a District Board by the Public Works Department, the expenses incurred on the work together with the charges for supervision and tools and plant at such rates as may be fixed by the Government shall unless waived by the Government be payable by the Board to the Public Works Department.

Joint Committee.

40. (1) A District Board may, from time to time, concur with any other District Board or with any Municipal Council or with more than one such Board or Council in appointing, out of their respective bodies, a Joint Committee for any purpose in respect of which they are jointly interested, and in delegating to any such Joint Committee any power which might be exercised by either or any of the Boards or Councils concerned, and in framing or modifying regulations as to the proceedings of any such Joint Committee.

(2) If any dispute arises between two or more local authorities acting under this section, the decision thereon shall rest with the Government.

Provided that the Government may delegate its power under this section to such officer in such matters and to such extent as may be prescribed by rules framed in this behalf.

Acts of Boards, etc., not to be invalidated.

41. No act of a District Board or of any Committee or of any person acting as a member or as a President, Vice-President, or Chairman shall be deemed to be invalid by reason only of some defect in the appointment of such Board, Committee, President, Vice-President, Chairman or member or on the ground that they or any of them were disqualified for such office, or that formal notice of the intention to hold a meeting of the Board or Committee was not duly given or by reason of such act having been done during the period of any vacancy in the office of the President, Vice-President, or member of such Board or Committee or for any other such mere informality.

CHAPTER IV.

PROPERTY AND DUTIES.

Power of District Board to acquire and hold property and to contract.

42. Subject to the rules or orders made by the Government in this behalf consistently with this Regulation, every District Board shall have power to acquire and hold property both movable and immovable, whether within or without the limits of the area over which it has authority, to lease, sell or otherwise transfer any movable or immovable property which

may have become vested in or been acquired by it and to contract and to do all other things necessary for the purposes of this Regulation.

Provided that no lease of immoveable property for a term exceeding seven years and no sale or other transfer of any such property shall be valid unless such lease, sale or other transfer shall have been made with the previous sanction of the Government.

Provided also that nothing herein contained shall empower any District Board to raise loans except as provided for in section 72 and without the previous sanction of the Government.

Roads and other property of the old District and Taluk Boards to vest in the District Boards constituted under this Regulation.

43. All roads, bridges, channels, buildings and other property, moveable or immoveable, held by or under the control and administration of, and all institutions committed to the management of, the District and Taluk Boards in each District for the purposes of the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, shall, for the purposes of this Regulation, be under the control, administration and management of the District Board of such District, subject to all rights, if any, existing over and all debts liabilities and obligations, if any, affecting such properties and institutions and subject to the condition that properties and institutions whose administration devolves on the Village Panchayets under the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, 1925, shall be vested in the Village Panchayets concerned.

Works constructed by District Board to be vested in it.

44. Every road, building or other work constructed by a District Board from the District Fund shall be vested in the Board by which it has been constructed.

Duties of the District Board.

45. (1) Every District Board, shall, so far as the funds at its disposal will permit, but subject to such exceptions and conditions as the Government may from time to time make and impose, undertake the control and administration of and be responsible for the following matters within the area subject to its authority :—

(*a*) construction, repair and maintenance of public roads and other means of communication;

(*b*) planting and preservation of trees on the sides of roads and on other public ground;

(*c*) establishment, management, maintenance and visiting of schools, hospitals, dispensaries, veterinary hospitals, markets, travellers' bungalows, musafirkhanas, rest-houses, and other public institutions, and the construction and repair of all buildings connected with these institutions;

(*d*) construction and repair of public wells, tanks and water works, supply of water from them and from other sources and preservation from pollution of water for drinking and cooking purposes;

(*e*) promotion of vaccination and the appointment and control of vaccinators;

(*f*) sanitary works and measures necessary for the public health including sanitation during jatras or fairs and festivals;

(*g*) management of such public ferries as may be entrusted to its charge;

(*h*) development of the economic condition of the District with special reference to Education, Agriculture and Industries and Commerce; institution, holding and management of fairs, cattle and agricultural shows and industrial exhibitions;

(*i*) encouragement and development of Co-operative Societies;

(*j*) payment of expenses of maintenance and treatment of persons undergoing anti-rabic treatment subject to the general or special orders of the Government;

(*k*) improvement of the breed of cattle;

(*l*) maintenance of any building or other property vested in it under this Regulation;

(*m*) with the previous sanction of the Government any public reception, ceremony or entertainment or exhibition;

(*n*) the establishment and maintenance of relief and local relief works in time of famine or scarcity;

(*o*) any other local works or measures likely to promote the health, safety, comfort, convenience, interest or welfare of the public.

(2) Any District Board may, at its discretion—

(*a*) provide for the registration of births and deaths within the District, subject to such conditions as the Government may impose in this behalf;

(*b*) with the sanction of the Government, either singly or in combination with the Government or any other District Board construct and maintain within, or partly within and partly without the area under its authority, a railway or tramway and do all lawful acts which may be necessary in that behalf; and

(*c*) with the sanction of the Government, from time to time guarantee the payment from the District Fund of such sums as it shall think fit as interest on capital expended on any railway, tramway or other works which may directly improve the means of communications within the District or between the District and other Districts.

District Board may with the consent of owners take over and repair works.

46. A District Board may agree with the person in whom the property in any road, bridge, tank, ghat, well, channel or drain is vested to take over the property therein, and after such agreement may declare by notice in writing put up thereon or near thereto that such road, bridge, tank, ghat, well, channel or drain has been transferred to the District Board. Thereupon the property therein shall be vested in the District Board, and such road, bridge, tank, ghat, well, channel or drain shall thenceforth be repaired and maintained out of the District Fund.

Government may place roads and other property under District Board.

47. It shall be lawful for the Government from time to time to direct that any road, bridge, channel, building or other property, moveable or immoveable, which is vested in Government and which is situated within a District, shall, with the consent of the District Board of such District, and subject to such exceptions and conditions as the Government may make and impose, be placed under the control and administration of the District Board for the purposes of this Regulation; and thereupon such road, bridge, channel, building or other property shall be under the control and administration of the Board, subject to all exceptions and conditions so made and imposed and to all charges and liabilities affecting the same.

Power of Government to resume property.

48. It shall be competent to the Government from time to time by notification to resume any property placed under the control of a District Board under Section 47 on such terms as the Government may determine.

District Boards may undertake construction, repair and maintenance of Government buildings.

49. It shall be lawful for a District Board from time to time to undertake, on behalf of the Government and upon such conditions as may be agreed upon, the construction, repair and maintenance of any public building or other work which is the property of the Government:

Provided that the cost of such construction, repair and maintenance shall be defrayed by the Government.

CHAPTER V.

POWERS, OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

50. A District Board may, with the sanction of the Government, turn, divert, discontinue or permanently close any road which is under the control and administration of, or is vested in, the District Board.

Power to turn, divert, discontinue or close road.

51. The President of a District Board may, subject to the bye-laws made in this behalf, permit the temporary occupation or use of a road or land vested in the Board for the erection of pandals or use on the occasion of fairs and festivals, or for any approved purpose.

Power to permit temporary occupation or use of roads or places vested in the Board.

52. Subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Government in this behalf and to the bye-laws to be framed by the District Board, it shall be lawful for a District Board to notify that any road vested in it shall not be used by any vehicle (not being a motor vehicle licensed by the Deputy Commissioner under the provisions of the Mysore Motor Vehicles Rules for the time being in force) of such form, construction, weight or size or laden with such machinery or other unwieldy objects as may be deemed likely to cause injury to the roadway or to any construction thereon or risk or obstruction to other vehicles or to pedestrians, except under a license issued by the President and in accordance with the rules framed by the Government from time to time as regards speed, time, fees, mode of traction or locomotion, use of appliances for protection of the roadway, number of lights and assistants and other general precautions.

Control of unwieldy traffic.

53. (1) A District Board may, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Government, establish public ferries for the conveyance of passengers, vehicles, animals and goods.

Establishment of ferries.

(2) It shall be lawful for the person in charge of a public ferry to refuse to carry any passenger, vehicle, animal or goods, if the proper fee is not paid on demand.

54. (1) All markets, slaughterhouses and cart-stands constructed and maintained out of the District Funds shall be deemed to be public markets, public slaughterhouses and public cart-stands, respectively, and no public market shall be opened by a District Board without the previous sanction of the Government.

Markets, slaughterhouses and cart-stands.

(2) No private person shall continue to keep open a private market, slaughterhouse or cart-stand lawfully established prior to the commencement of this Regulation, unless he obtains from the District Board a license in writing to do so.

(3) Except as provided in sub-section (2), no person shall after the commencement of this Regulation, open or keep open a private market, slaughterhouse or cart-stand.

(4) No person shall sell or expose for sale any article or animal in any unlicensed private market.

55. Subject to the provisions of the Village Panchayet Regulation, it shall be lawful for a District Board to notify that no place within the area under its authority shall, after sixty days from the date of such notification, be used for any one or more of the purposes specified in Schedule II without a license from the President of the Board and except in accordance with the conditions specified therein.

Use of premises for certain purposes to be made after obtaining license.

56. (1) All applications for licenses and permissions under this Regulation may be disposed of by the President of the District Board; but when a license is refused, the person aggrieved by his order shall have the right of appeal to the District Board whose decision shall be final.

Licenses.

(2) A license under this Regulation shall be granted only on payment in advance of a fee at such rates as may be prescribed and it shall be lawful for the President to suspend a license granted for default of any of the conditions subject to which it was issued.

(3) Whoever keeps open or uses, without a license or during the suspension of a license, any place for any purpose for which a license is required under this Regulation shall be punished with fine which may extend to 50 rupees and with further fine which may extend to 10 rupees for every day on which such use is continued after the date of first conviction.

District Board's power to make bye-laws.

57. (1) The District Board may, from time to time with the sanction of the Government, make bye-laws and cancel or alter the same so as not to be repugnant to any law in force :—

(*a*) for the general or special regulation, inspection, control of musafirkhanas, travellers' bungalows, rest-houses, cart-stands, markets, slaughterhouses, hotels, bakeries, sweetmeat shops, all other places used for the sale of articles intended for human food or drink, all places used by or for animals which are for sale or hire or the produce of which is sold, all places used for the purposes specified in Schedule II and for regulating the conduct of business in any of the places aforesaid so as to secure cleanliness therein and the wholesomeness of the articles prepared, kept or sold or to minimise any injurious, offensive or dangerous effects arising or likely to arise therefrom ;

(*b*) (i) for regulating all matters connected with sanitation ;

(ii) for empowering the President or any person authorised by him to enter and inspect any building or land and to require that it shall be kept in a proper state for sanitary reasons ;

(*c*) (i) for regulating the use of and the prevention of nuisances in regard to public water-supply, bathing and washing places, streams, channels, tanks and wells ;

(ii) for requiring private sources of water-supply used by the public or any section of the public to be kept in good repair, improved or protected from pollution and for payment from the District Fund of a portion or the whole of the expenses incurred for the purpose.

(iii) for setting apart, with the consent of the owner in the case of private sources of water-supply and of the Government in the case of those under the control of the Government, for a specified purpose, springs, tanks, wells, water courses and other places and prohibiting the use of such courses for any other purpose or purposes ;

(*d*) (i) for regulating the prevention of nuisances affecting the health, safety or convenience of the public ;

(ii) for requiring that any pool, ditch, tank, pond, well, hole, or any waste or stagnant water or any channel or receptacle of foul water or other offensive or injurious matter which is likely to prove injurious to the health of the inhabitants or offensive to the neighbourhood be cleansed, filled up, drained off or removed or proper measures be taken to abate or remove the nuisance ;

(*e*) (i) for regulating the prevention and spread of dangerous diseases ;

(ii) for prohibiting the use of any source of water-supply, whether private or public, during the epidemics ;

(iii) providing for the inspection of persons travelling by railway or otherwise, and the segregation in hospital, temporary accommodation or otherwise of persons suspected of being infected with any epidemic disease, or for such other measures as may be deemed necessary to prevent the outbreak of such disease or the spread thereof ;

(iv) for empowering the President or any person duly appointed by him to enter into any building or premises in which any dangerous infectious disease is reported or suspected to exist, to require the owner or occupier of such building or premises to cleanse or disinfect the same or, in immediate or necessary cases, to have such building or premises cleansed or disinfected and to recover the whole or any part of the expenses so incurred from such owner or occupier or to remit the same in deserving cases ;

(v) for requiring that articles of clothing or bedding or other articles exposed to infection from dangerous infectious diseases to be washed or disinfected at places notified by the District Board; and destroying such articles as are likely to retain infection and paying compensation for articles so destroyed;

(*f*) for regulating the use of public roads and the traffic thereon; and for securing cleanliness, safety and order in respect of the same;

(*g*) for defining the conditions on or subject to which and the circumstances in which and the areas or localities in respect of which any licenses or permissions under this Regulation may be granted, refused, suspended or withdrawn and fixing the fees payable in respect of licenses or permissions and the rents, fees and other charges to be levied for the use of any of the places specified in clause (*a*) or other property belonging to the District Board;

(*h*) for providing for—

(i) the establishment of public ferries and their management;

(ii) the issue of permissions for plying ferry boats, the conditions on or subject to which such permissions may be granted and the fees payable in respect of such permissions;

(iii) the rates of fees that may be levied on passengers, vehicles, animals, goods or the loads that may be carried in any public ferry boat at one trip;

(iv) the safe, speedy and convenient carriage and landing of passengers and property;

(v) the maintenance of ferry boats in good order and the employment of competent men for rowing them;

(vi) the inspection of the ferries and the ferry boats; and

(vii) otherwise for the due discharge of their duty by farmers and ferrymen and other persons employed at a public ferry.

District Board may prosecute.

58. A District Board may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance whatever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties, and for the punishment of any persons offending against the provisions of this Regulation, or of any bye-law thereunder, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the District Fund;

Provided that no prosecution for an offence under this Regulation or of any bye-law thereunder shall be instituted except within six months next after the commission of such offence.

Jurisdiction of Magistrates.

59. Any prosecution under this Regulation or under any bye-law thereunder may be instituted before any Magistrate and every fine or penalty imposed under or by virtue of this Regulation or any bye-law thereunder and also all claims to compensation or other expenses for the recovery of which no special provision is otherwise made in this Regulation may be recovered, on application to such Magistrate, by the distress and sale of any movable property within the limits of his jurisdiction belonging to the person from whom the money is claimed.

Power to compromise and compound offences.

60. A District Board may—

(*a*) compromise with any person against whom a reasonable suspicion exists that he has committed an offence punishable under this Regulation or any bye-law thereunder and on such compromise no proceedings shall be taken against such person in respect of such offence.

(*b*) withdraw from prosecutions instituted under this Regulation or under any bye-law thereunder.

(*c*) compound any offence against this Regulation or against any bye-law made thereunder.

Provided that the Government may make rules to regulate the proceedings of persons empowered to compromise offences under this section.

Damage to any District Board property how made good.

61. If through any act, neglect or default, on account whereof any person shall have incurred any penalty imposed by or under this Regulation, any damage to the property of any District Board shall have been caused by such person, he shall be liable to make good such damage as well as to pay such penalty, and the value of the damage shall, in case of dispute, be determined by the Magistrate by whom the person incurring such penalty is convicted. Such value shall be recoverable in the manner provided under Chapter VII.

CHAPTER VI.

FINANCE.

District Fund, its custody and investment.

62. (1) There shall be in each District a fund which shall be called the District Fund, and be administered by the District Board of the District.

(2) It shall be lawful for a District Board to deposit at interest with the Mysore Government Savings Bank or with the sanction of the Government in any Bank in Mysore, any surplus funds in its hands which may not be required for current charges and with the like sanction invest such funds in securities of the Government of India or of the Government of Mysore or such other securities as the Government may, from time to time, approve in this behalf, and vary such investment with like sanction or dispose of such securities with the like sanction.

(3) The District Fund over and above what is invested as provided for in sub-section (2), shall be kept in the Government Treasury of the District.

Constitution of District Fund.

63. The following shall form part of, or be paid into the District Fund—

(*i*) the balance of the District Fund and the whole or such portion of the Taluk Funds at the commencement of this Regulation as the Government may direct in this behalf;

(*ii*) such portion of the local cess on land revenue and of other local rates levied or leviable by the Government as may be assigned from time to time for expenditure by the District Board;

(*iii*) all rates, cesses, tolls, fees, fines and penalties paid to or levied by or on behalf of the District Board under this Regulation;

(*iv*) all rents from lands or other properties of the District Board;

(*v*) all interest, profits and other moneys accruing by gifts or transfers from the Government or private individuals or otherwise;

(*vi*) all proceeds of land and other property sold by the District Board including sale proceeds of grass and of the produce of trees not vested in private individuals on the sides of roads and on other public ground under the control and administration of the District Board and of timber fallen or felled therefrom; and

(*vii*) all sums received by or on behalf of the District Board by virtue of this or any other Regulation.

District Board property and District Fund how to be applied.

64. All property vested in the District Board under this Regulation and all funds received by it in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation and all sums accruing to it under the provisions of any law for the time being in force, shall be applied, for expenditure as provided for in this Regulation.

Provided that all sums made over to or realised by a District Board for any specific purpose shall be applied solely for that purpose.

District Fund where to be expended.

65. Expenditure by a District Board out of the District Fund shall, save as otherwise provided by this Regulation, be made within the area subject to its authority only, but may, with the sanction of the Government be made outside that area for any of the purposes mentioned in this Regulation.

But nothing herein contained shall be deemed to require the special sanction of the Government for payment of the following charges:—

(a) for audit of accounts of the District Boards;

(b) for maintenance and treatment of persons undergoing anti-rabic treatment at rates approved by the Government;

(c) for other charges expressly required or authorised to be incurred from the District Fund by any law in force or rule or order made by the Government.

Tolls.

66. (1) Subject to the rules prescribed by the Government in this behalf, a District Board may levy tolls on carts, carriages vehicles or animals at toll gates or stations established along roads and bridges vested in it, at rates sanctioned by the Government in each case not exceeding those specified in Schedule III.

(2) A District Board may compound with any person for a sum to be paid annually or half-yearly in lieu of all such tolls either generally or in respect of all roads and bridges in the District vested in the District Board or specially in respect of any particular road or bridge in the District and may issue passes to such person in respect of his carts, carriages, vehicles and animals provided that such composition shall include all the carts, carriages, vehicles and animals possessed by the person so compounding.

(3) The District Board may, with the previous sanction of the Government, declare that payment of tolls on carts, carriages, vehicles or animals at any toll gate or station or bridge, whether within or without Mysore, shall clear such carts, carriages, vehicles or animals at any other toll gate or station or bridge.

(4) Exemptions from payment of tolls shall be regulated by the rules to be prescribed by the Government in this behalf.

(5) No more than one payment of toll shall be demanded at any toll gate, station or bridge in respect of any carts, carriages, vehicles or animals in any one period of 24 hours counted from sunrise to sunrise provided that when toll has been paid at any toll gate, station or bridge in respect of any carts, carriages, vehicles or animals not laden or unridden, the difference between such tolls and the tolls payable in respect of such carts, carriages, vehicles or animals laden or ridden shall be payable if such carts, carriages, vehicles or animals again pass through such toll gate, station or bridge, laden or ridden within such period.

(6) Any toll contractor or lessee of a toll gate or station or any person employed by the District Board or authorised by the lessee to collect the tolls may refuse to allow any person liable to the payment of the same, to pass through such toll gate or station, until the proper toll has been paid.

(7) Any person, who being liable to the payment of toll under this Regulation, refuses to pay the toll or fraudulently or forcibly passes any toll gate or station without paying the proper toll, or obstructs the person authorised to collect toll in the discharge of his duties, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate to simple or rigorous imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months or to a fine not exceeding Rs. 50.

(8) Whoever not being duly authorised to collect tolls, levies or demands any toll on any public road or bridge, or whoever duly authorised to collect tolls, demands more than the rates authorised, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 200 or to simple or rigorous imprisonment not exceeding six calendar months.

(9) In the case of non-payment of any toll on demand, the person duly authorised to collect the same may seize any of the carts, carriages, vehicles or animals on which it is chargeable or any part of their burden of sufficient value to defray the toll.

(10) If any toll remains undischarged for 24 hours after any property has been seized under sub-section (9), it shall, after 24 hours' notice, exclusive of Sunday or any close holiday, be sold by the President or a person duly authorised, by public auction

for the discharge of the tolls, and all expenses occasioned by such non-payment, seizure and sale and the balance, if any, returned on demand to the owner of the property, provided that if at any time before the sale has actually begun, tender is made of the amount of all the expenses incurred and of double the toll payable, the property seized shall forthwith be released.

(11) In all cases of resistance to the lawful authority of the persons authorised to collect tolls, all police officers shall assist when required and, for this purpose, shall have the same power which they have in the execution of their ordinary police duties.

(12) A table of the tolls authorised to be taken at any toll gate or station under this section with a statement of the penalties, on refusing to pay the same, legibly written in English and Kannada, shall be put up in a conspicuous place near such gate or station. It shall be the duty of the person in charge of such gate or station to keep such table in a proper and legible condition. When the table of tolls is not so put up at any toll gate or station, no toll shall be levied thereat during such time.

District Board to levy education cess.

67. Every District Board shall levy an education cess at a rate not less than six pies but not exceeding one anna in the rupee on all items of revenue on which local cess is levied to be utilised solely for purposes of education.

Power of District Board to levy Railway Cess.

68. The District Board may levy with the previous sanction of the Government and subject to such rules as may be framed by the Government in this behalf, a railway cess not exceeding six pies in the rupee on all items of revenue on which local cess is levied to be utilised solely in the construction of tramways and railways.

Power to levy any other cess.

69. A District Board may levy, with the previous sanction of the Government and subject to such rules as may be made by the Government in this behalf, a special cess for carrying out any of the duties imposed on it by sub-section (1) of section 45.

Rents and Fees.

70. Subject to the bye-laws made in this behalf, a District Board may charge fees for permissions issued under this Regulation and levy rents and fees for the occupation or use of any road, land or other property placed under its control or vested in it or maintained out of the District Fund.

Agency for collection.

71. The local cess, the Railway Cess and the Education Cess shall be adjusted or collected by the Departmental Government Officers or establishments concerned along with the principal items of revenue on which the cess is leviable. All other items of revenue shall be collected by such agency as the District Board appoints in this behalf with the approval of the Government, provided that it shall be lawful for a District Board to lease the right to levy tolls or any fee that may be imposed under this Regulation by public auction, subject to the rules prescribed, and the amount due under such lease shall be recoverable in the manner provided under Chapter VII.

District Boards may raise loans and may form a sinking fund.

72. It shall be lawful for a District Board, with the previous sanction of the Government and subject to the conditions imposed by it, from time to time, to raise loans for constructing a Railway or Tramway or for the execution of any approved work or for the purpose of carrying out any of the provisions of this Regulation and to form a sinking fund for the repayment of such loans.

Grant of loans to encourage local arts and industries.

73. Subject to the rules that may be made by the Government from time to time, a District Board may grant loans from the District Fund to encourage local arts and industries and to recover the same in the manner provided in Chapter VII.

74. (1) Subject to the previous sanction of the Government, a District Board may make grants-in-aid to any medical institution or school within or without the area under its authority whether it be under public or private management.

Contributions to expenditure incurred by the Government or other local authorities and power to make grants-in-aid.

(2) The Government may require a District Board to contribute towards the expenditure incurred by it or any other District Board, Municipal Council or Village Panchayet, for any of the purposes authorised by or under the provisions of this Regulation if such expenditure is such as to benefit the inhabitants of the area under the authority of such District Board.

75. When a District Board has entered into any arrangement or made any promise, purporting to bind itself or its successors for a term of years or for an unlimited period, to continue to any institution a yearly contribution from its property or from the District Fund, it shall be lawful for the District Board or its successors with the sanction of the Government, to cancel such arrangement or promise or to discontinue or to diminish such contribution, provided that it shall have given at least six months' notice of its intention so to do to the manager or managers of such institution;

Arrangements purporting to be binding permanetly or for a term of years.

76. (1) Every District Board shall, on or before the prescribed day in each year, hold a meeting at which the Standing Committee shall submit to the Board in such form as the Government may, from time to time, by rule prescribe an estimate of the income and expenditure of the Board for the next official year.

Annual estimates of income and expenditure.

(2) The District Board shall consider the estimate and may approve of it with or without modification.

(3) The District Board shall, on or before the prescribed day, cause a copy of the estimate as approved by it to be sent to the Deputy Commissioner, who shall submit the same to the Government with his remarks, if any, and it shall be competent to the Government to sanction the estimate with such modification, if any, as it deems fit.

Provided that the District Board may sanction transfer of funds from one major or minor head in the budget to any major or minor head by a re-appropriation of an allotment sanctioned in the budget.

77. Accounts of all the receipts and expenditure of every District Board shall be made up to the last day of every official year, in such form as the Government from time to time prescribes, and shall be examined and audited as soon as may be, after the end of each official year by such persons as the Government from time to time appoints in this behalf.

Annual accounts and audit.

78. The District Board shall cause a copy of every estimate approved under Section 76 and of every account made up under Section 77 to be kept at its office; and any person may at all reasonable times inspect any such estimate or account.

Inspection of estimates and accounts.

79. An abstract of every annual account of a District Board, showing its income under each head of receipts, the charges for establishment, the works undertaken, the sums expended on each work and the balance, if any, of the fund remaining unspent, shall be prepared by the District Board and submitted to the Government.

Submission of abstract of accounts to the Government.

CHAPTER VII.

RECOVERY OF DUES.

80. (1) When any sum not being a toll payable on demand—

Notice of demand for fee, cess or other dues.

(a) which by or under the provisions of this Regulation, is declared to be recoverable in the manner provided by this Chapter, or

(b) which is claimable as a fee, cess or other due under this Regulation or any rule or bye-law thereunder, shall have become due and remain unpaid ten days after the same is due, the President of the District Board or some person duly authorised by the President in writing in this behalf may serve upon the person or persons liable to pay such sum, a notice in writing in a form to be prescribed by the rules framed in this behalf.

Distress.

(2) If such person does not within fifteen days from the service of such notice of demand upon him pay the sum due, or show cause to the satisfaction of the President, why the same should not be paid, the President or other person duly authorised in this behalf, may levy such sum, with all costs by distraint and sale of the movable property of the defaulter.

Warrant for distraint.

81. In order to effect the distraint and sale of property under sub-section (2) of section 80, the President or other officer duly empowered in this behalf shall issue a warrant in the form to be prescribed by rules and for each such warrant, a warrant fee of two annas shall be leviable.

Inventory, sale.

82. The President or other person duly authorised as aforesaid shall make an inventory of the property distrained and if the amount due is not paid within fifteen days after distraint, the property may be sold.

Receipts to be given for all payments of fees, etc.

83. The President of the District Board shall give or cause to be given to every person making payment of a toll, fees, cess or other dues a receipt therefor signed by him, or some person duly authorised in that behalf. Such receipt shall specify—

(1) the date of the grant thereof,
(2) the name of the person by whom it is granted,
(3) the toll, fee, cess or other dues in respect of which the payment has been made,
(4) the period for which the payment has been made, and
(5) the amount in respect of which it is granted.

Conditions of distraint and sale.

84. (1) Whenever, under the provisions of this Regulation, any property is distrained, seized or sold in consequence of the non-payment of any fee, cess or other dues, not being a toll, such distraint, seizure and sale shall be effected subject to the provisions of the following sub-sections and of Section 62 of the Code of Civil Procedure.

Exemption from distraint and sale.

(2) All such property as is by the Civil Procedure Code exempted from attachment or sale in execution of a decree shall be exempt from distraint or sale under this section.

Limit of distraint.

(3) The distress shall not be excessive, that is to say, the property distrained shall be, as nearly as possible, proportionate to the amount due on account of the fee, cess or other dues and distraint fee and the probable expenses incidental to the detention and sale of the said property.

Perishable property.

(4) When the property seized is subject to speedy and natural decay, or when the expense of keeping it in custody and the amount due will exceed its value, the person seizing the property shall at once, after seizure of such property, give notice to the person in whose possession it was when seized to the effect that it will be sold at once, and shall sell it accordingly unless the amount due be forthwith paid.

Surplus sale proceeds.

(5) Any surplus that may remain after deducting the amount of the fees, cesses or dues and of the said expenses, including the expenses of the sale, shall be returned on demand if made within six months to the owner of the property, or if no demand be made within such period shall be credited to the District Fund.

Recovery of arrears at the commencement of the Regulation.

85. All arrears of fees, cesses and other sums due to a District Board or Taluk Board at the time of the commencement of this Regulation may be recovered by the District Board having authority over the District as though they had accrued under this Regulation.

86. Nothing herein contained shall preclude the institution of a suit for any amount due under this Regulation. Recovery of amount due by suit not precluded.

CHAPTER VIII.

OFFICERS AND SERVANTS OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

87. (1) Any District Board may, with the sanction of the Government, appoint a Chief Officer and a Health Officer and an Engineering or any one or more of such officers or appoint one person, whether temporarily, or permanently, to discharge the duties of any two or of all such officers and pay such salaries to them as the Government having regard to the financial condition of the District Board may direct. District Board may appoint Chief Officer, Health Officer and Engineer.

(2) No such officer shall be removeable from office except with the previous sanction of the Government.

(3) When a Chief Officer is appointed, all other officers and servants employed by the District Board, save such as are excepted by order of the Government from time to time, shall be subordinate to him.

(4) The Chief Officer of a District Board shall exercise the powers delegated to him by the District Board in addition to the powers that may be conferred on him by such rules as may be framed by the Government in this behalf.

(5) The Chief Officer may, with the permission of the President, or in virtue of a resolution passed in this behalf at any meeting of the District Board or of any Committee make an explanation in regard to any subject under discussion at such meeting, but shall not vote upon or make any proposition at such meeting.

88. Subject to the rules of recruitment that may be framed by the Government from time to time, every District Board shall employ such other officers and servants as may be necessary and proper for the efficient execution of its duties and shall assign to them such pay, allowances, gratuities and pensions as the Government may direct. Other officers and servants.

89. The pay, leave, punishment, transfer, pensions, gratuities and other matters relating to the officers and servants of District Boards shall be regulated by the Mysore Service Regulations and the special or general orders and rules made by the Government in this behalf. Service Regulations.

CHAPTER IX.

CONTROL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

90. The Government may, by order in writing, amend any proceedings or resolution of a District Board which it considers to be wrong or not in conformity with law and the rules or bye-laws in force thereunder and may do all things necessary to secure such conformity. Government's power to amend proceedings of District Boards.

91. The Deputy Commissioner of a District shall have power— Inspection of offices of District Boards.

(a) to inspect the office of any District Board,

(b) to call for records of any District Board either on his own motion or on the application of an aggrieved party and to submit the same with his opinion to the Government for such orders as it may deem fit to pass, if he is satisfied that the order or proceedings of the District Board or its executive is wrong or contrary to law.

Deputy Commissioner's power of supervision.

92. (1) The Deputy Commissioner of District shall have power to supervise the proceedings of the District Board on the several Committees in the District, and in the exercise of that power may (among other things) —

(a) enter on and inspect, or cause to be entered on and inspected, any immoveable property occupied by the District Board or a Committee, or any work in progress under its direction; and

(b) call for and inspect any document which may be, for the purposes of this Regulation, in the possession, or under the control, of the District Board or a Committee; and

(c) require the District Board or a Committee to furnish such statements, accounts and reports as he thinks fit.

(2) Where a Joint Committee is appointed by the District Boards of two or more Districts, the Deputy Commissioner of any of those Districts may exercise a like power in respect of the proceedings of that Committee; but if any difference arises between two or more Deputy Commissioners acting under this sub-section, it shall be referred to the Government, for its decision.

Power to suspend execution of orders, etc.

93. (1) If, in the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner, the execution of any order or resolution of a District Board or a Committee, or the doing of any act which is about to be done, or is being done, in pursuance of, or under cover of, this Regulation, is likely to cause injury or annoyance to the public or to any class or body of persons, or to lead to a breach of the peace, he may, by order in writing, suspend the execution or prohibit the doing thereof within his District.

(2) When a Deputy Commissioner makes any order under this section, he shall forthwith forward to the Government a copy of the order, with a statement of the reasons for making it, and it shall be in the discretion of the Government to rescind the order, or to direct that it continue in force, with or without modification permanently or for such period as it thinks fit.

Extraordinary powers of Deputy Commissioner in cases of emergency.

94. (1) In cases of emergency, the Deputy Commissioner may provide for the execution of any work or the doing of any act, which a District Board is empowered to execute or do and the immediate execution or doing of which is, in his opinion, necessary for the service or safety of the public, and may direct that the expense of executing the work or doing the act, with a reasonable remuneration to the person appointed to execute, or to do it, shall be forthwith paid by the District Board.

(2) If the expense and the remuneration are not so paid the Deputy Commissioner may make an order directing the person having the custody of the balance of the District Fund to pay the expense and remuneration or as much thereof as is possible from that balance.

(3) The Deputy Commissioner shall forthwith report to the Government every case in which he exercises the powers given to him by this Section.

Power to provide for performance of duties in default of District Board.

95. (1) When the Government is informed on complaint made or otherwise that a District Board has made default in performing any duty imposed on it by or under this Regulation, the Government, if satisfied after due enquiry that the District Board has been guilty of the alleged default, may, by an order in writing, fix a period for the performance of that duty.

(2) If that duty is not performed within the period so fixed, the Government may appoint some person to perform it, and may direct that the expense of performing it, with a reasonable remuneration to the person appointed to perform it, shall be forthwith paid by the District Board.

(3) If the expense and the remuneration are not so paid, the Government may make an order directing the person having the custody of the balance of the District Fund to pay the expense and remuneration or as much thereof as is possible from that balance.

96. (1) If a District Board is not competent to perform, or, persistently makes default in the performance of, the duties imposed on it by or under this Regulation or otherwise by law, or exceeds or abuses its powers, the Government may, by an order published, with the reasons for making it, in the Official Gazette, declare the District Board to be incompetent, or in default, or to have exceeded or abused its powers, as the case may be, and supersede it for a period to be specified in the order.

Power to supersede DistrictBoard in case of incompetency, default or abuse of powers.

(2) When a District Board is so superseded, the following consequences shall ensure :—

Consequences of supersession of District Board.

(a) all members of the District Board shall, as from the date of the order, vacate their office as such members ;

(b) all powers and duties of the District Board may, during the period of supersession, be exercised and performed by such person or persons as the Government, from time so time, appoints in that behalf ;

(c) where a District Board is superseded, all property vested in it shall, during the period of supersession, vest in the Government subject to all rights over and all debts; liabilities and obligations, if any, affecting that property.

(3) On the expiration of the period of supersession specified in the order, the District Board shall be re-established by appointment or election, and the persons who vacated their offices under clause (a) shall not be deemed disqualified for appointment or election.

97. If any dispute for the decision of which this Regulation does not otherwise provide arises between two or more District Boards or between a District Board and one or more Municipal Councils, the matter shall be referred to the Government whose decision shall be final and binding.

Disputes.

98. In all matters connected with this Regulation, the Government and each Deputy Commissioner shall respectively, have and exercise the same authority and control over the Deputy Commissioners and their subordinates as it or he has and exercises over them in the general and revenue administration.

Powers of Government and of the Deputy Commissioners over subordinates.

99. (1) The Government may make rules or orders to carry out all or any of the purposes of this Regulation not inconsistent therewith and prescribe forms for any proceeding for which it considers that a form should be provided.

Power to make Rules or orders.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, it shall have power to make rules or orders,

(a) with reference to all matters expressly required or allowed by this Regulation to be prescribed,

(b) with reference to all matters relating to election or appointment of members, the election of Presidents and Vice-Presidents, and the constitution of District Boards,

(c) with respect to the conduct of business of District Boards and Committees,

(d) as to the remuneration and allowances, if any, of members, Presidents and Vice-Presidents, the conditions under which and the rates at which payment of travelling expenses shall be made,

(e) as to delegation of powers to Presidents, Vice-Presidents or other officers or members or Committees,

(f) as to the submission of resolutions on questions connected with the administration of the District,

(g) as to the interpellation of the President by the members of a District Board,

(h) as to the intermediate offices, if any, through which correspondence between District Boards and the Government or Government officers shall pass,

(i) as to the conditions on which property may be acquired or transferred by District Boards.

(j) as to the mode of payment from the District Fund and the authority under which District Fund shall be expended,

(*k*) as to the conditions on which grants-in-aid shall be paid from the District Fund,

(*l*) as to the raising of loans by District Boards and the grant of loans for the encouragement of local arts and industries,

(*m*) as to the levy of tolls, fees and cesses, remissions and exemptions to be granted and the writing off of irrecoverable arrears,

(*n*) as to the preparation of plans and estimates for works which are to be partly or wholly constructed at the expense of District Boards and the power of the District Boards or the Government Officers to accord professional or administrative sanction to estimates,

(*o*) as to the accounts to be kept by District Boards, the manner in which such accounts shall be audited and the appointment and payment of auditors,

(*p*) as to the estimates of receipts and expenditure, returns, statements and reports to be submitted by District Boards,

(*q*) as to the mode in which the officers of Government shall advise and assist District Boards in carrying out the purposes of this Regulation,

(*r*) as to the recruitment of officers and officials and their qualifications and with regard to control, transfer, punishment or dismissal of officers and servants of District Boards and with regard to the pay, leave, pension and other privileges of such employees, and

(*s*) as to the guidance generally of District Boards, Committees, Joint Committees, and Government officers in all matters connected with the administration of this Regulation and not therein specially provided for.

Power of Government to amend, add to or cancel schedules.

100. The Government may alter, add to or cancel any of the schedules of this Regulation and such alteration, addition or cancellation when published in the Official Gazette shall have the force of law and all references in this Regulation to any of the aforesaid schedules shall be construed as referring to such schedules as for the time being amended in exercise of the powers conferred by this section.

Power under special circumstances to exempt District from operation of Regulation.

101. (1) If the circumstances of any District or part of a District are in the opinion of the Government such that any of the provisions of this Regulation are unsuited thereto, the Government may, by a notification in the Official Gazette, exempt the District or part of the District from the operation of those provisions and thereupon those provisions shall not apply to the exempted District or part of the District until again applied thereto by a subsequent notification of the Government.

Power to make rules in relation to notification under sub-section (1).

(2) While any notification under the former part of sub-section (1) of this section is in force, the Government may make rules to provide for any matter dealt with by the provisions of this Regulation to which the notification applies. Such rules, when published in the Official Gazette, shall have the force of law.

Publication of rules.

102 All rules made by the Government under this Regulation, shall be published in the Official Gazette both in English and Kannada.

Penalty for member, officer or servant of a District Board having an interest in any contract, etc., with that Board

103. If any member of a District Board or any officer or servant maintained by or employed under a District Board has directly or indirectly any share or interest in any work done by order of the Board of which he is a member or by which he is maintained or under which he is employed, or in any contract with or under such Board, he shall be liable on conviction before a Magistrate to a fine not exceeding rupees five hundred.

Provided that no person shall be convicted under this section by reason only of such person,

(a) having a share in any joint stock company or a share or interest in any society registered or deemed to be registered under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation which shall contract with or be employed by or on behalf of the District Board, or

(b) having a share or interest in any newspaper in which any advertisement relating to the affairs of the District Board may be inserted, or

(c) holding a debenture or being otherwise concerned in any loan raised by or on behalf of the District Board, or

(d) being professionally engaged on behalf of the District Board as a Legal Practitioner.

Members, etc., of District Boards to be public servants.

104. Every member of a District Board and every officer and servant maintained by or employed under a District Board shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of section 21 of the Indian Penal Code.

Restrictions with respect to actions against District Board.

105. No action shall be brought against any District Board or any of its officers or any person acting under its direction, for anything done or purporting to be done under this Regulation, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing shall have been delivered or left at the office of the Board or at the place of abode of such person, explicitly noting the cause of action and the name and the place of abode of the intended plaintiff.

And every such action shall be commenced within six months next after the accrual of the cause of action and not afterwards.

Acquisition of land.

106. Where any land is required for the purpose of this Regulation, the Government may, at the request of the District Board, proceed to acquire it under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894; and, on payment by the District Board of the compensation awarded under that Regulation and of the charges incurred by the Government in connection with the proceedings, the land shall vest in the District Board.

SCHEDULE I.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTERS IN GENERAL CONSTITUENCY.

(See Section 9.)

(1) A person shall be qualified as a voter in a general constituency who—

(i) is the registered occupant of land situated in the constituency and assessed to land revenue of not less than Rs. 25 per annum payable to the Government; or

(ii) is a Kadim tenant paying an annual rent of not less than Rs. 25 per annum on account of land held by him in the constituency to the holder of an alienated village to which the provisions of Chapters VIII to X of the Land Revenue Code have been applied; or

(iii) pays annually a tax on buildings or shops of not less than Rs. 5 in the constituency; or

(iv) is the owner of alienated lands which would be assessed, if they were not alienated, to the land revenue at not less than Rs. 25 per annum; or

(v) is a Graduate of a University and ordinarily resides in the constituency; or

(vi) is a retired and pensioned officer (whether Commissioned or non-commissioned) of the Mysore State Troops and resides in the constituency; or

(vii) pays income-tax to the Government and resides in the constituency.

(2) If property is held or payments are made jointly by the members of a joint family or partnership, the family or partnership shall be adopted as a unit for deciding whether the qualification exists; and the vote shall be exercised, in the case of a Hindu Joint Family by the manager thereof, or the member authorised by a majority of the family, and in other cases by the member or partner authorised in that behalf by a majority of the family or partnership concerned.

Explanation.—"Partnership" includes a company, firm, association, body of two or more guardians or trustees or the joint pattadars or other body possessing joint rights.

SCHEDULE II.

PURPOSES FOR WHICH PREMISES MAY NOT BE USED WITHOUT A LICENSE.

(*See Section 55.*)

(*a*) as a shop for sale of animals intended for human food or of meat or of fish,

(*b*) as a hotel, bakery, sweetmeat shop or for the sale of articles intended for human food or drink,

(*c*) for any of the purposes mentioned hereunder—

(1) for boiling or storing offal, blood, bones or rags,
(2) for salting, curing and storing fish,
(3) for sorting hides, horns or skins,
(4) for tanning,
(5) for the manufacture of leather or leather goods,
(6) for dyeing,
(7) for melting tallow or sulphur,
(8) for washing or drying wool or hair,
(9) as a brick, pottery or lime kiln,
(10) for soap-making,
(11) for boiling, pressing, cleansing, preparing or manufacturing, by any process whatever, oil (edible or non-edible).
(12) as a manufactory of sago,
(13) as a distillery,
(14) for storing hay, straw, fodder, wood, coal or other combustible material,
(15) as a manufactory or place of business of any other kind from which offensive or unwholesome smells, fumes or dust arise or which may involve risk of fire.

SCHEDULE III.

Maximum rates of tolls.
(*See Section 66.*)

		Re.	a.	p.
1.	On every motor car	1	0	0
2.	On every motor tricycle or bicycle ...	0	4	0
3.	On every other vehicle of any description propelled by steam or other motor power	1	0	0
4.	On every four-wheeled carriage ...	0	12	0
5.	On every two-wheeled carriage on springs other than a jutka or ekka	0	8	0
6.	On every ekka or jutka, laden...	0	4	0
7.	On every ekka or jutka, unladen ...	0	2	0
8.	On every other vehicle with springs including tricycle and bicycle	0	2	0
9.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by eight bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden	1	0	0

		Re.	a.	p.
10.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by 8 bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	8	0
11.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by 6 bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden ...	0	8	0
12.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by 6 bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	4	0
13.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by 4 bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules if laden ...	0	6	0
14.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by 4 bullocks, horses, buffaloes, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	3	0
15.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs, drawn by 2 bullocks, buffaloes, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if laden ...	0	4	0
16.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by 2 buffaloes, bullocks, horses, ponies, asses or mules, if not laden	0	2	0
17.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule, if laden ...	0	2	0
18.	On every cart or other vehicle not on springs drawn by a single bullock, buffalo, horse, pony, ass or mule, if not laden	0	1	0
19.	On every buffalo or bullock per head, if laden	0	1	0
20.	On every buffalo or bullock per head, if not laden	0	0	6
21.	On every elephant	1	0	0
22.	On every camel, if laden	0	4	0
23.	On every camel, if not laden	0	2	0
24.	On every horse, if laden or ridden ...	0	1	6
25.	On every horse, if unladen or unridden ...	0	0	9
26.	On every thattu or mule, if laden or ridden	0	0	9
27	On every thattu or mule, if unladen or led	0	0	6
28.	On every ass, if laden or ridden ...	0	0	6
29.	On every ass, if unladen or led ...	0	0	3
30.	On every sheep, goat or pig ...	0	0	1
31.	On every palanquin, dooly, palna or tonjon with two bearers	0	2	0
32.	On every palanquin, dooly, palna or tonjon with more than two bearers ..	0	4	0

N.B.—Animals drawing any vehicle for which toll can be demanded are not also to be charged with toll.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Bill has been prepared in the light of the recommendations of the Local Self-Government Conference of 1923, the discussions that took place at the Dasara Session of the Representative Assembly of 1924 on the Memorandum placed before that Body by the Government and with a view to give effect to Government Order No. L. 4542-71—L. B. 104-24-1, dated 23rd December 1924, passing orders on the further development of Local Boards in the State. As the control of the Administration of the Panchayets will under the above orders, be transferred to the local Revenue authorities, a separate Village Panchayet Bill has been already drafted. As the Taluk Boards will be

abolished, it has become necessary to consolidate and define the law relating to the District Boards and District Funds only and hence this Bill.

NOTES ON CLAUSES.

Clause 1. The use of the words "Local Boards" as in the Regulation of 1918 is not, therefore, necessary and the new Regulation is accordingly styled "The Mysore District Boards Regulation".

Proviso to clause 1. This enables elections being held after the commencement of the Regulation but before the introduction of the provisions thereof to any District, so that District Boards may be constituted under the new Regulation with effect from a specific date.

CHAPTER II.

This Chapter is framed mainly after the provisions of the Bombay Act of 1923, and provides substantive provisions, as in the Mysore Municipal Regulation regarding the details of constitution of District Boards which is now regulated by the rules framed by the Government and it has been made fuller.

Clause 7. Elections are to be from general constituencies and special constituencies. The general constituencies will of course be the Taluk rural constituencies and the special ones will be those representing special interests such as Inamdars, Associations, etc.

Clause 9 and Schedule I. For special constituencies, special rules have to be prescribed. For general constituencies, the rules in force regarding elections to the Representative Assembly and the rules in force for election to Taluk Boards have been adopted with necessary modifications. The rules in regard to the Representative Assembly elections do not recognise the right of owners of parts of Inam Villages and minor Inams, assessable to a land revenue of Rs. 25 a year and the right is conceded only to Inamdars of whole Inam villages with a beriz of Rs. 125. This defect has been remedied in the Regulation by following the present Local Boards Rules also as far as possible.

Clause 10. The disqualifications of voters are set out in this clause. Persons of unsound mind, and undischarged insolvents and bankrupts are proposed to be disqualified in addition to those specified in Section 9 of the Bombay Act.

Clause 13. This provides for nomination of members in certain cases and gives power as in Assam to the Deputy Commissioner, when the election is not contested, to declare as elected the duly qualified candidates competing for the places open for election.

Clause 14. At present, elections to the District Boards are made from the Taluk Boards and no provision is made in the Regulation itself for settlement of election disputes. In the case of elections to Taluk Boards, the rules empower the Deputy Commissioners to set aside any election with the approval of the Government on the ground of fraud, intimidation, bribery, etc. As the elections to the District Board will be made in future directly by the voters, it is necessary that all disputes arising in that connection should be judicially disposed of. This clause also deals elaborately with corrupt practices at elections and disqualification of persons committing corrupt practice for membership of District Boards for a period not exceeding five years and is adopted from Section 19 of the Bombay Local Boards Act and Section 22 of the Mysore Municipal Regulation.

Clause 15. This takes away the power of voting at elections from persons declared by the Judge as disqualified for membership under clause 14, so long as such disqualification lasts.

Clause 17 (3). This is based on Municipal Regulation 23 (7 A.). Deputy Commissioner will be President during an interregnum as in District Headquarter Municipalities.

Do (4). The appointment of Vice-President is made discretionary with the Government. In case there is a non-official President there will be no need generally for a Vice-President, if the District Board appoints a Chief Officer for supervising the executive work in the District. If it is decided to have a Vice-President, he should be elected by the Board.

This prohibits election of salaried servants of Government as Presidents and Vice-Presidents. Clause 18 (2).

At present, Vice-Presidents of Local Boards are under Government Order No. L. 3891-906—L. B. 37-24-10, dated 27th November 1924 required to have their residence within a reasonable distance of their Head-quarters. As the Taluk Boards will be abolished, it is necessary that Vice-Presidents and Presidents of District Boards, nominated or elected, should live at the District Headquarters of the District. Do (3).

This enables the District Board to elect a Vice-President in lieu of the permanent Vice-President, if any, doing the duties of the President on leave and to have an elected President during the absence on leave of a President appointed by name by the Government. Clause 22 (2).

This enables the Government to remove an elected or nominated President or Vice-President from his office when he does not command the confidence of the members. Clause 23.

The maximum term of office of members is fixed at 4 years as in Section 17 of the Municipal Regulation. Clause 24.

This enables the Government to remove any member on the recommendation of the District Board and requires that members before removal should be given an opportunity of being heard. Clause 27.

CHAPTER III.

This chapter deals with the conduct of meetings, formation of Committees, Joint Committees and matters connected with the carrying on of business of the District Boards and is based mainly on the Bombay Act as well as those in Madras and Mysore.

Government sanction for holding meetings at other than Headquarters of the District is considered necessary in order to keep down the expenditure on account of travelling allowances and to see whether the additional expenditure proposed is absolutely necessary. Clause 29 (1).

As in this matter it is difficult to distinguish substantive provisions of law from those that may be relegated to the rules, almost the whole of the provision in sub-section (2) of Section 35 of the Bombay Act has been incorporated in the Bill. Clause 29 (2).

The present rule requires at least 10 days' notice of an ordinary meeting. In the Bill the minimum is raised to 21 days in accordance with the Bombay Act. A longer duration is necessary as the District Board will have to deal with rural representatives living in distant parts of the District. Clause 29 (2) (b).

The minimum quorum of 5 members required in the present rules for an adjourned meeting is dispensed with in this clause in accordance with Section 26(7) of the Municipal Regulation and the Bombay Act. Clause 29 (2) (c).

These provisions have been made with a view to prevent Presidents and members from presiding or voting when matters in which they have any pecuniary interest are either discussed or considered. Clause 29 (2) (g) & (h).

A doubt was expressed by the President of the Mysore District Board as to whether members of the District Boards could send propositions for discussion before the District Board and in Local and Legislative Secretary's letter No. L. 9032—L. B. 136-23-2, dated 21st May 1924, Government decided that every member has such a right. These sub-clauses have been introduced to remove all ambiguity in the matter and also to empower the members to interpellate the President. Clause 30 (1) and (2).

This introduces an important change. In the existing Regulation there is provision for the appointment of a Finance Committee and an Economic Committee and Joint Committees. As the District Board is rather an unwieldy body, there should be a Standing Committee as in Bombay to deal with all routine matters between the quarterly sittings of the Board and to act in the same way as Managing Committees in Municipalities. This Committee may also do the work now expected of the Finance Committee. Claus 31.

Clause 32. This provides for a single Committee for each District Board for economic work in lieu of 3 Committees as provided in Section 17A of the existing Regulation, *vide* Government Order No. 673-95—Ml. 79-24-1, dated 26th July 1924.

Clause 33. This enables the District Boards to appoint Public Health Committees to perform the duties and exercise the powers of the Boards in matters of Public Health and Sanitation as in Bombay.

Clause 35. In addition to the District Medical and Sanitary Officer and the Executive Engineer and the District Inspector of Schools, the Senior Surgeon and Sanitary Commissioner, the Veterinary Superintendent and Assistant Superintendent, the Live Stock Expert, the Director, Deputy Director and Assistant Directors of Agriculture and the Registrar and Assistant Registrars of Co-operative Societies are empowered to attend meetings of District Boards and Committees thereof and to address such Boards and Committees when any matter affecting their department is under discussion and they are required to furnish advice when called upon to do so.

Clause 36. Contracts and agreements of value exceeding Rs. 500 are required to be in writing and to be signed by the President and two members and sealed with the common seal of the Board.

Clause 39. This has been added to ensure proper execution of works involving public safety and heavy outlay, by the agency possessing the required professional skill and embodies the provisions of the existing rules.

CHAPTER IV.

PROPERTY AND DUTIES.

In the existing Regulation, the duties of Local Boards have been summarised in Section 8. The arrangement of matter in the Bengal Act is considered more suitable as it deals side by side with duties and powers. The sections of the Bengal Act which could be advantageously adopted have been incorporated in the draft Bill.

Clause 43. This provides for the devolution of the properties under the control of the old Boards to the District Boards to be constituted under the Regulation with the exception of those that come within the purview of Village Panchayets.

Clause 45. The duties of the District Boards are enumerated. Control over cattle-pounds is not included as this function has been assigned to the Panchayets. The functions enumerated are wide enough and they have to be undertaken so far as funds permit, the most important being those relating to "communications, medical relief, vaccination and veterinary services." Encouragement and development of Co-operative Societies is newly included in the functions of District Boards.

District Boards are, at their option, empowered to provide for registration of briths and deaths in accordance with Government Order No. L. 530-48—L. B. 58-24-2, dated 23rd July 1924, and they are also entrusted with the power to construct railways and tramways and to guarantee the interest on capital expenditure on any railway, tramway or work directly improving the means of communication.

Clause 46. District Boards may take over property from a private person with all his rights thereto.

Clause 47. This empowers the Government to transfer certain properties to the control and administration of District Boards. The property in such cases does not become vested in the Board.

CHAPTER V.

POWERS, OFFENCES AND PENALTIES.

Clause 50. This gives power to District Boards in regard to the alignment of roads or in dealing with roads over which the public has acquired a right of way.

Clause 52. This provides for control of unwieldy traffic and excludes from its operation motor vehicles licensed under the Mysore Motor Vehicles Rules.

The provision contained in Section 38 (*c*) and (*b*) (*ii*) and (*iii*) of the existing Regulation are improved so as to enable the District Boards to make the cart-stands and markets a source of income to themselves, by declaring that no private cart-stand or market will be allowed to come into existence after this Bill becomes law. Clause 54.

This deals with the control of dangerous and offensive trades by means of licenses. In view of the interpretation of the word "oil-boiling" on page 294 of Volume XXIX of the Chief Court Reports, the words used in the Calcutta Corporation Act, *viz.*, "boiling, pressing, cleansing, preparing, manufacturing by any process whatever, oil (edible or non-edible)" have been incorporated in Schedule II as in the draft Bill to amend the Municipal Regulation. Clause 55.

This provides for compromising and compounding offences. Clause 60.

CHAPTER VI.

FINANCE.

This is based on Section 23 of the existing Regulation with such modifications as were found necessary owing to the abolition of Taluk Boards. The balance at the credit of the District Boards at the commencement of the Regulation will go to the District Boards constituted under the new Regulation. In respect of the balances at the credit of the Taluk Boards, power is reserved to the Government to direct whether the whole or only a portion thereof should go to the credit of the District Board concerned. The balance, if any, of the Taluk Fund not credited to the District Fund will be assigned to the village fund. Clause 63.

District Fund should be expended in the area in which it is raised, but with the sanction of the Government it may be spent outside the area. The sanction of Government acts as a safeguard against indiscriminate use of local finances outside the areas under the authority of individual District Boards. The proviso deals with the exceptions to the general rule laid down. Clause 65.

There is no specific provision for levy of tolls in the present Regulation and all the existing rules in the matter relating to the levy and recovery of tolls are incorporated here. Clause 66.

Education cess will be made a compulsory levy in future, *vide* para 10 of Government Order No. L. 4542-71—L. B. 104-24-1, dated 23rd December 1924. Clause 67.

Levy of special cess for carrying out any of the duties of the District Board is authorised by this. Clause 69.

This provides for authority to levy fees for permissions issued and rents for the use of District Board property. Clause 70.

Land cess and cess on Excise and Forest Revenue and Railway cess and Education cess are collected by the agency of the Revenue Department. It is only for other items that a specific agency is required. Power is given to lease the right of levying tolls and fees under the Regulation. Clause 71.

This provides for raising loans for specific purposes. Loans will mostly be required to improve communications by construction of railways and bridges both of which involve heavy initial capital cost. Power is taken to the District Boards to form a sinking fund for repayment of loans raised. Clause 72.

This provides for the grant of loans to encourage local arts and industries and is in accordance with the resolution arrived at in the Representative Assembly. Clause 73.

This relates to grants-in-aid to schools and medical institutions. Power is taken to the Government to require District Boards to contribute towards maintenance of institutions which indirectly benefit the inhabitants. Clause 74.

This is based on section 57 of the Municipal Regulation and provides for discontinuance or reduction, after notice of not less than 6 months, of contributions promised for a specified or unlimited period. Clause 75

This relate to budgets and is practically the same as section 28 of existing Regulation. Submission of supplemental estimates is dispensed with and District Boards are expressly permitted to sanction re-appropriation of sanctioned grants. Clause 76.

CHAPTER VII.

RECOVERY OF DUES.

The provisions of this Chapter are an improvement on the provisions in the existing Regulation. The chief feature is that the Chapter indicates as to how distraint and sale of movable property of a defaulter has to be carried out.

Clause 84 (2) As in section 162 of the Land Revenue Code, all property of the defaulter exempted from distraint or sale in execution of a decree will also be exempted from distraint or sale under the Regulation.

Clause 85. This provides for arrears at the commencement of the Regulation being recovered as though they had accrued under the Regulation.

CHAPTER VIII.

OFFICERS AND SERVANTS OF DISTRICT BOARDS.

Clause 87. This provides for the appointment, if necessary, of a Chief Officer, a Health Officer and an Engineer or any one or more of them and is based on the provisions of the Municipal Regulation with suitable changes. The salaries of these officers will be fixed by the Government with due regard to the financial condition of the District Boards concerned.

Clause 88. This provides for the appointment of other officers and servants of the District Board subject to the rules of recruitment framed by the Government. The rules issued in Government Order No. Ml. 145-24-2, dated 19th February 1925, passing orders on the resolution of the Representative Assembly regarding employment of Government Servants for superior appointments under District Boards and Municipal Councils have to be deemed to have been issued under this section.

CHAPTER IX.

CONTROL AND MISCELLANEOUS.

Clause 90. Power is expressly given to Government to amend resolutions of District Board which are wrong or contrary to law.

Clause 91. This is introduced to give effect to the resolution of the Local Self-Government Conference approved by the Representative Assembly and accepted by the Government in regard to the Deputy Commissioners being empowered to inspect District Board Offices and call for records of any case and submit the same to the Government if necessary.

Clause 97. Disputes for which no provision is made elsewhere, arising between two or more District Boards or between a District Board and one or more Municipal Councils should be referred to the Government.

Clause 98. This relates to power of Government and Deputy Commissioners over subordinates and is based on similar sections in the Municipal Regulation and the Bombay Act.

Clause 99. Government will have to make rules in the following cases:—

(*a*) in all cases where the Regulation clearly says that rules shall be prescribed.

(*b*) in all matters where the District Board has no power to frame bye-laws,

(*c*) in those matters where although no specific provision has been made in rules, it is necessary that Government should lay down the rules which should be observed in carrying out the provisions of the Regulation.

The rules making power is an important one and it has to satisfy two conditions. It should be specific and it should be consistent with the provisions of the Regulation. These principles have been followed and the clause is drafted on a comparison of the provisions in the several British Indian enactments.

Clause 100. This section provides for changes in certain specific matters, especially where experience dictates frequent changes. When the schedules are altered, they shall have the force of law. It will not be necessary to introduce amending bills. The section is based on a similar provision in section 201 of the Madras Act. The Schedules relate to qualifications of voters, purposes for which premises may not be used without licenses and the maxi-

A BILL FURTHER TO AMEND THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION, VII OF 1906.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows :— Amendment of Section 10.

1. For the proviso to sub-section (1) of Section 10, the following shall be substituted:—

"Provided that the number of elected Councillors shall not be less than two-thirds and one-half of the whole number, inclusive of the President, in the case of City and other Municipal Councils, respectively, and that not more than one-half of the nominated Councillors shall be salaried servants of Government."

2. For the words "for the like period, has been paying" in clause (*c*) of Section 12, the words "was for the preceding year, assessed to" shall be substituted.

3. After sub-section (2) of Section 13, the following new sub-section shall be inserted:— Amendment of Section 13

"(3) A person shall not be qualified to be elected as a Councillor unless he is enrolled in the Municipal Election Roll and a person who is already a Councillor shall not be qualified to be a candidate at a bye-election held before his term of office as Councillor. Enrolment in Municipal Election Roll necessary for elected Councillor.

Provided that if any company, body corporate, or other association of individuals is enrolled in the Municipal Election Roll, any one person duly authorised in this behalf to represent such association shall be deemed to be qualified to be elected a Councillor." Representative of an Association.

4. For Section 23 of the Regulation, the following shall be substituted:— Amendment of Section 23.

"(1) Every Municipal Council shall be presided over by a President who shall be either:—

(*a*) appointed by the Government by name, or

(*b*) appointed by the Government *ex-officio*, that is to say, as executing the functions of any office which the Government from time to time notifies in this behalf, or

(*c*) if the Government so directs, elected by the Municipal Council in accordance with such rules and conditions as may be prescribed by Government in this behalf, or

(*d*) if the Government so directs, elected by persons entitled to vote under Section 13, subject to such rules and conditions as may be perscribed by the Government in this behalf.

(2) When an office has been notified under clause (*b*) of sub-section (1), the person from time to time executing the functions of that office shall continue to be President, unless and until such notification is altered or rescinded by the Government. Effect of notification of *ex-officio* President.

(3) During the period intervening the expiry of the term of a President on reconstitution of a Municipal Council and the election or nomination as the case may be, of another President, the Deputy Commissioner in the case of Municipalities at District Headquarters, or the Amildar in case of other Municipalities shall, notwithstanding anything contained in this Regulation or in the rules or notifications issued thereunder take the place of the President until such elected or nominated President enters on his duties.

(4) (a) There shall be a Vice-President for such Municipal Councils as the Government may direct.

(b) The Vice-President shall be elected by Councillors from among their number in accordance with such rules and conditions as may be prescribed by Government in this behalf.

Provided that the Government may for special reasons and in the case of such Municipal Council as it may deem fit appoint the Vice-President by name.

Consequences of absence sf President or Vice-President without leave.

(5) Except in the case of a salaried servant of Government who is either an appointed or an *ex-officio* President, every President, who for a period exceeding three months, and every Vice-President who for a period exceeding fifteen days, shall absent himself from the municipality in such manner as to be unable to perform his duties as such President or Vice-President, shall cease to be President or Vice-President unless leave so to absent himelf has been granted.—

(*a*) by the Government in the case of a President appointed under clause (*a*) of sub-section (1) ;

(*b*) by the Municipal Council in the case of an elected President or of a Vice-President.

Limit to grant of leave and arrangements pending absence of Vice-President

(6) Leave under the last preceding sub-section shall not be granted for a peroid exceeding six months and whenever leave is granted to a Vice-President under that sub-section a Councillor shall be elected, subject to the conditions to which the election of the Vice-President so absenting himself was subject, to perform all the duties and exercise all the powers of a Vice-President during the period for which such leave is granted.

Liability of President and Vice President to remove and term of office.

(7) Every President and Vice-President shall be removable from his office as such President or Vice-President by the Government for misconduct, or neglect of or incapacity to perform his duties and the term of office of every President, and of every Vice-President, shall cease on the expiry of his term of office as Councillor.

Vacancies in their office how to be filled up.

(8) In the event of the death, resignation or removal from office of a President other than an *ex-officio* President, or of a Vice-President, or of his becoming incapable of acting in such office or having ceased to be a Councillor under sub-section (2) of Section 15, previous to the expiry of his term of office as President or Vice-President, the vacancy shall be filled up by the appointment or election, as the case may be, of some other Councillor thereto.

Remuneration of President and Vice-President of Municipal Council.

(9) The President or Vice-President of any Municipal Council may receive out of the Municipal Fund such monthly salary or allowances as such Municipal Council may sanction from time to time with the approval of Government.

Provided that it shall be lawful for any Municipal Council to pay out of the Municipal Fund with the sanction of Government, the salary of any Government officer whose services are lent for employment as Vice-President or President."

Ammendent of Section 26.

5. In the explanation at the end of Section 26 the words "or Sanitary" shall be inserted after the word "Medical."

Amendment of Section 29 A.

6. In Section 29A of the Regulation the words "a Committee called the Economic Committee to deal with questions relating to the development of Education, Agriculture and Industries and Commerce," shall be substituted for the words "three Committees to deal respectively with Education, Agriculture, Industries and Commerce."

Amendment of Section 31.

7. (1) In Section 31 for the word "one third" after the words "shall not exceed" the word "one half" shall be substituted.

(2) In the same Section "29, 29A" shall be inserted for "29."

Amendment of Section 46

8. The following shall be substituted for proviso (*a*) to Section 46 of the Regulation, *viz*:—

"(*a*) It shall be competent for the Government to frame rules for the regulation of all or any of the matters specified in

clauses (*b*) (*ii*), (*c*), (*e*), (*f*), (*g*) and (*h*) in respect of all or any class of Municipal Councils or in respect of all or any of their employees and no rule made or any alteration or rescission of a rule made by a Municipal Council under this section shall have effect if it is repugnant to any rule made by the Government and unless and until it has been also approved by the Government."

Amendment of Section 48.

9. (1) After sub-clause (*ii*) of clause (*b*) under sub-section (1) of Section 48, the following new sub-clause shall be inserted:—

"(*iii*) as a hotel, bakery, sweetmeat shop or otherwise for the preparation, manufacture or sale of articles intended for human food or drink", the present sub-clause (*iii*) being re-numbered as sub-clause (*iv*):

(2) After sub-clause (*iv*) of clause (*b*) under the same sub-section, the following new sub-clause shall be added:—

"(*v*) or for any other purpose for which the taking out of a license is or may be prescribed."

(3) For clause (*c*) under the same sub-section, the following shall be substituted:—

For licensing the use of steam whistles, etc.

"Prescribing the conditions on, or subject to which and the circumstances in and the areas or localities in respect of which licenses may be granted, refused, suspended or withdrawn for the establishment in any premises, of any factory, workshop or workplace in which it is intended that steam, water, electrical or other mechanical power shall be employed, or for the use of whistles and trumpets, operated by steam, mechanical means or electricity in factories or other places for the purposes of summoning or dismissing workmen or persons employed."

For construction of houses for the poor.

(4) In sub-section (1) of the same section, the following shall be inserted between clauses (*c*) and (*p*):—

"(*oo*) regulating the conditions for the construction, use and disposal of houses intended for the poor."

(5) In clause (*p*) of the same sub-section between the words "foundations" and "roofs" the word "floors" shall be inserted.

Prescribing time limit for buildings.

(6) At the end of the same clause after the semicolon, the following words shall be added "and prescribing a time limit for the erection of buildings."

For regulating construction or use of buildings for grain shops and stores and for regulating construction or use of buildings so that they may not be a source of nuisance in residential localities, etc.

(7) After clause (*p*) of the same sub-section, the following new clause shall be added:—

"(*pp*) regulating the erection or use of buildings for grain shops or grain stores and regulating the use of sites for erection of buildings and regulating, in localities intended for residential purposes, the erection or use of buildings for shops, market places, manufactories, places of public resort or for any other purpose."

Amendment of Section 52.

10. In Section 52, after the first paragraph, the following additional proviso shall be inserted:—

"Provided that any funds granted to the Municipal Council by the Government for any specific work or purpose shall be applied exclusively for such work or purpose and in accordance with such instructions as the Government may lay down either generally or specifically in this behalf."

Amendment of Section 56.

11. The following new clauses shall be added after clause (*b*) under Section 56 of the Regulation:—

"(*bb*) Constructing and maintaining, where necessary, suitable sanitary houses for the habitation of the poor."

"(*c*) granting loans to encourage local arts and industries.

Amendment of Section 59.

12. (1) After clause (x) of Section 59 of the Regulation, the following new clause (xi) shall be inserted, the present

clauses (xi) and (xii) being re-numbered as (xii) and (xiii), respectively:—

"(xi) a tax on shops where business is carried on for purposes of profit payable half-yearly by the person or persons engaged in the business at such rates not exceeding those specified in Schedule II (A) as may be fixed by the Municipal Council concerned.

Provided that where a Municipal Council elects to levy a tax under this clause, the person or persons paying the tax shall not be called upon to pay a tax on professions, trades, and callings under clause (x) in respect of the business carried on in the shop."

Amendment of proviso (a) to Section 59

(2) For proviso (*a*) to Section 59, the following shall be substituted :—

"(*a*) no tax imposed as aforesaid, other than a special Sanitary cess or water-rate shall, without the express consent of Government, be leviable in respect of—

(i) any building or part of any building belonging to Government and used solely for public purposes, and not used or intended to be used for residential purposes or for purposes of profit :

(ii) any vehicle, animal or other property belonging to Government and used solely for public purposes and not used or intended to be used for purposes of profit ;

(iii) any building or part of a building ordinarily used as a place of public worship or used for charitable, but not residential purposes ;

(iv) any building or part of a building set apart for the occupation of His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja ;

(v) any vehicle, animal or other property belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja ; and no toll shall be leviable for the passage of troops or the conveyance of Government stores or of any other Government property or property of His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja or for the passage of Military or Police Officers on duty, or the passage or conveyance of any persons or property in their custody."

13. After sub-section (2) of Section 70, the following sub-sections shall be inserted:—

Farming of fees.

"(3) It shall be lawful for the Municipal Council to lease the levy of any fee that may be imposed under sub-section (2) by public auction or private contract, provided proper security is taken from the lessee for the due fulfilment of the conditions of the lease.

Power of lessee to expel persons who refuse to pay fees.

(4) When any fee has been leased under sub-section (3) any person employed by the lessee to collect such fee or the lessee himself may subject to the conditions of the lease, collect the fee or expel from the place for the use of which the fee is payable, any person who is liable to pay the fee, but refuses to pay it."

New Section 81A.

14. After Section 81, the following section shall be inserted;—

Farming of tolls.

"81A. (1) It shall be lawful for the Municipal Council to lease the levy of any toll that may be imposed under this Regulation by public auction or private contract ; provided that the lessee shall give security for the due fulfilment of the conditions of the lease.

(2) Where any toll has been leased under this section, any person employed by the lessee to collect such tolls shall, subject to the conditions of the lease, have the powers referred to in sub-sections (1) and (2) of Section 79; provided that no article distrained may be sold except under the orders of the President.

15. (1) After sub-section (2) of Section 83 of the Regulation, the following shall be inserted as sub-section (2a):— Amendment of Section 83

"(a) Where the property is in the area under the control of the Municipal Council, the warrant shall be addressed to an officer of the Municipal Council. Where the property is in another Municipality, or in a place which is not a Municipality, the warrant shall be addressed to the President of the Municipal Council concerned or to the Amildar of the Taluk as the case may be; provided that such President or Amildar may endorse such warrant to a subordinate officer." To whom the warrant should be addressed.

(2) In sub-section (3) of the same section for the words "any municipal officer," the word any "officer" shall be substituted.

16. After Section 84, the following section shall be inserted:— Addition of Section 84 A.

"84A. Where the warrant is addressed outside the Municipality, the authority issuing the warrant may by endorsement direct the officer to whom the warrant is addressed to sell the property distrained and in such case it shall be lawful for such officer to sell the property and to do all things incidental to the sale and the foregoing provisions shall be modified accodingly. Such officer shall, after deducting all costs of recovery incurred by him, remit the amount recovered under the warrant to the authority by whom it was issued." Distraint and sale outside the Municipality.

17. After Section 91, the following new Section 91A shall be inserted:— Addition of a new Section 91A.

"91A. (1) It shall be the duty of every Municipal Council to prescribe a line on each side of every public street within the Municipality and the Municipal Council may from time to time prescribe a fresh line in substitution for any line so prescribed, or for any part thereof: The regular line of a public street.

Provided that—

(a) at least one month previous to prescribing such line or such fresh line, as the case may be, the Municipal Council shall give public notice of the proposal and they shall put up special notice thereof in the street or part of the street for which such line or such fresh line is proposed to be prescribed, and

(b) the Municipal Council shall consider any written objection or suggestion in regard to such proposal delivered at the office of the Municipal Council within such time as they may specify in such public or special notice.

(2) The line for the time being so prescribed shall be called 'the regular line of the public street.'

(3) Except under the provisions of Section 113, no person shall construct, or without the permission of the Municipal Council under Section 96 reconstruct any portion of any building within the regular line of the public street.

(4) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (3) shall be punished with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees; and the Municipal Council may—

(a) direct that the building be stopped, and (b) by a written notice require such building or portion thereof to be altered or demolished as they may deem necessary."

18. After Section 93, the following new Section 93A shall be inserted: Addition of a new Section 93A.

"93A. No piece of land shall be used as a site for the construction of a building and no building shall be constructed or reconstructed otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation and of any bye-laws made under this Regulation relating to the use of building sites or the erection or use of buildings; Building site and construction or reconstruction of buildings.

Provided that the Government may in respect of all Municipalities or with the consent of the Municipal Council, in respect of any particular Municipality or portion thereof, exempt

all buildings or any class of buildings from all or any of the provisions of this Regulation or the bye-laws made thereunder

Addition of a new Section 93B.

19. After Section 93A, the following new Section 93B shall be inserted:—

Power of Municipal Council to regulate future construction of certain classes of buildings in particular streets or localities.

"93B. (1) The Municipal Council may give public notice of its intention to declare—

(a) that in any streets or portions of streets specified in the notice.

(i) continuous building will be allowed,

(ii) the elevation and construction of the frontage of all buildings thereafter constructed or reconstructed shall, in respect of their architectural features, be such as the Municipal Council may consider suitable to the locality, or

(b) that in any locality specified in the notice, the construction of only detached buildings will be allowed or,

(c) that in any street, portions of streets or localities specified in the notice, the construction of shops, warehouses, factories, huts, or buildings of a specified architectural character or building destined for particular uses will not be allowed without the special permission of the Municipal Council.

(2) No objections to any such declaration shall be received after a period of three months from the publication of such notice.

(3) The Municipal Council shall consider all objections received within the said period and may then confirm the declaration, and before doing so, may modifiy it, but not so as to extend its effect.

(4) The President shall publish any declaration so confirmed and it shall take effect from the date of publication.

(5) No person shall, after the date of publication of such declaration, construct, or reconstruct any building in contravention of any such declaration."

Addition of new Section 93 C. Buildings at corner of streets.

20. After Section 93 B, the following new Section 93 C shall be inserted:—

"93C (1) The Council may require any building intended to be erected at the corner of two streets to be rounded off or splayed off to such height and to such extent, otherwise as it may determine, and may acquire such portion of the site at the corner as it may consider necessary for public convenience or amenity.

(2) For any land so acquired, the Municipal Council shall pay compensation.

(3) In determining such compensation, allowance shall be made for any benefit accruing to the same premises from the improvement of the streets."

Addition of a new Section 95 A.

21. After Section 95, the following new section shall be added:—

Rat-proof building for grain shop or grain store.

"95A. The Municipal Council may require that any building, used or intended to be used as a grain shop or grain store, shall be erected so as to render such building rat-proof and may for this purpose prescribe the plan and the design to be adopted and the materials to be used for such building;

Provided that the provisions of this section shall be Enforceable only within such areas as may be notified by the Municipal Council from time to time with the previous approval of Government."

Addition of a new Section 13.

22. After Section 137, the following new section shall be inserted:—

"137A. Within such limits as the Municipal Council may direct, no person shall keep more than ten pigs or more than twenty goats without a license from the Municipal Council. The Municipal Council may charge an annual fee not exceeding Rs. 2 for such license and may impose such conditions in respect of such license as they may think necessary. Whoever keeps any pigs or goats contrary to the provisions of this

section shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 25."

23. (1) For clause (k) of Section 151, the following shall be substituted:—

(k) For boiling, pressing, cleansing, repairing or manufacturing by any process whatever, oil (edible or non-edible.) Amendment of Section 151.

(2) In the same section, the following shall be added after clause (i) :—

"(ii) for parching grain."

(3) After clause (n) in the same section, the following additional clause shall be inserted:—

"(*nn*) for storing grain for trade purposes."

(4) for the word "smells" in clause (*o*) of the same section, the words "smells, fumes or dust" shall be substituted.

24. After Section 151, the following new section shall be inserted :— Addition of a new Section 151 A. Factories in crowded localities.

"151A. (1) No person shall newly establish in any premises, any factory, workshop or work-place in which it is intended that steam, water, electrical or other mechanical power shall be employed without the previous written permission of the Municipal Council.

(2) The Municipal Council may refuse to give such permission if they be of opinion that the establishment of such factory, workshop or work-place in the proposed position is objectionable by reason of the density of the population in the neighbourhood thereof, or will be a nuisance to the inhabitants of the neighbourhood or in any other manner contravenes the terms of any bye-laws framed in this behalf.

(3) Whoever establishes in any premises, any factory, workshop or work-place as aforesaid without or after the refusal of such permission, or in contravention of the terms of any bye-laws framed in this behalf, shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees."

25. After Section 151 A, the following new section shall be inserted :— Addition of a new Section 151 B.

"151 B. (1) No person shall use or employ in any factory, or any other place, any whistle or trumpet operated by steam, mechanical means or electricity for the purpose of summoning or dismissing workmen or persons employed except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license from the Municipal Council. Use of siren or whistle for summoning or dismissing workmen.

(2) The Municipal Council may grant such license subject to such conditions as they may deem fit and may at any time withdraw such license on giving one month's notice to the licensee:

Provided that where the licensee has contravened any of the conditions of the license, the license may be withdrawn without any such notice.

(3) Whoever uses or employs any such whistle or trumpet as aforesaid without, or in contravention of, any of the conditions of, or after the withdrawal of such license, shall be punished with fine which may extend to fifty rupees."

26. After Section 161 of the Regulation, the following new section shall be added as Section 161A: Addtion of new Section 161 A.

"161A. A Municipal Council may—

(*a*) compromise with any person against whom a reasonable suspicion exists that he has committed an offence punishable under this Regulation or any bye-law thereunder and on such compromise no proceedings shall be taken against such person in respect of such offence; Power to compound offences.

(*b*) withdraw from prosecutions instituted under this Regulation or under any bye-law made thereunder ;

(*c*) compound any offence against this Regulation or against any bye-law made thereunder which, under any enactment for the time being in force, may lawfully be compounded:

Provided that Government may make rules to regulate the proceedings of persons empowered to compromise offences under this section."

Addition of new Section 164 A.

27. After section 64 of the Regulation, the following new section shall be added:—

"164A. No distraint shall be made, no suit shall be instituted and no prosecution shall be commenced in respect of any sum due to the Municipal Council under this Regulation after the expiration of a period of three years from the date on which such distraint might have been made, a suit might have been instituted or prosecution might first have been commenced, as the case may be, in respect of such sum."

Addition of a new Section 173 A.

28. After Section 173 of the Regulation, the following new Section shall be inserted :—

"173A. The Deputy Commissioner shall have power—

Deputy Commissioner's power of inspection of Municipal Councils.

(1) to inspect the office of any Town or Minor Municipal Council.

(2) to call for records of any Town or Minor Municipal Council either of his own motion or on the application of an aggrieved party and to submit the same with his opinion to Government for such orders as they deem fit to pass, if he is satisfied that the order or proceedings of the Council or its executive is wrong or contrary to law."

Amendment f Section 80 A.

29. In Section 180A of the Regulation, the words "or other Municipal Councils specially exempted" shall be added after the words "City Municipal Councils".

30. (1) In Schedule II above the words "on every four-wheeled vehicle with springs..0-8-0" the following words shall be inserted, namely :—

On every motor car .. Re. 1—0—0
On every motor cycle or bicycle .. Re. 0—8—0

(2) The following explanations shall be added as explanations 3 and 4 to Schedule II of the Regulation, *viz.*:

"Explanation 3:—No toll shall be levied on any vehicle and animal if within a period of 24 hours counted from sunrise to sunrise a toll has been levied thereon at any other Municipal, District Fund or State toll gate, provided that when toll has been paid in respect of any vehicle or animal not laden or unridden, the difference between such toll and the toll payable in respect of such vehicle or animal laden or ridden, shall be collected, if such vehicle or animal again passes through a Municipal toll gate, laden or ridden within such period.

Explanation 4 :—Any Municipal Council may, with the previous sanction of the Government, declare that payment of tolls on vehicles or animals at any toll gate, whether within or without Mysore, shall clear such vehicles or animals at any of their toll gates."

SCHEDULE II A.

(*See Section* 59, *clause* xi.)

		Sort				
		1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th
Shops (Mundi) where all sorts of articles are sold; per shop.	In City Municipalities ...	50	40	30	20	...
	In other Municipalities ...	30	25	20	10	...
Shops in which piece goods are sold; per shop.	In City Municipalities ...	20	15	12	8	...
	In other Municipalities ...	15	12	10	6	...
Other shops; per shop ...	In City Municipalities ...	15	12	9	6	4
	In other Municipalities ...	12	10	7	4	2

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Local Self-Government Conference of 1923 suggested a few changes in the Municipal Regulation and the principles of the changes, that were approved of by Government were placed befor the Representative Assembly at its Dasara Session of 1924.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held on the 11th August 1923, the Bill to amend the Municipal Regulation which was pending before the Legislative Council was withdrawn on the ground that there were some defects noticed in the Bill. The provisions of that Bill have been further examined and have been incorporated in the present Bill so far as was considered desirable.

Notes on clauses.

Clause 1.—The amendment of Section 10 of the Regulation is intended to provide that the elected element in minor Municipal Councils should be not less than one half of the whole as in the case of town Municipalities.

Clause 3.—This amendment will disqualify a Councillor from standing at a bye-election and it would thus prevent a nominated councillor from standing as a candidate for election before his term expires.

Clause 4.—Clause *(d)* of sub-section (1) of this clause provides for the election of Presidents by the general body of voters whenever Government so directs.

Clause 6.—This is intended to provide that a single committee is sufficient for economic development work.

Clause 7.—By this clause the proportion of co-opted member to the members of the committee is increased from ¼ to ½ in order to enlist the co-operation of more enthusiastic and earnest workers from outside the Municipal Council.

Clause 9.—Provision is made for greater control over hotel keepers, bakers, etc., in the interest of public health, to make proper arrangements for housing the poor and for the regulation of buildings used as grain shops and of buildings constructed on sites abutting streets.

Clause 10.—This is intended to ensure the expenditure of the sum allotted for economic work in Municipal areas exclusively for that purpose.

Clause 12.—Provision is made in this clause for the levy of shop-tax in lieu of profession tax in respect of the business carried on in the shop.

Clauses 13 and 14.—Provision is made for the leasing out of the right to levy tolls and to collect other fees.

Clauses 15 and 16.—Provision is made in this clause for the execution of warrants outside the Municipality in which they are issued.

Clauses 17, 18, 19, 20 and 21.—These are intended to regulate the alignment of sites with respect to the prescribed line of streets and to regulate the construction of certain classes of buildings in particular localities. Due provision will thus be made to secure uniformity and beautification of cities.

Clause 22.—This provides for the regulation of the keeping of certain animals such as goats and pigs which are a nuisance to the inhabitants of a Municipality.

Clause 23.—Purchasing grain and storing grain for trade purposes have been included among the uses by which a building may become a nuisance.

The process of oil boiling has also been more comprehensively defined than at present consequent on a recent decision of the Chief Court.

Clause 24.—This is intended to regulate the establishment of factories or workshops in premises in crowded localities.

Clause 25.—The use of whistles in factories and other places is proposed to be controlled by this section so as to minimise the disturbance to the neighbourhood.

Clause 26.—This provides for composition of offences and withdrawal of prosecutions for offences against the Municipal Regulation and Bye-laws in view of the trivial nature of many of the offences.

Clause 27.—The period of limitation for taking legal action in respect of sums due to the Municipality is reduced to three years.

Clause 28.—This provides for inspection of the offices of Town or Minor Municipal Councils by Deputy Commissioners of Districts.

Clause 29.—By this clause provision is made for the exclusion of control by Deputy Commissioners over Jahgir Municipalities.

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BANGALORE THURSDAY, AUGUST 27, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

No. P. 305—*Legis.* 24-23-8, *dated* 21*st July* 1925.

Ordered that the accompanying Regulation to amend the Mysore Criminal Tribes Regulation, 1916, which received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja, on the fifteenth day of July 1925, be published as Regulation No. X of 1925, in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

REGULATION No. X OF 1925.

(RECEIVED THE ASSENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA ON THE FIFTEENTH DAY OF JULY 1925.)

A REGULATION TO AMEND THE MYSORE CRIMINAL TRIBES REGULATION, 1916.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Criminal Tribes Regulation, 1916, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

1. In Section 4 of the Regulation, the words "or of any part thereof" shall be omitted. **Amendment of Section 4**

2. In Section 5 of the Regulation, **Amendment of Section 5.**

(*a*) for the words 'a notice' the word "notice" shall be substituted,

(*b*) the words "or such part thereof as is directed to be registered" shall be omitted; and

(*c*) in the proviso, the words "or part thereof" shall be omitted, and after the word 'registration' the words "and may cancel any such exemption" shall be added.

Amendment of Section 13.

3. In Section 13 of the Regulation, after the word "settled" the following shall be added, *viz.*, "and the District Magistrate of a district, may, by order in writing, vary any notification made under Section 12 or under this section by directing the restriction of such criminal tribe to another area, or, as the case may be, its settlement in another place, in the same district."

Amendment of Section 15.

4. In Section 15, for the last clause beginning with "and the District Magistrate ," substitute "and all the provisions of this Regulation and the Rules made thereunder shall apply as if such criminal tribe had been registered in that district."

Amendment of Section 16.

5. In Section 16 of the Regulation, the words "or any part thereof" shall be omitted; and to the same section the following proviso shall be added, *viz*:

"Provided that no criminal tribe shall be placed in a settlement unless the necessity for so placing it has been established to the satisfaction of Government after an enquiry held by such authority and in such manner as may be prescribed."

Amendment of Section 18.

6. In clause (*b*) of Section 18 of the Regulation, the word "like" shall be omitted.

Amendment of Section 21.

7. In sub-section (2) of Section 21 of the Regulation :—

(*a*) After clause (*e*), the following clause shall be inserted, *viz.* "(*ee*) the circumstances in which members of a criminal tribe shall be required to possess and produce for inspection certificates of identity, and the manner in which such certificates shall be granted; "and

(*b*) after clause (*h*), the following clause shall be inserted, *viz*:

"(*hh*) the authority by whom and the manner in which the inquiry referred to in Section 16 shall be held."

Amendment of Section 23.

8. In Section 23 of the Regulation,

(*a*) to sub-section (1) the words "or with fine which may extent to five hundred rupees, or with both" shall be added :

(*b*) in sub-section (2) for the words "a rule made under any other clause of" the words "any other rule made under" shall be substituted, and

(*c*) After sub-section (2) the following sub-section shall be added, *viz* :—

(3) any person who commits or is reasonably suspected of having committed an offence made punishable by this section which is not a cognizable offence within the meaning of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, may be arrested without a warrant by any Officer in charge of a Police Station or by any Police Officer not below the rank of a Sub-Inspector."

Insertion of new Sections 28A and 28B.

9. After Section 28 of the Regulation, the following sections shall be inserted, under the heading "Supplemental," namely :—

"28A. The Government if it is satisfied that adequate provision has been made by the law of any Province of British India, or any State in India for the restriction of the movements or the settlement in a place of residence of persons such as are referred to in Section 3, and for securing the welfare of persons so restricted or settled, may, with the consent of the Government of such Province, or State, direct the removal to that Province or State of any criminal tribe for the time being in Mysore, and may authorise the taking of all measures necessary to effect such removal, provided that no person shall be so removed if the Government is satisfied that he is a subject of His Highness the Maharaja.

28B. The reference to a criminal tribe in Sections 4, 5, 14, 17 and 28A shall be deemed to be references to a criminal tribe or any part thereof and the like references in Sections 11, 13 and 16 shall be deemed to be references to a criminal tribe or any part or member thereof."

A. R. BANERJI,

No. P. 218—*Legis.* 26-21-1, *dated* 16*th July* 1925.

Ordered that the accompanying Regulation to amend the Mysore Factories Regulation, 1914 which received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja, on the seventh day of July 1925, be published as Regulation No. VI of 1925, in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

REGULATION, VI OF 1925.

(RECEIVED THE ASSENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA ON THE SEVENTH DAY OF JULY 1925.)

A REGULATION TO AMEND THE MYSORE FACTORIES REGULATION, 1914.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Mysore Factories Regulation, 1914, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

Title and commencement.

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Mysore Factories (Amendment) Regulation, 1925.

(2) It shall come into force on the expiry of three months from the date of its first publication in the Official Gazette.

Amendment of section 2.

2. In section 2 of the Regulation,

(*a*) In clause 1 for the word 'fourteen' the word 'fifteen' shall be substituted;

(*b*) For clause 3, the following clause shall be substituted, *viz.*,

Factory defined.

"(3) 'Factory' means—

(*a*) Any premises wherein, or within the precints of which, on any one day in the year not less than twenty persons are simultaneously employed and steam, water or other mechanical power or electrical power is used in aid of any process for, or incidental, to making, altering, repairing, ornamenting, finishing, or otherwise adapting for use, for transport or for sale any article or part of an article; or

(*b*) Any premises wherein, or within the precincts of which, on any one day in the year not less than ten persons are simultaneously employed and any such process is carried on whether any such power is used in aid thereof or not, which have been declared by the Government by notification in the Gazette, to be a factory.

A declaration under clause (*b*) may be made in respect of any class of premises, or in respect of any particular premises."

(*c*) For clauses (8) and (9), the following clause shall be substituted, *viz.*,

"(8) 'week' means the period between midnight on Saturday night and midnight on the succeeding Saturday night."

3. For section 3 of the Regulation, the following section shall be substituted, *viz.*,

"3. Nothing in this Regulation shall apply to any mine subject to the operation of the Mysore Mines Regulation."

4. In section 7 of the Regulation for sub-section (2), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, *viz.*,

"(2) A certifying Surgeon may revoke any certificate granted to a child under sub-section (1) if, in his opinion, the child is no longer fit for employment in a factory.

(3) Where a certifying Surgeon refuses to certify that a person is fit for employment in a factory or revokes a certificate granted to a child in this behalf, he shall, if required by such person or child, or by the parent or guardian of such child, or by the manager of the factory in which such person or child desirous to be employed, state in writing his reasons for such a refusal or revocation."

5. In section 8 of the Regulation—

In the proviso, for the words "after the first date" to the end of the section, the words "for a period of more than three months" shall be substituted.

6. After section 8 in Chapter II of the Regulation, the following section shall be inserted, *viz.*,

Compulsory medical examination.

"8A. Where an Inspector is of opinion that a child employed in a factory is no longer fit for employment, he may serve on the manager of the factory a notice requiring that such child shall cease to be employed until he has been re-examined by a certifying surgeon or by a Medical Practitioner duly authorised by a certyfying surgeon in this behalf."

7. To section 9 of the Regulation, the following clause shall be added, *viz.*,

"(*d*) The atmosphere shall not be rendered so humid by artificial means as to be injurious to the health of the persons employed therein."

8. In clause (*c*) of sub-section (1) of section 18 of the Regulation, after the word "Machinery" the words "and electrical fittings including live wires and switches" shall be inserted.

9. After section 18 of the Regulation, the following section shall be inserted, *viz.*,

Repairs to buildings or machinery

"18A. (1) If an Inspector is of opinion,

(*a*) that any factory or part thereof is in such a condition as to be dangerous to human life or safety, or

(*b*) that any part of the ways, works, machinery or plant used in a factory is in such a condition that it cannot be used without danger to human life or safety,

he may serve on the manager of the factory an order in writing specifying the measures which he considers necessary for removing the danger, and requiring him to carry them out before such date as may be specified therein.

(2) If, in the opinion of the Inspector, the use of any part of the ways, works, machinery or plant in a factory involves imminent danger to human life, he may serve on the manager of the factory an order in writing prohibiting the use thereof until it is duly repaired or altered."

10. After section 19 of the Regulation, the following sections shall be inserted, *viz.*,

Power to prohibit presence of children in factories.

"19A. Where, in the opinion of the Inspector, the presence in any factory or any part thereof, of children, who, by reason of their age, cannot, under the provisions of this Regulation, be lawfully employed therein, involves danger to, or injury to the health of such children, he may serve on the manager of such factory an order in writing prohibiting the admission of such children to the factory or part thereof.

Prohibition of employment of women and persons under eighteen years in certain processes.

19B. No persons under the age of eighteen years and no woman shall be employed in any factory in any of the operations specified in Part I of the Schedule, or, save in accordance with the regulations contained in Part II of the Schedule, in any operation involving the use of lead compounds."

11. In the provisio to section 20 of the Regulation, after the word 'roof,' the words 'or to such height as the Inspector may in any particular case, specify' shall be inserted.

12. For section 21 of the Regulation, the following section shall be substituted, *viz.*,

Rest periods in factories

"21. In every factory there shall be fixed—

(*a*) For each person employed on each working day.—

(*i*) At intervals not exceeding six hours, periods of rest of not less than one hour, or

(*ii*) At the request of the employees concerned, periods of rest of not less than half an hour each so arranged that, for each period of six hours work done, there shall be period of rest of not less than one hour's duration in all, and that no person shall work for more than five hours continuously.

13. In section 22 of the Regulation, (*a*) to clause (*b*) of sub-section 1, the following proviso shall be added, *viz.*,

"Provided that no such substitution shall be made as will result in any person working for more than ten consecutive days without a holiday for a whole day."

(*b*) For sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be substituted, *viz.*,

"(2) where in accordance with the provisions of Sub-section (1) any person is employed on a Sunday in consequence of his having had a holiday on one of the three days preceding that Sunday, that Sunday shall, for the purposes of calculating the weekly hours of work of such person, be deemed to be included in the preceding week."

(*c*) Sub-sections (3) and (4) shall be omitted.

14. (1) In clause (*a*) of section 23 of the Regulation for the word 'nine' the word 'eleven' shall be substituted.

"(2) In clause" (*c*) of section 23, for the word 'seven' the words "five and half" shall be substituted.

(3) The provisions of clause (*a*) of section 23 as hereby amended, shall not apply to any child lawfully employed in a factory before the date on which this Regulation comes into force.

15. In section 25 of the Regulation after the word 'child' the words "or, save in such circumstances as may be prescribed any other person" shall be inserted.

16. In section 26 of the Regulation for the words "woman or child" and the words "woman and child" the word "person," shall be substituted.

17. For section 27 of the Regulation, the following sections shall be substituted, *viz.*,

Limitation of working hours per week.

"27. No person shall be employed in a factory for more than sixty hours in any one week.

Limitation of working hours per day.

28. No person shall be employed in any factory for more than eleven hours in any one day."

18. For Chapter V of the Regulation, the following Chapter shall be substituted, *viz.*—

"CHAPTER V.

EXCEPTIONS.

Exceptions for persons holding positions of supervision, etc

29. Nothing in any of the sections, 21, 22, 26, 27 and 28, shall apply to persons who may by rules made by Government under this Regulation be defined to be persons holding positions of supervision or management or to persons employed in a confidential capacity.

Exemptions

30. (1) Where it is proved to the satisfaction of the Government,

(*a*) that any class of work in a factory is in the nature of preparatory or complementary work which must necessarily be carried on outside the limits laid down for the general working of the factory; or

(*b*) that the work of any class of workers is essentially intermittent; or

(*c*) that there is in any class of factories any work which necessitates continuous production for technical reasons; or

(*d*) that any class of factories supplies the public with articles of prime necessity which must be made or supplied everyday ; or

(*e*) that in any class of factories, the work performed, by the exigencies of the trade or by its nature, cannot be carried on except at stated seasons or at times dependent on their regular action of natural forces;

the Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, exempt on such conditions, if any, as it may impose—

in case (*a*) such class of work from all or any of the provisions of sections 27 and 28;

in case (*b*) work of the nature described from all or any of the provisions of sections 22,27 and 28;

in case (*c*) work of the nature described from the provisions of sections 21 and 22;

in cases (*d*) and (*e*) such class of factories from the provisions of section 22.

(2) The Government may, by general or special order, exempt for such period as may be specified in the order and on such conditions, if any, as it may impose, any factory from all or any of the provisions of sections 21, 22, 27 and 28, on the ground that such exemption is necessary in order to enable such factory to deal with an exceptional press of work.

(3) In such circumstances and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, nothing in section 21, section 22, section 27, or section 28, shall apply to work on urgent repairs.

31. Where under the provisions of sub-section (1) of section 30, any factory has been exempted from the provisions of section 27, every person employed in such factory for more than sixty hours in any one week shall be paid, in respect of the overtime, at a rate which shall be at least one and a quarter times the rate at which he is normally paid.

32. The Government may, by a notification in the Official Gazette, exempt any factory situated on and used solely for the purpose of, a tea or coffee plantation, from all or any of the provisions of sections 21 and 22, on such conditions, if any, as it may impose."

19. In sub-section 1 of section 33 of the Regulation for clauses (*a*) and (*b*), the words "on or before the date on which the factory commences working as such" shall be substituted.

20. For section 35 of the Regulation, the following section shall be substituted, *viz.*,

Register of workers.

"35. In every factory there shall be kept, in the prescribed form, a register of all the persons employed in such factory, of their hours of work and of the nature of their respective employment."

21. In section 36 of the Regulation,—

(*a*) for clause (*b*) of sub-section (1) the following shall be substituted, *viz.*,

"(*b*) the periods of rest fixed under section 21";

(*b*) in clause (*d*) of sub-section (1) for the words "women and children, respectively, if not employed in shifts" the words "all persons employed" shall be substituted;

(*c*) After clause (*d*) of sub-section (1), the following shall be inserted, *viz.*,

"(*e*) the weekly holidays fixed under section 22.";

(*d*) sub-section (4) shall be omitted.

22. In sub-section (2) of section 37 of the Regulation.—

(*a*) in clause (*b*) after the word "Ventilation" the words "and artificial humidification" shall be inserted;

(*b*) for clause (*i*) the following clause shall be substituted, *viz.*,

"(j) The parts of the machinery and electrical fittings to be kept fenced in accordance with Section 18, sub-section (1) clause (c), and the provisions to be made for the protection from danger of persons employed in attending to the machinery, electrical fittings or boilers."

(c) after clause (j) the following clause shall be inserted, *viz* :—

"(jj) the definition of "persons" under Section 29 who shall be deemed to be persons holding positions of supervision or management or persons employed in a confidential capacity."

23. After section 38 of the Regulation, the following section shall be inserted, *viz* :—

Rules for Prevention of anthrax.

"38A. The Government may make rules for the adequate disinfection of wool used in factories which may be infected with anthrax spores."

24. In section 39 of the Regulation,—

(a) in sub-section (1) for the word and figures "section 38" the words and figures "sections 38 and 38A" shall be substituted.

(b) in sub-section (2) for the words and figures "section 37 and 38" the words and figures "sections 37, 38 and 38A" shall be substituted.

25. In section 41 of the Regulation,—

(a) in clause (f) for the words "machinery or boilers" the words "machinery, electrical fittings or boilers" shall be substituted;

(b) in clause (g) for the words and figures "or section 18" the words and figures 'section 18, section 18A or section 19A" shall be substituted ;

(c) for the words "two hundred" the words "five hundred" shall be substituted.

26. "In section 43 of the Regulation for the words "two hundred" the words "five hundred" shall be substituted.

27. After section 43 of the Regulation the following section shall be inserted, *viz* :—

Power of Court to pay compensation out of fine.

"43A. Where under this Regulation a Criminal Court imposes a fine or confirms in appeal, revision, or otherwise, a sentence of fine in respect of an offence causing bodily injury or death, the court may, when passing judgment, order the whole or any part of the fine recovered to be paid as compensation to the person injured or, in the case of his death, to his legal representative ;

Provided that, if the fine is imposed in a case which is subject to appeal, no such payment shall be made before the period allowed for presenting the appeal has elapsed, or if an appeal has been presented, before the decision of the appeal."

28. In section 48 of the Regulation at the end of sub-section (2) the words and figures "or section 44" shall be added.

29. In section 50 of the Regulation—

(a) in sub-section (1) for the words and figures "or section 18" the words and figures "section 18, section 18A or section 19A" shall be substituted ;

(b) sub-section (2) shall be omitted.

(c) after sub-section (3) the following sub-section shall be inserted, *viz* :—

"(4) Except in the case of an appeal against an order under section 19A, the appellate authority may, on the application of the appellant, suspend the operation of an order of the Inspector pending the decision of the appeal. But where no such suspension has been granted, such order shall be complied with notwithstanding the fact that an appeal has been presented."

30. In section 51 of the Regulation for the words and figures "section 28 and section 32" the words and figures "section 27, section 28 and section 31" shall be substituted.

31. For schedules I and II of the Regulation the following schedule shall be substituted.

"SCHEDULE.

(See Section 19 B).

PART I.

1. Work at furnace where the reduction or treatment of zinc or lead ores is carried on.

2. The manipulation, treatment, or reduction of ashes containing lead, the desilverising of lead or the melting of scrap lead or zinc:

3. The manufacture of solder or alloys containing more than ten per cent of lead:

4. The manufacture of any oxide, carbonate, sulphate, chromate, acetate, nitrate, or silicate of lead:

5. Mixing or pasting in connection with the manufacture or repair of electric accumulators:

6. The cleaning of work-rooms where any of the processes aforesaid are carried on.

PART II.

1. Where dust or fume from a lead compound is produced in the process, provision must be made for drawing the fume or dust away from the persons employed by means of an efficient exhaust draught so contrived as to operate on the dust or fume as nearly as may be at its point of origion:

2. The persons employed must undergo the prescribed medical examination at the prescribed intervals, and the prescribed record must be kept with respect to their health:

3. No food, drink or tobacco, shall be brought into, or consumed in, any room in which the process is carried on, and no person shall be allowed to remain in any such room during meal times:

4. Adequate protective clothing in a clean condition shall be provided by the employer and worn by the persons employed:

5. Such suitable cloak-room, mess-room and washing accommodation as may be prescribed shall be provided for the use of the persons employed:

6. The rooms in which the persons are employed and all tools and apparatus used by them, shall be kept in a clean condition."

A. R. BANERJI,

Dewan.

Order No. P. 217 Legis. 10-20-5, dated 16th July 1925.

Ordered that the accompanying Ancient Monuments Preservation Regulation, 1925 which received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja, on the ninth day of July 1925, be published as Regulation No. IX of 1925, in the *Mysore Gazette* for general information.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

REGULATION, IX OF 1925.

(RECEIVED THE ASSENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA ON THE NINTH DAY OF JULY 1925.)

A REGULATION TO PROVIDE FOR THE PRESERVATION OF ANCIENT MONUMENTS AND OF OBJECTS OF ARCHÆOLOGICAL, HISTORICAL OR ARTISTIC INTEREST.

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Whereas it is expedient to provide for the preservation of ancient monuments, for the exercise of control over traffic in antiquities and over excavation in certain places, and for the protection and acquisition in certain cases of ancient monuments and of objects of archæological, historical or artistic interest; His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

Short title and extent.

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Ancient Monuments Preservation Regulation, 1925.

(2) It extends to the whole of Mysore.

Definitions

2. In this Regulation, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(1) "ancient monument" means any structure, erection or monument, or any tumulus or place of interment, or any cave, rock-sculpture, inscription or monolith, which is of historical, archæological or artistic interest, or any remains thereof and includes,—

(a) the site of an ancient monument;

(b) such portion of land adjoining the site of an ancient monument as may be required for fencing or covering in or otherwise preserving such monument; and

(c) the means of access to and convenient inspection of an ancient monument;

(2) "antiquities" include any movable objects which the Government, by reason of their historical or archæological associations, may think it necessary to protect against injury, removal or dispersion;

(3) "Commissioner" includes any officer authorized by the Goverment to perform the duties of a Commissioner under this Regulation;

(4) "maintain" and "maintenance" include the fencing covering in, repairing, restoring and cleansing of a protected monument, and the doing of any act which may be necessary for the purpose of maintaining a protected monument or of securing convenient access thereto;

(5) "land" includes a revenue-free estate, a revenue-paying estate, and a permanent transferable tenure, whether such estate or tenure be subject to incumbrances or not; and

(6) "owner" includes a joint owner invested with powers of management on behalf of himself and other joint owners, and any manager or trustee exercising powers of management over an ancient monument, and the successor in title of any such owner and the successor in office of any such manager or trustee:

Provided that nothing in this Regulation shall be deemed to extend the powers which may lawfully be exercised by such manager or trustee.

Protected monuments.

3. (1) The Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, declare an ancient monument to be a protected monument within the meaning of this Regulation.

(2) A copy of every notification published under sub-section (1) shall be fixed up in a conspicuous place on or near the monument, together with an intimation that any objections to the issue of the notification received by the Government within two months from the date when it is so fixed up will be taken into consideration.

(3) On the expiry of the said period of two months, the Government, after considering the objections, if any, shall confirm or withdraw the notification.

(4) A notification published under this section shall, unless and until it is withdrawn, be conclusive evidence of the fact that the monument to which it relates is an ancient monument within the meaning of this Regulation.

Ancient Monuments.

Acquisition of rights in or guardianship of an ancient monument.

4. (1) The Deputy Commissioner, with the sanction of the Government, may purchase or take a lease of any protected monument.

(2) The Deputy Commissioner, with the like sanction, may accept a gift or bequest of any protected monument.

(3) The owner of any protected monument may, by written instrument, constitute the Commissioner the guardian of the monument, and the Commissioner may, with the sanction of the Government, accept such guardianship

(4) When the Commissioner has accepted the guardianship of a monument under sub-section (3), the owner shall, except as expressly provided in this Regulation have the same estate, right, title and interest in and to the monument as if the Commissioner had not been constituted guardian thereof.

(5) When the Commissioner has accepted the guardianship of a monument under sub-section (3), the provisions of this Regulation relating to agreements executed under Section 5 shall apply to the written instrument executed under the said sub-section.

(6) Where a protected monument is without an owner, the Commissioner may assume the guardianship of the monument.

Preservation of ancient monument by agreement.

5. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may, with the previous sanction of the Government, propose to the owner to enter into an agreement with the Government of Mysore for the preservation of any protected monument in his district.

(2) an agreement under this section may provide for the following matters, or for such of them as it may be found expedient to include in the agreement:—

(*a*) the maintenance of the monument;

(*b*) the custody of the monument, and the duties of any person who may be employed to watch it;

(*c*) the restriction of the owner's right to destroy, remove, alter or deface the monument or to build on or near the site of the monument;

(*d*) the facilities of access to be permitted to the public or to any portion of the public and to persons deputed by the owner or the Deputy Commissioner to inspect or maintain the monument;

(*e*) the notice to be given to the Government in case the land on which the monument is situated is offered for sale by the owner, and the right to be reserved to the Government to purchase such land, or any specified portion of such land, at its market value;

(*f*) the payment of any expenses incurred by the owner or by the Government in connection with the preservation of the monument;

(*g*) the proprietory or other rights which are to vest in the Government in respect of the monument when any expenses are incurred by the Government in connection with the preservation of the monument;

(*h*) the appointment of an authority to decide any dispute arising out of the agreement; and

(*i*) any matter connected with the preservation of the monument which is a proper subject of agreement between the owner and the Government.

(3) An agreement under this section may be executed by the Deputy Commissioner on behalf of the Government of Mysore, but shall not be so executed until it has been approved by the Government.

(4) The terms of an agreement under this section may be altered from time to time with the sanction of the Government and with the consent of the owner.

(5) With the previous sanction of the Government, the Deputy Commissioner may terminate an agreement under this section on giving six months notice in writing to the owner.

(6) The owner may terminate an agreement under this section on giving six months' notice to the Deputy Commissioner.

(7) An agreement under this section shall be binding on any person claiming to be owner of the monument to which it

relates, through or under a party by whom or on whose behalf the agreement was executed.

(8) Any rights acquired by Government in respect of expenses incurred in protecting or preserving a monument shall not be affected by the termination of an agreement under this section.

Owners under disability or not in possession.

6. (1) If the owner is unable, by reason of infancy or other disability to act for himself, the person legally competent to act on his behalf may exercise powers conferred upon an owner by Section 5.

(2) In the case of village property, the head man or other village officer exercising powers of management over such property may exercise the powers conferred upon an owner by Section 5.

(3) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to empower any person not being of the same religion as the persons on whose behalf he is acting to make or execute an agreement relating to a protected monument which or any part of which is periodically used for the religious worship or observances of that religion.

Enforcement of agreement.

7. (1) If the Deputy Commissioner apprehends that the owner or occupier of a monument intends to destroy, remove, alter, deface or imperil the monument or to build on or near the site thereof in contravention of the terms of an agreement for its preservation under Section 5, the Deputy Commissioner may make an order prohibiting any such contravention of the agreement.

(2) If an owner or other person who is bound by an agreement for the preservation or maintenance of a monument under Section 5 refuses to do any act which is in the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner necessary to such preservation or maintenance or neglects to do any such act within such reasonable time as may be fixed by the Deputy Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner may authorize any person to do any such act, and the expense of doing any such act or such portion of the expense as the owner may be liable to pay under the agreement may be recovered from the owner as if it were an arrear of land revenue.

(3) A person aggrieved by an order made under this section may appeal to the Commissioner who may cancel or modify it and whose decision shall be final.

Purchasers at certain sales and persons claiming through owner bound by instrument executed by owner.

8. Every person who purchases, at a sale for arrears of land revenue or any other public demand, an estate or tenure in which is situated a monument in respect of which any instrument has been executed by the owner for the time being, under Section 4 or Section 5, and every person claiming any title to a monument from, through or under an owner who executed any such instrument, shall be bound by such instrument.

Application of endowment to repair of an ancient monument.

9. (1) If any owner or other person competent to enter into an agreement under Section 5 for the preservation of a protected monument, refuses or fails to enter into such an agreement when proposed to him by the Deputy Commissioner, and if any endowment has been created for the purpose of keeping such monument in repair, or for that purpose among others, the Deputy Commissioner may institute a suit in the Court of the District Judge, or, if the estimated cost of repairing the monument does not exceed one thousand rupees, may make an application to the District Judge for the proper application of such endowment or part thereof.

(2) On the hearing of an application under sub-section (1), the District Judge may summon and examine the owner and any person whose evidence appears to him necessary, and may pass an order for the proper application of the endowment or of any part thereof, and any such order may be executed as if it were the decree of a Civil Court.

Compulsory purchase of ancient monument.

10. (1) If the Government apprehends that a protected monument is in danger of being destroyed, injured or allowed to fall into decay, the Government may proceed to acquire it under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, as if the preservation of a protected monument were a "public purpose" within the meaning of that Regulation.

(2) The powers of compulsory purchase conferred by sub-section (1) shall not be exercised in the case of--

(*a*) any monument which or any part of which is periodically used for religious observances; or

(*b*) any monument which is the subject of a subsisting agreement executed under Section 5.

(3) In any case other than the cases referred to in sub-Section (2) the said powers of compulsory purchase shall not be exercised unless the owner or other person competent to enter into an agreement under Section 5 has failed, within such reasonable period as the Deputy Commissioner may fix in this behalf, to enter into an agreement proposed to him under the said section or has terminated or given notice of his intention to terminate such an agreement.

Maintenance of certain protected monuments.

11. (1) The Commissioner shall maintain every monument in respect of which the Government has acquired any of the rights mentioned in Section 4 or which the Government has acquired under Section 10.

(2) When the Commissioner has accepted the guardianship of a monument under Section 4, he shall, for the purpose of maintaining such monument, have access to the monument at all reasonable times, by himself and by his agents, subordinates and workmen, for the purpose of inspecting the monument, and for the purpose of bringing such materials and doing such acts as he may consider necessary or desirable for the maintenance thereof.

Voluntary contributions.

12. The Commissioner may receive voluntary contributions towards the cost of maintaining a protected monument and may give orders as to the management and application of any funds so received by him.

Provided that no contribution received under this section shall be applied to any purpose other than the purpose for which it was contributed.

Protection of place of worship from misuse, pollution or desecration.

13. (1) A place of worship or shrine maintained by the Government under this Regulation shall not be used for any purpose inconsistent with its character.

(2) Where the Deputy Commissioner has, under Section 4, purchased or taken a lease of any protected monument, or has accepted a gift or bequest, or the Commissioner has, under the same section, accepted the guardianship thereof, and such monument, or any part thereof, is periodically used for religious worship or observances by any community, the Deputy Commissioner shall make due provision for the protection of such monument or such part thereof, from pollution or desecration—

(*a*) by prohibiting the entry therein, except in accordance with conditions prescribed with the concurrence of the persons in religious charge of the said monument or part thereof, of any person not entitled so to enter by the religious usages of the community by which the monument or part thereof is used, or

(*b*) by taking such other action as he may think necessary in this behalf.

Government right in a monument.

14. With the sanction of the Government, the Commissioner may—

(*a*) where rights have been acquired by Government in respect of any monument under this Regulation by virtue of any sale, lease, gift or will, relinquish the rights so acquired to the person who would for the time being be the owner of the monument if such rights had not been acquired; or

(b) relinquish any guardianship of a monument which he has accepted under this Regulation.

Right of access to certain protected monuments.

15. (1) Subject to such rules as may after previous publication be made by the Government, the public shall have a right of access to any monument maintained by the Government under this Regulation.

(2) In making any rule under sub-section (1), the Government may provide that a breach of it shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

Penalties.

16. Any person other than the owner who destroys, removes, injures alters, defaces or imperils a protected monument, and any owner who destroys, removes, injures, alters, defaces or imperils a monument maintained by Government under this Regulation or in respect of which an agreement has been executed under Section 5, and any owner or occupier who contravenes an order made under Section 7, sub-section (1), shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five thousand rupees or with imprisonment which may extend to three months, or with both.

Traffic in Antiquities.

Power to Government to control traffic in antiquities.

17. (1) If the Government of Mysore apprehend that antiquities are being sold or removed to the detriment of Mysore or of any neighbouring province or state, it may by notification in the Official Gazette, prohibit or restrict the bringing or taking of any antiquities or class of antiquities described in the notification into or out of Mysore or any specified part of Mysore.

(2) Any peoson who brings or takes or attempts to bring or take any such antiquities into or out of Mysore or any part of Mysore in contravention of a notification issued under sub-section (1) shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

(3) Antiquities in respect of which an offence referred to in sub-section (2) has been committed shall be liable to confiscation.

(4) An officer of Police of a garde not lower than Sub-Inspector, duly empowered by the Government in this behalf, may search any cart or other means of conveyance, and may open any baggage or package of goods, if he has reason to believe, that goods in respect of which an offence has been committed under sub-section (2) are contained therein.

(5) A person who complains that the power of search mentioned in sub-section (4) has been vexatiously or improperly exercised, may address his complaint to Government, and the Government shall pass such order and may award such compensation, if any , as appears to it to be just.

Protection of Sculptures, Carvings Images, Bas-reliefs, Inscriptions or like objects.

Power to Government to control moving of sculptures, carvings or like objects.

18. (1) If the Government considers that any sculptures, carvings, images, bas-reliefs inscriptions or other like objects ought not to be moved from the place where they are without the sanction of the Government, the Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, direct that any such object or any class of such objects shall not be moved unless with the written permission of the Deputy Commissioner.

(2) A person applying for the permission mentioned in sub-section (1) shall specify the object or objects which he proposes to move, and shall furnish, in regard to such object or objects, any information which the Deputy Commissioner may require.

(3) If the Deputy Commissioner refuses to grant such permission, the applicant may appeal to the Commissioner, whose decision shall be final.

(4) Any person who moves any object in contravention of a notification issued under sub-section (1), shall be punishable with fine which may extend to five hundred rupees.

(5) If the owner of any property proves to the satisfaction of the Government that he has suffered any loss or damage by reason of the inclusion of such property in a notification published under sub-section (1), the Government shall either—

(a) exempt such property from the said notification;

(c) pay compensation for any loss or damage sustained by the owner of such property, if it be immovable.

Purchase of sculptures, carvings or like objects by the Government.

19. (1) If the Government apprehends that any object mentioned in a notification issued under Section 18, sub-section (1), is in danger of being destroyed, removed, injured or allowed to fall into decay, the Government may pass orders for the compulsory purchase of such object at its market value, and the Deputy Commissioner shall thereupon give notice to the owner of the object to be purchased.

(2) The power of compulsory purchase given by this section shall not extend to—

(a) any image or symbol actually used for the purpose of any religious observance; or

(b) anything which the owner desires to retain on any reasonable ground personal to himself or to any of his ancestors or to any member of his family.

Excavations.

Power to Government to control excavation.

20. (1) If the Government is of opinion that excavation within the limits of any local area ought to be restricted or regulated for the purpose of protecting or preserving any ancient monument, the Government may, by notification in the Official Gaztte, make rules—

(a) fixing the boundaries of the area to which the rules are to apply; and

(b) prescribing the authority by which, and the tems on which, licenses to excavate may be granted.

(2) The power to make rules given by this section is subject to the condition of the rules being made after previous publication.

(3) A rule made under this section may provide that any person committing a breach thereof shall be punishable with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees.

(4) If any owner or occupier of land included in a notification under sub-section (1), proves to the satisfaction of the Government that he has sustained any loss by reasons of such land being so included, the Government shall pay compensation in respect of such loss.

General.

Assessment of market value or compensation.

21. (1) The market value of any property which Government is empowered to purchase at such value under this Regulation or the amount of compensation to be paid by Government in respect of anything done under this Regulation, shall, where any dispute arises touching the amount of such market value or compensation, be ascertained in the manner provided by the Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, Sections 3, 8 to 34, 45 to 47, 51 and 52, so far as they can be made applicable:

Provided that when making an inquiry under the said Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, the Deputy Commissioner shall be assisted by two assessors, one of whom shall be a competent person nominated by the Deputy Commissioner and one a person nominated by the owner or, in case the owner fails to nominate an assessor within such reasonable time as may be fixed by the Deputy Commissioner in this behalf, by the Deputy Commissioner.

Jurisdiction.

22. A Magistrate of the third class shall not have jurisdiction to try any person charged with an offence against this Regulation.

Power to make rules.

23. (1) The Government may make rules for carrying out any of the purposes of this Regulation.

(2) The power to make rules given by this section is subject to the condition of the rules being made after previous publication.

Protection to public servants acting under Regulation.

24. No suit for compensation and no criminal proceeding shall lie against any public servant in respect of any act done or intended to be done in good faith in the exercise of any power conferred by this Regulation.

A. R. BANERJI,

No. P. 216—Legis. 2-20-1, dated 16th July 1925.

Ordered that the accompanying Government Securities Regulation which received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja, on the ninth day of July 1925, be published as Regulation No. VIII of 1925, in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

REGULATION, VIII OF 1925.

(RECEIVED THE ASSENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA ON THE NINTH DAY OF JULY 1925.)

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10. Renewal of bearer bonds.
11. Renewal of promissory notes.
12. Renewal of promissory notes in case of dispute as to title.
13. Renewal of other securities.
14. Issue of converted, etc., securities.
15. Liability in respect of promissory note renewed, etc.

Discharge.

16. Immediate discharge in certain cases.
17. Discharge in other cases.

Summary procedure in certain cases.

18. Procedure on death of holder of securities not exceeding an aggregate value of five thousand rupees.

Securities held by minors and lunatics.

19. Payment in case of securities held by minors and lunatics.

Indemnity.

20. Indemnity.

Inspection of registers, books and documents.

21. Inspection of documents.

Penalty.

22. Penalty.

Rules.

23. Power to make rules.

Repeals.

24. Repeals.

A REGULATION TO CONSOLIDATE AND AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO GOVERNMENT SECURITIES.

Whereas it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Government securities; His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

Short title extent and commencement.

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Government Securities Regulation 1925;

(2) It extends to the whole of Mysore;

(3) It shall come into force at once.

Definitions

2. In this Regulation, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

(a) "Government security" means promissory notes, stock-certificates, bearer bonds and all other securities issued by the Government in respect of any loan contracted either before or after the passing of this Regulation; and

(b) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Regulation.

Notice of trust not receivable save as provided.

3. (1) Save as otherwise provided in or under this Regulation, no notice of any trust in respect of any Government security shall be receivable by the Government.

(2) The Government shall not be deemed to have received notice of any trust by reason only of the fact that it has recognised an indorsement on a Government security by an executor or administrator as such, nor shall it inquire into the terms of any will by which such executor or administrator may be bound, but, on being satisfied of the due appointment of such executor or administrator, it shall be entitled to treat him as the full owner of any Government security belonging to the estate of the person whom he represents.

Survivors of joint or several payees of Government securities.

4. (1) Notwithstanding anything in Section 45 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872,—

(a) when a Government security is payable to two or more persons jointly, and either or any of them dies, the security shall be payable to the survivor or survivors of those persons, and

(b) when a Government security is payable to two or more persons severally, and either or any of them dies, the security shall be payable to the survivor or survivors of those persons, or to the representative of the deceased, or to any of them.

(2) This section shall apply whether such death occurred or occurs before or after this Regulation comes into force.

(3) Nothing herein contained shall affect any claim which any representative of a deceased person may have against the survivor or survivors under or in respect of any security to which sub-section (1) applies.

Indorsement to be made on security itself.

5. Notwithstanding anything in Section 15 of the Negotiable Instruments Regulation 1917, no indorsement of a Government promissory note shall be valid unless made by the signature of the holder inscribed on the back of the security itself.

Holding of Government securities by holders of public offices

6. (1) In the case of any public office to which the Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, declare this sub-section to apply, a Government security may be made or indorsed payable to or to the order of the holder of the office by the name of the office.

(2) When a Government security is made or indorsed as aforesaid, it shall be deemed to be transferred without any or further indorsement from each holder of the office to the succeeding holder of the office on and from the date on which the latter takes charge of the office.

(3) When the holder of the office indorses to a third party a Government security made or indorsed as aforesaid, he shall subscribe the indorsement with his name and the name of the office.

(4) A writing on a Government security now or heretofore standing in the name of the holder of a public office, whereby

the security has been or was made or indorsed payable to or to the order of the holder of the office by the name of the office, shall not be deemed to be or to have been invalid by reason only of the security having been so made or indorsed.

(5) This section applies as well to an office of which there are two or more joint holders as to an office of which there is a single holder.

Indorser of Government security not liable for amount thereof.

7. Notwithstanding anything in the Negotiable Instruments Regulation 1917, a person shall not, by reason only of his having indorsed a Government security, be liable to pay any money due, either as principal or as interest, thereunder.

Impression of signature on Government securities.

8. (*1*) The signature of the person authorised to sign Government securities on behalf of the Government may be printed, engraved or lithographed, or impressed by such other mechanical process as the Government may direct, on the securities.

(*2*) A signature so printed, engraved, lithographed or otherwise impressed shall be as valid as if it had been inscribed in the proper handwriting of the person so authorised.

Issue of duplicate, renewed, converted, consolidated or sub-divided securities.

Issue of duplicate securities.

9. (*1*) When a Government security is alleged to have been lost or destroyed either wholly or in part, and a person claims to be the person to whom, but for the loss or destruction it would be payable, he may, on application to the prescribed officer, and on producing proof to his satisfaction of the loss or destruction and of the justice of the claim and on payment of the prescribed fee, if any, obtain from him an order for—

(*a*) the payment of interest in respect of the security said to be lost or destroyed pending the issue of a duplicate security; and

(*b*) the issue of a duplicate security payable to the applicant.

(*2*) An order shall not be passed under sub-section (1) until after the issue of the prescribed notification of the loss or destruction.

(*3*) A list of the securities in respect of which an order is passed under sub-section (*1*) shall be published in the prescribed manner.

Renewal of bearer bonds.

10. The holder of a bearer bond or other Government security payable to bearer, may, on application to the prescribed officer, on delivery of the bearer bond or other security, and on payment of the prescribed fee, if any, obtain from such officer a renewed bearer bond or other security, as the case may be.

Renewal of promissory notes.

11. Subject to the provisions of Section 12, a person claiming to be entitled to a Governmeut Promissory note, may on applying to the prescribed officer, and on satisfying him of the justice of his claim and delivering the promissory note receipted in the prescribed manner, and paying the prescribed fee, if any, obtain from such officer a renewed promissory note payable to him:

Provided that, when application is made for the renewal of a Government promissory note which appears to the prescribed officer to stand in the name of a deceased member of a Hindu undivided family governed by the *Mitakshara* law, a renewed promissory note shall not be issued to the applicant unless he furnishes a certificate signed by such authority and after such inquiry as may be prescribed to the effect that the deceased belonged to a Hindu undivided family governed by the *Mitakshara* law, that the promissory note formed part of the joint property of the family, and that the applicant is the managing or sole surviving male member of the family.

Explanation.—The expression "Hindu undivided family governed by the Mitakshara law" shall for the purpose of this section, be deemed to include a Malabar tarwad.

12. (*1*) Where there is a dispute as to the title to a Government promissory note in respect of which an application for renewal has been made, the prescribed officer may— **Renewal of promissory notes in case of dispute as to title.**

(*a*) where any party to the dispute has obtained a final decision from Court of competent jurisdiction declaring him to be entitled to such note, issue a renewed note in favour of such party, or

(*b*) refuse to renew the note until such a decision has been obtained, or

(*c*) after such inquiry as is hereinafter provided and consideration of the result thereof, declare by order in writing which of the parties is in his opinion entitled to such note and may, after the expiration of three months from the date of such declaration, issue a renewed note in favour of such party in accordance with the provisions of Section 11, unless within that period, he has eceived notice that proceedings have been instituted by any person in a Court of competent jurisdiction for the purpose of establishing a title to such note.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the expression 'final decision' means a decision which is not appealable or a decision which is appealable, but against which no appeal has been filed within the period of limitation allowed by law.

(*2*) For the purpose of the inquiry referred to in sub-section (*1*), the prescribed officer may himself record, or may request the District Magistrate to record or to have recorded the whole or any part of such evidence as the parties may produce. When such request has been made to the District Magistrate, such Magistrate may himself record or may direct any Magistrate of the first class subordinate to him, or any Magistrate of the second class subordinate to him and empowered by general or special order of the Government in this behalf, to record the evidence, and shall forward a copy thereof to the prescribed officer.

Explanation.—For the purposes of this sub-section, the District Magistrate means the District Magistrate having jurisdiction in the place where interest on the promissory note is payable.

(*3*) The prescribed officer or any Magistrate acting under this section may, if he thinks fit, record evidence on oath.

13. Government securities other than those mentioned in Sections 10 and 11 may be renewed in such circumstances and in such manner as may be prescribed. **Renewal of other securities.**

14. (*1*) The prescribed officer may, subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, on the application of a person claiming to be entitled to a Government security or securities, on being satisfied of the justice of the claim and on delivery of the security or securities receipted in the prescribed manner and on payment of the prescribed fee, if any, convert, consolidate or sub-divide the security or securities, and issue to the applicant a new security or securities accordingly. **Issue of converted, etc., securities.**

(*2*) The conversion, consolidation, or sub-division referred to in sub-section (*1*) may be into a security or securities of the same or different classes or of the same or different loans.

15. (*1*) When a renewed Government promissory note has been issued under Section 11, or a new Government promissory note has been issued upon conversion, consolidation or sub-division under Section 14, in favour of any person, the note so issued shall be deemed to constitute a new contract between the Government and such person and all persons deriving title thereafter through him. **Liability in respect of promissory note renewed, etc.**

(*2*) No such renewal, conversion, consolidation or sub-division shall affect the rights as against the Government of any other person to the security or securities so renewed, converted, consolidated or sub-divided.

Discharge.

Immediate discharge in certain cases

16. On payment by or on behalf of the Government to the holder of a bearer bond or other Government security payable to bearer of the amount expressed therein on or after the date when it becomes due or on renewal of a bearer bond or other security payable to bearer under Section 10, or on renewal of a Government promissory note under Section 12, or on conversion, consolidation or sub-division of a bearer bond or othe security payable to bearer under Section 14, the Government shall be discharged in the same way and to the same extent as if such bearer bond, promissory note or other security were a promissory note payable to bearer.

Provided that, in the case of a Government promissory note renewed under Section 12, nothing in this section shall be deemed to bar a claim against the Government in respect of such note by any person who had no notice of the proceedings under that section, or who derives title through any such person.

Discharge of other cases.

17. Save as otherwise provided in this Regulation—

(*i*) on payment of the amount due on a Government security on or after the date on which payment becomes due, or

(*ii*) when a duplicate security has been issued under Section 9, or

(*iii*) when a renewed security has been issued under Section 11, or Section 12, or a new security or securities has or have been issued upon conversion, consolidation or sub-division under Section 14,

the Government shall be discharged from all liability in respect of the security or securities so paid or in place of which a duplicate, renewed, or new security or securities has or have been issued—

(*a*) in the case of payment—after the lapse of six years from the date on which payment was due;

(*b*) in the case of a duplicate security—after the lapse of six years from the date of the publication under sub-section (3) of Section 9 of the list in which the security is first mentioned or from the date of the last payment of interest on the original security, whichever date is later;

(*c*) in the case of a renewed security or of a new security issued upon conversion, consolidation or sub-division—after the lapse of six years from the date of the issue thereof.

Summary procedure in certain cases.

Procedure on death of holder of securities not exceeding an aggregate value of five thousand rupees.

18. (*1*) If within six months of the death of a person who was entitled to a Government security or securities, (other than a security payable to bearer) the nominal or face value of which does not in the aggregate exceed five thousand rupees, probate of the will or letters of administration of the estate of such person or a certificate granted under the Succession Certificate Regulation, 1901, is not produced to the prescribed officer, such officer may, after inquiry in the manner provided in sub-sections (2) and (3) of Section 12, determine who is the person entitled to the security or securities or to administer the estate of the deceased, and may—

(*a*) in the case of any such security relating to a loan due for repayment, authorise payment of the amount due thereon to such person; and

(*b*) in the case of any such security relating to a loan not due for repayment, authorise, in the case of a promissory note, the renewal of such promissory note in favour of such person, or, in the case of stock the registration of the name of such person in substitution for the name of the deceased.

(2) Upon the payment or renewal of any promissory note in accordance with sub-section (1), the Government shall

be discharged from all liability in respect of the note so paid or renewed; and any substitution of names made in accordance with clause (*b*) of sub-section (1) shall, for the purposes of any claim against the Government, be deemed to have effected a valid transfer of the stock in respect of which it was made.

(3) Any creditor or claimant against the estate of the deceased may recover his debt or claim out of money paid to any person under sub-section (1) and remaining in his hands unadministered in the same manner and to the same extent as if the said person had obtained letters of administration of the estate of the deceased, and nothing in this section shall affect any claim of an executor or administrator or other representative of the deceased against such person other than a claim to recover amounts lawfully paid by him in due course of administration of the estate of the deceased.

Securities held by minors and lunatics.

Payment in case of securities held by minors and lunatics.

19. Where a Government security stands in the name of or is held by a minor or a person who is insane and incapable of managing his affairs, the interest accruing thereon, or the capital sum payable in respect thereof on the maturity or discharge of the loan, shall, where, in the case of interest payable, the nominal value of the security, or in other cases the sum payable, does not exceed five thousand rupees, be paid in such manner as may be prescribed, and on any payment being so made, the Government shall, notwithstanding any provision of any enactment to the contrary, be discharged from all liability in respect thereof.

Indemnity.

Indemnity.

20. Notwithstanding anything in Sections 9, 11, 12 or 14, the prescribed officer may in any case arising under any of those sections—

(*i*) issue a duplicate or renewed security or convert, consolidate or sub-divide a security or securities upon the applicant giving the prescribed indemnity against the claims of all persons claiming under the original security or under the security or securities so renewed, converted, consolidated or sub-divided, as the case may be, or

(*ii*) refuse to issue a duplicate or renewed security or to convert, consolidate or sub-divide a security or securities unless such indemnity is given.

Inspection of registers, books and documents.

Inspection of documents.

21. No person shall be entitled to inspect, or to receive information derived from, any Government security in the possession of the Government or from any book, register or other document kept or on maintained by or on behalf of Government in relation to Government Securities or any Government security save in such circumstances and manner and subject to such conditions as may be prescribed.

Penalty.

Penalty.

22. (*1*) If any person, for the purpose of obtaining for himself or for any other person, payment of interest or of the capital sum due in respect of any Government security, or the issue of a duplicate security, or the renewal, conversion, consolidation or sub-division of a Government security or securities, makes to any authority under this Regulation, a statement which is false and which he either knows to be false or does not believe to be true, he shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

(2) No Court shall take cognizance of any offence under sub-section (1) save on the complaint of the authority to whom the false statement was made.

Rules.

Power to make rules.

23. (*1*) The Government may after previous publication make rules to carry out the purposes of this Regulation.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for all or any of the following matters namely :—

(a) the manner in which payment of interest in respect of Government securities is to be made and acknowledged;

(b) the circumstances in which Government securities must be renewed before further payment of interest thereon can be claimed;

(c) the fees to be paid in respect of the issue of duplicate securities and of the renewal, conversion, consolidation and sub-division of Government securities;

(d) the proof which is to be produced by persons applying for duplicate securities;

(e) the form and manner of publication of the notification mentioned in sub-section (2) of Section (9) and the manner of publication of the list mentioned in sub-section (3) of that section:

(f) the officer who is to exercise all or any of the powers and to perform all or any of the duties referred to in Sections 9, 10, 11, 12, 14, 18 and 20;

(g) the manner of making the inquiry mentioned in the proviso to Section 11;

(h) the circumstances and the manner in which securities other than securities payble to bearer or promissory notes are to be renewed;

(i) the form in which securities delivered for discharge, renewal, conversion, consolidation or sub-division are to be receipted;

(j) the conditions subject to which securities may be converted, consolidated or sub-divided;

(k) the person to whom and the manner in which payments are to be made in respect of Government securities standing in the name of, or held by, minors or persons who are insane and incapable of managing their affairs;

(l) the taking of indemnities against adverse claims of third parties from persons who receive payment of interest or of the capital sum due in respect of Government securities, or who obtain duplicate, renewed, converted, consolidated or sub-divided securities;

(m) the manner in which any document relating to Government securities or any indorsement on a Government promissory note may, on the demand of any person who from any cause is unable to write, be executed on his behalf;

(n) enabling holders of Government stock to be described in the registers of such stock as trustees, and either as trustees of any particular trust or as trustees without qualification, and for the recognition of powers of attorney granted by holders of stock so described;

(o) the holding of Government stock by the holders of offices other than public offices, and the manner in which and the conditions subject to which stock so held may be transferred;

(p) the mode of attestation of documents relating to Government stock;

(q) generally, all matters connected with the grant of duplicate, renewed, converted, consolidated and sub-divided securities; and

(r) the circumstances and the manner in which and the conditions subject to which inspection of securities, books, registers and other documents may be allowed or information therefrom may be given under Section 21.

(3) Nothing in any rules made under clauses (*n*) and (*o*) shall, as between any trustees or as between any trustees and the beneficiaries under a trust, be deemed to authorise the trustees to act otherwise than in accordance with the rules of law applying to the trust and the terms of the instrument constituting the trust; and neither the Government nor any person holding or acquiring any interest in any Government stock shall by reason only of any entry in any register maintained by or on behalf of the Government in relation to any Government stock or any stockholder, or of anything in any document relating to Government stock, be affected with notice of any trust or of the fiduciary character of any stockholder or of any fiduciary obligation attaching to the holding of any Government stock.

(4). Rules made under this section shall be publised in the Official Gazette, and shall thereupon have effect as if enacted in this Regulation.

Repeals.

24. On and from the date on which this Regulation comes into force, the Government Securities Regulation, 1894, shall be repealed.

A. R. BANERJI,
Dewan.

Order No. P. 274—Legis. 15-22-5, dated 20th July 1925.

Ordered that the accompanying Regulation further to amend the Indian Penal Code as in force in Mysore which received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja, on the seventh day of July 1925, be published as Regulation No. V of 1925, in the *Mysore Gazette* for general information.

By Order,
B. NAGAPPA,
Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

REGULATION, V OF 1925.

(RECEIVED THE ASSENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA ON THE SEVENTH DAY OF JULY 1925.)

A Regulation further to amend the Indian Penal Code as in force in Mysore.

Whereas it is expedient further to amend the Indian Penal Code as in force in Mysore; His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

In Section 75 of the Code between the words 'Code' and "with" the following words shall be inserted:—

"or of the Indian Penal Code as in force in British India or any other territory to which it may have been extended by the Governor-General in Council."

A. R. BANERJI,
Dewan.

Order No. P. 215—Legi 8-24-2, dated 16th July 1925.

Ordered that the accompanying Regulation to amend the Mysore Vaccination Regulation, 1906 which received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja, on the seventh day of July 1925 be published as Regulation No. VII of 1925, in the *Mysore Gazette* for general information.

By Order,

B. NAGAPPA,

Secretary to Government,
Local and Legislative Departments.

REGULATION VII OF 1925.

(RECEIVED THE ASSENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA ON THE SEVENTH DAY OF JULY 1925.)

A REGULATION TO AMEND THE MYSORE VACCINATION REGULATION, I OF 1906.

Whereas it is expedient to amend the Mysore Vaccination Regulation, I of 1906, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows :—

For Section 2 of the Regulation, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

"2. Vaccination shall be compulsory in all Municipalities constituted under the Mysore Municipal Regulation, 1906, and in the local area under the control of the Kolar Gold Fields Sanitary Board.

3. The Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, declare that Vaccination shall be compulsory in any other local area from and after a date to be specified in such notification and Government may, in like manner, cancel or modify any such declaration.

4. The Government may make rules to regulate the vaccination of persons in the local areas where vaccination is or has been declared to be compulsory, and bye-laws for the purposes of this Regulation not inconsistent with these rules may be made from time to time with the approval of Government by a local doby within whose local area vaccination has been declared to be compulsory.

5. For every breach of a rule or bye-law under Section 4, the offender shall be liable to a fine not exceeding fifty rupees.

Provided that no penalty shall be imposed on any person by reason of non-vaccination, if he has already had small-pox."

A. R. BANERJI,

Dewan.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 10, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

No. Rel. 45—R. A. 8-25-1, dated 7th September 1925.

In exercise of the powers vested in them under Section 6 (1) of the Mysore Representative Assembly Regulation, XVIII of 1923, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja are pleased to direct that the following clauses providing for the amendment of interpellations in the Representative Assembly shall be inserted as clauses (v) and (vi) of Rule 25 of the rules published with Notification No. 3039—Legis. 12-23-9, dated 8th December 1923:—

(v) When any question is not framed in accordance with the above conditions, the President may cause it to be returned to the Member concerned for the purpose of amending it so as to make it admissible or he may himself amend it and ask the member, if he accepts the amendment, provided that, if the amendment is of a verbal character, it shall not be necessary to ask the member if he accepts it.

(vi) If the member does not, within such time as the President may fix in this behalf, resubmit the question duly amended, or intimate his acceptance of the President's amendment, the question shall be deemed to have been withdrawn.

By Order,

R. RANGA RAO,

Secretary to Government,
Representative Assembly, Legislative Council and Economic Conference.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 8, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATIONS.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Notification No. 1922, *dated Camp Mysore, 2nd October* 1925.

Under Standing Order No. 49 of the Standing Orders for the conduct of business and procedure of the Legislative Council published in Notification No. P. 4349—Legis. 13-23-24, dated 5th February 1924, the accompanying Reports of the Select Committees appointed to consider the Bill to amend the Newspapers Regulation, 1908, and the Bill to amend the Press and Registration of Books Act, 1867, are published for information.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary, Legislative Council.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO CONSIDER THE BILL TO AMEND THE NEWSPAPERS REGULATION, 1908.

We the members of the Select Committee to which the above Bill was referred, have carefully considered the several clauses of the Bill and have the honour to submit the following report :—

Clause 4.—It is very desirable in our opinion to prescribe a time limit within which the Government may prohibit the editing, printing and publishing of a newspaper when the editor, printer or publisher of that paper is or has been convicted of offences punishable under Section 124 or 153 A of the Indian Penal Code.

As to the retention or otherwise of Section 500, Indian Penal Code, in Sub-clause (*b*) of Clause 4 of the Bill, there is difference of opinion. Messrs. M. Ramachandra Rao and C. Narasimhaiya are in favour of omitting the Section altogether or if the Section is to be

retained, of permitting the exercise of the power of prohibition by Government only on the conviction of the editor, printer, or publisher more than once under that Section. Rao Bahadur Mr. M. Shama Rao considers that there should be at least a single conviction for defamation before Government can exercise the powers of prohibition. All the other members who form the majority consider, however, that in the present state of the public press in Mysore the Government should have the power to deal with a paper indulging in habitual defamation whether there is a conviction or not, and that the sub-clause should stand as it is.

In accordance with the opinion of the majority we propose that the following clause be substituted for clause 4, *viz*:—

"4. (1) The Government may, by an order in writing, prohibit the printing, editing and publishing of any newspaper:—

(*a*) when the editor, printer or publisher of the newspaper is convicted of an offence punishable under Section 124A or 153A of the Indian Penal Code; or

(*b*) when a person who has been convicted of an offence punishable under either of the sections as aforesaid edits, prints or publishes the newspaper; or

(*c*) when the Government is satisfied that the newspaper habitually publishes matter punishable under Section 124 A or 153 A or Section 500 of the Indian Penal Code;

Provided that no such order shall be passed.—

(*i*) in cases falling under clause (*a*), after the expiry of one year from the date of conviction of such person;

(*ii*) in cases falling under sub-clause (*b*), after the expiry of one year from the date of the first publication of the newspaper after such person becomes the editor, printer or publisher thereof.

(2) No order under sub-section (1) shall be made unless the editor, printer or publisher has had an opportunity of being heard either in person or by pleader, by an officer authorised by Government in this behalf.

(3) The Government may at any time withdraw such order on such conditions as it may deem fit to impose."

Clause 7.—For the figure '4(*b*)' occurring in the clause substitute '4(*c*).' This is rendered necessary by the amendment of Clause 4. In the same clause for the work 'of' in line 4 substitute the words 'on which,' and after the word 'order' in the same line insert the words 'is communicated to him or served on him by post.'

Clause 8.—For figure '4(*b*)' in line 5 substitute '4(*c*)' and after the word 'of' in the same line insert the words 'prohibition or.'

Clause 10—Omit the word 'conveniently' in the first line. We do not think it necessary to re-publish the Bill with the amendments proposed by us for the reason that the only important amendment proposed consists of the replacing of the existing clause 4 by a new one which appears in full in the report itself, and that the other amendments are chiefly verbal and not of much importance.

(Sd.) K. R. SRINIVASA IYENGAR (Chairman).
,, K. P. PUTTANNA CHETTY.
,, M. SHAMA RAO.
,, H. CHENNAIYA.
,, SYLVESTER PAIS.
,, MAHOMED ABBAS KHAN.
,, C. NARASIMHAIYYA.
,, K. MATTHAN.
,, B. NAGAPPA.
,, M. RAMACHANDRA RAO.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO CONSIDER THE BILL TO AMEND THE PRESS AND REGISTRATION OF BOOKS ACT, 1867.

We the members of the Select Committee to which the above Bill was referred, have carefully considered the several clauses of the Bill and have the honour to submit the following report:—

The main changes that we propose refer to the definition of Magistrate as it exists in the Act and to the age limit prescribed in clause 2 (e) of the Bill for a declaration. The definition of Magistrate as given in the Act is not in general use and not easily understood, and requires in our opinion to be revised. The age limit now prescribed in the Bill will not be uniform in the case of all persons, but will vary according to the nationality of the

individual and will sometimes be so low as 15 or 16. Moreover the Indian Majority Act, 1875, is not in force in Mysore. We therefore propose to fix an age limit of 21 years, irrespective of the law to which any person is subject. The changes that we propose in the several clauses of the Bill are as follows :—

Clause 1. (*a*) for the words "In Section 1, after the definition of 'Magistrate' the following definition, namely."

Substitute the following :—

"(*i*) In Section 1 for the definition of 'Magistrate' the following definition shall be substituted, namely.

'Magistrate' means a Magistrate of the 1st Class appointed under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904 ; and

(*ii*) the following definitions shall be inserted namely"

(*b*) Omit the words 'shall be inserted' at the end of the clause.

Clause 2. (1) In Sub-clause (*b*) substitute the word 'such' for 'each'.

(2) In Sub-clause (*e*) for the words 'attained majority.....of majority' substitute the words "completed 21 years of age".

We do not think it necessary to re-publish the Bill with the amendments proposed by us for the reason that they are mostly verbal and not of much importance.

(Sd). K. R. SRINIVASA IYENGAR (Chairman).
,, K. P. PUTTANNA CHETTY.
,, M. SHAMA RAO.
,, H. CHENNAIYA.
,, SYLVESTER PAIS.
,, MAHOMED ABBAS KHAN.
,, C. NARASIMHAIYYA.
,, K. MATTHAN.
,, B. NAGAPPA.
,, M. RAMACHANDRA RAO.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 22, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

Order No. P. 2001—*Legis., dated* 19*th October* 1925.

Ordered that the accompanying Regulation further to amend of Code of Civil Procedure 1911, which received the assent of His Highness the Maharaja, on the eighth day of October 1925, be published as Regulation No. XII of 1925, in the *Mysore Gazette*, for general information.

By Order,
C. ABDUL GHANI,
For *Secretary to Government,*
Local and Legislative Departments.

REGULATION No. XII OF 1925.

(RECEIVED THE ASSENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA, ON THE EIGHTH DAY OF OCTOBER 1925.)

A REGULATION FURTHER TO AMEND THE CODE OF CIVIL PROCEDURE, 1911.

Whereas it is expedient further to amend the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows :—

For proviso (*p*) to sub-section (1) of Section 60 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911, the following proviso shall be substituted :—

" (*p*) Where the decree relates to a debt due or contracted by an officer who has insured his life under the rules in force relating to the Official Branch of the Mysore State Life Insurance,

(1) in the case of insurances effected prior to the date of the passing of this Regulation, the whole of the bonus payable or paid thereunder to the officer, or in the event of his death to his nominee or other person or persons entitled to such bonus under the said rules ;

(2) in other cases, where an officer is bound to insure his life under the aforesaid rules, then the bonus in respect of the compulsory premia payable or paid to such officer or

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PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

REGULATION No. XIII OF 1925.

(RECEIVED THE ASSENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA ON THE FOURTEENTH DAY OF OCTOBER 1925.)

A REGULATION TO PROVIDE FOR THE LEVY OF COFFEE CESS IN THE MYSORE STATE.

Preamble.

Whereas it is necessary to provide for the levy of a cess on coffee lands in the Mysore State in order to maintain an Experimental Station or Stations for the investigation of diseases affecting the coffee plant, and other problems relating to coffee cultivation, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

Title, extent and commencement.

1. (*a*) This Regulation shall be called the "*Mysore Coffee Cess Regulation.*"

(*b*) It shall extend to the whole of Mysore.

(*c*) It shall come into force from the date of the passing of the bill and shall be in operation for a period of five years thereafter.

Definition.

2. In this Regulation, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, "Coffee lands" mean all occupied lands classed as coffee lands by the Revenue Survey Department.

3. Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, levy a cess of two annas per acre on all coffee lands and may, by a similar notification, abolish the levy, provided that no cess shall be levied upon a holding which is less than fifteen acres in extent.

4. Government shall, for the maintenance of the Experimental Station or Stations provide every year a sum not less than the amount of the cess levied or leviable under section 3 of this Regulation.

5. The Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, make rules for the purposes of this Regulation for the collection as well as administration of the Coffee Cess.

A. R. BANERJI,

NOTIFICATION.

No. Fl. 2457—*I. T.* 25-25-2, *dated 4th November* 1925.

The following draft of an amendment to the Mysore Income-Tax Rules, 1923, which s proposed to make in exercise of the powers conferred by Section 59 of the Mysore Income-Tax Regulation, 1923, is published, as required by the said Section for the information of all persons likely to be affected thereby and notice is hereby given that the said draft will be taken into consideration on or after the 15th December 1925. Any objections or suggestions which may be received from any person with respect to the draft before the date specified will be considered by the Government.

DRAFT AMENDMENT.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 59 of the Mysore Income-Tax Regulation, 1923, the Government are pleased to direct that the following be substituted for Rule 16 of the rules under the Mysore Income-Tax Regulation, 1923, issued under Government Notification No. Fl. 911—I. T. 48-22-26, dated the 7th August 1923.

The minimum income under the head "Salaries" referred to in Section 21 (*a*) shall be Rs. 2,000 per annum.

By Order,

B. SRINIVASA IYENGAR,

Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.

Registered No. M.—1175.

The Mysore Gazette.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 12, 1925.

PART III.

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REGULATION XI OF 1925.

(RECEIVED THE ASSENT OF HIS HIGHNESS THE MAHARAJA, ON THE 30TH DAY OF SEPTEMBER 1925.)

A REGULATION TO CONSOLIDATE AND AMEND THE LAW RELATING TO INSOLVENCY IN MYSORE.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Insolvency in Mysore, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

Short title and extent.

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Mysore Insolvency Regulation, 1925.

(2) It extends to the whole of Mysore.

Definitions.

2. (1) In this Regulation, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context:—

(*a*) "creditor" includes a decree-holder, "debt" includes a judgment-debt, and "debtor" includes a judgment-debtor;

(*b*) "District Court" means the principal Civil Court of original jurisdiction;

(*c*) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Regulation;

(*d*) "property" includes any property over which or the profits of which any person has a disposing power which he may exercise for his own benefit;

(*e*) "secured creditor" means a person holding a mortgage, charge or lien on the property of the debtor or any part thereof as a security for a debt due to him from the debtor; and

(*f*) "transfer of property" includes a transfer of any interest in property and the creation of any charge upon property.

(2) Words and expressions used in this Regulation and defined in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911, and not hereinbefore defined shall have the same meanings as those respectively attributed to them by the said Code.

PART I.

CONSTITUTION AND POWERS OF COURT.

Insolvency jurisdiction.

3. The jurisdiction under this Regulation shall be exercised by the District Courts;

Provided that the Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, invest any Court Subordinate to a District Court with jurisdiction in any class of cases, and any Court so invested shall within the local limits of its jurisdiction have concurrent jurisdiction with the District Court under this Regulation.

Power of Court to decide all questions arising in insolvency.

4. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Regulation, the Court shall have full power to decide all questions whether of title or priority, or of any nature whatsoever, and whether involving matters of law or of fact, which may arise in any case of insolvency coming within the cognisance of the Court or which the Court may deem it expedient or necessary to decide for the purpose of doing complete justice or making a complete distribution of property in any such case.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this Regulation and notwithstanding anything contained in any other law for the time being in force, every such decision shall be final and binding for all purposes as between, on the one hand, the debtor and the debtor's estate and, on the other hand, all claimants against him or it and all persons claiming through or under them or any of them.

(3) Where the Court does not deem it expedient or necessary to decide any question of the nature referred to in sub-section (1), but has reason to believe that the debtor has a saleable interest in any property, the Court may without further

inquiry sell such interest in such manner and subject to such conditions as it may think fit.

General powers of Courts.

5. (1) Subject to the provisions of this Regulation, the Court, in regard to proceedings under this Regulation, shall have the same powers and shall follow the same procedure as it has and follows in the exercise of original civil jurisdiction.

(2) Subject as aforesaid, the Chief Court and District Courts, in regard to proceedings under this Regulation in Courts subordinate to them, shall have the same powers and shall follow the same procedure as they respectively have and follow in regard to civil suits.

PART II.

PROCEEDINGS FROM ACT OF INSOLVENCY TO DISCHARGE.

Acts of Insolvency.

Acts of insolvency.

6. A debtor commits an act of Insolvency in each of the following cases, namely :—

(*a*) if, in Mysore or elsewhere, he makes a transfer of all or substantially all his property to a third person for the benefit of his creditors generally ;

(*b*) if, in Mysore or elsewhere, he makes a transfer of his property or of any part thereof with intent to defeat or delay his creditors ;

(c) if, in Mysose or elsewhere, he makes any transfer of his property, or of any part thereof, which would, under this or any other enactment for the time being in force, be void as a fraudulent preference if he were adjudged an insolvent ;

(*d*) If, with intent to defeat or delay his creditors,—

(*i*) he departs or remains out of Mysore ;

(*ii*) he departs from his dwelling-house or usual place of business or otherwise absents himself ;

(*iii*) he secludes himself so as to deprive his creditors of the means of communicating with him ;

(*e*) if any of his property has been sold in execution of the decree of any Court for the payment of money ;

(*f*) if he petitions to be adjudged an insolvent under the provisions of this Regulation ;

(*g*) if he gives notice to any of his creditors that he has suspended, or that he is about to suspend payment of his debts ; or

(*h*) if he is imprisoned in execution of the decree of any Court for the payment of money ;

Explanation.—For the purpose of this section the act of an agent may be the act of the principal.

Petition.

Petition and adjudication.

7. Subject to the conditions specified in this Regulation, if a debtor commits an act of insolvency, an insolvency petition may be presented either by a creditor or by the dedtor, and the Court may on such petition make an order (hereinafter called an order of adjudication) adjudging him an insolvent.

Explanation.—The presentation of a petition by the debtor shall be deemed an act of insolvency within the meaning of this section, and on such petition the Court may make an order of adjudication.

Exemption of corporation, etc., from insolvency proceedings.

8. No insolvency petition shall be presented against any corporation or against any association or company registered under any enactment for the time being in force.

Conditions on which creditor may petition.

9. (1) A creditor shall not be entitled to present an insolvency petition against a debtor unless—

(*a*) the debt owing by the debtor to the creditor, or, if two or more creditors join in the petition, the aggregate amount of debts owing to such creditors amounts to five hundred rupees, and

(*b*) the debt is a liquidated sum payable either immediately or at some certain future time, and

(*c*) the act of insolvency on which the petition is grounded has occurred within three months before the presentation of the petition.

(2) If the petitioning creditor is a secured creditor, he shall in his petition either state that he is willing to relinquish his security for the benefit of the creditors in the event of the debtor being adjudged insolvent, or give an estimate of the value of the security. In the latter case, he may be admitted as a petitioning creditor to the extent of the balance of the debt due to him after deducting the value so estimated in the same way as if he were an unsecured creditor.

Conditions on which debtor may petition.

10. (1) A debtor shall not be entitled to present an insolvency petition, unless he is unable to pay his debts and—

(*a*) his debts amount to five hundred rupees; or

(*b*) he is under arrest or imprisonment in execution of the decree of any Court for the payment of money; or

(*c*) an order of attachment in execution of such a decree has been made, and is subsisting, against his property.

(2) A debtor in respect of whom an order of adjudication made under this Regulation has been annulled, owing to his failure to apply, or to prosecute an application for his discharge shall not be entitled to present an insolvency petition without the leave of the Court by which the order of adjudication was annulled. Such Court shall not grant leave unless it is satisfied either that the debtor was prevented by any reasonable cause from presenting or prosecuting his application, as the case may be, or that the petition is founded on facts substantially different from those contained in the petition on which the order of adjudication was made.

Court to which petition shall be presented.

11. Every insolvency petition shall be presented to a Court having jurisdiction under this Regulation in any local area in which the debtor ordinarily resides or carries on business, or personally works for gain, or if he has been arrested or imprisoned, where he is in custody:

Provided that no objection as to the place of presentment shall be allowed by any Court in the exercise of appellate or revisional jurisdiction unless such objection was taken in the Court by which the petition was heard at the earliest possible opportunity, and unless there has been a consequent failure of justice.

Verification of petition.

12. Every insolvency petition shall be in writing and shall be signed and verified in the manner prescribed by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911, for signing and verifying plaints.

Contents of petition.

13. (1) Every insolvency petition presented by a debtor shall contain the following particulars, namely:—

(*a*) a statement that the debtor is unable to pay his debts;

(*b*) the place where he ordinarily resides or carries on business or personally works for gain, or, if he has been arrested or imprisoned, the place where he is in custody;

(*c*) the Court (if any) by whose order he has been arrested or imprisoned, or by which an order has been made for the attachment of his property, together with particulars of the decree in respect of which any such order has been made;

(*d*) the amount and particulars of all pecuniary claims against him, together with the names and residences of his creditors so far as they are known to, or can by the exercise of reasonable care and diligence be ascertained by him;

(*e*) the amount and particulars of all his property together with—

(*i*) a specification of the value of all such property not consisting of money;

(*ii*) the place or places at which any such property is to be found; and

(*iii*) a declaration of his willingness to place at the disposal of the Court all such property save in

so far as it includes such particulars (not being his books of account) as are exempted by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911, or by any other enactment for the time being in force from liability to attachment and sale in execution of a decree;

(*f*) a statement whether the debtor has on any previous occasion filed a petition to be adjudged an insolvent, and (where such a petition has been filed)—

(*i*) if such petition has been dismissed, the reasons for such dismissal, or

(*ii*) if the debtor has been adjudged an insolvent, concise particulars of the insolvency, including a statement whether any previous adjudication has been annulled and, if so, the grounds therefor.

(2) Every insolvency petition presented by a creditor or creditors shall set forth the particulars regarding the debtor specified in clause (*b*) of sub-section (1), and shall also specify—

(*a*) the act of insolvency committed by such debtor, together with the dates of its commission; and

(*b*) the amount and particulars of his or their pecuniary claim or claims against such debtor.

Withdrawal of petitions.

14. No petition, whether presented by a debtor or by a creditor, shall be withdrawn without the leave of the Court.

Consolidation of petitions.

15. Where two or more insolvency petitions are presented against the same debtor, or where separate petitions are presented against joint debtors, the Court may consolidate the proceedings or any of them, on such terms as the Court thinks fit.

Power to change carriage of proceedings.

16. Where the petitioning creditor does not proceed with due diligence on his petition, the Court may substitute as petitioner any other creditor to whom the debtor may be indebted in the amount required by this Regulation in the case of a petitioning creditor.

Continuance of proceedings on death of debtor.

17. If a debtor by or against whom an insolvency petition has been presented dies, the proceedings in the matter shall, unless the Court otherwise orders, be continued so far as may be necessary for the realisation and distribution of the property of the debtor.

Procedure for admission of petition.

18. The procedure laid down in the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911, with respect to the admission of plaints, shall, so far as it is applicable, be followed in the case of insolvency petitions.

Procedure on admission of petition.

19. (1) Where an insolvency petition is admitted, the Court shall make an order fixing a date for hearing the petition.

(2) Notice of the order under sub-section (1) shall be given to creditors in such manner as may be prescribed.

(3) Where the debtor is not the petitioner notice of the order under sub-section (1) shall be served on him in the manner provided for the service of summons.

Appointment of interim receiver.

20. The Court when making an order admitting the petition may, and where the debtor is the petitioner ordinarily shall, appoint an interim receiver of the property of the debtor or of any part thereof, and may direct him to take immediate possession thereof or of any part thereof, and the interim receiver shall thereupon have such of the powers conferrable on a receiver appointed under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911, as the Court may direct. If an interim receiver is not so appointed, the Court may make such appointment at any subsequent time before adjudication, and the provisions of this section shall apply accordingly.

Interim proceedings against debtor.

21. At the time of making an order admitting the petition or at any subsequent time before adjudication the Court may either of its own motion or on the application of any creditor make one or more of the following orders, namely :—

(1) order the debtor to give reasonable security for his appearance until final orders are made upon the petition, and

direct that, in default of giving such security, he shall be detained in the civil prison;

(2) order the attachment by actual seizure of the whole or any part of the property in the possession or under the control of the debtor, other than such particulars (not being his books of account) as are exempted by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911, or by any other enactment for the time being in force from liability to attachment and sale in execution of a decree;

(3) order a warrant to issue with or without bail for the arrest of the debtor, and direct either that he be detained in the civil prison until the disposal of the petition, or that he be released on such terms as to security as may be reasonable and necessary:

Provided that an order under clause (2) or clause (3) shall not be made unless the Court is satisfied that the debtor, with intent to defeat or delay his creditors or to avoid any process of the Court,—

(*i*) has absconded or has departed from the local limits of the jurisdiction of the Court, or is about to abscond or to depart from such limits, or is remaining outside them, or

(*ii*) has failed to disclose or has concealed, destroyed, transferred or removed from such limits, or is about to conceal, destroy, transfer or remove from such limits, any documents likely to be of use to his creditors in the course of the hearing, or any part of his property other than such particulars as aforesaid.

Duties of debtors.

22. The debtor shall on the making of an order admitting the petition produce all books of account, and shall at any time thereafter give such inventories of his property, and such lists of his creditors and debtors and of the debts due to and from them, respectively, submit to such examination in respect of his property or his creditors, attend at such times before the Court or receiver, execute such instruments, and generally do all such acts and things in relation to his property as may be required by the Court or receiver, or as may be prescribed.

Release of debtors.

23. (1) At the time of making an order admitting the petition or at any subsequent time before adjudication, the Court may, if the debtor is under arrest or imprisonment in execution of the decree of any Court for the payment of money, order his release on such terms as to security as may be reasonable and necessary.

(2) The Court may at any time order any person who has been released under this section to be re-arrested and recommitted to the custody from which he was released.

(3) At the time of making any order under this section, the Court shall record in writing its reasons therefor.

Procedure at hearing.

24. (1) On the day fixed for the hearing of the petition, or on any subsequent day to which the hearing may be adjourned, the Court shall require proof of the following matters, namely:—

(*a*) that the creditor or the debtor, as the case may be, is entitled to present the petition:

Provided that, where the debtor is the petitioner, he shall, for the purpose of proving his inability to pay his debts, be required to furnish only such proof as to satisfy the Court that there are *prima facie* grounds for believing the same and the Court, if and when so satisfied, shall not be bound to hear any further evidence thereon;

(*b*) that the debtor, if he does not appear on a petition presented by a creditor, has been served with notice of the order admitting the petition; and

(*c*) that the debtor has committed the act of insolvency alleged against him.

(2) The Court shall also examine the debtor, if he is present, as to his conduct, dealings and property in the presence

of such creditors as appear at the hearing, and the creditors shall have the right to question the debtor thereon.

(3) The Court shall, if sufficient cause is shown, grant time to the debtor or to any creditor to produce any evidence which appears to it to be necessary for the proper disposal of the petition.

(4) A memorandum of the substance of the examination of the debtor and of any other oral evidence given shall be made by the Judge, and shall form part of the record of the case.

Dismissal of petition.

25. (1) In the case of a petition presented by a creditor where the Court is not satisfied with the proof of his right to present the petition or of the service on the debtor of notice of the order admitting the petition, or of the alleged act of insolvency, or is satisfied by the debtor that he is able to pay his debts, or that for any other sufficient cause no order ought to be made, the Court shall dismiss the petition.

(2) In the case of a petition presented by a debtor, the Court shall dismiss the petition if it is not satisfied of his right to present the petition.

Award of compensation.

26. (1) Where a petition presented by a creditor is dismissed under sub-section (1) of section 25, and the Court is satisfied that the petition was frivolous, or vexatious, the Court may on the application of the debtor, award against such creditor such amount, not exceeding one thousand rupees, as it deems a reasonable compensation to the debtor for the expense or injury occasioned to him by the petition and the proceedings thereon, and such amount may be realised as if it were a fine.

(2) An award under this section shall bar any suit for compensation in respect of such petition and the proceedings thereon.

Order of Adjudication.

Order of adjudication.

27. (1) If the Court does not dismiss the petition, it shall make an order of adjudication, and shall specify in such order the period within which the debtor shall apply for his discharge.

(2) The Court may, if sufficient cause is shown, extend the period within which the debtor shall apply for his discharge, and in that case shall publish notice of the order in such manner as it thinks fit.

Effect of an order of adjudication.

28. (1) On the making of an order of adjudication, the insolvent shall aid to the utmost of his power in the realisation of his property and the distribution of the proceeds among his creditors.

(2) On the making of an order of adjudication, the whole of the property of the insolvent shall vest in the Court or in a receiver as hereinafter provided, and shall become divisible among the creditors, and thereafter, except as provided by this Regulation, no creditor to whom the insolvent is indebted in respect of any debt provable under this Regulation shall during the pendency of the insolvency proceedings, have any remedy against the property of the insolvent in respect of the debt, or commence any suit or other legal proceeding, except with the leave of the Court and on such terms as the Court may impose.

(3) For the purposes of sub-section (2) all goods being at the date of the presentation of the petition on which the order is made in the possession, order or disposition of the insolvent in his trade or business, by the consent and permission of the true owner, under such circumstances that he is the reputed owner thereof, shall be deemed to be the property of the insolvent.

(4) All property which is acquired by or devolves on the insolvent after the date of an order of adjudication and before his discharge shall forthwith vest in the Court or receiver, and the provisions of sub-section (2) shall apply in respect thereof.

(5) The property of the insolvent for the purposes of this section shall not include any property (not being books of account) which is exempted by the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911, or by any other enactment for the time being in force from liability to attachment and sale in execution of a decree.

(6) Nothing in this section shall affect the power of any secured creditor to realise or otherwise deal with his security, in the same manner as he would have been entitled to realise or deal with it if this section had not been passed.

(7) An order of adjudication shall relate back to and take effect from, the date of the presentation of the petition on which it is made.

Stay of pending proceeding.

29. Any Court in which a suit or other proceeding is pending against a debtor shall, on proof that an order of adjudication has been made against him under this Regulation, either stay the proceeding, or allow it to continue on such terms as such Court may impose.

Publication of order of adjudication.

30. Notice of an order of adjudication stating the name, address and description of the insolvent, the date of the adjudication, the period within which the debtor shall apply for his discharge, and the Court by which the adjudication is made, shall be published in the official Gazette and in such other manner as may be prescribed.

Proceedings consequent on Order of Adjudication.

Protection order.

31. (1) Any insolvent in respect of whom an order of adjudication has been made may apply to the Court for protection, and the Court may on such application make an order for the protection of the insolvent from arrest or detention.

(2) A protection order may apply either to all the debts of the debtor, or to any of them as the Court may think proper, and may commence and take effect at and for such time as the Court may direct, and may be revoked or renewed as the Court may think fit.

(3) A protection order shall protect the insolvent from being arrested or detained in prison for any debt to which such order applies, and any insolvent arrested or detained contrary to the terms of such an order shall be entitled to his release;

Provided that no such order shall operate to prejudice the right of any creditor in the event of such order being revoked or the adjudication annulled.

(4) Any creditor shall be entitled to appear and oppose the grant of a protection order.

Power to arrest after adjudication.

32. At any time after an order of adjudication has been made, the Court may, if it has reason to believe on the application of any creditor or the receiver, that the debtor has absconded or departed from the local limits of its jurisdiction with intent to avoid any obligation which has been or might be, imposed on him by or under this Regulation, order a warrant to issue for his arrest, and on his appearing or being brought before it, may, if satisfied that he was absconding or had departed with such intent, order his release on such terms as to security as may be reasonable or necessary, or if such security is not furnished, direct that he shall be detained in the civil prison for a period which may extend to three months.

Schedule of creditors.

33. (1) When an order of adjudication has been made under this Regulation, all persons alleging themselves to be creditors of the insolvent in respect of debts provable under this Regulation, shall tender proof of their respective debts by producing evidence of the amount and particulars thereof, and the Court shall, by order, determine the persons who have proved themselves to be creditors of the insolvent in respect of such debts, and the amount of such debts, respectively, and shall frame a schedule of such persons and debts:

Provided that, if, in the opinion of the Court, the value of any debts is incapable of being fairly estimated, the Court may make an order to that effect, and thereupon the debt shall not be included in the schedule.

(2) A copy of every such schedule shall be posted in the Court-house.

(3) Any creditor of the insolvent may, at any time before the discharge of the insolvent, tender proof of the debt and apply

to the Court for an order directing his name to be entered in the schedule as a creditor in respect of any debt provable under this Regulation, and not entered in the schedule, and the Court, after causing notice to be served on the insolvent and the other creditors who have proved their debts, and hearing their objections (if any), shall comply with or reject the application.

Debts provable under the Regulation.

34. (1) Debts which have been excluded from the schedule on the ground that their value is incapable of being fairly estimated and demands in the nature of unliquidated damages arising otherwise than by reason of a contract or a breach of trust shall not be provable under this Regulation.

(2) Save as provided by sub-section (1), all debts and liabilities, present or future, to which the debtor is subject when he is adjudged an insolvent, or to which he may become subject before his discharge by reason of any obligation incurred before the date of such adjudication, shall be deemed to be debts provable under this Regulation.

Annulment of Adjudication.

Power to annul adjudication of insolvency.

35. Where, in the opinion of the Court, a debtor ought not to have been adjudged insolvent, or where it is proved to the satisfaction of the Court that the debts of the insolvent have been paid in full, the Court shall, on the application of the debtor, or of any other person interested, by order in writing, annul the adjudication.

Power to cancel one of concurrent orders of adjudication.

36. If, in any case in which an order of adjudication has been made, it shall be proved to the Court by which such order was made that insolvency proceedings are pending in another Court against the same debtor, and that the property of the debtor can be more conveniently distributed by such other Court, the Court may annul the adjudication or stay all proceedings thereon.

Proceedings on annulment.

37. (1) Where an adjudication is annulled, all sales and dispositions of property and payments duly made, and all acts theretofore done, by the Court or receiver, shall be valid; but, subject as aforesaid, the property of the debtor who was adjudged insolvent shall vest in such person as the Court may appoint, or, in default of any such appointment, shall revert to the debtor to the extent of his right or interest therein on such conditions (if any) as the Court may, by order in writing, declare.

(2) Notice of every order annulling an adjudication shall be published in the official Gazette and in such other manner as may be prescribed.

Compositions and Schemes of Arrangement.

Compositions and schemes of arrangement.

38. (1) Where a debtor after the making of an order of adjudication, submits a proposal for a composition in satisfaction of his debts, or a proposal for a scheme of arrangement of his affairs, the Court shall fix a date for the consideration of the proposal, and shall issue a notice to all creditors in such manner as may be prescribed.

(2) If, on the consideration of the proposal, a majority in number and three-fourths in value of all the creditors whose debts are proved and who are present in person or by pleader, resolve to accept the proposal, the same shall be deemed to be duly accepted by the creditors.

(3) The debtor may at the meeting amend the terms of his proposal if the amendment is, in the opinion of the Court, calculated to benefit the general body of creditors.

(4) Where the Court is of opinion, after hearing the report of the receiver, if a receiver has been appointed, and after considering any objections which may be made by or on behalf of any creditor, that the terms of the proposal are not reasonable or are not calculated to benefit the general body of creditors, the Court shall refuse to approve the proposal.

(5) If any facts are proved on proof of which the Court would be required either to refuse, suspend or attach conditions to the debtor's discharge, the Court shall refuse to approve the

proposal unless it provides reasonable security for payment of not less than six annas in the rupee on all the unsecured debts provable against the debtor's estate.

(6) No composition or scheme shall be approved by the Court which does not provide for the payment in priority to other debts of all debts directed to be so paid in the distribution of the property of an insolvent.

(7) In any other case the Court may either approve or refuse to approve the proposal.

Order on approval.

39. If the Court approves the proposal, the terms shall be embodied in an order of the Court, and the Court shall frame a schedule in accordance with the provisions of section 33, the order of adjudication shall be annulled, and the provisions of section 37 shall apply, and the composition or scheme shall be binding on all the creditors entered in the said schedule so far as relates to any debts entered therein.

Power to re-adjudge debtor insolvent.

40. If default is made in the payment of any instalment due in pursuance of the composition or scheme, or if it appears to the Court that the composition or scheme cannot proceed without injustice or undue delay, or that the approval of the Court was obtained by fraud, the Court may, if it thinks fit, re-adjudge the debtor insolvent and annul the composition or scheme but without prejudice to the validity of any transfer or payment duly made or of anything duly done under or in pursuance of the composition or scheme. When a debtor is re-adjudged insolvent under this section, all debts provable in other respects which have been contracted before the date of such re-adjudication shall be provable in the insolvency.

Discharge.

Discharge.

41. (1) A debtor may, at any time after the order of adjudication and shall, within the period specified by the Court, apply to the Court for an order of discharge, and the Court shall fix a day, notice whereof shall be given in such manner as may be prescribed, for hearing such application, and any objections which may be made thereto.

(2) Subject to the provisions of this section, the Court, may, after considering the objections of any creditor and, where a receiver has been appointed, the report of the receiver,

(*a*) grant or refuse an absolute order of discharge; or

(*b*) suspend the operation of the order for a specified time; or

(*c*) grant an order of discharge subject to any condition with respect to any earnings or income which may afterwards become due to the insolvent, or with respect to his after-acquired property.

Cases in which Court must refuse an absolute discharge.

42. (1) The Court shall refuse to grant an absolute order of discharge under section 41 on proof of any of the following facts, namely:—

(*a*) that the insolvent's assets are not of a value equal to eight annas in the rupee on the amount of his unsecured liabilities unless he satisfies the Court that the fact that the assets are not of a value equal to eight annas in the rupee on the amount of his unsecured liabilities has arisen from circumstances for which he cannot justly be held responsible;

(*b*) that the insolvent has omitted to keep such books of account as are usual and proper in the business carried on by him and as sufficiently disclose his business transactions and financial position within the three years immediately preceding his insolvency;

(*c*) that the insolvent has continued to trade after knowing himself to be insolvent;

(*d*) that the insolvent has contracted any debt provable under this Regulation without having at the time of contracting it any reasonable or probable ground of expectation (the burden of proving which shall lie on him) that he would be able to pay it;

(*e*) that the insolvent has failed to account satisfactorily for any loss of assets or for any deficiency of assets to meet his liabilities;

(*f*) that the insolvent has brought on, or contributed to, his insolvency by rash and hazardous speculations, or by unjustifiable extravagance in living, or by gambling, or by culpable neglect of his business affairs;

(*g*) that the insolvent has, within three months preceding the date of the presentation of the petition when unable to pay his debts as they became due, given an undue preference to any of his creditors;

(*h*) that the insolvent has on any previous occasion been adjudged an insolvent or made a composition or arrangement with his creditors;

(*i*) that the insolvent has concealed or removed his property or any part thereof, or has been guilty of any other fraud or fraudulent breach of trust.

(2) For the purposes of this section, the report of the receiver shall be deemed to be evidence; and the Court may presume the correctness of any statement contained therein.

(3) The powers of suspending, and of attaching conditions to an insolvent's discharge may be exercised concurrently.

Adjudication to be annulled on failure to apply for discharge.

43. (1) If the debtor does not appear on the day fixed for hearing his application for discharge or on such subsequent day as the Court may direct, or if the debtor does not apply for an order of discharge within the period specified by the Court, the order of adjudication shall be annulled, and the provisions of section 37 shall apply accordingly.

(2) Where a debtor has been released from custody under the provisions of this Regulation and the order of adjudication is annulled under sub-section (1), the Court may, if it thinks fit, re-commit the debtor to his former custody, and the officer in charge of the prison to whose custody such debtor is so re-committed shall receive such debtor into his custody according to such re-commitment, and thereupon all processes which were in force against the person of such debtor at the time of such release as aforesaid shall be deemed to be still in force against him as if no order of adjudication had been made.

Effect of order of discharge.

44. (1) An order of discharge shall not release the insolvent from—

(*a*) any debt due to the Government of Mysore;

(*b*) any debt or liability incurred by means of any fraud or fraudulent breach of trust to which he was a party;

(*c*) any debt or liability in respect of which he has obtained forbearance by any fraud to which he was a party; or

(*d*) any liability under an order for maintenance made under section 488 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904.

(2) Save as otherwise provided by sub-section (1), an order of discharge shall release the insolvent from all debts provable under this Regulation.

(3) An order of discharge shall not release any person who, at the date of the presentation of the petition, was a partner or co-trustee with the insolvent, or was jointly bound or had made any joint contract with him or any person who was surety for him.

PART III.

ADMINISTRATION OF PROPERTY.

Method of Proof of Debts.

Debt payable at a future time.

45. A creditor may prove for a debt not payable when the debtor is adjudged an insolvent as if it were payable presently, and may receive dividends equally with the other creditors, deducting therefrom only a rebate of interest at the rate of six per centum per annum computed from the declaration of a dividend to the time when the debt would have become payable, according to the terms on which it was contracted.

Mutual dealings and set off.

46. Where there have been mutual dealings between an insolvent and a creditor proving or claiming to prove a debt under this Regulation, an account shall be taken of what is due from the one party to the other in respect of such mutual dealings, and the sum due from the one party shall be set off against any sum due from the other party, and the balance of the account, and no more, shall be claimed or paid on either side respectively.

Secured creditor.

47. (1) Where a secured creditor realises his security, he may prove for the balance due to him, after deducting the net amount realised.

(2) Where a secured creditor relinquishes his security for the general benefit of the creditors, he may prove for his whole debt.

(3) Where a secured creditor does not either realise or relinquish his security, he shall, before being entitled to have his debt entered in the schedule, state in his proof the particulars of his security, and the value at which he assesses it, and shall be entitled to receive a dividend only in respest of the balance due to him after deducting the value so assessed.

(4) Where a security is so valued, the Court may at any time before realisation redeem it on payment to the creditor of the assessed value.

(5) Where a creditor, after having valued his security, subsequently realises it, the net amount realised shall be substituted for the amount of any valuation previously made by the creditor, and shall be treated in all respects as an amended valuation made by the creditor.

(6) Where a secured creditor does not comply with the provisions of this section, he shall be excluded from all share in any dividend.

Interest.

48. (1) On any debt or sum certain whereon interest is not reserved or agreed for, and which is overdue when the debtor is adjudged an insolvent, and which is provable under this Regulation, the creditor may prove for interest at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum—

(*a*) if the debt or sum is payable by virtue of a written instrument at a certain time, from the time when such debt or sum was payable to the date of such adjudication or,

(*b*) if the debt or sum is payable otherwise, from the time when a demand in writing has been made giving the debtor notice that interest will be claimed from the date of the demand until the time of payment to the date of such adjudication.

(2) Where a debt which has been proved under this Regulation includes interest or any pecuniary consideration in lieu of interest, the interest or consideration shall, for the purposes of dividend be calculated at a rate not exceeding six per centum per annum, without prejudice to the right of a creditor to receive out of the debtor's estate any higher rate of interest to which he may be entitled after all the debts proved have been paid in full.

Mode of proof.

49. (1) A debt may be proved under this Regulation by delivering, or sending by post in a registered letter, to the Court an affidavit verifying the debt.

(2) The affidavit shall contain or refer to a statement of account showing the particulars of the debt, and shall specify the vouchers (if any) by which the same can be substantiated. The Court may at any time call for the production of the vouchers.

Disallowance and reduction of entries in schedule.

50. (1) Where the receiver thinks that a debt has been improperly entered in the schedule, the Court may, on the application of the receiver and after notice to the creditor, and such inquiry (if any) as the Court thinks necessary, expunge such entry or reduce the amount of the debt.

(2) The Court may also, after like inquiry, expunge an entry or reduce the amount of a debt upon the application of a creditor where no receiver has been appointed, or where the receiver declines to interfere in the matter or, in the case of a composition or scheme, upon the application of the debtor.

Effect of Insolvency on Antecedent Transactions.

Restriction of rights of creditor under execution.

51. (1) Where execution of a decree has issued against the property of a debtor, no person shall be entitled to the benefit of the execution against the receiver except in respect of assets realised in the course of the execution by sale or otherwise before the date of the admission of the petition.

(2) Nothing in this section shall affect the rights of a secured creditor in respect of the property against which the decree is executed.

(3) A person who in good faith purchases the property of a debtor under a sale in execution shall in all cases acquire a good title to it against the receiver.

Duties of Court executing decree as to property taken in execution.

52. Where execution of a decree has issued against any property of a debtor which is saleable in execution and before the sale thereof notice is given to the Court executing the decree that an insolvency petition by or against the debtor has been admitted, the Court shall, on application, direct the property, if in the possession of the Court, to be delivered to the receiver, but the cost of the suit in which the decree was made and of the execution shall be a first charge on the property so delivered, and the receiver may sell the property or an adequate part thereof for the purpose of satisfying the charge.

Aovidance of voluntary transfer.

53. Any transfer of property not being a transfer made before or at and in consideration of marriage or made in favour of a purchaser or incumbrancer in good faith and for valuable consideration shall, if the transferor is adjuded insolvent within two years after the date of the transfer, be voidable as against the receiver and may be annulled by the Court.

Avoidance of preference in certain cases.

54. (1) Every transfer of property, every payment made, every obligation incurred, and every judicial proceeding taken or suffered by any person unable to pay his debts as they become due from his own money in favour of any creditor, with a view of giving that creditor a preference over the other creditors, shall, if such person is adjudged insolvent on a petition presented within three months after the date thereof, be deemed fraudulent and void as against the receiver, and shall be annulled by the Court.

(2) This section shall not affect the rights of any person who in good faith and for valuable consideration has acquired a title through or under a creditor of the insolvent.

Protection of *bona fide* transactions.

55. Subject to the foregoing provisions of this Regulation with respect to the effect of insolvency on an execution, and with respect to the avoidance of certain transfers and preferences, nothing in this Regulation shall invalidate in the case of an insolvency—

(*a*) any payment by the insolvent to any of his creditors;

(*b*) any payment or delivery to the insolvent;

(*c*) any transfer by the insolvent for valuable consideration; or

(*d*) any contract or dealing by or with the insolvent for valuable consideration:

Provided that any such transaction takes place before the date of the order of adjudication, and that the person with whom such transaction takes place has not at the time notice of the presentation of any insolvency petition by or against the debtor.

Realisation of Property.

Appointment of receiver.

56. (1) The Court may, at the time of the order of adjudication, or at any time afterwards, appoint a receiver for the property of the insolvent, and such property shall thereupon vest in such receiver.

(2) Subject to such conditions as may be prescribed, the Court may—

(*a*) require the receiver to give such security as it thinks fit duly to account for what he shall receive in respect of the property; and

(*b*) by general or special order, fix the amount to be paid as remuneration for the services of the receiver out of the assets of the insolvent.

(3) Where the Court appoints a receiver, it may remove the person in whose possession or custody any such property as aforesaid is from the possession or custody thereof;

Provided that nothing in this section shall be deemed to authorise the Court to remove from the possession or custody of property any person whom the insolvent has not a present right so to remove.

(4) Where a receiver appointed under this section:—

(*a*) fails to submit his accounts at such periods and in such form as the Court directs, or

(*b*) fails to pay the balance due from him thereon as the Court directs, or

(*c*) occasions loss to the property by his wilful default or gross negligence,

the Court may direct his property to be attached and sold, and may apply the proceeds to make good any balance found to be due from him or any loss so occasioned by him.

(5) The provisions of this section shall apply, so far as may be, to interim receivers appointed under section 20.

Power to appoint Official Receivers.

57. (1) The Government of Mysore may appoint such persons as it thinks fit (to be called "Official Receivers") to be receivers under this Regulation within such local limits as it may prescribe.

(2) Where any Official Receiver has been so appointed for the local limits of the jurisdiction of any Court having jurisdiction under this Regulation he shall be the receiver for the purpose of every order appointing a receiver or an interim receiver issued by any such Court, unless the Court for special reasons otherwise directs.

(3) Any sum payable under clause (b) of sub-section (2) of section 56 in respect of the services of an Official Receiver shall be credited to such fund as the Government may direct.

(4) Every Official Receiver shall receive such remuneration out of the said fund or otherwise as the Government may fix in this behalf, and no remuneration whatever beyond that so fixed shall be received by the Official Receiver as such.

Power of Court if no receiver appointd.

58. Where no receiver is appointed, the Court shall have all the rights of, and may exercise all the powers conferred on, a receiver under this Regulation.

Duties and power of receiver.

59. Subject to the provisions of this Regulation, the receiver shall, with all convenient speed, realise the property of the debtor and distribute dividends among the creditors entitled thereto, and for that purpose may—

(*a*) sell all or any part of the property of the insolvent;

(*b*) give receipts for any money received by him:

and may, by leave of the Court, do all or any of the following things, namely:—

(*c*) carry on the business of the insolvent so far as may be necessary for the beneficial winding up of the same;

(*d*) institute, defend or continue any suit or other legal proceeding relating to the property of the insolvent;

(*e*) employ a pleader or other agent to take any proceedings or do any business which may be sanctioned by the Court;

(*f*) accept as the consideration for the sale of any property of the insolvent a sum of money payable at a future time subject to such stipulation as to security and otherwise as the Courts thinks fit;

(*g*) mortgage or pledge any part of the property of the insolvent for the purpose of raising money for the payment of his debts;

(*h*) refer any dispute to arbitration, and compromise all debts, claims and liabilities, on such terms as may be agreed upon; and

(*i*) divide in its existing form amongst the creditors, according to its estimated value any property which from its peculiar nature or other special circumstances, cannot readily or advantageously be sold.

Special provisions in regard to immovable property.

60. In any local area in which a declaration has been made under section 68 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911, and is in force, no sale of immovable property paying revenue to the Government or held or let for agricultural purposes shall be made by the receiver, but, after the other property of the insolvent has been realised, the Court shall ascertain:—

(*a*) the amount required to satisfy the debts proved under this Regulation, after deducting the moneys already received;

(*b*) the immovable property of the insolvent remaining unsold; and

(*c*) the incumbrances (if any) existing thereon;

and shall forward a statement to the Deputy Commissioner containing the particulars aforesaid; and thereupon the Deputy Commissioner shall proceed to raise the amount so required by the exercise of such of the powers conferred on him by paragraphs 2 to 10 of the Third Schedule to the said Code as he thinks fit, and subject to the provisions of those paragraphs so far as they are applicable, and shall hold at the disposal of the Court all sums that may come to his hands by the exercise of such powers.

Distribution of Property.

Priority of debts.

61. (1) In the distribution of the property of the insolvent there shall be paid in priority to all other debts:—

(*a*) all debts due to the Government of Mysore, or to any local authority; and

(*b*) all salary or wages, not exceeding twenty rupees in all, of any clerk, servant or labourer in respect of services rendered to the insolvent during four months before the date of the presentation of the petition.

(2) The debts specified in sub-section (1) shall rank equally between themselves, and shall be paid in full, unless the property of the insolvent is insufficient to meet them, in which case, they shall abate in equal proportions between themselves.

(3) Subject to the retention of such sums as may be necessary for the expenses of administration or otherwise, the debts specified in sub-section (1) shall be discharged forthwith in so far as the property of the insolvent is sufficient to meet them.

(4) In the case of partners, the partnership property shall be applicable in the first instance in payment of the partnership debts, and the separate property of each partner shall be applicable in the first instance in payment of his separate debts. Where there is a surplus of the separate property of the partners it shall be dealt with as part of the partnership property; and where there is a surplus of the partnership property, it shall be dealt with as part of the respective separate property in proportion to the rights and interests of each partner in the partnership property.

(5) Subject to the provisions of this Regulation, all debts entered in the schedule shall be paid rateably according to the amounts of such debts respectively and without any preference.

(6) Where there is any surplus after payment of the foregoing debts, it shall be applied in payment of interest from the date on which the debtor is adjudged an insolvent at the rate of six per centum per annum on all debts entered in the schedule.

Calculation of dividends.

62. (1) In the calculation of dividends, the receiver shall retain in his hands sufficient assets to meet—

(*a*) debts provable under this Regulation and appearing from the insolvent's statements or otherwise to be due to persons resident in places so distant that in the ordinary course of communication they have not had sufficient time to tender their proofs;

(*b*) debts provable under this Regulation, the subject of claims not yet determined;

(*c*) disputed proofs or claims; and

(*d*) the expenses necessery for the administration of the estate or otherwise.

(2) Subject to the provisions of sub-section (1), all money in hand shall be distributed as dividends.

Right of creditor who has not proved debt before declaration of a dividend.

63. Any creditor who has not proved his debt before the declaration of any dividend or dividends shall be entitled to be paid, out of any money for the time being in the hands of the receiver, any dividend or dividends which he may have failed to receive before that money is applied to the payment of any future dividend or dividends; but he shall not be entitled to disturb the distribution of any dividend declared before his debt was proved by reason that he has not participated therein.

Final dividend.

64. When the receiver has realised all the property of the insolvent or so much thereof as can, in the opinion of the Court, be realised without needlessly protracting the receivership, he shall declare a final dividend; but before so doing, he shall give notice in manner prescribed to the persons whose claims to be creditors have been notified but not proved, that if they do not prove their claims within the time limited by the notice, he will proceed to make a final dividend without regard to their claims. After the expiration of the time so limited, or if the Court, on application by any such claimant, grants him further time for establishing his claim, then on the expiration of such further time, the property of the insolvent shall be divided among the creditors entered in the schedule without regard to the claims of any other persons.

No suit for dividend.

65. No suit for a dividend shall lie against the receiver; but where the receiver refuses to pay any dividend, the Court may, on the application of any creditor who is entered in the schedule, order him to pay it, and also to pay out of his own money interest thereon for the time that it is withheld, and the costs of the application.

Management by and allowance to insolvent.

66. (1) The Court may appoint the insolvent himself to superintend the management of the property of the insolvent or of any part thereof, or to carry on the trade (if any) of the insolvent for the benefit of the creditors, and in any other respect to aid in administering the property in such manner and on such terms as the Court may direct.

(2) The Court may, from time to time, make such allowance as it may think just to the insolvent out of his property for the support of himself and his family, or in consideration of his services if he is engaged in winding up his estate; but any such allowance may, at any time, be varied or determined by the Court.

Right of insolvent to surplus.

67. The insolvent shall be entitled to any surplus remaining after payment in full of his creditors with interest as provided by this Regulation, and of the expenses of the proceedings taken thereunder.

Appeal to Court against receiver.

68. If the insolvent or any of the creditors or any other person is aggrieved by any act or decision of the receiver, he may apply to the Court, and the Court may confirm, reverse or modify the act or decision complained of, and make such order as it thinks just: **Appeal to Court against receiver.**

Provided that no application under this section shall be entertained after the expiration of twenty-one days from the date of the act or decision complained of.

PART IV.

PENALTIES.

69. If a debtor, whether before or after the making of an order of adjudication,— **Offences by debtors.**

(*a*) wilfully fails to perform the duties imposed on him by section 22 or to deliver up possession of any part of his property which is divisible among his creditors under this Regulation, and which is for the time being in his possession or under his control to the Court or to any person authorised by the Court to take possession of it, or

(*b*) fraudulently with intent to conceal the state of his affairs or to defeat the objects of this Regulation,

(*i*) has destroyed or otherwise wilfully prevented or purposely withheld the production of any document relating to such of his affairs as are subject to investigation under this Regulation, or

(*ii*) has kept or caused to be kept false books, or

(*iii*) has made false entries in or withheld entries from or wilfully altered or falsified any document relating to such of his affairs as are subject to investigation under this Regulation, or

(*c*) fraudulently with intent to diminish the sum to be divided among his creditors or to give an undue preference to any of his creditors,—

(*i*) has discharged or concealed any debt due to or from him, or

(*ii*) has made away with, charged, mortgaged or concealed any part of his property of any kind whatsoever,

he shall be punishable on conviction by the Court with imprisonment which may extend to one year.

70. (1) Where the Court is satisfied that there is ground for inquiring into any offence referred to in section 69, the Court shall direct that a notice be served on the debtor in the manner prescribed in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, for service of a summons, calling on him to show cause why a charge or charges should not be framed against him. **Proceedure on charge under section 69.**

(2) The notice shall set forth the substance of the offence, and any number of offences may be set forth in the same notice.

(3) At the hearing of such notice, and of any charge framed in pursuance thereof, the Court shall, so far as may be, follow the procedure for the trial of warrant cases by Magistrates prescribed by Chapter XXI of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, and nothing in Chapter XXIII of the said Code relating to trials before Courts of Session shall be applicable to such trial.

(4) Any number of offences under this section may be charged at the same time:

Provided that no debtor shall be sentenced to imprisonment exceeding an aggregate period of two years for offences under this section committed in the course of the same insolvency proceeding.

(5) The Court may, instead of itself inquiring into an offence under section 69, make a complaint thereof in writing to the nearest Magistrate of the first class having jurisdiction, and such Magistrate shall deal with such complaint in the manner laid down in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904:

Provided that it shall not be necessary to examine the complainant.

Criminal liability after discharge or composition.

71. Where an insolvent has been guilty of any of the offences specified in section 69, he shall not be exempt from being proceeded against therefor by reason that he has obtained his discharge or that a composition of scheme of arrangement has been accepted or approved.

Undischarged insolvent obtaining credit.

72. An undischarged insolvent obtaining credit to the extent of fifty rupees or upwards from any person without informing such person that he is an undischarged insolvent shall, on conviction by a Magistrate, be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to six months, or with fine, or with both.

(2) Where the Court has reason to believe that an undischarged insolvent has committed the offence referred to in sub-section (1), the Court, after making any preliminary inquiry that may be necessary, may send the case for trial to the nearest Magistrate of the first class, and may send the accused in custody or take sufficient security for his appearance before such Magistrate: and may bind over any person to appear and give evidence on such trial.

Disqualifications of insolvent.

73. (1) Where a debtor is adjudged or re-adjudged insolvent under this Regulation, he shall, subject to the provisions of this section, be disqualified from—

(*a*) being appointed or acting as a Magistrate;

(*b*) being elected to any office of any local authority where the appointment to such office is by election or holding or exercising any such office to which no salary is attached; and

(*c*) being elected or sitting or voting as member of any local authority.

(2) The disqualifications which an insolvent is subject to under this section shall be removed, and shall cease if—

(*a*) the order of adjudication is annulled under section 35, or

(*b*) he obtains from the Court an order of discharge, whether absolute or conditional, with a certificate that his insolvency was caused by misfortune without any misconduct on his part.

(3) The Court may grant or refuse such certificate as it thinks fit, but any order of refusal shall be subject to appeal.

PART V.

SUMMARY ADMINISTRATION.

Summary administration.

74. When a petition is presented by or against a debtor, if the Court is satisfied by affidavit or otherwise that the property of the debtor is not likely to exceed in value five hundred rupees, the Court may make an order that the debtor's estate be administered in a summary manner, and thereupon the provisions of this Regulation shall be subject to the following modifications, namely:—

(*i*) unless the Court otherwise directs no notice required under this Regulation shall be published in the official Gazette;

(*ii*) on the admission of a petition by a debtor, the property of the debtor shall vest in the Court as a receiver;

(*iii*) at the hearing of the petition, the Court shall inquire into the debts and assets of the debtor and determine the same by order in writing, and it shall

not be necessary to frame a schedule under the provisions of section 33;

(*iv*) the property of the debtor shall be realised with all reasonable despatch and thereafter, when practicable, distributed in a single dividend;

(*v*) the debtor shall apply for his discharge within six months from the date of adjudication; and

(*vi*) such other modifications as may be prescribed with the view of saving expense and simplifying procedure;

Provided that the Court may at any time direct that the ordinary procedure provided for in this Regulation shall be followed in regard to the debtor's estate, and thereafter the Regulation shall have effect accordingly.

PART VI.

APPEALS.

Appeals.

75. (1) The debtor, any creditor, the receiver or any other person aggrieved by a decision come to or an order made in the exercise of insolvency jurisdiction by a Court subordinate to a District Court may appeal to the District Court, and the order of the District Court upon such appeal shall be final:

Provided that the Chief Court, for the purpose of satisfying itself that an order made in any appeal decided by the District Court was according to law, may call for the case and pass such order with respect thereto as it thinks fit:

Provided, further, that any such person aggrieved by a decision of the District Court on appeal from a decision of a subordinate Court under section 4 may appeal to the Chief Court on any of the grounds mentioned in sub-section (1) of section 100 of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1911.

(2) Any such person aggrieved by any such decision or order of a District Court as is specified in Schedule I, come to or made otherwise than in appeal from an order made by a subordinate Court, may appeal to the Chief Court.

(3) The Chief Court may, for the purpose of satisfying itself as to the legality or correctness of any order of a District Court passed under sub-section (1) or of any order other than those mentioned in sub-section (2) call for the case and pass such order with respect thereto as it thinks fit.

(4) The periods of limitation for appeals to the District Court and to the Chief Court under this section shall be thirty days and ninety days, respectively.

PART VII.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Costs.

76. The costs of any proceedings under this Regulation including the costs of maintaining a debtor in the civil prison, shall, subject to any rules made under this Regulation, be in the discretion of the Court in which the proceeding is had.

Courts to be auxiliary to each other.

77. All Courts having jurisdiction in insolvency and the officers of such Courts, respectively, shall severally act in aid of and be auxiliary to each other in all matters of insolvency, and an order of a Court seeking aid with a request to another of the said Courts shall be deemed sufficient to enable the latter Court to exercise, in regard to the matters directed by the order, such jurisdiction as either of such Courts could exercise in regard to similar matters within their respective jurisdictions.

Limitation.

78. (1) The provisions of sections 5 and 12 of the Mysore Limitation Regulation, 1911, shall apply to appeals and applications under this Regulation, and for the purpose of the said section 12, a decision under section 4 shall be deemed to be a decree.

(2) Where an order of adjudication has been annulled under this Regulation, in computing the period of limitation prescribed for any suit or application for the execution of a decree (other than a suit or application in respect of which the leave of the Court was obtained under sub-section (2) of section 28) which might have been brought or made but for the making of an order of adjudication under this Regulation, the period from the date of the order of adjudication to the date of the order of annulment shall be excluded:

Provided that nothing in this section shall apply to a suit or application in respect of a debt provable but not proved under this Regulation.

Power to make rules.

79. (1) The Chief Court may, with the previous sanction of the Government of Mysore, make rules for carrying into effect the provisions of this Regulation.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide:—

(*a*) for the appointment and remuneration of receivers (other than Official Receivers), the audit of the accounts of all receivers and the costs of such audit;

(*b*) for meetings of creditors,

(*c*) for the procedure to be followed where the debtor is a firm, and

(*d*) for the procedure to be followed in the case of estates to be administered in a summary manner.

(3) All rules made under this section shall be published in the official gazette and shall on such publication, have effect as if enacted in this Regulation.

Delegation of power to Official Receivers.

80. (1) The Chief Court, with the like sanction, may from time to time direct that, in any matters in respect of which jurisdiction is given to the Court by this Regulation, the Official Receiver shall subject to the directions of the Court, have all or any of the following powers, namely:—

(*a*) to hear insolvency petitions, to examine the debtor and to make orders of adjudication;

(*b*) to frame schedules and to admit or reject proofs of creditors;

(*c*) to grant orders of discharge;

(*d*) to approve compositions or schemes of arrangement;

(*e*) to make interim orders in any case of urgency; and

(*f*) to hear and determine any unopposed or *exparte* application.

(2) Subject to the appeal to the Court provided for by section 68, any order made or act done by the Official Receiver in the exercise of the said powers shall be deemed the order or act of the Court.

Repeals.

81. (1) The enactment mentioned in Schedule II is hereby repealed to the extent specified in the fourth column thereof.

(2) Where in any enactment or instrument in force at the date of the commencement of this Regulation reference is made to Chapter XX (of Insolvent Judgment-debtors) of the Code of Civil Procedure, II of 1884, or to any section of that Chapter, such reference shall, so far as may be practicable, be construed as applying to this Regulation or to the corresponding section thereof.

SCHEDULE I.

[*See section* 75 (2)].

Decisions and orders from which an appeal lies to the Chief Court under section 75 (2).

Section	Nature of decision or order
4	Decision of questions of title, priority, etc., arising in insolvency,
25	Order dismissing a petition.
26	Order awarding compensation.
27	Order of adjudication.
33	Orders regarding entries in the schedule.
35	Order annulling adjudication.
37	Order declaring the conditions on which the debtor's property shall revert to him on annulment of adjudication.
41	Order on application for discharge.
50	Order disallowing or reducing entries in the schedule.
53	Order annulling a voluntry transfer.
54	Decision that a transfer of property is a preference in favour of a creditor.
69	Conviction and sentence of debtor for an offence under this section.

SCHEDULE II.

ENACTMENT REPEALED.

[*See section* 81.]

Year	No.	Short title	Extent of repeal
1911	VI	The Insolvency Regulation, 1911.	So much as has not been repealed.

A. R. BANERJI,
Dewan.

No. 2069, *dated* 27*th October* 1925.

Under Rule 8 of the Rules for the conduct of business of the Mysore Legislative Council, published in Notification No. P. 4347—Legis. 13-23-22, dated 5th February 1924, the accompanying Bills:—

(1) to amend the Mysore Civil Courts Regulation, 1883,
(2) to amend the Mysore Land Revenue Code (Regulation IV of 1888),
(3) to further amend the Mysore Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894,

are published for general information with the statements of objects and reasons.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary,
Mysore Legislative Council.

(1) BILL TO AMEND THE MYSORE CIVIL COURTS REGULATION, 1883.

Whereas it is expedient to further amend the Mysore Civil Courts Regulation, 1883, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

After Section 4 of the Regulation the following new sections shall be inserted, *viz*:—

"4. A. The Government of Mysore may, by notification, fix and from time to time vary the number of Subordinate Judges to be appointed for a Subordinate Judge's Court or the number of Munsiffs to be appointed for a Munsiff's Court.

4. B. When more than one Subordinate Judge is appointed to a Subordinate Judge's Court or more than one Munsiff to a Munsiff's Court, one of the Subordinate Judges or the Munsiff's shall be called the Principal Subordinate Judge or Principal Munsiff and the others Additional Subordinate Judges or Additional Munsiffs as the case may be.

Each of the Judges appointed to a Subordinate Judge's Court or a Munsiff's Court may exercise all or any of the powers conferred on the Court by this Regulation or any other law for the time being in force.

Subject to the general or special orders of the District Judge, the Principal Subordinate Judge or the Principal Munsiff may, from time to time, make such arrangements as he thinks fit for the distribution of the business of the Court among the various Judges thereof".

Statement of Objects and Reasons.

The provisions of the Civil Courts Regulation as it stands at present do not permit of more than one Judge being appointed for a Subordinate Judge's or a Munsiff's Court. Whenever arrears accumulate in any such court, it becomes necessary to establish additional courts with separate establishments for temporary periods. For a distribution of work between the Courts the District Judges will have to formally transfer suits and proceedings from the permanent courts to the additional courts and retransfer them to permanent courts when the additional courts cease to exist.

Difficulties will also arise in the matter of the execution of the decrees and orders passed by the additional courts when they are abolished.

The present Bill is intended to avoid these inconveniences by providing for the appointment, when necessary, of more than one Judge for a single court.

(2) BILL TO AMEND THE MYSORE LAND REVENUE CODE, REGULATION IV OF 1888.

Whereas it is expedient to further amend the Mysore Land Revenue Code, Regulation IV of 1888, His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore is pleased to enact as follows :—

The following Section shall be inserted as Section 183 A after Section 183.

"183. A. (1) Any person owning or claiming any interest in immoveable property sold under this Regulation may, at any time within 30 days from the date of sale, deposit in the Treasury of the taluk in which the immoveable property is situate—(*a*) a sum equal to 5 per centum of the purchase money and (*b*) a sum equal to the arrears of revenue for which the immoveable property was sold together with interest thereon and the expenses of attachment, management, and sale and other costs due in respect of such arrears ; and may apply to the Deputy Commissioner to set aside the sale.

(2) If such deposit and application are made within 30 days from the date of sale, the Deputy Commissioner shall pass an order setting aside the sale and shall repay to the purchaser the purchase money so far as it has been deposited, together with the 5 per centum deposited by the applicant ; provided that, if more persons than one have made deposits and applied under this Section, the application of the first depositor to the Officer authorised to set aside the sale shall be accepted.

(3) If a person applies, under Section 184, to set aside the sale of immoveable property, he shall not, unless he withdraws that application, be entitled to make or prosecute an application under this Section."

Statement of Objects and Reasons.

Under Section 184 of the Land Revenue Code, an application to set aside the sale of immoveable property held for the recovery of arrears of land revenue can be made only on the ground of some material irregularity, or mistake or fraud and a sale may be set aside on the ground of any such irregularity or mistake only if the applicant proves to the satisfaction of the Deputy Commissioner that he has sustained substantial injury by reason thereof. Under Section 185, the Deputy Commissioner may *suo motu* cancel the sale if he thinks that the sale ought to be set aside on other grounds. The existing law contains no provision to enable the owner of a land to save it for himself unless he is able to bring his case within the purview of Section 184. Under Order XXI Rule 89 of the Civil Procedure Code, any person who claims an interest in the land that is sold by order of a Court may save the land by depositing within 30 days from the date of sale, 5 per cent of the purchase money and the amount for which the land was sold together with the interest thereon and the expenses of attachment and sale. This principle has been adopted in Madras as regards sales of land for the recovery of land revenue. The necessity for amending our Revenue Code also on the same lines has been urged on the attention of Government. Although the discretionary power given to the Deputy Commissioner under Section 185 is wide enough to cover all kinds of cases, the grant of relief at present depends entirely on the discretion of that officer. As it has been brought to the notice of Government that liberal use is not made by the Revenue officers of the exercise of the discretion vested in them under the above section with the result that great hardship is caused to the owner of the land or other persons having interest therein, it is proposed to amend the law so as clearly to provide that the sale of land for arrears of revenue shall be cancelled if any person claiming interest in a land applied within 30 days of the date of sale for its cancellation, after depositing 5 per cent of the purchase money and also the arrears for which the land was sold together with interest thereon and the expenses of attachment and sale. If more than one applicant comes forward, the application of the first depositor is proposed to be accepted.

(3) BILL FURTHER TO AMEND THE MYSORE LAND ACQUISITION REGULATION, 1894.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Mysore Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows:—

Short title and commencement.

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Mysore Land Acquisition (Amendment) Regulation, 19—.

(2) It shall come into force on such date as the Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

Amendment of Section 4.

2. In Sub-Section (1) of Section 4, after the word 'locality where it first occurs, the words 'is needed or' shall be inserted.

Insertion of new Section 5A.

3. After Section 5, the following heading and section shall be inserted, *viz*:—

"Objections.

Hearing of objections.

5A. (1) Any person interested in any land which has been notified under Section 4, Sub-Section (1) as being needed or likely to be needed for a public purpose or for a company may, within thirty days after the issue of a notification, object to the acquisition of the land or of any land in the locality, as the case may be.

(2) Every objection under Sub-Section (1) shall be made to the Deputy Commissioner in writing, and the Deputy Commissioner shall give the objector an opportunity of being heard either in person or by pleader and shall after hearing all such objections and after making such further inquiry, if any, as he thinks necessary, submit the case for the decision of the Government, together with the record of the proceedings held by him and a report containing his recommendations on the objections. The decision of the Government on the objections shall be final.

(3) For the purposes of this Section, a person shall be deemed to be interested in land who would be entitled to claim an interest in compensation, if the land were acquired under this Regulation."

Amendment of Section 6.

4. In Sub-Section 1 of Section 6, for the words 'whenever it appears to the Government of Mysore' the following shall be substituted, *viz*.—

"When the Government is satisfied, after considering the report, if any, made under Section 5A, Sub-Section (2)."

Amendment of Section 11.

5. In Section 11, after the words "the value of the land," the words "at the date of the publication of the notification under Section 4, Sub-Section (1)" shall be inserted.

Amendment of Section 17.

6. To Section 17, the following Sub-Section shall be added, *viz*.—

"(4) In the case of any land to which in the opinion of the Government, the provisions of Sub-Section (1) or Sub-Section (2) are applicable, the Government may direct that the provisions of Section 5A shall not apply; and if it does so direct, a declaration may be made under Section 6, in respect of the land at any time after the publication of the notification under Section 4, Sub-Section (1)."

Amendment of Section 18.

7. At the end of Sub-Section (1) of Section 18, the following words shall be added, namely.

"and the Deputy Commissioner shall, within one month of the receipt of such application make the reference to the court."

Amendment of Section 23.

8. In clause *first* of Sub-Section (1) of Section 23 for the words "'declaration relating thereto under Section 6", the words "'Notification under Section 4, Sub-Section (1)" shall be substituted.

Amendment of Section 24.

9. In clause *seven* of section 24, for the words "declaration under Section 6" the words "notification under Section 4, Sub-Section (1)" shall be substituted.

10. In Sub-Section (1) of Section 40, after the word "satisfied", the words "either on the report of the Deputy Commissioner under Section 5A, Sub-Section (2) or" shall be inserted. Amendment of Section 40.

11. In Section 41,— Amendment of Section 41.

(a) for the words "Such officer. ....it", substitute the words "if the Government,"

(b) after the word 'satisfied' the following words shall be inserted, *viz*:—

"after considering the report, if any, of the Deputy Commissioner, under Section 5A, Sub-Section 2, or on the report of the officer making an inquiry under Section 40".

Statement of Objects and Reasons.

The Mysore Land Acquisition Regulation, 1894, does not provide that persons, having an interest in land which it is proposed to acquire shall have the right of objecting to such acquisition. Nor is Government bound to enquire into and consider any objection that may reach them. The object of this Bill is to provide that the Government shall not declare under Section 6 of the Regulation, that any land is needed for a public purpose, unless time has been allowed, after the issue of a notification under Section 4, for persons interested in the land to put in objections, and for such objections to be considered by the Government. The Bill is based on the Government of India Act, XXXVIII of 1923, and the question of adopting these provisions was urged in the Dasara Session of the Representative Assembly of 1923.

Section 18 of the Regulation does not make it obligatory on the Deputy Commissioner to make the reference to the Court. In clause 7 of the Bill the Section is amended so as to make it compulsory on the part of the Deputy Commissioner to make the reference to the Court within one month after the receipt of the application for such reference.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 19, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

No. Fl. 2614—*Ex.* 29-25, *dated* 12*th November* 1925.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 71 of the Mysore Excise Regulation V of 1901 as amended from time to time, and in supersession of Notification of Fl. 4129—S. R. 188-07-7 dated 15th March 1909, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore are pleased to remove the restrictions on the import into the State of Stovaine and articles containing the drug.

By Order,
B. SRINIVASA IYENGAR,
Secretary to Government,
Revenue Department.

Registered No. M.—1175.

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BANGALORE, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 26, 1925.

PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 2789, *dated Bangalore,* 20*th*—21*st November* 1925.

Under Rule 8 of the Rules for the conduct of business of the Mysore Legislative Council published in Notification No. P. 4347—Legis. 13-23-22, dated 5th February 1924, the accompanying bill to further amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904 and the Court Fees Regulation, 1900 is published for general information with the statement of objects and reasons.

By Order,

R. Ranga Rao,

Secretary,

Mysore Legislative Council.

A BILL FURTHER TO AMEND THE CODE OF CRIMINAL PROCEDURE, 1904, AND THE COURT-FEES REGULATION, 1900.

WHEREAS it is expedient further to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, and the Court-fees Regulation, 1900; His Highness the Maharaja is pleased to enact as follows :—

1. This Regulation may be called the Code of Criminal Procedure (Amendment) Regulation, 192. Short title

2. In Clause (r) of sub-section (1) of section 4 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904 (hereinafter referred to as the said Code), after the words "means a pleader," the words "or a mukhtar" shall be inserted, and the words "mukhtar or" shall be omitted.

3. In section 10 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 10, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904.

(*i*) in sub-section (2), the words "for a period not exceeding six months" shall be omitted, and after the words "under this Code" the words "or under any other law for the time being in force," shall be inserted; and

(*ii*) after sub-section (2) the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(3) For the purposes of sections 192, sub-section (1), 407, sub-section (2), and 528, sub-sections (2) and (3), such Additional District Magistrate shall be deemed to be subordinate to the District Magistrate."

4. (1) In section 35 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 35, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904.

(*i*) in sub-section (1), for the words "When a person is convicted at one trial of two or more distinct offences, the Court may," the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"When a person is convicted at one trial of two or more offences, the Court may, subject to the provisions of section 71 of the Indian Penal Code as applied to Mysore"; and

(*ii*) in sub-section (3), for the word "aggregate" the words "the aggregate of consecutive" shall be substituted.

(2) The *Explanation* and *Illustration* to this section are hereby repealed.

5. In section 40 of the said Code, for the word "transfer ed" in both places where it occurs, the word "appointed" shall be substituted, and the words "continue to" shall be omitted, and for the words "to which" the words "in which" shall be substituted. Amendment of section 40, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904.

6. In section 45 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 45, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904.

(1) in sub-section (1),—

(*a*) after the word "occupier", where it occurs for the second time, the words "in charge of the management of that land" shall be inserted, and for the word "obtain" the word "possess" shall be substituted;

(*b*) to clause (*d*), after the words "suspicious circumstances," the following words shall be added, namely :—

"or the discovery in or near such village of any corpse or part of a corpse, in circumstances which lead to a reasonable suspicion that such a death has occurred or the disappearance from such village of any person in circumstances which lead to a reasonable suspicion that a non-bailable offence has been committed in respect of such person;" and

(*c*) in clause (*e*), after the word "namely," the figures "231, 232, 233, 234, 235, 236, 237, 238," shall be inserted, and for the word and figures "and 460" the figures, letters and word "460, 489A, 489B, 489C and 489D" shall be substituted; and

(*ii*) in sub-section (3), after the words "District Magistrate," the words "or Sub-Divisional Magistrate" shall be inserted; after the word "persons" the words "with his or their consent" shall be inserted; and for the words "to be village headman for the purposes of this section in any village for which there is no such headman appointed under any other law" the following shall be substituted, namely :—

"to perform the duties of a village headman under this section whether a village headman has or has not been appointed for that village under any other law."

Amendment of section 54, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904.

7. In section 54 of the said Code, in clause *fourthly*, for the word "or" the word "and" shall be substituted, and to the same section the following clause shall be added, namely :—

"*ninthly*, any person for whose arrest a requisition has been received from another police officer, provided that the requisition specifies the person to be arrested and the offence or other cause for which the arrest is to be made and it appears therefrom that the person might lawfully be arrested without a warrant by the officer who issued the requisition."

Amendment of section 56, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904.

8. In section 56 of the said Code, after the words "police station" the words "or any police officer making an investigation under Chapetr XIV" shall be inserted, and to the same section the following shall be added, namely :—

"The officer so required shall, before making the arrest, notify to the person to be arrested the substance of the order and, if so required by such person, shall show him the order."

Amendment of section 59, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904

9. For sub-section (1) of section 59 of the said Code, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(1) Any private person may arrest any person who in his view commits a non-bailable and cognizable offence, or any proclaimed offender, and, without unnecessary delay, shall make over any person so arrested to a police officer, or, in the absence of a police officer, take such person or cause him to be taken in custody to the nearest police station."

Amendment of section 88, Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904

10. (1) In sub-section (6) of section 88 of the said Code, omit the words "Chapter XXXVI of."

(2) After sub-section (6) of section 88 of the said Code, the following sub-sections shall be inserted, namely :—

"(6*A*) If any claim is preferred to, or objection made to the attachment of, any property attached under this section within six months from the date of such attachment, by any person other than the proclaimed person, on the ground that the claimant or objector has an interest in such property, and that such interest is not liable to attachment under this section, the claim or objection shall be inquired into, and may be allowed or disallowed in whole or in part :

Provided that any claim preferred or objection made within the period allowed by this sub-section may, in the event of the death of the claimant or objector, be continued by his legal representative.

(6*B*) Claims or objections under sub-section (6*A*) may be preferred or made in the Court by which the order of attachment is issued or, if the claim or objection is in respect of property attached under an order endorsed by a District Magistrate in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2), in the Court of such Magistrate.

(6*C*) Every such claim or objection shall be inquired into by the Court in which it is preferred or made :

Provided that, if it is preferred or made in the Court of a District Magistrate, such Magistrate may make it over for diposal to any Magistrate of the first or second class as the case may be, subordinate to him.

(6*D*) Any person whose claim or objection has been disallowed in whole or in part by an order under sub-section (6*A*) may, within a period of one year from the date of such order, institute a suit to establish the right which he claims in respect of the property in dispute; but subject to the result of such suit, if any, the order shall be conclusive.

(6*E*) If the proclaimed person appears within the time specified in the proclamation, the Court shall make an order releasing the property from the attachment."

(2) In sub-section (7) of the same section, after the words "date of the attachment" the words "and until any claim preferred or objection made under sub-section (6A) has been disposed of under that sub-section" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 103, Code of Criminal Procedure.

11. (1) To sub-section (1) of section 103 of the said Code, after the words "witness the search," the following shall be added, namely :—

"and may issue an order in writing to them or any of them so to do."

(2) After sub-section (4) of the same section the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(5) Any person who, without reasonable cause, refuses or neglects to attend and witness a search under this section, when called upon to do so by an order in writing delivered or tendered to him, shall be deemed to have committed an offence under section 187 of the Indian Penal Code as applied to Mysore."

Amendment of section 106, Code of Criminal Procedure.

12. In section 106 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-section (1), for the word "rioting" the following words shall be substituted, namely :—"any offence punishable under Chap. VIII of the Indian Penal Code, other than an offence punishable under section 143, section 149, section 153*A* or section 154 thereof, or of" and the words "or of assembling armed men or taking other unlawful measures with the evident intention of committing the same," shall be omitted; and

(*ii*) in sub-section (3), after the words "Appellate Court" the words "including a Court hearing appeals under section 407" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 107, Code of Criminal Procedure.

13. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 107 of the said Code, after the words "the Magistrate," where they first occur, the words "if in his opinion there is sufficient ground for proceeding" shall be inserted.

(2) In sub-section (4) of the same section, for the words "this section" the word, figure and brackets "sub-section (3)" shall be substituted, and for the words "until the completion of the inquiry hereinafter prescribed" the words "pending further action by himself under this Chapter" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 108, Code of Criminal Procedure.

14. In section 108 of the said Code, after the words "in writing" the words "or in any other manner intentionally" shall be inserted; after the words "such Magistrate" the words "if in his opinion there is sufficient ground for proceeding" shall be inserted; for the words "or printed or published" the words "and edited, printed and published" shall be substituted; and after the figures "1894" the words "with reference to any matter contained in such publication" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 110, Code of Criminal Procedure.

15. In section 110 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in clause (*a*), the word "or," where it first occurs, shall be omitted, and after the word "thief" the words "or forger," shall be inserted; and

(*ii*) for clause (*d*) the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

"(*d*) habitually commits, or attempts to commit, or abets the commission of, the offence of kidnapping, abduction, extortion, cheating or mischief, or any offence punishable under Chapter XII of the Indian Penal Code as applied to Mysore, or under section 489*A*, section 489*B*, section 489*C* or section 489*D* of that Code, or":

Amendment of section 117, Code of Criminal Procedure.

16. In section 117 of the said Code,—

(*i*) after sub-section (2) the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

" (3) Pending the completion of the inquiry under sub-section (1), the Magistrate, if he considers that immediate measures are necessary for the prevention of a breach of the peace or disturbance of the public tranquility or the commission of any offence or for the public safety, may, for reasons to be recorded in writing, direct the person in respect of whom the order under section 112 has been made to execute a bond, with or without sureties, for keeping the peace or maintaining good behaviour until the conclusion of the inquiry, and may detain him in custody until such bond is executed or, in default of execution, until the inquiry is concluded :

Provided that—

(*a*) no person against whom proceedings are not being taken under section 108, section 109 or section 110, shall be directed to execute a bond for maintaining good behaviour, and

(*b*) the conditions of such bond, whether as to the amount thereof or as to the provision of sureties or the number thereof or the pecuniary extent of their liability, shall not be more onerous than those specified in the order under section 112;"

(*ii*) sub-section (3) shall be re-numbered (4), and after the words " habitual offender " in the said sub-section, the words " or is so desperate and dangerous as to render his being at large without security hazardous to the community " shall be inserted ; and

(*iii*) sub-section (4) shall be re-numbered (5).

Substitution of new section for section 122, Code of Criminal Procedure,

17. For section 122 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Power to reject sureties.

" 122. (1) A Magistrate may refuse to accept any surety offered, or may reject any surety previously accepted by him or his predecessor under this Chapter on the ground that such surety is an unfit person for the purposes of the bond :

Provided that, before so refusing to accept or rejecting any such surety, he shall either himself hold an inquiry on oath into the fitness of the surety, or cause such inquiry to be held and a report to be made thereon by a Magistrate subordinate to him.

(2) Such Magistrate shall, before holding the inquiry, give reasonable notice to the surety and to the person by whom the surety was offered and shall, in making the inquiry, record the substance of the evidence adduced before him.

(3) If the Magistrate is satisfied, after considering the evidence so adduced either before him or before a Magistrate deputed under sub-section (1), and the report of such Magistrate (if any) that the surety is an unfit person for the purposes of the bond, he shall make an order refusing to accept or rejecting, as the case may be, such surety and recording his reasons for so doing :

Provided that, before making an order rejecting any surety who has previously been accepted, the Magistrate shall issue his summons or warrant, as he thinks fit, and cause the person for whom the surety is bound to appear or to be brought before him."

Amendment of section 123, Code of Criminal Procedure.

18. (1) After sub-section (3) of section 123 the said Code the following sub-sections shall be inserted, namely :—

" (3*A*) If security has been required in the course of the same proceedings from two or more persons in respect of any one of whom the proceedings are referred to the Sessions Judge under sub-section (2), such reference shall also include the case of any other of such persons who has been ordered to give security, and the provisions of sub-sections (2) and (3) shall, in that event, apply to the case of such other person also, except that the period (if any) for which he may be imprisoned shall not exceed the period for which he was ordered to give security.

(3B) A Sessions Judge may in his discretion transfer any proceedings laid before him under sub-section (2) or sub-section (3A) to an Additional Sessons Judge or Assistant Sessions Judge and upon such transfer, such Additional Sessions Judge or Assistant Sessions Judge may exercise the powers of a Sessions Judge under this section in respect of such proceedings."

(2) In sub-section (6) of the same section, for the word "may" the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

"shall, where the proceedings have been taken under section 108 or section 109, be simple and, where the proceedings have been taken under section 110."

19. In section 124 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 124, Code of Criminal Procedure.

(i) in sub-section (1), the words "whether by the order of such Magistrate or that of his predecessor in office, or of some subordinate Magistrate," shall be omitted ;

(ii) for sub-section (3) the following sub-section shall be substituted namely :—

"(3) An order under sub-section (1) may direct the discharge of such person either without conditions or upon any conditions which such person accepts :

Provided that any condition imposed shall cease to be operative when the period for which such person was ordered to give security has expired ;" and

(iii) after sub-section (3) the following sub-sections shall be inserted, namely :—

"(4) The Government may prescribe the conditions upon which a conditional discharge may be made.

(5) If any condition upon which any such person has been discharged is, in the opinion of the District Magistrate by whom the order of discharge was made or of his successor, not fulfilled, he may cancel the same.

(6) When a conditional order of discharge has been cancelled under sub-section (5), such person may be arrested by any police officer without warrant, and shall thereupon be produced before the District Magistrate.

Unless such person then gives security in accordance with the terms of the original order for the unexpired portion of the term for which he was in the first instance committed or ordered to be detained (such portion being deemed to be a period equal to the period between the date of the breach of the conditions of discharge and the date on which, except for such conditional discharge, he would have been entitled to release), the District Magistrate may remand such person to prison to undergo such unexpired portion.

A person remanded to prison under this sub-section shall, subject to the provisions of section 122, be released at any time on giving security in accordance with the terms of the original order for the unexpired portion aforesaid to the Court or Magistrate by whom such order was made, or to its or his successor."

20. Sub-section (3) of section 126 of the said Code shall be re-numbered section 126A, and in that section, as re-numbered, for the words "When such person appears or is brought before the Magistrate, such Magistrate shall cancel the bond" the following shall be substituted, namely :— Amendment of section 126, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"When a person for whose appearance a warrant or summons has been issued under the proviso to sub-section (3) of section 122 or under section 126, sub-section (2), appears or is brought before him, the Magistrate shall cancel the bond executed by such person."

21. For section 133 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely :— Substitution of new section for section 133, Code of Criminal Procedure.

Conditional order for removal of nuisance.

"133. (1) Whenever a District Magistrate, a Sub-Divisional Magistrate or a Magistrate of the first class considers, on receiving a police report or other information and on taking such evidence (if any) as he thinks fit,

that any unlawful obstruction or nuisance should be removed from any way, river or channel which is or may be lawfully used by the public, or from any public place, or

that the conduct of any trade or occupation, or the keeping of any goods or merchandise, is injurious to the health or physical comfort of the community, and that in consequence such trade or occupation should be prohibited or regulated or such goods or merchandise should be removed or the keeping thereof regulated, or

that the construction of any building, or the disposal of any substance, as likely to occasion conflagration or explosion, should be prevented or stopped, or

that any building, tent or structure, or any tree is in such a condition that it is likely to fall and thereby cause injury to persons living or carrying on business in the neighbourhood or passing by, and that in consequence the removal, repair or support of such building, tent or structure, or the removal or support of such tree, is necessary, or

that any tank, well or excavation adjacent to any such way or public place should be fenced in such manner as to prevent danger arising to the public, or

that any dangerous animal should be destroyed, confined or otherwise disposed of,

such Magistrate may make a conditional order requiring the person causing such obstruction or nuisance, or carrying on such trade or occupation, or keeping any such goods or merchandise, or owning, possessing or controlling such building, tent, structure, substance, tank, well or excavation, or owning or possessing such animal or tree, within a time to be fixed in the order,

to remove such obstruction or nuisance ; or

to desist from carrying on, or to remove or regulate in such manner as may be directed, such trade or occupation ; or

to remove such goods or merchandise, or to regulate the keeping thereof in such manner as may be directed ; or

to prevent or stop the erection of, or to remove, repair or support such building, tent or structure ; or

to remove or support such tree ; or

to alter the disposal of such substance ; or

to fence such tank, well or excavation, as the case may be ; or

to destroy, confine or dispose of such dangerous animal in the manner provided in the said order ; [or, if he objects so to do,]

to appear before himself or some other Magistrate of the first or second class, at a time and place to be fixed by the order, and move to have the order set aside or modified in the manner hereinafter provided.

(2) No order duly made by a Magistrate under this section shall be called in question in any Civil Court.

Explanation.—A 'public place' includes also property belonging to the State, camping grounds and grounds left unoccupied for sanitary or recreative purposes."

Amendment of section 135, Code of Criminal Procedure.

22. In section 135 of the said Code, in clause (*a*), after the words "within the time," the words "and in the manner" shall be inserted.

Insertion of new section 139A in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

23. After section 139 of the said Code the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

"139A. (1) Where an order is made under section 133 for the purpose of preventing obstruction, nuisance or danger to the public in the use of any way, river, channel or place, the Magistrate shall, on the appearance before him of the person against whom the order was made, question him as to whether he denies the existence of any public right in respect of the way, river, channel or place, and, if he does so, the Magistrate shall, before proceeding under section 137 or section 138, inquire into the matter.

Procedure where existence of public right is denied.

(2) If in such inquiry the Magistrate finds that there is any reliable evidence in support of such denial, he shall stay the proceedings until the matter of the existence of such right has been decided by a competent Civil Court; and, if he finds that there is no such evidence, he shall proceed as laid down in section 137 or section 138, as the case may require.

(3) A person who has, on being questioned by the Magistrate under sub-section (1), failed to deny the existence of a public right of the nature therein referred to, or who, having made such denial, has failed to adduce reliable evidence in support thereof, shall not in the subsequent proceedings be permitted to make any such denial, nor shall any question in respect of the existence of any such public right be inquired into by any jury appointed under section 138."

Amendment of section 144, Code of Criminal Procedure.

24. In section 144 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-section (1), after the words "or of any other Magistrate" the words and brackets "(not being a Magistrate of the third class)" shall be inserted, and after the words "under this section" the words "there is sufficient ground for proceeding under this section and" shall be inserted;

(*ii*) in sub-section (4), after the word "may" the words "either on his own motion or on the application of any person aggrieved" shall be inserted; and

(*iii*) sub-section (5) shall be re-numbered as sub-section (6), and the following shall be inserted as sub-section (5), namely :—

"(5) Where such an application is received, the Magistrate shall afford to the applicant an early opportunity of appearing before him either in person or by pleader and shewing cause against the order; and, if the Magistrate rejects the application wholly or in part, he shall record in writing his reasons for so doing."

Amendment of section 145, Code of Criminal Procedure.

25. In section 145 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-section (4), for the words "receive the evidence" the words "receive all such evidence as may be" shall be substituted;

(*ii*) in sub-section (6), after the word "was" the words "or should under the first proviso to sub-section (4) be treated as being" shall be inserted, and the following shall be added after the words "such eviction," namely :—

"and when he proceeds under the first proviso to sub-section (4), may restore to possession the party forcibly and wrongfully dispossessed."

(*iii*) for sub-section (7) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(7) When any party to any such proceeding dies, the Magistrate may cause the legal representative of the deceased party to be made a party to the proceeding, and shall thereupon continue the inquiry, and if any question arises as to who the legal representative of a deceased party for the purpose of such proceeding is, all persons claiming to be representatives of the deceased party shall be made parties thereto."; and

(*iv*) after sub-section (7) the following sub-sections shall be added, namely :—

"(8) If the Magistrate is of opinion that any crop or other produce of the property, the subject of dispute in a proceeding under this section pending before him, is subject to speedy and natural decay, he

may make an order for the proper custody or sale of such property, and, upon the completion of the inquiry, shall make such order for the disposal of such property, or the sale proceeds thereof, as he thinks fit.

(9) The Magistrate may, if he thinks fit, at any stage of the proceedings under this section, on the application of either party, issue a summons to any witness directing him to attend or to produce any document or thing.

(10) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to be in derogation of the powers of the Magistrate to proceed under section 107."

Amendment of section 146, Code of Criminal Procedure.

26. (1) To sub-section (1) of section 146 of the said Code the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that the District Magistrate or the Magistrate who has attached the subject of dispute may withdraw the attachment at any time if he is satisfied that there is no longer any likelihood of a breach of the peace in regard to the subject of dispute."

(2) In sub-section (2) of the same section, after the words "thinks fit" the words "and if no receiver of the property, the subject of dispute, has been appointed by any Civil Court" shall be inserted, and to the same sub-section the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that, in the event of a receiver of the property, the subject of dispute, being subsequently appointed by any Civil Court, possession shall be made over to him by the receiver appointed by the Magistrate, who shall thereupon be discharged."

Substitution of new section for section 147, Code of Criminal Procedure.

27. For section 147 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Disputes concerning rights of use of immoveable property, etc.

"147. (1) Whenever any District Magistrate, Sub-divisional Magistrate or Magistrate of the first class is satisfied, from a police report or other information, that a dispute likely to cause a breach of the peace exists regarding any alleged right of user of any land or water as explained in section 145, sub-section (2) (whether such right be claimed as an easement or otherwise), within the local limits of his jurisdiction, he may make an order in writing stating the grounds of his being so satisfied and requiring the parties concerned in such dispute to attend the Court in person or by pleader within a time to be fixed by such Magistrate and to put in written statements of their respective claims and shall thereafter inquire into the matter in the manner provided in section 145, and the provisions of that section shall, as far as may be, be applicable in the case of such inquiry.

(2) If it appears to such Magistrate that such right exists, he may make an order prohibiting any interference with the exercise of such right;

Provided that no such order shall be made where the right is exercisable at all times of the year, unless such right has been exercised within three months next before the institution of the inquiry, or where the right is exercisable only at particular seasons or on particular occasions, unless the right has been exercised during the last of such seasons or on the last of such occasions before such institution.

(3) If it appears to such Magistrate that such right does not exist, he may make an order prohibiting any exercise of the alleged right.

(4) An order under this section shall be subject to any subsequent decision of a Civil Court of competent jurisdiction."

Amendment of section 148, Code of Criminal Procedure.

28. In sub-section (3) of section 148 of the said Code, the words "for witnesses, or pleader's fees, or both," shall be omitted, and for the words "All costs so directed to be paid may be recovered as if they were fines" the words "Such costs may include any expenses incurred in respect of witnesses, and of pleaders' fees, which the Court may consider reasonable" shall be substituted.

29. In section 157 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 157, Code of Criminal Procedure.

(i) in sub-section (1), after the words "one of his subordinate officers" the words "not being below such rank as the Government may, by general or special order, prescribe in this behalf" shall be inserted, and for the words "and to take such measures as may be necessary," the words "and, if necessary, to take measures" shall be substituted; and

(ii) to sub-section (2), after the words "that sub-section" the words "and, in the case mentioned in clause (b), such officer shall also forthwith notify to the informant, if any, in such manner as may be prescribed by the Government, the fact that he will not investigate the case or cause it to be investigated" shall be added.

30. In sub-section (1) of section 161 of the said Code, after the word "Chapter" the words "or any police officer not below such rank as the Governmet may, by general or special order, prescribe in this behalf, acting on the requisition of such officer" shall be inserted. Amendment of section 161, Code of Criminal Procedure.

31. For sub-section (1) of section 162 of the said Code, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :— Amendment of section 162, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"(1) No statement made by any person to a police officer in the course of an investigation under this Chapter shall, if reduced into writing, be signed by the person making it; nor shall any such statement or any record thereof, whether in a police diary or otherwise, or any part of such statement or record, be used for any purpose (save as hereinafter provided) at any inquiry or trial in respect of any offence under investigation at the time when such statement was made: Statements to police not to be signed; use of such statements in evidence.

Provided that, when any witness is called for the prosecution in such inquiry or trial whose statement has been reduced into writing as aforesaid, the Court shall, on the request of the accused, refer to such writing and direct that the accused be furnished with a copy thereof, in order that any part of such statement, if duly proved, may be used to contradict such witness in the manner provided by section 145 of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872. When any part of such statement is so used, any part thereof may also be used in the re-examination of such witness, but for the purpose only of explaining any matter referred to in his cross-examination:

Provided, further, that, if the Court is of opinion that any part of any such statement is not relevant to the subject-matter of the inquiry or trial or that its disclosure to the accused is not essential in the interests of justice and is inexpedient in the public interests, it shall record such opinion (but not the reasons therefor) and shall exclude such part from the copy of the statement furnished to the accused."

32. In section 164 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 164, Code of Criminal Procedure.

(i) in sub-section (1), for the words "Any Magistrate may" the words "Any Magistrate of the first class and any Magistrate of the second class specially empowered in this behalf by the Government may" shall be substituted; and

(ii) in sub-section (3),—

(a) for the words "No Magistrate" the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

"A Magistrate shall, before recording any such confession, explain to the person making it that he is not bound to make a confession and that, if he does so, it may be used as evidence against him and no Magistrate;" and

(b) for the words "I believe" the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

"I have explained to (name) that he is not bound to make a confession and that, if he does so, any confession he may make may be used as evidence against him and I believe."

33. In section 165 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 165, Code of Criminal Procedure.

(i) for sub-sections (1) and (2), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

"(1) Whenever an officer in charge of a police station or a police officer making an investigation has reasonable grounds for believing that anything necessary for the purposes of an investigation into any offence which he is authorised to investigate may be found in any place within the limits of the police station of which he is in charge, or to which he is attached, and that such thing cannot in his opinion be otherwise obtained without undue delay, such officer may, after recording in writing the grounds of his belief and specifying in such writing, so far as possible, the thing for which search is to be made, search, or cause search to be made, for such thing in any place within the limits of such station.

(2) A police officer proceeding under sub-section (1) shall, if practicable, conduct the search in person;"

(*ii*) in sub-section (3), after the words "he may" the words "after recording in writing his reasons for so doing" shall be inserted, and for the words "specifying the document or thing for which search is to be made and the place to be searched" the words "specifying the place to be searched and, so far as possible, the thing for which search is to be made" shall be substituted;

(*iii*) in sub-section (4), after the words "search warrants" the words "and the general provisions as to searches contained in section 102 and section 103" shall be inserted; and

(*iv*) after sub-section (4), the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(5) Copies of any record made under sub-section (1) or sub-section (3) shall forthwith be sent to the nearest Magistrate empowered to take cognizance of the offence and the owner or occupier of the place searched shall on application be furnished with a copy of the same by the Magistrate:

Provided that he shall pay for the same unless the Magistrate for some special reason thinks fit to furnish it free of cost."

Amendment of section 166, Code of Criminal Procedure.

34. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 166 of the said Code, after the words "An officer in charge of a police station" the words "or a police officer not being below the rank of Sub-Inspector making an investigation" shall be inserted.

(2) After sub-section (2) of the same section the following sub-sections shall be added, namely:—

"(3) Whenever there is reason to believe that the delay occasioned by requiring an officer in charge of another police station to cause a search to be made under sub-section (1) might result in evidence of the commission of an offence being concealed or destroyed, it shall be lawful for an officer in charge of a police station or a police officer making an investigation under this Chapter to search, or cause to be searched, any place in the limits of another police station in accordance with the provisions of section 165, as if such place were within the limits of his own station.

(4) Any officer conducting a search under sub-se tion (3) shall forthwith send notice of the search to the officer in charge of the police station within the limits of which such place is situate, and shall also send with such notice a copy of the list (if any) prepared under section 103, and shall also send to the nearest Magistrate empowered to take cognizance of the offence, copies of the records referred to in section 165, sub-sections (1) and (3).

(5) The owner or occupier of the place searched shall, on application, be furnished with a copy of any record sent to the Magistrate under sub-section (4):

Provided that he shall pay for the same unless the Magistrate for some special reason thinks fit to furnish it free of cost."

Amendment of section 167, Code of Criminal Procedure.

35. In section 167 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-section (1),—

(*a*) for the words "it appears that any" the words "any person is arrested and detained in custody, and it appears that the" shall be substituted, and the words "under this Chapter" shall be omitted;

(b) after the words "officer in charge of the police station" the words "or the police officer making the investigation if he is not below the rank of Sub-Inspector" shall be inserted; and

(c) the words and brackets "(if any)" shall be omitted; and

(ii) to sub-section (2), after the words "such jurisdiction," the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that no Magistrate of the third class, and no Magistrate of the second class not specially empowered in this behalf by the Government shall authorise detention in the custody of the police."

36. In section 169 of the said Code, after the words "officer in charge of the police station" the words "or to the police officer making the investigation" shall be inserted. Amendment of section 169, Code of Criminal Procedure.

37. (1) For sub-section (1) of section 173 of the said Code, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :— Amendment of section 173, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"(1) Every investigation under this Chapter shall be completed without unnecessary delay, and as soon as it is completed, the officer in charge of the police station shall—

(a) forward to a Magistrate empowered to take cognizance of the offence on a police report, a report in the form prescribed by the Government, setting forth the names of the parties, the nature of the information and the names of the persons who appear to be acquainted with the circumstances of the case, and stating whether the accused (if arrested) has been forwarded in custody, or has been released on his bond, and, if so, whether with or without sureties, and

(b) communicate, in such manner as may be prescribed by the Government, the action taken by him, to the person, if any, by whom the information relating to the commission of the offence was first given."

(2) After sub-section (3) of the same section the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

"(4) A copy of any report forwarded under this section shall, on application, be furnished to the accused before the commencement of the inquiry or trial :

Provided that the same shall be paid for unless the Magistrate for some special reason thinks fit to furnish it free of cost."

38. In sub-section (5) of section 174 of the said Code, for the words "or Sub-Divisional Magistrate," the words "Sub-Divisional Magistrate or Magistrate of the first class," shall be substituted Amendment of section 174, Code of Criminal Procedure.

39. For sub-section (3) of section 181 of the said Code, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :— Amendment of section 181, Code of Criminal Procedure. Theft.

(3) "The offence of theft, or any offence which includes theft or the possession of stolen property, may be inquired into or tried by a Court within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such offence was committed or the property stolen was possessed by the thief or by any person who received or retained the same knowing or having reason to believe it to be stolen."

40. In the proviso to section 188 of the said Code, after the words "Provided that" the words "notwithstanding anything in any of the preceding sections of this Chapter" shall be inserted. Amendment of section 188, Code of Criminal Procedure.

41. For clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 190 of the said Code, the following clause shall be substituted, namely :— Amendment of section 190, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"(b) upon a report in writing of such facts made by any police officer;"

42. In sub-section (2) of section 193 of the said Code, the words "in the case of Assistant Sessions Judges" shall be omitted. Amendment of section 193, Code of Criminal Procedure.

Amendment of section 195, Code of Criminal Procedure.

43. (1) For sub-section (1) of section 195 of the said Code the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(1) No Court shall take cognizance—

Prosecution for contempt of lawful authority of public servants.

(a) of any offence punishable under sections 172 to 188 of the Indian Penal Code, except on the complaint in writing of the public servant concerned, or of some other public servant to whom he is subordinate ;

Prosecution for certain offences against public justice.

(b) of any offence punishable under any of the following sections of the same Code, namely, sections 193, 194, 195, 196, 199, 200, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211 and 228, when such offence is alleged to have been committed in, or in relation to, any proceeding in any Court, except on the complaint in writing of such Court or of some other Court to which such Court is subordinate ; or

Prosecution for certain offences relating to documents given in evidence.

(c) of any offence described in section 463 or punishable under section 471, section 475 or section 476 of the same Code, when such offence is alleged to have been committed by a party to any proceeding in any Court in respect of a document produced or given in evidence in such proceeding, except on the complaint in writing of such Court, or of some other Court to which such Court is subordinate."

(2) In sub-section (2) of the same section, for the word "means" the word "includes" shall be substituted.

(3) Sub-sections (4), (5) and (6) of the same section shall be omitted.

(4) Sub-sections (7) and (3) of the same section shall be re-numbered (3) and (4), respectively, and for sub-section (3), as re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(3) For the purposes of this section, a Court shall be deemed to be subordinate to the Court to which appeals ordinarily lie from the appealable decrees or sentences of such former Court, or in the case of a Civil Court from whose decrees no appeal ordinarily lies, to the principal Court having ordinary original civil jurisdiction within the local limits of whose jurisdiction such Civil Court is situate :

Provided that—

(a) where appeals lie to more than one Court, the Appellate Court of inferior jurisdiction shall be the Court to which such Court shall be deemed to be subordinate ; and

(b) where appeals lie to a Civil and also to a Revenue Court, such Court shall be deemed to be subordinate to the Civil or Revenue Court according to the nature of the case or proceeding in connection with which the offence is alleged to have been committed."

(5) After sub-section (4) of the same section, as re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

"(5) Where a complaint has been made under sub-section (1), clause (a), by a public servant, any authority to which such public servant is subordinate may order the withdrawal of the complaint and, if it does so, it shall forward a copy of such order to the Court and, upon receipt thereof by the Court, no further proceedings shall be taken on the complaint."

Insertion of new section 196 A in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

44. After section 196 of the said Code the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Preliminary inquiry in certain cases

"196A. In the case of any offence in respect of which the provisions of section 196 apply, a District Magistrate may, notwithstanding anything contained in that section or in any other part of this Code, order a preliminary investigation by a police-officer not being below the rank of Inspector, in which case such policeo fficer shall have the powers referred to in section 155, sub-section (3),"

45. In section 197 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 197, Code of Criminal Procedure.

(*i*) for sub-section (1), the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(1) When any person who is a Judge within the meaning of section 19 of the Indian Penal Code, or when any Magistrate, or when any public servant who is not removable from his office save by or with the sanction of the Government, is accused of any offence alleged to have been committed by him while acting or purporting to act in the discharge of his official duty, no Court shall take cognizance of such offence except with the previous sanction of the Government ;" and

(*ii*) in sub-section (2), after the word "Judge" the word "Magistrate" shall be inserted.

46. To section 198 of the said Code, the following proviso shall be added, namely :— Amendment of section 198, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"Provided that, where the person so aggrieved is a woman who according to the customs and manners of the country, ought not to be compelled to appear in public, or where such person is under the age of eighteen years or is an idiot or lunatic, or is from sickness or infirmity unable to make a complaint, some other person may, with the leave of the Court, make a complaint on his or her behalf."

47. In section 199 of the said Code, after the word "absence" the words "made with the leave of the Court" shall be inserted, and to the same section, the following proviso shall be added, namely :— Amendment of section 199, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"Provided that, where such husband is under the age of eighteen years, or is an idiot or lunatic, or is from sickness or infirmity unable to make a complaint, some other person may, with the leave of the Court, make a complaint on his behalf."

48. In Chapter XV of the said Code, after section 199, the following section shalll be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new section 199 A in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

"199A. When in any case falling under section 198 or section 199, the person on whose behalf the complaint is sought to be made is under the age of eighteen years or is a lunatic, and the person applying for leave has not been appointed or declared by competent authority to be the guardian of the person of the said minor or lunatic, and the Court is satisfied that there is a guardian so appointed or declared, notice shall be given to such guardian, and the Court shall, before granting the application, give him a reasonable opportunity of objecting to the granting thereof." Objection by lawful guardian to complaint by person other than person aggrieved.

49. In section 200 of the said Code, the words and figures "Subject to the provisions of section 476" shall be omitted, and after proviso (*a*) the following proviso shall be inserted, namely :— Amendment of section 200, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"(*aa*) when the complaint is made in writing, nothing herein contained shall be deemed to require the examination of a complainant in any case in which the complaint has been made by a Court or by a public servant acting or purporting to act in the discharge of his official duties."

50. In section 202 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 202, Code of Criminal Procedure.

(*i*) for sub-sections (1) and (2), the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

"(1) Any Magistrate, on receipt of a complaint of an offence of which he is authorised to take cognizance, or which has been transferred to him under section 192, may, if he thinks fit for reasons to be recorded in writing, postpone the issue of process for compelling the attendance of the person complained against, and either inquire into the case himself or, if he is a Magistrate other than a Magistrate of the third class, direct an inquiry or investigation to be made by any Magistrate subordinate to him, or by a police officer, or by such other person as he thinks fit, for the purpose of ascertaining the truth or falsehood of the complaint : Postponement for issue of process.

Provided that no such direction shall be made—

(*a*) unless the complainant has been examined on oath under the provisions of section 200, or

(*b*) where the complaint has been made by a Court under the provisions of this Code.

(2) If any inquiry or investigation under this section is made by a person not being a Magistrate or a police-officer, such person shall exercise all the powers conferred by this Code on an officer in charge of a police station, except that he shall not have power to arrest without warrant "; and

(*ii*) after sub-section (2) the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

" (3) Any Magistrate inquiring into a case under this section may, if he thinks fit, take evidence of witnesses on oath."

Amendment of section 203, Code of Criminal Procedure.

51. In section 203 of the said Code, for the words " after examining the complainant and considering the result of the investigation (if any) made under section 202 " the words " after considering the statement on oath (if any) of the complainant and the result of any investigation or inquiry under section 202 " shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 206, Code of Criminal Procedure.

52. In section 206 of the said Code, after the words " or any Magistrate " the words and brackets " (not being a Magistrate of the third class) " shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 210, Code of Criminal Procedure.

53. In sub-section (2) of section 210 of the said Code, for the words " the charge " the words " such charge " shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 215, Code of Criminal Procedure.

54. In section 215 of the said Code, the words and figures " or by a Court of Session under section 477 " shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 219, Code of Criminal Procedure.

55. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 219 of the said Code, for the words " The Magistrate " the words " The Committing Magistrate or, in the absence of such Magistrate, any other Magistrate empowered by or under section 206 " shall be substituted.

(2) In sub-section (2) of the same section, for the words " if the accused so require, be given to him free of cost." the words " be given to the accused free of cost " shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 221, Code of Criminal Procedure.

56. In sub-section (7) of section 221 of the said Code,—

(*i*) for the words " has been previously convicted of any offence, and it is intended to prove such previous conviction for the purpose of affecting the punishment which the Court is competent to award," the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" having been previously convicted of any offence, is liable, by reason of such previous conviction, to enhanced punishment, or to punishment of a different kind, for a subsequent offence, and it is intended to prove such previous conviction for the purpose of affecting the punishment which the Court may think fit to award for the subsequent offence," and

(*ii*) for the words " is omitted " the words " has been omitted " shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 234, Code of Criminal Procedure.

57. In section 234 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-section (1), after the words " such offences " the words " whether in respect of the same person or not " shall be inserted; and

(*ii*) to sub-section (2) the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

" Provided that, for the purpose of this section, an offence punishable under section 379 of the Indian Penal Code shall be deemed to be an offence of the same kind as an offence punishable under section 380 of the said Code, and that an offence punishable under any section of the Indian Penal Code, or of any special or local law, shall be deemed to be an offence of the same kind as an attempt to commit such offence, when such an attempt is an offence."

58. Sub-section (2) of section 237 of the said Code shall be omitted. Amendment of section 237, Code of Criminal Procedure.

59. After sub-section (2) of section 238 of the said Code, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :— Amendment of section 238, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"(2A) When a person is charged with an offence, he may be convicted of an attempt to commit such offence although the attempt is not separately charged."

60. For section 239 of the said Code, the following section shall be substituted, namely :— Substitution of new section for section 239, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"239. The following persons may be charged and tried together, namely :— What persons may be charged jointly.

(a) persons accused of the same offence committed in the course of the same transaction ;

(b) persons accused of an offence and persons accused of abetment, or of an attempt to commit such offence ;

(c) persons accused of more than one offence of the same kind within the meaning of section 234 committed by them jointly within the period of twelve months ;

(d) persons accused of different offences committed in the course of the same transaction ;

(e) persons accused of an offence which includes theft, extortion or criminal misappropriation, and persons accused of receiving or retaining or assisting in the disposal or concealment of, property possession of which is alleged to have been transferred by any such offence committed by the first named persons, or of abetment of or attempting to commit any such last-named offence ;

(f) persons accused of offences under sections 411 and 414 of the Indian Penal Code or either of those sections in respect of stolen property the possession of which has been transferred by one offence ; and

(g) persons accused of any offence under Chapter XII of the Indian Penal Code relating to counterfeit coin, and persons accused of any other offence under the said Chapter relating to the same coin, or of abetment of or attempting to commit any such offence ;

and the provisions contained i the former part of this Chapter shall, so far as may be, apply to all such charges."

61. In section 243 of the said Code, for the words "shall convict" the words "may convict" shall be substituted. Amendment of section 243, Code of Criminal Procedure.

62. In section 244 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 244, Code of Criminal Procedure.

(i) in sub-section (1), before the words "If the accused" the words "If the Magistrate does not convict the accused under the preceding section or" shall be inserted, and to the same sub-section the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that the Magistrate shall not be bound to hear any person as complainant in any case in which the complaint has been made by a Court ;" and

(ii) in sub-section (2), for the words "process to compel the attendance of any witness or the production of" the words "a summons to any witness directing him to attend or to produce" shall be substituted.

63. For sub-section (2) of section 245 of the said Code, the following shall be substituted, namely :— Amendment of section 245, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"(2) Where the Magistrate does not proceed in accordance with the provisions of section 349 or section 562, he shall, if he finds the accused guilty, pass sentence upon him according to law."

Amendment of section 250, Code of Criminal Procedure. False, frivolous or vexations accusations.

64. In section 250 of the said Code,—

(*i*) for sub-sections (1) and (2) the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

" (1) If, in any case instituted upon complaint or upon information given to a police officer or to a Magistrate, one or more persons is or are accused before a Magistrate of any offence triable by a Magistrate, and the Magistrate by whom the case is heard discharges or acquits all or any of the accused, and is of opinion that the accusation against them or any of them was false and either frivolous or vexatious, the Magistrate may, by his order of discharge or acquittal, if the person upon whose complaint or information the accusation was made is present, call upon him forthwith to show cause why he should not pay compensation to such accused or to each or any of such accused when there are more than one, or, if such person is not present, direct the issue of a summons to him to appear and show cause as aforesaid.

(2) The Magistrate shall record and consider any cause which such complainant or informant may show, and if he is satisfied that the accusation was false and either frivolous or vexatious may, for reasons to be recorded, direct that compensation to such amount not exceeding one hundred rupees or, if the Magistrate is a Magistrate of the third class, not exceeding fifty rupees, as he may determine, be paid by such complainant or informant to the accused or to each or any of them.

(2*A*) The Magistrate may, by the order directing payment of the compensation under sub-section (2), further order that, in default of payment, the person ordered to pay such compensation shall suffer simple imprisonment for a period not exceeding thirty days.

(2*B*) When any person is imprisoned under the sub-section (2*A*), the provisions of sections 68 and 69 of the Indian Penal Code shall, so far as may be, apply.

(2*C*) No person who has been directed to pay compensation under this section shall, by reason of such order, be exempted from any civil or criminal liability in respect of the complaint made or information given by him :

Provided that any amount paid to an accused person under this section shall be taken into account in awarding compensation to such person in any susequent civil suit relating to the same matter ; "

(*ii*) in sub-section (3), for the word and figure " sub-section (1) " the word and figure " sub-section (2) " shall be substituted, and for the words " to an accused person " the following shall be substituted, namely :—

" or has been so ordered by any other Magistrate to pay compensation exceeding fifty rupees ; "

(*iii*) to sub-section (4) after the words " appeal has been decided " the following shall be added, namely :—

" and, where such order is made in a case which is not so subject to appeal, the compensation shall not be paid before the expiration of one month from the date of the order " ; and

(*iv*) sub-section (5) shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 252, Code of Criminal Procedure.

65. To sub-section (1) of section 252 of the said Code the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

" Provided that the Magistrate shall not be bound to hear any person as complainant in any case in which the complaint has been made by a Court ."

Insertion of new section 255A in the Code of Criminal Procedure. Procedure in case of previous convictions.

66. After section 255 of the said Code the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

" 255A. In a case where a previous conviction is charged under the provisions of section 221, sub-section (7), and the accused does not admit that he has been previously convicted as alleged in the charge, the Magistrate may, after he has convicted the said accused under section 255, sub-section (2), or section 258, take evidence in respect of the alleged previous conviction, and shall record a finding thereon."

67. In sub-section (1) of section 256 of the said Code, after the words " to state " the words " at the commencement of the next hearing of the case or, if the Magistrate for reasons to be recorded in writing so thinks fit, forthwith " shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 256, Code of Criminal Procedure.

68. For sub-section (2) of section 258 of the said Code, the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

" (2) Where in any case under this Chapter the Magistrate does not proceed in accordance with the provisions of section 349 or section 562, he shall, if he finds the accused guilty, pass sentence upon him according to law."

Amendment of section 258, Code of Criminal Procedure.

69. In section 259 of the said Code, after the words " and the offence may be lawfully compounded " the words " or is not a cognizable offence " shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 259, Code of Criminal Procedure.

70. In section 261 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in clause (*a*), for the word and figures " and 487," the figures and word " 447 and 504 " shall be substituted ; and

(*ii*) to clause (*b*), after the words " one month" the words " with or without fine " shall be added.

Amendment of section 261, Code of Criminal Procedure.

71. In section 288 of the said Code,—

(*i*) for the words " duly taken in the presence of the accused before the committing Magistrate " words " duly recorded in the presence of the accused under Chapter XVIII " shall be substituted ; and

(*ii*) after the words " as evidence in the case," the words " for all purposes subject to the provisions of the Indian Evidence Act, 1872," shall be added.

Amendment of section 288, Code of Criminal Procedure.

72. For section 292 of the said Code, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Substitution of new section for section 292, Code of Criminal Procedure,

" 292. The prosecutor shall be entitled to reply—

Prosecutor's right of reply

(*a*) if the accused or any of the accused adduces any oral evidence ; or

(*b*) [illegible] sion of the Court, on a point of law ; or

[illegible] n of the Court, when any document which does [illegible] produced by any accused person after he ente[illegible]

Provide[illegible] ferred to in clause (*a*), the reply shall

Amendment of section 309, Code of Criminal Procedure.

75. In section 309 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-section (1), after the word "orally" the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"on all the charges on which the accused has been tried," and after the words "such opinion" the following shall be inserted, namely :—

"and for that purpose may ask the assessors such questions as are necessary to ascertain what their opinions are. All such questions and the answers to them shall be recorded"; and

(*ii*) in sub-section (3), after the word "shall" the words "unless he proceeds in accordance with the provisions of section 502" shall be inserted.

Substitution of new section for section 310, Code of Criminal Procedure. Procedure in case of previous conviction

76. For section 310 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

"310. In the case of a trial by a jury or with the aid of assessors when the accused is charged with an offence and further charged that he is by reason of a previous conviction liable to enhanced punishment or to punishment of a different kind for such subsequent offence, the procedure prescribed by the foregoing provisions of this Chapter shall be modified as follows, namely :—

(*a*) Such further charge shall not be read out in Court and the accused shall not be asked to plead thereto, nor shall the same be referred to by the prosecution, or any evidence adduced thereon unless and until,

(*i*) he has been convicted of the subsequent offence, or

(*ii*) the jury have delivered their verdict, or the opinions of the assessors have been recorded, on the charge of the subsequent offence.

(*b*) In the case of a trial held with the aid of assessors, the Court may, in its discretion, proceed or refrain from proceeding with the trial of the accused on the charge of the previous conviction."

Amendment of section 337, Code of Criminal Procedure.

77. In section 337 of the said Code,—

(*i*) for sub-section (1) the following [illegible] ubsti-tuted, namely :—

"(1) In the case of any offence t[illegible] Court of Session, or any offence punishable [illegible] which may extend to ten years, or any offence [illegible] ion 211 of the

(*ii*) in sub-section (2), for the words " the case " the words " the Court of the Magistrate taking cognizance of the offence and in the subsequent trial, if any, " shall be substituted ;

(*iii*) after sub-section (2) the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

" (2*A*) In every case where a person has accepted a tender of pardon and has been examined under sub-section (2), the Magistrate before whom the proceedings are pending shall, if he is satisfied that there are reasonable grounds for believing that the accused is guilty of an offence, commit him for trial to the Court of Session ;"

(*iv*) in sub-section (3), for the words " if not on bail " the words " unless he is already on bail " shall be substituted, and the words " by the Court of Session," shall be omitted ; and

(*v*) sub-section (4) shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 339, Code of Criminal Procedure.

78. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 339 of the said Code, after the words and figures " section 338 and " the words " the Public Prosecutor certifies that in his opinion " shall be inserted ; for the words " he may be " the words " such person may be " shall be substituted ; and to the said sub-section the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

" Provided that such person shall not be tried jointly with any of the other accused, and that he shall be entitled to plead at such trial that he has complied with the conditions upon which such tender was made ; in which case it shall be for the prosecution to prove that such conditions have not been complied with."

(2) In sub-section (2) of the same section, for the words " when the pardon has been forfeited under this section " the words " at such trial " shall be substituted.

Insertion of new section 339A in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

79. After section 339 of the said Code the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Procedure in trial of persons under section 339.

" 339A. (1) The Court trying under section 339 a person who has accepted a tender of pardon shall—

(*a*) if the Court is a Court of Session, before the charge is read out and explained to the accused under section 271, sub-section (1), and

(*b*) if the Court of a Magistrate, before the evidence of the witnesses for the prosecution is taken,

ask the accused whether he pleads that he has complied with the conditions on which the tender of the pardon was made.

(2) If the accused does so plead, the Court shall record the plea and proceed with the trial, and the jury, or the Court with the aid of the assessors, or the Magistrate, as the case may be, shall, before judgment is passed in the case, find whether or not the accused has complied with the conditions of the pardon, and, if it is found that he has so complied, the Court shall, notwithstanding any thing contained in this Code, pass judgment of acquittal."

Substitution of new section for section 340, Code of Criminal Procedure.

80. For section 340 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Right of person against whom proceedings are instituted to be defended and his competency to be a witness.

" 340. (1) Any person accused of an offence before a Criminal Court, or against whom proceedings are instituted under this Code in any such Court, may of right be defended by a pleader.

(2) Any person against whom proceedings are instituted in any such Court under section 107, or under Chapter X, Chapter XI, Chapter XII or Chapter XXXVI, or under section 552, may offer himself as a witness in such proceedings."

Amendment of section 345, Code of Criminal Procedure.

81. In section 345 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-section (1), for the word " described " the word " specified " shall be substituted, and to the table in that sub-section,

after the entry relating to criminal intimidation, the following entry shall be added, namely :—

Act caused by making a person believe that he will be an object of divine displeasure.	508	The person against whom the offence was committed.

(*ii*) for sub-section (2) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

(2) The offences punishable under the sections of the Indian Penal Code specified in the first two columns of the table next following may, with the permission of the Court before which any prosecution for such offence is pending, be compounded by the person mentioned in the third column of that table :—

Offence	Sections of the Indian Penal Code applicable	Persons by whom offence may be compounded
Voluntarily causing hurt by dangerous weapons or means.	324	The person to whom hurt is caused.
Voluntarily causing grievous hurt	325	Do
Voluntarily causing grievous hurt on grave and sudden provocation.	335	Do
Causing hurt by doing an act so rashly and negligently as to endanger human life or the personal safety of others.	337	Do
Causing grievous hurt by doing an act so rashly and negligently as to endanger human life or the personal safety of others	338	Do
Wrongfully confining a person for three days or more.	343	The person confined.
Wrongfully confining a person in secret ..	346	Do
Assault or criminal force in attempting wrongfully to confine a person.	357	The person assaulted or to whom the force was used.
Dishonest misappropriation of property ..	403	The owner of the property misappropriated.
Cheating	417	The person cheated.
Cheating a person whose interest the offender was bound, by law or by legal contract, to protect.	418	Do
Cheating by personation	419	Do
Cheating and dishonestly inducing delivery of property or the making, alteration or destruction of a valuable security.	420	Do
Mischief by injury to work of irrigation by wrongfully diverting water when the only loss or damage caused is loss or damage to a private person.	430	The person to whom the loss or damage is caused.
House-trespass to commit an offence (other than theft) punishable with imprisonment.	451	The person in possession of the house trespassed upon.
Using a false trade or property mark ..	482	The person to whom loss or injury is caused by such use.
Counterfeiting a trade or property mark used by another.	483	The person whose trade or property mark is counterfeited.
Knowingly selling, or exposing or possessing for sale or for trade or manufacturing purpose, goods marked with a counterfeit trade or property mark.	486	Do
Marrying again during the lifetime of a husband or wife.	494	The husband or wife of the person so marrying.
Uttering words or sounds or making gestures or exhibiting any object intending to insult the modesty of a woman or intruding upon the privacy of a woman.	509	The woman whom it is intended to insult or whose privacy is intruded upon.

(*iii*) in sub-section (4), for the words " a minor " the words " under the age of eighteen years or is" shall be substituted, and after the word " may " the words "with the permission of the Court " shall be inserted ;

(*iv*) after sub-section (5) the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

" (5*A*) The Chief Court acting in the exercise of its powers of revision under section 439 may allow any person to compound any offence which he is competent to compound under this section ; " and

(*v*) to sub-section (6), after the word "accused" the words "with whom the offence has been compounded" shall be added.

82. In sub-section (1) of section 347 of the said Code, the words "stop further proceedings and" shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 347, Code of Criminal Procedure.

83. (1) Section 348 of the said Code shall be re-numbered 348 (1), and in the said section, as re-numbered, after the word "shall" the words "if the Magistrate before whom the case is pending is satisfied that there are sufficient grounds for committing the accused" shall be inserted, and for the words "before whom the proceedings are pending" the words "is competent to try the case and" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 348, Code of Criminal Procedure.

(2) In the proviso to the same section, as re-numbered, for the words "the District Magistrate" the words "any Magistrate in the district" shall be substituted.

(3) To the same section, as re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(2) When any person is committed to the Court of Session under sub-section (1), any other person accused jointly with him in the same inquiry or trial shall be similarly committed, unless the Magistrate discharges such other person under section 209."

84. After sub-section (1) of section 349, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

Amendment of section 349, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"(1*A*) When more accused than one are being tried together and the Magistrate considers it necessry to proceed under sub-section (1) in regard to any of such accused, he shall forward all the accused who are in his opinion guilty to the District Magistrate or Sub-divisional Magistrate."

85. To sub-section (2) of section 350 of the said Code, after the figures "346," the words "or in which proceedings have been submitted to a superior Magistrate under section 349" shall be added, and after the same sub-section the following, sub-section shall be added, namely :—

Amendment of section 350, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"(3) When a case is transferred under the provisions of this Code from one Magistrate to another, the former shall be deemed to cease to exercise jurisdiction therein and to be succeeded by the latter within the meaning of the sub-section (1)."

86. After section 350 of the said Code, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Insertion of new section 350 A in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

"350A. No order or judgment of a Bench of Magistrates shall be invalid by reason only of a change having occurred in the constitution of the Bench in any case in which the Bench by which such order or judgment is passed is duly constituted under sections 15 and 16, and the Magistrates constituting the same have been present on the Bench throughout the proceedings.

Changes in constitution of Benches.

87. In section 356 of the said Code, after sub-section (2), the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

Amendment of section 356, Code of Criminal Procedure.

"(2*A*) When the evidence of such witness is given in any other language, not being English, than the language of the Court, the Magistrate or Sessions Judge may take it down in that language with his own hand, or cause it to be taken down in that language in his presence and hearing and under his personal direction and superintendence, and an authenticated translation of such evidence in the language of the Court or in English shall form part of the record."

88. In section 367 of the said Code,—

Amendment of section 367, Code of Criminal Procedure.

(*i*) in sub-section (1) after the words "presiding officer of the Court" the words "or from the dictation of such presiding officer" shall be inserted ;

(*ii*) to the same sub-section the following words shall be added namely :—

" and where it is not written by the presiding officer with his own hand, every page of such judgment shall be signed by him ;" and

(*iii*) after sub-section (5) the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

" (6) For the purposes of this section, an order under section 118 or section 123, sub-section (3), shall be deemed to be a judgment."

Amendment of section 369, Code of Criminal Procedure.

89. In section 369 of the said Code, for the words " No Court other than the Chief Court" the words "Save as otherwise provided by this Code or by any other law for the time being in force, no Court " shall be substituted ; and the words and figures " as provided in sections 395 and 484 or " shall be omitted.

Substitution of new section for section 386, Code of Criminal Procedure.

90. For section 386 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Warrant for levy of fine.

" 386. (1) Whenever an offender has been sentenced to pay a fine, the Court passing the sentence may take action for the recovery of the fine in either or both of the following ways, that is to say, it may—

(*a*) issue a warrant for the levy of the amount by attachment and sale of any moveable property belonging to the offender ;

(*b*) issue a warrant to the Deputy Commissioner of the District authorising him to realise the amount by execution according to the civil process against the moveable or immoveable property, or both, of the defaulter :

Provided that, if the sentence directs that in default of payment of the fine the offender shall be imprisoned, and if such offender has undergone the whole of such imprisonment in default, no Court shall issue such warrant unless for special reasons to be recorded in writing it considers it necessary to do so.

(2) The Government may make rules regulating the manner in which warrants under sub-section (1), clause (*a*), are to be executed, and for summary determination of any claims made by any person other than the offender in respect of any property attached in execution of such warrant.

(3) Where the Courts issue a warrant to the Deputy Commissioner under sub-section (1), clause (*b*), such warrant shall be deemed to be a decree, and the Deputy Commissioner to be the decree-holder, within the meaning of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, and the nearest Civil Court by which any decree for a like amount could be executed shall, for the purposes of the said Code, be deemed to be the Court which passed the decree, and all the provisions of that Code as to execution of decrees shall apply accordingly :

Provided that no such warrant shall be executed by the arrest or detention in prison of the offender."

Amendment of section 387, Code of Criminal Procedure.

91. In section 387 of the said Code, for the words " Such warrant" the words " A warrant issued under section 386, sub-section (1), clause (*a*), by any Court " shall be substituted, and for the word " distress " the word " attachment " shall be substituted.

92. For section 388 of the said Code, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Substitution of new section 388.

" 388. (1) When an offender has been sentenced to fine only and to imprisonment in default of payment of the fine, and the fine is not paid forthwith, the Court may—

(*a*) order that the fine shall be payable either in full on or before a date not more than thirty days from the date of the order, or in two or three instalments, of which the first shall be payable on or before the date not more than thirty days from the date of the order and the other or others at an interval or at intervals, as the case may be, of not more than thirty days, and

(*b*) Suspend the execution of the sentence of imprisonment and release the offender, on the execution by the offender of a bond with or without sureties, as the Court thinks fit, conditioned for his appearance before the court on the date or dates on or before which payment of the fine or the instalments thereof, as the case may be, is to be made; and, if the amount of the fine or of any instalment, as the case may be, is not realized on or before the latest date on which it is payable under the order, the Court may direct the sentence of imprisonment to be carried into execution at once.

(2) The provisions of sub-section (1) shall be applicable also in any case in which an order for the payment of money has been made on non-recovery of which imprisonment may be awarded, and the money is not paid forthwith; and if the person against whom the order has been made, on being required to enter into a bond such as is referred to in that sub-section, fails to do so, the Court may at once pass sentence of imprisonment."

Amendment of section 395, Code of Criminal Procedure.

93. In section 395 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-section (1), after the words "twelve months" the words "or to a fine not exceeding five hundred rupees" shall be inserted; and

(*ii*) in sub-section (2), after the words "for a term" the words "or a fine of an amount" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 397, Code of Criminal Procedure.

94. In section 397 of the said Code,—

(*i*) after the words "to which he has been previously sentenced" the word "unless the Court directs that the subsequent sentence shall run con currently with such previous sentence" shall be inserted; and

(ii) after the proviso the following further proviso shall be added, namely:—

"Provided, further, that where a person who has been sentenced to imprisonment by an order under section 123 in default of furnishing security is, whilst undergoing such sentence, sentenced to imprisonment for an offence committed prior to the making of such order, the latter sentence shall commence immediately."

Amendment of section 401, Code of Criminal Procedure.

95. In section 401 of the said Code,—

(*i*) to sub-section (2), after the words "together with his reasons for such opinion" the following words shall be added, namely:—

"and also to forward with the statement of such opinion a certified copy of the record of the trial or of such record thereof as exists;"

(*ii*) after sub-section (4) the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(4*A*) The provisions of the above sub-sections shall also apply to any order passed by a Criminal Court under any section of this Code or of any other law, which restricts the liberty of any person or imposes any liability upon him or his property;"

(*iii*) after sub-section (5) the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely:—

"(5*A*) Where a conditional pardon is granted by His Highness the Maharaja, any condition thereby imposed, of whatever nature, shall be deemed to have been imposed by a sentence of a competent Court under this Code and shall be enforceable accordingly."

Amendment of section 402, Code of Criminal Procedure.

96. Section 402 of the said Code shall be re-numbered section 402 (1), and, to the said section, as re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be added, namely:—

"(2) Nothing in this section shall affect the provisions of section 54 or section 55 of the Indian Penal Code."

Substitution of new section for section 406, Code of Criminal Procedure.

97. For section 406 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely:—

Appeal from order requiring

"406. Any person who has been ordered under section 118 to

security for keeping the peace or for good behaviour.

give security for keeping the peace or for good behaviour may appeal against such order to the Court of Session.

Provided that, the Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, direct that in any district specified in the notification, appeals from such orders made by a Magistrate other than the District Magistrate shall lie to the District Magistrate and not to the Court of Session.

Provided, further, that nothing in this section shall apply to persons, the proceedings against whom are laid before a Sessions Judge in accordance with the provisions of sub-section (2) or sub-section (3A) of section 123."

Insertion of new section 406 A in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

98. After section 406 of the said Code, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Appeal from order refusing to accept or rejecting a surety.

"406A. Any person aggrieved by an order refusing to accept or rejecting a surety under section 122 may appeal against such order,—

(*a*) if made by the District Magistrate, to the Court of Session; or

(*b*) if made by a Magistrate other than the District Magistrate, to the District Magistrate."

Amendment of section 407, Code of Criminal Procedure.

99. In sub-section (1) of section 407 of the said Code, after the figures "349," the words and figures "or in respect of whom an order has been made or a sentence has been passed under section 380" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 408, Code of Criminal Procedure.

100. In section 408 of the said Code,—

(*i*) after the figures "349" the words and figures "or in respect of whom an order has been made or a sentence has been passed under section 380" shall be inserted; and

(*ii*) in clause (*a*) of the proviso, after the word "appeal" the following words shall be inserted namely :—

"of all or any of the accused convicted at such trial"

Amendment of section 409, Code of Criminal Procedure.

101. To section 409 of the said Code, the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that an Additional Sessions Judge shall hear only such appeals as the Government may, by general or special order, direct or as the Sessions Judge of the Division may make over to him."

Insertion of new section 415 A in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

102. After section 415 of the said Code, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Special right of appeal in certain cases

"415A. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Chapter, when more persons than one are convicted in one trial and an appealable judgment or order has been passed in respect of any of such persons, all or any of the persons convicted at such trial shall have a right of appeal."

Amendment of section 418, Code of Criminal Procedure.

103. Section 418 of the said Code shall be re-numbered section 418 (1), and, to the said section as re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be added namely :—

"(2) Notwithstanding anything contained in sub-section (1) or in section 423, sub-section (2), when, in the case of a trial by jury, any person is sentenced to death, any other person convicted in the same trial with the person so sentenced may appeal on a matter of fact as well as a matter of law."

Amendment of section 435, Code of Criminal Procedure.

104. In section 435 of the said Code,—

(*i*) to sub-section (1), after the words "proceedings of such inferior Courts" the following words shall be added, namely :—

"and may, when calling for such record, direct that the execution of any sentence be suspended and, if the accused is in confinement, that he be released on bail or on his own bond pending the examination of the record";

(*ii*) after the same sub-section the following *Explanation* shall be added, namely :—

"*Explanation.*—All Magistrates, whether exercising original or appellate jurisdiction, shall be deemed to be inferior to the Sessions Judge for the purposes of this sub-section and of section 437;" and

(*iii*) sub-section (3) shall be omitted.

Transposition of sections 436 and 437 and amendment of section 437, Code of Criminal Procedure.

105. Sections 436 and 437 of the said Code shall be re-numbered 437 and 436, respectively, and, in the latter section, as re-numbered,—

(*a*) for the words "accused person" the words "person accused of an offence" shall be substituted; and

(*b*) after the word "discharged" the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that no Court shall make any direction under this section for inquiry into the case of any person who has been discharged unless such person has had an opportunity of shewing cause why such direction should not be made."

Amendment of section 438, Code of Criminal Procedure.

106. In sub-section (2) of section 438 of the said Code, for the words "by the Sessions Judge" the words "by or under any general or special order of the Sessions Judge" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 439, Code of Criminal Procedure.

107. In sub-section (1) of section 439 of the said Code, the figures "195" shall be omitted, and after sub-section (5) of the same section the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(6) Notwithstanding anything contained in this section, any convicted person to whom an opportunity has been given under sub-section (2) of showing cause why his sentence should not be enhanced shall, in showing cause, be entitled also to show cause against his conviction."

Amendment of section 464, Code of Criminal Procedure.

108. In section 464 of the said Code,—

(*i*) after sub-section (1) the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

"(1A) Pending such examination, and inquiry, the Magistrate may deal with the accused in accordance with the provisions of section 466;" and

(*ii*) in sub-section (2), after the word "he" the words "shall record a finding to that effect and" shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 465, Code of Criminal Procedure.

109. In sub-section (1) of section 465 of the said Code, for the words "and if satisfied of the fact, shall pass judgment accordingly, and thereupon the trial shall be postponed," the following words shall be substituted, namely :—

"and if the jury or Court as the case may be, is satisfied of the fact, the Judge shall record a finding to that effect, and shall postpone further proceedings in the case and the jury, if any, shall be discharged."

Amendment of section 466, Code of Criminal Procedure.

110. In section 466 of the said Code—

(*i*) in sub-section (1), for the words "if the case is one in which bail may be taken," the words "whether the case is one in which bail may be taken or not" shall be substituted; and

(*ii*) for sub-section (2) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

Custody of lunatic.

"(2) If the case is one in which, in the opinion of the Magistrate or Court, bail should not be taken, or if sufficient security is not given, the Magistrate or Court, as the case may be, shall order the accused to be detained in safe custody in such place and manner as he or it may think fit, and shall report the action to the Government.

Provided that no order for the detention of the accused in a lunatic asylum shall be made otherwise than in accordance with such rules as the Government may have made under the Mysore Lunacy Regulation, 1916.

Amendment of section 468, Code of Criminal Procedure.

111. In sub-section (2) of section 468 of the said Code, the word "person" shall be omitted, and the following words shall be added after the words "as the case may be," namely :—

"and if the accused is found to be of unsound mind and incapable of making his defence, shall deal with such accused in accordance with the provisions of section 466."

Amendment of section 471, Code of Criminal Procedure.

112. (1) In sub-section (1) of section 471 of the said Code,—,

(*i*) for the words "such judgment" the words "the finding" shall be substituted;

(*ii*) for the word "kept." the word "detained" shall be substituted; and

(*iii*) for the words "and shall report the case for the order of Government" the words "and shall report the action taken to the Government" shall be substituted.

(2) After sub-section (1) of the same section the following proviso shall be inserted, namely :—

"Provided that no order for the detention of the accused in a lunatic asylum shall be made otherwise than in accordance with such rules as the Government may have made under the Mysore Lunacy Regulation, 1916."

(3) Sub-section (4) of the same section shall be re-numbered (2).

Amendment of section 473, Code of Criminal Procedure.

113. In section 473 of the said Code, for the word "confined" the word "detained" shall be substituted, and for the words "such Inspector-General or visitors" the words "in the case of a person detained in a jail, the Inspector-General of Prisons, or, in the case of a person detained in a lunatic asylum, the visitors of such asylum, or any two of them" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 474, Code of Criminal Procedure.

114. In section 474 of the said Code, for the word "confined" the word "detained" shall be substituted, and for the words "discharged" (wherever it occurs) and "discharge" the words "released" and "release", respectively, shall be substituted.

Substitution of new section for section 475, Code of Criminal Procedure. Delivery of lunatic to care of relative or friend.

115. For section 475 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

"475. (1) Whenever any relative or friend of any person detained under the provisions of section 466 or section 471 desires that he shall be delivered to his care and custody, the Government may, upon the application of such relative or friend and on his giving security to the satisfaction of the Government that the person delivered shall—

(*a*) be properly taken care of and prevented from doing injury to himself or to any other person, and

(*b*) be produced for the inspection of such officer, and at such times and places, as the Government may direct, and

(*c*) in the case of a person detained under section 466, be produced when required before such Magistrate or Court,

order such person to be delivered to such relative or friend.

(2) If the person so delivered is accused of any offence the trial of which has been postponed by reason of his being of unsound mind and incapable of making his defence, and the inspecting officer referred to in sub-section (1), clause (*b*), certifies at any time to the Magistrate or Court that such person is capable of making his defence, such Magistrate or Court shall call upon the relative or friend to whom such accused was delivered to produce him before the Magistrate or Court; and, upon such production, the Magistrate or Court shall proceed in accordance with the provisions of section 468, and the certificate of the inspecting officer shall be receivable as evidence."

Substitution of new sections for section 476, Code of Criminal Procedure. Procedure in cases mentioned in section 195.

116. For section 476 of the said Code the following sections shall be substituted, namely :—

"476. (1) When any Civil, Revenue or Criminal Court is, whether on application made to it in this behalf or otherwise, of opinion that it is expedient in the interests of justice that an inquiry should be made into any offence referred to in section 195, sub-section (1), clause (*b*) or clause (*c*), which appears to have been committed in or in relation to a proceeding in that Court, such Court may, after such

preliminary inquiry, if any, as it thinks necessary, record a finding to that effect and make a complaint thereof in writing signed by the presiding officer of the Court, and shall forward the same to a Magistrate of the first class having jurisdiction, and may take sufficient security for the appearance of the accused before such Magistrate or if the alleged offence is non-bailable, may, if it thinks necessary so to do, send the accused in custody to such Magistrate, and may bind over any person to appear and give evidence before such Magistrate.

(2) Such Magistrate shall thereupon proceed according to law and as if upon complaint made under section 200.

(3) Where it is brought to the notice of such Magistrate, or of any other Magistrate to whom the case may have been transferred, that an appeal is pending against the decision arrived at in the judicial proceeding out of which the matter has arisen, he may, if he thinks fit, at any stage adjourn the hearing of the case until such appeal is decided.

Superior Court may complain where subordinate Court has omitted to do so.

"476A. The power conferred on Civil, Revenue and Criminal Courts by section 476, sub-section (1), may be exercised, in respect of any offence referred to therein and alleged to have been committed in or in relation to any proceeding in any such Court, by the Court to which such former Court is subordinate within the meaning of section 195, sub-section (3), in any case in which such former Court has neither made a complaint under section 476 in respect of such offence nor rejected an application for the making of such complaint; and, where the superior Court makes such complaint, the provisions of section 476 shall apply accordingly.

Appeals.

476B. Any person on whose application any Civil, Revenue or Criminal Court has refused to make a complaint under section 476 or section 476A, or against whom such a complaint has been made, may appeal to the Court to which such former Court is subordinate within the meaning of section 195, sub-section (3), and the superior Court may thereupon, after notice to the parties concerned, direct the withdrawal of the complaint or, as the case may be, itself make the complaint which the subordinate Court might have made under section 476, and, if it makes such complaint, the provisions of that section shall apply accordingly."

Repeal of section 477, Code of Criminal Procedure.

117. Section 477 of the said Code shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 487, Code of Criminal Procedure.

118. In section 487 of the said Code, the figures "477" shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 488, Code of Criminal Procedure.

119. In section 488 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-section (1), for the word "fifty" the words "one hundred" shall be substituted;

(*ii*) in sub-section (3), for the words "wilfully neglects" the words "fails without sufficient cause" shall be substituted;

(*iii*) to the same sub-section the following proviso shall be added namely:—

"Provided, further, that no warrant shall be issued for the recovery of any amount due under this section unless application be made to the Court to levy such amount within a period of one year from the date on which it becomes due;"

(*iv*) sub-section (7) shall be omitted; and

(*v*) sub-sections (8) and (9) shall be re-numbered (7) and (8), respectively, and, in the last named sub-section, for the words "The accused may be proceeded against" the words "Proceedings under this section may be taken against any person" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 489, Code of Criminal Procedure.

120. (1) Section 489 of the said Code shall be re-numbered as sub-section (1) of section 489 and, in that sub-section, as re-numbered, for the word "fifty" the words "one hundred" shall be substituted.

(2) To the same section the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

"(2) Where it appears to the Magistrate that, in consequence of any decision of a competent Civil Court, any order made under section 488 should be cancelled or varied, he shall cancel the order or, as the case may be, vary the same accordingly."

Amendment of section 492, Code of Criminal Procedure.

121. (1) In sub-section (2) of section 492 of the said Code, the words "In any case committed for trial to the Court of Session" shall be omitted, and for the words "such case" the words "any case" shall be substituted.

(2) In the same sub-section, for the words "the rank of Assistant Superintendent" the words "such rank as the Government may prescribe in this behalf" shall be substituted.

Amendment of section 494, Code of Criminal Procedure.

122. In section 494 of the said Code,—

(1) the words "appointed by the Government" shall be omitted ;

(*ii*) after the words "prosecution of any person" the words "either generally or in respect of any one or more of the offences for which he is tried" shall be inserted ;

(*iii*) after the word "discharged" in clause (*a*), the words "in respect of such offence or offences" shall be inserted ; and

(*iv*) after the word "acquitted" in clause (b), the words "in respect of such offence or offences" shall be added.

Amendment of section 496, Code of Criminal Procedure.

123. To section 496 of the said Code the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided, further, that nothing in this section shall be deemed to affect the provisions of section 107, sub-section (4), or section 117, sub-section (3)."

Amendment of section 497, Code of Criminal Procedure.

124. In section 497 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-section (1), for the words "the offence of which he is accused" the words "an offence punishable with death or transportation for life" shall be substituted and to the same sub-section the following proviso shall be added, namely :—

"Provided that the Court may direct that any person under the age of sixteen years or any woman or any sick or infirm person accused of such an offence be released on bail ;"

(*ii*) in sub-section (2), for the words "such offence" the words "non-bailable offence" shall be substituted ;

(*iii*) after sub-section (2) the following sub-sections shall be inserted, namely :—

"(3) An officer or a Court releasing any person on bail under sub-section (1) or sub-section (2) shall record in writing his or its reasons for so doing

(4) If, at any time after the conclusion of the trial of a person accused of a non-bailable offence and before judgment is delivered, the Court is of opinion that there are reasonable grounds for believing that the accused is not guilty of any such offence, it shall release the accused, if he is in custody, on the execution by him of a bond without sureties for his appearance to hear judgment delivered." ; and

(*iv*) for sub-section (3) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(5) A Court of Session and, in the case of a person released by itself, any other Court may cause any person who has been released under this section to be arrested and may commit him to custody."

Amendment of section 514, Code of Criminal Procedure

125. In section 514 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-section (3), for the word "distress" the word "attachment" shall be substituted ; and

(*ii*) in sub-section (6), the words "but the party who gave the bond may be required to find a new surety" shall be omitted, and, after the said sub-section, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

"(7) When any person who has furnished security under section 106 or section 118 or section 562 is convicted of an offence the

commission of which constitutes a breach of the conditions of his bond, or of a bond executed in lieu of his bond under section 514B, a certified copy of the judgment of the Court by which he was convicted of such offence may be used as evidence in proceedings under this section against his surety or sureties, and, if such certified copy is so used, the Court shall presume that such offence was committed by him unless the contrary is proved."

126. After section 514 of the said Code the following sections shall be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new sections 514 A and 514 B in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

"514A. When any surety to a bond under this Code becomes insolvent or dies, or when any bond is forfeited under the provisions of section 514, the Court, by whose order such bond was taken, or a Magistrate of the first class, may order the person from whom such security was demanded to furnish fresh security in accordance with the directions of the original order, and, if such security is not furnished, such Court or Magistrate may proceed as if there had been a default in complying with such original order. Procedure in case of insolvency or death of surety or when a bond is forfeited.

514B. When the person required by any Court or officer to execute a bond is a minor, such Court or officer may accept, in lieu thereof, a bond executed by a surety or sureties only." Bond required from a minor.

127. In Chapter XLIII of the said Code, before section 517 the following section shall be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new section 516 A in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

"516A. When any property regarding which any offence appears to have been committed or which appears to have been used for the commission of any offence is produced before any Criminal Court during any inquiry or trial, the Court may make such order as it thinks fit for the proper custody of such property pending the conclusion of the inquiry or trial, and, if the property is subject to speedy or natural decay, may, after recording such evidence as it thinks necessary, order it to be sold or otherwise disposed of ". Order for custody and disposal of property pending trial in certain cases.

128. In section 517 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 517, Code of Criminal Procedure.

(*i*) in sub-section (1), after the word "disposal" the words "by destruction, confiscation, or delivery to any person claiming to be entitled to possession thereof or otherwise" shall be inserted ;

(*ii*) for sub-section (3) the following sub-section shall be substituted, namely :—

"(3) When an order is made under this section such order shall not, except where the property is livestock or subject to speedy and natural decay, and save as provided by sub-section (4), be carried out for one month, or, when an appeal is presented, until such appeal has been disposed of" ; and

(*iii*) after sub-section (3) the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

"(4) Nothing in this section shall be deemed to prohibit any Court from delivering any property under the provisions of sub-section (1) to any person claiming to be entitled to the possession thereof, on his executing a bond with or without sureties to the satisfaction of the Court, engaging to restore such property to the Court if the order made under this section is modified or set aside on appeal."

129. In section 522 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 522, Code of Criminal Procedure

(*i*) in sub-section (1), after the word "force" where it first occurs, the words "or show of force or by criminal intimidation" shall be inserted, and after the word "force," where it occurs for the second time, the words "or show of force or criminal intimidation" shall be inserted, and for the words "such person" the words "the person dispossessed" shall be substituted ;

(*ii*) in the same sub-section, after the words "thinks fit" the words "when convicting such person or at any time within one month from the date of the conviction" shall be inserted ; and

(*iii*) after sub-section (2) the following sub-section shall be added, namely :—

" (3) An order under this section may be made by any Court of appeal, confirmation, reference or revision."

Amendment of section 525, Code of Criminal Procedure.

130. In section 525 of the said Code, for the words " or the Magistrate " the words " or if the Magistrate " shall be substituted and after the word " owner " the words " or that the value of such property is less than ten rupees " shall be inserted.

Amendment of section 526, Code of Criminal Procedure.

131. In section 526 of the said Code,—

(*i*) in sub-clauses (*ii*) and (*iii*) of sub-section (1), the word " criminal " before the word " case," and in sub-clause (*ii*), the word " such " before the word " cases," shall be omitted ;

(*ii*) in sub-section (5), for the word " convicted " the words " so ordered " shall be substituted, and for the words " the costs of the prosecutor " the words " any amount which the Chief Court has power under this section to award by way of costs to the person opposing the application " shall be substituted ;

(*iii*) after sub-section (6) the following sub-section shall be inserted namely :—

" (6*A*) Where any application for the exercise of the power conferred by this section is dismissed, the Chief Court may, if it is of opinion that the application was frivolous or vexatious, order the applicant to pay by way of costs to any person who has opposed the application any expense reasonably incurred by such person in consequence of the application ; " and

(*iv*) for sub-section (8) the following sub-sections shall be substituted, namely :—

" (8) If, in the course of any inquiry or trial, or before the commencement of the hearing of any appeal, the Public Prosecutor, the complainant or the accused notifies to the Court before which the case or appeal is pending his intention to make an application under this section in respect of such case or appeal, the Court shall adjourn the case or postpone the appeal for such a period as will afford a reasonable time for the application to be made and an order to be obtained thereon.

(9) Notwithstanding anything hereinbefore contained, a Judge presiding in a Court of Session shall not be required to adjourn a trial under sub-section (8) if he is of opinion that the person notifying his intention of making an application under this section has had a reasonable opportunity of making such an application and has failed without sufficient cause to take advantage of it."

Amendment of section 528, Code of Criminal Procedure.

132. In section 528 of the said Code,—

(*i*) sub-sections (1), (2), and (3) shall be re-numbered (2), (3), and (5), respectively, and the following shall be inserted as sub-section (1), namely :—

Sessions Judge may withdraw cases from Assistant Sessions Judge.

" (1) Any Sessions Judge may withdraw any case from, or recall any case which he has made over to, any Assistant Sessions Judge subordinate to him ;"

(*ii*) after sub-section (3), as re-numbered, the following sub-section shall be inserted, namely :—

" (4) Any Magistrate may recall any case made over by him under section 192, sub-section (2), to any other Magistrate and may inquire into or try such case himself. "

Amendment of section 537, Code of Criminal Procedure.

133. In section 537 of the said Code,—

(*i*) clause (*b*) shall be omitted ;

(*ii*) the word " want," where it occurs for the second time, shall be omitted ; and

(*iii*) the *Illustration* shall be omitted.

Amendment of section 538, Code of Criminal Procedure.

134. In section 538 of the said Code, for the word " distress," wherever it occurs, the word " attachment " shall be substituted.

135. Before section 540 of the said Code the following sections shall be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new sections 539 A and 539 B in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

"538A. (1) When any application is made to any Court in the course of any inquiry, trial or other proceeding under this Code, and allegations are made therein respecting any public servant, the applicant may give evidence of the facts alleged in the application by affidavit, and the Court may, if it thinks fit, order that evidence relating to such facts be so given. Affidavit in proof of conduct of public servant.

An affidavit to be used before any Court under this section may be sworn or affirmed, before any Magistrate.

Affidavits under this section shall be confined to, and shall state separately, such facts as the deponent is able to prove from his own knowledge and such facts as he has reasonable grounds to believe to be true, and, in the latter case, the deponent shall clearly state the grounds of such belief.

(2) The Court may order any scandalous and irrelevant matter in an affidavit to be struck out or amended.

538B. (1) Any Judge or Magistrate may, at any stage of any inquiry, trial or other proceeding, after due notice to the parties, visit and inspect any place in which an offence is alleged to have been committed, or any other place which it is in his opinion necessary to view for the purpose of properly appreciating the evidence given at such inquiry or trial, and shall without unnecessary delay record a memorandum of any relevant facts observed at such inspection. Local inspection.

(2) Such memorandum shall form part of the record of the case. If the Public Prosecutor, complainant or accused so desires, a copy of the memorandum shall be furnished to him free of cost :

Provided that in the case of a trial by jury or with the aid of assessors, the Judge shall not act under this section, unless such jury or assessors are also allowed a view under section 293."

136. After section 540 of the said Code, the following section shall be inserted, namely :— Insertion of new section 540A in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

" 540A. (1) At any stage of an inquiry or trial under this Code, where two or more accused are before the Court, if the Judge or Magistrate is satisfied, for reasons to be recorded, that any one or more of such accused is or are incapable of remaining before the Court, he may, if such accused is represented by a pleader, dispense with his attendance and proceed with such inquiry or trial in his absence, and may at any subsequent stage of the proceedings, direct the personal attendance of such accused. Provision for inquiries and trial being held in the absence of accused in certain cases.

(2) If the accused in any such case is not represented by a pleader, or if the Judge or Magistrate considers his personal attendance necessary, he may, if he thinks fit, and for reasons to be recorded by him, either adjourn such inquiry or trial, or order that the case of such accused be taken up or tried separately."

137. In section 545 of the said Code,— Amendment of section 545, Code of Criminal Procedure.

(*i*) for clause (*b*) of sub-section (1) the following clause shall be substituted, namely :—

" (*b*) in the payment to any person of compensation for any loss or injury caused by the offence when substantial compensation is, in the opinion of the Court, recoverable by such person in a Civil Court ;" and

(*ii*) to sub-section (1) the following clause shall be added, namely :—

" (*c*) when any person is convicted of any offence which includes theft, criminal misappropriation, criminal breach of trust, or cheating, or of having dishonestly received or retained, or of having voluntarily assisted in disposing of stolen property knowing or having reason to

believe the same to be stolen, in compensating any *bona fide* purchase of such property for the loss of the same if such property is restored to the possession of the person entitled thereto."

Insertion of new section 546 A in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

138. After section 546 of the said Code the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Order of payment of certain fees paid by complainant in non-cognizable cases.

"546A. (1) Whenever any complaint of a non cognizable offence is made to a Court, the Court, if it convicts the accused, may, in addition to the penalty imposed upon him, order him to pay to the complainant—

(*a*) the fee (if any) paid on the petition of complaint, or for the examination of the complainant, and

(*b*) any fees paid by the complainant for serving proceses on his witnesses or on the accused,

and any further order that, in default of payment, the accused shall suffer simple imprisonment for a period not exceeding thirty days.

(2) An order under this section may also be made by an Appellate Court, or by the Chief Court, when exercising its powers of revision."

Amendment of section 547, Code of Criminal Procedure.

139. In section 547 of the said Code, after the word "Code" the words "and the method of recovery of which is not otherwise expressly provided for" shall be inserted.

Substitution of new section for section 559, Code of Criminal Procedure.

140. For section 559 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Provision for powers of Judges and Magistrates being exercised by their successors in office.

"559. (1) Subject to the other provisions of this Code, the powers and duties of a Judge or Magistrate may be exercised or performed by his sucessor in office.

(2) When there is any doubt as to who is the successor in office of any Magistrate, the District Magistrate shall determine by order in writing the Magistrate who shall, for the prupose of this Code or of any proceedings or order thereunder, be deemed to be the successor in office of such Magistrate.

(3) When there is any doubt as to who is the successor in office of any Additional or Assistant Sessions Judge, the Sessions Judge shall determine by order in writing the Judge who shall, for the purposes of this Code or of any proceedings or order thereunder, be deemed to be the successor in office of such Additional or Assistant Sessions Judge."

Insertion of new section 561 A in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

141. After section 561 of the said Code, the following section shall be inserted, namely :—

Saving of inherent power of Chief Court

"561A. Nothing in this Code shall be deemed to limit or affect the inherent power of the Chief Court to make such orders as may be necessary to give effect to any order under this Code or to prevent abuse of the process of any Court or otherwise to secure the ends of justice."

Substitution of new section for section 562, Code of Criminal Procedure.

142. For section 562 of the said Code, the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Power of Court to release certain convicted offenders on probation of good conduct instead of sentencing to punishment.

"562. (1) When any person not under twenty-one years of age is convicted of an offence punishable with imprisonment for not more than seven years, or when any person under twenty-one years of age or any woman is convicted of an offence not punishable with death or transportation for life, and no previous conviction is proved against the offender, if it appears to the Court before which he is convicted, regard being had to the age, character or antecedents of the offender, and to the circumstances in which the offence was committed, that it is

expedient that the offender should be released on probation of good conduct, the Court may, instead of sentencing him at once to any punishment, direct that he be released on his entering into a bond, with or without sureties, to appear and receive sentence when called upon during such period (not exceeding three years) as the Court may direct, and in the meantime to keep the peace and be of good behaviour:

Provided that, where any first offender is convicted by a Magistrate of the third class, or a Magistrate of the second class not specially empowered by the Government in this behalf, and the Magistrate is of opinion that the powers conferred by this section should be exercised, he shall record his opinion to that effect, and submit the proceedings to a Magistrate of the first class or Sub-Divisional Magistrate, forwarding the accused to, or taking bail for his appearance before, such Magistrate, who shall dispose of the case in manner provided by section 380.

Conviction and release with admonition.

(1*A*) In any case in which a person is convicted of theft, theft in a building, dishonest misappropriation, cheating or any offence under the Indian Penal Code punishable with not more than two years' imprisonment and no previous conviction is proved against him, the Court before whom he is so convicted may, if it thinks fit, having regard to the age, character, antecedents or physical or mental condition of the offender and to the trivial nature of the offence or any extenuating circumstances under which the offence was committed, instead of sentencing him to any punishment, release him after due admonition

(2) An order under this section may be made by any Appellate Court or by the Chief Court when exercising its power of revision.

(3) When an order has been made under this section in respect of any offender, the Chief Court may, on appeal when there is a right of appeal to such Court, or when exercising its powers of revision, set aside such order, and in lieu thereof pass sentence on such offender according to law:

Provided that the Chief Court shall not under this sub-section inflict a greater punishment than might have been inflicted by the Court by which the offender was convicted.

(4) The provisions of sections 122, 126A and 406A shall, so far as may be, apply in the case of sureties offered in pursuance of the provisions of this section."

Substitution of new section for section 565, Code of Criminal Procedure.

143. For section 565 of the said Code the following section shall be substituted, namely :—

Order for notifying address of previously convicted offender.

"565 (1) When any person having been convicted —

(*a*) by a Court in Mysore of an offence punishable under section 215, section 489A, section 489B, section 489C, or section 489 (1) of the Indian Penal Code, or of any offence punishable under Chapter XII or Chapter XVII of that Code, with imprisonment of either description for a term of three years, or upwards, or

(*b*) by a Court or Tribunal in British India or any other territory to which the Indian Penal Code may have been extended by the Governor-General of India in Council or of any offence which would, if committed in Mysore, have been punishable under any of the aforesaid sections or Chapters of the Indian Penal Code with like imprisonment for a like term,

is again convicted of any offence punishable under any of those sections or Chapters with imprisonment for a term of three years or upwards by the Chief Court, Court of Session, District Magistrate, Sub-Divisional Magistrate, or Magistrate of the first class, such Court or Magistrate may, if it or he thinks fit, at the time of passing sentence of transportation or imprisonment on such person, also order that his residence and any change of or absence from such residence after release be notified as hereinafter provided for a term not exceeding five years from the date of the expiration of such sentence.

(2) If such conviction is set aside on appeal or other wise such order shall become void.

(3) The Government may make rules to carry out the provisions of this section relating to the notification of residence or change of or absence from esidence by released convicts.

(4) An order under this section may also be made by an Appellate Court or by the Chief Court when exercising its powers of revision.

(5) Any person against whom an order has been made under this section and who refuses or neglects to comply with any rule so made shall be deemed, within the meaning of section 176 of the Indian Penal Code, to have omitted to give notice required for the purpose of preventing the commission of an offence.

(6) Any person charged with a breach of any such rule may be tried by a Magistrate of competent jurisdiction in the district in which the place last notified by him as his place of residence is situated."

Amendment of Schedule II, Code of Criminal Procedure.

144. In Schedule II to the said Code,—

(1) in column 1, the figures " 405 " occurring between the figures " 404 " and " 406 " shall be omitted ;

(2) for the first entry in column 3, against section 213, the words " may arrest without warrant " shall be substituted ;

(3) for the entry in column 3, against section 214, the words " shall not arrest without warrant " shall be substituted ;

(4) for the entry in column 3, against section 215, the words " May arrest without warrant " shall be substituted ;

(5) for the entry in column 3, against section 374, the words " Shall not arrest without warrant " shall be substituted;

(6) for each of the entries in column 5, against sections 118, 119 and 120 occurring opposite the entries " If the offence be not committed " in column 2, the word " Bailable " shall be substituted ; and for the entry in column 5 opposite the entry " 120 Concealing a design to commit an offence punishable with imprisonment, if the offence be committed " the words " According as the offence concealed is bailable or not " shall be substituted ;

(7) for the entry in column 5, against section 363, the word " Bailable " shall be substituted ; and, for the entry in the same column against section 364, the words " Not bailable " shall be substituted ;

(8) for the entry in column 5, against section 477A, the word " Bailable " shall be substituted ;

(9) for the entry in clolumn 5, against section 495, the word " Bailable " shall be substituted ;

(10) for each of the entries in column 6, against sections 343, 346 and 357, the words " Compoundable when permission is given, by the Court before which the prosecution is pending " shall be substituted ; and, for each of the entries in the same column, against sections 344 and 347, the words " Not compoundable " shall be substituted ;

(11) for the entry in column 6, against section 403, the words " Compoundable when permission is given by the Court before which the prosecution is pending " shall be substituted ;

(12) for each of the entries in column 6, against sections 417 418, 419 and 420, the words " Compoundable when permission is given by the Court before which the prosecution is pending " shall be substituted ;

(13) for the entry in column 6, against section 430, the words " Compoundable when permission is given by the Court before which the prosecution is pending " shall be substituted ; and for the entry in the same column, against section 431, the words " Not compoundable " shall be substituted ;

(14) for the first entry in column 6, against section 451, the following shall be substituted, namely :—"Compoundable when

permission is given by the Court before which the prosecution is pending " ; and, for the second entry in that column, against the same section the words " Not compoundable " shall be substituted ;

(15) for the entry in column 6, against section 482, the words " Compoundable when permission is given by the Court before which the prosecution is pending " shall be substituted ; and, for the entry in the same column, against section 484, the words " Not compoundable " shall be substituted ;

(16) for the entry in column 6, against section 486, the words " Compoundable with permission of the Court before which the prosecution is pending " shall be substituted ; and, for the entry in the same column, against section 487 the words " Not compoundable " shall be substituted ;

(17) for the entry in column 6, against section 494, the words " Compoundable with permission of the Court before which the prosecution is pending " shall be substituted ; and, for the entry in the same column, against section 495, the words " Not compoundable " shall be substituted ;

(18) for the entry in column 6, against section 508, the word " Compoundable " shall be substituted ;

(19) for the entry in column 6, against section 509, the words " Compoundable when permission is given by the Court before which the prosecution is pending " shall be substituted ; and, for the entry in the same column, against section 510, the words " Not compoundable " shall be substituted ;

(20) in the entry in column 7, against section 121, for the words " forfeiture of property " the word " fine " shall be substituted ;

(21) in the entry in column 7, against section 121A, after the word " years " the words " and fine " shall be inserted ;

(22) in the entry in column 7, against section 122, for the words " forfeiture of property " the word " fine " shall be substituted ;

(23) for the entry in column 7, against section 477A, the words " Imprisonment of either description for seven years, or fine, or both shall be substituted ;

(24) for the entry in column 8, against section 294, the words " Any Magistrate " shall be substituted ;

(25) for the entry in column 8, against section 317, the words " Court of Session, or Magistrate of the first class " shall be substituted ;

(26) in the entry in column 8, against section 318, the words " or second " shall be omitted ;

(27) for the entry in column 8, against section 327, the words Court of Session, or Magistrate of the first class " shall be substituted ; and, for the entry in the same column, against section 328, the words " Court of Session " shall be substituted ;

(28) for the entry in column 8, against section 368, the words " Court of Session, or Magistrate of the first class " shall be substituted;

(29) for the entry in column 8, against section 477A, the words ' Court of Session, or Magistrate of the first class " shall be substituted ;

(30) for the entry in column 8, against section 494, the words " Court of Session, or Magistrate of the first class " shall be substituted ; and, for the entry in the same column, against section 495, the words " Court of Session " shall be substituted.

145. In Schedule III to the said Code,— **Amendment of Schedule III, Code of Criminal Procedure.**

(*i*) under Head I (*Ordinary Powers of a Magistrate of the Third Class*)—

(1) in item (5), after the word " property " the words " and to dispose of claims to attached property " shall be inserted ;

(2) item (13) shall be omitted ;

(3) in item (14), after the word " detention " the words " not being detention in the custody of the police " shall be inserted ;

(4) the following item shall be inserted between items (14) and (15), namely :—

" (14a) Power to postpone issue of process and inquire into case himself, section 202 ; "

(5) to item (18) the words, figures and letter " and to require fresh security, section 514A " shall be added ;

(6) After item (18) the following item shall be inserted, namely:—

" (18a) power to make order as to custody and disposal of property pending inquiry or trial, section 516A ; "

(7) in item (19), the word " perishable " shall be omitted ;

(8) after item (19) the following items shall be added, namely :—

" (20) Power to require affidavit in support of application, section 538A ;

(21) Power to make local inspection, section 538B ; "

(*ii*) under Head II (*Ordinary Powers of a Magistrate of the Second Class*)—

(1) for item (3) the following item shall be substituted, namely :—

" (3) Power to postpone issue of process and to inquire into a case or direct investigation, section 202 ; "

(2) item (4) shall be omitted ;

(*iii*) under Head III (*Ordinary Powers of a Magistrate of the First Class*)—

(1) in item (6), for the figures " 126 " the figures and letter " 126A " shall be substituted ;

(2) between items (6) and (7) the following item shall be inserted namely :—

" (6a) Power to make orders as to local nuisances, section 133 ; "

(3) betwen items (7) and (8), the following items shall be inserted, namely :—

" (7a) Power to record statements and confessions during a police investigation, section 164 ;

(7aa) Power to authorise detention of a person in the custody of the police during a police investigation, section 167 ;

(7*b*) Power to hold inquests, section 174 ; "

(4) After item (9) the following item shall be inserted, namely :

" (9a) Power to tender pardon to accomplice during inquiry into case by himself, section 337 ; "

(5) after item (12) the following items shall be inserted, namely:—

" (12a) Power to require fresh security, section 514A ;

(12b) Power to re-call case made over by him to another Magistrate, section 528 (4) ; "

(6) after item (13) the following item shall be added namely :—

" (14) Power to order released convicts to notify residence, section 565 ; "

(*iv*) in Head IV (*Ordinary Powers of a Sub-Divisional Magistrate*)

(1) in the head note, after the words " Sub-Divisional Magistrate. " the words " appointed under section 13 " shall be inserted ;

(2) the following items shall be omitted, namely :—

" (4) Power to make orders as to local nuisances, section 133 ; "

" (10) Power to hold inquest, section 174 ; "

" (20) Power to order released convicts to notify residence, section 565 ; "

(*v*) in Head V (*Ordinary powers of a District Magistrate*)—

(1) after item (6) the following item shall be inserted, namely :—

"(6a) Power to order preliminary investigation by police officer not below the rank of Inspector in certain cases, section 196A ;"

(2) after item (7) the following item shall be inserted, namely :—

"(7a) Power to tender pardon to accomplice at any stage of a case, section 337 ;"

(4) in item (9), after the word "for" the words "keeping the peace or" shall be inserted ;

(5) after item (9) the following item shall be inserted, namely :—

"(9a) Power to hear appeals from orders of Magistrates refusing to accept or rejecting sureties, section 406 A;"

(6) in item (12), for the figures "436" the figures "437," and, in item (13), for the figures "437" the figures "436" shall be substituted, and items (12) and (13) shall be re-numbered (13) and (12), respectively.

Amendment of Schedule IV, Code of Criminal Procedure.

146. In Schedule IV to the said Code,—

(*i*) from the list of powers with which a Magistrate of the first class may be invested by the Government, the following shall be omitted, namely :—

"(3) Power to make orders as to local nuisances, section 133 ;"

"(6) Power to hold inquests, section 174 ;"

"(14) Power to order released convicts to notify residence, section 565 ;".

(*ii*) from the list of powers with which a Magistrate of the first class may be invested by the District Magistrate, item (3), namely, "Power to hold inquests, section 174," shall be omitted ;

(*iii*) in the list of powers with which a Magistrate of the second class may be invested by the Government—

between items (3) and (4) the following items shall be inserted, namely :—

"(3a) Power to record statements and confessions during a police investigation, section 164 ;

(3b) Power to authorise detention of a person in the custody of the police during a police investigation, section 167 ;"

(*iv*) from the list of powers with which a Magistrate of the third class may be invested by the Government, the following shall be omitted, namely :—

"(2) Power to make orders under section 144 ;"

"(6) Power to commit for trial, section 206 ;"

and from the list of powers with which such Magistrates may be invested by the District Magistrate, the following shall be omitted, namely :—

"(2) Power to make orders under section 144."

Amendment of Schedule V, Code of Criminal Procedure.

147. In Schedule V to the said Code,—

(*i*) in Form VI—

(*a*) in the ORDER OF ATTACHMENT TO COMPEL THE ATTENDANCE OF A WITNESS, for the words "Proclamation was duly issued" the words "Proclamation has been or is being duly issued" shall be substituted, and the words "and he has failed to appear" shall be omitted ;

(*b*) in the ORDER OF ATTACHMENT TO COMPEL THE APPEARANCE OF A PERSON ACCUSED, for the words "Proclamation was duly issued" the words "Proclamation has been or is being duly issued" shall be substituted ;

(*c*) in the ORDER AUTHORISING AN ATTACHMENT BY THE DEPUTY COMMISSIONER for the words "Proclamation was duly issued" the words "proclamation has been or is being duly issued" shall be substituted, and the words "but he has not appeared" shall be omitted ;

(*ii*) in Forms X and XI, after the words "for the term of ," wherever they occur, the words "or until the completion of the inquiry in the matter of now pending in the Court of ;" and after the words "said term," wherever they occur, the words "or until the completion of the said inquiry" shall be inserted ;

(*iii*) in Form XXX—

(*a*) in the heading for the word "DISTRESS" the words "ATTACHMENT AND SALE" shall be substituted ;

(*b*) after the words "dismissed as" the words "false and" shall be inserted ; and

(*c*) the words "and cannot be recovered by distress of the movable property of the said (name of complainant)" shall be omitted ;

(*iv*) in Form XXXVII, after the figures "386" the figure, letter and brackets "(1) (*a*)" shall be inserted ;

(*v*) in each of Forms XXXVII and XLI, the following amendments shall be made, namely :—

(*a*) in the heading, for the word "DISTRESS" the word "ATTACHMENT" shall be substituted ;

(*b*) for the words "make distress by seizure of any" the words "attach any" shall be substituted ;

(*c*) for the words "such distress" the words "such attachment" shall be substituted ; and

(*d*) for the words "property distrained" the words "property attached" shall be substituted ;

(*vi*) after Form XXXVII the following Form shall be inserted, namely :—

"XXXVII A.—BOND FOR APPEARANCE OF OFFENDER RELEASED PENDING REALISATION OF FINE.

(*See section* 388.)

WHEREAS I, (*name*), *inhabitant of* (*place*), have been sentenced to pay a fine of rupees and in default of payment thereof to undergo imprisonment for ; and whereas the Court has been pleased to order my release on condition of my executing a bond for my appearance on the following date (or dates), namely :—

I hereby bind myself to appear before the Court of at o'clock on the following date (or dates), namely :—

and in case of making default herein, I bind myself to forfeit to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, the sum of Rupees

Dated this day of 19 .

(*Signature.*)

Where a bond with sureties is to be executed, add—

We do hereby declare ourselves sureties for the above-named that he will appear before the Court of on the following date or dates, namely :—

and, in case of his making default therein, we bind ourselves jointly and severally to foreit to His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore the sum of Rupees

(*Signature.*)"

Repeal of section 39, Court-fees Regulation, 1900.

148. Section 39 of the Court-fees Regulation, 1900, is hereby repealed.

Commencement.

149 This Regulation shall come into force on such date as the Government may, by notification in the official Gazette, appoint.

STATEMENT OF OBJECTS AND REASONS.

The Representative Assembly and the Legislative Council have urged upon the attention of Government the desirability of adopting the amendments which the Government of India have made during the past few years in the Code of Criminal Procedure. A Bill has accordingly been prepared incorporating all the changes adopted in British India, excepting those relating to racial distinctions.

The important changes made by the Bill are noticed below:—

Clause 2.—Places the recognition of the *mukhtears* on a better basis.

Clause 7.—This is intended to meet the case of a requisition from a Police Officer to arrest a man at a distance. The requisition must reveal the offence or other cause for which the arrest is to be made, so that the arresting officer can satisfy himself that the arrest could lawfully have been made without warrant by the Officer issuing the requisition.

Clause 10.—Provision is made in this clause for the investigation by a Magistrate of the claims of third parties whose property has been attached as the property of the absconding accused. This is not possible at present. Proceedings may be instituted in a Civil Court for the establishment of a claim which has been disallowed by the Magistrate within a period of one year from the date of the order of the Magistrate. If the proclaimed person appears before the specified time, the property will have to be released from attachment.

Clause 13.—By the proposed amendment the Magistrate will be prevented from proceeding upon any and every information and will have to satisfy himself as to the veracity and correctness of the information before taking any action. The Magistrate's power to detain the accused in custody will extend only up to taking further action under this chapter.

Clause 16.—Sub-Section (3) is added to Sec. 117 to enable Magistrates to take immediate steps in emergent cases to preserve the public peace or for the public safety by taking security proceedings pending the detailed inquiry.

Clause 17.—This clause provides for the rejection of sureties previously accepted on the ground of unfitness. But before such rejection an inquiry will have to be held into the fitness of the surety. The conduct of the inquiry may however be delegated to a Subordinate Magistrate.

Clause 23.—This clause provides for the stay of proceedings, pending decision of a Civil Court, by the Magistrate if he is satisfied of the *bona fides* of a dispute regarding the existence of a public right of way and the like.

Clause 24.—Under this clause a person aggrieved by an order under Section 144 of the Code will be entitled to apply to the Magistrate and show cause against the order and the Magistrate shall give him an opportunity to be heard. If the Magistrate rejects the application, he shall record his reasons.

Clause 31.—Sub-Section (1) of Section 162 has been redrafted with a view to make it clear in what way the statements made under Section 161 can be used. The statements are not to be used in any way or for any purposes except as allowed by the proviso. They are not of much corroborative value where the witness merely repeats the same statement in court and they ought not therefore to be used for the purpose of corroboration under Section 157 of the Evidence Act. If the accused wishes to rely on anything in the previous statement of a witness to the police of which he has been allowed by the Court to have a copy, he will have to prove it in the ordinary

way. If any part of the previous statement of the witness is used for the purposes of cross-examination by the accused, any other part of it may be used by the prosecution within proper limits of re-examination. This is the only way in which the prosecution will be allowed to use previous statements.

Clause 32.—By this clause a statutory obligation is cast on a Magistrate acting under Section 164 to warn an accused person about to make a confession that the same may be used against him and the certificate by the Magistrate should record the fact that the warning was given.

Clause 35.—The power of authorising detention in police custody is confined under this clause to First Class Magistrates and Second Class Magistrates specially empowered.

Clause 37.—The change effected by this clause provides for the communication of the result of the police investigation to the person who gave the first information, and for the supply of a copy of the charge sheet to the accused before the commencement of the enquiry or trial, so that he may know the case he has to meet.

Clause 43.—The necessity for obtaining sanction under Section 195 before prosecution for offences connected with the administration of justice has been removed; courts will take cognizance, however, only on the written complaint of the officer or court before whom the offence was committed.

Clause 60.—This clause provides that when two or more persons are accused of offences of the same kind committed by them jointly during the space of one year, they may be tried for the same at one trial. It also provides for the combination of charges of theft, receiving stolen property and such like offences.

Clause 64.—The procedure in awarding compensation in false and either frivolous or vexatious charges has been more clearly laid down by directing that a Magistrate in his order of discharge or acquittal may call upon the complainant to show cause why he should not pay compensation. The Magistrate will consider and record any cause shown and pass such orders as he deems fit.

Clause 77.—Under the amendment, pardon may be tendered even during investigation and it can be tendered only by a Magistrate of the first class who is enquiring or by any District Magistrate or Sub-Divisional Magistrate or with the sanction of the District Magistrate a Magistrate of the first class having jurisdiction in any place where the offence might be inquired into or tried.

Clause 90.—Under the existing law, fine can be recovered only by distress and sale of movable property. It is now proposed to enable the recovery of fine by sale of immovable property also. It is also proposed to prohibit the recovery of fine in cases where the offender has undergone the full term of imprisonment in default of payment of fine, except for special reasons such as evasion of the payment of the fine having the means to pay.

Clause 92.—When an offender is sentenced to fine only, provision is made for the payment of the fine in instalments within a particular period and also for suspension of sentence during the period on execution of a bond by the offender to appear before Court on a date to be fixed.

Clause 97.—Appeal is provided for, from an order directing security to keep the peace and appeals will lie to the Sessions Judge instead of to the District Magistrate.

Clause 124.—Provision as to bail in non-bailable cases is made less stringent. Courts are empowered to release women, sick people and persons under 16 years of age on bail in non-bailable cases and other accused persons also may be so released either by the Court or police officers unless there appear to be

reasonable grounds for believing that they have been guilty of an offence punishable with deaths or transportation.

Clause 127.—This clause will enable courts to pass orders for the custody or disposal of property during an enquiry which can be done under the existing law only after the enquiry or trial is concluded.

Clause 142.—This clause empowers the courts to release convicted persons upon probation in a larger number of cases, comprising a wider range of persons, than is permitted by the existing Section 562.

This clause also empowers the Magistrate in certain classes of cases, such as theft, misappropriation, cheating, etc., to release a first offender after admonition, having regard to his age, antecedents and other extenuating circumstances.

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PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 3318, *dated 8th December* 1925.

Under Rule 49 of the Rules for the conduct of business of the Mysore Legislative Council, the following Report of the Select Committee on the Bill further to amend the Mysore Municipal Regulation, VII of 1906 is published for general information with the portions of the Bill amended by them.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary, Legislative Council.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO CONSIDER THE BILL FURTHER TO AMEND THE MYSORE MUNICIPAL REGULATION VI OF 1906.

We, the Members of the Select Committee appointed to consider the Bill further to amend the Mysore Municipal Regulation, met and considered the Bill at eight sittings. Mr. B. Narasinga Rao expressed his unwillingness to serve on the Committee and did not attend the meetings. The clauses in the Bill which in our opinion require changes, the amendments proposed by us and the reasons therefor are noted below. We recommend that the Bill as amended by us may be passed by the Council.

Signed B. NAGAPPA.
,, C. NARASIMHAIYYA.*
,, B. K. GARUDACHAR.*
,, K. SHANKARANARAYANA RAO.
,, J. RUDRAPPA.
,, B. V. RAMASWAMY CHETTY.
,, C. SRIKANTESVARA AIYAR.†
,, MOHAMED ABBAS KHAN.
,, P. G. D'SOUZA.
,, K. CHANDY (*Chairman*).

(*Signed subject to the dissenting note appended.

ovision in the existing Regulation	Clauses of the Bill which require change	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
SECTION 10 PROVISO TO SUB-SECTION (1). Provided that the number of elec- l Councillors shall be not less than o-thirds, one-half and one-third the whole number, inclusive of e President, in City, Town and inor Municipal Councils respec- ely and that not more than one- lf of the nominated councillors all be salaried servants of overnment.	1. For the proviso to sub-section (1) of Section 10, the following shall be substituted :— "Provided that the number of elected Councillors shall not be less than two-thirds and one-half of the whole number, inclusive of the President, in the case of City and other Municipal Councils respectively, and that not more than one-half of the nominated councillors shall be salaried servants of Government."	1. For the proviso to sub-section (1) of Section 10, the following shall be substituted :— "(1*a*) The number of elected councillors shall not be less than two-thirds in the case of City Municipal Councils and not less than one-half, in the case of other Municipal Councils, of the whole number of Councillors; and of the number of nominated councillors, the salaried servants of the Government if any, shall not exceed one-half. Provided that when a President appointed by Government by name under clauses (*a*) and (*b*) of Sub-section (2) of Section 23 or when a President elected under clause (*d*) of the same Sub-section is not a Councillor, the two-thirds and one-half of the whole number mentioned in this Section shall be exclusive of the President so appointed or elected and the President so appointed or elected shall be an additional Councillor."	Recast to specify clearly the elected element in the different classes of Municipal Councils. Recast so as to avoid a possible interpretation that one or more salaried servants of Government should necessarily be nominated to a Municipal Council. There is no such nomination in the City Municipal Council, Bangalore. This is firstly, to provide for the appointment by Government of a President who is not already a Councillor—elected or nominated; secondly, to declare such a President as well as one elected by the general body of voters, if not already a Councillor, to be an additional Councillor, and thirdly, to exclude such Presidents when calculating the elected element, in order that neither the number that may be nominated to a Council is reduced by one, nor the number elected for separate Mohallas is reduced by one. Unless the President in these two cases is an additional Councillor, one or the other of these alternatives, neither of which is desirable, will follow.

In specified proportions.

23. (1) For every Municipal uncil there shall be a President d, if and whenever Government so ects, one or more than one Vice-esident. Where there are more ce-Presidents than one, the vernment may direct which of em is the senior for the purpose this Regulation.

(2) The President and the ce-President or Vice-Presidents all be selectted from among the ncillors; and for this purpose y be either—

(*a*) appointed by the Govern-nt by name; or

(*b*) appointed by the Govern-nt *ex-officio*, that is to say, as cuting the functions of any office ich the Government from time time notifies in this behalf; or

3. After sub-section (2) of Section 13, the following new sub-section shall be inserted :—

"(3) A person shall not be qualified to be elected as a Councillor unless he is enrolled in the Municipal Election Roll and a person who is already a Councillor shall not be qualified to be a candidate at a bye-election held before his term of office as Councillor.

Provided that if any company, body corporate or other association of individuals is enrolled in the Municipal Election Roll, any one person duly authorised in this behalf to represent such association shall be deemed to be qualified to be elected a Councillor."

4. For Section 23 of the Regulation, the following shall be substituted :—

"(1) Every Municipal Council shall be presided over by a President who shall be either :—

(*a*) appointed by the Government by name, or

(*b*) appointed by the Government *ex-officio* that is to say, as executing the functions of any office which the Government from time to time notifies in this behalf, or

(*c*) if the Government so directs, elected by the Municipal Council in accordance with such rules and conditions as may be prescribed by Government in this behalf, or

3. After Sub-section (2) of Section 13, the following new Sub-section shall be inserted :—

Amenmendt of Sec. 13.

"(3) A person shall not be qualified to be elected as a Councillor unless he is enrolled in the Municipal Election Roll and a person who is already a Councillor shall not be qualified to be a candidate at a bye-election held before his term of office as Councillor.

Enrolment in Municipal Election Roll necessary for elected Councillor.

Provided that if any company, body corporate, or other association of individuals is enrolled in the Municipal Election Roll, any one person who is authorised in writing in this behalf by such association to represent it and who is not subject to any of the disqualifications under this Regulation; shall be deemed to be qualified to be elected a Councillor."

Representative of Association.

Troubles may arise as to whether a person was or was not duly authorised by an association. Such authorisation should be in writing, and for obvious reasons, the person authorised should not be subject to any disqualifications under the Regulation.

4. For Section 23 of the Regulation, the following shall be substituted :—

Amendment of Section 23

"23. (1) For every Municipal Council there shall be a president, and, if and whenever Government so directs, one or more than one Vice-President. Where there are more Vice-Presidents than one, the Government may direct which of them is the senior for the purpose of this Regulation.

Every Municipal Council to have a President and if Government so directs, one or more Vice Presidents.

The existing provision which prescribes that every Municipal Council shall have a President and may have one or more Vice-Presidents (if so directed) is retained in preference to the amendment in the Bill which leaves it to be inferred.

(2) The President may be—

(*a*) appointed by the Government by name, or

(*b*) appointed by the Government *ex-officio*, that is to say, as executing the functions of any office which the Government from time to time notifies in this behalf, or

(*c*) if the Government so directs, elected by the councillors from among their number in accordance with such rules and conditions as may be prescribed by Government in this behalf, or

Recast, consequent on the above change.

vision in the existing Regulation	Class of the Bill which require change	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
(*c*) if the Government so ects, elected by the Municipal ncil in accordance with such es and conditions as may be scribed by Government in this alf.	(*d*) if the Government so directs, elected by persons entitled to vote under Section 13, subject to such rules and conditions as may be prescribed by the Government in this behalf.	(*d*) if the Government so directs, elected by persons entitled to vote under Section 13, subject to such rules and conditions as may be prescribed by the Government in this behalf.	Sub-clause (4)(*a*) in the Bill is omitted as it is already included in the amended Sub-Section (1).
	(4) (*a*) There shall be a Vice-President for such Municipal Councils as the Government may direct. (*b*) The Vice-President shall be elected by Councillors from among their number in accordance with such rules and conditions as may be prescribed by Government in this behalf.	(4) The Vice-President shall be elected by the Councillors from among their number in accordance with such rules and conditions as may be prescribed by Government in this behalf.	
	Provided that the Government may for special reasons and in the case of such Municipal Council as it may deem fit appoint the Vice-President by name.	Provided that the Government may, for special reasons and in the case of such Municipal Councils as it may deem fit, appoint the Vice-President by name.	
(7*a*) During the period intervening the expiry of the term of a resident on the reconstitution of a unicipal Council and the election nomination as the case may be another President, the Deputy ommissioner in the case of Municipalities at district headquarters, the Amildar in the case of other unicipalities shall, notwithstanding anything contained in this egulation or in the rules or notifications issued thereunder, take the ace of the President until such cted or nominated President ers on his duties.	(3) During the period intervening the expiry of the term of a President on reconstitution of a Municipal Council and the election or nomination as the case may be, of another President, the Deputy Commissioner in the case of Municipalities at district headquarters, or the Amildar in the case of other Municipalities shall, notwithstanding anything contained in this Regulation or in the rules or notifications issued thereunder take the place of the President until such elected or nominated President enters on his duties.	(5) During the period, if any, intervening between the expiry of the term of a President on reconstitution of a Municipal Council and the election or nomination as the case may be of another President, the Deputy Commissioner in the case of City Municipalities and Municipalities at district headquarters, or the Amildar in the case of other Municipalities shall, notwithstanding anything contained in this Regulation or in the rules or notifications issued thereunder, perform the functions of the President until such elected or nominatated President enters on his duties.	When a President is elected under sub-clause (2)(*d*) above there may be no interregnum. So the words "if any" between the words "period" and "intervening" are inserted. Municipalities at district headquarters include the two City Municipalities. Hence the change. For the words "take the place" the words "perform the functions" are substituted as more appropriate and legal.

(4) Except in the case of an *ex-icio* President or Vice-President, ery President or Vice-President ıo, for a period exceeding three onths, shall absent himself from e Municipality in such manner to be unable to perform his duties such President or Vice-President, all cease to be President or Vice-esident unless leave so to absent mself has been granted— (*a*) by the Government in the se of a President or Vice-President pointed under clause (*a*) of sub-ction (2), (*b*) by the Municipal Council the case of an elected President Vice-President.	(5) Except in the case of a salaried servant of Government who is either an appointed or an *ex-officio* President, every President, who for a period exceeding three months, and every Vice-President who for a period exceeding fifteen days, shall absent himself from the Municipality in such manner as to be unable to perform his duties as such President or Vice-President, shall cease to be President or Vice-President unless leave so to absent himself has been granted— (*a*) by the Government in the case of a President appointed under clase (*a*) of sub-section (1); (*b*) by the Municipal Council in the case of an elected President or of a Vice-President.	(6) Except in the case of a salaried servant of Government who is either an appointed or *ex-officio* President, every President and every Vice-President who, for a period exceeding two months, shall absent himself from the Municipality in such manner as to be unable to perform his duties as such President or Vice-President, shall cease to be President or Vice-President unless leave so to absent himself has been granted— (*a*) by the Government in the case of a President or Vice-President appointed by Government, (*b*) by the Municipal Council in the case of an elected President or Vice-President.	**Consequences of absence of President or Vice-President without leave.**	There is no apparent reason for the difference in the period of absence of the President and Vice-President, and the period of three months is too long. A period of two months is prescribed. A Vice-President can also be appointed by Government in certain cases. There is no provision to grant leave in such a case. This omission is rectified, by the addition of the words "or Vice-President." The words 'under clause (*a*) of sub-section (1), refer only to the President, and have therefore to be replaced by the words "by Government," as a Vice-President is also included in the clause.
(5) Leave under the last preced-g sub-section shall not be granted : a period exceeding six months, d whenever leave is granted to a esident or Vice-President under at sub-section a Councillor shall appointed or elected, as the case ay be, to perform all the duties d exercise all the powers of a esident or Vice-President during e period for which such leave is anted.	(6) Leave under the last preceding sub-section shall not be granted for a period exceeding six months and whenever leave is granted to a Vice-President under that sub-section a Councillor shall be elected, subject to the conditions to which the election of the Vice-President so absenting himself was subject, to perform all the duties and exercise all the powers of a Vice-President during the period for which such leave is granted.	(7) Leave under the last preceding sub-section shall not be granted for a period exceeding six months. Whenever leave is granted to a President and there is no Vice-President for the Council or the office of the Vice-President is vacant, the vacancy shall be filled up by election by the Council from among the Councillors, whether the President was elected under clause (*c*) or (*d*) of sub-section (2), within such period and in such manner as may be prescribed by rules framed by Government in this behalf. If the Council fail to elect the President or if the appointment of the President was under clause (*a*) of sub-section (2) the Government may fill up the vacancy. When leave is granted to a Vice-President or when he is acting for the President, the vacancy may be filled up by appointment or election, as the case may be, of some other Councillor thereto.	**Limit of grant of leave and arrangements during leave.**	Sub-clause (6) in the Bill does not provide for all the cases that may arise on the grant of leave to a President or Vice-President. It is to be replaced by the proposed sub-clause (7).
(6) Every President and every ce-President shall be removable ɔm his office as such President or ce-President by the Government : misconduct, or neglect of or ɔapacity to perform his duty, and ɔ term of office of every President	(7) Every President and Vice-President shall be removable from his office as such President or Vice-President by the Government for misconduct, or neglect of or incapacity to perform his duties and the term of office of every President,	(8) The term of office of every President and of every Vice-President shall cease on the expiry of his term of office as Councillor and every President and Vice-President shall be removable from his office as such President or Vice-President by the Government for misconduct, or neglect of or incapacity to perform his duties after an apportunity is afforded for hearing him.	**Term of Office of President and Vice-President and their liability to be removed.**	The sub-clause is recast to bring about a more logical order; provision is also made to afford the President or Vice-President an opportunity of being heard before his removal.

ovision in the existing Regulation	Clauses of the Bill which require change	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee		Reasons for the change
d every Vice-President, shall be : a year unless the term of the ›uncil expires sooner. Provided that in the case of City unicipalities, his term of office all continue for three years unless ; term of office as Councillor ex- 'es sooner.	and of every Vice-President, shall cease on the expiry of his term of office as Councillor.			
(7) In the event of the death, ›signation or removal from office of President or Vice-President other an an *ex-officio* President or Vice- 'esident, or of his becoming incap- le of acting in such office or having ›sed to be a Councillor under sub- ction (2) of Section 15, previous the expiry of his term of office as 'esident or Vice-President, the cancy shall be filled up by the pointment or election, as the case ›y be, of some other Councillor ›reto.	(8) In the event of the death, resignation or removal from office of a President other than an *ex-officio* President, or of a Vice-President, or of his becoming incapable of acting in such office or having ceased to be a Councillor under sub-section (2) of Section 15, previous to the expiry of his term of office as President or Vice-President, the vacancy shall be filled up by the appointment or election, as the case may be, of some other Councillor thereto.	(9) In the event of the death, resignation or removal from office of a President other than an *ex-officio* President, or of a Vice-President, or of his becoming incapable of acting in such office or having ceased to be a Councillor under sub-section (2) of Section 15 previous to the expiry of his term of office as President or Vice-President, the vacancy shall be filled up by the appointment or election, as the case may be, of some other Councillor thereto. For all the vacancies which are not otherwise provided for, the Government may appoint any person to perform all the duties and exercise all the powers of a President or Vice-President during such vacancy.	**Vacancies in their office how to be filled up.**	This is to provide for cas al vacancies.
(8) The President or Vice-Presi- nt of any Municipal Council may ›eive out of the Municipal Fund ›h monthly salary or allowances such Municipal Council may ›ction from time to time with the proval of Government. Provided that it shall be lawful any Municipal Council to pay ; of the Municipal Fund with the ›ction of Government, the salary any Government Officer whose vices are lent for employment as ›e-President or President.	(9) The President or Vice-President of any Municipal Council may receive out of the Municipal Fund such monthly salary or allowances as such Municipal Council may sanction from time to time with the approval of Government. Provided that it shall be lawful for any Municipal Council to pay out of the Municipal Fund with the sanction of Government, the salary of any Government officer whose services are lent for employment as Vice-President or President.	(10) The President or Vice-President of any Municipal Council may receive out of the Municipal Fund such monthly salary or allowances as such Municipal Council may sanction from time to time with the approval of Government. * It shall be lawful for any Municipal Council to pay out of the Municipal Fund with the sanction of Government, salary or allowances to any Government officer who is appointed as President or Vice-President."	**Remuneration of President and Vice-President of Municipal Council.**	[*Recast, as this is not strictly a proviso to sub-clause (9). The words "whose services are lent for employment" are replaced by the words "who is appointed," as being more comprehensive and applicable to actual facts. The omission of 'the' and substitution of 'to' for 'of' are made as 'salary' is too restricted and not sufficiently definitive. Allowances of the officer should be included in order to provide for cases in which only an allowance is debited to the Municipal Council.]

ECTION 26, SUB-[illegible]TION (14).

(14) (*a*) The Executive Engineer, Educational Inspector and the Civil Surgeon in a district when charged with any of the duties of a Health Officer therein, if not members of the Municipal Council within the district, shall have the right of being present at any meeting of such Municipal Council, and, with the consent of the Municipal Council, each of them may take part at such meeting in the discussion or consideration of any question, on which, by virtue of the duties of his office, he considers his opinion or the information which he can supply will be useful to such Municipal Council.

* * *

(*b*) If it shall appear to a Municipal Council that the presence of the Executive Engineer, Educational Inspector, or Civil Surgeon of the district, is desirable for the purpose aforesaid at any future meeting of such Municipal Council, it shall be competent to such Municipal Council, by letter addressed to such officer not less than fifteen days previous to the intended meeting, to require his presence, thereat; and the said officer, unless prevented by sickness, or other reasonable cause, shall be bound to attend such meeting.

* * *

Explanation.—The terms "Executive Engineer," "Educational Inspector" and "Civil Surgeon" in sub-sections (13) and (14) of this section include the Principal Engineering, Educational and Medical Officer, respectively, in or for the district.

5. In the explanation at the end of Section 26 the words "or Sanitary" shall be inserted after the word "Medical."

Amendment of Section 26.

5. (1) In clause (*a*) of sub-section (14) of Section 26, for the words "Civil Surgeon in a district when charged with any of the duties of a Health Officer therein," the words "the Chief Sanitary Officer in a district" shall be substituted.

(2) In clause (*b*) of the same sub-section, the words "Chief Sanitary Officer" shall be substituted for the words "Civil Surgeon."

(3) For the explanation at the end of Section 26, the following shall be substituted:—

"*Explanation.*—The terms "Executive Engineer" and "Educational Inspector" in sub-sections (13) and (14) of this section include the principal Engineering and Educational Officer, respectively in or for the district."

The use of the words "Civil Surgeon, etc.," in the sub-section is inaccurate. Rather than retain the words and explain them later, it is better to replace them by the words "Chief Sanitary Officer in a district" so as to bring about the desired result and exclude the Chief Sanitary Inspectors of districts.

Consequent on the change made above.

sion in the existing Regulation	Clauses of the Bill which require change	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
Every Municipal Council, as soon as conveniently may ter the constitution thereof and ect to the provisions of Chapter A, make and may from time me alter or rescind rules, but so as to render them inconsis- with this Regulation, (*a*) regulating the conduct of r business and the delegation of of their powers or duties and, ect to the provisions of section the appointment and constitu- of committees; (*b*) determining, (*i*) the executive functions e performed by the president, -president, the chairman of any mittee, and subject to the pro- ons of Chapter XIII, in City nicipal Councils by the Chief cer, and subject to the provisions Chapter XIIIA, by the Municipal mmissioner, and the delegation ny of their powers or duties to persons; (*b*) (*ii*) the staff of officers and ants to be employed by the nicipal Council and the respec- designations, duties, salaries, and absentee or other allow- es of such officers and servants, the powers and duties delegated hem under Section 37; (*c*) generally for the guidance heir officers and servants all tters relating the municipal ministration	...	8. The following shall be substituted for previso (*a*) to Section 46 of the Regulation, *viz* :— "(*a*) It shall be competent for the Government to frame rules for the regulation of all or any of the matters specified in clauses (*b*) (*ii*), (*c*), (*e*), (*f*), (*g*) and (*h*) in respect of any Municipal Council or in respect of all or any of their employees and no rule made or any alteration or rescission of a rule made by a Municipal Council under this section shall have effect if it is repugnant to any rule made by the Government and unless and until it has been also approved by the Government."	Power may be given to Government to frame rules in respect of any Council rather than any class of Municipal Councils. There may be cases when a Municipal Council falling under a certain class may not be in a position to be subjected to such rules.
	8. The following shall be substituted for previso (*a*) to Section 46 of the Regulation, *viz* :— " (*a*) It shall be competent for the Government to frame rules for the regulation of all or any of the matters specified in clauses (*b*) (*ii*), (*c*), (*e*), (*f*), (*g*) and (*h*) in respect of all or any class of Municipal Councils, or in respect of all or any of their employees and no rule made or any alteration or rescission of a rule made by a Municipal Council under this section shall have effect if it is repugnant to any rule made by the Government and unless and until it has been also approved by the Government."		

Amendment of Section 46.

(*d*) fixing the amount and the ature of the security to be furnished by any officer or servant from vhom it may be deemed expedient o require security ;

(*e*) subject to the provisions of ection 184, determining the mode nd conditions of appointing, punihing or dismissing any officer or ervant, and delegating to officers lesignated in the rules the power to ppoint, fine, reduce, suspend or lismiss any officer or servant ;

(*f*) regulating the grant of eave to officers or servants, and ixing the remuneration to be paid o the persons, if any, appointed to ct for them whilst on leave ;

(*g*) subject to the provisions of he Mysore Service Regulations and o the special orders of Government, f any, regulating the period of ervice of all officer and servants, nd determining the conditions nder which such officers and serants or any of them, shall receive ensions, gratuities, or compassionte allowances on retirement, or on heir becoming diabled through the xecution of their duty, and the mount of such pensions, gratuities, r compassionate allowances ; and rescribing the conditions under hich any gratuities, or compassionte allowances may be paid to the urviving relations of any such fficers or servants whose death has een caused through the execution f their duty ;

n in the existing Regulation	Clauses of the Bill which require change	Clauses as amended by the Se ect Committee	Reasons for the change
authorising the payment butions, at such rates and o such conditions as may ribed in such rules, to any or provident fund which established by the Municipal or with the approval of the al Council by the said nd servants ; * * * led that—(*a*) No rule made tion or rescission of a rule nder this section shall have less and until it has been by the Government. * * *			
) Every Municipal Council n time to time, with the sanction of the Govern- ake, alter or rescind bye- not so as to render them ent with this Regulation. * * * prescribing the conditions bject to which, and the nces in which, licenses may ed, refused, suspended or n for the use of any place nging to the Municipal — as a slaughterhouse, as a market or shop for of animals intended for od, or of meat, or of fish, arket for the sale of fruit bles, for any of the purposes d in Section 151 and pro- r the inspection and	9. (1) After sub-clause (*ii*) of clause (*b*) under sub-section (1) of Section 48, the following new sub-clause shall be inserted :— "(*iii*) as a hotel, bakery, sweetmeat shop or otherwise for the preparation, manufacture or sale of articles intended for human food or drink," the present sub-clause (*iii*) being re-numbered as sub-clause (*iv*)."	9. (1) After sub-clause (*iii*) of clause (*b*) under sub-section (1) of section 48, the following new sub-clauses shall be inserted :— **Amendment of Section 48.** "(*iv*) as a dairy, hotel, restaurant, eating-house, coffee house, sweetmeat shop, bakery, boarding house, or lodging house (other than a students' hostel under public or recognised control) or for manufacturing ice or aerated waters ; (*v*) as a place for the preparation or manufacture of oil. (*vi*) for parching grain or Bengal gram on a large scale.	Sub-clause (1) of clause 9 of the bill is too general and would even cover any private house where food is prepared for the consumption of the inmates. The idea is to license only such places as are used for the preparation, etc., of food and drink for purposes of sale or where accommodation is given for payment. The claus is accordingly revised. *Vide* note against clause 23 of the bill.

-(c) providing for the inspec- of hotels, bakeries, sweetmeat ps and other places for the sale rticles intended for human food drink other than those men- ed in clause (b) and for securing cleanliness of such places and wholesomeness of the articles pared, kept or sold therein.

(m) regulating the use of pub- bathing and washing places hin municipal limits;

(n) regulating sanitation and ervancy;

(o) regulating the disposal of asses of dead animals;

(p) regulating the conditions which permission may be n for the temporary occupa- of, or the erection of porary structures on, public ets, or for projections over ic streets and regulating the cture and dimensions of plinths, s, foundations, roofs and chim- of new bulidings, for the pur- of securing stability and the ention of fires, and for purposes ealth;

(2) After sub-clause (iv) of clause (b) under the same sub-section, the following new sub-clause shall be added :—

"(v) or for any other purpose for which the taking out of a license is or may be prescribed."

(3) * * * *

(4) In sub-section (1) of the same section, the following shall be inserted between the clauses (o) and (p) :—

"(oo) regulating the conditions for the construction, use and disposal of the houses intended for the poor."

(5) * * * *

(6) At the end of the same clause after the semicolon, the following words shall be added,—"and prescribing a time limit for the erection of buildings."

(vii) or for any other purpose for which the taking out of a license is or may be prescribed.

(2) * * * *

(3) In sub-section (1) of the same section, the following shall be inserted after clause (n) :—

"(nn) regulating the conditions for the construction, use and disposal of houses intended for the poor under clause (bb) of Section 56."

(4) * * * *

Omitted.

Sub-clause (2) of the bill has been omitted and the same included under sub-clause (1).

For constructing houses for the poor.

The proper place is after clause (n) and hence the change.

The substantive provision of law which relates to this clause is clause (bb) of section 56. Hence it is mentioned here.

It is not proposed to prescribe any time limit for buildings. The provision was inserted when the idea was to resume sites when buildings were not constructed for an indefinite period. Now that provision for resumption is not inserted in the present bill, this time limit becomes illegal.

ovision in the existing Regulation	Clauses of the Bill which require change	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
59. Any Municipal Council— (*a*) after observing the prelimi-ary procedure required by section), and (*b*) with the sanction of the overnment, and subject to such odifications or conditions as under ction 61 the Government in accord-g such sanction deems fit, may pose, for the purpose of this egulation, any one or more of the llowing taxes: that is to say, (i) a rate on buildings, or nds, or both, situate within the unicipality, not exceeding in any ase, * * * (*x*) a tax on arts, professions, ades and callings and on offices nd appointments, at rates not xceeding those specified in sche-ule, III; (*xi*) an educational cess not xceeding two annas in the rupee n the City Municipalities and one nna in the rupee in the other Municipalities on taxes levied under auses (*i*) and (*x*) to be utilised olely for purposes of education. (*xii*) any other tax to the nature nd object of which the approval of he Government shall have been btained prior to the selection con-mplated in sub-clause (*i*) of section 60.	12. (1) After clause (*x*) of section 59 of the Regulation the following new clause (*xi*) shall be inserted, the present clauses (xi) and (*xii*) being re-numbered as (*xii*) and (*xiii*), respectively:— "(*xi*) a tax on shops where business is carried on for purposes of profit payable half-yearly by the person or persons engaged in the business at such rates not exceeding those specified in Schedule II (A) as may be fixed by the Municipal Council concerned. Provided that where a Municipal Council elects to levy a tax under this clause, the person or perons paying the tax shall not be called upon to pay tax on professions trades and callings under clause (*x*) in respect of the business carried on in the shop."	12. (i) After clause (x) of section 59 of the Regulation the following new clause (xi) shall be inserted, the present clauses (xi) and (xii) being re-numbered as (xii) and (xiii), respectively:— **Amendment of Section 59** "(*xi*) a tax on shops an dother places where a business or profession is carried on for purpose of profit, payable half-yearly by the peron or persons engaged in the business or profession at such rates not exceeding those specified in Schedule II (A) as may be fixed by the Municipal Council concerned. Provided that where a Municipal Council elects to levy a tax under this clause, the person or persons paying the tax shall not be called upon to pay a tax on professions, trades and callings under clause (x) in respect of the business or profession carried on in the shop or place."	A shop does not include a place where a profession is carried on. Hence the change. One of the main objects of levying shop tax instead of profession tax is to avoid secret and often unpleasant enquiry as to the income of a person who is carrying on a trade, business or profession. The alternative shop-tax now proposed dispenses with such an enquiry. The place where a trade or business or profession is carried on is proposed to be taxed. As in the case of shops, there will be different scales of taxation for places of business or profession. Also when a tax is levied under the section, there is no minimum income fixed as for profession-tax and a person so taxed will be exempt from profession-tax.

on in the existing Regulation	Clauses of the Bill which require change	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
	(*iii*) any building or part of a building ordinarily used as a place of public worship or used for charitable, but not residential purposes :	(*iii*) any building or part of a building used as a place of public worship or used for a charitable purpose ;	The word " ordinarily " is omitted to avoid different interpretations and disputes as to the degree of use for public worship. The words " but not residential " are omitted as otherwise the necessary residence of the servants and establishment of a place of worship or charitable institution would render the institution liable to taxes. Rather than exclude such residential purposes from the operation of the clause, it is considered desirable to omit the words altogether and leave the question whether such building is being used for profit, to be determined in each case, according to the facts of the case. It has also to be stated that the words " but not residential " do not occur in the corresponding sections of similar enactments in British India.
	(*iv*) any building or part of a building set apart for the occupation of His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja ;	(*b*) (*i*) no tax of any kind imposed as aforesaid shall be leviable in respect of any building or part of a building used or intended for the occupation of His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja or for the location of the establishments of His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja, or in respect of any vehicle, animal or other property belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja ;	Clauses (*b*) and (*c*) confirm the existing practice, and are in accordance with the Government Orders passed in this connection. The clauses in the Bill do not correctly represent the practice and are therefore modified.
	(*v*) any vehicle, animal or other property belonging to His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja; and no toll shall be leviable for the passage of	(*ii*) in respect of all other buildings owned by the Palace and used as rent-free residences, no tax of any kind as aforesaid shall be leviable except a special sanitary cess and excess water rate, if any, which shall be recoverable from the occupants thereof ;	

SECTION 59—PROVISO.				
Provided that. (*a*) no tax imposed as afore- l, other than a special sanitary s or a water-rate, shall, without express consent of Government, leviable in respect of any build- or part of any building, or of vehicle, animal or other pro- ty, belonging to Government l used solely for public purposes, not used or intended to be d for purposes of profit, or in pect of any building or part of a lding ordinarily used as a place public worship or used for chari- le but not residential purposes, set apart for the occupation of s Highness the Maharaja or the varaja or in respect of any icle, animal or other property onging to His Highness the haraja or the Yuvaraja ; and no shall be leviable for the passage troops or the conveyance of vernment stores or of any other vernment property or property His Highness the Maharaja or Yuvaraja or for the passage of itary or Police Officers on duty, he passage or conveyance of any son or property in their custody,	(2) for proviso (*a*) to Section 59, the following shall be substituted :— "(*a*) no tax imposed as aforesaid, other than a special sanitary cess or water-rate shall, without the express consent of Government, be leviable in respect of— (i) any building or part of any building belonging to Government and used solely for public purposes, and not used or intended to be used for residential purposes or for purposes of profit; (ii) any vehicle, animal or other property belonging to Government and used solely for public purposes and not used or intended to be used for purposes of profit;	(2) In the proviso to the same section, the following clauses shall be substituted for clause (*a*), the present clauses (*b*) and (*c*) being re-numbered as (*d*) and (*e*), respectively :— "(*a*) no tax imposed as aforesaid, other than a special Sanitary cess or water-rate shall, without the express consent of Government, be leviable in respect of— (*i*) any building or part of any building belonging to Government and used solely for public purposes and not used or intended to be used for residential purposes or for purposes of profit; (*ii*) any vehicle, animal or other property belonging to Government and used solely for public purposes and not used or intended to be used for purposes of profit;	Amendment of proviso (a) to section 59.	No change. Calls for no remarks.

troops or the conveyance of Government stores or of any other Government proper ty or property of His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja or for the passage of Military or Police Officers on duty, or the passage or conveyance of any person or property in their custody."	(c) no toll shall be leviable for the passage or the conveyance of the property of His Highness the Maharaja or His Highness the Yuvaraja or of Government stores or of any other Government property or for the passage of Military or Police Officers or the conveyance of any person or property in their custody."	
14. After Section 81, the following Section shall be inserted:— "81A. (1) * * (2) Where any toll has been leased under this section, any person employed by the lessee to collect such tolls shall, subject to the conditions of the lease, have the powers referred to in sub-sections (1) and (2) of Section 79; provided that no article distrained may be sold except under the orders of the President.	14. After Section 81, the following section sall be inserted:— "81A. (1) * * * (2) Where any toll has been leased under this section, any person employed by the lessee to collect such tolls shall, subject to the conditions of the lease, have the powers referred to in sub-sections (1) and (2) of Section 79; provided that no article distrained may be sold except under the orders of the Municipal Council."	**New Section 81A. Farming of Tolls.** The power of sale should be exercised under the orders of the Municipal Council and not the President and the Council may, if it chooses, delegate the power to the President. This is the law in Bombay. Hence the change.
16. After Section 84, the following section shall be inserted:— "84A. Where the warrant is addressed outside the Municipality, the authority issuing the warrant may by endorsement direct the officer to whom the warrant is addressed to sell the property distrained and in such case it shall be lawful for such officer to sell the property and to do all things incidental to the sale and the foregoing provisions shall be modified accordingly. Such officer shall, after deducting all costs of recovery incurred by him, remit the amount recovered under the warrant to the authority by whom it was issued."	16. After Section 84, the following section shall be inserted:— "84A. Where the warrant is addressed outside the Municipality, the authority issuing the warrant may by endorsement direct the officer to whom the warrant is addressed to sell the property distrained and in such case it shall be lawful for such officer to sell the property and to do all things incidental to the sale and the foregoing provisions shall apply *mutatis mutandis* Such Officer shall, after deducting all costs of recovery incurred by him, remit the amount recovered under the warrant to the authority by whom it was issued."	**Addition of Section 84 A. Distraint and sale outside the Municipality.** The correct legal expression is '*mutatis mutandis*' which is therefore used instead of "modified accordingly."

ision in the existing Regulation	Clauses of the bill which require change	Clauses as amended by the S[illegible]t Committee	Reasons for the change
Nil	17. After Section 91, the following new Section 91A shall be inserted:— "91A. (1) It shall be the duty of every Municipal Council to prescribe a line on each side of every public street within the Municipality and the Municipal Council may from time to time prescribe a fresh line in substitution for any line so prescribed, or for any part thereof: Provided that— (a) at least one month previous to prescribing such line or such fresh line, as the case may be, the Municipal Council shall give public notice of the proposal and they shall put up special notice thereof in the street or part of the street for which such line or such fresh line is proposed to be prescribed, and (b) * * * (2) * * (3) * *	17. After Section 91, the following new Section 91A shall be inserted:— "91A. (1) It shall be lawful for any City Municipal Council and such other Municipal Council as may be notified by Government in this behalf, to prescribe a line on either side or both sides of any public street within the Municipality and the Municipal Council may from time to time prescribe a fresh line in substitution of any line so prescribed, or for any part thereof. Provided that— (a) at least one month previous to prescribing such line or such fresh line, as the case may be, the Municipal Council shall notify the same in the *Mysore Gazette* and shall give public notice of it and they shall also put up special notice thereof in the street or part of the street for which such line or such fresh line is proposed to be prescribed; (b) * * * and (c) the Municipal Council shall prepare a map of the area comprised within the said line and the street concerned and a statement specifying the lands enclosed therein which shall be open for the inspection of the public. (2) * * * (3) * * * (4) If any person suffers loss by the Municipal Council not granting permission under sub-section (3) of this Section, he shall be entitled to claim from the Municipal Council compensation, which should in case of dispute be ascertained and determined in the manner provided in Section 160.	Addition of a New Section 91A. the regular line of Public street. The changes made are, firstly, that it should not be an *obligatory* duty of every Municipal Council to prescribe a line for *every* public street. The duty, should be discretionary *i.e.*, left to the option of the Council and in respect of any such street as it may deem fit. Further, the provision should apply only to City Municipalities and in exceptional cases to such other Municipalities as may be notified by Government. The clause is recast accordingly. To give greater publicity the notice should be published in the *Mysore Gazette*, and it must be given as much publicity as possible, apart from the special notice to be put up in the street. It is necessary to prescribe the preparation of a map of the area to be open to public inspection, in order that persons interested may have a chance of representing their grievances, if any. There may be cases where after a line is prescribed under Section 91A, the municipal Council may not choose to acquire the property falling within the line and the existing street and may also decline or delay the issue of a license to the party concerned to build or reconstruct an existing

			building. In such a case and in cases where the damage is likely to be heavy, where for instance the main portion of a building falls within the line, the party's right for compensation should be specifically defined. Hence the sub-clause.
	(4) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (3) shall be punished with fine which may extend to one thousand rupees; and the Municipal Council may— (a) direct that the building be stopped, and (b) by a written notice require such building or portion thereof to be altered or demolished as they may deem necessary."	(5) Whoever contravenes the provisions of Sub-section (3) shall be punished with fine which may extend to two hundred rupees; and the Municipal Council may— (a) direct that the building be stopped, and (b) by a written notice require such building or portion thereof to be altered or demolished as they may deem necessary."	One thousand rupees is a disproportionate amount which so far as Mysore goes, is not likely to be awarded as fine. Hence it is reduced to Rs. 200.
Nil	18. After Section 93, the following new Section 93A shall be inserted:— "93A. No piece of land shall be used as a site for the construction of a building and no building shall be constructed or reconstructed otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation and of any bye-laws made under this Regulation relating to the use of building sites or the erection or use of buildings; Provided that the Government may in respect of all Municipalities or with the consent of the Municipal Council, in respect of any particular Municipality or portion thereof, exempt all buildings or any class of buildings from all or any of the provisions of this Chapter or the bye-laws made thereunder.	Omitted	*Vide* reasons on next page against clause 19 of the Bill.

sion existing in the Regulation	Clauses of the Bill which require change	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
Nil	19. After Section 93A, the following new Section 93B shall be inserted :— "93B. (1) The Municipal Council may give public notice of its intention to declare— (a) that in any streets or portions of streets specified in the notice, (i) continuous building will be allowed, (ii) the elevation and construction of the frontage of all buildings thereafter constructed or reconstructed shall, in respect of their architectural features, be such as the Municipal Council may consider suitable to the locality, or (b) that in any locality specified in the notice, the construction of only detached buildings will be allowed, or (c) that in any street, portions of streets or localities specified in the notice, the construction of shops, warehouses factories, huts, or buildings of a specified architectural character or building destined for particular uses will not be allowed without the special permission of the Municipal Council. (2) No objections to any such declaration shall be received after a period of three months from the publication of such notice. (3) The Municipal Council shall consider all objections received within the said period and may then confirm the declaration, and before doing so, may modify it, but not so as to extend its effect. (4) The President shall publish any declaration so confirmed and it shall take effect from the date of publication.	Omitted	Sections 93A and 93B appear to have been drafted without considering duly that Section 96 provides for practically all these matters. Any additions necessary will have to be made in that Section. Hence clauses 18 and 19 are omitted and Section 96 is suitably amended. (*Vide poste*, proposed amendment of Section 96).

3 (2) The Municipal Council may
e such orders not inconsistent
1 this Regulation as they think
ɔer with reference to the work
ɔosed in such notice, and may
er give permission to erect or
r or add to the building accord-
to the plan and information
ıished, or may impose in writing
1 conditions as to level, drainage,
tation or ventilation, or with
rence to the location of the
ding in relation to any street
ting or projected, or, where the
'cipal Council have been speci-
empowered by Government in
behalf, such conditions as to
gn or materials or to the dimen-
s or the cubical contents of the
ıs, as they think proper.

(5) No person shall, after the date of publication of such declaration, construct, or reconstruct any building in contravention of any such declaration."

21. After Section 95, the following new section shall be added :—

"95A. The Municipal Council may require that any building, used or intended to be used as a grain shop or grain store, shall be erected so as to render such building rat-proof and may for this purpose prescribe the plan and the design to be adopted and the materials to be used for such building.

Provided that the provisions of this Section shall be enforceable only within such areas as may be notified by the Municipal Council from time to time with the previous approval of Government."

21. After Section 95, the following new section shall be added :— **Addition of a new Section 95 A.**

"95A. The Municipal Council may require that any building, used or intended to be used as a warehouse for the sotrage of grain, shall be protected or erected so as to render such building rat-proof and may for this purpose prescribe the plan and the design to be adopted and the materials to be used for such building. **Rat-proof building for warehouses for storing grain.**

Provided that the provisions of this Section shall be enforceable only within such areas as may be notified by the Municipal Council from time to time with the previous approval of Government."

The section as worded is too wide and would cover petty retail shops as also every house where grain is kept, even in small quantities for purposes of being used daily for food. The operation of the section is limited to warehouses where large quantities of grain are stored and there is not much watch for rats. The operation of the section should extend not only to warehouses to be erected hereafter, but also to existing ones as is apparent from the word 'used' and hence the corresponding word 'protected' which seems to have been left out by mistake is also added. There is no real protection against plague unless existing warehouses are also protected.

For Sub-section (2) of section 96, the following shall be inserted :— **Amendment of Section 96.**

"(2) The Municipal Council may issue such orders not inconsistent with this Regulation as they think proper with reference to the work proposed in such notice, and may either give permission to erect or alter or add to the building according to the plan and information furnished, or may impose in writing, such conditions as to level, drainage, sanitation or ventilation, or with reference to the location of the building in relation to any existing building or street, existing or projected, or prohibiting its use as a factory or, where the Municipal Council have been specially empowered by Government in this behalf, such conditions as to design or materials or to the dimensions or the cubical contents of the rooms, as they think proper." **Power of Municipal Council to pass orders.**

Sub-section (2) of section 96 is added to, to cover cases contemplated by Sections 93 A and 93 B which have already been omitted. The effect is that while building on sites could not be absolutely prohibited, which is too drastic, the provisions in Sections 93 A and 93 B, *re* buildings, in a line or detached, and architectural character are provided for; and constructing an unwholesome factory in the middle of dwelling houses can be prohibited.

existing in the Regulation	Clauses of the Bill which require change	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
.....	22. After Section 137, the following new section shall be inserted:— "137A. Within such limits as the Municipal Council may direct, no person shall keep more than ten pigs or more than twenty goats without a license from the Municipal Council. The Municipal Council may charge an annual fee not exceeding Rs. 2 for such license and may impose such conditions in respect of such license as they may think necessary. Whoever keeps any pigs or goats contrary to the provisions of this section shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 25."	22. After Section 137, the following new section shall be inserted :— "137 A. Within such limits as a City Municipal Council may direct, no person shall keep more than five pigs or more than ten goats without a license from the Municipal Council. The Municipal Council may charge an annual fee not exceeding Rs. 2 for such license and may impose such conditions in respect of such license as they may think necessary. Whoever keeps any pigs or goats contrary to the provisions of this section shall be punishable with fine which may extend to Rs. 25." **Additions of a new section 13. Licensing of goats and pigs.**	Licensing of goats and pigs may be limited to the City Municipalities and the number which would necessitate a license reduced to 10 and 5, respectively.
) NUISANCES FROM CERTAIN TRADES AND OCCUPATIONS.			
f it be shown to the satis- of the Municipal Council building or place used or by any person to be used, * * * as a brick, pottery or lime kiln; for soap-making; for oil boiling; * * *	23. (1) For clause (k) of Section 151, the following shall be substituted :— (k) for boiling, pressing, cleansing, preparing or manufacturing by any process whatever, oil (edible or non-edible). (2) In the same section the following shall be added after clause (i) :— "(ii) for parching grain."	Omitted	The case which led to this amendment (*vide* Mysore Chief Court Report Vol. XXIX, Pages 294-299) referred to preparing oil without a license under section 48 and not to carrying on the trade as a nuisance under this Section. The amendment in the bill goes further than was intended by the prosecution in the above case and makes the preparation, etc., of oil a nuisance, which is not always so. The question regarding parching grain is also identical (*vide* discussions at the meeting of the Legislative Council on 16th April 1923). So, in order to provide for what is actually intended, Section 48 is added so as to provide for licenses being obtained for preparation of oil, and for parching grain or Bengal

				gram (*vide* ante-amendment to Section [illegible]) and clauses (i) and (ii) are omitted.
Nil	24. After Section 151, the following new section shall be inserted :— "151A. (1) No person shall newly establish in any premises, any factory, workshop or workplace in which it is intended that steam, water, electrical or other mechanical power shall be employed without the previous written permission of the Municipal Council. * * *	24. After Section 151, the following new section shall be inserted :— "151 A. After the passing of this Regulation, in a City Municipality or, in any other Municipality to which by a notification in the *Mysore Gazette* this section is made to apply by the Government, no person shall establish in any premises, any factory, workshop or workplace in which it is intended that steam, water, electrical or other mechanical power shall be employed, without the previous written permission of the Municipal Council. (2) * * *	**Addition of a new Section 151A. Factories in crowded localities.**	'Newly' is not a legal term and there may be difficulty in interpreting it. It is therefore, clearly stated that the section applies to all factories, etc. which may be started after the passing of this Regulation. The operation of the section is restricted to City Municipalities and to such select Municipalities as the Government may notify.
Nil	25. After Section 151 A, the following new section shall be inserted :— "151 B. (1) No person shall use or employ in any factory, or any other place, any whistle or trumpet operated by steam, mechanical means or electricity for the purpose of summoning or dismissing workmen or persons employed except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license from the Municipal Council. (2) * * (3) * *	25. After Section 151 A, the following new section shall be inserted :— "151 B. (1) In any City Municipality or, in any other Municipality to which by a notification in the *Mysore Gazette* this section is made applicable by the Government, no person shall use or employ in any factory, or any other place, any whistle or trumpet operated by steam, mechanical means or electricity, for the purpose of summoning or dismissing workmen or persons employed except under and in accordance with the conditions of a license from the Municipal Council. (2) * * * (3) * * *	**Addition of a new Section 151B. Use of siren or whistle for summoning or dismissing workmen.**	The object is to restrict the operation of this section to City Municipalities and to such other Municipalities as Government may notify.
Nil	27. After Section 164 of the Regulation, the following new section shall be added :— "164 A. No distraint shall be made, no suit shall be instituted and no prosecution shall be commenced in respect of any sum due to the Municipal Council under this Regulation after the expiration of a period of three years from the date on which such distraint might have been made, a suit might have been instituted or prosecution might first have been commenced, as the case may be, in respect of such sum."	27. After Section 164 of the Regulation, the following new section shall be added :— "164 A. No distraint shall be made and no prosecution shall be commenced in respect of any sum due to the Municipal Council under this Regulation after the expiration of a period of three years from the date on which such distraint might have been made or prosecution might first have been commenced, as the case may be, in respect of such sum."	**Addition of new Section 161A. Limitation for distraint, etc.**	Reference to institution of suits is omitted in this section, as under section 87 of the Regulation, taxes are first charge on the property in which case the limitation is 12 years.

on existing in the Regulation	Clauses of the Bill which require change	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
Nil	28. After Section 173 of the Regulation, the following new section shall be inserted :— "173 A. The Deputy Commissioner shall have power— (1) to inspect the office of any Town or Minor Municipal Council. (2) to call for records of any Town or Minor Municipal Council either of his own motion or on the application of an aggrieved party and to submit the same with his opinion to Government for such orders as they may deem fit to pass, if he is satisfied that the order or proceeding of the Council or its executive is wrong or contrary to law."	28. After Section 173 of the Regulation, the following new section shall be inserted :— "173 A. The Deputy Commissioner shall have power— (1) to inspect the office of any Town or Minor Municipal Council. (2) to call for records of any Town or Minor Municipal Council and to submit the same with his opinion to Government for such orders as they may deem fit to pass, if he is satisfied that the order or proceeding of the Council or its executive is contrary to law." **Addition of a new Section 173A. Deputy Commissioner's power of inspection of Municipal Councils.**	The words "either of his own motion or on the application of an aggrieved party" are omitted. The omission does not alter the sense. Also the words "wrong or" are omitted so that the Deputy Commissioner may not interfere on questions of fact.
SCHEDULE II. SECTION 59, CLAUSE iii.) *um Rates of Tolls payable tering the Municipal limits.*			
Rs. a. p. n every four-wheeled vehicle with springs. 0 8 0 n every jatka, hackney or cart laden .. 0 4 0 n every jatka, hackney or cart not laden ... 0 2 0 n every other vehicle with springs and every palanquin, bicycle or tricycle ... ... 0 4 0 * * *	30. (1) In Schedule II, above the words "on every four-wheeled vehicle with springs 0-8-0" the following words shall be inserted, namely :— Rs. a. p. On every motor car ... 1 0 0 On every motor cycle or bicycle ... ... 0 8 0 (2) The following explanations shall be added as explanations 3 and 4 to Schedule II of the Regulation, *viz.*	30. In Schedule II, above the words and figures "on every four-wheeled vehicle with springs Re. 0-8-0" the following words and figures shall be inserted, namely :— Rs. a. p. "On every motor bus ... ... 2 0 0 On every motor car ... ... 1 0 0 On every motor cycle ... ... 0 8 0"	This is to provide for the case of a motor bus. The words "or bicycle" are redundant and are struck out.

N	"*Explanation 3.*—No toll shall be levied on any vehicle and animal if within a period of 24 hours counted from sunrise to sunrise a toll has been levied thereon at any other Municipal, District Fund or State Toll-gate, provided that when toll has been paid in respect of any vehicle or animal not ladden or unridden, the difference between such toll and the toll payable in respect of such vehicle or animal laden or ridden, shall be collected if such vehicle or animal again passes through the Municipal toll-gate, laden or ridden within such period. "*Explanation 4.*—Any Municipal Council may, with the previous sanction of Government, declare that payment of toll on vehicles or animals at any toll-gate, whether within or without Mysore, shall clear such vehicles or animals at any of their toll-gates."	Omitted	This matter may continue to be regulated by rules as at present.

SCHEDULE II A.—(AS IN THE BILL).

(SEE SECTION 59, CLAUSE xi).

Shops		Sort 1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
ps (Mundi) where ll sorts of articles re sold per shop.	In City Municipalities ...	50	40	30	20	..
	In other Municipalities ...	30	25	20	10	...
ps in which piece oods are sold per hop.	In City Municipalities ...	20	15	12	8	...
	In other Municipalities ...	15	12	10	6	..
er shops per shop	In City Municipalities ...	15	12	9	6.	4
	In other Municipalities ...	12	10	7	4	2

SCHEDULE IIA.—(AS AMENDED).

(SEE SECTION 59, CLAUSE xi).

Items		Sort 1st	2nd	3rd	4th	5th	6th
		Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Shops. (per shop)	In City Municipalities ...	50	40	30	20	10	5
	In other Municipalities ...	30	25	20	10	4	2
2. Other places where business or profession is carried on for purposes of profit. (per place).	In City Municipalities ...	50	40	30	20	10	5
	In other Municipalities ...	30	25.	20	10	4	2

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, BANGALORE.

Notification No. 340, *dated* 11*th December* 1925.

Under Rule 49 of the Rules for the conduct of business of the Mysore Legislative Council, the following Report of the Select Committee on the Mysore District Boads Bill is published for general information with the portions of the Bill as amended by them.

By Order,

R. RANGA RAO,

Secretary, Legislative Council.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO CONSIDER THE MYSORE DISTRICT BOARDS BILL.

We, the members of the Select Committee appointed to consider the District Boards Bill, met and considered the Bill at six sittings. The clauses in the Bill which in our opinion require changes, the amendments proposed by us and the reasons therefor are noted below. We recommend that the Bill as amended by us may be passed by the Council.

(SD.) B. NAGAPPA.
,, M. ZAHIRUDDIN MECCI.
,, B. ABDUR RAHMON.
,, H. VENKATRAMIA.*
,, SYLVESTER PAIS.
,, G. PARAMASIVIAH.
,, W. L. CRAWFORD.
,, N. S. NANJUNDIAH.*
,, K. CHANDY (*Chairman*).

*(Signed subject to a note of dissent).

Clauses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
Preamble.—Whereas it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to District Boards and District Funds, it is hereby enacted as follows :—	*Preamble.*—Whereas it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law relating to Local Boards and Village Panchayets (Regulation No. VI of 1918), so far as it pertains to District Boards, it is hereby enacted as follows :—	The law that is proposed to be amended is contained in the Local Boards and Village Panchayet Regulation, No. VI of 1918. The preamble is recast to show that it is this Regulation that is replaced, so far as it relates to District Boards.
Clause 1—*Proviso.*—Provided that it shall be lawful, at any time after the passing of this Regulation, to hold an election in any district in the manner prescribed in this Regulation or the rules framed thereunder, but such election shall not take effect till the commencement of this Regulation in that district.	*Clause* 1.—*Proviso.*—Provided that it shall be lawful, at any time after the passing of this Regulation, to hold elections in any district as prescribed in this Regulation or the rules framed thereunder, but such elections shall not take effect till the commencement of this Regulation in that district.	This is to avoid an interregum when the Regulation is introduced into any district. Elections may take place before hand, and as soon as the Regulation is introduced in a district, a District Board may be constituted at once.
Clause 2—*Proviso.*—Provided that—(*a*) * * (*b*) any appointment, notification, notice, order, scheme, license, permission, rule, bye-law, form, tax, fee, cess or rate made, issued or imposed, contracts entered into and suits and other proceedings instituted under the aforesaid Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, or under any enactments or rules thereby repealed, shall, so far as may be, be deemed to have been made, issued, imposed, entered into and instituted under this Regulation;	*Clause* 2—*Proviso.*—Provided that—(*a*) * * (*b*) any appointment, notification, notice, order, scheme, license, permission, rule, bye-law, form, tax, fee, cess or rate, made, issued, given or imposed, contracts entered into and suits and other proceedings instituted under the aforesaid Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, or under any enactments or rules thereby repealed, shall, so far as may be, be deemed to have been made, issued, given, imposed, entered into and instituted under this Regulation;	There is no suitable verb for the word "permission." Hence the change in two places.
(*c*) the assets and liabilities of the aforesaid District and Taluk Boards in such district shall, subject to such restrictions and conditions as may be imposed by the Government, devolve on the District Board constituted under this Regulation.	(*c*) the assets and liabilities of the aforesaid District and Taluk Boards in such district shall, subject to such conditions as may be imposed by the Government, devolve on the District Board constituted under this Regulation; provided that any funds set apart for a specific purpose by the aforesaid Boards, shall not be diverted for any other purpose, without the consent of the District Board thus constituted.	"Restrictions" is not a suitable word; the word "conditions" is comprehensive and includes restrictions also. The concluding clause will ensure that it is only when Government and the newly constituted Board both agree that funds set apart for one object could be diverted for a different object.
3. In this Regulation— (1) "District" means any local area, which for the purposes of collection of land revenue shall have been placed, for the time being, under the charge of a Deputy Commissioner of a District or which for the purposes of this Regulation, the Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, from time to time, declare to be a district or to be attached to and to form part of a District.	3. In this Regulation— (1) "District" means any local area which, for the purposes of the collection of land revenue, shall have been placed for the time being, under the charge of a Deputy Commissioner of a District or which for the purposes of this Regulation, the Government may, by notification in the Official Gazette, from time to time, declare to be a District. Interpretation.	The words struck out are unnecessary in view of the power given to Government to declare any area as a district for the purposes of this Regulation.

Clauses which require change	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
(*c*) has been dismissed from Municipal, District Board Government service, or * * * * Provided that— the disqualifications in clauses (*a*), (*b*), (*c*), (*d*) and (*e*) l cease to operate after expiry of ten years from the date of h sentence, order, dismissal, withdrawal or removal or lier by an order of Government.	(*c*) has been dismissed from Municipal, District Board or Government service and debarred from being re-entertained in such service ; or * * * Provided that— (*i*) the disqualification in clause (*a*) will cease to operate after expiry of three years from the expiry of the sentence or earlier by an order of Government and that in clause (*b*) after expiry of the period during which the person is ordered to furnish security ; and (*ii*) the disqualifications in clauses (*c*), (*d*) and (*e*) will cease to operate after expiry of ten years from the date of such dismissal, withdrawal or removal, or earlier by an order of Government.	Disqualification should be confine to cases where in addition to dismissal person is debarred from being re-enter tained. The period during which disqualifi cation under (*a*) will subsist, is reduce to three years and that in (*b*) to th period during which security is ordere to be furnished. As offences punishabl with more than six months imprisonmen include both heinous and minor offences the power of Government to remove th disqualification earlier than three year is retained. As regards (*c*), (*d*) and (*e*), the exist ing provision may remain, includin power of Government to remove the dis qualification.
11. Any person whose name is entered in the list pre- red under Section 8 for a constituency and who is not a nale, or a salaried officer or servant of the District Board or Government, and who has not directly or indirectly by himself or his rtner any share or interest in any work done by order of a strict Board or in any contract or employment with or under by or on behalf of District Board, may be a candidate at any election in such constitu- cy : Provided that— (*i*) no person shall be disqualified by reason only of h person (*a*) having a share in any joint stock company or a are or interest in any society registered or deemed to be istered under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, 18, which shall contract with or be employed by or on half of the District Board ; or	11. Any person whose name is entered in the list prepared under Section 8 for a constituency and who is not a female, a salaried officer or servant of the District Board or the Government, and any person who has not directly or indirectly, by himself or his partner any share or interest in any work done by order of the District Board or in any contract or employment with or under or by or on behalf of the District Board, may be a candidate at any election in such constituency : Provided that— (*i*) no person shall be disqualified by reason only of such person, (*a*) having a share in any joint stock company or a share or interest in any Literary Association registered under the Societies Registration Regulation, 1904, or in any society registered under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation, 1918, which shall contract with or be employed by or on behalf of the District Board; or	Qualifications necessary for election to District Boards. The third para relating to share an interest, governs all cases and hence th changes made, *viz.*, omission of "or" i the first para, and addition of "any per son" in the second para. Literary Associations are also in cluded.

4. (1) As soon as may be, after the commencement of this Regulation, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja shall, with effect from such date as it may appoint, establish by notification in the Official Gazette, for each district, a District Board having authority over the entire district, provided that such portions of the district as are included in a Municipality or are under the authority of a Sanitary Board constituted under the Mysore Mines Regulation, 1906, shall be excluded from the jurisdiction of the District Board.	4. (i) As soon as may be, after the commencement of this Regulation, and with effect from such date as it may appoint, the Government of His Highness the Maharaja shall establish by notification in the Official Gazette, for each district, a District Board having authority over the entire District, provided that such portions of the district as are included in a Municipality or are under the authority of a Sanitary Board constituted under the Mysore Mines Regulation, 1906, shall be excluded from the jurisdiction of the District Board.	**Establishment and incorporation of District Boards.** Calls for no remark, as it is a mere transposition of a phrase, which had come in between the auxiliary and principal verb, to its proper place.
7. The elected members of District Boards shall be elected by general and special constituencies and the number and extent of such constituencies and the members to be elected by each constituency shall be regulated by the rules or orders of the Government notified in this behalf.	7. The elected members of District Boards shall be elected by general and special constituencies and the description, number and extent of such constituencies and the members to be elected by each constituency shall be regulated by the rules or orders of the Government notified in this behalf.	There was no indication as to what should constitute general and special constituencies. Description of these is also included in the scope of the rules.
8. (1) The Deputy Commissioner shall keep a list for each constituency of the District Board within his district of the persons qualified to vote in such constituency at elections of members of the District Board.	8. (1) The Deputy Commissioner shall keep a list, for each constituency of the District Board within his district, of the persons qualified to vote in such constituency at elections of members to the District Board.	**Deputy Commissioner to keep lists of voters.** Calls for no remarks.
9. Every person who is not less than 21 years of age and who is not subject to any disqualification specified in Section 10 or any other provision of this Regulation or the rules thereunder shall be entitled to have his name entered in the list for a constituency prescribed under Section 7, qualifying him to vote at elections of members of District Boards in such constituency, if he,	9. Every person who is not less than 21 years of age and who is not subject to any disqualification specified in Section 10 or any other provision of this Regulation or the rules thereunder shall be entitled to have his name entered in the list for a constituency prescribed under Section 8, qualifying him to vote at elections of members to District Boards in such constituency, if he,	**What persons may be voters at elections.** Calls for no remarks.
* * *	* * * *	
10. No person may vote who—	10. No person may vote who—	
(*a*) has been sentenced by a Criminal Court to imprisonment or whipping for an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months, or to transportation, such sentence not having been subsequently reversed or quashed, or	(*a*) has been convicted by a Criminal Court of an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months, or with tranportation, such sentence not having been subsequently reversed or quashed ; or	**General disqualification of voters.** The period of the punishment awardable for an offence should ordinarily decide disqualification and matters would be equalised in the case of less heinous offences by the proviso to the clause.
(*b*) is a person against whom an order has been passed under Section 180 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, in proceedings instituted under Section 110 of that Code, such order not having been subsequently reversed or quashed, or	(*b*) is a person against whom an order has been passed under Section 118 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1904, in proceedings instituted under Section 110 of that Code, such order not having been subsequently reversed or quashed ; or	The figure 180 is incorrect. It should be 118.

12. (1) If any person is elected or appointed to a District ard and is subject to any of the disqualifications specified this section, his seat shall be deemed to be vacant and the ancy shall be filled up, as soon as conveniently may be, by election or appointment, as the case may be, of a person reto, who shall hold office so long only as the person in ose place he is elected or appointed would have held it if he l been eligible to be a member of the Board.

(3) A person who has already been elected or appointed member of a District Board on one or more occasions shall, otherwise duly qualified, be, subject to the proviso to ction 11, eligible for re-election or re-appointment.

13. (1) Subject to such rules as may be prescribed in s behalf, every election requisite for the purposes of this gulation shall be held on such dates as the Deputy Comssioner shall fix in this behalf.

(2) Where there is no duly qualified candidate, the puty Commissioner shall report the matter to Government h proposals for nominating the required number of mems and, where the number of duly qualified candidates is less n the number of members required to be elected, the puty Commissioner shall declare all such candidates to be cted and shall report the fact to the Government with proals for nominating the remaining number of members.

(3) When the number of duly qualified candidates is ual to the number of members required to be elected, the puty Commissioner shall declare all such candidates to be cted.

(4) If at any election of a member of a District Board der this Regulation, there is an equal number of votes in our of each of two or more persons who are willing to take ce, and the addition of one vote will entitle any of the sons to be elected, the determination of the person or sons to whom one additional vote shall be deemed to have n given, shall be made by the Deputy Commissioner or by h officer as he may empower in this behalf, by lot in such nner as he shall deem fit.

(5) If any person duly elected at any such election line to take office, the person, if any, amongst the unsucsful candidates in whose favour the highest number of votes been recorded and who is willing to take office shall be med to be the member elected.

(6) In cases falling under sub-section (2) and when at contested election no votes are recorded, or for any reason election does not result in the return of the required num- of qualified persons willing to take office, the Government ll appoint the required number of persons being persons o would have been qualified to be elected and persons so ointed shall be deemed to be members of the District

12. (1) If any person is elected or appointed to a District Board and is subject to any of the disqualifications specified in this Regulation, his seat shall be deemed to be vacant and the vacancy shall be filled up, as soon as conveniently may be, by the election or appointment, as the case may be, of a person thereto, who shall hold office so long only as the person in whose place he is elected or appointed would have held it.

Vacation of seats and re-eligibility of members.

(3) A person who has already been elected or appointed a member of a District Board on one or more occasions shall, if otherwise duly qualified and subject to the proviso to Section 11, be eligible for re-election or re-appointment.

13. (1) Subject to such rules as may be prescribed in this behalf, every election requisite for the purposes of this Regulation shall be held on such dates as the Deputy Commissioner shall fix in this behalf.

Elections when to be held and provisions for elections or nominations in particular cases.

(2) (*a*) Where the number of duly qualified candidates is not more than the number of members required to be elected, the Deputy Commissioner shall declare all such candidates to be elected.

(*b*) Where there is no duly qualified candidate or where the number declared under clause (*a*) above is less than the number required to be elected, the Deputy Commissioner shall report the fact to Government with proposals for nominating the required number of members.

(3) In cases falling under clause (*b*) of sub-section (2) and when at any contested election no votes are recorded, or for any reason an election does not result in the return of the required number of qualified persons willing to take office, the Government shall appoint the required number of persons, being persons who would have been qualified to be elected and persons so appointed shall be deemed to be members of the District

The word "section" should be replaced by "Regulation."

The portion omitted is unnecessary.

Calls for no remarks.

Sub-clauses (2) and (3) are somewhat cumbrous and some portions are repeated. They are re-cast without in any way affecting the sense.

Consequential to above. The proper place for the sub-clause is just after sub-clause (2).

Clasuses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
	(4) If at any election of a member of a District Board under this Regulation, there is an equal number of votes in favour of each of two or more persons who are willing to take office and the addition of one vote will entitle any of the persons to be elected, the determination of the person or persons to be elected shall be made forthwith by the Polling Officer by lot in such manner as may be prescribed by the Government. (5) If any person duly elected at any such election declines to take office, the person if any, amongst the unsuccessful candidates in whose favour the highest number of votes has been recorded and who is willing to take office shall be deemed to be the member elected.	Elections are ordinarily held at Taluk headquarters and may be held at more than one polling centre in one taluk. The Polling Officer has to count the votes and declare the results then and there. It is therefore desirable to authorize the Polling Officer to decide by lot in cases of equal votes, so as to avoid the delay of sending the papers to the Deputy Commissioner who cannot be on the spot.
4. (1) Any person qualified to vote at an election may, y time within fifteen days after the date of the declara- of the result of an election or the date of an order or eding, apply to the District Judge of the District within the election has been or should have been held for the mination of the validity of the election or the legality of der or proceeding in question.	14. (1) At any time within fifteen days after the declaration of the result of an election or the date of the order or proceeding under Section 13, any candidate who stood for election or any ten persons qualified to vote at that election, may apply, together with a deposit of fifty rupees as security for costs, to the District Judge of the District within which the election has been or should have been held, for the determination of the validity of the election or the legality of the order or proceeding in question. **Determination of validity of elections; enquiry by Judge; Procedure.**	It is desirable to restrict the right to question an election or an order under Section 13 to only a candidate or to 10 voters jointly, in order that only cases where a real grievance exists may be taken up to Court. In furtherance of the same object and to secure payment of the expenses of the opposite side, deposit of Rs. 50 as security for costs, is also provided for; other Regulations have a similar provision.
4. (2) An enquiry shall thereupon be held by the ct Judge who may, after such enquiry as he deems ary, pass an order confirming or amending the declared of the election or the order of the Deputy Commissioner e other officer empowered in this behalf under Section setting the election aside. For the purposes of the said y, the said Judge may exercise any of the powers of a Court. He may also award costs in such manner as he eem fit and such costs shall be recoverable as if they had warded in a suit under the Code of Civil Procedure and cision shall be conclusive. If he sets aside an election, a hall forthwith be fixed, and the necessary steps will be for holding a fresh one.	14. (2) An enquiry shall thereupon be held by the District Judge who may, after such enquiry as he deems necessary, pass an order confirming or amending the declared result of the election or the order of the Deputy Commissioner or other officer empowered in this behalf under Section 13 or setting the election aside. For the purposes of the said enquiry, the said Judge may exercise any of the powers of a Civil Court. He may also award costs in such manner as he may deem fit and such costs shall be recoverable as if they had been awarded in a suit under the Code of Civil Procedure and his decision shall be conclusive. If he sets aside an election, he shall forthwith communicate the fact to the Deputy Commissioner who shall take the necessary steps for holding a fresh election.	Provision is made for a communication of the decision of the District Judge to the Deputy Commissioner, in order to enable the latter to take immediate steps, if necessary, for a fresh election.
lause 14, sub-clause (4).—Explanation. *xplanation.*—The expression "a promise of individual " includes a promise for the benefit of the person him- any person in whom he is interested, but does not e a promise to vote for or against any particular measure may come before District Board for consideration.	*Clause 14, sub-clause (4).*—Explanation. *Explanation.*—The expression "a promise of individual profit," includes a promise for the benefit of the person himself or any person in whom he is interested, but does not include a promise to vote for or against any particular measure which may come before the District Board for consideration.	"a" is replaced by "the" to define the particular District Board in respect of which a corrupt practice is committed.

Clause 14—sub-clause (6).—Proviso. Provided that such person may, by an order of the Gov-nment in that behalf, be at any time relieved from such squalification.	*Clause 14—sub-clause (6).*—Proviso. Provided that such person may at any time be relieved from such disqualification by an order of the Government in that behalf.	A mere transposition of some words. Calls for no remarks.
15. Any person who has been disqualified from being a ember under the last preceding section, shall, for the period r which the disqualification is to last, be disqualified from oting at any election to a District Board.	15. Any person who has been disqualified for any period from being a member under the last preceding section, shall also be disqualified from voting at any election to a District Board for the same period.	Slightly re-cast without affecting the sense Calls for no remarks.
16. The names of all members finally elected to any istrict Board, as well as the names of the nominated mem-ers and the official designations of the *ex-officio* members, if ny, appointed thereto shall be published as soon as con-eniently may be, in the Official Gazette.	16. The names of all members finally elected to any District Board, as well as the names of the nominated members and the official designations of the *ex-officio* members, if any, appointed thereto, shall be published in the Official Gazette.	The words 'as conveniently as may be' are omitted as unnecessary.
17. (2) When an office has been notified under clause (*b*) sub-section (1), the person from time to time executing the nctions of that office shall be and shall continue to be Presi-ent, unless and until such notification is altered or rescinded the Government, or until his term as member expires.	Omitted.	This sub-clause is omitted, because the Vice-President, whenever there is one, is empowered under clauses 21 (*a*) and 29 (2) (*e*) to preside during the absence of the President, and where there is no Vice-President, a Chairman can be elected to preside under clause 29 (2) (*e*) and as the Government have decided in G. O. No. 11113-20—L. B. 4-19-98, dated the 6th April 1921 that when an officer is President by virtue of his office and another officer takes charge of the office during casual vacancies without a notification, the latter officer cannot preside.
17. (4) If and whenever the Government so directs, there all be a Vice-President for a District Board elected by the embers from among their own number.	17. (3) There may be a Vice-President for a District Board elected by the members from among their own number, unless the Government otherwise directs. **Vice-Presidents.**	It is not desirable to curtail existing rights. Under the existing law, a District Board may have a Vice-President, unless the Government directs otherwise. This is retained, in place of the sub-clause in the bill which takes away the option from the District Boards.
18. (3) Every President other than an *ex-officio* President d every Vice-President of a District Board shall reside at e District headquarters of the District for which the Board s been established	Omitted.	It is necessary to remove this restriction as it will come in the way of the appointment or election of suitable and desirable candidates who live within easy distance of headquarters and can attend to the work and there is provision to remove a President, if he neglects his work.
19. The President of a District Board shall. * * * *	19. The President of a District Board shall. **Functions of Presidents.** * * *	

District Boards Bill—*contd.*

Clauses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
(*d*) furnish to the Deputy Commissioner a copy of ry resolution passed at every meeting of the Board and any ract from the minutes of the proceedings of the Board or er document or thing which the Government or the puty Commissioner may from time to time call for under tions 92 and 93.	(*d*) furnish to the Government through the Deputy Commissioner a copy of every resolution passed at every meeting of the Board and any extract from the minutes of the proceedings of the Board or other document or thing which the Government or the Deputy Commissioner may from time to time call for under Sections 92 and 93.	Re-cast so as to conform to the persent practice.
20. The President of the District Board may in cases of ergency direct the execution.	20. (1) Any powers or duties or executive functions which may be exercised or performed by or on behalf of the District Board may be delegated in accordance with rules to be made by the Government in this behalf, to the President or to the Vice-President, or to the Chairman of the Standing, Economic, Public Health or other Committee or to one or more stipendiary or honorary officers, but without prejudice to any powers that may be exercised or may have been conferred on a Chief Officer under Section 87 or any committee by or under Sections 31, 32, 33 and 34 and each person, who exercises any power or performs any duty or function so delegated, may be paid all expenses necessarily incurred by him therein. **Powers, duties and functions may be delegated to officers whose expenses may be paid.**	Provision is made for the delegation of the powers that may be exercised or the duties that may be performed by the District Board to the President or the Vice-President or other officer or officers and such officers have to be paid the expenses necessarily incurred by them.
* * * *	(2). The President of the District Board may in cases of emergency direct the execution. * * * **Emergency powers of President.**	This is the existing clause re-numbered as sub-clause (2).
26. (1) Any member of a District Board who, during the m for which he has been elected or appointed,	26. (1) Any member of a District Board who, during the term for which he has been elected or appointed, **Disqualification of member after election.**	
* * * *	* * * *	
(*c*) is absent for more than four consecutive months m the District for which the Board is established, unless ve so to absent himself, which shall not exceed six months, s been granted by the Board, or absents himself for six nsecutive months from meetings of the Board without the ve of the Board, shall cease to be a member and his office ll become vacant.	(*c*) is absent for more than four consecutive months from the District for which the Board is established, unless leave so to absent himself, which shall not exceed six months, has been granted by the Board, or absents himself from three consecutive meetings of the Board without the leave of the Board, shall cease to be a member and his office shall become vacant.	The Board ordinarily meets once in three months. It is desirable to fix absence with reference to meetings held. Three meetings is the limit fixed in the Municipal Regulation and is adopted here also.
28. (2) In the event of a vacancy occurring on account of ath, resignation, disqualification or removal of a member of District Board previous to the expiry of his term of office, vacancy shall be filled up, as soon as conveniently may be, the election or appointment, as the case may be, of a person reto, who shall hold office so long only as the member whose place he is elected or appointed would have held it he vacancy had not occurred.	28. (2) In the event of a vacancy occurring on account of death, resignation, disqualification or removal of a member of a District Board previous to the expiry of his term of office, the vacancy shall be filled up by the election or appointment, as the case may be, of a person thereto, who shall hold office so long only as the member in whose place he is elected or appointed would have held it if the vacancy had not occurred. **Casual vacancies how to be filled up.**	The words "as soon as conveniently may be" are omitted, as unnecessary.

Nil.	28. (4) Notwithstanding anything contained in Sub-sections (2) and (3), it will be open to a District Board to direct that a vacancy be left unfilled until the next ordinary election, if the term of office of that vacancy would in the ordinary course of events have determined within six months of the occurrence of such vacancy.	This is necessary in order to save the time and labour involved in an election when the period is very short.
29. (2) (*a*) The date of the first meeting of the Board fter reconstitution shall be fixed by the Deputy Commissioner nd the dates of the subsequent quarterly meetings shall be xed at the previous meeting of the Board; but the President ay, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon the written reuest of not less than one-fourth of the members and for a date ithin twenty-one days from the receipt of such request, call a pecial meeting. When the President and Vice-President are nable or fail for any reason to call a meeting, the Deputy ommissioner may exercise the powers of a President for that urpose.	29. (2) (*a*) The date of the first meeting of the Board after reconstitution shall be fixed by the Deputy Commissioner and the date of each subsequent quarterly meeting shall be fixed at the previous meeting of the Board, provided that the President may, for sufficient reasons alter the day of the meeting to a subsequent date. The President may, whenever he thinks fit, and shall, upon the written request of not less than one-fourth of the members and for a date within twenty-one days from the receipt of such request, call a special meeting. Such request shall specify the object for which a meeting is proposed to be called. When the President or in his absence the Vice-President, is unable or fails for any reason to call a meeting, the Deputy Commissioner may exercise the powers of a President for that purpose.	The clause is recast to allow the President to alter the date of a meeting to a subsequent date. In practice, this is done, but there is no provision for it. It is also provided that whenever a special meeting is wanted, the objects for which the meeting is to be called should be specified.
29. (2) (*b*) Twenty-one clear days' notice of a quarterly eeting and fourteen clear days' notice of a special meeting, ecifying the time and place at which such meeting is to be eld and the business to be transacted thereat, shall be circuted to the members and posted up at the District Board ffice. Such notice shall include in the case of a special meetg, any motion or proposition mentioned in any written equest made for such meeting.	29. (2) (*b*) Fourteen clear days' notice of a quarterly meeting and ten clear days' notice of a special meeting, specifying the time and place at which such meeting is to be held and the business to be transacted thereat, shall be sent to the members and posted up at the District Board Office. Such notice shall include in the case of a special meeting, any motion or proposition mentioned in the written request made for such meeting.	Ten days for an ordinary and six days for a special meeting is the period now required. While this is too short, the proposed period of 21 and 14 days seems too long. Hence the change. "Circulated" would necessitate the same paper being sent to each member, which would mean undue delay. It is changed to "sent".
29. (2) (*c*) If less than one-third of the whole number f members be present at a meeting at any time from the beinning to the end thereof, the presiding authority shall djourn the meeting to such hour on the following or some her future day as he may reasonably fix; a notice of such djournment shall be fixed up in the District Board Office and e business which would have been brought before the original eeting, had there been a quorum thereat, shall be brought efore the adjourned meeting and may be disposed of at such eeting or at any subsequent adjournment thereof, whether a quorum present or not.	29. (2) (*c*) One-third of the whole number of members of the District Board shall form a quorum for transacting business at a meeting of the Board. If at the time appointed for the meeting, or within half an hour thereafter, a quorum is not present, the presiding authority shall adjourn the meeting to such hour on some future day as he may reasonably fix. He shall similarly adjourn the meeting at any time after it has begun if attention is drawn to the want of a quorum. At such adjourned meeting the business which would have been brought before the original meeting shall be transacted whether there is a quorum present or not, provided that not less than five members are present.	It is made clear that the President may adjourn a meeting if no quorum is present at the time appointed for the meeting or within half an hour thereafter. The provision in the Bill is vague on this point. The quorum is also fixed. For an adjourned meeting no quorum is necessary, but the minimum number to transact business is fixed at 5 to prevent only two or three members disposing of what may be important matters.
29. (2) (*f*) All questions shall, * * * * * * decided by a majority of votes of the members present, * * *	29. (2) (*f*) All questions shall, * * * * * * be decided by a majority of votes of the members present and voting, * * *	Some of the members present may not choose to vote. Hence, it is necessary to add the words "and voting".

Clauses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
29. (2) (*h*) If the presiding authority is believed by the ers present at the meeting to have any such pecuniary st in any matter under discussion, he may, if a motion t effect be carried, be required to absent himself from eeting during such discussion.	29. (2) (*h*) If the presiding authority is believed by any member present at the meeting to have any such pecuniary interest in any matter under discussion and if a motion to that effect be carried, he shall not preside at the meeting during such discussion or vote on or take part in it. Any member of the Board may be chosen or elected to preside at the meeting during the continuance of such discussion.	The clause is recast so as to permit any member present to take objection to the presiding authority on the ground of pecuniary interest in the matter under discussion. The presiding authority need not absent himself, though he cannot take part in the discussion or vote or preside. Provision is also made to choose somebody else to preside, as para (*e*) of the sub-clause does not provide for all cases that may arise, *e.g.*, where objection is taken to a Chairman who is selected under para (*e*) in the absence of the President and Vice-President.
29. (2) (*k*) No resolution of a District Board shall be ied or cancelled within three months after the passing of, except by a resolution supported by not less than one f the whole number of members and passed at a quarterly ecial meeting, whereof notice shall have been given fulfil- he requirements of clause (*b*) and setting forth fully the ution which it is proposed to modify or cancel at such ng and the motion or proposition for the modification or llation of such resolution.	29. (2) (*k*) No resolution of a District Board shall be modified or cancelled within six months after the passing thereof, except by a resolution passed by not less than one half of the whole number of members at a quarterly or special meeting, notice whereof shall have been given fulfilling the requirements of clause (*b*) and setting forth fully the resolution which it is proposed to modify or cancel at such meeting and the motion or proposition for the modification or cancellation of such resolution.	A District Board meets once in three months ordinarily. As the clause stands in the Bill, a resolution at one meeting can be cancelled at the very next meeting, which is not desirable. The period is raised to six months. The other change is intended to remove any possibility of doubt and to make it clear that a resolution of the Board can be cancelled by a subsequent resolution only when it is passed by not less than half the number of members.
29. (4) A copy of every resolution passed by a District d at a meeting shall, within ten days from the day of the ng, be forwarded to the Deputy Commissioner, who shall it the same to the Government with his remarks, if any, he Government may pass such orders as it may think r.	29. (4) A copy of every resolution passed by a District Board at a meeting shall, within ten days from the day of the meeting be forwarded to Government through the Deputy Commissioner and the Government may pass such orders thereon as it may think proper.	Recast so as to conform to the present practice.
30. (2) A member of a District Board may move resolu- and interpellate the President on matters connected with dministration of the Board, subject to such rules as may ade by the Board and the Government in this behalf.	30. (2) A member of a District Board may move resolutions and interpellate the President on matters connected with the administration of the Board, subject to such rules as may be made by the Board.	The last six words are struck out as unnecessary, in view of the fact that the rules made by the Board should not be inconsistent (clause 29 (1)) with those made by Government under clause 99.

31. (1) Every District Board shall appoint a Standing ommittee consisting of such number of members not being ıore than seven and not less than five as the Board may etermine.

31. (3) The President of the District Board shall be *:-officio* member and Chairman of the Standing Committee addition to the members appointed under sub-section (1).

32. (2) It shall be lawful to the District Board to ıpoint as a member of the said Committee any person of ;her sex who is not a member of the Board, but who may, the opinion of the Board, possess special qualifications for rving on the Committee.

32. (3) It shall also be lawful for the District Board to point temporarily additional members of either sex, whener necessary, for the consideration of any particular subject subjects.

33. (1) Every District Board may appoint a Public ealth Committee consisting of such members of the Board the Board may elect. The said members may co-opt e District Medical Officer of the District or any Medical or nitary Officer of the Government or a legally qualified edical Practitioner to be a member of the Committee for a riod not exceeding the term of their own office.

35. The Principal Sanitary Officer and the Principal dical Officer of the District, the Senior Surgeon and Sany Commissioner, the Veterinary Superintendent and the sistant Veterinary Superintendent the Live-Stook Expert, Director of Agriculture, the Deputy Director and Assistant ector of Agriculture, the Executive Engineer, the District pector of Schools and the Registrar and Assistant Regis: of Co-operative Societies shall, if they be not already nbers, be entitled to attend any meeting of a District ard or of any Committee thereof, and to address such Board Committee on any matter under discussion affecting their ective departments and shall furnish their advice in such ters whenever called upon to do so.

31. (1) Every District Board shall appoint a Standing Committee consisting of the President, the Vice-President, if any, and other members of the Board. The total number of members of such Standing Committee shall not be more than seven and not less than five as the Board may determine.

Standing Committee.

31. (3) The President of the District Board and in his absence the Vice-President, shall be *ex-officio* Chairman of the Standing Committee.

32. (2) It shall be lawful for the District Board to appoint as members of the said Committee any persons of either sex who are not members of the Board, but who may, in the opinion of the Board, possess special qualifications for serving on the Committee. Such persons may be appointed to the said Committee either during the term of the said Board or temporarily for the consideration of a particular subject or subjects.

33. (1) Every District Board may appoint a Public Health Committee consisting of such members of the Board as the Board may elect. The District Board may co-opt, for a term not exceeding the term of office of the said Board, either the District Medical Officer of the District or any Medical or Sanitary Officer of the Government or a legally qualified Medical Practitioner to be a member or members of the said Committee.

Public Health Committee.

35. The Principal Sanitary Officer and the Principal Medical Officer of the District, the Senior Surgeon, the Sanitary Commissioner, the Veterinary Superintendent and the Assistant Veterinary Superintendent, the Live-Stock Expert, the Director of Agriculture, the Deputy Director and Assistant Director of Agriculture, the Director and Assistant Director of Industries, the Executive Engineer, the District Inspector of Schools and the Registrar and Assistant Registrar of Co-operative Societies shall, if they be not already members, be entitled to attend any meeting of a District Board or of any Committee thereof, and to address such Board or Committee on any matter under discussion affecting their respective departments and shall furnish their advice in such matters whenever called upon to do so.

Certain Government officers entitled to attend and speak and District Boards may require officers to furnish advice.

The presence of the President and the Vice-President, if any, appears to be desirable, if not necessary, on the Standing Committee; and the number including them should not exceed seven. Hence the change.

This is to provide for the Vice-President stepping into the place of the President during his absence.

There is no apparent difference between sub-clauses (2) and (3) unless it be regarding their term. The two are combined into a single sub-clause, bringing out also the nature of their appointment.

Slightly recast, without altering the sense, to provide for more than one of such officers being co-opted.

Director and Assistant Director of Industries are added to the list, as the District Board may sometimes deal with matters connected with that department.

Clauses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
1. No act of a District Board or of any Committee or person acting as a member or as a President, Vice-ent, or Chairman shall be deemed to be invalid by cnly of some defect in the appointment of such Board, ittee, President, Vice-President, Chairman or member the ground that they or any of them were disqualified ch office, or that formal notice of the intention to hold ting of the Board or Committee was not duly given or ason of such act having been done during the period y vacancy in the office of the President, Vice-President, mber of such Board or Committee or for any other such informality.	41. No act of a District Board or of any Committee or of any person acting as a member or as a President, Vice-President, or Chairman shall be deemed invalid by reason only of some defect in the appointment of such Board, Committee, President, Vice-President, Chairman or member or on the ground that they or any of them were disqualified for such office, or that formal notice of the intention to hold a meeting of the Board or Committee was not duly given or by reason of such act having been done during the period of any vacancy in the office of the President, Vice-President, or member of such Board or Committee or for any other such informality. **Acts of Boards, etc., not to be invalidated**	The word "mere" is struck out as unnecessary.
4. Every road, building or other work constructed District Board from the District Fund shall be vested in oard by which it has been constructed.	44. Every road, building or other work constructed by a District Board from the District Fund shall be vested in the Board by which it has been constructed. **Works constructed by District Board to be vested in it.** Provided that such portion of a District Board road as may lie within the area of a Municipality shall vest in the Municipal Council of such Municipality.	The proviso is added in order to avoid a conflict with Section 50 of the Municipal Regulation which vests all roads within the limits of a Municipality in the Municipal Council.
45. (1) Every District Board, shall, so far as the funds disposal will permit, but subject to such exceptions and tions as the Government may from time to time make mpose, undertake the control and administration of and sponsible for the following matters within the area sub-o its authority :—	45. (1) Every District Board shall, so far as the funds at its disposal will permit, but subject to such exceptions and conditions as the Government may from time to time make and impose, undertake the control and administration of and be responsible for the following matters within the area subject to its authority :— **Duties of the District Board.**	.....
(a) Construction, repair and maintenance of public and other means of communication ;	(a) Construction, repair and maintenance of public roads and other means of communication which are not under the control of any other local body or of Government ;	In the area under the control of the District Board, there may be roads, etc., which are under the control and management of Government or other local bodies. The District Board is not responsible for such roads, etc.
(b) planting and preservation of trees on the sides of and on other public ground ;	(b) planting and preservation of trees on the sides of roads and on other public ground in its control ;	It is only in respect of roads and public grounds under its control that a District Board can be called upon to plant and preserve trees.
(d) Construction and repair of public wells, tanks and r works, supply of water from them and from other es and preservation from pollution of water for drinking cooking purposes ;	(d) construction and repair of public wells, tanks and water works which serve more than one Village Panchayet, supply of water from them and from other sources and preservation from pollution of water for drinking and cooking purposes ;	Upkeep of wells, tanks, etc., serving villages under different Panchayets and carrying out of measures and services affecting such villages should fall within the scope of the duties of District Boards.
(e) * * *	(e) * * *	

(*f*) sanitary works and measures necessary for the health including sanitation during jatras or fairs and als;

* *

(*g*) encouragement and development of Co-operative ties;

(*j*) payment of expenses of maintenance and treatment rsons undergoing anti-rabic treatment subject to the al or special orders of the Government;

* * *

(*o*) any other local works or measuars likely to promote ealth, safety, comfort, convenience, interest or welfare public.

(2) any District Board may, at its discretion—

(*a*) * * *
(*b*) * * * ; and
(*c*) *

48. It shall be competent to the Government from time to by notification to resume any property placed under the ol of a District Board under Section 47 on such terms as overnment may determine.

51. The President of a District Board may, subject to the ys made in this behalf, permit the temporary occupa- r use of a road or land vested in the Board for the on of pandals or use on the occasion of fairs and festivals, any approved purpose.

52. Subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the rnment in this behalf and to the bye-laws to be framed District Board, it shall be lawful for a District Board ify that any road vested in it shall not be used by any e (not being a motor vehicle licensed by the Deputy nissioner under the provisions of the Mysore Motor les Rules for the time being in force) of such form, uction, weight or size or laden with such machinery or unwieldy objects as may be deemed likely to cause injury e roadway or to any construction thereon or risk or ction to other vehicles or to pedestrians, except under a e issued by the President and in accordance with the framed by the Government from time to time as regards time, fees, mode of traction or locomotion, use of appli- for protection of the roadway, number of lights and nts and other general precautions.

(*f*) measures necessary for the public health, sanitation and other local services affecting villages under different Panchayets and control of and sanitation during jatras or fairs and festivals;

* * *

Omitted ... ...

(*i*) payment of travelling expenses of persons undergoing anti-rabic treatment subject to the general or special orders of the Government;

* * *

(*n*) any other local works or measuars likly to promote the health, safety, comfort, convenience, interest or welfare of the public in the District.

(2) Any District Board may, at its discretion—

(*a*) * * *
(*b*) * * *
(*c*) * * * ; and
(*d*) encourage and develop co-operative societies in the District.

Power of Government to resume property.

48. It shall be competent to the Government from time to time by notification to resume any property placed under the control of a District Board under section 47 on such terms as the Government may determine after consultation with the Board.

51. Subject to the bye-laws made in this behalf, the President of a District Board may permit the temporary occupation or use of any road or land vested in the Board, for the erection of pandals, or for any other lawful purpose.

Control of unwieldy traffic.

52. It shall be lawful for a District Board, subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Government in this behalf and to the bye-laws framed by the District Board, to notify that any road vested in it shall not be used by any vehicle (not being a motor vehicle duly licensed under the provisions of the Mysore Motor Vehicles Rules for the time being in force) of such form, construction, weight or size or laden with such machinery or other unwieldy objects as may be deemed likely to cause injury to the roadway or to any construction thereon or risk or obstruction to other vehicles or to pedestrians, except under a license issued by the President and in accordance with the rules framed by the Government from time to time as regards speed, time, fees, mode of traction or locomotion, use of appliances for protection of the roadway, number of lights and assistants and other general precautions.

This is transferred to discretionary duties under sub-clause (2) of the clause.

The District Boards are now paying only the travelling allowance of persons who go for treatment. Hence the change.

Vide reasons given against (d) and (*f*) above.

Vide reason noted against (*g*) in sub clause (1) above.

It is desirable that the Board is consulted beforehand in such cases before action is taken.

Instead of enumerating the purposes for which a road or land may be given, the words "for any other lawful purpose" are substituted. "Lawful" is more correct than "approved".

Transposition of words—calls for no remarks.

Persons besides the Deputy Commissioner may issue licenses for motor vehicles. Hence the change.

Clauses which requre amendement	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
. (1) All markets, slaughterhouses and cart-stands ıcted and maintained out of the District Funds shall be d to be public markets, public slaughterhouses and pub-t-stands, respectively, and no public market shall be l by a District Board without the previous sanction of overnment. (2) No private person shall continue to keep open a e market, slaughterhouse or cartstand lawfully establish-or to the commencement of this Regulation, unless he s from the District Board a license in writing to do so. (3) Except as provided in sub-section (2), no person after the commencement of this Regulation, open or keep private market, slaughterhouse or cart-stand. (4) No person shall sell or expose for sale any article or l in any unlicensed private market.	54. (1) All markets, slaughterhouses and cart-stands constructed and maintained out of the District Funds shall be deemed to be public markets, public slaughterhouses and public cart-stands, respectively, and no public market shall be opened by a District Board without the previous sanction of the Government. **Markets, slaughter-houses and cart-stands.** (2) No person shall continue to keep open a market, slaughterhouse, public cart-stand or public ferry established prior to the commencement of this Regulation, unless he obtains from the District Board a license in writing to do so. (3) Except as provided in sub-section (2), no person shall after the commencement of this Regulation, open or keep open a market, slaughterhouse, public cart-stand or public ferry. (4) No person shall sell or expose for sale any article or animal in any unlicensed market.	(2) Public ferries should also be included in this sub-clause. So far as cart-stands and ferries go, there is no reason why they should be licensed, if they are kept for private use. When they are public and fees are charged, they should be licensed. Necessary changes have been made. The word "private" is omitted in several places as it conveys no clear meaning.
6. (1) All applications for licenses and permissions under egulation may be disposed of by the President of the Dis-Board ; but when a license is refused, the person aggriev-his order shall have the right of appeal to the District whose decision shall be final. (2) A license under this Regulation shall be granted on payment in advance of a fee at such rates as may be ribed and it shall be lawful for the President to suspend nse granted for default of any of the conditions subject ich it was issued.	56. (1) All applications for licenses and permissions under this Regulation may be disposed of by the President of the District Board who may suspend or cancel a license granted for default of any of the conditions subject to which it was issued or given. When a license is granted, refused, suspended or cancelled by the President, any person aggrieved by his order shall have the right of appeal to the District Board. **Licenses** (2) A license under this Regulation shall be granted only on payment in advance of a fee at such rates as may be prescribed.	The proper place for the suspension or cancellation of a license is in sub-clause (1) and not sub clause (2) ; and the right of appeal should not be confined to cases where a license is refused, but should be given when a license is granted, suspended or cancelled. Sub-clauses (1) and (2) are re-cast accordingly.
(3) Whoever keeps open or uses, without a license or g the suspension of a license, any place for any purpose hich a license is required under this Regulation shall be hed with fine which may extend to 50 rupees and with er fine which may extend to 10 rupees for every day on such use is continued after the date of first conviction.	(3) Whoever keeps open or uses, without a license or after a license is suspended or cancelled, any place for any purpose for which a license is required under this Regulation, shall be punished on conviction by a Magistrate, with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees. He may also be punished with further fine which may extend to twenty-five rupees for every day on which such act is continued after the date of conviction or any subsequent date as may be fixed by the Magistrate.	There may be cases where the fine inflicted may not act as a deterrent. The profits realised by continuing to use a place without a license may be more than the fine. Hence the limits of the fine are increased to Rs. 100 and Rs. 25. The Magistrate should have the discretion to allow some time to the party to discontinue using the place, in cases where it is not possible to stop the use at once.

57. (1) The District Board may, from time to time with e sanction of the Government, make bye-laws and cancel or ter the same so as not to be repugnant toany law in force :—

(*a*) for the general or special regulation, inspection, ntrol of musafirkhanas, travellers' bungalows, rest-houses, rt-stands, markets, slaughterhouses, hotels, bakeries, sweet-eat shops, all other places used for the sale of articles intend-l for human food or drink, all places used by or for animals hich are for sale or for hire or the produce of which is sold, l the places used for the purposes specified in Schedule II nd for regulating the conduct of business in any of the places oresaid so as to secure cleanliness therein and the whole-meness of the articles prepared, kept or sold or to minimise ny injurious, offensive or dangerous effects arising or likely arise therefrom ;

57. (1) (*b*) (*ii*) for empowering the President or any her person authorised by him to enter and inspect any uilding or land and to require that it shall be kept in a proper ate for sanitary reasons ;

57. (1) (*c*) (*iii*) for setting apart, with the consent of the wner in the case of private sources of water-supply and of e Government in the case of those under the control of the overnment, for a specified purpose, springs, tanks, wells, ater courses and other places and prohibiting the use of such ourses for any any other purpose or purposes ;

57. (1) (e) (ii) for prohibiting the use of any source of vater-supply, whether private or public, during the epidemics ;

57. (1) (e) (iii) providing for the inspection of persons avelling by railway or otherwise, and the segregation in ospital, temporary accommodation or otherwise of persons uspected of being infected with any epidemic disease, or for uch other measures as may be deemed necessary to prevent e outbreak of such disease or the spread thereof ;

57. (1) (e) (iv) for empowering the President or any erson duly appointed by him to enter into any building or remises in which any dangerous infectious disease is reported r suspected to exist, to require the owner or occupier of

57. (1) The District Board may, from time to time and subject to such rules as may be prescribed by Government in this behalf and the with sanction of the Government, make bye-laws and cancel or alter the same so as not to be repugnant to any law in force :— **District Board's power to make bye-laws.**

(*a*) for the general or special regulation, inspection, control of musafirkhanas, travellers' bungalows, rest-houses, cart-stands, markets, slaughterhouses, hotels, bakeries, sweetmeat shops, all other places used for the sale of articles intended for human food or drink, all places used for animals which are for sale or hire or the produce of which is sold and all places used for the purposes specified in Schedule II, and for regulating the conduct of business in any of the places aforesaid so as to secure cleanliness therein and the wholesomeness of the articles prepared, kept or sold or to minimise any injurious, offensive or dangerous effects arising or likely to arise therefrom ;

57. (1) (*b*) (*ii*) for empowering the President or any person authorised by the Board to enter and inspect any building or land and to require that it shall be kept in a sanitary condition ;

57. (1) (*c*) (*iii*) for setting apart, with the consent of the owner in the case of private sources of water-supply and of the Government in the case of those under the control of the Government, for a specified purpose, springs, tanks, wells, water courses and other places and prohibiting their use for any other purpose or purposes ;

57 (1) (e, (ii) for prohibiting the use of any source of water-supply, whether private or public, during epidemics ;

57. (1) (e) (iii) providing for the inspection of persons travelling by railway or otherwise, and the segregation in a hospital or any other place set apart for the purpose, of persons suspected of being infected with any epidemic disease, or for such other measures as may be deemed necessary to prevent the outbreak of such disease or the spread thereof ;

57. (1) (e) (iv) for empowering the President or any person duly appointed by the Board to enter into any building or premises in which any dangerous infectious disease is reported or suspected to exist, to require the owner or occupier of such

The necessary formalities such as notice, publication of bye-laws, etc., to be observed before framing of bye-laws have not been indicated. This omission is rectified by giving power to Government to frame rules in this behalf.

Verbal changes calling for no remarks.

The Board should have the power to authorise any person to enter and inspect, and not the President. The other change is merely verbal.

Verbal change calling for no remarks.

Calls for no remarks.

Verbal changes to make the meaning clear.

The Board should have the power and not the President.

Clauses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
building or premises to cleanse or disinfect the same or, mediate or necessary cases, to have such building or ises cleansed or disinfected and to recover the whole or part of the expenses so incurred from such owner or pier or to remit the same in deserving cases;	building or premises to cleanse or disinfect the same or where immediate action is necessary, to have such building or premises cleansed or disinfected and to recover the whole or any part of the expenses so incurred from such owner or occupier or to remit the same in deserving cases;	Verbal change.
57. (1) (e) (v) for requiring that articles of clothing or ing or other articles exposed to infection from danger- nfectious diseases to be washed or disinfected at places ied by the District Board; and destroying such articles e likely to retain infection and paying compensation for les so destroyed;	57. (1) (e) (v) for requiring that articles of clothing or bedding or other articles exposed to infection from dangerous infectious diseases be washed or disinfected at places notified by the District Board; and for destroying such articles as are likely to retain infection and paying compensation for articles so destroyed;	Verbal change.
57. (1) (*f*) for regulating the use of public roads and the c thereon; and for securing cleanliness, safety and order spect of the same;	57. (1) (*f*) for regulating the use of public roads and the traffic thereon; for the temporary occupation or use of public roads and lands vested in the Board; and for securing cleanliness, safety and order in respect of the same;	There is no power to make bye-laws for the temporary occupation or use of roads and lands vested in the Board under clause 51. This is rectified.
57. (1) (*g*) for defining the conditions on or subject to h and the circumstances in which and the areas or locali- in respect of which any licenses or permissions under this ulation may be granted, refused, suspended or withdrawn fixing the fees payable in respect of licenses or permissions the rents, fees and other charges to be levied for the use ny of the places specified in clause (*a*) or other property nging to the District Board;	57. (1) (*g*) for defining the conditions on or subject to which and the circumstances in which and the areas or localities in respect of which any license or permission under this Regulation may be granted, refused, suspended or withdrawn and fixing the fees payable in respect of such permission and the rents, fees and other charges to be levied for the use of any of the places specified in clause (*a*) or other property belonging to the District Board;	Verbal changes. "Licenses" are omitted as fees for licenses are already prescribed under clause 56.
57. (1) (h) for providing for—	57. (1) (h) for provibing for—	
(i) the establishment of public ferries and their nagement;	(i) the establishment of public ferries and their management;	
(ii) the issue of permissions for plying ferry boats, the itions on or subject to which such permissions may be ted and the fees payable in respect of such permissions;	(ii) the issue of permission for plying ferry boats, the conditions on or subject to which such permission may be granted the fees payable in respect of such permission;	
(iii) the rates of fees that may be levied on passengers, cles, animals, goods or the loads that may be carried in any ic ferry boat at one trip;	(iii) the rates of fees that may be levied on passengers, vehicles, animals, goods or the loads that may be carried in any public ferry or boat;	Verbal changes.
(iv) the safe, speedy and convenient carriage and land- of passengers and property;	(iv) the safe, speedy, and convenient carriage and landing of passengers and property;	
(v) the maintenance of ferry boats in good order and employment of competent men for rowing them;	(v) the maintenance of ferry boats in good order and the employment of competent men for working them;	
(vi) the inspection of the ferries and the ferry boats;	(vi) the inspection of the ferries and the ferry boats; and	

(vii) otherwise for the due discharge of their duty by ners and ferrymen and other persons employed at a public y.

Ni ... ...

Nil ... ...

58. A District Board may direct any prosecution for any lic nuisance whatever, and may order proceedings to be en for the recovery of any penalties, and for the punish- nt of any persons offending against the provisions of this gulation, or of any bye-law thereunder, and may order the enses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid of the District Fund.

* * *

60. (c) Compound any offence against this Regulation or inst any bye-law made thereunder.

Nil

62. (2) It shall be lawful for a District Board to deposit nterest with the Mysore Government Savings Bank or h the sanction of the Governement in any Bank in Mysore, surplus funds in its hands which may not be required for rent charges and with the like sanction invest such funds ecurities of the Government of India or of the Govern- nt of Mysore or such other securities as the Government y, from time to time, approve in this behalf, and vary such estment with like sanction or dispose of such securities with like sanction.

65. Expenditure by a District Board out of the District nd shall, save as otherwise provided by this Regulation, be de within the area subject to its authority only, but may, h the sanction of the Government be made outside that area any of the purposes mentioned in this Regulation.

(vii) otherwise for the due discharge of their duty by farmers and ferrymen and other persons employed at a public ferry; and

57. (1) (i) generally for carrying out the purposes of this Regulation.

57. (2) Any person infringing any bye-laws made under this Regulation shall, on conviction before a Magistrate, be punished with fine not exceeding fifty rupees for each offence, and in case of a continuing offence with a further fine not exceeding ten rupees for each day after written notice of the offence by the District Board.

District Board may prosecute.

58. A District Board or any Officer or Committe of the Board authorised by the Board may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance whatever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalty, and for the punishment of any persons offending against the provisions of this Regulation, or of any bye-law thereunder, and may order the expenses of such prosecution or other proceedings to be paid out of the District Fund.

* * *

60. (1) (c) Compound any offence against this Regulation or any bye-law made thereunder which under any enactment for the time being in force, may lawfully be compounded.

60. (2) Sums paid by way of composition under this section shall be credited to the District fund.

62. (2) It shall be lawful for a District Board to deposit at interest with the Mysore Government Savings Bank or with the sanction of the Government in any Bank in Mysore, any surplus funds in its hands which may not be required for current charges and with the like sanction invest such funds in securities of the Government of India or of the Government of Mysore or such other securities as the Government may, from time to time, approve in this behalf, and vary such investment or dispose of such securities with the like sanction.

District Fund where to be expended.

65. Expenditure by a District Board out of the District Fund shall, save as otherwise provided by this Regulation, be made within the area subject to its authority only, but may, with the sanction of Government, be made outside that area for any of the purposes mentioned in this Regulation.

But nothing herein contained shall be deemed to require the

A general power to make bye-laws is necessary. Hence the addition.

This is another ommission in clause 57 which is rectified. Otherwise bye-laws may be infringed with impunity.

Any Officer or Committee empowered by the Board may be authorised to order prosecution. It will be inconvenient in practice otherwise.

* *

Certain offences may not be compoundable. Hence the addition.

Calls for no remarks.

The words "with like sanction" are omitted as redundant.

Clauses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
But nothing herein contained shall be deemed to require ecial sanction of the Government for payment of the ing charges :— (*a*) for audit of accounts of the District Boards ; (*b*) for maintenance and treatment of persons under- anti-rabic treatment at rates approved by the Govern- ; (*c*) for other charges expressly required or authorised incurred from the District Fund by any law in force or r order made by the Government.	special sanction of the Government for payment of the following charges :— (*a*) for audit of accounts of the District Boards ; (*b*) for the payment of travelling allowances of persons under going anti-rabic treatment at rates approved by the Government ; (*c*) for other charges expressly required or authorised to be incurred from the District Fund by any law in force or rule or order made by the Government in conformity with the provisions of this Regulation.	District Boards pay only the travelling allowance and now hence the change. The last eight words are added to safeguard the interests of the Boards. Expenses which are not contemplated by the Regulation may otherwise fall on them.
66. (4) Exemptions from payment of tolls shall be regu- by the rules to be prescribed by the Government in this f.	66. (5) Exemptions from payment of tolls shall be regulated by the rules prescribed by the Government in this behalf.	No remarks.
66. (5) No more than one payment of toll shall be de- ed at any toll gate, station or bridge in respect of any carriages, vehicles or animals in any one period of 24 hours ed from sunrise to sunrise provided that when toll has paid at any toll gate, station or bridge in respect of any carriages, vehicles or animals not laden or unridden, ifference between such tolls and the tolls payable in respect ch carts, carriages. vehicles or animals laden or ridden be payable if such carts, carriages, vehicles or animals pass through such toll gate, station or bridge, laden or n within such period.	66. (5) No more than one payment of toll shall be demanded at any toll gate, station, or bridge in the District in respect of any carts, carriages, vehicles or animals in any one period of 24 hours counted from sunrise to sunrise provided that when toll has been paid at any toll gate, station or bridge in respect of any carts, carriages, vehicles or animals not laden or ridden, the difference between such tolls and the tolls payable in respect of such carts, carriages, vehicles or animals laden or ridden shall be payable if such carts, carriages, vehicles or animals again pass through such toll gate, station or bridge, laden or ridden within such period.	Exemption from payment of toll a second time within 24 hours should be confined to the District in which the first payment has been made. "unridden" is wrong. It should be "ridden".
66. (8) Whoever not being duly authorised to collect levies or demands any toll on any public road or bridge, hoever duly authorised to collect tolls, demands more than rates authorised, shall be liable on conviction before a istrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 200 or to simple rigorous imprisonment not exceeding six calendar ths.	66. (8) Whoever not being duly authorised to collect tolls levies or demands any toll on any public road or bridge or whoever duly authorised to collect tolls, demands or levies more than the rates authorised, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding Rs. 200 or to simple or rigorous imprisonment not exceeding six months.	The insertion of the word "levies" after "demands" appears to be necessary to cover all cases. "Months" means "Calendar months" as defined in the General clauses Regulation. Hence the word "calendar" is omitted.
66. (9) In the case of the non-payment of any toll on and, the person duly authorised to collect the same may any of the carts, carriages, vehicles or animals on which chargeable or any part of their burden of sufficient value efray the toll.	66. (9) If a person refuses to pay any toll on demand and passes through a toll-gate or station, the person duly authorised to collect the same may seize any of the carts, carriages, vehicles or animals on which it is chargeable or any part of their burden of sufficient value to defray the toll. **Power of District Board to levy Railway Cess.**	By the charge it is made clear that it is only after a person passes through a toll gate, etc., that his goods, etc., can be seized and not merely on his refusing to pay.

68. The District Board may levy with the previous sanction of the Government and subject to such rules as may be framed by the Government in this behalf, a railway cess not exceeding six pies in the rupee on all items of revenue on which local cess is levied to be utilised solely in the construction of tramways and railways.	68. The District Board may levy with the previous sanction of the Government and subject to such rules as may be framed by the Government in this behalf, a railway cess not exceeding six pies in the rupee on all items of revenue on which local cess is levied to be utilised solely in the construction of tramways and railways or for guaranteeing the payment of interest on capital expended on any railway, tramway or other works which may directly improve the means of communications within the District or between the District and other Districts.	**Power of District Board to levy Railway cess.** The addition is necessary. The District Board may not be in a position to take up the work itself. In such cases it may guarantee out of the cess the interest on capital to Government or any Company offering to construct a line.
70. Subject to the bye-laws made in this behalf, a District Board may charge fees for permissions issued under this Regulation and levy rents and fees for the occupation or use of any road, land or other property placed under its control or vested in it or maintained out of the District Fund.	70. Subject to the bye-laws made in this behalf, a District Board may charge fees for any permission issued under this Regulation and levy rents and fees for the occupation or use of any road, land or other property placed under its control or vested in it or maintained out of the District Fund.	**Rents and Fees.** No remarks.
71. The local cess, the railway cess and the education cess shall be adjusted or collected by the Departmental Government Officers or establishments concerned along with the principal items of revenue on which the cess is leviable. All other items of revenue shall be collected by such agency as the District Board appoints in this behalf with the approval of the Government, provided it shall be lawful for a District Board to lease the right to levy tolls or any fee that may be imposed under this Regulation by public auction, subject to the rules prescribed, and the amount due under such lease shall be recoverable in the manner provided under Chapter VII.	71. The local cess, the railway cess and the education cess shall be collected by the Departmental Government Officers or establishments concerned along with the principal items of revenue on which the cess is leviable. All other items of revenue shall be collected by such agency as the District Board appoints in this behalf with the approval of Government, provided that it shall be lawful for a District Board to lease the right to levy tolls or any fee that may be imposed under this Regulation by public auction, subject to the rules prescribed, and the amount due under such lease shall be recoverable in the manner provided under Chapter VII.	**Agency for Collection.** The word "adjusted" is not necessary. It is omitted.
72. It shall be lawful for a District Board, with the previous sanction of Government and subject to the conditions imposed by it, from time to time, to raise loans for constructing a railway or tramway or for the execution of any approved work or for the purpose of carrying out any of the provisions of this Regulation and to form a sinking fund for the repayment of such loans.	72. It shall be lawful for a District Board, with the previous sanction of Government and subject to the conditions imposed by it, from time to time, to raise loans for constructing a Railway or tramway or for the execution of any work or for the purpose of carrying out any of the provisions of this Regulation and form a sinking fund for the repayment of such loans.	**District Board may raise loans and may form a sinking fund.** As sanction of Government is obtained previously for any work, the use of the word "approved" in connection with the work to be undertaken is not necessary.
73. Subject to the rules that may be made by the Government from time to time, a District Board may grant loans from the District Fund to encourage local arts and industries and to recover the same in the manner provided in Chaper VII.	73. Subject to the rules that may be made by the Government from time to time, a District Board may grant loans from the District Fund to encourage local arts and industries and recover the same in the manner provided in Chapter VII.	**Grant of loans to encourage local arts and industries.** No remarks.
74. (1) Subject to the previous sanction of the Government, a District Board may make grants-in-aid to any medical institution or school within or without the area under its authority whether it be under public or private management.	74. (1) Subject to the previous sanction of the Government, a District Board may make grants-in-aid to any medical, educational or charitable institutions or any other institution of public utility, within or without the area under its authority, whether it be under public or private management.	**Contributions to expenditure incurred by the Government or other local authorities and power to make grant-in-aid.** Charitable institutions and other institutions of public utility are also included.

Clauses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
74. (2) The Government may require a District Board to contribute towards the expenditure incurred by it or any other District Board, Municipal Council or Village Panchayet, for any of the purposes authorised by or under the provisions of this Regulation if such expenditure is such as to benefit the inhabitants of the area under the authority of such District Board.	74. (2) The Government may require a District Board to contribute towards the expenditure incurred by it for any of the purposes authorised by or under the provisions of this Regulation if such expenditure is such, as to benefit the inhabitants of the area under the authority of such District Board.	As the expenditure is incurred under the orders of Government, it is unnecessary to mention the various agents that may be employed for incurring the expenditure or carrying out the work.
75. When a District Board has entered into any arrangement or made any promise, purporting to bind itself or its successors for a term of years or for an unlimited period, to continue to any institution a yearly contribution from its property or from the District Fund, it shall be lawful for the District Board or its successors with the sanction of Government, to cancel such arrangement or promise or to discontinue or to diminish such contribution, provided that it shall have given at least six months' notice of its intention so to do to the manager or managers of such institution.	75. When a District Board has entered into any arrangement or made any promise, purporting to bind itself or its successors for a term of years or for an unlimited period, to continue to any institution a yearly contribution from its property or from the District Fund, it shall be lawful for the District Board or its successors with the sanction of Government, to cancel such arrangement or promise or to discontinue or to diminish such contribution, provided that it shall have given at least one year's notice of its intention so to do to the manager or managers of such institution. **Arrangements purporting to be binding permanently or for a term of years.**	The period of notice is raised to one year so that the institution, which may have committed itself to expenditure in expectation of the continuance of the grant from the District Board may have sufficient time to readjust its finances.
76. (3) The District Board shall, on or before the prescribed day, cause a copy of the estimate as approved by it to be sent to the Deputy Commissioner, who shall submit the same to the Government with his remarks, if any, and it shall be competent to the Government to sanction the estimate with such modification, if any, as it deems fit.	76. (3) The District Board shall, on or before the prescribed day, cause a copy of the estimate as approved by it to be sent to Government through the Deputy Commissioner who shall forward a copy of his remarks, if any, to the District Board and it shall be competent to the Government to sanction the estimate with such modification, if any, as it deems fit.	This is in consonance with the changes made before. A copy of the remarks should be sent to the Board, in order that the Board may answer any points raised by the Deputy Commissioner, before final orders are passed by Government.
Provided that the District Board may sanction transfer of funds from one major or minor head in the budget to any major or minor head by a re-appropriation of an allotment sanctioned in the budget.	(4) The District Board may sanction transfer of funds from one major or minor head in the budget to any major or minor head by a re-appropriation of an allotment sanctioned in the budget.	This is not a proviso. It is made a sub-clause.
Nil	(5) No expenditure which is not provided for in the estimate as approved or modified by the Government shall be incurred during the year to which the estimate relates, without the previous sanction of the Government obtained on one or more supplemental estimates.	The addition is obviously necessary.
77. Accounts of all the receipts and expenditure of every District Board shall be made up to the last day of every official year, in such form as the Government from time to time prescribes, and shall be examined and audited as soon as may be, after the end of each official year by such persons as the Government from time to time appoints in this behalf.	77. Accounts of all the receipts and expenditure of every District Board shall be made up to the last day of every official year, in such form as the Government may from time to time prescribe, and shall be examined and audited as soon as may be, after the end of each official year by such persons as the Government may from time to time appoint in this behalf. **Annual Accounts and Audit.**	Verbal changes calling for no remarks.

79. An abstract of every annual account of a District Board, showing its income under each head of receipts, the charges for establishment, the works undertaken, the sums expended on each work and the balance, if any, of the fund remaining unspent, shall be prepared by the District Board and submitted to the Government.

80. (1) When any sum not being a toll payable on demand—

* * * *

(*b*) which is claimable as a fee, cess or other due under this Regulation or any rule or bye-law thereunder, shall have become due and remain unpaid ten days after the same is due, the President of the District Board or some person duly authorised by the President in writing in this behalf may serve upon the person or persons liable to pay such sum, a notice in writing in a form to be prescribed by the rules famed in this behalf.

82. The President or other person duly authorised as aforesaid shall make an inventory of the property distrained and if the amount due is not paid within fifteen days after distraint, the property may be sold.

Nil.

87. (1) Any District Board may, with the sanction of the Government, appoint a Chief Officer and a Health Officer and an Engineering or any one or more of such officers or appoint one person, whether temporarily, or permanently, to discharge the duties of any two or of all such officers and pay such salaries to them as the Government having regard to the financial condition of the District Board may direct.

79. An abstract of every annual account of a District Board, showing its income under each head of receipts, the charges for establishment, the works undertaken, the sums expended on each work and its assets and liabilities shall be prepared by the District Board and submitted to the Government.

Submission of abstract of accounts to the Government.

80. (1) When any sum not being a toll payable on demand—

* * * *

(*b*) which is claimable as a fee, cess or other due under this Regulation or any rule or bye-law thereunder, shall have become payable and remain unpaid ten days after the same is due, the President of the District Board or some person duly authorised by the President in writing in this behalf, may serve upon the person or persons liable to pay such sum, a notice in writing in a form to be prescribed by the rules framed in this behalf.

82. The President or other person duly authorised as aforesaid shall make an inventory of the property distrained, a copy of which shall, on demand, be delivered to the defaulter or any person on his behalf, and if the amount due is not paid within fifteen days after distraint, the property may be sold.

Inventory sale.

84. (5) If any claim shall be set up by a third person to movable property distrained under the provisions of this chapter, the President shall admit or reject the claim on a summary enquiry held after reasonable notice. If the claim be admitted wholly or partly, the property shall be dealt with accordingly. Except in so far as it is admitted, the property shall be sold and the title of the purchaser shall be good for all purposes, and the proceeds shall be disposable as hereinbefore directed.

Provided that nothing in this sub-section shall be deemed to bar the claimant or any person having any interest in the property distrained, from seeking relief in a Civil Court having jurisdiction.

Claims to distrained property how to be disposed of.

87. (1) Any District Board may, with the sanction of the Government, appoint a Chief Officer, a Health Officer and an Engineer or any one or more of such officers, or appoint one person, whether temporarily or permanently, to discharge the duties of any two or of all such officers and pay such salaries to him or them as the Government having regard to the financial condition of the District Board may direct.

District Board may appoint Chief Officer, Health Officer and Engineer.

The change is intended to include the assets and liabilities of the Board, in the abstract to be sent up to Government.

'Payable' is a better word than 'due' in this clause, because of the use of the word 'due' already in the clause.

There should be provision for a copy of the list of properties distrained being given to the party or his agent, to prevent risk of fraud, etc. These is such a provision in the Code of Criminal Procedure.

Provision for the entertainment of claims against properties distrained is inserted on the analogy of Section 192 of the Land Revenue Code.

The party's right of suit in a Civil Court is not to be affected.

Verbal changes calling for no remarks.

Clauses of the Bill which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee		Reasons for the change
(2) No such officer shall be removable from office except with the previous sanction of the Government.	(2) Subject to such rules, if any, as may be framed by the Government from time to time, all such officers of the District Board shall be subordinate to the District Board. No such officer shall be removable from office except with the previous sanction of the Government.		It is made clear that officers appointed under sub-section (1) are subordinate to the District Board.
(5) The Chief Officer may, with the permission of the President, or in virtue of a resolution passed in this behalf at any meeting of the District Board or of any Committee make an explanation in regard to any subject under discussion at such meeting, but shall not vote upon or make any proposition at such meeting.	(5) The Chief Officer may, with the permission of the President, or in virtue of a resolution passed in this behalf at any meeting of the District Board or of any Committee, make an explanation in regard to any subject under discussion at such meeting, but shall not vote upon or move any proposition at such meeting.		Calls for no remarks.
90. The Government may, by order in writing amend any proceedings or resolution of a District Board which it considers to be wrong or not in conformity with law and the rules or bye-laws in force thereunder and may do all things necessary to secure such conformity.	90. The Government may, by order in writing, amend any proceedings or resolution of a District Board which it considers to be not in conformity with the provisions of this Regulation and the rules or bye-laws in force thereunder and may do all things necessary to secure such conformity.	**Government's power to amend proceedings of District Boards.**	The words "wrong or" are omitted as the rest of the sentence is clear enough.
91. The Deputy Commissioner of a District shall have power—	91. Subject to such rules as the Government may frame from time to time in this behalf, the Deputy Commissioner of a District shall have power—	**Inspection of offices of District Boards.**	
(*a*) to inspect the office of any District Board,	(*a*) to inspect the office of the District Board or Boards in the District.		
(*b*) to call for records of any District Board either on his own motion or on the application of an aggrieved party and to submit the same with his opinion to the Government for such orders as it may deem fit to pass, if he is satisfied that the order or proceedings of the District Board or its executive is wrong or contrary to law.	(*b*) to call for records of the District Board or Boards in the District either on his own motion or on the application of an aggrieved party and to submit the same with his opinion to the Government for such orders as it may deem fit to pass, if he is satisfied that the order or proceeding of the District Board or its executive is wrong or contrary to law.		Government should frame suitable rules for inspection by Deputy Commissioners and it is made clear that a Deputy Commissioner has power to inspect only the Board or Boards in his District.
92. (1) The Deputy Commissioner of District shall have power to supervise the proceedings of the District Board on the several Committees in the District, and in the exercise of that power may (among other things)—	92. (1) The Deputy Commissioner of the District shall have power to supervise the proceedings of the District Board and of the several Committees in the District, and in the exercise of that power may (among other things)—	**Deputy Commissioner's power of supervision.**	Verbal changes calling for no remarks.
* * * *	* * * *		
(*b*) call for and inspect any document which may be, for the purposes of this Regulation, in the possession, or under the control, of the District Board or a Committee; and	(*b*) call for and inspect, for the purposes of this Regulation, any document which may be in the possession, or under the control, of the District Board or a Committee; and		Recast so as to restrict the power of the Deputy Commissioner to call for documents only when they are to be inspected for the purposes of this Regulation.
* * *	* * * *		

under th[illegible] Deputy Commissioner makes any order [illegible] shall forthwith forward to the Government a c[illegible] the order, with a statement of the reasons for making [illegible] it shall be in the discretion of the Government to rescin[illegible] order, or to direct that it continue to force, with or withc[illegible] modification permanently or for such period as it thinks [illegible]

94. (1) In cases of emergency, the Deputy Commissioner may provide for the execution of any work or the doing of any act, which a District Board is empowered to execute or do and the immediate execution or doing of which is, in his opinion, necessary for the service or safety of the public, and may direct that the expense of executing the work or doing the act, with a reasonable remuneration to the person appointed to execute, or to do it, shall be forthwith paid by the District Board.

* * * *

(3) The Deputy Commissioner shall forthwith report to the Government every case in which he exercises the powers given to him by this section.

97. If any dispute for the decision of which this Regulation does not otherwise provide arises between two or more District Boards or between a District Board and one or more Municipal Councils, the matter shall be referred to the Government whose decision shall be final and binding.

Clause 103—Proviso.

Provided that no person shall be convicted under this section by reason only of such person,

(a) having a share in any Joint Stock Company or a share or interest in any society registered or deemed to be registered under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation which shall contract with or be employed by or on behalf of the District Board, or

105. No action shall be brought against any District Board or any of its officers or any person acting under its direction, for anything done or purporting to be done under this Regulation, until the expiration of one month next after notice in writing shall have been delivered or left at the office of the Board or at the place of abode of such person, explicitly noting the cause of action and the name and the place of abode of the intended plaintiff.

* * * *

93. (2) When a Deputy Commissioner makes any order under this section, he shall forthwith forward to the Government a copy of the order, with a statement of the reasons for making it, and it shall be in the discretion of the Government, after affording the Board reasonable opportunities for stating its case, to rescind the order or to direct that it continue in force, with or without modification permanently or for such period as it thinks fit.

94. (1) In cases of emergency the Deputy Commissioner may provide for the execution of any work or the doing of any act, which a District Board is empowered to execute or do under sub-section (1) of section 45 and the immediate execution or doing of which is in his opinion, necessary for the service or safety of the public, and may direct that the expense of executing the work or doing the act, with a reasonable remuneration to the person appointed to execute, or to do it, shall be forthwith paid by the District Board.

Extraordinary powers of Deputy Commissioner in cases of emergency.

* * * *

(3) The Deputy Commissioner shall forthwith report to the Government every case in which he exercises the powers given to him by this section, and on receiving such report the Government may pass such orders as it deems fit.

97. If any dispute for the decision of which this Regulation does not otherwise provide, arises between two or more District Boards or between a District Board and one or more Municipal Councils, the matter shall be referred to the Government whose decision shall be final.

Disputes.

Clause 103—Proviso.

Provided that no person shall be convicted under this section by reason only of such person,

(a) having a share in any Joint Stock Company or a share or interest in any literary association registered under the Societies Registration Regulation, 1904, or in any society registered under the Mysore Co-operative Societies Regulation which shall contract with or be employed by or on behalf of the District Board, or

105. No action shall be brought against any District Board or any of its officers or any person acting under its direction, for anything done or purporting to be done under this Regulation, until the expiration of two months next after notice in writing shall have been delivered or left at the office of the Board or at the place of abode of such person; such notice shall state the cause of action, the relief sought, the amount of compensation, if any, claimed and the name and the place of abode of the intending plaintiff: provided that in suits for the recovery of immovable property or for a declaration of title thereto, details regarding the relief sought need not be given.

Restrictions with respect to actions against District Board.

* * * *

Provision is made for ascertaining the views of the Board before passing orders.

The extraordinary powers of the Deputy Commissioner are restricted to such works and acts as fall under the *obligatory* duties of the Board.

The addition calls for no remarks.

The last two words of the clause are ommitted as unnecessary.

Vide clause 11 for the reason.

Notice of one month is not sufficient to come to a decision as to whether the suit may be compromised or defended. The period is enhanced to two months.

Details as regards relief sought, amount claimed, etc., should find a place in the notice for the information of the Board. When the suit is for recovery of immovable property or for a declaration of title thereto, these details are not necessary.

Clauses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
Nil	107. (1) Whoever shall have built or set up, or shall build or set up, any wall or any fence, rail, post, stall, verandah, platform, plinth, step, or any projecting structure, or thing, or other encroachment or obstruction, in any public street, or shall deposit or cause to be placed or deposited any box, bale, package or merchandise, or any other thing in such street, or in or over or upon, any open drain, gutter, sewer or aqueduct in such street, shall on conviction by a Magistrate be punished with fine which may extend to Rs. 25. (2) The District Board shall have power to remove any such obstruction or encroachment and shall have the like power to remove any unauthorised obstruction or encroachment of the like nature in any open space vested in or under the control of the District Board, and the expense of such removal shall be paid by the person who has caused the said obstruction or encroachment, and shall be recoverable in the manner provided in Chapter VII.	**Obstructions and encroachments upon public streets and open spaces.** A fresh clause is added for making obstructions on a public street, etc., offences, and giving the District Board power to remove such obstructions. The District Board has no such powers now.
	108. It shall be competent to the Government to declare that any District Board established under the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, and existing immediately prior to the commencement of this Regulation in the district, shall be deemed to be a District Board established under this Regulation and exercise all the powers of a District Board under this Regulation until such date as the Government shall fix in this behalf. The President, Vice-President and members of such District Board as constituted immediately prior to the commencement of this Regulation shall then be deemed to have been appointed or elected under the provisions of this Regulation and their term of office shall expire on the aforesaid date fixed by the Government.	**Transitory provision.** This is another alternative to avoid an interregnum when the Regulation is introduced into a district. Either elections may be held beforehand under proviso to sub-clause 3 of clause 1 or the District Board continued till such date as the Government may fix. During this period elections may be held.
SCHEDULE I. QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTERS IN GENERAL CONSTITUENCY. (See Section 9.) (1) A person shall be qualified as a voter in a general constituency who— * * *	SCHEDULE I. QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTERS IN A GENERAL CONSTITUENCY. (See Section 9.) (1) A person shall be qualified as a voter in a general constituency who— * * *	

(ii) is a Kadim tenant paying an annual rent of not less than Rs. 25 per annum on account of land held by him in the constituency to the holder of an alienated village to which the provisions of Chapters VIII to X of the Land Revenue Code have been applied; or	(ii) is a Kadim tenant assessed to an annual rent of not less than Rs. 25 per annum on account of land held by him in the constituency to the holder of an alienated village to which the provisions of Chapters VIII to X of the Land Revenue Code have been applied; or	Payment should not be the criterion. If a man is assessed to not less than Rs. 25 he should be eligible. This is in accordance with the resolution accepted by the Government.
* * *	* * *	
(iii) pays annually a tax on buildings or shops of not less than Rs. 5 in the constituency, or	(iii) is assessed to an annual tax on buildings or shops of not less than Rs. 5 in the constituency, or	Do do.
* * *	* * *	
(vii) pays income-tax to the Government and resides in the constituency.	(vii) is assessed to income-tax to the Government and resides in the constituency.	Do do.
SCHEDULE II.	SCHEDULE II.	
Purposes for which premises may not be used without a license.	Purposes for which premises may not be used without a license.	
(See Section 55)	(See Section 55)	
* * *	* * *	
(*b*) as a hotel, bakery, sweetmeat shop or for the sale of articles intended for human food or drink;	(*b*) as a dairy, hotel, restaurant, eating-house, coffee-house, sweetmeat shop, bakery, boarding house or lodging house (other than a students' hostel under public or recognised control), or for manufacturing ice or aerated waters;	It is desirable to specify the cases in which a license is necessary.
(*c*) for any of the purposes mentioned hereunder—	(*c*) for any of the purposes mentioned hereunder ...	
* * *	* * *	
(3) for sorting hides, horns or skins	(3) for storing hides, horns, skins or organic manure ...	'sorting' is a mistake for 'storing.' Organic manure is added to the list.
* * *	* * *	
SCHEDULE III.	SCHEDULE III.	
Maximum rates of tolls. (See Section 66)	Maximum rates of tolls. (See Section 66)	
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1. On every motor car 1 0 0	1. On every motor bus as defined in the Motor Vehicle Rules. 2 0 0	The maximum rate of toll in the case of motor busses is inserted.
	2. On every motor car 1 0 0	
* * *	* * *	

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY, LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL, BANGALORE.

Notification No. 3403, *dated* 12*th December* 1925.

Under Rule 49 of the Rules for the conduct of business of the Mysore Legislative Council, the following Report of the Select Committee on the Mysore Village Panchayet Bill is published for general information with the portions of the Bill as amended by them.

By Order,
R. RANGA RAO,
Secretary,
Mysore Legislative Council.

REPORT OF THE SELECT COMMITTEE APPOINTED TO CONSIDER THE MYSORE VILLAGE PANCHAYET BILL.

We, the members of the Select Committee appointed to consider the Village Panchayet Bill, met and considered the Bill at 4 sittings. The clauses in the Bill which in our opinion require changes, the amendments proposed by us and the reasons therefor are noted below. We recommend that the Bill as amended by us may be passed by the Council.

(SD.) M. RAMACHANDRA RAO.
,, B. NAGAPPA.
,, C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER.
,, S. HIRIANNAIYA.
,, D. H. CHANDRASEKHARAIYA.
,, K. P. PUTTANNA CHETTY.
,, H. CHENNAIYA.
,, MAHOMED ABBAS KHAN.
,, K. MATTHAN.
,, K. CHANDY (*Chairman*).

Clauses of the Bill which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
Whereas it is expedient to make better provision for the administration of village affairs by the villagers themselves and thereby develop the system of Self-Government in the rural areas of the State; It is hereby enacted as follows:—	Whereas it is expedient to make better provision for the administration of local affairs of villages by the inhabitants thereof; It is hereby enacted as follows:— Preamble.	The words "village affairs" and "villagers" are replaced by "local affairs of villages" and "inhabitants," as more appropriate. The words omitted are redundant.
(1) This Regulation may be called the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation, 1925. (2) * * * (3) * * *	1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Mysore Village Panchayet Regulation. Short title. (2) * * * (3) * * *	The year will be entered when the Bill is passed.
	Provided that it shall be lawful, at any time after the passing of this Regulation, to hold elections in any district or part of a district for the purpose of this Regulation, in accordance with the rules framed thereunder, but such elections shall not take effect till the commencement of this Regulation in that district or part of the district.	This is to provide for elections before the Regulation is introduced in any area, so that a Panchayet may be established as soon as the Regulation is brought into force in the area. Otherwise there will be an interregnum.
2. On and from the date on which this Regulation comes into force in any district or part of a district, (*a*) the whole of the Mysore Village Sanitation Regulation, 1898, and the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, so far as it relates to Village Panchayets shall be repealed in such district or part of a district;	2. (1) On and from the date on which this Regulation comes into force in any district or part of a district, the whole of the Mysore Village Sanitation Regulation, 1898, and the Mysore Local Boards and Village Panchayets Regulation, 1918, so far as it relates to Village Panchayets, shall be repealed in such district or part of a district: Repeal.	Sub-clause (*b*) is really a proviso to sub-clause (*a*) and sub-clause (*c*) is an independent part of the clause. The clause is accordingly recast.
(*b*) but all rules made, proceedings taken, orders passed, officers appointed, powers conferred and rights created under any of the enactments so repealed, shall be deemed to have been made, taken, passed, appointed, conferred or created under this Regulation; and all sums due on account of any tax, cess, fine or fee imposed by the enactments repealed shall, unless remitted in whole or in part by the Deputy Commissioner, be realised under the provisions of this Regulation;	Provided that all rules made, proceedings taken, orders passed, officers appointed, powers conferred and rights created under any of the enactments so repealed, shall be deemed to have been made, taken, passed, appointed, conferred or created under this Regulation.	The portion relating to recovery of dues in (*b*) should logically come after and form part of sub-clause (*c*). This is also effected in the clause as recast.
(*c*) when in consequence of the repeal of the enactments referred to in sub-section (*a*) any Panchayet ceases to exist, the assets and liabilities of such Panchayet shall devolve on such Panchayet or Panchayets as the Government may determine.	(2) When in consequence of the repeal of the enactments referred to in sub-section (1) any Panchayet ceases to exist, the assets and liabilities of such Panchayet shall devolve on such Panchayet or Panchayets as the Government may determine; and all sums due on account of any tax, cess, fine or fee imposed by the enactments repealed shall, unless remitted in whole or in part by the Deputy Commissioner, be recovered under the provisions of this Regulation.	'Recovered' is substituted for 'realised,' as being more correct.

Clauses of the Bill which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
3. In this Regulation, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context, (1) "building" includes a house, shop, warehouse, orkshop, hut and shed ; (2) "village forest" means a forest constituted as such nder the Mysore Forest Regulation ; (3) "Panchayet" means the body of persons constiited under this Regulation for carrying out all or any of the irposes of this Regulation ; (4) "Panchayetdar" means a member of a Panchayet ; (5) "Prescribed" means prescribed by the rules made ıder this Regulation ; (6) "Village" means a local area recognised by Govnment from time to time as a village for purposes of collectıg the land revenue and includes an alienated village, but ıall not include a local area constituted into a Municipality : placed under the control of a Sanitary Board constituted ıder the Mysore Mines Regulation, 1906, or the Jahgirs of elandur and Sringeri ; (7) "District" means any local area which, for the ırposes of the collection of land revenue, shall have been aced for the time being under the charge of a Deputy Comıissioner of a District ; (8) "District Board" means any Board constituted nder the provision of the Mysore District Boards Regulaon, 1925 ; (9) "Amildar" includes a Deputy Amildar.	3. In this Regulation, unless there is something repugnant in the subject or context, Interpretation. (1) "Amildar" includes a Deputy Amildar. (2) "Building" includes a house, shop, warehouse, workshop, hut and shed ; (3) "District" means any local area which, for the purposes of the collection of land revenue, shall have been placed for the time being, under the charge of a Deputy Commissioner of a District ; (4) "District Board" means any Board constituted under the provisions of the Mysore District Boards Regulation ; (5) "Hamlet" means a village, the Village Panchayet of which consists of all the voters of the village as provided in Section 5 A ; (6) "Panchayet" means the body of persons constituted under this Regulation for carrying out all or any of the purposes of this Regulation ; (7) "Panchayetdar" means a member of a Panchayet ; (8) "Prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under this Regulation ; (9) "Taluk" includes a sub-taluk ; (10) "Village" means a local area recognised by Government from time to time as a village for purposes of collecting the land revenue and includes a Dakle village and an alienated village, but does not include a local area constituted into a Municipality ; (11) "Village Forest" means a forest constituted as such under the Mysore Forest Regulation.	The definitions are arranged in alphabetical order. Two more definitions are added and the definition of 'village' is added to so as to include a 'dakle' village. The portion relating to a Sanitary Board and the Jahgirs in the definition of 'village' is left out as the K. G. F. Sanitary Board has no objection to the Regulation being applied to villages under its control and Government have power under sub-clause (3) of clause 1 to apply the Regulation to only such portion of a district as they deem fit.
4. (1) In any district or part of a district to which this egulation has been applied, the Deputy Commissioner shall, ıbject to such rules or orders as may be made by Governıent in this behalf, establish a Panchayet for every village c group of adjacent villages, and shall have power, by a notication in the Official Gazette, to vary as occasion may demand, e grouping of villages. * * * * *	4. (1) In any district or part of a district to which this Regulation has been applied, the Deputy Commissioner shall, subject to such rules or orders as may be made by Government in this behalf, establish a Panchayet for every village or group of adjoining villages, and shall have power, by a notification in the Official Gazette, to vary as occasion may demand, the grouping of villages. Establishment and incorporation of Panchayets * * * * *	"Adjacent" is proposed to be replaced by "adjoining" as the correct word.

(2) Every Panchayet shall be a body corporate by such as the Deputy Commissioner may determine and shall perpetual succession and a common seal, and shall by the ame sue and be sued. Subject to any rules made by rnment in this behalf, it shall also have power to acquire, or transfer property, movable or immovable, to enter into acts and to do all things necessary for all or any of the oses of this Regulation.

5. (1) A Panchayet shall consist of such number of bers not less than 5 and not more than 12 as the Govern- may fix in this behalf.

(2) Where a Panchayet is constituted for more than village, the Deputy Commissioner shall determine the er of members to represent each such village.

(3) The members of the Panchayet may be,

(i) either wholly elected by the residents of the village; or

(ii) partly elected and partly nominated as the Government may direct by a notification in this behalf.

* * *

(5) Any vacancies due either to want of qualified can- s or to failure to elect the full number of members which this section might be elected, may, notwithstanding ing contained in this Regulation, be filled up by nomi- by the Deputy Commissioner, and any person so nomi- shall be deemed to be a duly elected member.

(2) Every Panchayet shall be a body corporate by such name as the Deputy Commissioner may determine and shall have perpetual succession and a common seal, and shall by the said name sue and be sued. Subject to any rules made by Government in this behalf, it shall also have power to acquire, hold or transfer property, movable or immovable, whether within or without the limits of the area over which it has authority, to enter into contracts and to do all things necessary for all or any of the purposes of this Regulation.

Strength of the Panchayets and the election or nomination of members.

5. (1) A Panchayet shall consist of such number of members not less than 7 and not more than 12 as may be fixed by the Deputy Commissioner subject to the rules framed by the Government in this behalf.

(2) The members of a Panchayet shall be residents of the village or group of villages for which the Panchayet is established and may, as the Government may direct, be—

(i) either wholly elected by the residents of the village or villages; or

(ii) partly elected and partly nominated.

* * *

(3) Where a Panchayet is constituted for more than one village, the Deputy Commissioner shall determine the number of elected members to represent each such village.

(5) Any vacancies due either to want of candidates or to failure to elect the required number of members which under this section might be elected, may, notwithstanding anything contained in this Regulation, be filled by nomination by the Deputy Commissioner, and any person so nominated shall be deemed to be a member as if he had been duly elected.

There is no objection to a Panchayet acquiring or holding property, outside its limits, subject, as such acquisition is, to the rules framed by the Government. The clause is re-cast accordingly. This is in accordance with the corresponding provision in the District Boards Bill.

(1) Fixing of the strength of a Panchayet or Panchayets need not come up to Government. The Deputy Commissioner may fix the strength subject to rules framed by Government. The minimum number for a Panchayet is raised to 7, as otherwise, the quorum which is fixed at 5 in clause 17 will be equal to the total strength.

Sub Clause (3) should precede sub-clause (2), as it defines the constitution. Residence in the village or group of villages is prescribed as a necessary qualification for members. The words "as the Government may direct" ought to govern both paras (i) and (ii) and are inserted at the beginning of the sub-clause.

It is the elected element in each village that has to be determined by the Deputy Commissioner in order that every constituent village may have representation. Nominations are intended chiefly to safeguard the interests of minorities not adequately represented by election.

(5) The word "qualified" is unnecessary and "required" is a more appropriate word than "full." A nominated member cannot be an elected member, but can only be treated as an elected member in regard to rights and privileges, etc. Hence the change.

Clauses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
Nil.	5.A. If two-thirds of the number of voters in a village included within the limits of any Village Panchayet having jurisdiction over more than one Village elect to be included within the limits of any other Village Panchayet, such village may, with the consent of the latter Village Panchayet, be so included and after a period of not less than five years may similarly be included in another Village Panchayet.	Conditions under which a village under a Panchayet may be included under another Panchayet, etc.
	(2) If two-thirds of the number of voters in any village included within the limits of any Village Panchayet elect to have their village constituted into a hamlet, it may be so constituted and thereafter, all the voters in the said village shall perform for the village, all the duties and shall have all the powers of a Village Panchayet under this Regulation.	Hamlet.
	(3) It shall be open to a hamlet by a vote of two-thirds of its voters to become a constituent village of any Village Panchayet with the consent of such Panchayet, provided that a period of five years has elapsed after it elected to become a hamlet.	As Village Panchayets are to have perpetual succession, it is necessary to provide for changes that may be necessary in the course of time. Provision is made to allow the inhabitants of a village, the choice to get out of the jurisdiction of a Panchayet and be included in that of another. This may become necessary for various causes. Provision is also made to allow the inhabitants of a village to separate themselves and manage their own affairs. In the Malnad particularly, this may be a necessity. A hamlet that has separated should also have power to rejoin a Village Panchayet with the consent of the latter after the expiry of 5 years. The changes are made in order to give effect to the wishes of the villagers from time to time and not too frequently.
6. Every person who— (*a*) has completed 21 years of age; (*b*) is a resident of the village or villages for which a nchayet is to be established; (*c*) was, during the year immediately preceding the ection of members of the Panchayet, assessed to a tax of half upee or more on account of land revenue, house tax, shop x or tax on vacant sites and hittals within the village; and (*d*) is not subject to any of the disqualifications menned in Section 7; shall be entitled to vote at an election of embers of the Panchayet. Provided that in the case of a n family or a partnership paying half a rupee or more on count of any such tax, the manager of the family, or any ember of the family or partnership with the consent of the t may vote, unless otherwise disqualified.	6. Every person who is a resident of a village and has completed twenty-one years of age, shall be entitled to vote at an election of members of the Panchayet of that village, unless disqualified.	Qualifications of voters. As in Bombay and Madras, every adult may be given the right to vote so long as he is a resident of the village. Twenty-one years is taken as the age of an adult rather than 25 which is adopted in Madras and Bombay. Women will also be allowed to vote. The right to vote can be exercised only when the person is not otherwise disqualified.

7. No person may vote, (a) * * * (b) * * * (c) who is sentenced by a Criminal Court to transportation or imprisonment for a period of more than one month, such sentence not having been reversed or the offence pardoned; or,	7. No person may vote— (a) * * * (b) * * * (c) who is convicted by a Criminal Court of an offence punishable with imprisonment for a term exceeding six months, such conviction not having been subsequently reversed or the offence pardoned; or	Disqualifications of voters.
(d) who applies to be adjudicated or is adjudicated a bankrupt or insolvent; or	(d) who is adjudicated an insolvent; or	
(e) * * *	* * * (e) Provided that the disqualificatoin— (1) under clause (b) will cease to operate after the expiry of three years from the date of such removal; (2) under clause (c) will, in the case of a person sentenced to a fine only or to imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, cease to operate after one year after the expiry of the sentence, and in all other cases after three years after the expiry of the sentence; (3) under clause (e) will cease to operate after expiry of the period during which the person is ordered to furnish security.	
10. Subject to such rules as may be made by Government in this behalf, every Panchayet shall appoint a Secretary from among its members.	10. Subject to such rules as may be made by the Government in this behalf, every Panchayet may appoint a Secretary from among its members who shall perform such duties as may be prescribed.	Secretary fo Panchayet.

(c) *and proviso*

The Committee consider that in prescribing the period of disqualification both the nature of the offence and the actual punishment awarded should be taken into consideration and the period of disqualification for persons who suffer imprisonment for more than three months is therefore made longer than that for those who are sentenced only to a fine or imprisonment for not more than three months. In the District Boards Bill, the Select Committee propose to give Government the power to exempt at an earlier period than three years; but as the number of cases likely to require exemption under a system of adult suffrage under the Village Panchayet Regulation might be very large, a general rule is considered preferable to one involving reference to Government in each case.

Only an adjudged insolvent should be disqualified and not one who merely applies for insolvency.

The period during which security is ordered to be furnished should be the period of disqualification in this case.

Appointment of a Secretary should be optional and his duties should be fixed.

Clauses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee		Reasons for the change
11. Except as is otherwise provided in this Regulation in any other law for the time being in force, members of nchayets shall hold office for a term of three years, extensi- by order of the Deputy Commissioner to a term not ceeding in the aggregate four years, if on any occasion the puty Commissioner shall think fit, for reasons which shall notified, together with the order in the official Gazette, so extend the same. The term of office of a Chairman shall co-terminous with or be the residue of his term of office as Panchayetdar.	11. Except as is otherwise provided in this Regulation members of Panchayets shall hold office for a term of three years which may be extended by order of the Deputy Commissioner to a term not exceeding in the aggregate four years, if on any occasion the Deputy Commissioner thinks fit, for reasons which shall be notified together with the order in the official Gazette, so to extend the same. The term of office of a Chairman shall be co-terminous with or be the residue of his term of office as a Panchayetdar.	Term of office of Panchayetdar or Chairman.	The words "or in any other law for the time being in force" are unnecessary and are therefore omitted. "thinks fit" is substituted for "shall think fit" as more appropriate.
13. The Deputy Commissioner may, on the recommen- tion of a Panchayet, remove any member, elected or appoin- d under this Regulation, after giving him an opportunity for ing heard and after such enquiry as he deems necessary, if ch member has been guilty of misconduct in the discharge his duties, or of any disgraceful conduct, or refuses to act becomes incapable of acting	13. The Deputy Commissioner may, on the recommendation of a Panchayet, remove any member, elected or appointed under this Regulation, after giving him an opportunity of being heard and after such enquiry as he deems necessary, if such member has been guilty of misconduct in the discharge of his duties or of any disgraceful conduct or refuses to act or becomes incapable of acting. The order of the Deputy Commissioner shall be final.	Removal of members.	As the removal is on the recommendation of a Panchayet and the member has opportunity of being heard, the decision of the Deputy Commissioner should be final.
14. The Deputy Commissioner shall remove a Chairman om his office for misconduct or neglect of, or incapacity to rform, his duty. Against the order of the Deputy Commis- oner in this matter an appeal shall lie to Government.	14. The Deputy Commissioner may remove a Chairman from his office for misconduct, or neglect of, or incapacity to perform, his duty or for any disgraceful conduct, after giving him an opportunity of being heard and after such enquiry as the Deputy Commissioner deems necessary. An appeal shall lie to Government from the order of the Deputy Commissioner.	Removal of Chairman.	Power to remove a Chairman should be discretionary and not obligatory. The Chairman should be given an opportunity to state his case and if necessary an enquiry should be held. The Chairman should be liable to be removed for disgraceful conduct also. The clause is re-cast accordingly.
16. When the office of a Chairman or Panchayetdar comes vacant by his removal, disqualification, resignation or ath, a new Chairman or Panchayetdar shall be appointed, ected or nominated as the case may be in accordance with e foregoing provisions, and such Chairman or Panchayetdar all hold office so long as the Chairman or Panchayetdar hose place he fills would have been entitled to hold office if ch vacancy had not occurred. The Secretary shall be in arge of the office of the Chairman during a casual vacancy, nding the appointment or election of a new Chairman.	16. When the office of a Chairman or Panchayetdar becomes vacant by his removal, disqualification, resignation or death, a new Chairman or Panchayetdar shall be appointed, elected or nominated as the case may be, in accordance with the foregoing provisions, and such Chairman or Panchayetdar shall hold office so long as the Chairman or Panchayetdar whose place he fills would have been entitled to hold office if such vacancy had not occurred. The Secretary, if any, or any member selected by the Panchayet shall be in charge of the office of the Chairman during a casual vacancy and pending the appointment or election of a new Chairman.	Filling of casual vacancies.	The addition made is necessary as the appointment of a Secretary is only optional. *Vide* change proposed in clause 10.
17. (1) A Panchayet shall meet for the transaction of siness at such time and place, and follow such procedure as ay be prescribed.	17. (1) A panchayet shall, in the transaction of business, follow such procedure as may be prescribed.	Business how transacted.	General rules prescribing the time and place of the meetings are sufficient and hence the change.

Nil	(2) The quorum for a meeting of the Panchayet shall be not less than one-half of the whole number of members of the Panchayet and shall not be less than five in any case, provided that in the case of a hamlet, it shall be a bare majority of the voters in the hamlet.	Quorum	Questions are to be decided by majority of votes. This matter may n be left to rules, as also the quorum f meetings. Hence the addition of tw more sub-clauses after sub-clause (1).
Nil	(3) Except as otherwise provided, all questions before a Panchayet shall be decided by a majority of the votes of the members present and voting.	Questions to be generally decided by majority of votes.	
(2) * * *	(4) * * *		
(3) * * *	(5) * * *		
19. It shall be the duty of a panchayet, within the nits of the fund at its disposal, to make adequate provision r carrying out the requirements of the area under its con-ol in regard to the following matters :—	19. It shall be the duty of a Panchayet, within the limits of the fund at its disposal, to make adequate provision for carrying out the requirements of the area under its control in regard to the following matters :—	Obligatory duties.	
(i) construction, repair and maintenance of village ads including cart-tracks, culverts and bridges ;	(i) construction, repair and maintenance of village roads including cart-tracks, culverts and bridges, but not including those under the control of any other local body or of Government ;		The roads and bridges which a Pa chayet should be in charge of are define
* * * *	* * *		
(iv) Extension of village sites and regulation of build-gs ;	(iv) Regulation of buildings ;		" Extension of village sites " brought under the optional duties Panchayets.
* * * *	* * *		
Nil	(xii) Supply of water for domestic use ;		This item is brought under t obligatory duties of Panchayets.
20. Subject to such rules as may be prescribed in this ehalf, the Panchayet may, within the limits of the fund at s disposal, make provision for carrying out the requirements f the area under its control in respect of any or all of the llowing matters :—	20. Subject to such rules as may be prescribed in this behalf, the Panchayet may, within the limits of the fund at its disposal, make provision for carrying out the requirements of the area under its control in respect of any or all of the following matters :—	Discretionary duties.	
(i) Supply of water for domestic use ;	(i) Omitted		*Vide* clause 19. Brought under ob gatory duties.
(ii) Enforcement of vaccination ;	(ii) Omitted		This is the duty of the Distri Board and hence omitted.
Nil	(iv) Extension of village sites ;		*Vide* clause 19. Treated as option duty.
	* * *		
(vi) Excavation and maintenance of ponds for animals ;	(v) Excavation and maintenance of ponds for the supply of water to animals ;		The addition calls for no remark
	* * *		
(ix) Taking measures for the economic improvement of ne area in matters of education, agriculture, rural industries nd trade ; and	(viii) Development of education, agriculture, co-operation, rural industries and trade ; and		'Development' is an appropria word. There can be no *econom* improvement of education and li matters and hence the change ; Co-oper tion is also included.
* * * *	* * *		

Clauses which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee		Reasons for the change
21. The Government may, subject to such limitations and conditions as may be imposed in this behalf, transfer to any Panchayet, the management, protection and maintenance of village forests, whether reserved for fuel and fodder or for other purposes.	21. The Government may, subject to such limitations and conditions as may be imposed in this behalf, transfer to any Panchayet the management and control of grazing in hulbanni and gomal lands and the management, protection and maintenance of Village Forests whether reserved for fuel and fodder or for other purposes.	Transfer of grazing and Forests to Panchayets.	Power is taken to transfer control over grazing in hulbanni and gomal lands, if found desirable.
22. The Government may, subject to such limitations and conditions as may be imposed in this behalf, empower any Panchayet to exercise all the powers and discharge all the functions that a Panchayet constituted under the Tank Panchayet Regulation, 1911, may exercise and discharge.	22. The Government may, subject to such limitations and conditions as may be imposed in this behalf, empower any Panchayet to exercise all the powers and discharge all the functions of a Panchayet constituted under the Tank Panchayet Regulation, 1911, notwithstanding anything contained in Section 3 of that Regulation.	Vesting Panchayets with functions under the Tank Panchayet Regulation.	A Tank Panchayet is constituted in a special manner under Section 3 of the Tank Panchayet Regulation. The powers and functions of a Tank Panchayet may be delegated to a Village Panchayet notwithstanding the provisions of the said section.
23. Subject to the approval of the Government any District Board, the Deputy Commissioner or any private person or body of persons may, with the consent of a Panchayet, make over to it, subject to such conditions as may be agreed upon, the management of any institution or the execution or maintenance of any work or the performance of any duty within the area over which a Panchayet has got control.	23. Subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Government, any District Board, the Deputy Commissioner or any private person or body of persons may, with the consent of a Panchayet and subject to such conditions as may be agreed upon, make over to it the management of any institution or the execution or maintenance of any work or the performance of any duty within the area over which it has got control.	Institutions or works may be transferred to Panchayet.	This is to avoid each case coming up to Government for approval. General rules may be framed by Government leaving the terms, etc., to the bodies concerned.
24. The Government may entrust the management of minor muzrai institutions and supervision over village schools in the area under the control of any Panchayet to such Panchayet subject to such rules or orders as may be passed from time to time.	24. The Government may, by a general or special order, entrust the management of minor Muzrai institutions and supervision over village schools in the area under the control of any Panchayet, to such Panchayet and prescribe such rules as may be necessary for their management and supervision.	Panchayet to exercise powers of school committees and manage Minor Muzrai Institutions.	No rules are needed for the transfer of the management of muzrai institutions or supervision over schools. The transfer may be effected by an order of Government. Rules may be necessary as regards the directions to be observed during management or supervision. The clause is modified accordingly.
26. A panchayet shall have power to do all acts necessary for and incidental to the carrying out of the functions entrusted or delegated to it, and in particular and without prejudice to the foregoing power, to exercise the powers specified in Sections 27, 28, 29, 30, 31 and 32.	26. A Panchayet shall have power to do all acts necessary for and incidental to the carrying out of the functions entrusted or delegated to it, and in particular and without prejudice to the foregoing power, to exercise the powers specified in Sections 27, 28, 29, 30 31 and 32. Provided that the Panchayet may appoint committees to perform any of these functions	General power.	It is desirable to provide for the appointment of Committees to perform certain functions. The whole Panchayet may not find it convenient to meet for the consideration or carrying out of each question or work.
27. The Panchayet * * * and may.— * * * (*a*) lay out and make new roads; (*b*) construct new bridges; (*c*) divert, discontinue or close any road or bridge. (*d*) * * *	27. The Panchayet * * * and may.— (*a*) lay out and make new roads; (*b*) construct new bridges; (*c*) widen, open, enlarge, or otherwise improve any road or bridge; (*d*) divert, discontinue or close any road or bridge; (*e*) * * *		A fresh sub-clause re-widening, enlarging, etc., of roads and bridges is added. Such a provision exists in the Madras Act.

28. (1) Subject to such rules as may be prescribed by the Government in this behalf, no person shall erect any building or alter or add to any existing building or reconstruct any building without the written permission of the Panchayet. Provided that permission shall be presumed to have been granted if its refusal is not communicated within a month of the receipt of the application.

30. (1) If it appears necessary to improve the sanitary condition of any area within its jurisdiction.—

(a) the Panchayet shall have power to

(i) construct, alter or remove public drains;

(ii) establish burning ghats and burial grounds; and,

(iii) effect such other improvements as are necessary to improve the sanitary condition of the area.

(b) The Panchayet may by a written notice, require within a reasonable period to be specified therein.—

* * *

(2) If any work required by a notice under clause (b) of sub-section (1) is not executed within the period specified in the notice, the Panchayet may itself cause such work to be carried out, and may recover the cost of such work or part thereof from the owner or occupier referred to in clause (b) of sub-section (1) as if it were a tax imposed under Section 36.

31. (3) The Panchayet may, by order published at such places as it may think fit, prohibit all bathing, washing of clothes and animals, or other acts calculated to pollute the water of any tank, well, stream, or water course set apart for drinking or culinary purposes under sub-section (2).

33. Subject to such rules as may be framed by the Government in this behalf, every Panchayet shall employ such officers and servants as may appear necessary to the Government and shall assign to them such pay, allowances, gratuities, pensions and contributions as the Government may direct.

28. Subject to such rules as may be prescribed, no person shall erect any building or alter or add to any existing building or reconstruct any building without the written permission of the Panchayet. Such permission shall not be refused except for the reason of the site being unsuited on sanitary grounds and it shall be presumed to have been granted if its refusal is not communicated within a month of the receipt of the application.

Power as to sanitation, conservancy and drainage.

30. (1) If it appears necessary to improve the sanitary condition of any area within its jurisdiction a Panchayet may, by a written notice, require within a reasonable period to be specified therein.—

* * *

(2) If any work required by a notice under sub-section (1) is not executed within the period specified in the notice, the Panchayet may itself cause such work to be carried out, and may recover the cost of such work or part thereof from the owner or occupier referred to in sub-section (1) as if it were a tax imposed under Section 35.

Power of Panchayet to provide for proper water supply.

31. (3) The Panchayet may, by order published at such places as it may think fit, prohibit,

(a) all bathing, washing of clothes and animals, or other acts calculated to pollute the water of any tank, well, stream or water course set apart for drinking or culinary purposes under sub-section (2); and

(b) during epidemics, the use of any source of water supply for drinking or culinary purpose or for the washing of clothes.

Officers and servants.

33. Subject to such rules as may be framed by the Government in this behalf, every Panchayet shall employ such officers and servants and shall assign to them such pay, allowances, gratuities, pensions and contributions as may be necessary.

'Prescribed' is defined in the Regulation. Hence the words omitted are redundant. There is no indication as to when and on what grounds permission to build can be refused. It is made clear that permission can be refused only if the site is unsuited for building on sanitary grounds.

The whole para (a) of sub-clause (1) is omitted. Clause 26, in conjunction with clause 19 provides for these matters.

Consequential changes. "Section 36" is not the correct section. It ought to be "Section 35."

The existing sub-clause only provides against pollution of water. It is necessary to provide for cases where there may not be pollution, but there may be fear of infection or of spread of infection. Sub-clause (b) is therefore added.

As appointments are subject to rules framed by Government, reference to Government in the latter portions of the clause is omitted.

Clauses of the Bill which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
34. (1) All sums realised as taxes, fees, cesses, fines or ss under this regulation, all fines and surplus proceeds of of cattle under the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended Regulation VIII of 1892, all sums of revenue assigned to Pancheyets by any general or special order of Government all other receipts of the Panchayets including any dona- s from a private person or body of persons, and any contri- ion from a District Board or the Government shall be paid a fund to be called the "Panchayet Fund" the accounts which shall be kept in the manner prescribed.	34. (1) All sums realised as taxes, fees, cesses, fines or costs under this Regulation, all fines and surplus proceeds of sale of cattle under the Cattle Trespass Act, 1871, as amended by Regulation VIII of 1892, all sums of revenue assigned to the Panchayets by any general or special order of Government and all other receipts of the Panchayets including any donations from a private person or body of persons, and any contribution from a District Board or the Government shall be paid into a fund to be called the "Panchayet Fund."	Panchayet fund and its application and investment. The last 11 words are omitted and provision for maintaining accounts is made in clause 40 which is the proper clause.
Nil.	(2) The Government, may by general or special order, assign any specified revenue or make any grant to the Panchayet fund.	A new sub-clause is added as the Committee consider it desirable to have a provision for the assignment of revenue or the making of grants by Government.
(2) The Panchayet Fund shall be administered * * (3) The Panchayet Fund shall be invested in the Gov- ment Savings Bank or with the approval of the Deputy mmissioner in a Co-operative Society. A Panchayet may m time to time, with the approval of the Deputy Commis- ner invest any portion of its surplus funds in Government urities or other securities approved by the Government.	(3) The Panchayet Fund shall be administered * * (4) The Panchayet Fund shall be lodged in the Government Savings Bank or in a Co-operative Society or Bank approved by the Deputy Commissioner, or in such manner as may be prescribed. A Panchayet may, from time to time, with the approval of the Deputy Commissioner, invest any portion of its surplus funds in Government securities or other securities approved by the Government.	"Invested" would mean that the money may not be withdrawn whenever necessary. So it is proposed to be replaced by "lodged". The Panchayets may also be empowered to deposit money in any Bank approved by the Deputy Commissioner or in any other prescribed manner. The clause is recast accordingly
35. In every village a tax on houses, shops, ant sites and hittals shall be levied subject to such rules and exceeding such rates as shall be prescribed. Provided that it shall be competent to the Panchayet to ke provision for exemptions in favour of individuals or ss of individuals with the previous sanction of the Govern- nt.	35. (1) Every Panchayet shall levy, in the manner prescribed, a tax on all houses, shops or places of trade or business, vacant sites, hittals and carts in the village or villages within its jurisdiction.	Obligatory taxes. Shops do not include places where any profession or similar business is carried on. Tax on carts is one of the items of Mohatarfa now collected and its omission perhaps is accidental. The clause is recast to include both the items.
	(2) The rates of such taxes shall not exceed the maxima that may be prescribed. (3) It shall be competent to the Panchayet to make provision for exemptions in favour of individuals or a class of individuals, subject to such rules as may be prescribed in this behalf.	Calls for no remarks as there is no change in the sense. It is not necessary that each individual case for exemption should come up to Government. Exemptions may be made subject to the rules prescribed.
36. * *	36. (1) * * * *	

Provided that the levy of such tax, cess, rate or fee is d to by not less than two-thirds of the members consti- g the Panchayet. Provided also that the Panchayet with the consent of the person from whom such tax, cess r fee is leviable, commute the payment of such cess into tribution of labour not exceeding 18 days' labour in a at such intervals, for such period of time and under such tions as may be prescribed in this behalf.	Provided that the levy of such tax, cess, rate or fee is agreed to by not less than two-thirds of the members constituting the Panchayet. Provided also that the Panchayet may, with the consent of the person from whom such tax, cess, rate or fee is leviable, commute the payment into a contribution of labour not exceeding 18 days' labour in a year at such intervals, for such period of time and under such conditions as may be prescribed in this behalf. (2) Any such tax, cess, rate or fee may be cancelled with the previous sanction of the Government.	The words 'of such cess' are omitted as commutation of payment into labour is to be permitted in the case of all taxes, rates and fees leviable under this clause. Provision for cancellation of a tax, etc., is necessary.
Nil.	36. A. (1) If at any time, in the opinion of the Deputy Commissioner, the regular income of the Panchayet falls below what is necessary for the proper discharge of the duties specified in Section 19, the Deputy Commissioner may call upon the Panchayet to take steps within six months to increase its income to such an amount as may be considered necessary. If the Panchayet fails to take adequate steps to increase its income to the required amount, the Deputy Commissioner may require it to increase the rate of taxes imposed under Section 35. *Increase of income.*	Panchayets have got certain obligatory duties to perform under clause 19. They have discretion subject to the maxima to be prescribed by Government, to fix whatever rate they choose. They may fix a very low rate and plead that they have no funds to perform the functions that are obligatory. To avoid an intentional attempt in this direction, a new clause is added. Such additional taxation should be imposed only under the orders of the Deputy Commissioner of the District; and an appeal may lie to Government. This gives the Village Panchayet the maxima of autonomy consistent with the safety of the people.
	Provided that in no circumstances shall the Deputy Commissioner have power to require the rates of taxes to be increased beyond the maxima prescribed. (2) An appeal shall lie to Government from an order of the Deputy Commissioner under this section.	
37. No objection shall be taken to any assessment nor the liability of any person to be assessed be questioned wise than in accordance with the rules made under this lation.	37. Objections to any assessment and the liability of any person to be assessed under this Regulation shall be preferred and decided in accordance with the rules made under this Regulation. *Objection in respect of liability to assessment.*	The clause is recast, so as to put the idea in the positive form.
38. (1) * * *	38. (1) * * *	
(2) The procedure to be followed prior to and during int and sale, the properties to be exempted from distraint he disposal of surplus proceeds, etc., shall be in accordance the rules framed in this behalf.	(2) If the Panchayet neglects to recover or cannot recover the taxes or other dues under sub-section (1), the Amildar may recover the same by distraint and sale and shall for this purpose have all the powers that may be exercised by a Chairman under sub-section (1).	The order of sub-clauses (2) and (3) is reversed as being more logical.
(3) If the Panchayet neglects to recover or cannot er the taxes or other dues under sub-section (1), the lar shall recover the same by distraint and sale and or this purpose have all the powers that may be exercised Chairman under sub-section (1).	(3) The procedure to be followed prior to and during distraint and sale, the properties to be exempted from distraint and the disposal of surplus proceeds, etc., shall be in accordance with the rules framed in this behalf.	

Clauses of the Bill which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
(4) If the taxes or other dues cannot be recovered nder sub-sections (1) and (3), the Deputy Commissioner of ny District or any officer authorised by a Deputy Commis-oner in this behalf, may recover the same as an arrear of ınd revenue, on receipt of a statement of account certified y a Chairman or an Amildar and after holding such enquiry, any, as he thinks fit.	(4) If the taxes or other dues cannot be recovered under sub-sections (1) and (2), a statement of account shall be prepared by the Amildar and such statement when certified by the Deputy Commissioner, shall be conclusive evidence of the existence of the arrear, of the amount due, and of the person who is the defaulter. On receipt of such certified statement, it shall be lawful for the Deputy Commissioner of any District to recover the dues as an arrear of land revenue, as if the demand arose in his own district.	As dues arising in one district may have to be recovered in another district, the dues should be certified by the Deputy Commissioner as in the Land Revenue Code.
(5) * * *	(5) * * *	
	(6) No proceedings shall be taken under sub-section (4) and no suit shall be instituted under sub-section (5) more than 3 years after the amount became due.	A period of three years is fixed for the institution of a suit for the recovery of dues or for their recovery as an arrear of land revenue.
39. (1) Every Panchayet shall submit annually to the ımildar having jurisdiction on or before such date as may be rescribed, a budget of estimated receipts and expenditure for he coming official year and a report of its proceedings.	39. (1) Subject to such rules as may be prescribed, every Panchayet shall prepare a budget of estimated receipts and expenditure for the next official year and forward it to the Amildar having jurisdiction. *Annual budget of Panchayets.*	Verbal changes calling for no remarks. Submission of a report of the proceedings of Panchayets need not be provided for by Regulation.
(2) * * * *	(2) * * * *	
(3) No expenditure which is not provided for in the stimate as approved by the Amildar shall be incurred during he year to which the estimate relates without the previous anction of the Deputy Commissioner.	(3) No expenditure which is not provided for in the budget as passed by the Amildar shall be incurred without the previous sanction of the Amildar.	Verbal changes. "Passed" is the word used in the previous sub-clause; and includes cases in which the budgets are not returned by the Amildar within a month.
40. Accounts of all the receipts and expenditure of every 'anchayet shall be made up to the last day of every official ear in such form as the Government may from time to time rescribe and shall be examined and audited by such officer as ıay be appointed by the Government in this behalf.	40. Accounts of all the receipts and expenditure of every Panchayet shall be maintained and made up to the last day of every official year in such form as the Government may prescribe and shall be examined and audited by such officer as may be appointed by the Government in this behalf. *Annual accounts and audit.*	*Vide* clause 34. Provision for the maintenance of accounts is added.
41. The Deputy Commissioner shall be chief controlling uthority in respect of all matters relating to the administra-on of Panchayets in the district.	41. The Deputy Commissioner of the District shall be the chief controlling authority in respect of all matters relating to the administration of Panchayets in the district. *Deputy Commissioner to be Chief Controlling authority.*	Calls for no remark.
42. The Assistant Commissioner in charge of a taluk ıall exercise all the powers of a Deputy Commissioner under ıis Regulation in respect of Panchayets in that taluk.	42. Subject to the general control of the Deputy Commissioner of the District, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of a taluk shall exercise all the powers of a Deputy Commissioner under this Regulation in respect of Panchayets in that taluk, except those specified in Sections 4, 5, 13, 14, 36A, 45, 52 and 55. *Assistant Commissioner to exercise powers of Deputy Commissioner.*	The Assistant Commissioner cannot exercise all the powers of a Deputy Commissioner. Certain sections are excluded from the operation of this clause and the Assistant Commissioner, even when exercising the powers of a Deputy Commissioner, should do so under the general control of the latter.

45. The Deputy Commissioner may, by order in writing, quire any Panchayet in his district to perform any duty—ether obligatory, discretionary or delegated under this gulation—annul any proceedings which he considers not to in conformity with law and may do all things necessary secure such performance or conformity. Provided that en the duty required to be performed is discretionary or legated, an appeal shall lie to Government against the order the Deputy Commissioner.

46. The Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commis-ner in charge of a taluk or taluks, the Amildar and any er officer empowered by Government in this behalf, shall ve access to all books, proceedings and records of every nchayet within their respective jurisdictions.

47. The Deputy Commissioner, the Assistant Commis-ner in charge of a taluk or taluks, the Amildar or any other icer empowered by Government in this behalf, shall, in pect of Panchayets within his jurisdiction, have power at times—

(*a*) to enter on and inspect or cause to be entered on d inspected, any immovable property occupied by or any rk in progress under the orders of, or any institution con-lled by a Panchayet;

(*b*) to call for and inspect any document which may be the purposes of this Regulation in the possession or under control of a Panchayet;

(*c*) to require the Panchayet to furnish such statements, counts and reports as he thinks fit; and may give such vice in respect of the administrative work and proceedings he thinks fit.

48. The Government may appoint for each taluk one or re Inspectors of Panchayets to secure better supervision er Panchayets and to discharge such functions as may be igned to him or them in regard to the administration of nchayets. The Panchayets may be required to contribute vards the cost of such Inspectors.

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45. The Deputy Commissioner may, by order in writing, require any Panchayet in his district to perform any duty—whether obligatory, discretionary or delegated under this Regulation—annul any proceedings which he considers to be not in conformity with law and may do all things necessary to secure such performance or conformity. Provided that when the duty required to be performed is discretionary or delegated, an appeal shall lie to Government from the order of the Deputy Commissioner. Power of Deputy Commissioners.

46. (1) The Deputy Commissioner and the Amildar shall have access to all books, proceedings and records of every Panchayet within their respective jurisdictions. Inspection of records.

(2) Any officer authorised by the Deputy Commissioner in this behalf shall have power to inspect and examine the books, proceedings and records of a Panchayet or Panchayets in the district.

47. (1) The Deputy Commissioner and the Amildar shall, in respect of Panchayets within their jurisdiction have power at all times— Inspection of property or work.

(*a*) to enter on and inspect or cause to be entered on and inspected, any immovable property occupied by, or any work in progress under the orders of, or any institution controlled by, a Panchayet;

(*b*) to call for and inspect, for the purposes of this Regulation, any document which may be in the possession or under the control of a Panchayet; and

(*c*) to require the Panchayet to furnish such statements, accounts and reports as he thinks fit.

(2) Any officer authorised by Government in this behalf may exercise the powers of an Amildar or a Deputy Commissioner, as the case may be, in respect of a Panchayet or Panchayets.

48. The Government may appoint for each taluk one or more Inspectors of Panchayets to discharge such functions as may be assigned to him or them in regard to the administration of Panchayets. The Panchayets may be required to contribute towards the cost of such Inspectors. Appointment of Inspectors.

"From" is substituted for "against" as the proper word.

"Assistant Commissioner" is omitted, because under clause 42, he exercises the powers of the Deputy Commissioner.

Any other officer has no jurisdiction over Panchayets and hence his powers of inspection, etc., under the authority of the Deputy Commissioner are relegated to a separate sub-clause.

Vide reasons under clause 46.

A document may be called for and inspected only for purposes of this Regulation and not otherwise. Hence the change.

The portion relating to the giving of advice is deleted.

Vide reason given under clause 46.

As the Inspector discharges such functions as are assigned to him, the portion relating to his supervision is omitted.

Clauses of the Bill which require amendment	Clauses as amended by the Select Committee	Reasons for the change
49. (1) When the Amildar is informed on complaint ıde or otherwise that a Panchayet in his taluk has made fault in performing any duty imopsed on it by or under is Regulation, the Amildar, if satisfied after due enquiry at the Panchayet has been guilty of the alleged default, may, an order in writing, fix a period for the performance of at duty.	49. (1) When the Amildar is informed on complaint made or otherwise that a Panchayet in his taluk has made default in performing any duty under Section 19, the Amildar, if satisfied after due enquiry that the Panchayet has been guilty of the alleged default, may, by an order in writing, fix a period for the performance of that duty.	Power to provide for performance of duties in default of Panchayet. The powers of an Amildar under this clause should be confined to the non-performance of obligatory duties only.
50. (1) If in the opinion of the Amildar, the execution any order or resolution of a Panchayet in his taluk or e doing of any act which is about to be done, or is being done, pursuance of or under cover of this Regulation, is likely to ıuse the injury or annoyance to the public or to any class or ›dy of persons, or to lead to a breach of the peace, he may order in writing, suspend the execution or prohibit the ›ing thereof.	50. (1) If in the opinion of the Amildar, the execution of any order or resolution of a Panchayet in his taluk or the doing of any act which is about to be done, or is being done, in pursuance of or under cover of this Regulation, is likely to cause injury or annoyance to the public or to any class or body of persons, or to lead to a breach of the peace, he may, by order in writing, suspend the execution or prohibit the doing thereof.	Power to suspend execution of orders, etc. The word 'the' is out of place and is omitted.
(2) When the Amildar makes any order under this ›ction, he shall forthwith forward to the Deputy Commis-oner a copy of the order, with a statement of the reason for aking it, and it shall be in the discretion of the Deputy ommissioner to rescind the order or to direct that it shall ›ntinue in force with or without modification permanently for such period as he thinks fit.	(2) When an Amildar makes any order under this section, he shall forthwith forward to the Deputy Commissioner a copy of the order, with a statement of reasons for making it, and it shall be in the discretion of the Deputy Commissioner to rescind the order or to direct that it shall continue in force with or without modification permanently or for such period as he thinks fit.	Calls for no remarks.
51 (1) In cases of emergency, the Amildar may provide r the execution of any work, or the doing of any act, which Panchayet in his taluk is empowered to execute or do, and ıe immediate execution or doing of which is, in his opinion, ecessary for the service or safety of the public, and may rect that the expense of executing the work or doing the act, ith a reasonable remuneration to the person appointed to ecute or to do it, shall be forthwith paid by the Pancha-et.	51. (1) In cases of emergency, the Amildar may provide for the execution of any work, or the doing of any act, which a Panchayet in his taluk is empowered to execute or do, and the immediate execution or doing of which is, in his opinion, necessary for the safety of the public. He shall forthwith communicate his order with the reasons therefor to the Panchayet and may direct that the expense of executing the work or doing the act, with a reasonable remuneration to the person appointed to execute or to do it, shall be forthwith paid by the Panchayet.	Extraordinary power of an Amildar in cases of emergency. The powers conferred by this clause are extraordinary and are to be used only in cases of emergency. Hence the exercise of these powers is limited only to cases where the safety of the public is concerned. The Panchayet should be informed of the order passed.

52. (1) If a Panchayet is not competent to perform, or, rsistently makes defaulu in the performance of, the duties posed on it by or under this Regulation or otherwise by law, exceeds or abuses its powers, the Deputy Commissioner ving jurisdiction may, by an order published, with the sons for making it, in the Official Gazette, declare the Panhyet to be incompetent or in default, or to have exceeded abused its powers as the case may be, and supersede it for period to be specified in the order.

(2) * * *
(3) * * *

53. (1) Save as otherwise provided for in this Regulaon, an appeal shall lie against an order of—

(*a*) the Panchayet in a Taluk to the Amildar of the aluk;

(*b*) the Amildar, to the Assistant Commissioner in harge of the Taluk or to the Deputy Commissioner where here is no Assistant Commissioner in charge; and

(*c*) the Assistant Commissioner, to the Deputy Comissioner;

and shall be preferred within fifteen days of the date of he order.

(2) The decision of the Deputy Commissioner shall e final.

55. (1) If a dispute arises between a Municipal Council nd a Panchayet within the same district, the matter shall be ferred to the Deputy Commissioner; and the decision of the eputy Commissioner thereon shall be final:

Provided that, if the Deputy Commissioner is a Councilr of the Municipal Council concerned, his functions under is section shall be discharged by the Government.

(2) If a dispute arises between a Municipal Council nd a Panchayet in different districts, the matter shall be ferred to the Government; and the decision of the Governent thereon shall be final.

52. (1) If a Panchayet is not competent to perform, or, persistently makes default in the performance of, the duties imposed on it by or under this Regulation or by or under any law, or exceeds or abuses its powers, the Deputy Commissioner of the District may, after giving such Panchayet an opportunity of being heard, by an order published, with the reasons for making it, in the Official Gazette, declare the Panchayet to be incompetent or in default or to have exceeded or abused its powers as the case may be, and supersede it for a period to be specified in the order.

Power to supersede Panchayet in case of incompetency, default or abuse of powers.

(2) * * *
(3) * * *
(4) An appeal shall lie to Government from an order of the Deputy Commissioner under this section.

53. (1) Save as otherwise provided for in this Regulation, an appeal shall lie from an order of—

Appeals.

(*a*) the Panchayet in a Taluk to the Assistant Commissioner in charge of the Taluk or to the Deputy Commissioner where there is no Asssistant Commissioner in charge;

(*b*) the Assistant Commissioner to the Deputy Commissioner;

and shall be preferred within thirty days of the date of the order. The decision of the Deputy Commissioner shall be final.

(2) Appeals to Government when expressly allowed under the Regulation shall be preferred within ninety days of the order of the Deputy Commissioner and the decision of the Government shall be final.

55. (1) If a dispute arises between a Municipal Council not being a City Municipal Council and a Panchayet within the same district, the matter shall be referred to the Deputy Commissioner; and the decision of the Deputy Commissioner thereon shall be final,

Disputes between a Municipal Council and a Panchayet.

Provided that, if the Deputy Commissioner is a Councillor of the Municipal Council concerned, his functions under this section shall be discharged by the Government.

(2) If a dispute arises between a City Municipal Council and a Panchayet or between a Municipal Council and a Panchayet in different districts, the matter shall be referred to the Government; and the decision of the Government thereon shall be final.

The Panchayet should be given an opportunity to state its case.

When a Panchayet is superseded an appeal should lie to Government. Hence the addition.

Calls for no remark.

As the Amildar generally controls the actions of the Panchayet and may be a party to any order of the Panchayet, appeals from the orders of a Panchayet should lie to the Assistant Commissioner. The number of appeals is also curtailed and period of limitation is also extended to 30 days.

No limitation is prescribed in the Bill for preferring appeals to Government. Hence the addition.

City Municipal Councils are not subordinate to the Deputy Commissioner. Hence the change.

Clauses of the Bill which require amendment	Clause as amended by the Select Committee.	Reasons for the change
Nil.	55. A. Where a Panchayet has been established under this Regulation for a village or villages under the control of a Sanitary Board, constituted under the provisions of the Mysore Mines Regulation, the powers that may be exercised by the Amildar and the Assistant Commissioner under the Regulation, shall be exercised by the Vice-President of the Board, and the powers of the Deputy Commissioner, by the President of the Board. Provided that nothing contained in this Regulation shall affect the powers that are now exercised by a Sanitary Board in respect of the control of epidemics in the area under its control.	President and Vice-President of Sanitary Board to exercise powers of Deputy Commissioner and Assistant Commissioner. *Vide* clause 3. The Sanitary Board, Kolar Gold Fields, has agreed to the constitution of Panchayets for villages under its control, subject to conditions which are detailed in this new clause.
57. (1) If after giving the member concerned a sufficient portunity for showing cause to the contrary, the Govern-ent are satisfied that the loss, waste or misapplication of y money or other property owned by, or vested in a Pancha-t is a direct consequence of misconduct or gross neglect on s part, they may, by order in writing, direct such member pay to the Panchayet before a date fixed, the amount quired to re-imburse it for such loss, waste or misapplica-n.	57 (1) If the Government are satisfied that the loss, waste or misapplication of any money or other property owned by, or vested in a Panchayet is a direct consequence of misconduct or gross neglect on the part of a member of the Panchayet, they may, after giving the Panchayetdar a sufficient opportunity for showing cause to the contrary, by order in writing, direct such member to pay to the Panchayet before a date fixed, the amount required to re-imburse it for such loss, waste or misapplication.	Liability of members for loss, waste or misapplication of property. The clause is re-cast without altering the sense. Calls for no remarks.
58. (2) (*a*) No Civil Court shall entertain a suit objec-g to an assessment, demand or charge made or imposed nder this Regulation or for the recovery of any sum of oney collected under the authority of this Regulation or r damages on account of any assessment or collection of oney under the said authority; Provided that the provisions of this Regulation have been substance and effect complied with.	58. (2) (*a*) No Civil Court shall entertain a suit objecting to an assessment, demand or charge made or imposed under this Regulation, or for the recovery of any sum of money collected under the authority of this Regulation, or for damages on account of any assessment or collection of money under the said authority, if the provisions of this Regulation have been in substance and effect complied with.	Proviso is more a condition than a proviso. Hence the change.
* * * *	* * * *	
60. (1) * * * shall on conviction before a Magistrate be liable to a fine exceeding rupees fifty; * *	60. (1) * * * shall on conviction before a Magistrate be punished with fine which may extend to rupees fifty; * * *	"be punished with" is the usual formula and is substituted for "be liable to".
(2) (*b*) Compound for a similar sum any of the offences resaid and withdraw from the prosecution instituted under is regulation or any rule thereunder.	(2) (*b*) Compound for a similar sum any of the aforesaid offences which under any law for the time being in force may lawfully be compounded and withdraw from the prosecution instituted under this Regulation or any rule thereunder.	Re-cast so as to make it clear that offences under this Regulation which are not compoundable under any law for the time being in force, cannot be compounded.

Nil.	60A. A Panchayet may direct any prosecution for any public nuisance, whatever, and may order proceedings to be taken for the recovery of any penalties, and for the punishment of any persons offending against the provisions of this Regulation, or of any rule thereunder, and may order the expenses of such prosecutions or other proceedings to be paid out of the Panchayet fund. Provided that no prosecution for an offence under this Regulation shall be instituted except within six months next after the commission of such offence. (Panchayet may prosecute.)	A provision similar to what exists in the Municipal Regulation regarding prosecutions for public nuisances is necessary.
61 (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the enerality of the foregoing power, the Government shall have ower to make rules :— * * * (*f*) regarding the time, place and the conduct of meetings of Panchayets and quorum ; * * * 65 (1). * * (2) When the person is an owner or occupier of any uilding or land, it shall not be necessary to name the owner : occupier in the document, and in the case of joint owners nd occupiers, it shall be sufficient to serve it on, or send it to, ne of such owners or occupiers.	61 (2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, the Government shall have power to make rules :— * * * * (*f*) regarding the time, place and the conduct of meetings of Panchayets; 63 (1) * * * * (2) When the person is an owner or occupier of any building or land, it shall not be necessary to name the owner or occupier in the document, and in the case of joint owners and occupiers, it shall be sufficient to serve it on, or send it to, any one of such owners or occupiers.	Quorum is already provided for. (*Vide* clause 17). Hence it is omitted here. No remarks.

DISSENTING NOTE BY MESSRS. C. NARASIMHAIYYA AND B. K. GARUDACHAR.

Section 12.

For substituting the words "was assessed to" for the words "has been paying" in clause (c) of Section 12, no valid reason has been assigned. Even the draft Bill that was placed before council does not disclose any reason. In the statements of objects and reasons, attached to the Bill, and notes on clauses no suggestion has been thrown out for a change in this particular section. It appears to have been simply inserted at the suggestion of some municipal council or councillors. Even the Local Self-Government Conference has not made a recommendation of this kind.

The *Election Roll* contemplated in Section 13, is entirely different from the list or Khata which is prepared every year and which contains the names of all persons who are liable to pay the tax to a Municipality. If in the opinion of the framers of the Bill, Election Roll and Khata mean one and the same thing, then there is no necessity to prepare a separate Roll at all. The idea of the original framers of this Section was to confer a franchise or right to vote to a Municipal Councillor only on payment of Municipal dues. That was the very reason why in an Election Roll only the names of such persons who have paid the taxes were included. A citizen will not, by merely living or owning property in a city, acquire a right to vote, unless a universal franchise is conceded, and unless, he actually pays before the preparation of the Roll, he has to lose his right. It may lead a citizen to be indifferent, negligent or even to refuse to vote. It is to awaken a sense of duty and confer a right upon a citizen that payment is insisted upon. The proposed change is not desirable. Such a practice does not obtain either in the Bombay or in the Madras Presidencies and a proposal to this effect was negatived in the Madras Legislative Council. We therefore record our dissent on the amendment.

Section 46.

Section 46 as it now stands gives complete power to a Municipality to frame Rules and Bye-laws suited to the condition of each locality. The rules so framed should not be inconsistent with the Regulation and they have to be approved by the Government. But the proposed alteration deprives the Council of all its powers of framing Rules and Bye-laws as regards clauses (*b*), (II), (*c*), (*e*), (*f*), (*g*) and (*h*), and vests the power in the Government. No reason has been assigned for this drastic change. No instances have been brought to light in which Municipalities have used this power to their determent or to the annoyance of the Government. Very strong reasons must be urged to take away such powers enjoyed by the Municipalities for years together. The objects and reasons and notes to clauses do not disclose any reason. The only reason assigned during the discussion in the Select Committee, is that power is reserved to Government because of its intention to transfer Municipal Officers and servants from one Municipality to another. There is no provision in the proposed Bill to give effect to such transfers. Even in the proposed amendment of Section 46, there is no provision for transfers. This is something like putting the cart before the horse. The proposed amendment can be thought of only when there is a provision for mutual transfers of officers and servants from one Municipality to another. The Mysore City Municipality has passed a resolution in its meeting held on 12th September 1925 against the proposed amendment. We therefore, record our dissent on the proposed amendment to Section 46.

Section 59, Clause XI.

The addition of the words "and other places" after shop and "or profession" after business, are not necessary. The idea of the framers of the Bill is clearly explained in notes on clause 12. It clearly shows that the object is to levy shop-tax in lieu of profession tax in respect of *business carried on in the shop*. The framers of the Bill did not mean that the levy should extend to any profession carried on in one's own house or in any other place except a shop. If the proposed change is accepted it means that a weaver, a potter, a goldsmith, a washerman, etc., who uses a portion of his living quarters for earning daily bread will have to be taxed. It is hard to believe that the framers of the Bill desired to levy taxes on such Home Industries and discourage them. Our benign Government are making strenuous efforts to encourage and help Home Industries. We therefore oppose the addition of the said words to the Draft Bill.

Section 95 (a).

To amend the Section 95 (*a*) so as to affect the present grain shop-owners is undesirable. There are many petty traders and their capital may not exceed more than a couple of

hundreds of rupees. It will be an uphill task to these petty traders to improve their premises r warehouses in accordance with the clauses of the new Bill. Even a reasonable time hin which the existing warehouses could be improved is not thought of and no provision e giving such facilities to the existing warehouses. Whatever may be the restriction may be placed upon the warehouses to be opened after the passing of this Regulation, existing warehouses should not be forced to come under the New Regulation for unishment. Therefore the word "used" in the proposed clause should be deleted.

The Municipal Regulation as it now exists and the Bill now introduced for amendment are complicated. There is only one Regulation for the City, Town, and other Minor Municipalities. One has to wade through to find out the sections relating to the City and Town Municipalities. Such a difficulty was experienced by us when reading the Bill in the Select Committee. It is essential that there should be separate Regulations for different kinds of Municipalities. We therefore suggest that the consideration of the present Bill and the report be postponed pending introduction of separate Bills for City, Town and Minor Municipalities.

C. NARASIMHAIYA.
B. K. GARUDACHAR.

Registered M.—1175.

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PART III.

Legislative Measures and Rules thereunder.

NOTIFICATION.

No. 1611—*F. T.* 9-24-6, *dated* 22*nd December* 1925.

In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 59 of the Mysore Income Tax Regulation, 1923, Government of His Highness the Maharaja of Mysore, are pleased to direct that the following amendment be made in the Mysore Income Tax Rules, 1923, the same having been previously as required by sub-section (3) of the said Section :—

The following shall be substituted for the statement of rates of depreciation allowance contained in Rule 8 :—

	Class of buildings, machinery, plant or furniture	Rate (Percentage on prime cost) Rs.
	Buildings substantial buildings of selected materials	2½
	Buildings of less substantial construction	5
	Temporary erections such as wooden structures	10
2.	Plant or furniture†	...
	Furniture	5
	Machinery for special industries :—	
	Flour Mill Rice Mills, Bone Mills, Sugar Works, Distilleries, Ice Factories, Aerating Gas Factories, Match Factories.	6¼
	Ship building and Engineering Works, Iron and Brass Foundries, Electrical Engineering Works, Motor Car repairing Works, Galvanizing Works, Patent Stone Works, Oil Extraction Works, Chemical Works, Soap and Candle Works, Lime Works, Dyeing and Bleaching Works, Furniture and plant in boarding houses, Cement Works using rotary kilns.	7½
	In connection with brick manufacture, tile making machinery, machinery, glass factories, surgical and dental instruments, Companies, Collieries.	10
	Machines for canvas or leather	12½
	Used solely for the purpose of business	15
	Motor lorries and motor buses	20

† These rates may be allowed for buildings used in industries which cause special deterioration, such as chemical works, soap and candle works, paper mills and tanneries.

‡ Rates for electrical machinery given may be adopted at [illegible] for that portion

Class of buildings, machinery, plant or furniture

3. Electrical Machinery :—
   (a) Batteries ...
   (b) Other electrical machinery, including electrical generators, motors (other than tramway motors) switchgear and instruments, transformers, and other stationery plant and wiring fittings of electric light and fan installations.
   (c) Underground cables and wires
   (d) Overhead cables and wires.
4. Hydro-Electric concerns :—
   Hydraulic works, pipe lines, sluices and all other items not provided for in this statement.
5. Mines :—
   (1) Railway sidings (excluding rails)
   (2) Electric plant used in connection with gold mines